

SAExploration Holdings, Inc.
Form 10-Q
August 07, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-35471

SAEXPLORATION HOLDINGS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

27-4867100
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1160 Dairy Ashford, Suite 160, Houston, Texas, 77079
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)

(281) 258-4400
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of “large accelerated filer”, “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes ☐ No ☒

Number of shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value, outstanding as of July 31, 2015: 14,922,497

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and par value amounts)

	June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$27,179	\$12,322
Restricted cash	560	723
Accounts receivable, net	54,668	73,584
Deferred costs on contracts	685	4,631
Prepaid expenses	7,373	17,037
Deferred income tax assets	493	520
Total current assets	90,958	108,817
Property and equipment, net	69,543	77,096
Intangible assets, net	937	1,050
Goodwill	1,861	1,977
Deferred loan issuance costs, net	6,015	6,826
Deferred income tax assets	8,275	8,027
Other assets	150	—
Total assets	\$177,739	\$203,793
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$24,615	\$34,255
Accrued liabilities	15,662	19,554
Income and other taxes payable	5,149	20,261
Equipment note payable	843	1,654
Current portion of capital leases	353	460
Deferred revenue	—	187
Deferred income tax liabilities	587	587
Total current liabilities	47,209	76,958
Senior secured notes	150,000	150,000
Long-term portion of capital leases	118	185
Deferred income tax liabilities	5,987	5,731
Total liabilities	203,314	232,874
Commitments and contingencies	—	—
Stockholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock	—	—
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 55,000,000 shares authorized, 14,922,497 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014	2	2
Additional paid-in capital	28,192	28,185
Accumulated deficit	(52,997)	(56,264)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,605)	(4,362)
Total stockholders' deficit attributable to the Corporation	(29,408)	(32,439)

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Noncontrolling interest	3,833	3,358
Total stockholders' deficit	(25,575) (29,081
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$177,739	\$203,793

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue from services	\$66,865	\$103,141	\$146,543	\$190,803
Cost of services excluding depreciation and amortization expense	45,889	81,326	100,160	145,754
Depreciation and amortization expense included in cost of services	4,794	3,434	9,194	6,960
Gross profit	16,182	18,381	37,189	38,089
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,737	10,481	17,613	20,210
Income from operations	7,445	7,900	19,576	17,879
Other income (expense):				
Change in fair value of note payable to related parties – Former SAE stockholders	—	(4,587)	) —	(5,094)
Interest expense, net	(4,344)	) (4,141)	) (8,677)	) (8,171)
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net	510	494	(1,931)	) 200
Other, net	(185)	) 545	(378)	) 693
Total other expense	(4,019)	) (7,689)	) (10,986)	) (12,372)
Income before income taxes	3,426	211	8,590	5,507
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	271	(550)	) 1,490	3,262
Net income	3,155	761	7,100	2,245
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,059	907	3,833	1,693
Net income (loss) attributable to the Corporation	\$2,096	\$(146)	) \$3,267	\$552
Net income (loss) attributable to the Corporation per common share:				
Basic	\$0.14	\$(0.01)	) \$0.22	\$0.04
Diluted	\$0.14	\$(0.01)	) \$0.22	\$0.04
Weighted average shares:				
Basic	14,922,497	14,870,549	14,922,497	14,512,088
Diluted	14,922,497	14,870,549	14,922,497	14,870,549

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$3,155	\$761	\$7,100	\$2,245
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(338	) 839	(243	) 213
Total comprehensive income	2,817	1,600	6,857	2,458
Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,059	907	3,833	1,693
Comprehensive income attributable to the Corporation	\$1,758	\$693	\$3,024	\$765

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED
 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT
 (In thousands, except share amounts)

	Common Shares Issued and Outstanding	Common Stock at Par Value	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss - Foreign Currency Translation	Total Corporation Stockholders' Deficit	Non-controlling Interest	Total Stockholders' Deficit
Balance at December 31, 2014	14,922,497	\$ 2	\$ 28,185	\$ (56,264)	\$ (4,362)	\$ (32,439)	\$ 3,358	\$ (29,081)
Foreign currency translation	—	—	—	—	(243)	(243)	—	(243)
Distribution to noncontrolling interest	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,358)	(3,358)
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	7	—	—	7	—	7
Net income	—	—	—	3,267	—	3,267	3,833	7,100
Balance at June 30, 2015	14,922,497	\$ 2	\$ 28,192	\$ (52,997)	\$ (4,605)	\$ (29,408)	\$ 3,833	\$ (25,575)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
Operating activities:		
Net income attributable to the Corporation	\$3,267	\$552
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	3,833	1,693
Net income	7,100	2,245
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	9,498	7,546
Amortization of loan costs and debt discounts	811	1,502
Payment in kind interest	—	1,022
Deferred income taxes	35	48
Loss on disposal/sale of property and equipment	311	288
Share-based compensation	7	—
Change in the fair value of note payable to related parties – Former SAE stockholders	—	5,094
Unrealized loss on foreign currency transactions	1,959	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	17,294	(30,452)
Prepaid expenses	9,110	(4,796)
Deferred costs on contracts	3,905	(9,225)
Accounts payable	(7,258)	19,608)
Accrued liabilities	(3,609)	12,007)
Income and other taxes payable	(14,770)	(1,226)
Deferred revenue	(187)	(1,486)
Other, net	11	(1,347)
Net cash provided by operating activities	24,217	828
Investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,896)	(4,406)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	113	72
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,783)	(4,334)
Financing activities:		
Repayment of notes payable	(811)	(400)
Revolving credit facility borrowings	14,200	—
Revolving credit facility repayments	(14,200)	—
Repayments of capital lease obligations	(174)	(299)
Distribution to noncontrolling interest	(3,358)	—
Net cash used in financing activities	(4,343)	(699)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(234)	217
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	14,857	(3,988)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	12,322	17,351
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$27,179	\$13,363
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$8,209	\$4,619
Income taxes paid	\$1,656	\$648
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information -- non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Capital assets acquired under capital lease	\$—	\$131

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Capital assets acquired included in accounts payable	\$650	\$80
Conversion of notes payable to related parties -- directors	\$—	\$500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Business

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and its Subsidiaries (collectively, the "Corporation") is an internationally-focused oilfield services company offering seismic data acquisition and logistical support services in Alaska, Canada, South America, and Southeast Asia to its customers in the oil and natural gas industry. In addition to the acquisition of 2D, 3D, time-lapse 4D and multi-component seismic data on land, in transition zones and offshore in depths reaching 3,000 meters, the Corporation offers a full-suite of logistical support and in-field processing services. The Corporation operates crews around the world that utilize over 29,500 owned land and marine channels of seismic data acquisition equipment and other equipment as needed to complete particular projects. Seismic data is used by its customers, including major integrated oil companies, national oil companies and large international independent oil and gas exploration and production companies, to identify and analyze drilling prospects and maximize successful drilling. The results of the seismic surveys the Corporation conducts belong to its customers and are proprietary in nature; the Corporation does not acquire data for its own account or for future sale or maintain multi-client data libraries.

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Corporation as of June 30, 2015 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 included herein, have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from the audited financial statements as of December 31, 2014. Although the financial statements and related information included herein have been prepared without audit, and certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, the Corporation believes that the note disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Corporation's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim financial statements included herein reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the Corporation's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year or any future period.

Certain amounts in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014, the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2014 presented herein have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on financial position, net income, stockholders' deficit, or cash flows.

Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to the significant accounting policies of the Corporation from the information provided in Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Corporation's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

During the second quarter of 2015, the initial stock option and restricted stock unit awards were granted under the 2013 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan. In connection with these initial grants, accounting policy disclosures

for share-based compensation are provided in Note 8.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance intended to change the criteria for recognition of revenue. The new guidance establishes a single revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers, eliminates industry specific requirements and expands disclosure requirements. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve this core principle, an entity should apply the following five steps: (1) identify contracts with customers, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contracts, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue as the entity satisfies performance obligations. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. The Corporation is currently evaluating what impact adoption of this guidance would have on its financial position, results of operations, cash flows and disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued new guidance which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. The new guidance does not affect the recognition and measurement of debt issuance costs. Therefore, the amortization of such costs will continue to be calculated using the interest method and be reported as interest expense. The new guidance does not specifically address, and therefore does not affect, the balance sheet presentation of debt issuance costs for revolving debt arrangements. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and will be applied on a retrospective basis. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. Upon adoption of the new guidance, the Corporation will report its unamortized deferred loan issuance costs on the senior secured notes as a reduction of the associated debt liability rather than as assets, resulting in an equal reduction in the Corporation's total assets and total liabilities compared to the prior presentation. The amount of Corporation deferred loan issuance costs on the senior secured notes, net of amortization, was \$5,353 and \$6,022 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The adoption of the new guidance will have no effect on the Corporation's stockholders' deficit, results of operations, or cash flows.

