#### COVANTA HOLDING CORP

Form 10-Q

October 26, 2018

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us-gaap:AccumulatedNetGainLossFromCashFlowHedgesIncludingPortionAttributableToNoncontrollingInterestMember

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# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### **Form 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  $^{\rm p}$  ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-06732

### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** 

95-6021257

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

445 South Street, Morristown, NJ

(Address of Principal Executive Office)

(Zip Code)

#### (862) 345-5000

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\,^\circ$  No  $\,^\circ$  Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  $\,^\circ$  No  $\,^\circ$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated Accelerated Non-accelerated
filer filer filer company

b o o o o o o o o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act."

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No b

#### **Applicable Only to Corporate Issuers:**

Indicate the number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at October 19, 2018

Common Stock, \$0.10 par value 131,054,701

# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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#### CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements are those that address activities, events or developments that we or our management intends, expects, projects, believes or anticipates will or may occur in the future. They are based on management's assumptions and assessments in light of past experience and trends, current economic and industry conditions, expected future developments and other relevant factors. They are not guarantees of future performance and actual results. Developments and business decisions may differ from those envisaged by our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements are also subject to risks and uncertainties, which can affect our performance in both the near and long-term. These forward-looking statements should be considered in light of the information included in this report and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including, without limitation, the Risk Factors, as well as the description of trends and other factors in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, set forth in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K ("10K").

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS	Ended	Months ther 30, 2017	Ended	
	(Unaudited) (In millions, except per share amounts)			·e
OPERATING REVENUE:		,		
Waste and service revenue	\$332	\$306	\$977	\$902
Energy revenue	81	80	257	241
Recycled metals revenue	23	23	72	54
Other operating revenue	20	20	62	60
Total operating revenue	456	429	1,368	1,257
OPERATING EXPENSE:				
Plant operating expense	308	301	987	952
Other operating expense, net	17	7	44	24
General and administrative expense	27	24	85	82
Depreciation and amortization expense	53	51	162	155
Impairment charges	49		86	1
Total operating expense	454	383	1,364	1,214
Operating income	2	46	4	43
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest expense	-	) (35 )		(106)
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	7	—	217	(6)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(3	) —		(13)
Other income (expense), net	_	2	(1)	2
Total (expense) income	(33	) (33 )	102	(123)
(Loss) income before income tax benefit and equity in net income from	(31	) 13	106	(80)
unconsolidated investments	`			
Income tax benefit	3	2	34	5
Equity in net income from unconsolidated investments	1		3	1
Net (loss) income	\$(27	) \$15	\$143	\$(74)
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:				
Basic	130	130	130	129
Diluted	130	131	132	129
(Loss) Earnings Per Share:	<b>.</b>			* /a == :
Basic		) \$0.11	\$1.10	\$(0.58)
Diluted	\$(0.21	) \$0.11	\$1.09	\$(0.58)
Cash Dividend Declared Per Share	\$0.25	\$0.25	\$0.75	\$0.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Three	Nine
Months	<b>Months</b>
Ended	Ended
Septembe	er September
30,	30,
2018 20	17 2018 2017

(Unaudited, in millions)

Net (loss) income \$(27) \$15 \$143 \$(74) Foreign currency translation, net of tax expense of \$0, \$0, \$1, \$0, respectively (2) 4 16 Net unrealized (loss) gain on derivative instruments, net of tax (benefit) expense of (\$1), (7) (1) 20 2 \$0, (\$2), \$1, respectively Other comprehensive (loss) income (9) 3 20 18 Comprehensive (loss) income \$(36) \$18 \$163 \$(56)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	30, 2018 (Unaudited	s, except per
Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 51	\$ 46
Restricted funds held in trust	39	43
Receivables (less allowances of \$9 and \$14, respectively)	316	341
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	61	73
Assets held for sale	2	653
Total Current Assets	469	1,156
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,513	2,606
Restricted funds held in trust	8	28
Intangible assets, net	286	287
Goodwill	321	313
Other assets	213	51
Total Assets	\$ 3,810	\$ 4,441
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Ψ 5,010	Ψ 1,111
Current:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 15	\$ 10
Current portion of project debt	18	23
Accounts payable	54	151
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	303	313
Liabilities held for sale	_	540
Total Current Liabilities	390	1,037
Long-term debt	2,327	2,339
Project debt	134	151
Deferred income taxes	378	412
Other liabilities	76	75
Total Liabilities	3,305	4,014
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)	•	ŕ
Equity:		
Preferred stock (\$0.10 par value; authorized 10 shares; none issued and outstanding)		
Common stock (\$0.10 par value; authorized 250 shares; issued 136 shares, outstanding 131	1.4	1.4
shares)	14	14
Additional paid-in capital	837	822
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(35)	(55)
Accumulated deficit	(310)	(353)
Treasury stock, at par	(1)	(1)
Total stockholders' equity	505	427
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 3,810	\$ 4,441

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW	Nine Months			
	30, 2018 2017			
OBED A TUNG A CTIVITUES.	(Unaudited, in millions)			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income (loss)	\$143 \$(74)			
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ψ113 Ψ(/1)			
Depreciation and amortization expense	162 155			
Amortization of deferred debt financing costs	4 5			
(Gain) loss on sale of assets	(217) 6			
Impairment charges	86 1			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	3 13			
Stock-based compensation expense	18 16			
Provision for doubtful accounts	1 5			
Equity in net (income) from unconsolidated investments  Deferred income taxes	(3)(1)			
Dividends from unconsolidated investments	(32 ) (7 )			
Other, net	(6)(6)			
Change in working capital, net of effects of acquisitions and dispositions	(14)(30)			
Changes in noncurrent assets and liabilities, net	1 12			
Net cash provided by operating activities	147 96			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(158) (218)			
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired	(50 ) (16 )			
Proceeds from the sale of assets, net of restricted cash	125 —			
Property insurance proceeds	7 5			
Payment of indemnification claim from sale of asset Other, net	(7 ) - (4 ) (6 )			
Net cash used in investing activities	(87) (235)			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(07 ) (233 )			
Proceeds from borrowings on long-term debt	765 400			
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility	474 806			
Proceeds from borrowing on Dublin project financing	<del></del>			
Payments on long-term debt	(528) (413)			
Payment on revolving credit facility	(713) (676)			
Payments on equipment financing capital leases	(4) (4)			
Payments on project debt	(21 ) (20 )			
Payment of deferred financing costs Cash dividends paid to stockholders	(9 ) (9 ) (98 ) (98 )			
Financing of insurance premiums, net	(20 ) —			
Other, net	(4) 9			
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(158) 66			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	2 4			

Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(96	(69)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	194	194
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$98	\$125
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$51	\$37
Restricted funds held in trust- short term	39	56
Restricted funds held in trust- long term	8	32
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$98	\$125

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The terms "we," "our," "ours," "us", "Covanta" and "Company" refer to Covanta Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries; the term "Covanta Energy" refers to our subsidiary Covanta Energy, LLC and its subsidiaries.

#### **Organization**

Covanta is one of the world's largest owners and operators of infrastructure for the conversion of waste to energy (known as "energy-from-waste" or "EfW"), and also owns and operates related waste transport, processing and disposal assets. EfW serves as both a sustainable waste management solution that is environmentally superior to landfilling and as a source of clean energy that reduces overall greenhouse gas emissions and is considered renewable under the laws of many states and under federal law. Our facilities are critical infrastructure assets that allow our customers, which are principally municipal entities, to provide an essential public service.

Our EfW facilities earn revenue from both the disposal of waste and the generation of electricity and/or steam as well as from the sale of metal recovered during the EfW process. We process approximately 22 million tons of solid waste annually. We operate and/or have ownership positions in 44 energy-from-waste facilities, which are primarily located in North America and Ireland. In total, these assets produce approximately 10 million megawatt hours ("MWh") of baseload electricity annually. We also operate a waste management infrastructure that is complementary to our core EfW business

In addition, we offer a variety of sustainable waste management solutions in response to customer demand, including industrial, consumer products and healthcare waste handling, treatment and assured destruction, industrial wastewater treatment and disposal, product depackaging and recycling, on-site cleaning services, and transportation services. Together with our processing of non-hazardous "profiled waste" for purposes of assured destruction or sustainability goals in our EfW facilities, we offer these services under our Covanta Environmental Solutions brand.

