

ASTROTECH Corp  
Form 10-Q  
November 14, 2018

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-34426

Astrotech Corporation

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware  
State or Other Jurisdiction of

91-1273737  
I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

Incorporation or Organization

201 West 5th Street, Suite 1275, Austin, Texas  
Address of Principal Executive Offices

78701  
Zip Code

(512) 485-9530

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code

Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

#### APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

As of November 7, 2018, the number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding was: 4,095,375.

ASTROTECH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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## PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

## ASTROTECH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	September 30,	June 30,
	2018	2018
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,906	\$552
Short-term investments	—	3,551
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	29	12
Inventory, net	—	7
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	270	154
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>2,205</b>	<b>4,276</b>
Property and equipment, net	664	733
Long-term investments	—	50
Other assets, net	81	81
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$2,950</b>	<b>\$5,140</b>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	\$105	\$112
Payroll related accruals	313	412
Accrued liabilities and other	526	434
Income tax payable	2	2
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>946</b>	<b>960</b>
Other liabilities	177	188
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>1,123</b>	<b>1,148</b>
<b>Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)</b>		
<b>Stockholders' equity</b>		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, convertible, 2,500,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding, at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized; 4,495,290 and 4,496,873 shares issued at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively; 4,095,374 and 4,097,346 shares outstanding at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively	190,565	190,570
Treasury stock, 399,916 and 399,527 shares at cost at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, respectively	(4,129 )	(4,128 )
<b>Additional paid-in capital</b>	<b>1,793</b>	<b>1,745</b>

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Accumulated deficit	(186,402)	(184,164)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	—	(31 )
Total stockholders' equity	1,827	3,992
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,950	\$5,140

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## ASTROTECH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

(In thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2018	2017
Revenue	\$33	\$—
Cost of revenue	11	—
Gross profit	22	—
Operating expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative	1,144	1,407
Research and development	1,103	1,669
Total operating expenses	2,247	3,076
Loss from operations	(2,225)	(3,076)
Interest and other (expense) income, net	(13 )	70
Loss before income taxes	(2,238)	(3,006)
Income tax benefit	—	—
Net loss	\$(2,238)	\$(3,006)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic and diluted	4,073	4,057
Basic and diluted net loss per common share:		
Net loss	\$(0.55 )	\$(0.74 )
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:		
Net loss	\$(2,238)	\$(3,006)
Available-for-sale securities:		
Net unrealized gain	—	1
Reclassification adjustment for realized loss	31	1
Total comprehensive loss	\$(2,207)	\$(3,004)

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## ASTROTECH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(2,238)	\$(3,006)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation	36	122
Amortization	6	12
Depreciation	69	186
Net loss on sale of available-for-sale investments	31	1
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(17 )	66
Accounts payable	(7 )	(59 )
Other assets and liabilities	(127 )	(790 )
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,247)	(3,468)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Sale of available-for-sale investments	3,345	889
Maturities of available-for-sale securities	250	500
Purchases of property and equipment	—	(7 )
Net cash provided by investing activities	3,595	1,382
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments for purchase of treasury stock	(1 )	(3 )
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	7	—
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	6	(3 )
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$1,354	\$(2,089)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	552	2,184
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$1,906	\$95
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$—	\$—
Income taxes paid	\$—	\$—

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.



## ASTROTECH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### (1) General Information

Description of the Company – Astrotech Corporation (Nasdaq: ASTC) (“Astrotech,” “the Company,” “we,” “us” or “our”), a Delaware corporation organized in 1984, is a science and technology development and commercialization company that launches, manages, and builds scalable companies based on innovative technology in order to maximize shareholder value.

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Astrotech Corporation in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending June 30, 2019. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Accounting Pronouncements – In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, “Leases (Topic 842)” (“ASU 2016-02”). The new standard establishes a right-of-use (“ROU”) model that requires a lessee to record an ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is assessing the impact the adoption of ASU 2016-02 will have on its financial statements and plans to adopt this ASU in fiscal year 2020.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, “Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments” (“ASU 2016-13”). ASU 2016-13 amends guidance on reporting credit losses for assets held at amortized cost basis and available-for-sale debt securities. For assets held at amortized cost basis, ASU 2016-13 eliminates the probable initial recognition threshold in current generally accepted accounting standards, and, instead, requires an entity to reflect its current estimate of all expected credit losses. The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial assets to present the net amount expected to be collected. For available-for-sale debt securities, credit losses should be measured in a manner similar to current generally accepted accounting standards; however, ASU 2016-13 will require that credit losses be presented as an allowance rather than as a write-down. ASU 2016-13 affects entities holding financial assets and net investment in leases that are not accounted for at fair value through net income. This amendment affects loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off balance sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables, and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash. ASU 2016-13 is effective

for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this standard will have on its financial statements.