NOTE 2 — EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to the Corporation by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to the Corporation by the sum of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during each period and the dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period determined under the treasury stock method. In loss periods, basic net loss and diluted net loss are the same since the effect of potential common shares is anti-dilutive and therefore excluded.

Dilutive potential common shares consist of shares issuable upon (i) the vesting of restricted stock, (ii) the exercising of warrants at average market prices greater than their exercise prices, and (iii) the exercising of stock options at average market prices greater than their exercise prices. Under the treasury stock method, dilutive potential common shares are determined based on the assumed exercise of dilutive restricted stock, stock options and warrants less the number of treasury shares assumed to be purchased from the amount that must be paid to exercise stock options, the amount of compensation expense for future service that has not yet been recognized for restricted stock and stock options, and the amount of tax benefits that will be recorded in additional paid-in capital when the dilutive awards become deductible.

The computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share is as follows:

Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended		
Net Income	Shares	Per Share	Net Income	Shares	Per Share
(Loss)			Attributable		
Attributable			to the		
to the			Corporation		

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Corporation

June 30, 2015:

Basic income per share	\$2,096	14,922,497	\$0.14	\$3,267	14,922,497	\$0.22
Effect of dilutive securities	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diluted income per share	\$2,096	14,922,497	\$0.14	\$3,267	14,922,497	\$0.22

June 30, 2014:

Basic income (loss) per share	\$(146	) 14,870,549	\$(0.01	) \$552	14,512,088	\$0.04
Warrant exchange (Note 7)	—	—	—	—	358,461	—
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$(146	) 14,870,549	\$(0.01	) \$552	14,870,549	\$0.04

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

Warrants to purchase 581,807 shares of common stock have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, since the \$12.00 warrant exercise price was higher than the weighted average share price during the respective periods. Options to purchase 241,642 shares of common stock have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, since the \$4.12 option exercise price was higher than the weighted average share price during the period the options were outstanding. Unvested restricted stock units totaling 326,117 shares have been excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2015, since the shares represented by unvested restricted stock units are offset by an equivalent number of shares of common stock that would be purchased under the treasury stock method.

NOTE 3 — DETAIL OF SELECTED BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Accounts receivable	\$54,668	\$73,584
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	—	—
Accounts receivable, net	\$54,668	\$73,584

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Prepaid taxes	\$6,260	\$13,244
Deposits	489	868
Other prepaid expenses	624	2,925
Total prepaid expenses	\$7,373	\$17,037

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Property and equipment	\$123,768	\$123,208
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(54,225)	(46,112)
Property and equipment, net	\$69,543	\$77,096

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are comprised of the following:

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	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Intangible assets	\$1,429	\$1,491
Less accumulated amortization	(492)	(441)
Intangible assets, net	\$937	\$1,050

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities are comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Accrued payroll liabilities	\$3,051	\$8,652
Accrued interest	6,958	7,489
Other accrued liabilities	5,653	3,413
Total accrued liabilities	\$15,662	\$19,554

NOTE 4 — REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY

On November 6, 2014, SAExploration, Inc. (“Borrower”), SAExploration Holdings, Inc. (“Corporation”) and the Corporation’s other domestic subsidiaries and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (“Lender”) entered into a Credit and Security Agreement (“Credit Agreement”). The Credit Agreement provides for a \$20,000 revolving line of credit facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) secured by the Corporation’s and the Corporation’s domestic subsidiaries’ U.S. assets, including accounts receivable and equipment, subject to certain exclusions and exceptions as set forth in the Credit Agreement. The proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility are primarily used to fund the Corporation’s working capital needs for its operations and for general corporate purposes. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Corporation had no amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Borrowings made under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest, payable monthly, at a rate of daily three month LIBOR plus 3% (3.28% at June 30, 2015 and 3.26% at December 31, 2014). The Revolving Credit Facility has a maturity date of November 6, 2017, unless terminated earlier. The Corporation may request, and the Lender may grant, an increase to the maximum amount available under the Revolving Credit Facility in minimum increments of \$1,000 not to exceed an additional \$10,000 in the aggregate, so long as certain conditions as described in the Credit Agreement are met.

The Credit Agreement includes a sub-facility for letters of credit in amounts up to the lesser of the available borrowing base or \$10,000. Letters of credit are subject to Lender approval and a fee which accrues at the annual rate of 3% of the undrawn daily balance of the outstanding letters of credit, payable monthly. An unused line fee of 0.5% per annum of the daily average of the maximum Revolving Credit Facility amount reduced by outstanding borrowings and letters of credit is payable monthly. As of June 30, 2015, there was an aggregate of \$3,100 in letters of credit outstanding under the sub-facility. There were no letters of credit outstanding under the sub-facility at December 31, 2014.

Under the Revolving Credit Facility, borrowings are subject to borrowing base availability and may not exceed 85% of the amount of eligible accounts receivable, as defined, plus the lesser of \$20,000 or 85% of the orderly net liquidation value of existing eligible equipment per appraisal and 85% of hard costs of acquired eligible equipment, less the aggregate amount of any reserves established by the Lender. If borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility exceed \$5,000, the Corporation is subject to minimum rolling 12 months EBITDA requirements of \$20,000 on a consolidated basis and \$8,000 on the Corporation’s operations in the State of Alaska. The minimum EBITDA for the consolidated basis calculation is lowered by \$17,000 if the month of July 2014 is included within the rolling 12 months period and also excludes the effect of the change in fair value of notes payable to related parties.

The Credit Agreement contains covenants including, but not limited to (i) maintain and deliver to Lender, as required, certain financial reports, records and other items, (ii) subject to certain exceptions under the Credit Agreement, restrictions on the ability of the Corporation to incur indebtedness, create or incur liens, enter into fundamental changes to corporate structure or to the nature of the business of the Corporation, dispose of assets, permit a change in control, acquire non-permitted investments, enter into affiliate transactions or make distributions, (iii) maintain the minimum EBITDA specified above and (iv) maintain eligible equipment, as defined, located in the State of Alaska with a value of at least 75% of the value of such equipment included in the borrowing base availability plus the value of equipment outside the United States which would be otherwise eligible under the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement also contains representations, warranties, covenants and other terms and conditions, including relating to the payment of fees to the Lender, which are customary for agreements of this type. The Corporation was in compliance with the Credit Agreement covenants as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

The Credit Agreement also provides for customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, then the Lender may, among other options as described in the Credit Agreement, declare the obligations of the Borrower to be due and payable immediately or declare the funding obligations of the Lender terminated immediately, subject to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement described below.

The Credit Agreement is subject to the Intercreditor Agreement ("Intercreditor Agreement") dated as of November 6, 2014 between the Lender and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and collateral agent ("Noteholder Agent") pursuant to the Indenture dated as of July 2, 2014 relating to the Corporation's 10% senior secured notes due 2019. The Intercreditor Agreement sets forth various terms between the Lender and Noteholder Agent, including, but not limited to, (i) the priority of liens between those granted by the Indenture and the Credit Agreement, (ii) enforcement action procedures, (iii) the application of the proceeds of the senior collateral received by either the Noteholder Agent or the Lender, (iv) the process by which any liens may be released, (v) insolvency proceeding procedures, (vi) a prohibition on amending various agreements in a manner inconsistent with or in violation of the Intercreditor Agreement, and (vii) the option of the Noteholder Agent to purchase the Borrower's debt under the Credit Agreement from the Lender if certain triggering conditions are met. The Intercreditor Agreement also contains customary representations, warranties, covenants and other terms and conditions.

NOTE 5 — NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable outstanding were as follows:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Senior secured notes	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Equipment note payable	843	1,654
Total notes payable outstanding	150,843	151,654
Less current portion of equipment notes payable	843	1,654
Total long-term portion of notes payable	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000

Senior Secured Notes

On July 2, 2014, the Corporation entered into an Indenture ("Indenture") under which it issued \$150,000 of senior secured notes due July 15, 2019, in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to non-U.S. persons in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act. On June 19, 2015, all outstanding senior secured notes were exchanged for an equal amount of new senior secured notes ("Notes"), which are substantially identical in terms to the existing senior secured notes except that the Notes are registered under the Securities Act.

The Notes bear interest at the annual rate of 10% payable semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on January 15, 2015. The Notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis with a lien on substantially all assets of SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and each of its existing and future domestic subsidiaries, except for any immaterial subsidiaries ("Guarantors"). The liens securing the Notes are subject to certain exceptions and permitted liens, which are contractually subordinated to a first priority lien on certain U.S. assets securing the Revolving Credit Facility under the Intercreditor Agreement discussed in Note 4.