We have one reportable segment which comprises our entire operating business. For additional information regarding our reportable segment, see *Note 5. Financial Information by Business Segments*.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and notes thereto required by GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in our condensed consolidated financial statements. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Operating results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2017, was derived from audited annual consolidated financial statements, but does not contain all of the notes thereto from the annual consolidated financial statements. This Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 ("Form 10-K").

#### **Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) which supersedes nearly all existing revenue

recognition guidance. Subsequent to the issuance of Topic 606, the FASB clarified the guidance through several ASUs; hereinafter the collection of revenue guidance is referred to as Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606. The core principle of ASC 606 is that revenue should be recognized to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

On January 1, 2018, we adopted ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method. Results for reporting periods beginning January 1, 2018 are presented under ASC 606, while prior period amounts were not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with the historic accounting guidance under ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition.

We recorded a net decrease of \$1 million to beginning accumulated deficit as of January 1, 2018 due to the cumulative impact of adopting ASC 606. The impact to beginning accumulated deficit resulted from recognizing revenue evenly over the contract year for certain of our service fee contracts that are based on a contract year that is different from our calendar year. Contract acquisition

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

costs are not material. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, waste and service revenue increased \$1 million, as a result of the adoption of ASC 606. Therefore, comparisons of revenue and operating income between periods are not materially affected by the adoption of ASC 606. Refer to *Note 6. Revenue* for additional disclosures required by ASC 606.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, Presentation of Net Periodic Pension and Postretirement Benefit Cost, to improve the presentation of net periodic pension cost and net periodic postretirement benefit cost. The amendments require that the service cost component of the net periodic benefit cost be presented in the same operating income line items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by employees during the period. The non-service costs (e.g., interest cost, expected return on plan assets, amortization of actuarial gains/losses, settlements) should be presented in the income statement outside of operating income. The amendments also allow only the service cost component to be eligible for capitalization when applicable. We adopted this guidance on January 1, 2018. The amendments have been applied retrospectively for the income statement presentation requirements and prospectively for the limit on costs eligible for capitalization. The line item classification changes required by the new guidance did not have a material impact on our condensed consolidated statement of operations.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-18, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) — Restricted Cash," which requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents. With this standard, amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning of period and end of period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. We adopted this guidance on January 1, 2018, and the guidance has been retrospectively applied to all periods presented. The total of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash is described in a supplemental table to the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The changes to the beginning of period balance presented in our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows are as follows (in millions):

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents

Restricted funds classified as held for sale

Restricted funds held in trust- short term

Restricted funds held in trust- long term

Beginning of period balance presented in the statement of cash flows

December 31,
2017

As As adjusted reviously reported

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The following table illustrates the effect of adoption of ASU 2016-18 on our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows (in millions):

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

As adjusted Previously reported

Cash provided by operating activities \$96 \$114

Cash used in investing activities \$(235) \$(235)

Cash provided by financing activities \$66 \$70

Restricted funds held in trust are primarily amounts received and held by third party trustees relating to certain projects we own. We generally do not control these accounts and these funds may be used only for specified purposes. These funds include debt service reserves for payment of principal and interest on project debt, escrowed debt proceeds, amounts held in trust for operations, maintenance, environmental obligations, operating lease reserves in accordance with agreements with our clients, and amounts held for future scheduled distributions. Such funds are invested principally in money market funds, bank deposits and certificates of deposit, United States treasury bills and notes, United States government agency securities, and high-quality municipal bonds.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, Income Taxes - Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory, which requires entities to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs. The new standard must be adopted using a modified retrospective transition method, with the cumulative effect recognized as of the date of initial adoption. Effective January 1, 2018, we adopted this standard. The adoption of this new guidance did not have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### Reclassifications

As discussed above under *Accounting Pronouncements Recently Adopted*, certain amounts have been reclassified in our prior period condensed consolidated statements of cash flows to conform to current year presentation. Certain other amounts have been reclassified in our prior period condensed consolidated balance sheet to conform to current year presentation. As a result, \$251 million of intangible assets related to waste service and energy contracts, net, previously shown separately, are now classified within Intangible assets, net on our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017.

#### NOTE 2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following table summarizes recent ASU's issued by the FASB that could have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Effect					
Standard	Description	Effective Date	statements or other significant matters		
Update 2018-13—Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework—Chang to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement	Entities are no longer required to disclose the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The update also eliminates the requirement to disclose policy for estiming of transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy. Public companies will be required to disclose the range and weighted average used to develop significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 measurements.	First quarter of 2020, early adoption is permitted.	We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.		
Update 2018-11—Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements	The amendments in this Update expands the scope of Topic 842 to provide entities with an additional and optional transition method in a adopting the new leases standard and providing lessors with a practical expedient to not separate nonlease components from the associated lease component, similar to Topic 842 expedients for lessees.	First quarter of 2019, early adoption is permitted.	We are assessing the impact of this practical expedient.		
ASU 2018-02 Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	new statutory rate prescribed in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted or December 22, 2017, which reduces the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%.	permitted, including adoption	We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.		
ASU 2017-04 Intangibles—Goodwill and Othe (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment	The standard updated guidance to eliminate the requirement to calculate the implied fair value of goodwill to measure a goodwill impairment charge (referred to as Step 2). As a result, an impairment charge will equal the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit. An entity still has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. The amendment should be applied on a prospective basis.	2020, early	The impact of this guidance for us will depend on the outcomes of future goodwill impairment tests.		
Standard	Description	Effective Date	Effect on the financial statements or other significant matters		

#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

ASU 2016-13

The standard amends guidance on the

Financial

impairment of financial instruments. The ASU

estimates credit losses based on expected

Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326):

losses and provides for a simplified accounting model for purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. The standard

Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments

ASU 2016-02

(Topic 842) as

amended by ASU

Leases

2018-01

requires a modified retrospective basis adoption through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption.

These standards amended guidance for lease arrangements to increase transparency and comparability by providing additional information to users of financial statements regarding an entity's leasing activities. The revised guidance seeks to achieve this objective by requiring reporting entities to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for substantially all lease arrangements. The standard requires a

The amendment permits an entity to elect an optional transition practical expedient to not evaluate land easements that exist or expired before the entity's adoption of Topic 842 and that were not previously accounted for as

modified retrospective basis adoption.

leases under Topic 840.

First quarter of 2020,

early adoption is permitted.

We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will

have on our consolidated financial statements.

of 2019, early adoption is permitted.

As part of our impact assessment, we performed a scoping exercise and determined our lease population. A framework for the lease identification process has been developed and we are currently evaluating the lease population to determine First quarter our transition adjustment. Additionally, we are in the process of assessing any potential impacts on our internal controls and processes related to both the implementation and ongoing compliance of the new guidance. We plan to adopt the new guidance using a modified retrospective approach and upon adoption, there will be an increase to our long-term assets and liabilities as a result of the minimum lease obligations, which were previously disclosed in our December 31, 2017 10K.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### NOTE 3. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

The acquisitions discussed below are not material to our condensed consolidated financial statements, therefore, disclosures of pro forma financial information have not been presented. The results of operations reflect the period of ownership of the acquired businesses, business development projects and dispositions.

#### **Environmental Services Acquisition**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we acquired one environmental services business located in Toronto, Canada for approximately \$4 million. This acquisition further expands our Covanta Environmental Solutions capabilities and client service offerings, and allows us to direct additional non-hazardous profiled waste volumes into our EfW facilities, and therefore is synergistic with our existing business.

#### Palm Beach Contracts

In September 2018, we acquired the Palm Beach Resource Recovery Corporation ("PBRRC") for \$46 million. PBRRC holds long-term contracts for the operation and maintenance of two EfW facilities located in Palm Beach County, Florida. The purchase consideration and allocation are still considered preliminary pending management's final assessment of fair values.

#### Sale of Hydro Facility Investment

In July 2018, we sold our equity interests in a hydroelectric facility located in the state of Washington for proceeds of approximately \$12 million. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, we recorded a gain of \$7 million related to this transaction which is included in "Gain (loss) on sale of assets" on our condensed consolidated statement of operations.

#### Green Investment Group Limited ("GIG") Joint Venture

In December 2017, we entered into a strategic partnership with GIG, a subsidiary of Macquarie Group Limited, to develop EfW projects in the U.K. and Ireland. Our first investment with GIG, Covanta Europe Assets Limited, is structured as a 50/50 joint venture ("JV") between Covanta and GIG. As an initial step, we contributed 100% of our Dublin EfW project ("Dublin EfW") into the JV, and GIG acquired a 50% ownership in the JV for €136 million (\$167 million). We retained a 50% equity interest in the JV and retained our role as operations and maintenance ("O&M") service provider to Dublin EfW. During the fourth quarter of 2017, we determined that the assets and liabilities associated with Dublin EfW met the criteria for classification as assets held for sale, but did not meet the criteria for classification as discontinued operations. As of December 31, 2017, the assets and liabilities associated with Dublin EfW were presented in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as current "Assets held for sale" and current "Liabilities held for sale.".