## Our Business Units

### 1<sup>st</sup> Detect Corporation

1<sup>st</sup> Detect is a manufacturer of advanced chemical detection technology that detects and identifies trace amounts of explosives and narcotics. In April 2018, the Company announced that the TRACER 1000 entered the Developmental Testing and Evaluation (“DT&E”) process at the Department of Homeland Security’s (“DHS”) Transportation Security Laboratory (“TSL”). Successful completion and passing of the DT&E phase would lead to TSL Certification. Certification is a step towards being listed on the Transportation Security Administration’s (“TSA”) Qualified Products List (“QPL”), and subsequently having the TRACER1000 potentially deployed in airports throughout the U.S. In addition, the Company also recently announced that the TRACER 1000 has been accepted into the TSA’s Air Cargo Screening Technology Qualification Test (“ACSQT”) program, representing a step toward inclusion on TSA’s exclusive Air Cargo Screening Technology List (“ACSTL”) and having the TRACER 1000 potentially deployed at airports and cargo facilities worldwide to screen air cargo. The instrument was designed to enable air carriers, freight forwarders, shippers, and independent cargo facilities to stay ahead of evolving threats while optimizing cargo throughput. Finally, the Company also announced that the TRACER 1000 was accepted into European Civil Aviation Conference’s (“ECAC”) evaluation process for both passenger and cargo security. ECAC is the European regulatory authority that oversees airport security. The ECAC Certification would be a significant milestone that would allow us to begin selling to international airports. With TSA and ECAC having two of the most rigorous technology review programs for explosives trace detector (“ETD”) instrumentation in the world, Certification or Qualification

under any of the three programs above would be a significant endorsement that other customers would consider when procuring ETDs.

There is no assurance that any of the further steps detailed in the milestones mentioned above will be achieved or that our technology will be approved by any of the programs listed.

## Astral Images Corporation

Astral Images is a developer of advanced film restoration and enhancement software. Astral's artificial intelligence ("AI")-driven algorithms remove dust, scratches, and defects from film while converting the content to a digital format with significantly enhanced resolution. In addition, the intelligent software automatically restores the film's original color, optimizing the content to be viewed in 4K.

### (2) Going Concern

#### Financial Condition

The Company's consolidated financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2018 have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of September 30, 2018, the Company has working capital of \$1.3 million. The Company reported a net loss of \$13.3 million for the fiscal year 2018 and a net loss of \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, along with net cash used in operating activities of \$10.8 million for the fiscal year 2018 and net cash used in operating activities of \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. This raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Management's Plans to Continue as a Going Concern

The Company remains resolute in identifying the optimal solution to its liquidity issue. The Company is currently evaluating several potential sources for additional liquidity. These include, but are not limited to, selling the Company or a portion thereof, debt financing, equity financing, merging, or engaging in a strategic partnership. On July 3, 2018, management filed Form S-3 to raise funds through the capital markets. On October 9, 2018, the Company raised \$3.0 million in a private placement of equity securities. The Company is currently evaluating a potential offering of any combination of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities, or any combination of the foregoing, either individually or as units comprised of one or more of the other securities. However, additional funding may not be available when needed or on terms acceptable to us. If we are unable to generate funding within a reasonable timeframe, we may have to delay, reduce or terminate our research and development programs, limit strategic opportunities, or curtail our business activities. Astrotech's consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2018 do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

### (3) Investments

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As of September 30, 2018, the Company did not hold any investments. The following table summarizes unrealized gains and losses related to our investments as of June 30, 2018:

	June 30, 2018			Fair Value
	Adjusted Cost	Unrealized Gain	Unrealized Loss	
Mutual Funds - Corporate & Government Debt	\$ 1,751	\$ —	\$ (23 )	\$ 1,728
Fixed Income Bonds	1,333	—	(5 )	1,328
Time Deposits	548	—	(3 )	545
Total	\$3,632	\$ —	\$ (31 )	\$3,601

For information on the unrealized holding losses on available-for-sale investments reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss into the consolidated statements of income, see “Note 9: Other Comprehensive Loss.”