The Corporation has the right to redeem some or all of the Notes at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount to be redeemed) set forth below, together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date, if redeemed on or after January 15, 2017 as indicated:

Period	Percentage
On or after January 15, 2017 and prior to July 15, 2017	107.5%
On or after July 15, 2017 and prior to July 15, 2018	105.0%
On and after July 15, 2018	100.0%

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(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

The Corporation also has the right to redeem some or all of the Notes at any time or from time to time prior to January 15, 2017, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus an applicable premium determined in accordance with the Indenture and accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date. In addition, the Corporation has the right to redeem from time to time up to 35% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes before January 15, 2017, with the net proceeds of an equity offering at a redemption price equal to 110% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued but unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date.

Subject to certain exceptions, upon the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined in the Indenture), each holder of Notes will have the right to require the Corporation to purchase that holder's Notes for a cash price equal to 101% of the principal amounts to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. Upon the occurrence of an Asset Sale (as defined in the Indenture), each holder of Notes will have the right to require the Corporation to purchase that holder's Notes for a cash price equal to 100% of the principal amounts to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase from any proceeds from the Asset Sale in excess of \$7.5 million that are not otherwise used by the Corporation to either reduce its debt, reinvest in assets or acquire a permitted business.

The Indenture contains covenants which include limitations on the Corporation's ability to: (i) transfer or sell assets; (ii) pay dividends, redeem subordinated indebtedness or make other restricted payments; (iii) incur or guarantee additional indebtedness or, with respect to the Corporation's restricted subsidiaries, issue preferred stock; (iv) create or incur liens; (v) incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting its restricted subsidiaries; (vi) consummate a merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of its or its subsidiaries' assets; (vii) enter into transactions with affiliates; (viii) engage in business other than its current business and reasonably related extensions thereof; and (ix) take or omit to take any actions that would adversely affect or impair in any material respect the collateral securing the Notes. The Corporation is in compliance with the Indenture covenants as of June 30, 2015.

Equipment Note Payable

On November 18, 2014, the Corporation entered into a note payable to Sercel, Inc. in the amount of \$1,838, bearing interest at the annual rate of 8%. The note payable is secured by geophones and related accessories which were delivered in December 2014. A payment of \$184 was made upon delivery of the equipment with principal and interest payments of \$144 due monthly thereafter until the note is fully paid on December 15, 2015.

NOTE 6 — INCOME TAXES

The Corporation's effective tax rate was 7.9% and (260.7)% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The increase in the 2015 effective tax rate is primarily due to several factors including fluctuations in earnings among the various jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates, partially offset by decreases in valuation allowances. The primary reason the 2015 effective tax rate differs from the 35% Federal statutory corporate rate is the decreases in valuation allowances, offset by increases in permanent tax differences and foreign tax rate differentials.

The Corporation's effective tax rate was 17.3% and 59.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The decrease in the 2015 effective tax rate is primarily due to several factors including fluctuations in earnings among the various jurisdictions in which the Corporation operates, partially offset by increases in permanent tax differences and foreign tax rate differentials. The primary reason the 2015 effective tax rate differs from the 35%

Federal statutory corporate rate is the decreases in valuation allowances, offset by increases in permanent differences and foreign tax rate differentials.

Earnings associated with the investments in the Corporation's foreign subsidiaries are considered to be indefinitely reinvested outside of the U.S. Therefore, a U.S. provision for income taxes on those earnings or translation adjustments has not been recorded, as permitted by criterion outlined in ASC 740 "Income Taxes." Determination of any unrecognized deferred tax liability for temporary differences related to investments in foreign subsidiaries that are essentially permanent in duration is not practicable due to the inherent complexity of the multi-national tax environment in which the Corporation operates.

The Corporation believes that without positive evidence, it is more likely than not that the benefit from certain net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards and foreign tax credits may not be realized. In recognition of this risk, the Corporation has maintained a full valuation allowance for the deferred tax assets relating to these NOL carryforwards and foreign tax credits of certain countries, which had caused the unusually high effective tax rate in prior periods.

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NOTE 7 — STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

The Corporation is authorized to issue 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share with such designations, rights, and preferences as may be determined from time to time by the Corporation's Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Common Stock

The Corporation is authorized to issue 55,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, a total of 14,922,497 shares were issued and outstanding.

Warrants

Trio Merger Corp. Warrants

During 2011, the Corporation sold warrants for the purchase of an aggregate of 14,000,000 shares of its common stock with an expiration date of June 24, 2016. After completion of the warrant exchange discussed below, the 581,807 warrants not offered for exchange have since remained outstanding. The warrants have an exercise price of \$12.00 per share and can be called by the Corporation for redemption at \$0.01 per warrant if the last sale price of the Corporation's common stock equals or exceeds \$15.00 per share, for any 20 trading days within a 30 consecutive trading day period. If the warrants are called for redemption, the Corporation will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise its warrant to do so on a "cashless basis".

Warrant Exchange

On January 7, 2014, the Corporation commenced an offer to exchange all outstanding Trio Merger Corp. and convertible debt warrants for shares of its common stock in a cashless transaction ("Warrant Exchange"). Each warrant holder had the opportunity to receive one share of the Corporation's common stock in exchange for every ten outstanding warrants tendered by the holder and exchanged pursuant to the Warrant Exchange. In lieu of issuing fractional shares of common stock, the Corporation paid cash to each holder of warrants who would otherwise have been entitled to receive fractional shares, after aggregating all such fractional shares of such holder, in an amount equal to such fractional part of a share multiplied by the last sale price of a share of the Corporation's common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market on February 7, 2014.

The Warrant Exchange offer period expired on February 7, 2014 and a total of 14,418,193 warrants of the 15,000,000 warrants outstanding were tendered and accepted for exchange. On February 14, 2014, the Corporation issued 1,441,813 shares of common stock and paid \$52 cash in lieu of fractional shares in exchange for such tendered warrants.

Common Stock Held in Escrow in Connection with Merger

The Corporation was initially formed on February 2, 2011 under the name Trio Merger Corp. as a blank check company in order to effect a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition or other similar business combination with one or more business entities. On June 24, 2013 (the "Closing"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation completed a merger ("Merger") under an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization, as amended ("Merger Agreement") with the entity formerly known as SAExploration Holdings, Inc. ("Former SAE"), at which time the business of Former SAE became the Corporation's business.

Merger Consideration Escrow

A portion of the merger consideration payable at Closing was allocable to holders of certain derivative securities of Former SAE that were not converted or exchanged prior to the Merger. As of June 30, 2015, a total of 25,890 shares of common stock were held in escrow pending the conversion or exercise of those derivative securities (the "Merger Consideration Escrow"). The escrow agreement provides that CLCH, LLC ("CLCH"), as nominee of the Corporation, will have voting control over all shares of Corporation common stock held in the Merger Consideration Escrow.

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Merger Indemnification Escrow

In connection with the Merger, 545,635 shares of Corporation common stock issued to Former SAE stockholders at Closing were deposited in escrow to secure the indemnification obligations under the Merger Agreement. As of June 30, 2015, 272,817 shares of Corporation common stock remain in escrow which will be released 30 days after the Corporation files its annual report on Form 10-K for its 2015 fiscal year, less any shares reserved to satisfy tax or environmental indemnification claims made prior to such date.

NOTE 8 — SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Non-Employee Director Share Incentive Plan

Effective November 1, 2013, stockholders approved the Corporation's non-employee director share incentive plan, which provides for discretionary grants of stock awards to the Corporation's independent non-employee directors as determined by the Corporation's board of directors. The awards may take the form of unrestricted or restricted shares of the Corporation's common stock or options to purchase shares of the Corporation's common stock. The Corporation has reserved 400,000 shares of common stock for issuance under the 2013 Non-Employee Director Plan, of which 321,980 shares remain for issuance as of June 30, 2015. No shares were issued under the plan during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

2013 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan

On June 21, 2013, the stockholders approved the Corporation's 2013 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan ("Plan") for the benefit of certain employees performing services for the Corporation. The plan reserves up to 792,513 shares of Corporation common stock for issuance in accordance with the plan's terms including a maximum of up to 396,256 shares that may be issued pursuant to awards of restricted stock. On June 29, 2015, the initial awards were granted under the Plan of 241,642 stock options with an exercise price of \$4.12 and 326,117 restricted stock units. The awards vest one-third on each of ninety days, one year, and two years after the date of grant. At June 30, 2015, 224,754 shares of Corporation common stock are available for future awards under the Plan, of which a maximum of 70,139 shares of restricted stock may be awarded.

The Corporation records the grant date fair value of share-based compensation arrangements as compensation cost using a straight-line method over an award's vesting period. The amount of share-based compensation cost recognized during a period is based on the value of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The Corporation updates its forfeiture rate annually.

Share-based compensation expense for stock option and restricted stock unit awards was \$7 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, which was charged to selling, general and administrative expenses. There was no share-based compensation expense during the corresponding periods in 2014.