In February 2018, GIG's investment in the JV closed and we received gross proceeds of \$167 million (\$98 million, net of existing restricted cash), which we used to repay borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility. The sale resulted in our loss of a controlling interest in Dublin EfW, which required the entity to be deconsolidated from our financial statements as of the sale date. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we recorded a gain on the loss of a controlling interest of the business of \$204 million which is included in "Gain (loss) on sale of assets" on our condensed consolidated statement of operations. The gain resulted from the excess of proceeds received plus the fair value of our non-controlling interest in Dublin EfW over our carrying value.

Our 50% equity interest in the JV is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. As of September 30, 2018, our equity investment in the JV of \$161 million is included in "Other assets" on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of our investment in the JV was determined by the fair value of the consideration received for the 50% acquired by GIG. There were no basis differences between the fair value of the acquired investment in the JV and the carrying amounts of the underlying net assets in the JV as they were fair valued contemporaneously as of the sale date. For further information, see *Note 11. Equity Method Investments*.

#### China Investment

On February 9, 2018, we sold our cost method investment in Chongqing Sanfeng Covanta Environmental Industrial Group, Co., Ltd ("Sanfeng Environment") and received proceeds of \$13 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we recorded a gain on the sale of \$6 million, which is included in "Gain (loss) on sale of assets" on our condensed consolidated statement of operations.

#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### NOTE 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS") AND EQUITY **Earnings Per Share**

We calculate basic EPS using net earnings for the period and the weighted average number of outstanding shares of our common stock, par value \$0.10 per share, during the period. Diluted earnings per share computations, as calculated under the treasury stock method, include the weighted average number of shares of additional outstanding common stock issuable for stock options, restricted stock awards and restricted stock units whether or not currently exercisable. Diluted earnings per share does not include securities if their effect was anti-dilutive. Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding were as follows (in millions):

Three

Nine

	1 111 60		141116	
	Ended		Months Ended September	
	30,		30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	130	130	130	129
Dilutive effect of stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units		1	2	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	130	131	132	129
Anti-dilutive stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units excluded from the calculation of EPS	2			3

#### **Equity**

#### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) ("AOCI")

The changes in accumulated other comprehen	The changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows (in millions):										
			Foreign Currency Translation  Pension and Other Postretirement Plan Unrecognized Net Gain		Net Unrealized (Loss) Gain On Derivatives		in	Total			
Balance at December 31, 2016			\$	(41	)	\$	2	\$ (2	23	)	\$(62)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifi	cations		16	)		_		2			18
Balance at September 30, 2017			\$	(25	)	\$	2	\$ (2	21	)	\$(44)
Balance at December 31, 2017			\$	(24	)	\$	2	\$ (3	33	)	\$(55)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassificati	ions		(2		)	_		(7		)	(9)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other	compreher	nsive income	2					27			29
Net current period comprehensive income				-				20			20
Balance at September 30, 2018			\$	(24	)	\$	2	\$ (1	13	)	\$(35)
Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comp		ncome									
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Component	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018	Affected Line Operations	Iten	n in the	e C	ondens	ed Consoli	idated	Stat	tem	ent of

Foreign currency translation	\$ 2	Gain (loss) on sale of assets (1)
Interest rate swap	27	Gain (loss) on sale of assets (1)
	29	Total before tax
		Tax benefit

Total reclassifications \$ 29 Net of tax

<sup>(1)</sup> For additional information see, Note 3. Acquisitions and Dispositions - Green Investment Group Limited ("GIG") Joint Ventuand China Investment.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### NOTE 5. FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY BUSINESS SEGMENTS

We have one reportable segment which comprises our entire operating business. Prior to the first quarter 2018, our reportable segment, North America, was comprised exclusively of waste and energy services located in North America. During the first quarter of 2018, we sold 50% of our Dublin EfW facility to Covanta Europe Assets Limited, a JV with GIG, which resulted in our loss of control, see *Note 3. Acquisitions and Dispositions* for further information. Subsequent to the sale, results from our equity method investment in the JV and our O&M contract to operate the Dublin EfW facility are now being reviewed by our Chief Operating Decision Maker on a consolidated basis with our North America results. Therefore, we now include the results of our international operations, which consist primarily of our interests in Dublin, in our one reportable segment. This new structure is consistent with how we establish our overall business strategy and assesses performance of our business. The results of our reportable segment are consistent with our consolidated results as presented on our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

#### **NOTE 6. REVENUE**

#### Revenue Recognition

Our EfW projects generate revenue from three primary sources: 1) fees charged for operating facilities or for receiving waste for disposal (waste and service revenue); 2) the sale of electricity and/or steam (energy revenue); and 3) the sale of ferrous and non-ferrous metals that are recovered from the waste stream as part of the EfW process (recycled metals revenue). We may also generate other operating revenue from the construction, expansion or upgrade of a facility, when a public-sector client owns the facility. Our customers for waste services or facility operations are principally public-sector entities, though we also market disposal capacity at certain facilities to commercial customers.

We also operate and/or have ownership positions in environmental services businesses, transfer stations and landfills (primarily for ash disposal) that are ancillary and complementary to our EfW projects and generate additional revenue from disposal or service fees.

Revenue is allocated to the performance obligations in a contract on a relative standalone selling price basis. To the extent that we sell the good or service related to the performance obligation separately in the same market, the standalone selling price is the observable price that we sell the good or service separately in similar circumstances and to similar customers. The fees charged for our services are generally defined in our service agreements and vary based on contract-specific terms.

#### Waste and Service Revenue

#### Service Fee

Service fee revenue is generated from the operations and maintenance services that we provide to owned and operated EfW facilities. We provide multiple waste disposal services aimed at operating and maintaining the facilities. Service fee revenue is generally based on an expected annual operating fee in relation to annual guaranteed waste processing and excess tonnage fees. The fees charged represent one performance obligation to operate and maintain each facility. Excess tonnage above a minimum specified in the contract represents variable consideration. We act as the agent in contracts for the sale of energy and metals in service fee facilities that we operate and accordingly record revenues net for those contracts.

#### Tip Fee

Tip fees are generated from the sale of waste disposal services at EfW facilities that we own. We earn a per ton "tipping fee", generally under long term contractual obligations with our host community and contractual obligations with municipal and commercial waste customers. The tipping fee is generally subject to an annual escalation. The performance obligation in these agreements is to provide waste disposal services for tons of acceptable waste. Revenue is recognized when the waste is delivered to the facility.

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#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### **Energy Sales**

Typical energy sales consist of: (a) electricity generation, (b) capacity and (c) steam. We primarily sell electricity either to utilities at contracted rates or at prevailing market rates in regional markets and in some cases, sell steam directly to industrial users. We sell a portion of electricity and other energy product outputs pursuant to contracts. As these contracts expire, we intend to sell an increasing portion of the energy output in competitive energy markets or pursuant to short-term contracts.

#### Recycled Metals Revenue

Recycled metals revenue represents the sale of recovered ferrous and non-ferrous metals to processors and end-users. The majority of our metals contracts are based on both an unspecified variable unit (i.e. tonnage) and variable forward market price index, while some contracts contain a fixed unit or fixed rate to form the basis of our overall transaction price. We recognize recycled metal revenue when control transfers to the customer, typically on delivery.

#### Other Operating Revenue (Construction)

We generate additional revenue from the construction, expansion or upgrade of a facility, when a municipal client owns the facility and we provide the construction services. We generally use the cost incurred measure of progress for our construction contracts because it best depicts the transfer of control to the customer. Under the cost incurred measure of progress, the extent of progress towards completion is measured based on the ratio of costs incurred to date to the total estimated costs at completion of the performance obligation.

#### Disaggregation of revenue

A disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers is presented on our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. See *Note 5. Financial Information by Business Segments* for a discussion of our reportable segment.