As of June 30, 2018, the Company had certain financial instruments on our condensed consolidated balance sheet related to interest-bearing time deposits and fixed income bonds. These time deposits are included in “Short-term Investments” if the maturities at the end of the reporting period were 360 days or less or “Long-term Investments” if the maturities at the end of the reporting period were over 360 days. Fixed income investments, maturing over one to three years, comprised a set of highly diversified bonds issued by various corporations and entities that in aggregate represented an above average investment-grade fixed income portfolio.

The following table presents the carrying amounts of certain financial instruments as of September 30, 2018, and June 30, 2018:

(In thousands)	Carrying Value			
	Short-Term Investments		Long-Term Investments	
	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018
Mutual Funds - Corporate & Government Debt	\$—	\$1,728	\$ —	\$ —
Time deposits				
Maturities from 91-360 days	—	—	—	—
Maturities over 360 days	—	495	—	50
Fixed Income Bonds				
Maturities less than 1 year	—	1,328	—	—
Maturities from 1-3 years	—	—	—	—
Total	\$—	\$3,551	\$ —	\$ 50

#### (4) Inventory

As the Company focuses on development of the TRACER 1000, inventory associated with prior iterations of our technology was written-off during the second quarter of fiscal 2018. In addition, materials purchases are currently being expensed until inventory accounting is warranted by future product sales.

The following table summarizes the components of our inventory balances, net of allowance of \$393 thousand and \$560 thousand at September 30, 2018, and June 30, 2018, respectively:

(In thousands)	September 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Raw materials	\$ —	\$ 7
Work in process	—	—
Total inventory	\$ —	\$ 7

#### (5) Stockholders' Equity

The following table breaks down the changes in Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended September 30, 2018:

(In thousands)	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 3,992
Stock based compensation	36
Share repurchases	(1 )
Exercise of stock options	7
Net change on available-for-sale investments	31
Net loss	(2,238 )
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 1,827

## (6) Net Loss per Share

Basic net loss per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method and the if-converted method. Potentially dilutive common shares include outstanding stock options and share-based awards.

The following table reconciles the numerators and denominators used in the computations of both basic and diluted net loss per share:

	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2018	2017
(In thousands, except per share data)		
<b>Numerator:</b>		
Loss before income taxes	\$(2,238)	\$(3,006)
Income tax benefit	—	—
Net loss	\$(2,238)	\$(3,006)
<b>Denominator:</b>		
Denominator for basic and diluted net loss per share — weighted average common stock outstanding	4,073	4,057
<b>Basic and diluted net loss per common share:</b>		
Net loss	\$(0.55 )	\$(0.74 )

All unvested restricted stock awards for the three months ended September 30, 2018 are not included in diluted net loss per share, as the impact to net loss per share would be anti-dilutive. Options to purchase 335,206 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$1.60 to \$8.35 per share outstanding as of September 30, 2018 were not included in diluted net loss per share, as the impact to net loss per share would be anti-dilutive.

#### (7) Revenue Recognition

Astrotech's revenue recognition methodology is based on contract type and the manner in which products and services are provided. The Company currently employs one generally accepted revenue recognition methodology.

##### Software Licensing Agreements

When recognizing revenue for licensing software for use, the Company will recognize it when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when a firm sales contract or invoice is in place, delivery has occurred or services have been provided, and collectability is reasonably assured.

#### (8) Fair Value Measurement

The accounting standard for fair value measurements defines fair value, establishes a market-based framework or hierarchy for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The standard is applicable whenever assets and liabilities are measured and included in the financial statements at fair value.