Stock Options

A summary of stock option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

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(In thousands, except for share and per share amounts and as otherwise noted)

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	—	\$—	—	\$—
Granted	241,642	\$1.49	10.0	
Exercised	—	\$—	—	\$—
Forfeited	—	\$—	—	
Expired	—	\$—	—	
Outstanding at June 30, 2015	241,642	\$1.49	10.0	\$—
Exercisable at June 30, 2015	—	\$—	—	\$—

The Corporation computed the fair value of each stock option on the date of grant, June 29, 2015, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following assumptions:

	2015
Expected volatility	52.3%
Expected lives (in years)	5.5
Risk-free interest rate	1.8%
Expected dividend yield	—%

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of comparable companies for a period commensurate with the expected lives assumption. The simplified method is used to estimate expected lives for options granted during the period for each vesting tranche. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield on U.S. Treasury securities for a period commensurate with the expected lives assumption. The Corporation has not historically issued dividends and does not expect to do so in the future.

At June 30, 2015, there was approximately \$358 of unrecognized compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, for unvested stock option awards with a weighted average vesting period of 2 years.

Restricted Stock Units

A summary of restricted stock units activity for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at December 31, 2014	—	\$—
Granted	326,117	\$3.40
Vested	—	\$—
Forfeited	—	\$—
Nonvested at June 30, 2015	326,117	\$3.40

At June 30, 2015, there was approximately \$1,103 of unrecognized compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, for unvested restricted stock unit awards with a weighted average vesting period of 2 years.

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NOTE 9 — FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Corporation has certain assets and liabilities that are required to be measured and disclosed at fair value in accordance with GAAP. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. When an asset or liability is required to be measured at fair value, an entity is required to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs using a fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted prices that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for similar or identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions. Measurement is based on prices or valuation models requiring inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and supported by little or no market activity.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and equipment note payable are a reasonable estimate of their fair values due to their short duration.

There were no Corporation financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2015. Corporation financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

		Fair Value		
	Carrying Amount	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Note payable to related parties – Former SAE common stockholders:				
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 12,406	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,406
Unrealized loss	5,094	—	—	5,094
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 17,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 17,500

At June 30, 2014, the fair value of notes payable to Former SAE stockholders was derived based on a probability weighted approach including consideration of the risk of refinancing, resulting in an unrealized loss of \$4,857 and \$5,094 reported under change in fair value of notes payable to Former SAE stockholders for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. On July 2, 2014, the notes payable to Former SAE stockholders were refinanced, resulting in their repayment and termination, and the realization of the loss previously recorded. From inception of the note through March 31, 2014, the fair value of note payable to related parties – Former SAE stockholders was derived using the net present value of expected cash flow discounted using a rate based on yield curves for similar U.S. Dollar debt instruments adjusted for the specific terms of the note payable to related parties – Former SAE stockholders and

other factors such as the Corporation's own cost of capital in recent financing transactions.

The Corporation financial instruments not recorded at fair value consist of the Notes. The senior secured notes were issued on July 2, 2014, and exchanged for the Notes on June 19, 2015. At June 30, 2015, the carrying value of the Notes was \$150,000 and the estimated fair value was \$93,989. The fair value is determined by a market approach using dealer quoted period-end bond prices. This instrument is classified as Level 2 as valuation inputs for fair value measurements are dealer quoted market prices at June 30, 2015 obtained from independent third party sources. However, no assurance can be given that the fair value would be the amount realized in an active market exchange.

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The Corporation's non-financial assets include goodwill, property and equipment, and other intangible assets, which are classified as Level 3 assets. These assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as part of the Corporation's impairment assessments and as circumstances require. Goodwill is subjected to an annual review for impairment or more frequently as required.

NOTE 10 — NONCONTROLLING INTEREST

Effective November 19, 2012, an agreement was entered into between a subsidiary of the Corporation and Kuukpik Corporation ("Kuukpik") to form a separate legal entity ("Joint Venture") for the purpose of performing contracts for the acquisition and development of geophysical and seismic data and for geophysical and seismic services and any and all related work anywhere on the North Slope of Alaska (onshore or offshore) for a period of five years. The Corporation's and Kuukpik's percentage ownership interests in the Joint Venture are 49.0% and 51.0%, respectively. The sole source of revenue of the Joint Venture is contracts performed by the Corporation. Pre-award costs incurred on potential contracts by Kuukpik and the Corporation are absorbed by each party and not by the Joint Venture. The Joint Venture receives 10% of gross revenues of all contracts performed by the Corporation, which is distributed to Kuukpik and the Corporation based on their relative ownership percentages. Risk of loss on a contract, including credit risk, is the Corporation's sole responsibility. Based on its power to influence the significant business activities of the Joint Venture and its responsibility to absorb contract losses, the Corporation was determined to be the primary beneficiary under GAAP and as such consolidates the Joint Venture. The results of the Joint Venture are combined with the Corporation and all intercompany transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. Amounts reflected for the Joint Venture in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements consist of the balances reported under net income attributable to noncontrolling interest for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 and noncontrolling interest on the June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 balance sheets.

NOTE 11 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation is involved in various legal proceedings involving contractual and employment relationships, liability claims, and a variety of other matters. The outcome of these legal proceedings and other matters is not expected to have, either individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2015 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those set forth under "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. See "Forward-Looking Statements" below. Amounts are in thousands, except for share amounts and as otherwise noted.

Highlights

The following discussion is intended to assist in understanding our financial position at June 30, 2015, and our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. Financial and operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2015 include:

Revenues from services for the three months ended June 30, 2015 decreased to \$66,865 from \$103,141 in 2014.

Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2015 decreased to \$16,182 from \$18,381 in 2014.

Gross profit as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased to 24.2% from 17.8% in 2014.

Operating income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$7,445 compared to \$7,900 in 2014.

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased to \$3,155 from \$761 in 2014.

Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased to \$13,236 compared to \$13,014 for 2014.

Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased to 19.8% from 12.6% in 2014.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$27,179 as of June 30, 2015 compared to \$13,363 as of June 30, 2014.

Overview

We are an internationally-focused oilfield services company offering a full range of vertically-integrated seismic data acquisition and logistical support services in Alaska, Canada, South America and Southeast Asia to our customers in the oil and natural gas industry. We were initially formed on February 2, 2011 as a blank check company in order to effect a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition or other similar business combination with one or more business entities. On June 24, 2013, our wholly-owned subsidiary completed a merger ("Merger") under an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization, as amended, with the entity formerly known as SAEExploration Holdings, Inc. ("Former SAE"), at which time the business of Former SAE became our business.

The Merger was accounted for as a reverse acquisition in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Under this method of accounting, we were treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. This determination was primarily based on Former SAE comprising the ongoing operations of the combined entity, Former SAE senior management comprising the senior management of the combined company, and the Former SAE common stockholders having a majority of the voting power of the combined entity. In accordance with guidance applicable to these circumstances, the Merger was considered to be a capital transaction in substance. Accordingly, for accounting purposes, the Merger was treated as the equivalent of Former SAE issuing stock for our net assets, accompanied by a recapitalization. Our net assets were stated at fair value, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. Operations prior to the Merger are those of Former SAE. The equity structure after the Merger reflects our equity structure.

Our services include the acquisition of 2D, 3D, time-lapse 4D and multi-component seismic data on land, in transition zones between land and water offshore in depths reaching 3,000 meters. In addition, we offer a full suite of logistical support and in-field processing services. Our customers include major integrated oil companies, national oil companies and independent oil and gas exploration and production companies. Our services are primarily used by our customers to identify and analyze drilling prospects and to maximize successful drilling, making demand for such services dependent upon the level of customer spending on exploration, production, development and field management activities, which is influenced by the fluctuation in oil and natural gas commodity prices. Demand for our services is also impacted by long-term supply concerns based on national oil policies and other country-specific economic and geopolitical conditions. We have expertise in logistics and focus upon providing a complete service package, particularly in our international operations, which allows efficient movement into remote areas, giving us what we believe to be a strategic advantage over our competitors and providing us with opportunities for growth. Many of the areas of the world where we work have limited seasons for seismic data acquisition, requiring high utilization of key personnel and redeployment of equipment from one part of the world to another. All of our remote area camps, drills and support equipment are easily containerized and made for easy transport to locations anywhere in the world. As a result, if conditions deteriorate in a current location or demand rises in another location, we are able to quickly redeploy our crews and equipment to other parts of the world. By contrast, we tend to subcontract out more of our services in North America than in other regions, and our North American revenues tend to be more dependent upon data acquisition services rather than our full line of services.