#### Performance Obligations and Transaction Price Allocated to Remaining Performance Obligations

The following summarizes our performance obligations, a description of how transaction price is allocated to future performance obligations and the practical expedients applied:

Revenue Type	Timing	<b>Performance Obligations</b>	Measure of Progress	Type	<b>Practical Expedients</b>
Service Fee	Over time	Operations/waste disposal	Time elapsed	Fixed & Variable	Constrained (1) & Series (2)
Tip Fee	Over time	Waste disposal	Units delivered	Fixed & Variable	Right to invoice
		Energy	Units delivered	Fixed	Right to invoice
Energy	Over time	Capacity	Time elapsed		& Series (2)
		Steam	Units delivered	& variable	& Series
Metals	Point in time	Sale of ferrous & non-ferrous metals	Units delivered	Variable	Less than 1 year
Other (Construction)	Over time	Construction services	Costs incurred	Fixed & Variable	N/A

- (1) The amount of variable consideration that is included in the transaction price may be constrained, and is included only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of the cumulative revenue recognized will not occur in a future period. We estimate our variable service fee using the expected value method.
- (2) Service Fee and Energy contracts have been determined to have an annual and monthly series, respectively.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

ASC 606 requires disclosure of the aggregate amount of transaction price that is allocated to performance obligations that have not yet been satisfied as of September 30, 2018. The guidance provides certain conditions (identified as "practical expedients") that limit this disclosure requirement. We have contracts that meet the following practical expedients provided by ASC 606:

- 1. The performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less.

  Revenue is recognized from the satisfaction of the performance obligations in the amount billable to our customer
- 2. that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of our performance completed to date (i.e. "right-to-invoice" practical expedient).
  - The variable consideration is allocated entirely to a wholly unsatisfied performance obligation or to a wholly
- 3. unsatisfied promise to transfer a distinct service or a series of distinct services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to our customer (i.e. "series practical expedient").

The following table shows our remaining performance obligations which primarily consists of the fixed consideration contained in our contracts as of September 30, 2018 (dollars in millions):

#### **Total**

Total Remaining performance obligation \$6,022

Percentage expected to be recognized:

Remainder of 2018 3 % 2019 10 %

#### Contract Balances

The following table reflects the balance in our contract assets, which we classify as "Accounts receivable unbilled" and present net in Accounts receivable, and our contract liabilities, which we classify as deferred revenue and present in "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" in our condensed consolidated balance sheet (in millions):

September	30,	December	31,
-----------	-----	----------	-----

	201	8	2017	2017		
Unbilled receivables	\$	15	\$	13		
Deferred revenue	\$	12	\$	14		

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, revenue recognized that was included in deferred revenue on our condensed consolidated balance sheet at the beginning of the period totaled \$7 million.

Accounts receivable are recorded when the right to consideration becomes unconditional and we typically receive payments from customers monthly. The timing of our receipt of cash from construction projects is generally based upon our reaching completion milestones as set forth in the applicable contracts, and the timing and size of these milestone payments can result in material working capital variability between periods. We had no asset impairment charges related to these assets in the period.

#### NOTE 7. STOCK-BASED AWARD PLANS

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we awarded certain employees grants of 1,195,703 restricted stock units ("RSUs"). The RSUs will be expensed over the requisite service period. The terms of the RSUs include vesting provisions based solely on continued service. If the service criteria are satisfied, the RSUs will generally vest

during March of 2019, 2020, and 2021.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we awarded certain employees 385,464 performance based RSUs of which 50% will vest based upon our cumulative Free Cash Flow per share target over a three year performance period and the other 50% will vest based on a total shareholder return ("TSR") against metrics consistent with market practices and our peers with vesting determined by our relative TSR percentile rank versus the companies in our peer group.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we awarded 13,158 shares of restricted stock and 79,268 RSUs for annual director compensation and 23,431 RSUs, for quarterly director fees for certain of our directors who elected to receive RSUs in lieu of cash payments. We determined the service vesting condition of these restricted stock awards and RSU's to be non-substantive and, in accordance with accounting principles for stock compensation, recorded the entire fair value of the awards as compensation expense on the grant date.

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#### COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we withheld 249,471 shares of our common stock in connection with tax withholdings for vested stock awards.

Compensation expense related to our stock-based awards was as follows (in millions):

Three Nine Months **Months Ended Ended** September September 30. 30. 2018 2017 2018 2017

Share based compensation expense \$ 4 \$ 5 \$ 18 \$ 16

Unrecognized stock-based compensation expense and weighted-average years to be recognized are as follows (in millions, except for weighted average years):

> As of September 30, 2018 Unrecogn Weightedkaverage years based torbernsotinized

Restricted stock awards \$3 1.1 Restricted stock units \$15 1.8

### NOTE 8. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Pass through costs

Pass through costs are costs for which we receive a direct contractually committed reimbursement from municipal clients which sponsor an energy-from-waste project. These costs generally include utility charges, insurance premiums, ash residue transportation and disposal, and certain chemical costs. These reimbursements are recorded as a reduction to "Plant operating expense," in our condensed consolidated statement of operations.

Pass through costs were as follows (in millions):

**Three** Nine **Months** Months Ended **Ended** September September 30. 30.

2018 2017 2018 2017

Pass through costs \$ 12 \$ 14 \$ 38 \$ 37

#### Other operating expenses, net

#### Insurance Recoveries

Fairfax County Energy-from-Waste Facility

In February 2017, our Fairfax County energy-from-waste facility experienced a fire in the front-end receiving portion of the facility. During the first quarter of 2017, we completed our evaluation of the impact of this event and recorded an immaterial asset impairment, which we have since recovered from insurance proceeds. The facility resumed operations in December 2017. We expect receipt of remaining insurance recoveries for both property loss and business interruption in the remainder of 2018.

The cost of repair or replacement of assets and business interruption losses are insured under the terms of applicable insurance policies, subject to deductibles. We recorded insurance gains, as a reduction to "Other operating expense, net," in our condensed consolidated statement of operations as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2018	3	201	7	201	8	20	17	
Insurance gains for property and clean-up costs, net of impairment charges	\$	_	\$	1	\$	7	\$	4	
Insurance gains for business interruption costs, net of costs incurred	\$	1	\$	1	\$	8	\$	19	

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### **Impairment Charges**

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, we identified an indicator of impairment associated with certain of our EfW facilities where the current expectation is that, more likely than not, the assets will not be operated through their previously estimated economic useful life. We performed recoverability tests to determine if these facilities were impaired as of the respective balance sheet date. As a result, based on expected cash flows utilizing Level 3 inputs, we recorded a non-cash impairment charge for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 of \$49 million and \$86 million, respectively, to reduce the carrying value of the facilities to their estimated fair value.

#### NOTE 9. INCOME TAXES

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Act") was enacted and instituted fundamental changes to the taxation of multinational corporations. As a result, we recorded a provisional tax charge at December 31, 2017 of \$21 million related to the mandatory transition tax and a provisional tax benefit of \$204 million related to the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017. We recorded the provisional amount because the calculation of the total post-1986 earnings and profits ("E&P") for our foreign subsidiaries was not completed, and the amount of foreign E&P held in cash and other specified assets to which the transition tax applies, was not finalized. As of September 30, 2018, we have completed the accounting for the income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act as it relates to the transition tax, for which we have recorded an additional \$2 million of tax expense. However, we expect to complete our analysis and accounting related to the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the rate change during the fourth quarter of 2018.

Given the complexity of the global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI") provisions, we are still evaluating the effects of the GILTI provisions and have not yet determined our accounting policy. Our accounting policy election with respect to the new GILTI tax rules will depend, in part, on analyzing our global income to determine whether we can reasonably estimate the tax impact. While we have included an estimate of GILTI in our estimated effective tax rate for 2018, which was not material, we have not completed our analysis and have not determined which method to elect. Adjustments related to the amount of GILTI tax recorded in our condensed consolidated financial statements, which was not material, may be required based on the outcome of this election.

On July 1, 2018, the state of New Jersey enacted legislature which requires companies, beginning in the 2019 tax year, to file returns on a unitary basis, rather than by separate legal entities, and changes the single sales apportionment methodology from cost of performance to market based sourcing. During the three months ended September 30, 2018 we recorded a deferred tax benefit of approximately \$14 million, net of federal benefit, related to the re-measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities as a result of the law change.

We generally record our interim tax provision based upon our estimated annual effective tax rate ("EAETR") and account for tax effects of discrete events in the period in which they occur. We review the EAETR on a quarterly basis as projections are revised and laws are enacted. However, this quarter, we have determined that due to the limitation on benefit of losses, we recorded our year-to-date tax provision based on actual results, rather than EAETR. The effective tax rate ("ETR") was (32)% and 6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The change in the ETR is primarily due to the combined effects of (i) the federal tax rate reduction as the result of the enactment of the Act; (ii) no income tax associated with the gain on the sale of 50% interest in the joint venture with GIG; (iii) the change in the mix of earnings; (iv) the discrete tax benefits attributable to New Jersey state tax law change and a state audit settlement; and (v) the decrease in grantor trust income year over year.

#### NOTE 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

Authoritative guidance associated with fair value measurements provides a framework for measuring fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value, giving the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs), then significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs) and the lowest priority to significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

For marketable securities, the carrying value of these amounts is a reasonable estimate of their fair value. Fair values for long-term debt and project debt are determined using quoted market prices (Level 1). The fair value of our interest rate swaps is determined by applying the Euribor forward curve observable in the market to the contractual terms of our floating to fixed rate swap agreements. The fair value of the interest rate swaps is adjusted

# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

to reflect counterparty risk of non-performance, and is based on the counterparty's credit spread in the credit derivatives market.

The fair values of our energy hedges were determined using the spread between our fixed price and the forward curve information available within the market.

The estimated fair value amounts have been determined using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we would realize in a current market exchange and are based on pertinent information available to us as of September 30, 2018. Such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of these financial statements and current estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

The following table presents information about the fair value measurement of our assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (in millions):

Financial Instruments Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis:	Fair Value Measurement Level		September 30, 2018		7 December 31, 2017	
Assets:						
Investments — mutual and bond funds	1		2			
Total assets		\$	2	\$	2	
Liabilities:						
Derivative liability — energy hedges	2	\$	14	\$	5	
Derivative liability — interest rate swaps included in liabilities held for sale	2	_		7		
Total liabilities		\$	14	\$	12	

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in other noncurrent assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The following financial instruments are recorded at their carrying amount (in millions):

	30, 2018	31, 2017		
Financial Instruments Recorded at Carrying Amount:	Carryingstimated AmountFair Value	CarryinEstimated AmountFair Value		
Liabilities:				
Long-term debt	\$2,342 \$ 2,364	\$2,349 \$ 2,371		
Project debt	\$152 \$ 155	\$174 \$ 179		
Project debt included in liabilities held for sale	\$—    \$ —	\$510 \$ 510		

We are required to disclose the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value. The fair value of short-term financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximates their carrying value on the condensed consolidated balance sheets due to their short-term nature.

In addition to the recurring fair value measurements, certain assets are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis when an indication of impairment is identified. Long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and identifiable intangibles with finite useful lives, are periodically evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Assets are grouped and evaluated for impairment at the lowest level of which there are identifiable cash flows, which is generally at the facility level.

The short-term balance is included in "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and the long-term balance is included in "Other liabilities" in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Assets are reviewed using factors including, but not limited to, our future operating plans and projected cash flows. The determination of whether impairment has occurred is based on the assets fair valueas compared to the carrying value. Fair value is generally determined using an income approach, which requires discounting the estimated future cash flows associated with the asset. If the asset carrying amount exceeds its fair value, an impairment charge is recognized in the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the asset.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

# NOTE 11. EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS

We hold a 50% equity interest in Covanta Europe Assets Limited, a JV with GIG, see *Note 3. Acquisitions and Dispositions*. The equity in net income from unconsolidated investments from the JV since the closing date was \$1 million and \$3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively.

We serve as the O&M service provider for the JV, a related party, under market competitive terms. For the period from February 12, 2018 through September 30, 2018 we recognized \$19 million in revenues related to this agreement and have a receivable of \$2 million as of September 30, 2018.

# NOTE 12. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS Energy Price Risk

We have entered into a variety of contractual hedging arrangements, designated as cash flow hedges, in order to mitigate our exposure to energy market risk, and will continue to do so in the future. Our efforts in this regard involve only mitigation of price volatility for the energy we produce and do not involve taking positions (either long or short) on energy prices in excess of our physical generation. The amount of energy generation for which we have hedged on a forward basis under agreements with various financial institutions as of September 30, 2018 is indicated in the following table (in millions):

# Calendar Year Hedged MWh

2018	0.7
2019	2.1
2020	0.2
<b>Total</b>	3.0

As of September 30, 2018, the fair value of the energy derivative liability was \$14 million. The effective portion of the change in fair value was recorded as a component of AOCI. As of September 30, 2018, the amount of hedge ineffectiveness was not material.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, cash provided by and used in energy derivative settlements of \$8 million and \$17 million, respectively, was included in net cash provided by operating activities on our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, cash provided by and used in energy derivative settlements of \$16 million and zero, respectively, was included in the change in net cash provided by operating activities on our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

#### **Interest Rate Swaps**

In order to hedge the risk of adverse variable interest rate fluctuations associated with the senior secured term loan previously held by Dublin EfW, we entered into floating to fixed rate swap agreements with various financial institutions to hedge the variable interest rate fluctuations associated with the floating rate portion of the loan, expiring in 2032. The interest rate swap was designated as a cash flow hedge which was recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded as a component of AOCI. The unrealized loss was included within "Gain (loss) on sale of assets" upon deconsolidation.

As of December 31, 2017, the fair value of the interest rate swap derivative of \$7 million, pre-tax, was recorded within "Liabilities held for sale" in our consolidated balance sheet and was subsequently sold as part of the transaction with GIG. See *Note 3. Acquisitions and Dispositions*.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### NOTE 13. CONSOLIDATED DEBT

Consolidated debt is as follows (in millions)

Consolitation dest is as follows (in infinions)	September	December
	30, 2018	31, 2017
LONG-TERM DEBT:		
Revolving credit facility (4.17%)	\$ 206	\$ 445
Term loan, net (4.15%)	396	191
Credit Facilities subtotal	602	636
Senior Notes, net of deferred financing costs	1,187	1,185
Tax-Exempt Bonds, net of deferred financing costs	488	459
Equipment financing capital leases	65	69
Total long-term debt	2,342	2,349
Less: Current portion	(15)	(10 )
Noncurrent long-term debt	\$ 2,327	\$ 2,339
PROJECT DEBT:		
Total project debt, net of deferred financing costs and unamortized debt premium	\$ 152	\$ 174
Less: Current portion	(18)	(23)
Noncurrent project debt	\$ 134	\$ 151
TOTAL CONSOLIDATED DEBT	\$ 2,494	\$ 2,523
Less: Current debt	(33)	(33)
TOTAL NONCURRENT CONSOLIDATED DEBT	\$ 2,461	\$ 2,490

Our subsidiary, Covanta Energy, has a senior secured credit facility consisting of a revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") and a term loan (the "Term Loan") (collectively referred to as the "Credit Facilities"). The nature and terms of our Credit Facilities, other long-term and project debt are described in detail in *Note 10*. *Consolidated Debt* in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Credit Facility Refinancing

In August 2018, we amended and restated the Credit Facilities to:

reduce the aggregate commitment amount of the Revolving Credit Facility by \$100 million to \$900 million and adjust the pricing grid such that the initial applicable margin would be reduced by 25 basis points as compared to the previous Revolving Credit Facility;

refinance our previous \$200 million Term Loan with a new \$400 million Term Loan; and extend the termination date of both the Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility from March 2020 to August 2023.

All other material provisions including financial maintenance covenants are substantially unchanged. We incurred approximately \$6 million in financing costs related to these amendments which will be deferred and amortized over the five year term of the Credit Facilities. In addition, the remaining unamortized deferred costs of \$4 million on the previous Revolver and Term Loan collectively will also be deferred and amortized over the revised term of 5 years. A portion of the net proceeds of the new Term Loan were used to repay direct borrowings under the previous Revolving Credit Facility and pay transaction fees and expenses.

#### Revolving Credit Facility

As of September 30, 2018, we had unutilized capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility as follows (in millions):

Total Com	Facility nitment	Expiring	Di Bo	rect rrowings	Or Le Cr	itstanding tters of edit	Unutilized Capacity
Revolving Credit Facility \$ 9		2023					\$ 446

# **Credit Agreement Covenants**

The loan documentation governing the Credit Facilities contains various affirmative and negative covenants, as well as financial maintenance covenants (financial ratios), that limit our ability to engage in certain types of transactions. We are in compliance

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

with all of the affirmative and negative covenants under the Credit Facilities as of September 30, 2018.

#### Tax-Exempt Bond Refinancing

In September 2018, we refinanced a total \$335 million of existing tax-exempt bonds related to certain of our facilities in New York and Massachusetts (the "2018 Tax Exempt Bonds"). In connection with the refinancing, we recorded deferred financing costs of \$3 million, which will be amortized over the term of the bonds. In addition, we recorded a \$3 million write-off of unamortized issuance costs associated with the previously outstanding debt which was recognized as a Loss on extinguishment of debt in our condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

As part of the refinancing, we entered into a loan agreement with the National Finance Authority, a component unit of the Business Finance Authority of the State of New Hampshire, whereby they issued Resource Recovery Bonds Series 2018A, 2018B and 2018C ("New Hampshire Series") and loaned the proceeds of the New Hampshire Series bonds to us for the purpose of redeeming the outstanding principal balance of our previously outstanding Massachusetts Development Finance Agency 2012 Series bonds. We also entered into a loan agreement with the Niagara Area Development Corporation, whereby they issued Solid Waste Disposal Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 2018A and 2018B and loaned the proceeds to us for the purpose of redeeming the outstanding principal balance of previously outstanding Niagara Area Development Corporation Series 2012 bonds.

The 2018 Tax Exempt Bonds are unsecured obligations of the Company and are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries. The 2018 Tax Exempt Bonds bear interest at the interest rates per annum set forth in the table below, payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on January 1, 2019. Details of the 2018 Tax Exempt Bonds are as follows (dollars in millions):

Series	Amount	Maturity	Coupon
New Hampshire Series 2018A	\$ 20	2027	4.000%
New Hampshire Series 2018B	67	2042	4.625%
New Hampshire Series 2018C	83	2042	4.875%
Niagara Series 2018A	130	2042	4.750%
Niagara Series 2018B	35	2024	3.500%
	\$ 335		

Each of the respective loan agreements for the 2018 Tax-Exempt Bonds contains customary events of default, including failure to make any payments when due, failure to perform its covenants under the respective loan agreement, and our bankruptcy or insolvency. Additionally, each of the loan agreements contains cross-default provisions that relate to our other indebtedness. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the unpaid balance of the loan under the applicable loan agreement will become due and payable immediately.

The 2018 Tax Exempt Bonds contain certain terms including mandatory redemption requirements in the event that (i) the respective loan agreement is determined to be invalid, or (ii) the respective bonds are determined to be taxable. In the event of a mandatory redemption of the bonds, we will have an obligation under each respective loan agreement to prepay the respective loan in order to fund the redemption.

# Virginia Tax-Exempt Bonds

In June 2018, we entered into a loan agreement with the Virginia Small Business Financing Authority under which they agreed to issue up to \$50 million in aggregate principal amount of tax-exempt Solid Waste Disposal Bonds and to loan the proceeds to us for the purpose of funding certain capital expenditures at our facilities in Virginia and paying related costs of issuance (the "Virginia Bonds"). An initial \$30 million in principal amount of Virginia Bonds were

issued (the "Series 2018 Virginia Bonds") with \$20 million reserved for potential future issuance at our option. The Series 2018 Virginia Bonds bear interest at a fixed rate of 5.00%, payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1, of each year, beginning January 1, 2019. The Series 2018 Virginia Bonds have a legal maturity of January 1, 2048 but, are subject to a mandatory tender for purchase on July 1, 2038. The Virginia Bonds are senior unsecured obligations of Covanta Holding Corporation and are not guaranteed by any of our subsidiaries.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

We and/or our subsidiaries are party to a number of claims, lawsuits and pending actions, most of which are routine and all of which are incidental to our business. We assess the likelihood of potential losses on an ongoing basis to determine whether losses are considered probable and reasonably estimable prior to recording an estimate of the outcome. If we can only estimate the range of a possible loss, an amount representing the low end of the range of possible outcomes is recorded. The final consequences of these proceedings are not presently determinable with certainty. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, accruals for our loss contingencies recorded in "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets were \$12 million and \$18 million, respectively.

#### **Environmental Matters**

Our operations are subject to environmental regulatory laws and environmental remediation laws. Although our operations are occasionally subject to proceedings and orders pertaining to emissions into the environment and other environmental violations, which may result in fines, penalties, damages or other sanctions, we believe that we are in substantial compliance with existing environmental laws and regulations.

We may be identified, along with other entities, as being among parties potentially responsible for contribution to costs associated with the correction and remediation of environmental conditions at disposal sites subject to federal and/or analogous state laws. In certain instances, we may be exposed to joint and several liabilities for remedial action or damages. Our liability in connection with such environmental claims will depend on many factors, including our volumetric share of waste, the total cost of remediation, and the financial viability of other companies that also sent waste to a given site and, in the case of divested operations, the contractual arrangement with the purchaser of such operations.

The potential costs related to the matters described below and the possible impact on future operations are uncertain due in part to the complexity of governmental laws and regulations and their interpretations, the varying costs and effectiveness of cleanup technologies, the uncertain level of insurance or other types of recovery and the questionable level of our responsibility. Although the ultimate outcome and expense of any litigation, including environmental remediation, is uncertain, we believe that the following proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our condensed consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Lower Passaic River Matter. In August 2004, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") notified our subsidiary, Covanta Essex Company ("Essex"), that it was a potentially responsible party ("PRP") for Superfund response actions in the Lower Passaic River Study Area ("LPRSA"), a 17 mile stretch of river in northern New Jersey. Essex's LPRSA costs to date are not material to its financial position and results of operations; however, to date the EPA has not sought any LPRSA remedial costs or natural resource damages against PRPs. In March 2016, the EPA released the Record of Decision ("ROD") for its Focused Feasibility Study of the lower 8 miles of the LPRSA; the EPA's selected remedy includes capping/dredging of sediment, institutional controls and long-term monitoring. In June 2018, PRP Occidental Chemical Corporation ("OCC") filed a federal Superfund lawsuit against 120 PRPs including Essex with respect to past and future response costs expended by OCC with respect to the LPRSA. The Essex facility started operating in 1990 and Essex does not believe there have been any releases to the LPRSA, but in any event believes any releases would have been de minimis considering the history of the LPRSA; however, it is not possible at this time to predict that outcome or to estimate the range of possible loss relating to Essex's liability in the matter, including for LPRSA remedial costs and/or natural resource damages.

Tulsa Matter. In January 2016, we were informed by the United States Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Oklahoma ("U.S. Attorney's Office") that our subsidiary, Covanta Tulsa Renewable Energy LLC ("Covanta Tulsa"), was the target of a criminal investigation being conducted by the EPA. The investigation related to alleged improprieties in the recording and reporting of emissions data during an October 2013 incident involving one of the three municipal waste combustion units at our Tulsa, Oklahoma facility. In October 2018, Covanta Tulsa entered into a Non Prosecution Agreement ("NPA") with the US Attorney's Office, pursuant to which no charges will be filed if, for a period of one year, Covanta Tulsa satisfies the requirements of the NPA, including that it comply with applicable laws and regulations. As part of the NPA, Covanta Tulsa also agreed to make a \$200,000 community service payment to the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality to fund air quality and environmental efforts in Oklahoma.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### **Other Matters**

## China Indemnification Claims

Subsequent to completing the exchange of our project ownership interests in China for a 15% ownership interest in Sanfeng Environment, Sanfeng Environment made certain claims for indemnification under the agreement related to the condition of the facility in Taixing. In February 2018, we made a settlement payment of \$7 million related to this claim.

### **Durham-York Contractor Arbitration**

We are seeking to resolve outstanding disputes with our primary contractor for the Durham-York construction project regarding (i) claims by the contractor for change orders and other expense reimbursement and (ii) claims by us for charges and liquidated damages for project completion delays. Our contract with this contractor contemplates binding arbitration to resolve these disputes, which concluded in the third quarter of 2018 and a decision is expected in early 2019. While we do not expect resolution of these disputes to have a material adverse impact on our financial position, it could be material to our results of operations and/or cash flows in any given accounting period.

#### **Other Commitments**

Other commitments as of September 30, 2018 were as follows (in millions):

Letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Facility \$248

Surety bonds 187

Total other commitments — net \$435

The letters of credit were issued to secure our performance under various contractual undertakings related to our domestic and international projects or to secure obligations under our insurance program. Each letter of credit relating to a project is required to be maintained in effect for the period specified in related project contracts, and generally may be drawn if it is not renewed prior to expiration of that period.

We believe that we will be able to fully perform under our contracts to which these existing letters of credit relate, and that it is unlikely that letters of credit would be drawn because of a default of our performance obligations. If any of these letters of credit were to be drawn by the beneficiary, the amount drawn would be immediately repayable by us to the issuing bank. If we do not immediately repay such amounts drawn under letters of credit issued under the Revolving Credit Facility, unreimbursed amounts would be treated under the Credit Facilities as either additional term loans or as revolving loans.

The surety bonds listed in the table above relate primarily to construction and performance obligations and support for other obligations, including closure requirements of various energy projects when such projects cease operating. Were these bonds to be drawn upon, we would have a contractual obligation to indemnify the surety company.

We have certain contingent obligations related to our Senior Notes and Tax-Exempt Bonds. Holders may require us to repurchase their Senior Notes and Tax-Exempt Bonds if a fundamental change occurs. For specific criteria related to the redemption features of the Senior Notes and Tax-Exempt Bonds, see *Item 8. Financial Statements And Supplementary Data — Note 10. Consolidated Debt* of our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We have issued or are party to guarantees and related contractual support obligations undertaken pursuant to agreements to construct and operate waste and energy facilities. For some projects, such performance guarantees include obligations to repay certain financial obligations if the project revenue is insufficient to do so, or to obtain or guarantee financing for a project. With respect to our businesses, we have issued guarantees to municipal clients and other parties that our subsidiaries will perform in accordance with contractual terms, including, where required, the payment of damages or other obligations. Additionally, damages payable under such guarantees for our energy-from-waste facilities could expose us to recourse liability on project debt. If we must perform under one or more of such guarantees, our liability for damages upon contract termination would be reduced by funds held in trust and proceeds from sales of the facilities securing the project debt and is presently not estimable. Depending upon the circumstances giving rise to such damages, the contractual terms of the applicable contracts, and the contract counterparty's choice of remedy at the time a claim against a guarantee is made, the amounts owed pursuant to one or more of such guarantees could be greater than our then-available sources of funds. To date, we have not incurred material liabilities under such guarantees.

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# COVANTA HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) - (Continued)

#### New York City Waste Transport and Disposal Contract

We received the notice to proceed from the New York City Department of Sanitation ("DSNY") to develop the infrastructure supporting the East 91st Street Marine Transfer Station ("MTS"). We expect to commence operations in March 2019. The MTS is the second in a pair of marine transfer stations under a 20-year waste transport and disposal agreement between Covanta and DSNY. We expect to incur a total of approximately \$35 million of capital expenditures, primarily for transportation equipment. As of September 30, 2018, we have incurred \$9 million of these expenditures which is included in Purchase of property, plant and equipment on our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

### **NOTE 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

Issuance of 6.00% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "6.00% Notes")

On October 18, 2018, we sold \$400 million aggregate principal amount of Senior Notes due 2027. Interest on the 6.00% Notes due 2027 is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on July 1, 2019, and the 6.00% Notes will mature on January 1, 2027 unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. Net proceeds from the sale of the 6.00% Notes were approximately \$394 million, consisting of gross proceeds of \$400 million net of approximately \$6 million in offering expenses paid to date. We intend to use the net proceeds along with cash on hand and/or direct borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility to fund the optional redemption of all of our 6.375% Senior Notes due 2022 on November 5, 2018. Pending such use, we intend to use a portion of the net proceeds to repay borrowings outstanding under our Revolving Credit Facility and to invest the remaining net proceeds in short-term interest-bearing accounts, securities or similar investments.

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# Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS ("MD&A")

The following MD&A is intended to help the reader understand the results of operations and financial condition of Covanta Holding Corporation and its subsidiaries; ("Covanta" or the "Company") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. The term "Covanta Energy" refers to our subsidiary Covanta Energy, LLC and its subsidiaries. The financial information as of September 30, 2018 should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 contained in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# Factors Affecting Business Conditions and Financial Results

The following are various published pricing indices relating to the U.S. economic drivers that are relevant to those aspects of our business where we have market exposure; however, there is not an exact correlation between our results and changes in these metrics.

	September 30,	
Consumer Price Index (1)	2018 2.3 %	2017 2.2 %
	<b></b>	/*
PJM Pricing (Electricity) (2)	\$ 30.23	\$ 26.13
NE ISO Pricing (Electricity) (3)	\$ 34.65	\$ 25.36
Henry Hub Pricing (Natural Gas) (4)	\$ 2.93	\$ 2.95
#1 HMS Pricing (Ferrous Metals) (5)	\$ 323	\$ 275
Scrap Metals - Old Sheet & Old Cast (6)	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.60

- (1) Represents the year-over-year percent change in the Headline CPI number. The Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) data is provided by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- (2) Average price per MWh for Q3 2018 and Q3 2017. Pricing for the PJM PSEG Zone is provided by the PJM ISO.
- (3) Average price per MWh for Q3 2018 and Q3 2017. Pricing for the Mass Hub Zone is provided by the NE ISO.
- (4) Average price per MMBtu for Q3 2018 and Q3 2017. The Henry Hub Pricing data is provided by the Natural Gas Weekly Update, U.S. Energy Information Administration.
- (5) Average price per gross ton for Q3 2018 and Q3 2017. The #1 Heavy Melt Steel ("HMS") composite index (\$/gross ton) price as published by American Metal Market.
- (6) Average price per pound for Q3 2018 and Q3 2017. Calculated using the high price of Old Cast Aluminum Scrap (\$/lb) as published by American Metal Market.

Seasonal - Our quarterly Operating income within the same fiscal year typically differs substantially due to seasonal factors, primarily as a result of the timing of scheduled plant maintenance. We conduct scheduled maintenance periodically each year, which requires that individual boiler and/or turbine units temporarily cease operations. During these scheduled maintenance periods, we incur material repair and maintenance expense and receive less revenue until the boiler and/or turbine units resume operations. This scheduled maintenance usually occurs during periods of off-peak electric demand and/or lower waste volumes, which are our first, second and fourth fiscal quarters. The scheduled maintenance period in the first half of the year (primarily first quarter and early second quarter) is typically the most extensive, while the third quarter scheduled maintenance period is the least extensive. Given these factors, we normally experience our lowest operating income from our projects during the first half of each year.

Our Operating income may also be affected by seasonal weather extremes during summers and winters. Increased demand for electricity and natural gas during unusually hot or cold periods may affect certain operating expenses and may trigger material price increases for a portion of the electricity and steam we sell.

*Metals Markets* - Recycled metal prices for both ferrous and non-ferrous materials are impacted directly and indirectly by tariff and trade actions both by the US as well as foreign countries. Recent efforts by the US government to place tariffs on imported steel and aluminum have increased domestic demand for our products. The ultimate

impact of these tariffs is unclear as retaliation to these tariffs by foreign counties could reduce or eliminate any benefits to us.

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#### **Quarter Updates**

## Capital Allocation

Our key capital allocation activities through the nine months ended September 30, 2018 included the following: \$100 million in dividends declared to stockholders; and

\$103 million for growth investments, including \$50 million for acquisitions and \$18 million for various organic growth investments, which include metals recovery projects and investments related to our profiled waste and environmental services businesses.

# New Business Development and Asset Management

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we acquired one environmental services business located in Toronto, Canada for approximately \$4 million. This acquisition further expands our Covanta Environmental Solutions capabilities and client service offerings, and allows us to direct additional non-hazardous profiled waste volumes into our EfW facilities, and therefore is synergistic with our existing business.

In September 2018, we acquired the Palm Beach Resource Recovery Corporation ("PBRRC") for \$46 million. PBRRC holds long-term contracts for the operation and maintenance of two EfW facilities located in Palm Beach County, Florida.

In July 2018, we sold our equity interests in a hydroelectric facility located in the state of Washington for proceeds of approximately \$12 million.

#### **Contract Extensions**

We have reached an agreement to extend the service fee contract at our Huntington facility on Long Island for an additional 5 years.

#### CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following general discussions should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements, the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements and other financial information appearing and referred to elsewhere in this report. We have one reportable segment which comprises our entire operating business.

The comparability of the information provided below with respect to our revenue, expense and certain other items for the periods presented was affected by several factors. As outlined in *Item 1. Financial Statements — Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation* and *Note 3. Acquisitions and Dispositions* in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q and in *Item 8. Financial Statements And Supplementary Data — Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Polices* and *Note 3. New Business and Asset Management* of our annual report on Form 10-K, our business development initiatives, contract transitions, and acquisitions resulted in various transactions that are reflected in comparative revenue and expense. These factors must be taken into account in developing meaningful comparisons between the periods compared below.

The following terms used within the Results of Operations discussion are defined as follows:

"Organic growth": reflects the performance of the business on a comparable period-over-period basis, excluding the impacts of transactions and contract transitions.