The fair value hierarchy established in the standard prioritizes the inputs used in valuation techniques into three levels as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

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Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

As of September 30, 2018, the Company did not hold any investments. The following table presents the carrying amounts, estimated fair values, and valuation input levels of certain financial instruments as of June 30, 2018:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2018				Fair Value
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value Measured Using			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<b>Available-for-Sale Securities</b>					
Mutual Funds - Corporate & Government Debt	\$ 1,728	\$ 1,728	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,728
Bonds: 0-1 year	1,328	—	1,328	—	1,328
Time deposits: 91-360 days	495	—	495	—	495
Time deposits: over 360 days	50	—	50	—	50
Total	\$3,601	\$1,728	\$1,873	\$ —	\$3,601

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The value of available-for-sale investments is based on pricing from third-party pricing vendors, who may use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs). The fair value of our bonds and time deposits with maturities less than 90 days is considered the amortized value; the fair value measurements used for bonds and time deposits with maturities greater than 90 days is considered Level 2 and uses pricing from third-party pricing vendors who use quoted prices for identical or similar securities in both active and inactive markets.

#### (9) Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in the balances of each component included in accumulated other comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2018, are presented below.

(In thousands)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Unrealized Loss in Investments	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ (31 )
Reclassification to net loss for realized losses	31
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ —

#### (10) Business Risk and Credit Risk Concentration Involving Cash

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the Company recognized revenue from one customer, a post-production film company, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017, during which the Company did not recognize any revenue.

The Company maintains funds in bank accounts that may exceed the limit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) of \$250 thousand per depositor. The risk of loss attributable to these uninsured balances is mitigated by depositing funds in what we believe to be high credit quality financial institutions. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

#### (11) Common Stock Compensation

## Stock Option Activity Summary

The Company's stock option activity for the three months ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted Average
	(in thousands)	Exercise Price
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	361	\$ 5.48
Granted	—	—
Exercised	(3 )	2.25
Canceled or expired	(23 )	4.00
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	335	\$ 5.61

The aggregate intrinsic value of options exercisable at September 30, 2018, was \$9 thousand as the fair value of the Company's common stock is more than the exercise prices of these options. The remaining share-based compensation expense of \$283 thousand related to stock options will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.61 years.

The table below details the Company's stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2018:

	Options			Options	
	Outstanding			Exercisable	
	Number	Contractual	Weighted-	Number	Weighted-
		Life (years)	Average		Average
			Exercise		Exercise
Range of exercise prices	Outstanding	Life (years)	Price	Exercisable	Price
\$1.60 – 3.55	78,900	3.40	\$ 3.21	78,900	\$ 3.21
\$5.30 – 5.85	126,306	8.61	5.47	42,616	5.47
\$6.00 – 8.35	130,000	6.15	7.19	86,000	6.59
\$1.60 – 8.35	335,206	6.43	\$ 5.61	207,516	\$ 5.07

Compensation costs recognized related to stock option awards were \$41 thousand and \$67 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2018, and 2017, respectively.

#### Restricted Stock

The Company's restricted stock activity for the three months ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Shares	Weighted
	(in	Average
	thousands)	Grant-Date
		Fair Value
Outstanding at June 30, 2018	28	\$ 10.16
Granted	—	—
Vested	(4 )	8.86
Canceled or expired	(4 )	9.58
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	20	\$ 10.53

Stock compensation expenses related to restricted stock were \$(5) thousand and \$55 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2018, and 2017, respectively. The remaining share-based compensation expense of \$31 thousand related to restricted stock awards granted will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.90 years.

#### (12) Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are more likely than not to be realized. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, the Company established a full valuation allowance against all of its net deferred tax assets.

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company incurred pre-tax losses in the amount of \$2.2 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. The total effective tax rate was approximately 0% for each of the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

For each of the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company's effective tax rate differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% and 28% respectively, primarily due to the valuation allowance placed against its net deferred tax assets.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Act reduces the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries that were previously tax deferred, and creates new taxes on certain foreign sourced earnings. In the second quarter of fiscal 2018, the Company revised its estimated annual effective rate to reflect a change in its federal statutory rate from 35% to 21%. The rate change is effective on January 1, 2018; therefore, the Company's blended statutory tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is 28%. At September 30, 2018, the Company has not completed its accounting for all of the tax effects of enactment of the Act; however, a reasonable estimate has been made. Note that the Company currently has net operating loss carryovers. A valuation allowance has been recorded to fully reserve for net operating loss carryovers, other carryovers, and book/tax differences on the balance sheet.

FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes" addresses the accounting for uncertainty in income tax recognized in an entity's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions

taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company had an unrecognized tax benefit of \$0 for each of the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Loss carryovers are generally subject to modification by tax authorities until three years after they have been utilized; as such, the Company is subject to examination for the fiscal years ended 2000 through present for federal purposes and fiscal years ended 2006 through present for state purposes. The reason for this extended examination period is due to the utilization of the loss carryovers generated by the sale of our Astrotech Space Operations business unit in fiscal year 2015.