While our revenues from services are mainly affected by the level of customer demand for our services, operating revenue is also affected by the bargaining power of our customers relating to our services, as well as the productivity and utilization levels of our data acquisition crews. Our logistical expertise can be a mitigating factor in service price negotiation with our customers, allowing us to maintain larger margins in certain regions of the world, particularly in the most remote or most challenging climates of the world. Factors impacting the productivity and utilization levels of

our crews include permitting delays, downtime related to inclement weather, decrease in daylight working hours during winter months, the time and expense of repositioning crews, the number and size of each crew, and the number of recording channels available to each crew. We have the ability to optimize the utilization of personnel and equipment, which is a key factor to stabilizing margins in the various regions in which we operate. Specifically, we are investing in equipment that is lighter weight and more easily shipped between the different regions. The ability to reduce both the costs of shipment and the amount of shipping time increases our operating margins and utilization of equipment. Similar logic applies to the utilization of personnel. We focus on employing field managers who are mobile and have the expertise and knowledge of many different markets within our operations. This allows for better timing of operations and the ability of management staff to run those operations while at the same time minimizing personnel costs. An added benefit of a highly mobile field management team is better internal transfer of skill and operational knowledge and the ability to spread operational efficiencies rapidly between the various regions. Generally the choice of whether to subcontract out services depends on the expertise available in a certain region and whether that expertise is more efficiently obtained through subcontractors or by using our own labor force. For the most part, certain front-end

services, such as permitting and survey, are subcontracted within North America and our personnel are used in other regions where we operate. When subcontractors are used, we manage them and require that they comply with our work policies and quality, health, safety and environmental objectives.

Our customers continue to request increased recording channel capacity on a per crew or project basis in order to produce higher resolution images, to increase crew efficiencies and to allow us to undertake larger scale projects. In order to meet these demands, we routinely deploy a variable number of land and marine channels through various sources with multiple crews in an effort to maximize asset utilization and meet customer needs. We believe that increased channel counts and more flexibility of deployment will result in increased crew efficiencies, which we believe should translate into improved financial performance.

The acquisition of seismic data for the oil and gas industry is a highly competitive business. Factors such as price, experience, asset availability and capacity, technological expertise and reputation for dependability and safety of a crew significantly affect a potential customer's decision to award a contract to us or one of our competitors. Our competitors include much larger companies with greater financial resources, more available equipment and more crews, as well as companies of comparable and smaller sizes. Our primary competitors are Compagnie Générale de Géophysique (CGG), Geokinetics, Inc., Global Geophysical Services, Inc. and BGP, Inc.. In addition to those companies, we also compete for projects from time to time with smaller seismic companies that operate in local markets.

Contracts

We conduct seismic data acquisition services under master service agreements with our customers that set forth certain obligations of our customers and us. A supplemental agreement setting forth the terms of a specific project, which may be cancelled by either party on short notice, is entered into for every data acquisition project. The supplemental agreements are either "turnkey" agreements that provide for a fixed fee to be paid to us for each unit of data acquired, or "term" agreements that provide for a fixed hourly, daily or monthly fee during the term of the project. Turnkey agreements generally mean more profit potential, but involve more risks due to potential crew downtimes or operational delays. We attempt to negotiate on a project-by-project basis some level of weather downtime protection within the turnkey agreements. Under term agreements, we are ensured a more consistent revenue stream with improved protection from crew downtime or operational delays, but with a decreased profit potential.

How We Generate Revenues

We provide a full range of seismic data acquisition services, including infield processing services, and related logistics services. We currently provide our services on only a proprietary basis to our customers and the seismic data acquired is owned by our customers once acquired.

Our seismic data acquisition services include the following:

Program Design, Planning and Permitting. The seismic survey is initiated at the time the customer requests a proposal to acquire seismic data on its behalf. We employ an experienced design team, including geophysicists with extensive experience in 2D, 3D and time-lapse 4D survey design, to assess and recommend acquisition parameters and technologies to best meet the customer's exploration objectives. Our design team analyzes the request and works with the customer to put an operational, personnel and capital resource plan in place to execute and complete the project. Once a seismic program is designed, we work with the customer to obtain the necessary permits from governmental authorities and access rights of way from surface and mineral estate owners or lessees where the survey is to be conducted. In most cases, the customer takes the lead in obtaining permits for seismic operations but we supplement these efforts by providing our expertise with the communities and local governments.

Camp Services. We have developed efficient processes for setting up, operating and dismantling field camps in challenging and remote locations. We operate our camps to ensure the safety, comfort and productivity for the team working on each project and to minimize the environmental impact through the use of wastewater treatment facilities, trash management, water purification, generators with full noise isolation and recycling areas.

In areas like South America and Southeast Asia, logistical support needs to be in place to establish supply lines for remote jungle camps. To ensure the quality of services delivered to these remote camps, we own 10 supply and personnel river boats to gain access to remote jungle areas. We also have five jungle camps and a series of 40 fly camps that act as advance camps from the main project camp. Each of these jungle base camps contains a full service medical facility complete with doctors and nurses in the remote chance it needs to stabilize any potential injuries for medical transport. The camps are equipped with full meal kitchens

held to high standards of cleanliness, sleeping and recreational quarters, power supply, communications links, air support, water purification systems, black water purification systems, offices, repair garages, fuel storage and many more support services.

Survey and Drilling. In a typical seismic recording program, the first two stages of the program are survey and drilling. Once all of the permitting is completed, the survey crews enter the project areas and begin establishing the source and receiver placements in accordance with the survey design agreed to by the customer. The survey crew lays out the line locations to be recorded and, if explosives are being used, identifies the sites for shot-hole placement. The drilling crew creates the holes for the explosive charges that produce the necessary acoustical impulse.

The surveying and drilling crews may be employed by us or may be third party contractors depending on the nature of the project and its location. In North America, the surveying and drilling crews are typically provided by third party contractors and supervised by our personnel. In North America, our vibroseis source units consist of the latest source technology, including eight AHV IV 364 Commander Vibrators and six environmentally friendly IVI mini vibrators, complete with the latest Pelton DR electronics. In South America and Southeast Asia, we perform our own surveying and drilling, which is supported by up to 200 drilling units, including people portable, low impact self-propelled walk behind, track driven and heliportable deployed drilling rigs. Our senior drilling staff has a combined work experience of over 50 years in some of the most challenging environments in the world. On most programs there are multiple survey and drilling crews that work at a coordinated pace to remain ahead of the data recording crews.

Recording. We use equipment capable of collecting 2D, 3D, time-lapse 4D and multi-component seismic data. We utilize vibrator energy sources or explosives depending on the nature of the program. In addition, we have over 29,500 land and marine seismic channels and other equipment available through rental or long-term leasing sources. All of our systems record equivalent seismic information but vary in the manner by which seismic data is transferred to the central recording unit, as well as their operational flexibility and channel count expandability. We utilize 11,500 channels of Sercel 428/408 equipment, 6,000 channels of Fairfield Land Nodal equipment, 2,000 units Fairfield Ocean Bottom Nodal equipment and 10,000 channels of Geospace GSR equipment.

We have made significant capital investments to increase the recording capacity of our crews by increasing channel count and the number of energy source units we operate. This increase in channel count demand is driven by customer needs and is necessary in order to produce higher resolution images, increase crew efficiencies and undertake larger scale projects. In response to project-based channel requirements, we routinely deploy a variable number of channels with a variable number of crews in an effort to maximize asset utilization and meet customer needs. When recording equipment is at or near full utilization, we utilize rental equipment from strategic suppliers to augment our existing inventories. We believe we will realize the benefit of increased channel counts and flexibility of deployment through increased crew efficiencies, higher revenues and increased margins.

During the past three years, we dedicated a significant portion of our capital investment to purchasing and leasing wireless recording systems rather than the traditional wired systems. We utilize this equipment as primarily stand-alone recording systems, but on occasion it is used in conjunction with cable-based systems. The wireless recording systems allow us to gain further efficiencies in data recording and provide greater flexibility in the complex environments in which we operate. In addition, we have realized increased crew efficiencies and lessened the environmental impact of our seismic programs due to the presence of fewer personnel and less equipment in the field. We believe we will experience continued demand for wireless recording systems in the future.

We also utilize multi-component recording equipment on certain projects to further enhance the quality of data acquired and help our customers enhance their development of producing reservoirs. Multi-component recording involves the collection of different seismic waves, including shear waves, which aids in reservoir analysis such as fracture orientation and intensity in shale formations and allows for more descriptive rock properties.

Reclamation. We have experienced teams responsible for reclamation in the areas where work has been performed so as to minimize the environmental footprint from the seismic program. These programs can include reforestation or other activities to restore the natural landscape at our worksites.

In-field Processing. Our knowledgeable and experienced team provides our customers with superior quality field processing. Our quality control applications are appropriate for identifying and analyzing ambient noise, evaluating field parameters and supporting obstacle-recovery strategies. Using the latest hardware and software, our technical and

field teams electronically manage customer data from the field to the processing office, minimizing time between field production and processing. For full seismic processing, we use software from a variety of global suppliers. All the steps employed in our basic processing sequence are tailored to the particular project and customer objectives. We implement strict quality control processes to meet or surpass industry-established standards. Currently, we do not acquire data for our own account or for future sale, maintain multi-client data libraries or participate in oil and gas drilling ventures. The results of a seismic survey conducted for a customer belong to that customer. All of our customers' proprietary information is maintained in confidence.