•Transactions": includes the impacts of acquisitions, divestitures, and the addition or loss of operating contracts.

Contract "transitions": includes the impact of the expiration of: (a) long-term major waste and service contracts, most typically representing the transition to a new contract structure, and (b) long-term energy contracts.

Certain amounts in our Consolidated Results of Operations may not total due to rounding.

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# CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — OPERATING INCOME

Three Months Variance
Ended Increase
September (Decrease)
30,
2018 2017 2018 vs
2017

#### (In millions)

# **OPERATING REVENUE:**

Waste and service revenue	\$332	\$306	\$ 26	
Energy revenue	81	80	1	
Recycled metals revenue	23	23	_	
Other operating revenue	20	20	_	
Total operating revenue	456	429	27	
<b>OPERATING EXPENSE:</b>				
Plant operating expense	308	301	7	
Other operating expense, net	17	7	10	
General and administrative expense	27	24	3	
Depreciation and amortization expense	53	51	2	
Impairment charges	49		49	
Total operating expense	454	383	71	
Operating income	\$2	\$46	\$ (44	)

Nine
Months Variance
Ended Increase
September (Decrease)
30,
2018 2017 2018 vs
2017

\$4 \$43 \$ (39 )

# (In millions)

# **OPERATING REVENUE:**

Waste and service revenue	\$977	\$902	\$ 75
Energy revenue	257	241	16
Recycled metals revenue	72	54	18
Other operating revenue	62	60	2
Total operating revenue	1,368	1,257	111
<b>OPERATING EXPENSE:</b>			
Plant operating expense	987	952	35
Other operating expense, net	44	24	20
General and administrative expense	85	82	3
Depreciation and amortization expense	162	155	7
Impairment charges	86	1	85
Total operating expense	1,364	1,214	150

Operating income

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#### **Operating Revenue**

Waste and	Service	Revenue
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In millions:	Ended	Months ther 30,	Ended		Variance Increase (Decrease)		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	ThreeN Months		
EfW tip fees	\$155	\$142	\$465	\$416	\$13 \$	49	
EfW service fees	104	95	304	290	9 14	4	
Environmental services	36	34	105	95	2 10	)	
Municipal services	55	50	154	146	5 8		
Other revenue	9	12	29	30	(3)(1	. )	
Intercompany	(27)	(26)	(80)	(75)	(1)(5	j )	
Total waste and service revenue	\$332	\$306	\$977	\$902	\$26 \$	75	
Certain amounts may not total due to ro	unding.						
			ıs N	Nine Months	Varia	ince	

EfW facilities - Tons (1) (in millions):			Months Ended September 30,		Variance Increase (Decrease)		
	2018	2017	2018	2017		e Nine thMonths	
Tip fee - contracted	2.3	2.0	6.7	5.9	0.3	0.8	
Tip fee - uncontracted	0.5	0.5	1.6	1.5	_	0.1	
Service fee	2.4	2.2	6.8	6.6	0.2	0.2	
Total tons	5.1	4.7	15.0	14.0	0.4	1.0	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes solid tons only.

Certain amounts may not total due to rounding.

For the three month comparative period, waste and service revenue increased by \$26 million, primarily driven by \$21 million of organic growth, the start-up of the Dublin EfW facility in the fourth quarter of 2017, and the acquisition of the Palm Beach County EfW facility operating contracts in the third quarter of 2018, partially offset by service contract transitions. Within organic growth, EfW tip fee revenue increased by \$7 million due to increased volume processed, primarily from a full quarter of operations at the Fairfax County EfW facility (which was not operating during the comparative period in 2017), higher average revenue per ton, and growth in municipal services revenue.

For the nine month comparative period, waste and service revenue increased by \$75 million, primarily driven by \$50 million of organic growth and the start-up of the Dublin EfW facility in the fourth quarter of 2017, partially offset by service contract transitions. Within organic growth, EfW tip fee revenue increased by \$22 million due to increased volume processed, primarily from a full period of operations at the Fairfax County EfW facility (which was not operating for a majority of the comparative period in 2017), higher average revenue per ton, and growth in environmental and municipal services revenue.

#### Energy Revenue

In millions: (1)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Month Ended Septer 30,	l	Variance Increase (Decrease)			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	Three Nine MonthMon			
<b>Energy Sales</b>	\$ 67	\$ 68	\$219	\$209	\$(1)	\$	10	
Capacity	13	12	39	32	1	7		
Total energy	\$81	\$ 80	\$257	\$241	\$1	\$	16	

(1) Covanta share only. Represents the sale of electricity and steam based upon output delivered and capacity provided. Certain amounts may not total due to rounding.

Variance

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Total EfW (in millions):	: Three Months Ended September 30,							Variance Increase (Decrease) 2018 ys 2017			
		er <b>Vie</b> lume (1) (2)	% of Total Volume		Reverbelume (1) (1) (2)		% of Total Volume		Reventielume		me
At Market	\$11	0.3	20	%	\$5	0.2	14	%	\$6	0.1	
Contracted	48	0.5	33	%	54	0.6	42	%	(6)	(0.1	)
Hedged	22	0.8	47	%	21	0.7	44	%	1	0.1	
Total EfW	\$81	1.6	100	%	\$80	1.5	100	%	\$1	0.1	

Total EfW (in million	s): Nine I	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2018	2018		2017			2018 vs 2017	
	Rever	(1) (2)	% of Total Volum	(1)	nu <b>k</b> olume (1) (2)	% of Total Volume	Reventeolume	
At Market	\$35	1.0	20 9	% \$15	0.6	13 %	\$20 0.4	
Contracted	1/11	1.6	32 0	% 155	1.8	12 %	(14) (02)	

 Contracted
 141
 1.6
 32
 %
 155
 1.8
 42
 %
 (14)
 (0.2)

 Hedged
 80
 2.3
 48
 %
 70
 1.9
 45
 %
 10
 0.4

 Total EfW
 \$257
 4.8
 100
 %
 \$241
 4.3
 100
 %
 \$16
 0.5

(1) Covanta share only. Represents the sale of electricity and steam based upon output delivered and capacity provided.

Certain amounts may not total due to rounding.

For the three month comparative period, energy revenue increased by \$1 million, with a \$6 million increase from higher production at EfW facilities largely offset by lower market prices and the expiration of a long-term energy contract.

For the nine month comparative period, energy revenue increased by \$16 million, driven by a \$19 million increase from higher production at EfW facilities and a \$5 million increase from the start-up of the Dublin facility in the fourth quarter of 2017, offset by lower market prices and the expiration of long-term energy contracts.

#### Recycled Metals Revenue

Ferrous Metal

	Three Months Ended September 30,							
	Metal Revenue (in millions)		Tons Recovered (in thousands)		Tons Sold (in thousands)			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Ferrous Metal	\$14	\$13	111	98	90	81		
Non-Ferrous Metal	9	10	13	10	7	8		
Total	\$23	\$23						

(1) Represents the portion of total volume from Covanta's share of revenue under applicable client revenue sharing arrangements. Certain amounts may not total due to rounding.

Metal Revenue (in millions)		Tons Recov (in thous		Tons Sold (in thousands)		
2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
\$44	\$34	320	291	248	209	

<sup>(2)</sup> Steam converted to MWh at an assumed average rate of 11 klbs of steam / MWh.

Non-Ferrous Metal 28 20 36 29 21 22

Total \$72 \$54

(1) Represents the portion of total volume from Covanta's share of revenue under applicable client revenue sharing arrangements.

For the three month comparative period, recycled metals revenue were flat, with higher prices for the material offset by lower volumes of non-ferrous metals sold.

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For the nine month comparative period, recycled metals revenue increased by \$18 million, driven by higher prices for the material, partially offset by lower volumes of non-ferrous metals sold.

# Other Operating Revenue

Other operating revenue was flat for the three month comparative period, with higher construction revenue offset by contractual energy sales in 2017 at facilities that did not produce power in 2017.

Other operating revenue increased by \$2 million for the nine month comparative period, primarily due to increased construction revenue, partially offset by contractual energy sales in 2017 related to facilities that did not produce power in 2017.

# **Operating Expense**

## Plant Operating Expense

In millions:	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Variance Increase	
in muuons.		ber 30,	, September 30,			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	Three Month	Nine sMonths
Plant maintenance (1)	\$55	\$57	\$224	\$234	\$(2)	\$(10)
All other	253	243	763	718	10	45
Plant operating expense	\$308	\$301				