### (13) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to various lawsuits and other claims in the normal course of business. In addition, from time to time, the Company receives communications from government or regulatory agencies concerning investigations or allegations of noncompliance with laws or regulations in jurisdictions in which the Company operates.

The Company establishes reserves for the estimated losses on specific contingent liabilities, for regulatory and legal actions where the Company deems a loss to be probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In other instances, the Company is not able to make a reasonable estimate of liability because of the uncertainties related to the outcome or the amount or range of potential loss.

Litigation, Investigations, and Audits – We are not party to, nor are our properties the subject of, any material pending legal proceedings.

### (14) Segment Information

The Company currently has two reportable business units: 1<sup>st</sup> Detect Corporation and Astral Images Corporation.

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Detect Corporation

1<sup>st</sup> Detect is a manufacturer of advanced chemical detection technology that detects and identifies trace amounts of explosives and narcotics.

Astral Images Corporation

Astral Images is a developer of advanced film restoration and enhancement software.

All intercompany transactions between business units have been eliminated in consolidation.

Key financial metrics of the Company's segments are as follows:

Revenue, Depreciation, and Income	Three Months Ended			Three Months Ended		
	September 30, 2018			September 30, 2017		
	Loss before			Loss before		
(In thousands)	Revenue	Depreciation	Income Taxes	Revenue	Depreciation	Income Taxes
1st Detect	\$—	\$ 60	\$ (1,981)	\$—	\$ 104	\$ (2,424)
Astral Images	33	9	(257)	—	82	(582)
Total	\$33	\$ 69	\$ (2,238)	\$—	\$ 186	\$ (3,006)

Assets	September 30, 2018			June 30, 2018		
	Total Capital			Total Capital		
	Fixed			Fixed		
	Assets,Expenditures			Assets,Expenditures		
(In thousands)	Net	(1)	Total	Net	(2)	Total
1st Detect	\$635	\$ —	\$2,860	\$699	\$ 8	\$5,075
Astral Images	29	—	90	34	11	65
Total	\$664	\$ —	\$2,950	\$733	\$ 19	\$5,140

(1) Total capital expenditures are for the three months ended September 30, 2018.

(2) Total capital expenditures are for the twelve months ended June 30, 2018.

(15) Subsequent Events

On October 9, 2018, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the “Agreement”) with Thomas B. Pickens III, the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company and an accredited investor (each individually, an “Investor” and, collectively, the “Investors”).

Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company agreed to sell an aggregate of 866,950 shares of its series B convertible preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Preferred Shares”) and 409,645 of its shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Shares”) for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$3.0 million (the “Offering”). Pursuant to the Agreement, the Company agreed to sell to Mr. Pickens an aggregate of 866,950 Preferred Shares and sell to the other Investor an aggregate of 409,645 Common Shares, each at a purchase price equal to \$2.35 per share which was equal to the closing price on The NASDAQ Capital Market on October 8, 2018. The Preferred Shares are convertible into an aggregate of 866,950 Common Shares. As a condition to conversion, the Preferred Shares will automatically convert into the Common Shares upon receipt of shareholder approval in accordance with NASDAQ Listing Rule 5635(b).

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements for purposes of federal and state securities laws. Forward-looking statements may include the words “may,” “will,” “plans,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” and other similar expressions. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in the statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- The effect of economic and political conditions in the United States or other nations that could impact our ability to sell our products and services or gain customers;
- The impact of trade barriers imposed by the U.S. government, such as import/export duties and restrictions, tariffs and quotas, and potential corresponding actions by other countries in which the Company conducts its business;
- Our ability to continue as a going concern;
- Our ability to raise sufficient capital to meet our long- and short-term liquidity requirements;
- Our ability to successfully pursue our business plan and execute our strategy;
- Technological difficulties and potential legal claims arising from any technological difficulties;
- Product demand and market acceptance risks, including our ability to develop and sell products and services to be used by governmental or commercial customers;
- Uncertainty in government funding and support for key programs, grant opportunities, or procurements;
- The impact of competition on our ability to win new contracts; and
- Our ability to meet technological development milestones and overcome development challenges.