Results of Operations

The following tables set forth, for the periods indicated, certain financial data derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Amounts are presented in thousands unless otherwise indicated. Percentages shown in the tables below are percentages of total revenue.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2014

Our operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are highlighted below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				
	2015	% of Revenue	2014	% of Revenue	
Revenue from services:					
North America	\$39,968	59.8	% \$48,342	46.9	%
South America	1,482	2.2	% 54,799	53.1	%
Southeast Asia	25,415	38.0	% —	—	%
Total revenue	66,865	100.0	% 103,141	100.0	%
Gross profit	16,182	24.2	% 18,381	17.8	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,737	13.1	% 10,481	10.1	%
Income from operations	7,445	11.1	% 7,900	7.7	%
Other expense	(4,019)	) (6.0	)% (7,689	) (7.5)%
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	271	0.4	% (550	) (0.5)%
Less net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,059	1.6	% 907	0.8	%
Net income (loss) attributable to the Corporation	\$2,096	3.1	% \$(146	) (0.1)%

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

Our operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 are highlighted below:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2015	% of Revenue	2014	% of Revenue	
Revenue from services:					
North America	\$101,486	69.3	% \$79,941	41.9	%
South America	19,642	13.4	% 110,112	57.7	%
Southeast Asia	25,415	17.3	% 750	0.4	%
Total revenue	146,543	100.0	% 190,803	100.0	%
Gross profit	37,189	25.4	% 38,089	20.0	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	17,613	12.0	% 20,210	10.6	%
Income from operations	19,576	13.4	% 17,879	9.4	%
Other expense	(10,986)	) (7.5	)% (12,372	) (6.5)%
Provision for income taxes	1,490	1.1	% 3,262	1.7	%
Less net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	3,833	2.6	% 1,693	0.9	%
Net income attributable to the Corporation	\$3,267	2.2	% \$552	0.3	%

Revenue from Services.

North America: Revenue in North America for the three months ended June 30, 2015 decreased by \$8,374 or 17.3% compared to \$48,342 for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was due principally to lower quarterly activity in Alaska compared to 2014. Revenue in North America for the six months ended June 30, 2015 increased by

\$21,545 or 27.0% compared to \$79,941 for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in 2015 year-to-date revenue was primarily in Alaska which was

the result of an overall increase in seismic activity and market share in the North Slope region compared to 2014. The market in the North Slope region of Alaska experienced significant growth during the 2015 winter season as a result of favorable market and regulatory conditions for oil and gas producers. In 2015, the Canadian market was adversely impacted by an overall reduction in exploration activity related to the commodity price environment.

South America: Revenue in South America for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 decreased by \$53,317 or 97.3% and \$90,470 or 82.2%, respectively, compared to \$54,799 and \$110,112, respectively, for three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in revenue during 2015 was primarily due to the completion of major projects in Colombia and Bolivia in the latter part of 2014 and in Peru during the first quarter of 2015. In 2015, the Colombian market was adversely impacted by regulatory issues that slowed the government approval process, resulting in some project delays. Overall, seismic activity in South America has been at reduced levels in 2015 compared to prior periods.

Southeast Asia: Revenues in Southeast Asia for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 increased by \$25,415 and \$24,665, respectively, compared to \$0 and \$750, respectively, for three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in revenue for Southeast Asia was due primarily to a deep water ocean bottom marine project in Malaysia, compared to minimal activity in the corresponding periods last year.

Gross Profit. Gross profit was \$16,182, or 24.2% of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$18,381, or 17.8% of revenues, for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Gross profit was \$37,189, or 25.4% of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to \$38,089, or 20.0% of revenues, for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The improvement in gross profit was primarily related to the favorable performance on the Malaysian deep water ocean bottom marine project and improved operational execution in Alaska. Additionally, contracts in the Alaskan market typically carry better pricing, due to the complex nature of the operating environment and the shortened seasonal operating windows.

Within the seismic data services industry, gross profit is presented both with or without depreciation and amortization expense on equipment used in operations. Our gross profit is presented after reduction for depreciation and amortization expense on equipment used in operations. The following table discloses gross profit on both bases:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2015	% of Revenue	2014	% of Revenue	2015	% of Revenue	2014	% of Revenue		
Gross profit as presented	\$16,182	24.2 %	\$18,381	17.8 %	\$37,189	25.4 %	\$38,089	20.0 %		
Depreciation and amortization expense included in cost of services	4,794	7.2 %	3,434	3.4 %	9,194	6.3 %	6,960	3.6 %		
Gross profit excluding depreciation and amortization expense included in cost of services	\$20,976	31.4 %	\$21,815	21.2 %	\$46,383	31.7 %	\$45,049	23.6 %		

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses decreased by \$1,744 to \$8,737 or 13.1% of revenue compared to \$10,481 or 10.1% of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2014. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, SG&A expenses decreased by \$2,597 to \$17,613 or 12.0% of revenue compared to \$20,210 or 10.6% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2014. SG&A expenses in 2015 as a percentage of revenue increased versus 2014 due to lower overall revenue partially offset by headcount reductions and cost controls implemented during 2015. SG&A expense for 2015 includes \$996 in severance costs incurred in our Peru, Colombia, Canada, Alaska and corporate locations related to the previously announced workforce reduction program.

Other Expense. Other expense decreased by \$3,670 and \$1,386 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. The decrease in 2015 expense was primarily due to the charge of \$4,587 and \$5,094 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, for the change in fair value of notes payable to related parties, partially offset by the higher loss on foreign currency transactions in 2015.

Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, the provision for income taxes was \$271 representing a 7.9% effective tax rate compared to the income tax benefit of \$550 for the three months ended June 30, 2014 representing a (260.7)% effective tax rate. The increase in the provision for income taxes of \$821 was primarily due to fluctuations in earnings among the various jurisdictions in which we operate, partially offset by the reversal of certain deferred tax asset valuation allowances and other permanent differences. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the provision for income taxes was \$1,490 representing a 17.3% effective tax rate compared to the provision for income taxes of \$3,262 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 representing a 59.2% effective tax rate. The decrease in the provision for income taxes of \$1,772 was primarily

due to fluctuations in earnings among the various jurisdictions in which we operate, partially offset by the reversal of certain deferred tax asset valuation allowances and other permanent differences.

We record income tax expense for interim periods on the basis of an estimated annual effective tax rate. The estimated annual effective tax rate is recomputed on a quarterly basis and may fluctuate due to changes in forecasted annual operating income, positive or negative changes to the valuation allowance for net deferred tax assets, and changes to actual or forecasted permanent book to tax differences. We believe that without positive evidence, it is more likely than not that the benefit from certain net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards and foreign tax credits may not be realized. In recognition of this risk, we maintain a full valuation allowance for the deferred tax assets relating to these NOL carryforwards and foreign tax credits of certain countries.

Net Income (Loss) Attributable to the Corporation. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, net income attributable to the Corporation was \$2,096 compared to a net loss of \$146 for the three months ended June 30, 2014. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, net income attributable to the Corporation was \$3,267 compared to net income of \$552 for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

The increase in net income for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the following factors:

- Lower SG&A expenses;
- Lower other expense primarily due to 2014 charge for change in fair value of notes payable to related parties; partially offset by
- Severance costs in our Peru, Colombia, Canada, Alaska and corporate locations.

The increase in net income for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the following factors:

- Lower SG&A expenses;
- Lower other expense primarily due to 2014 charge for change in fair value of notes payable to related parties; and
- Proportionately lower provision for income taxes; partially offset by
- Substantially higher unrealized loss on foreign currency transactions; and
- Severance costs in our Peru, Colombia, Canada, Alaska and corporate locations.

Adjusted EBITDA. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, adjusted EBITDA was \$13,236 compared to \$13,014 for the three months ended June 30, 2014. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, adjusted EBITDA was \$30,321 compared to \$26,994 for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase was due primarily to improved operating results as discussed above.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows. Cash provided by operations for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$24,217, compared to cash provided by operations of \$828 for the first six months of 2014, an increase in cash provided by operations of \$23,389. Cash provided by net income and net cash adjustments to net income increased to \$19,721 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to cash provided by net income and net cash adjustments to net income of \$17,745 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as a result of higher income from operations in 2015. Net changes in operating assets and liabilities resulted in cash provided of \$4,496 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to cash used of \$16,917 for the six months ended June 30, 2014, primarily due to lower accounts receivable from decreased revenues partially offset by increased payments of operating expenses and foreign income tax liabilities.

Working Capital. Working capital as of June 30, 2015 was \$43,749 compared to \$31,859 as of December 31, 2014. The increase in working capital during 2015 was principally due to the increase in cash flows from operations which

resulted from the increase in activity on the North Slope of Alaska and in Southeast Asia.

Capital Expenditures. Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$4,783, compared to cash used in investing activities of \$4,334 for the six months ended June 30, 2014, an increase in cash used of \$449. The increase in investing activities was due to payment during the six months ended June 30, 2015 of capital expenditures for our Alaska operations which were received and recorded as accounts payable in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Our focus on providing leading edge technology will be at the forefront of our capital expenditure plans in the coming years, which investments will continue to strengthen our position and growth in the global oil and gas exploration services market. Focusing on current worldwide oil and gas markets, we will continue to employ and expand our wireless equipment on a worldwide basis while maintaining the ability to provide services to the still existing cable markets. Our capital purchases have and will allow us to take advantage of all aspects of the geophysical exploration services market, ranging from land, marine and transition zone

data acquisition; 2D, 3D, 4D and multi-component data acquisition; use of different methods to acquire data such as using vibroseis (vibrating) and impulsive sources; as well as vertical seismic profiling and reservoir monitoring. Investments in expanding further into our South America and Southeast Asia markets will also focus upon surveying, drilling and base camp operations.

We commit capital funds to purchase or lease the equipment we deem most effective to conduct our operations and implement our business strategy. Purchasing new assets and upgrading existing capital assets requires a commitment to capital spending. During the last three years, in line with our focus on wireless land data acquisition, we purchased a cableless seismic data acquisition system which allows up to three crews to operate under the system at the same time. Following customer needs for higher density land programs using a single point receiver application and to answer the demand for conventional and unconventional oil and gas exploration, we purchased high sensitivity geophones and two types of vibrators, further strengthening our position as a full solution provider for land data acquisition methods and technologies. Additional equipment investments were made for ongoing operations in Alaska in order to increase efficiency. We also invested in cable equipment in order to provide customers in Latin America with cable systems as wireless technology is slower to take hold in that market.

Financing. Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$4,343, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$699 for the six months ended June 30, 2014, an increase in cash used of \$3,644. The increase in cash used in the six months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily due to the distribution to the noncontrolling interest in our joint venture for performing contracts for the acquisition and development of geophysical and seismic data and related services on the North Slope of Alaska.

Senior Secured Notes. On July 2, 2014, we issued senior secured notes totaling \$150,000 in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to non-U.S. persons in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act. The proceeds of these senior secured notes were used to pay the amounts owed under the 2012 Credit Agreement, the notes payable to Former SAE stockholders, and related professional fees and expenses, fund the purchase of equipment for our Alaska operations and for general corporate purposes. On June 19, 2015, all outstanding senior secured notes were exchanged for an equal amount of new senior secured notes ("Notes"), which are substantially identical in terms to the existing senior secured notes except that the Notes are registered under the Securities Act.

The Notes bear interest at the annual rate of 10.0% payable semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year, commencing on January 15, 2015. The Notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis with a lien on substantially all assets of SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and each of our existing and future domestic subsidiaries, except for any immaterial subsidiaries ("Guarantors"). The liens securing our Notes are subject to certain exceptions and permitted liens, some of which are contractually subordinated to a first priority lien on certain assets under the Intercreditor Agreement discussed under "Revolving Credit Facility" below.

We have the right to redeem some or all of the Notes at the redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount to be redeemed) set forth below, together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date, if redeemed on or after January 15, 2017 as indicated:

Period	Percentage
On or after January 15, 2017 and prior to July 15, 2017	107.5%
On or after July 15, 2017 and prior to July 15, 2018	105.0%
On and after July 15, 2018	100.0%

We also have the right to redeem some or all of the Notes at any time or from time to time prior to January 15, 2017, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof plus an applicable premium determined in accordance with the Indenture and accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date. In addition, we have the right to redeem from time to time up to 35% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes

before January 15, 2017, with the net proceeds of an equity offering at a redemption price equal to 110% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued but unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date.

Subject to certain exceptions, upon the occurrence of a Change of Control (as defined in the Indenture), each holder of Notes will have the right to require us to purchase that holder's Notes for a cash price equal to 101% of the principal amounts to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase. Upon the occurrence of an Asset Sale (as defined in the Indenture), each holder of Notes will have the right to require us to purchase that holder's Notes for a cash price equal to 100% of the principal amounts to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of purchase from any proceeds from the Asset Sale in excess of \$7.5 million that are not otherwise used by us to either reduce our debt, reinvest in assets or acquire a permitted business.

The Indenture contains covenants which include limitations on our ability to:

- transfer or sell assets;
- pay dividends, redeem subordinated indebtedness or make other restricted payments;
- incur or guarantee additional indebtedness or, with respect to our restricted subsidiaries, issue preferred stock;
- create or incur liens;
- incur dividend or other payment restrictions affecting our restricted subsidiaries;
- consummate a merger, consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of our or our subsidiaries' assets;
- enter into transactions with affiliates;
- engage in business other than our current business and reasonably related extensions thereof; and
- take or omit to take any actions that would adversely affect or impair in any material respect the collateral securing the Notes.

We are in compliance with the Indenture covenants as of June 30, 2015.

We may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity securities, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

Revolving Credit Facility. On November 6, 2014, SAExploration, Inc., SAExploration Holdings, Inc., and our other domestic subsidiaries (collectively, "we" or "our") and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association ("Lender") entered into a Credit Agreement providing for our \$20,000 Revolving Credit Facility. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by our U.S. assets, including accounts receivable and equipment, subject to certain exclusions and exceptions as set forth in the Credit Agreement. The proceeds of the Revolving Credit Facility are primarily used to fund our working capital needs for operations and for general corporate purposes. As of June 30, 2015, we had no amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility.

Borrowings made under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at a rate of daily three month LIBOR plus 3%, payable monthly. The Revolving Credit Facility has a maturity date of November 6, 2017, unless terminated earlier. We may request, and the Lender may grant, an increase to the maximum amount available under the Revolving Credit Facility in minimum increments of \$1,000 not to exceed an additional \$10,000 in the aggregate, so long as certain conditions described in the Credit Agreement are met.

The Credit Agreement includes a sub-facility for letters of credit in amounts up to the lesser of the available borrowing base or \$10,000. Letters of credit are subject to Lender approval and a fee which accrues at the annual rate of 3% of the undrawn daily balance of the outstanding letters of credit, payable monthly. An unused line fee of 0.5% per annum of the daily average of the maximum Revolving Credit Facility amount reduced by outstanding borrowings and letters of credit is payable monthly. As of June 30, 2015, there was an aggregate of \$3,100 in letters of credit outstanding under the sub-facility. There were no letters of credit outstanding under the sub-facility at December 31, 2014.

Under the Revolving Credit Facility, borrowings are subject to borrowing base availability and may not exceed 85% of the amount of eligible accounts receivable, as defined, plus the lesser of \$20,000 or 85% of the orderly net liquidation value of existing eligible equipment per appraisal and 85% of hard costs of acquired eligible equipment, less the aggregate amount of any reserves established by the Lender. If borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility exceed \$5,000, we are subject to minimum rolling 12 month EBITDA requirements of \$20,000 on a consolidated basis and \$8,000 on our operations in the State of Alaska. The minimum EBITDA for the consolidated basis calculation is lowered by \$17,000 if the month of July 2014 is included within the rolling 12 month period and also excludes the effect of the change in fair value of notes payable to related parties.

The Credit Agreement contains covenants including, but not limited to:

- maintain and deliver to Lender, as required, certain financial reports, records and other items,

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subject to certain exceptions under the Credit Agreement, restrictions on our ability to incur indebtedness, create or incur liens, enter into fundamental changes to our corporate structure or to the nature of our business, dispose of assets, permit a change in control, acquire non-permitted investments, enter into affiliate transactions or make distributions,

• maintain the minimum EBITDA specified above, and

maintain eligible equipment, as defined, located in the State of Alaska with a value of at least 75% of the value of

such equipment included in the borrowing base availability. Eligible equipment also includes the value of equipment outside the United States which would be otherwise eligible under the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement also contains representations, warranties, covenants and other terms and conditions, including relating to the payment of fees to the Lender, which are customary for agreements of this type. We are in compliance with the Credit Agreement covenants as of June 30, 2015.

The Credit Agreement also provides for customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing, then the Lender may, among other options as described in the Credit Agreement, declare our obligations to be due and payable immediately or declare the funding obligations of the Lender terminated immediately, subject to the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement described below.

The Credit Agreement is subject to the Intercreditor Agreement (“Intercreditor Agreement”) dated as of November 6, 2014 between the Lender and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and collateral agent (“Noteholder Agent”) pursuant to the Indenture dated as of July 2, 2014 relating to our Notes. The Intercreditor Agreement sets forth various terms between the Lender and Noteholder Agent, including, but not limited to, (i) the priority of liens between those granted by the Indenture and the Credit Agreement, (ii) enforcement action procedures, (iii) the application of the proceeds of the senior collateral received by either the Noteholder Agent or the Lender, (iv) the process by which any liens may be released, (v) insolvency proceeding procedures, (vi) a prohibition on amending various agreements in a manner inconsistent with or in violation of the Intercreditor Agreement, and (vii) the option of the Noteholder Agent to purchase our debt under the Credit Agreement from the Lender if certain triggering conditions are met. The Intercreditor Agreement also contains customary representations, warranties, covenants and other terms and conditions.

Use of EBITDA (Non-GAAP measure) as a Performance Measure

We use an adjusted form of EBITDA to measure period over period performance, which is not derived in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income plus interest expense, less interest income, plus unrealized loss on change in fair value of notes payable to Former SAE stockholders, plus income taxes, plus depreciation and amortization, plus nonrecurring major expenses outside of operations, plus nonrecurring one-time expenses and foreign exchange gain or loss. Our management uses adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental financial measure to assess:

• the financial performance of our assets without regard to financing methods, capital structures, taxes, historical cost basis or non-recurring expenses;

• our liquidity and operating performance over time in relation to other companies that own similar assets and calculate EBITDA in a similar manner; and

• the ability of our assets to generate cash sufficient to pay potential interest cost.

We consider adjusted EBITDA as presented below to be the primary measure of period-over-period changes in our operational cash flow performance.

The terms EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not defined under GAAP, and we acknowledge that these are not a measure of operating income, operating performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. When assessing our operating performance or liquidity, investors and others should not consider this data in isolation or as a substitute for net income, cash flow from operating activities or other cash flow data calculated in accordance with

GAAP. In addition, our calculation of adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to EBITDA or similarly titled measures utilized by other companies since such other companies may not calculate EBITDA in the same manner. Further, the results presented by adjusted EBITDA cannot be achieved without incurring the costs that the measure excludes.

The computation of our adjusted EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) from net income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, is provided in the table below (in thousands):

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	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$3,155	\$761	\$7,100	\$2,245
Depreciation and amortization (1)	4,947	3,693	9,498	7,546
Interest expense, net	4,344	4,141	8,677	8,171
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	271	(550)	1,490	3,262
Change in fair value of notes payable to related parties – Former SAE stockholders (2)	—	4,587	—	5,094
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net (3)	(510)	(494)	1,931	(200)
Nonrecurring expense (4)(5)	1,029	876	1,625	876
Adjusted EBITDA	\$13,236	\$13,014	\$30,321	\$26,994

(1) Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the statements of operations as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cost of services	\$4,794	\$3,434	\$9,194	\$6,960
Selling, general and administrative expenses	153	259	304	586
Total depreciation and amortization	\$4,947	\$3,693	\$9,498	\$7,546

The notes payable to Former SAE stockholders were recorded at fair value as discussed in Note 9 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1. All amounts outstanding under the notes payable to Former SAE stockholders were repaid on July 2, 2014 from proceeds of the issuance of the senior secured notes and the promissory note was cancelled.

(3) Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net includes the effect of both realized and unrealized foreign exchange transactions.

(4) Nonrecurring expenses in 2015 primarily consist of severance payments incurred in our Peru, Colombia, Canada, Alaska and corporate locations.

(5) Nonrecurring expenses in 2014 primarily consist of the settlement of disputed fees with a former financial advisor of \$657 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to the critical accounting policies used in our reporting of results of operations and financial position. For a discussion of critical accounting policies see the section entitled “SAE’s Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

During the second quarter of 2015, the initial stock option and restricted stock unit awards were granted under the 2013 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan. In connection with these initial grants, accounting policy disclosures for share-based compensation are provided in Note 8 of Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part I, Item 1.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance intended to change the criteria for recognition of revenue. The new guidance establishes a single revenue recognition model for all contracts

with customers, eliminates industry specific requirements and expands disclosure requirements. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve this core principle, an entity should apply the following five steps: (1) identify contracts with customers, (2) identify the performance obligations in the contracts, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and (5) recognize revenue as the entity satisfies performance obligations. The new guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. Early application is permitted for annual reporting

periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period. We are currently evaluating what impact adoption of this guidance would have on our financial position, results of operations, cash flows and disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued new guidance which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of a debt discount. The new guidance does not affect the recognition and measurement of debt issuance costs. Therefore, the amortization of such costs will continue to be calculated using the interest method and be reported as interest expense. The new guidance does not specifically address, and therefore does not affect, the balance sheet presentation of debt issuance costs for revolving debt arrangements. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and will be applied on a retrospective basis. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. Upon adoption of the new guidance, we will report our unamortized deferred loan issuance costs on the senior secured notes as a reduction of the associated debt liability rather than as assets, resulting in an equal reduction in our total assets and total liabilities compared to the prior presentation. The amount of deferred loan issuance costs on the senior secured notes, net of amortization, was \$5,353 and \$6,022 at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The adoption of the new guidance will have no effect on our stockholders' deficit, results of operations, or cash flows.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the federal securities laws, with respect to our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and business, and our expectations or beliefs concerning future events. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by phrases such as we or our management “expects,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “intends,” “plans to,” “ought,” “could,” “will,” “should,” “likely,” “appears,” “forecasts,” “outlook” or other similar words or phrases. There are inherent risks and uncertainties in any forward-looking statements. Although we believe that our expectations are reasonable, we can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to have been correct, and actual results may vary materially. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update, amend or clarify any forward-looking statements to reflect events, new information or otherwise. Some of the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are discussed below. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

Factors that could cause actual results to vary materially from our expectations include the following:

- fluctuations in the levels of exploration and development activity in the oil and gas industry;
- substantial international business exposing us to currency fluctuations and global factors, including economic, political and military uncertainties;
- intense industry competition;
- need to manage rapid growth;
- delays, reductions or cancellations of service contracts;
- operational disruptions due to seasonality, weather and other external factors;
- crew availability and productivity;
- whether we enter into turnkey or term contracts;
- limited number of customers;
- credit risk related to our customers;

high fixed costs of operations;
the availability of capital resources;
ability to retain key executives; and
need to comply with diverse and complex laws and regulations.

You should refer to our other periodic and current reports filed with the SEC and the risk factors from our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K for specific risks which would cause actual results to be significantly different from those expressed or implied by any of our forward-looking statements. It is not possible to identify all of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect future results. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this report may not occur and actual results could differ materially from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers of this report are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Management's Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective, in all material respects, with regard to the recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms for information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act. Our disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the significant risk factors that may affect our business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity as described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference for a list of the exhibits filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SAExploration Holdings, Inc.
(Registrant)

By: /s/ Brent Whiteley
Brent Whiteley
Chief Financial Officer, General
Counsel and Secretary (Duly
Authorized Officer and Principal
Financial Officer)

Date: August 7, 2015

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description	Included	Form	Filing Date
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Reorganization dated as of December 10, 2012, by and among the Registrant., Trio Merger Sub, Inc., SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and CLCH, LLC.	By Reference	8-K	December 11, 2012
2.2	First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Reorganization dated as of May 23, 2013, by and among the Registrant, Trio Merger Sub, Inc., SAExploration Holdings, Inc. and CLCH, LLC.	By Reference	8-K	May 28, 2013
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.	By Reference	8-K	June 28, 2013
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws.	By Reference	8-K	June 28, 2013
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate.	By Reference	8-K	June 28, 2013
4.2	Specimen Warrant Certificate.	By Reference	8-K	June 28, 2013
4.3	Form of Warrant Agreement by and between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and the Registrant.	By Reference	S-1/A	April 28, 2011
4.4	Amendment to Warrant Agreement dated June 24, 2013, by and between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and the Registrant.	By Reference	8-K	June 28, 2013
4.5	Indenture, dated July 2, 2014, by and among the Company, the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and noteholder collateral agent.	By Reference	8-K	July 9, 2014
4.6	10.000% Senior Secured Notes due 2019 dated June 19, 2015.	Herewith		
4.7	Notation of Guarantee executed June 19, 2015, among the Company, SAExploration Sub, Inc., SAExploration, Inc., SAExploration Seismic Services (US), LLC, and NES, LLC (Existing Notes).	Herewith		
10.1	Form of Notice of Stock Units Award and Stock Units Award Agreement	Herewith		

10.2	Form of Notice of Stock Option Award and Stock Option Award Agreement	Herewith
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31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Herewith
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Exhibit No.	Description	Included	Form	Filing Date
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Herewith		
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Herewith		
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Herewith		
101	The following materials from the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2015 (unaudited) and December 31, 2014, (ii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, (iii) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, (iv) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit for the six months ended June 30, 2015, (v) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 and (vi) Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.	Herewith		