Although we believe that the assumptions underlying our forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could be inaccurate; therefore, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will prove to be accurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in our forward-looking statements, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as a representation by us or any other person that our objectives and plans will be achieved. Some of these and other risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements are more fully described in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K, elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or in the documents incorporated by reference herein. Except as may be required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or advise of any change in any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. In making these statements, we disclaim any obligation to address or update each factor in future filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or communications regarding our business or results, and we do not undertake to address how any of these factors may have caused changes to discussions or information contained in previous filings or communications. In addition, any of the matters discussed above may have affected our past results and may affect future results, so that our actual results may differ materially from those expressed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in prior or subsequent communications.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in Part I, Item 1 of this Report.

### Business Overview

Astrotech Corporation (NASDAQ: ASTC) ("Astrotech," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our"), a Delaware corporation organized in 1984, is a science and technology development and commercialization company that launches, manages, and builds scalable companies based on innovative technology in order to maximize shareholder value.

The Company currently operates two reportable business units, 1<sup>st</sup> Detect Corporation and Astral Images Corporation, and their efforts are focused on the following:

- 1<sup>st</sup> Detect Corporation ("1<sup>st</sup> Detect") is a manufacturer of advanced chemical detection and analysis instrumentation.
- Astral Images Corporation ("Astral") is a developer of advanced film restoration and enhancement software.

### Our Business Units

#### 1<sup>st</sup> Detect Corporation

1<sup>st</sup> Detect is a manufacturer of advanced chemical detection technology that detects and identifies trace amounts of explosives and narcotics. The Company offers technology that we believe outperforms currently deployed competitive trace detection solutions by offering:

- A higher probability of detection with a near-zero false alarm rate
- A considerably expanded library of explosives, narcotics, and other compounds of interest
- A target library that can be instantaneously updated or expanded in the field without requiring hardware configuration changes
- Improved throughput at security or inspection checkpoints
- Competitive pricing to current solutions

Our efforts have resulted in a platform technology that has many diverse market opportunities, with the initial focus remaining on the explosives and narcotics trace detection market where ion mobility spectrometers ("IMS") are the leading incumbent technology. Of the more than 30,000 IMS instruments installed in the field, many are nearing their end of life or are unable to be updated to the newest standard. We believe these IMS systems have many shortcomings — most notably their limited library of detectable compounds, inability to adapt quickly to emerging threats, limited probability of detection, and significant false positive rates that reduce the user's confidence in the machine's efficacy and extends security or inspection checkpoint wait times.

As the current generation of IMS technology is replaced, we are positioning the Company to be the best next-generation solution for this market. Following a successful demo of our technology to U.S. Department of Homeland Security (“DHS”) and Transportation Security Administration (“TSA”) personnel in late 2017, we recently announced that the TRACER 1000 entered the Developmental Testing and Evaluation (“DT&E”) process at the DHS’s Transportation Security Laboratory (“TSL”). Successful completion and passing of the DT&E phase would lead to TSL Certification. Certification is a step towards being listed on the Transportation Security Administration’s (“TSA”) Qualified Products List (“QPL”), and subsequently having the TRACER1000 potentially deployed in airports throughout the U.S. In addition, the Company also recently announced that the TRACER 1000 has been accepted into the TSA’s Air Cargo Screening Technology Qualification Test (“ACSQT”) program, representing a step toward inclusion on TSA’s exclusive Air Cargo Screening Technology List (“ACSTL”) and having the TRACER 1000 potentially deployed at airports and cargo facilities worldwide to screen air cargo. The instrument was designed to enable air carriers, freight forwarders, shippers, and independent cargo facilities to stay ahead of evolving threats while optimizing cargo throughput. Finally, the Company also announced that the TRACER 1000 was accepted into European Civil Aviation Conference’s (“ECAC”) evaluation process for both passenger and cargo security. ECAC is the European regulatory authority that oversees airport security. The ECAC Certification would be a significant milestone that would allow us to begin selling to international airports. With TSA and ECAC having two of the most rigorous technology review programs for explosives trace detector (“ETD”) instrumentation in the world, Certification or Qualification under any of the three programs above would be a significant endorsement that other customers would consider when procuring ETDs.

There is no assurance that any of the further steps detailed in the milestones mentioned above will be achieved or that our technology will be approved by any of the programs listed.

#### Astral Images Corporation

Astral Images is a developer of advanced film restoration and enhancement software. The Company offers significant cost savings to content owners who traditionally employ a laborious, inconsistent, and expensive manual frame-by-frame restoration process. At 24 frames-per-second, a full-length movie can easily have in excess of 200,000 frames, making manual conversion prohibitively expensive in some instances. At some point, we believe film studios will need to convert their film assets to 4K and/or high-dynamic range (“HDR”) (collectively known as ultra-high definition (“UHD”)). Astral will continue to position itself to support this shift using its powerful artificial intelligence (“AI”)-driven algorithms that remove dust, scratches, and defects from film while converting the content to a digital format with significantly enhanced resolution.

The Company is at a point whereby its resources must be carefully allocated to optimize the primary objective – setting 1<sup>st</sup> Detect on a path to meaningful sales by getting through testing and certification. Although we believe Astral has developed valuable technology fortified by patents and trade secrets, the potential market has not evolved as quickly as anticipated. Due to funding constraints, the Company’s main focus remains on the 1<sup>st</sup> Detect opportunity. Consequently, headcount at Astral has been reduced, the Astral office was consolidated with the corporate office, expenditures have been reduced, and new development is exclusively focused on strategic initiatives that would facilitate the realization of Astral’s value.

#### Critical Accounting Policies

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“U.S. GAAP”). The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Management believes there have been no significant changes during the three months ended September 30, 2018 to the items that we disclosed as our critical accounting policies and estimates in Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Results of Operations

Three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to three months September 30, 2017 ended:

Selected consolidated financial data for the quarter ended September 30, 2018, and 2017 is as follows:

(In thousands)	Quarter Ended	
	September 30, 2018	2017
Revenue	\$33	\$—
Cost of revenue	11	—
Gross profit	22	—
Gross margin	67	% — %
Operating expenses:		
Selling, general and administrative	1,144	1,407
Research and development	1,103	1,669
Total operating expenses	2,247	3,076
Loss from operations	(2,225)	(3,076)
Interest and other (expense) income, net	(13 )	70
Income tax benefit	—	—
Net loss	\$(2,238)	\$(3,006)

Revenue – Total revenue increased \$33 thousand during the first quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018. All of the revenue generated in the first quarter of fiscal 2019 was associated with the Company's agreement with ColorTime, a post-production house specializing in media content creation, restoration, and distribution. As part of this

arrangement, ColorTime is incorporating Astral’s ICE™ software and scanner hardware into their workflow, for which Astral receives a percentage of the revenue generated by ColorTime. No revenue was generated during the first quarter of fiscal year 2018.

Gross Profit – Gross profit is comprised of revenue less cost of revenue. In the first quarter of fiscal 2019, cost of revenue was comprised of labor related to the agreement with ColorTime. During the first quarter of fiscal 2019, cost of revenues increased \$11 thousand compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018, and gross profit increased \$22 thousand during the same period due to the increase in revenue as described above.

Operating Expenses – Operating expenses decreased \$829 thousand, or 27%, during the first quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018. Selling, general and administrative decreased \$263 thousand, or 19%, due to decreases in expenses relating to consulting, lobbying, directors’ fees, equity compensation, and headcount. Research and development decreased \$566 thousand, or 34%, during the first quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018, primarily due to decreased headcount and less depreciation expense.

Income Taxes – Income tax benefit did not change during the first quarter of fiscal 2019, compared to the first quarter of fiscal 2018. The realization of tax benefits depends on the existence of future taxable income. Pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) “Income Taxes” (“FASB ASC 740”), a valuation allowance has been established to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amounts that are more likely than not to be realized.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following is a summary of the change in our cash and cash equivalents:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		
	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2017	change
Change in cash and cash equivalents:			
Net cash used in operating activities	\$(2,247)	\$(3,468)	\$1,221
Net cash provided by investing activities	3,595	1,382	2,213
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	6	(3)	9
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$1,354	\$(2,089)	\$3,443

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of September 30, 2018, we held cash and cash equivalents of \$1.9 million, and our working capital was approximately \$1.3 million. As of June 30, 2018, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$0.6 million, and our working capital was approximately \$3.3 million. Cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2018, as compared to June 30, 2018, due to the sale and maturities of all of our available-for-sale securities, partially offset by funding our normal operating activities and research and development initiatives.

#### Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities decreased \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017, primarily caused by a reduction in our expenses as well as less cash used in payroll related liabilities.

#### Investing Activities

Cash provided by investing activities increased \$2.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017, primarily caused by the sale of all of our available-for-sale investments.

#### Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities was \$6 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to cash used in financing activities of \$3 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2017. This change was due to stock option exercises.

#### Liquidity

As of September 30, 2018, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$1.9 million, and our working capital was approximately \$1.3 million. For the fiscal year 2018, the Company reported a net loss of \$13.3 million and net cash used in operating activities of \$10.8 million. For the three months ended September 30, 2018, the Company reported a net loss of \$2.2 million and net cash used in operating activities of \$2.2 million. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company remains resolute in identifying the optimal solution to its liquidity issue. The Company is currently evaluating several potential sources for additional liquidity. These include, but are not limited to, selling the Company or a portion thereof, debt financing, equity financing, merging, or engaging in a strategic partnership. On July 3, 2018, management filed Form S-3 to raise funds through the capital markets. On October 9, 2018, the Company raised \$3.0 million in a private placement of equity securities. The Company is currently evaluating a potential offering of any combination of common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities, or any combination of the foregoing, either individually or as units comprised of one or more of the other securities. However, additional funding may not be available when needed or on terms acceptable to us. If we are unable to generate funding within a reasonable timeframe, we may have to delay, reduce or terminate our research and development programs, limit strategic opportunities, or curtail our business activities. Astrotech's consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2018 do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are more likely than not to be realized. As of September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018, the Company established a full valuation allowance against all of its net deferred tax assets.

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company incurred pre-tax losses in the amount of \$2.2 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. The total effective tax rate was approximately 0% for each of the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

For each of the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company's effective tax rate differed from the federal statutory rate of 21% and 28% respectively, primarily due to the valuation allowance placed against its net deferred tax assets.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Act reduces the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%, requires companies to pay a one-time transition tax on earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries that were previously tax deferred, and creates new taxes on certain foreign sourced earnings. In the second quarter of fiscal 2018, the Company revised its estimated annual effective rate to reflect a change in its federal statutory rate from 35%

to 21%. The rate change is effective on January 1, 2018; therefore, the Company's blended statutory tax rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is 28%. At September 30, 2018, the Company has not completed its accounting for all of the tax effects of enactment of the Act; however, a reasonable estimate has been made. Note that the Company currently has net operating loss carryovers. A valuation allowance has been recorded to fully reserve for net operating loss carryovers, other carryovers, and book/tax differences on the balance sheet.

FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes" addresses the accounting for uncertainty in income tax recognized in an entity's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company had an unrecognized tax benefit of \$0 for each of the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Loss carryovers are generally subject to modification by tax authorities until three years after they have been utilized; as such, the Company is subject to examination for the fiscal years ended 2000 through present for federal purposes and fiscal years ended 2006 through present for state purposes. The reason for this extended examination period is due to the utilization of the loss carryovers generated by the sale of our Astrotech Space Operations business unit in fiscal year 2015.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2018, and June 30, 2018.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

##### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), which are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. Based on the evaluation and criteria of these disclosure controls and procedures, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

##### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2018 that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As of September 30, 2018, we are not involved in any pending or threatened legal proceedings that we believe could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows. From time to time, we are subject to legal proceedings and business disputes involving ordinary routine legal matters and claims incidental to our business. The ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to such matters generally cannot be estimated with certainty and requires the use of estimates in recording liabilities for potential litigation settlements or awards against us. Estimates for losses from litigation are made after consultation with outside counsel. If estimates of potential losses increase or the related facts and circumstances change in the future, we may be required to record either more or less litigation expense.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Not applicable to smaller reporting companies.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed herewith:

Exhibit No.	Description	Incorporation by Reference
4.1	<u>Amendment Ten to Rights Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2018, between Astrotech Corporation and American Stock Transfer &amp; Trust Company, LLC, as Rights Agent.</u>	Exhibit 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 6, 2018.
31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u>	Filed herewith.
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u>	Filed herewith.
32.1	<u>Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.</u>	Filed herewith.
101	The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for the period ended September 30, 2018 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language: (i) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (iv) Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.	Filed herewith.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Astrotech Corporation

Date: November 14, 2018

/s/ Eric Stober  
Eric Stober  
Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer