

China Networks International Holdings Ltd  
Form 20-F  
May 15, 2013

---

---

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 20-F

(Mark One)

REGISTRATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OR (g) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OR

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OR

SHELL COMPANY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of event requiring this shell company report \_\_\_\_\_

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission file number: 001-34395

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LTD.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Not Applicable  
(Translation of Registrant's name into English)

British Virgin Islands  
(Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

801,29F Block C,  
Central International Trade Center,  
6A Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue,  
Chao Yang District  
BeiJing, PRC

---

(Address of principal executive offices)

Li Shuangqing  
801,29F Block C,  
Central International Trade Center,  
6A Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue,  
Chao Yang District  
BeiJing, PRC

---

(Name, Telephone, E-mail and/or Facsimile number and Address of Company Contact Person)

---

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

None

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act.

Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share  
Warrants to Purchase Ordinary Shares

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Title of Class)

Securities for which there is a reporting obligation pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act.

None

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Title of Class)

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report (December 31, 2012): 83,109,978 ordinary shares.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  
Yes  No

If this report is an annual or transition report, indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer.

Large Accelerated Filer  Accelerated Filer  Non-Accelerated Filer

Indicate by check mark which basis of accounting the registrant has used to prepare the financial statements included in this filing:

U.S. GAAP   
International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board   
Other

If "Other" has been checked in response to the previous question, indicate by check mark which financial statement item the registrant has elected to follow.  Item 17  Item 18

If this is an annual report, indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

Annual Report on Form 20-F  
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

|   | Page |
|---|------|
| Item 1. Identity of Directors, Senior Management and Advisers       | 2    |
| Item 2. Offer Statistics and Expected Timetable                     | 2    |
| Item 3. Key Information   | 2    |
| Item 4. Information on the Company                                  | 6    |
| Item 4A. Unresolved Staff Comments                                  | 9    |
| Item 5. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects                | 9    |
| Item 6. Directors, Senior Management and Employees                  | 18   |
| Item 7. Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions           | 24   |
| Item 8. Financial Information                                       | 24   |
| Item 9. The Offer and Listing                                       | 25   |
| Item 10. Additional Information                                     | 27   |
| Item 11. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk | 37   |
| Item 12. Description of Securities Other Than Equity Securities     | 37   |

PART II

|   |    |
|---|----|
| Item 13. Defaults, Dividend Arrearages and Delinquencies                                | 38 |
| Item 14. Material Modifications to the Rights of Securities Holders and Use of Proceeds | 38 |
| Item 15. Controls and Procedures  | 38 |
| Item 16A. Audit Committee Financial Expert  | 39 |
| Item 16B. Code of Ethics  | 39 |
| Item 16C. Principal Accountant Fees and Services  | 39 |
| Item 16D. Exemptions from the Listing Standards for Audit Committees                    | 40 |
| Item 16E. Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers        | 40 |
| Item 16F. Change in Registrant's Certifying Accountant                                  | 40 |

|              |                      |    |
|--------------|----------------------|----|
| Item<br>16G. | Corporate Governance | 40 |
|--------------|----------------------|----|

PART III

|             |                      |    |
|-------------|----------------------|----|
| Item<br>17. | Financial Statements | 41 |
| Item<br>18. | Financial Statements | 41 |
| Item<br>19. | Exhibits             | 41 |

---

## USE OF CERTAIN DEFINED TERMS

Except as otherwise indicated by the context, references in this annual report to:

“CNIH,” “we,” “us,” or “our,” and the “Company” are references to the combined business of China Networks International Holdings Ltd., a BVI company, and its consolidated subsidiaries and variable interest entities, including: China Networks, ANT, WFOE and Hetong;

“China Networks” are references to our wholly-owned subsidiary China Networks Media Ltd., a BVI company;

“ANT” are references to China Network’s wholly-owned subsidiary Advertising Networks Ltd., a Hong Kong company;

“WFOE” are references to ANT’s wholly-owned subsidiary Guangwang Tonghe Technology Consulting (Beijing) Co. Ltd., a PRC company;

“Hetong” are references to our variable interest entity, Beijing Guangwang Hetong Advertising & Media Co., Ltd., a PRC company;

“China” and “PRC,” are references to the People’s Republic of China;

“BVI,” are references to the British Virgin Islands;

“Hong Kong,” are references to the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China;

“RMB,” are references to Renminbi, the legal currency of China;

“U.S. dollars,” “\$” and “US\$,” are references to the legal currency of the United States; and

“Securities Act,” are references to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and references to “Exchange Act” are references to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

## FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This annual report contains forward-looking statements and information relating to us that are based on the current beliefs, expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections of our management regarding our company and industry. When used in this annual report, the words “may”, “will”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “estimate”, “expect”, “intend”, “similar expressions, as they relate to us or our management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management’s current view concerning future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including among many others: our potential inability to achieve similar growth in future periods as we did historically, the emergence of additional competing technologies, changes in domestic and foreign laws, regulations and taxes, changes in economic conditions, uncertainties related to China’s legal system and economic, political and social events in China, a general economic downturn, a downturn in the securities markets, and other risks and uncertainties which are generally set forth under Item 3, “Key information — Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this annual report. Should any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described as anticipated, estimated or expected in this annual report.

All forward-looking statements included herein attributable to us or other parties or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. Except to the extent required by applicable laws and regulations, we undertake no obligations to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this annual report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.



## PART I

## ITEM 1. IDENTITY OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND ADVISERS

Not applicable.

## ITEM 2. OFFER STATISTICS AND EXPECTED TIMETABLE

Not applicable.

## ITEM 3. KEY INFORMATION

## Selected Consolidated Financial Data

The following table presents selected financial data regarding our business. It should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere in this annual report and the information under Item 5, "Operating and Financial Review and Prospects." The selected consolidated statement of income data for the Company's fiscal years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, have been derived from our audited restated consolidated financial statements that are included in this annual report beginning on page F-1. The selected statement of income data for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 have been derived from our combined financial statements of the Company's operating entities - Kunming Television Station-Advertising Centre and Yellow River Television Station-Advertising Centre that are not included in this annual report.

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 are prepared and presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or U.S. GAAP. The selected financial data information is only a summary and should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere herein. The financial statements contained elsewhere fully represent our financial condition and operations; however, they are not indicative of our future performance.

(In thousands of U.S. Dollars, except number of shares and per share data)

|  | 2008          | Fiscal Year Ended December 31, |               |              | 2012         |
|--|---------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
|  |               | 2009                           | 2010          | 2011         |              |
| <b>Statement of Income Data:</b>                   |               |                                |               |              |              |
| Net Revenue  | \$ 4,344,012  | \$ 19,010,661                  | \$ 22,289,808 | \$ -         | \$ -         |
| Operating income (loss)                            | 129,072       | 9,756,277                      | 3,237,054     | (1,100,101)  | (909,729)    |
| Net income (loss) before non-controlling interest  | (3,409,673)   | 2,448,433                      | (670,527)     | (13,554,510) | (4,141,618)  |
| Net income (loss)                                  | (4,537,064)   | (1,672,454)                    | (3,070,783)   | (13,534,445) | (4,120,829)  |
| Weighted average ordinary shares                   | 1,108,767     | 7,519,691                      | 32,826,462    | 65,940,384   | 83,109,978   |
| Weighted average number of diluted ordinary shares | 1,108,767     | 7,519,691                      | 32,826,462    | 65,948,384   | 83,109,978   |
| Basic income (loss) per share                      | \$ (4.09)     | \$ (0.22)                      | \$ (0.09)     | \$ (0.21)    | \$ (0.05)    |
| Diluted income (loss) per share                    | \$ (4.09)     | \$ (0.22)                      | \$ (0.09)     | \$ (0.21)    | \$ (0.05)    |
| <b>Balance Sheet Data:</b>                         |               |                                |               |              |              |
| Total current assets                               | \$ 16,827,967 | \$ 20,869,835                  | \$ 42,649,676 | \$ 8,170,617 | \$ 2,624,873 |
| Total assets                                       | 46,269,330    | 52,019,042                     | 48,923,840    | 8,182,561    | 2,632,224    |

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

|                                |            |             |            |           |           |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Total current liabilities      | 45,384,962 | 53,110,643  | 23,631,483 | 1,825,013 | 2,252,146 |
| Total liabilities              | 45,697,690 | 54,277,399  | 23,927,279 | 2,061,413 | 2,488,546 |
| Non-controlling Interest       | 1,257,807  | 5,466,296   | 1,060,349  | 1,087,906 | 1,083,073 |
| Shareholders' equity (deficit) | (686,165)  | (7,724,653) | 23,936,212 | 5,033,242 | (939,395) |

2

---

### Capitalization and Indebtedness

Not applicable.

### Reasons for the Offer and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

### Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risks described below, which constitute the material risks facing us. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business could be harmed. You should also refer to the other information about us contained in this Annual Report, including our financial statements and related notes.

We currently have no business operations nor any revenues or earnings from operations.

We currently have no business operations or any revenues or earnings from operations. We currently have no significant assets or financial resources, and will, in all likelihood, continue to sustain operating expenses without corresponding revenues until the development of a new business plan or the consummation of a business combination.

Our proposed operations are purely speculative.

The success of our proposed plan of operation will depend to a great extent on the operations, financial condition and management of the identified target company. While business combinations with entities having established operating histories are preferred, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in locating candidates meeting these criteria. If we complete a business combination, the success of our operations will be dependent upon management of the target company and numerous other factors beyond our control. There is no assurance that we can identify a target company and consummate a business combination.

We may have significant difficulty in locating a viable business combination candidate.

We are and will continue to be an insignificant participant in the business of seeking mergers with and acquisitions of business entities. A large number of established and well-financed entities, including venture capital firms, are active in mergers and acquisitions of companies which may be merger or acquisition target candidates for us. Nearly all of these competitors have significantly greater financial resources, technical expertise and managerial capabilities than we do and, consequently, we will be at a competitive disadvantage in identifying possible business opportunities and successfully completing a business combination. Moreover, we will also compete with numerous other small public companies in seeking merger or acquisition candidates.

It is possible that the per share value of your stock will decrease upon the consummation of a business combination.

A business combination normally will involve the issuance of a significant number of additional shares. Depending upon the value of the assets acquired in a business combination, the per share value of our common stock may decrease, perhaps significantly.

Any business combination that we engage in may have tax effects on us.

Federal and state tax consequences will, in all likelihood, be major considerations in any business combination that we may undertake. Currently, a business combination may be structured so as to result in tax-free treatment to both companies pursuant to various federal and state tax provisions. We intend to structure any business combination so as to minimize the federal and state tax consequences to both us and the target company; however, there can be no assurance that a business combination will meet the statutory requirements of a tax-free reorganization or that the parties will obtain the intended tax-free treatment upon a transfer of stock or assets. A non-qualifying reorganization could result in the imposition of both federal and state taxes which may have an adverse effect on both parties to the transaction.

The market price of our ordinary shares is volatile, leading to the possibility of its value being depressed at a time when you may want to sell your holdings.

The market price of our ordinary shares is volatile, and this volatility may continue. Numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control, may cause the market price of our ordinary shares to fluctuate significantly. In addition to market and industry factors, the price and trading volume for our ordinary shares may be highly volatile for specific business reasons. Factors such as variations in our revenues, earnings and cash flow, announcements of new investments, cooperation arrangements or acquisitions, and fluctuations in market prices for our products could cause the market price for our shares to change substantially.

Securities class action litigation is often instituted against companies following periods of volatility in their stock price. This type of litigation could result in substantial costs to us and divert our management's attention and resources.

Moreover, the trading market for our ordinary shares will be influenced by research or reports that industry or securities analysts publish about us or our business. If one or more analysts who cover us downgrade our ordinary shares, the market price for our ordinary shares would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of us or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which, in turn, could cause the market price for our ordinary shares or trading volume to decline.

Furthermore, securities markets may from time to time experience significant price and volume fluctuations for reasons unrelated to operating performance of particular companies. These market fluctuations may adversely affect the price of our ordinary shares and other interests in our company at a time when you want to sell your interest in us.

Our ordinary shares are quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board which may have an unfavorable impact on our stock price and liquidity.

Our ordinary shares are quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board. The OTC Bulletin Board is a significantly more limited market than the New York Stock Exchange or Nasdaq system. The quotation of our shares on the OTC Bulletin Board may result in a less liquid market available for existing and potential shareholders to trade shares of our ordinary shares, could depress the trading price of our ordinary shares and could have a long-term adverse impact on our ability to raise capital in the future.

Future sales or perceived sales of our ordinary shares could depress our stock price.

A substantial number of shares of our ordinary shares held by our current shareholders are freely tradable. If the holders of these shares were to attempt to sell a substantial amount of their holdings at once, the market price of our ordinary shares could decline. Moreover, the perceived risk of this potential dilution could cause shareholders to

attempt to sell their shares and investors to short the ordinary shares, a practice in which an investor sells shares that he or she does not own at prevailing market prices, hoping to purchase shares later at a lower price to cover the sale. As each of these events would cause the number of our ordinary shares for sale to increase, our ordinary shares market price would likely further decline.

We do not intend to pay dividends on our ordinary shares for the foreseeable future.

For the foreseeable future, we intend to retain any earnings to finance the development and expansion of our business, and we do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our ordinary shares. Accordingly, investors must be prepared to rely on sales of their ordinary shares after price appreciation to earn an investment return, which may never occur. Investors seeking cash dividends should not purchase our ordinary shares. Any determination to pay dividends in the future will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our results of operations, financial condition, contractual restrictions, restrictions imposed by applicable law and other factors our board deems relevant.

We are a “foreign private issuer,” and have disclosure obligations that are different than those of U.S. domestic reporting companies so you should not expect to receive the same information about us at the same time as a U.S. domestic reporting company may provide.

We are a foreign private issuer and, as a result, we are not subject to certain of the requirements imposed upon U.S. domestic issuers by the SEC. For example, we are not required by the SEC or the federal securities laws to issue quarterly reports or proxy statements with the SEC. We are allowed four months following the end of our fiscal year to file our annual report with the SEC. We are not required to disclose certain detailed information regarding executive compensation that is required from U.S. domestic issuers. Further, our directors and executive officers are not required to report equity holdings under Section 16 of the Securities Act. As a foreign private issuer, we are also exempt from the requirements of Regulation FD (Fair Disclosure) which, generally, are meant to ensure that select groups of investors are not privy to specific information about an issuer before other investors. We are, however, still subject to the anti-fraud and anti-manipulation rules of the SEC, such as Rule 10b-5. Since many of the disclosure obligations required of us as a foreign private issuer are different than those required by other U.S. domestic reporting companies, our shareholders should not expect to receive information about us in the same amount and at the same time as information is received from, or provided by, other U.S. domestic reporting companies. We are liable for violations of the rules and regulations of the SEC which do apply to us as a foreign private issuer. Violations of these rules could affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

You may have difficulty enforcing judgments obtained against us.

We are a BVI company and substantially all of our assets are located outside of the United States. Virtually all of our assets and a substantial portion of our current business operations are conducted in the PRC. In addition, almost all of our directors and officers are nationals and residents of countries other than the United States. A substantial portion of the assets of these persons are located outside the United States. As a result, it may be difficult for you to effect service of process within the United States upon these persons. It may also be difficult for you to enforce in U.S. courts judgments obtained in U.S. courts based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws against us and our officers and directors, many of whom are not residents in the United States and whose assets are located in significant part outside of the United States. In addition, there is uncertainty as to whether the courts of the British Virgin Islands or the PRC would recognize or enforce judgments of U.S. courts against us or such persons predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the United States or any state. In addition, it is uncertain whether such British Virgin Islands or PRC courts would be competent to hear original actions brought in the British Virgin Islands or the PRC against us or such persons predicated upon the securities laws of the United States or any state.

Because we are incorporated under the laws of the BVI, it may be more difficult for our shareholders to protect their rights than it would be for a shareholder of a corporation incorporated in another jurisdiction.

Our corporate affairs are governed by our memorandum and articles of Association and by the BVI Companies Act, 2004 (as amended) of the BVI. Principles of law relating to such matters as the validity of corporate procedures, the fiduciary duties of management and the rights of our shareholders differ from those that would apply if we were incorporated in the United States or another jurisdiction. The rights of shareholders under BVI law are not as clearly established as are the rights of shareholders in many other jurisdictions. Under the laws of most jurisdictions in the United States, majority and controlling shareholders generally have certain fiduciary responsibilities to the minority shareholders. Shareholder action must be taken in good faith, and actions by controlling shareholders which are obviously unreasonable may be declared null and void. BVI law protecting the interests of minority shareholders may not be as protective in all circumstances as the law protecting minority shareholders in US jurisdictions. In addition, the circumstances in which a shareholder of a BVI company may sue the company derivatively, and the procedures and defenses that may be available to the company, may result in the rights of shareholders of a BVI company being

more limited than those of shareholders of a company organized in the US. Furthermore, our directors have the power to take certain actions without shareholder approval which would require shareholder approval under the laws of most US jurisdictions. The directors of a BVI corporation, subject in certain cases to court approval but without shareholder approval, may implement a reorganization, merger or consolidation, the sale of any assets, property, part of the business, or securities of the corporation. The ability of our board of directors to create new classes or series of shares and the rights attached by amending our memorandum of association and articles of association without shareholder approval could have the effect of delaying, deterring or preventing a change in our control without any further action by the shareholders, including a tender offer to purchase our ordinary shares at a premium over then current market prices. Thus, our shareholders may have more difficulty protecting their interests in the face of actions by our board of directors or our controlling shareholders than they would have as shareholders of a corporation incorporated in another jurisdiction.

We may be classified as a passive foreign investment company, which could result in adverse United States federal income tax consequences to U.S. shareholders.

We do not currently expect to be classified as a “passive foreign investment company,” or PFIC, for United States federal income tax purposes for our tax year ending December 31, 2011. However, the PFIC test is an annual test that, as discussed below, depends upon the composition of our gross income for the year and the percentage, based on a quarterly average for the year, of our gross assets that constitutes “passive” assets. Accordingly, it is not possible to determine whether we will not be classified as a PFIC for our tax year ending December 31, 2011 until after the year has ended. In addition, even if we are not classified as a PFIC for our taxable year ending December 31, 2011, because the PFIC test is annual, we cannot assure you that we will not be a PFIC for any following tax year. A non-U.S. corporation will be classified as a PFIC for the taxable year if (i) at least 75% of its gross income is passive income for such year or (ii) at least 50% of the fair market value of its assets (based on an average of the quarterly values of the assets during such year) is attributable to assets that produce or are held for the production of passive income. The fair market value of our assets may be determined to a large extent by the market price of our ordinary shares, which may fluctuate. Furthermore, how we spend as well as how quickly we spend the proceeds from offerings will affect the composition of our income and assets. If we are treated as a PFIC for any tax year during which U.S. shareholders hold ordinary shares, certain adverse United States federal income tax consequences could apply to such U.S. holders. See Item 10, “Additional Information — Taxation — U.S. Federal Income Taxation — Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules.”

#### ITEM 4. INFORMATION ON THE COMPANY

##### History and Development of the Company

We were incorporated in Delaware on August 16, 2006 as Alyst Acquisition Corp. in order to serve as a vehicle for the acquisition of an operating business in any industry, with a focus on the telecommunications industry, through a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition or other similar business combination. Our initial shareholders purchased 1,750,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share in a private placement. On July 5, 2007, Alyst consummated its initial public offering, or IPO, of 8,044,400 of its units, or Units. Each Unit consisted of one share of Common Stock and one warrant to purchase one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. Simultaneously with the consummation of the IPO, Alyst (i) consummated a private placement of 1,820,000 warrants to the original sponsors, officers and directors, and certain of their affiliates of Alyst, each warrant entitled upon exercise to one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share, and (ii) issued to the representatives of the underwriters in the IPO an option to purchase 300,000 of its units, or the UPO, at an exercise price of \$10.00 per unit. The units issuable upon exercise of the UPO were identical to the Units, except that the exercise price of the underlying warrants is \$7.50 per share.

On June 25, 2009, we completed a business combination pursuant to which Alyst merged with and into CNIH, its wholly-owned subsidiary, to effect its redomestication to the British Virgin Islands. On June 26, 2009, China Networks Merger Co., Ltd., our wholly-owned British Virgin Islands subsidiary, merged with and into China Networks, resulting in China Networks becoming our wholly-owned subsidiary. We refer to the foregoing transactions herein as the Business Combination, and the merger agreement pursuant to which the Business Combination was consummated as the Merger Agreement. CNIH and its subsidiary, China Networks, are the surviving entities of the Business Combination.

Upon consummation of the Business Combination, CNIH had outstanding 12,927,888 ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, 9,864,400 warrants, and the UPO for 300,000 units, each unit containing one ordinary share and one warrant.



As of the effective time of the Business Combination, there were 8,044,400 public warrants outstanding. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one ordinary share. In order to obtain the shares, the holders of the warrants must pay an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. We may redeem the warrants at a price of \$0.01 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption if, and only if, the last sale price of our ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$11.50 per share for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading day period ending three business days before we send the notice of redemption.

The 1,820,000 insider warrants outstanding at the effective time of the Business Combination became exercisable into ordinary shares after September 27, 2009, the date that was 90 days after consummation of the Business Combination. The insider warrants have terms and provisions that are identical to the public warrants, except that they may be exercised on a cashless basis if the warrants are redeemed at our option under the same conditions applicable to the public warrant holders and, at such time, are held by the initial holders.

In connection with the consummation of the Business Combination: (i) the former class A preferred shareholders of China Networks received one ordinary share of CNIH for each class A preferred share of China Networks for an aggregate of 980,000 ordinary shares; and (ii) the representatives of the underwriters in Alyst's IPO received an aggregate of 253,488 ordinary shares in lieu of payment of certain fees. The 1,750,000 ordinary shares held by the former Alyst insiders are subject to a stock escrow agreement entered into at the time of issuance in 2006 and, unless such restrictions are modified or waived, such shares are not transferrable until the earlier of June 19, 2010, the date that is 12 months following the consummation of the Business Combination, or the consummation of a merger, business combination, liquidation or similar transaction (subsequent to the Business Combination) which results in all of our shareholders having the right to exchange their ordinary shares for cash, securities or other property.

Following the Business Combination we, through our subsidiaries and variable interest entities, provided broadcast television advertising services in the PRC and operated joint-venture partnerships with PRC television stations in regional areas of the country. We managed these regional businesses through a series of joint ventures and contractual arrangements to sell broadcast television advertising time slots and so-called "soft" advertising opportunities to local advertisers directly and through advertising agencies and brokers, and also assisted the PRC television stations in selling advertising time slots and "soft" advertising opportunities to national advertisers, specifically by offering multi-region campaigns to maximize value and cut costs these national advertisers would otherwise face when dealing with individual stations on a station-by-station basis.

In September 2010, we entered into an equity transfer agreement whereby ANT sold all of its equity ownership in Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd., a PRC company, or Kunming JV, to Kunming TV Station our 50% joint venture partner, upon approval of the Chinese authorities. This discussion was initiated due to the recent restructuring of Kunming TV station, and the PRC government's intent to integrate its television advertising assets. As a result of the agreement, the total transfer price for the equity stake exchange was RMB 150,000,000 with the first installment of RMB 75,000,000 paid by Kunming TV in January 2011. The Company gave notice in January 2011 of the redemption of its convertible debentures issued in April 13, 2010. The aggregate amount of the Debentures being redeemed represented the entire outstanding principal of the Debentures. In addition, the Company gave notice to pay all outstanding interest owed on the debentures in ordinary shares of the Company. In May 2011, the remaining funds from the first installment were utilized for the redemption of an aggregate of 4,028,690 of the Company's Preferred Shares. Upon receipt of the second installment of RMB 30,000,000 paid by Kunming TV, the Company redeemed an aggregate of 4,706,807 of its Preferred Shares on November 31, 2011, and upon receipt of the third installment of RMB 30,000,000 paid by Kunming TV in April 2012, the Company redeemed an aggregate of 1,575,000 of its Preferred Shares. The fourth installment of RMB 10,000,000 was paid by Kunming TV in March, 2012. The remaining RMB 5,000,000 due from Kunming TV is expected to be received by the Company by the end of 2012, subject to further negotiations with KM, and the funds will be partially used to redeem all remaining outstanding Preferred Shares.

In January 2011, China Yellow River Television Station, the Company's joint venture partner in Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., or Yellow River JV, was consolidated by merger into Shanxi Radio and TV Station, or Shanxi TV, a PRC state-owned entity, and Shanxi TV was the successor to all of China Yellow River Television Station's obligations under the joint venture agreements. Upon consummation of the merger, Shanxi TV immediately and unilaterally terminated the cooperation agreement that established the Yellow River JV and transferred the advertising business of the Yellow River JV to its own internal advertising department. The Company believes that Shanxi's actions constituted a direct violation of the cooperation agreement which granted to the Yellow River JV the exclusive and irrevocable right to operate China Yellow River Television Station's advertising business.

In connection with the termination of the cooperation agreement and the transfer of the advertising business, Shanxi TV has also taken, as its own, the RMB 45,000,000 of registered capital contributed by the Company to the Yellow

River JV. While the Company acknowledges the right of the PRC government to change policies and rules with respect to agreements with state-owned entities, such as Shanxi TV, however the Company believes that the RMB 45,000,000 contributed to the Yellow River JV by the Company must be returned to the Company. The Company has attempted, in good faith, to negotiate a settlement with respect to the funds, however, to date Shanxi TV has refused to return the funds to the Company or enter into any settlement agreement.

In addition to attempts at negotiations directly with Shanxi TV, the Company filed an application for arbitration with the China International Economic Trade Arbitration Commission, or CIETAC, in October 2011. Shanxi TV filed its response in January 2012, and has since challenged CIETAC's jurisdiction over the dispute, though in March 2012, subsequently withdrew the application. Since the submission of the Company's application for arbitration, two hearings have been held, and CEITAC initially indicated that it would render a decision by August 21, 2102. However, this deadline has been extended on three separate occasions. For strategic purposes, the Company submitted a withdrawal application to CERTAC on February 17, 2013 and CEITAC rendered a withdrawal decision on March 18, 2013. The Company is currently exploring other channels through which it may resolve this issue.

If the Company is successful in securing the return of part or all of the RMB 45,000,000 that we believe is owed to us from Shanxi TV, a portion of the funds will be used to redeem all or a portion of the Class A Preferred Shares that remain outstanding at such time.

#### Business Overview

We are currently a shell company in the British Virgin Islands with non-operating subsidiaries ANT, a Hong Kong company, WFOE, a PRC company, and Hetong, a PRC company and a variable interest entity. At present, in addition to pursuing a remedy to the dispute with Shanxi TV, the Company is exploring options with respect to future business operations. The Company may decide to seek a potential business combination with one or more yet to be identified privately held companies, or may determine that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to attempt to engage in another business through its subsidiaries and variable interest entities in China.

If management determines that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to enter into a business combination, we will not be restricted in our search for business combination candidates to any particular geographical area, industry or industry segment, and may enter into a combination with a private business engaged in any line of business. Management's discretion is, as a practical matter, unlimited in the selection of a combination candidate.

If we effect a business combination with any entity unaffiliated with our current management, our current officers and directors probably will resign their directorship and officer positions with us in connection with our consummation of a business combination. In such an instance, our current management will not have any control over the conduct of our business following the completion of a business combination.

It is anticipated that prospective business opportunities will come to our attention from various sources, including our management, our other stockholders, professional advisors such as attorneys and accountants, securities broker-dealers, venture capitalists, members of the financial community, and others who may present unsolicited proposals. We do not have any plans, understandings, agreements, or commitments with any individual or entity to act as a finder of or as a business consultant in regard to any business opportunities for us. There are no plans to use advertisements, notices or any general solicitation in the search for combination candidates.

#### Corporate Structure

We do not directly or indirectly have an equity interest in Hetong, however ANT, our wholly owned subsidiary, has entered into a series of contractual arrangements with Hetong and its shareholders. As a result of the following contractual arrangements, we control and are considered the primary beneficiary of Hetong. These arrangements include the following:

The shareholders of Hetong have jointly granted ANT an exclusive and irrevocable option to purchase all or part of their equity interests in Hetong at any time, and this option may only be terminated by mutual consent or at the direction of ANT.

Without ANT's consent, the shareholders of Hetong may not (i) transfer or pledge their equity interests in Hetong, (ii) receive any dividends, loan interest or other benefits from Hetong, or (iii) make any material adjustment or change to Hetong's business or operations.

The shareholders of Hetong agreed to (i) accept the policies and guidelines furnished by ANT with respect to the hiring and dismissal of employees, or the operational management and financial system of Hetong, and (ii) appoint the candidates recommended by ANT as directors of Hetong.

Each shareholder of Hetong has appointed ANT's designee as their attorneys-in-fact to exercise all its voting rights as shareholders of Hetong, until 2037.

Each shareholder of Hetong has pledged all of its respective equity interests in Hetong to WFOE, a wholly-owned subsidiary of ANT in the PRC, to secure the payment obligations of Hetong under certain contractual arrangements between Hetong and WFOE. This pledge is effective until the later of the (i) date on which the last surviving of the Exclusive Service Agreements, the Loan Agreement and the Equity Option Agreement terminates and (ii) date on which all outstanding secured obligations are paid in full or otherwise satisfied. Each of these agreements are subject to customary termination provisions; however, the WFOE may terminate the Exclusive Services Agreement at any time upon 30 days' notice to Hetong.

#### Property, Plants and Equipment

We do not currently maintain any executive office space. Our registered address is 801,29F Block C, Central International Trade Center, 6A Jian Guo Men Wai Avenue, Chao Yang District, BeiJing, PRC.

#### ITEM 4A. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

Not Applicable

#### ITEM 5. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our consolidated and unconsolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this annual report on Form 20-F. This discussion may contain forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth under "Item 3, Key Information — Risk Factors" or in other parts of this annual report on Form 20-F.

#### Operating Results

#### Overview and Plan of Operation

Following our Business Combination with Alyst on June 25, 2009 until January 2011, we, through our subsidiaries and variable interest entities, provided broadcast television advertising services in the PRC and operated joint-venture partnerships with PRC television stations in regional areas of the country. We managed these regional businesses through a series of joint ventures and contractual arrangements to sell broadcast television advertising time slots and so-called “soft” advertising opportunities to local advertisers directly and through advertising agencies and brokers, and also assisted the PRC television stations in selling advertising time slots and “soft” advertising opportunities to national advertisers, specifically by offering multi-region campaigns to maximize value and cut costs these national advertisers would otherwise face when dealing with individual stations on a station-by-station basis.

Since January 2011, we have been a shell company in the British Virgin Islands with non-operating subsidiaries ANT, a Hong Kong company, WFOE, a PRC company, and Hetong, a PRC company and a variable interest entity. At present, in addition to pursuing a remedy to the dispute with Shanxi TV as discussed elsewhere in this Report, we are exploring options with respect to future business operations. Management may decide to seek a potential business combination with one or more yet to be identified privately held companies, or may determine that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to attempt to engage in another business through its subsidiaries and variable interest entities in China.

If management determines that it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders to enter into a business combination, we will not be restricted in our search for business combination candidates to any particular geographical area, industry or industry segment, and may enter into a combination with a private business engaged in any line of business. Management's discretion is, as a practical matter, unlimited in the selection of a combination candidate.

If we effect a business combination with any entity unaffiliated with our current management, our current officers and directors probably will resign their directorship and officer positions with us in connection with our consummation of a business combination. In such an instance, our current management will not have any control over the conduct of our business following the completion of a business combination.

It is anticipated that prospective business opportunities will come to our attention from various sources, including our management, our other stockholders, professional advisors such as attorneys and accountants, securities broker-dealers, venture capitalists, members of the financial community, and others who may present unsolicited proposals. We do not have any plans, understandings, agreements, or commitments with any individual or entity to act as a finder of or as a business consultant in regard to any business opportunities for us. There are no plans to use advertisements, notices or any general solicitation in the search for combination candidates.

#### Corporate Update on Sale of Kunming JV

On March 4, 2011, we redeemed an aggregate of \$11,000,000 of our outstanding convertible debentures due April 30, 2016, which were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010. The redeemed debentures represented the entire outstanding principal of the debentures issued in the private placement. In addition, we paid all outstanding interest owing on the debentures in 8,195,000 ordinary shares of the Company. The funds used to redeem the debentures were generated from the sale of our interest in the Kunming JV as discussed elsewhere in this report.

On May 12, 2011, we redeemed an aggregate of 4,028,690 of our Class A Preferred Shares at a per share price of \$1.00. The redeemed shares were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010, and accounted for approximately 25.18% of the total 16,000,000 Class A Preferred Shares then outstanding. In connection with the redemption of the Class A Preferred Shares, the Company paid an aggregate of \$4.69 million on June 2011 to pay accrued and outstanding dividend payments owing on the Class A Preferred Shares. The funds used to redeem the Class A Preferred Shares were generated from the sale of our interest in the Kunming JV as discussed elsewhere in this report.

On November 31, 2011, we redeemed an aggregate of 4,706,807 of our Class A Preferred Shares at a per share price of \$1.00. The redeemed shares were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010, and accounted for approximately 39.32% of the 11,971,310 Class A Preferred Shares then outstanding. In connection with the redemption of the Class A Preferred Shares, the Company issued to the holders of the redeemed Class A Preferred Shares an aggregate of 14,964,100 Ordinary Shares as payment for all accrued and outstanding dividends owing on the Class A Preferred Shares.

In April 2012, we redeemed an aggregate of 1,575,000 of our Class A Preferred Shares at a per share price of \$1.00. The redeemed shares were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010, and accounted for approximately 21.68% of the 7,264,503 Class A Preferred Shares then outstanding.

#### Update on Yellow River JV

In January 2011, China Yellow River Television Station, the Company's joint venture partner in Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., or Yellow River JV, was consolidated by merger into Shanxi Radio and TV Station, or Shanxi TV, a PRC state-owned entity, and Shanxi TV was the successor to all of China Yellow River Television Station's obligations under the joint venture agreements. Upon consummation of the merger, Shanxi TV immediately and unilaterally terminated the cooperation agreement that established the Yellow River JV and transferred the advertising business of the Yellow River JV to its own internal advertising department. The Company believes that Shanxi's actions constituted a direct violation of the cooperation agreement which granted to the Yellow River JV the exclusive and irrevocable right to operate China Yellow River Television Station's advertising business.



In connection with the termination of the cooperation agreement and the transfer of the advertising business, Shanxi TV has also taken, as its own, the RMB 45,000,000 of registered capital contributed by the Company to the Yellow River JV. While the Company acknowledges the right of the PRC government to change policies and rules with respect to agreements with state-owned entities, such as Shanxi TV, however the Company believes that the RMB 45,000,000 contributed to the Yellow River JV by the Company must be returned to the Company. The Company has attempted, in good faith, to negotiate a settlement with respect to the funds, however, to date Shanxi TV has refused to return the funds to the Company or enter into any settlement agreement.

In addition to attempts at negotiations directly with Shanxi TV, the Company filed an application for arbitration with the China International Economic Trade Arbitration Commission, or CIETAC, in October 2011. Shanxi TV filed its response in January 2012, and has since challenged CIETAC's jurisdiction over the dispute, though in March 2012, subsequently withdrew the application. Since the submission of the Company's application for arbitration, two hearings have been held, and CEITAC initially indicated that it would render a decision by August 21, 2102. However, this deadline has been extended on three separate occasions. For strategic purposes, the Company submitted a withdrawal application to CERTAC on February 17, 2013 and CEITAC rendered a withdrawal decision on March 18, 2013. The Company is currently exploring other channels through which it may resolve this issue.

If the Company is successful in securing the return of part or all of the RMB 45,000,000 that we believe is owed to us from Shanxi TV, a portion of the funds will be used to redeem all or a portion of the Class A Preferred Shares that remain outstanding at such time.

#### Taxation

##### BVI

CNIH is incorporated in the BVI. Under the current law of the BVI, CNIH is not subject to income or capital gains tax. In addition, dividend payments are not subject to withholding tax in the BVI.

##### Hong Kong

We did not have any assessable profits subject to the Hong Kong profits tax from 2008 to 2012. We do not anticipate having any income subject to income taxes in Hong Kong in the foreseeable future.

##### China

Before the implementation of the EIT Law, foreign invested enterprises, or FIEs, established in the PRC, unless granted preferential tax treatments by the PRC government, were generally subject to an earned income tax, or EIT, rate of 33.0%, which included a 30.0% state income tax and a 3.0% local income tax. On March 16, 2007, the National People's Congress of China passed the EIT Law, and on November 28, 2007, the State Council of China passed the EIT Law Implementing Rules which took effect on January 1, 2008. The EIT Law and its implementing rules impose a unified EIT of 25.0% on all domestic-invested enterprises and FIEs, unless they qualify under certain limited exceptions. Despite these changes, the EIT Law gives FIEs established before March 16, 2007, or Old FIEs, a five-year grandfather period during which they can continue to enjoy their existing preferential tax treatments. During this five-year grandfather period, the Old FIEs which enjoyed tax rates lower than 25% under the original EIT law will be subject to gradually increased EIT rates over a 5-year period until their tax rate reaches 25%. In addition, the Old FIEs that are eligible for other preferential tax treatments by the PRC government under the original EIT law are allowed to continue enjoying their preference until these preferential treatment periods expire.

In addition to the changes to the current tax structure, under the EIT Law, an enterprise established outside of China with “de facto management bodies” within China is considered a resident enterprise and will normally be subject to an EIT of 25% on its global income. The implementing rules define the term “de facto management bodies” as “an establishment that exercises, in substance, overall management and control over the production, business, personnel, accounting, etc., of a Chinese enterprise.” If the PRC tax authorities subsequently determine that we should be classified as a resident enterprise, then our organization’s global income will be subject to PRC income tax of 25%. For detailed discussion of PRC tax issues related to resident enterprise status, see Item 3, “Key information — Risk Factors — Under the New Enterprise Income Tax Law, we may be classified as a ‘resident enterprise’ of China. Such classification will likely result in unfavorable tax consequences to us and our non-PRC shareholders.”

In addition, the EIT Law and its implementing rules generally provide that a 10% withholding tax applies to China-sourced income derived by non-resident enterprises for PRC enterprise income tax purposes unless the jurisdiction of incorporation of such enterprises' shareholder has a tax treaty with China that provides for a different withholding arrangement. We expect that such 10% withholding tax will apply to dividends paid to us by our PRC subsidiaries, but this treatment will depend on our status as a non-resident enterprise.

Our future effective income tax rate depends on various factors, such as tax legislation, the geographic composition of our pre-tax income and non-tax deductible expenses incurred. Our management carefully monitors these legal developments and will timely adjust our effective income tax rate when necessary.

#### Results of Operations for continuing operations

#### Comparison of Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

The following table sets forth key components of our results of operations for the periods indicated, in dollars and as a percentage of revenue.

|   | Year ended December 31,<br>2012 |                          | Year ended December 31,<br>2011 |                          |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
|   | Amount                          | Percentage<br>of Revenue | Amount                          | Percentage<br>of Revenue |
| Revenue   | -                               | -                        | -                               | -                        |
| Selling expense   | -                               | -                        | (160 )                          | -                        |
| General and administrative expenses                               | (909,729 )                      | -                        | (1,099,941 )                    | -                        |
| (Loss) from operations  | (909,729 )                      | -                        | (1,100,101 )                    | -                        |
| Other income  | 230                             | -                        | 321                             | -                        |
| Interest income   | 113,165                         | -                        | 337,961                         | -                        |
| Interest expense  | -                               | -                        | (193,900 )                      | -                        |
| Impairment loss on receivables from YR TV Station                 | (3,345,284 )                    | -                        | (680,000 )                      | -                        |
| Impairment of intangible assets                                   | -                               | -                        | (6,506,969 )                    | -                        |
| Written off debt discount and deferred finance cost on redemption | -                               | -                        | (3,237,616 )                    | -                        |
| Premium paid on redemption of debenture payable                   | -                               | -                        | (2,281,162 )                    | -                        |
| (Loss) before income tax and non-controlling interests            | (1,756,334 )                    | -                        | (13,661,466 )                   | -                        |

Impairment loss on receivables from YR TV station and intangible assets. Pending the decision by CIETAC for the Company's arbitration against YR TV Station, an impairment charges has made to write off the excess of the carrying value of receivables from YR TV Station over the recoverable amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The intangible assets were fully reserved since year 2012 due to the termination of contracts.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses include salaries and benefits for our employees, as well as costs and expenses associated with office, utilities, transportation, travel and other costs and expenses related to legal, accounting and other costs associated with regulatory filings. The general and administrative expense for 2012 was \$909,729, a decrease of \$190,212 or 17%, as compared to \$1,099,941 in 2011. The decrease is primarily as a result of the reduction of business activities resulted from the disposal of investment projects and

arbitration with venture partner.

12

---

Interest Income. Interest income in 2012 was \$113,165 compared with \$337,961 in 2011. The decrease in interest income is due to the lower average daily balance of the bank deposit in 2012.

Interest Expense. Interest expense in 2012 was nil compared with \$193,900 in 2011. The decrease of \$193,900 is due to the repayment of convertible debenture in March 2011.

#### Comparison of Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2011 and 2010

The following table sets forth key components of our results of operations for the periods indicated, in dollars and as a percentage of revenue.

|   | Year ended December 31,<br>2011 |                             | Year ended December 31,<br>2010 |                          |    |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|----|
|   | Amount                          | Percentage<br>of<br>Revenue | Amount                          | Percentage<br>of Revenue |    |
| Revenue   | -                               | -                           | 3,751,410                       | 100                      | %  |
| Cost of revenue   | -                               | -                           | (2,394,173)                     | 63.8                     | %  |
| Gross profit  | -                               | -                           | 1,357,237                       | 36.2                     | %  |
| Selling expense   | (160 )                          | -                           | (19,903 )                       | 0.5                      | %  |
| General and administrative expenses                               | (1,099,941 )                    | -                           | (2,253,785 )                    | 103.3                    | %  |
| (Loss) from operations  | (1,100,101 )                    | -                           | (916,451 )                      | 67.6                     | %  |
| Other income and (expenses)                                       | 321                             | -                           | (9,023 )                        | (0.2                     | %) |
| Interest income   | 337,961                         | -                           | 25,911                          | 0.7                      | %  |
| Interest expense  | (193,900 )                      | -                           | (1,790,304)                     | (4.5                     | %) |
| Impairment loss on receivables from YR TV Station                 | (680,000 )                      | -                           | -                               | -                        |    |
| Impairment of intangible assets                                   | (6,506,969 )                    |                             |                                 |                          |    |
| Premium paid on redemption of debenture payable                   | (2,281,162 )                    | -                           | -                               | -                        |    |
| Gain on extinguishment and cancellation of debt                   | -                               | -                           | 5,576,855                       | 148.7                    | %  |
| Written off debt discount and deferred finance cost on redemption | (3,237,616 )                    | -                           | -                               | -                        |    |
| Income (loss) before income tax and non-controlling interests     | (13,661,466)                    | -                           | 2,886,988                       | 76.9                     | %  |

Impairment loss on receivables from YR TV station and intangible assets. Pending the decision by CIETAC for the Company's arbitration against YR TV Station, an impairment charges has made to write off the excess of the carrying value of receivables from YR TV Station over the recoverable amounts for the year ended December 31, 2011. The intangible assets were fully reserved for the year 2011 due to the termination of contracts.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses include salaries and benefits for our employees, as well as costs and expenses associated with office, utilities, transportation, travel and other costs and expenses related to legal, accounting and other costs associated with regulatory filings. The general and administrative expense for 2011 was \$1,099,941, a decrease of \$1,153,844 or 52%, as compared to \$2,253,785 in 2010. The decrease is primarily as a result of the reduction of business activities resulted from the disposal of investment projects and arbitration with venture partner.

Interest Income. Interest income in 2011 was \$337,961 compared with \$25,911 in 2010. The increase in interest income is due to the higher bank deposit balance received from proceeds from disposal of Kunming entities before the Company repaid the convertible debenture in March, 2011 and the redemption of Preference shares in May and November, 2011.

Interest Expense. Interest expense in 2011 was \$193,900 compared with \$1,790,304 in 2010. The decrease of \$1,596,404 is due to the repayment of convertible debenture in March 2011.

### Critical Accounting Policies

Our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires our management to make judgments, assumptions and estimates that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Our management evaluates its estimates on an on-going basis based on historical experience and on various other assumptions it believes are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

We believe the following critical accounting policies affect our significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its financial statements.

Valuation of long-lived assets- The Company follows ASC 360, "Property, Plant and Equipment". The Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used, including intangible assets subject to amortization, when events and circumstances warrant such a review. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired when the anticipated undiscounted cash flow from such asset is separately identifiable and is less than its carrying value. In that event, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair market value of the long-lived asset. Fair market value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved. Losses on long-lived assets to be disposed of are determined in a similar manner, except that fair market values are reduced for the cost to dispose.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Accounting standards require the categorization of financial assets and liabilities, based on the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The various levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market that we have the ability to access.

Level 2 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Accounting standards require the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For certain financial instruments, including cash, accounts and other receivables, accounts payable, short-term loans, accruals and other payables, it was assumed that the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the near term maturities of such obligations. The carrying amounts of long-term loans payable approximate fair value since the interest rate associated with the debt approximates the current market interest rate.

Cash and cash equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash accounts, interest bearing savings accounts and time certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash represents cash held in Alyst’s checking account as at December 31, 2010, which is obligated to be used for repurchase of 30,000 CNIH common shares, as stipulated by the Amendment to Stock Purchase Agreement between shareholders and Alyst in July 2009.

Accounts receivable – Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at the period end. Allowances for doubtful accounts receivable balances are recorded when circumstances indicate that collection is doubtful for particular accounts receivable or as a general reserve for all accounts receivable. Management estimates such allowances based on historical evidence such as amounts that are subject to risk and customer credit worthiness. Accounts receivable are written off if reasonable collection efforts are not successful.



Management periodically reviews the outstanding account balances for collectability. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

Property and equipment – Property and equipment are stated at cost including the cost of improvements. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation and amortization are provided on the straight-line method based on the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or lease term as follows:

|                                   |         |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Leasehold improvement             | 3 years |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 5 years |
| Computer software                 | 1 year  |

Revenue recognition – The Company has advertising revenue, net of agency commissions and sales tax, and advertisement production revenue. Advertising revenue is generated from advertising time-slots sold to advertising agencies or advertisers to broadcast their advertisements on television or radio channels. Advertisement production revenue is generated from service provided to advertisers in designing and producing video advertisements. Advertisement production revenue represented less than 10% of total net sales for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Company recognizes revenue on advertisement when advertisements are broadcast or when the advertisement production service is provided, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and the sales price is fixed or determinable. Net sales represent the invoiced value of services, net of business tax and agency commissions. The Company is subject to business tax which is levied on majority of the Company's sales at the rate of 5.0-8.625% on the invoiced value of services.

The Company requires customers to prepay certain amounts, as determined by both parties, at the time the contracts are signed. Customer deposits are recognized into revenue when the related service is provided or advertisement is aired and all other revenue recognition criteria are met.

Cost of revenue – The Company's cost of revenue on advertising revenue includes amortization of purchased program inventory, costs to buy back certain advertising time-slots sold to agency companies which the Company's advertising customers need, and cost of producing advertisements.

Comprehensive income (loss) – The Company follows FASB ASC 220 "Comprehensive Income". Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity of a company during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances excluding transactions resulting from investments from owners and distributions to owners. For the Company, comprehensive income (loss) for the periods presented includes net income (loss) and foreign currency translation adjustments.

Income taxes- Alyst was subject to US federal, New York State and New York City taxes prior to the redomestication to the BVI through a merger with CNIH. China Networks was originally incorporated in the Cayman Islands and subsequently reincorporated in the BVI. China Networks is not subject to income taxes under the current laws of the Cayman Islands or BVI. PRC entities are subject to the PRC Enterprise Income tax at the applicable rates on taxable income at the commencement of operations.

Income taxes are provided on an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purpose and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax liabilities or assets are recorded to reflect the tax consequences in future differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the financial reporting amounts at each year

end. A valuation allowance is recognized if it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Foreign Currency- The functional currency of each foreign operation is the local currency. The consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in United States Dollars (“US\$”). Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are translated into US\$ at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies on the balance sheet date are translated into US\$ at the exchange rates prevailing on that date. Gains and losses on foreign currency transactions (if any) are included in the statement of operations.

The JV Tech Cos and JV Ad Cos translate their assets and liabilities into US\$ at the current exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Revenues and expenses are translated into US\$ using the average exchange rate during the period. Gains and losses that result from the translation are included in other comprehensive loss.

Earnings per Common Share – The Company follows ASC 260, Earnings per Share, resulting in the presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Diluted earnings per common share assume that outstanding common shares were increased by shares convertible from preferred stock. Since the Company's common stock equivalents are not dilutive for the year ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, the basic and diluted earnings per share for those periods are the same.

Use of estimates - The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates relate to valuation of program rights and intangible assets, preferred stock valuation, discount on promissory notes, allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, depreciation, useful lives of property, taxes, and contingencies. These estimates may be adjusted as more current information becomes available and any adjustment could be significant. Estimates and assumptions are periodically reviewed and the effects of revisions are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary.

Non-controlling interest in consolidated financial statements – In December 2007, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to non-controlling interests in consolidated financial statements, which was an amendment of ARB No. 51. This guidance is set forth in Topic 810 in the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC 810). ASC 810 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. This accounting standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2009.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Standards

There are no recently issued accounting pronouncements adopted by the Company. Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

The Company accounts for and discloses events that occur after the balance sheet but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued through December 31, 2012.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2012, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$2,117,731. We redeemed all outstanding convertible debentures in 2011.

The following table provides detailed information about our net cash flow for all financial statement periods presented in this report. To date, we have financed our operations primarily through cash flows from operations, augmented by short-term bank borrowings and equity contributions by our shareholders.

(All amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars)

|  | Year Ended December 31, |      |      |
|--|-------------------------|------|------|
|  | 2012                    | 2011 | 2010 |

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

|  |              |              |              |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities – Continuing operation | \$ (617,891) | \$ (830,201) | \$ 2,108,912 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities – Discontinued operation         | -            | -            | 23,661       |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities                        | 2,259,728    | 8,277,668    | 3,059,804    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities                        | (1,575,000)  | (20,306,608) | (1,206,563)  |
| Effects of Exchange Rate Change in Cash                                    | 45,167       | (31,630)     | 522,173      |
| Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents                       | 66,837       | (12,859,141) | 3,985,814    |
| Cash and Cash Equivalent at Beginning of the Year                          | 2,005,727    | 14,896,498   | 10,388,511   |
| Cash and Cash Equivalent at End of the Year                                | 2,117,731    | 2,005,727    | 14,896,498   |

#### Operating activities – Continuing operation

Net cash used in operating activities for continuing operation was \$(617,891) for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to \$830,201 provided by operating activities during 2011. The amount is insignificant because there were limited operations during the year.

Net cash used in operating activities for continuing operation was \$830,201 for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to \$2,108,912 provided by operating activities during 2010. The amount is insignificant because there were limited operations during the year.

#### Operating activities – Discontinued operation

Net cash provided by operating activities for discontinued operation was nil for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared to nil and \$23,661 for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

#### Investing activities

Net cash provided by investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$2,259,728, as compared to \$8,277,668 net cash provided by investing activities in 2011. The net cash provided by investing activities in 2012 and 2011 was mainly attributable to the cash proceeds from disposal of Kunming entities.

Net cash provided by investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$8,277,668, as compared to \$3,059,804 net cash provided by investing activities in 2010. The increase in net cash provided by investing activities was mainly attributable to the cash proceeds from disposal of Kunming entities.

#### Financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$1,575,000, as compared to \$20,306,608 net cash used in financing activities in 2011. The net cash used in financing activities in 2012 was mainly attributable to the redemption of preferred stock.

Net cash used in financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$20,306,608, as compared to \$1,206,563 net cash used in financing activities in 2010. The increase of net cash used in financing activities was mainly attributable to the redemption of convertible debentures and preferred stock during the year.

#### Research and Development, Patents and Licenses, Etc.

We do not engage in any significant research and development activities, nor do we own any intellectual property.

#### Trend Information

Other than as disclosed in the foregoing disclosures and elsewhere in this annual report, we are not aware of any trends, uncertainties, demands, commitments or events during the period from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012 that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on our net revenues, income, profitability, liquidity or capital resources, or that would cause our disclosed financial information to be not necessarily indicative of future operating results or financial conditions.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into, nor do we expect to enter into, any off-balance sheet arrangements. We also have not entered into any financial guarantees or other commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of third parties. In addition, we have not entered into any derivative contracts that are indexed to our equity interests and classified as shareholders' equity. Furthermore, we do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support to such entity. We do not have any variable interest in any unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit support to us or that engages in leasing, hedging or research and development services with us.

## Tabular Disclosure of Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth our contractual obligations in respect of operating leases as of December 31, 2012.

|                             | Total    | Payments Due By Period |           |           | More than<br>5 years |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|
|                             |          | Less than 1<br>year    | 1-3 years | 3-5 years |                      |
| Operating Lease Obligations | 3,182    | 3,182                  | -         | -         | -                    |
| Total                       | \$ 3,182 | 3,182                  | -         | -         | -                    |

## Safe Harbor

See the section headed "Forward-Looking Information."

## ITEM 6. DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEES

## Directors and Senior Management

The following table sets forth certain information regarding our directors and senior management as of the date of this annual report.

| NAME            | AGE | POSITION                             |
|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Li Shuangqing   | 59  | Chief Executive Officer and Chairman |
| Jian Ping Huang | 53  | Director                             |
| May Huang       | 45  | Director                             |
| Kerry Propper   | 39  | Director                             |
| George Kaufman  | 38  | Director                             |

Li Shuangqing. Mr. Li Shuangqing has been our chairman and chief executive officer and director since our merger with China Networks. Prior to the merger, Mr. Li had served as the chairman and chief executive officer and a director of China Networks since May 2008. From 2006 to 2007, Mr. Li was the chairman of Shandong Huashi Media & Technology, a leading Electronic Program Guide provider in China. Prior to that, he was from 2001 to 2006 the general manager of Huicong Advertising, a leading Chinese internet and TV advertising company and director of advertising department of Qilu TV Station from 1997 to 2001. Mr. Li had various management and TV production roles with Shandong and Qilu TV Stations from 1980 to 1997. Mr. Li completed EMBA course from Guanghua School of Management, Peking University.

Jian Ping Huang. Dr. Jian Ping Huang has been our director since our merger with China Networks. He is the Chairman Emeritus and Chief Strategic Adviser of Jpigroup Inc., a company he founded in 1988. Under Dr. Huang's advisory guidance, Jpigroup has become one of China's major private investment and development companies that has invested and advised in the areas of manufacturing, human capital development, technologies and financial services. From 1985 and prior to founding Jpigroup, Dr. Huang worked for the Government of China in the former Ministry of Foreign Economic Relations and Trade and during this time, he was very active and instrumental in helping formulate some of China's first open door strategies and reform plans, especially in the area of international investment and trade. Dr. Huang holds a Ph.D. in economics from the University of International Business and Economics in Beijing, where he now concurrently holds a Professorship in Finance. Dr. Huang is a director of China Gerui Advanced Materials Group Limited, and a member of that company's audit committee.

May Huang. Ms. May Huang has been our director since our merger with China Networks. Ms. Huang has been the Chief Operating Officer of Jpigroup Inc. since 2006. She is responsible for coordinating the business activities and objectives of Jpigroup's two major divisions: investment banking services and principal investments. Jpigroup is one of China's major private investment and development companies that has invested and advised in the areas of manufacturing, human capital development, technologies and financial services. Before 2006, Ms. Huang was Jpigroup's Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Huang holds a Bachelor's degree in economics from Sun Yatsen University at Zhongshan. Ms. Huang is the sister of Dr. Huang.



Kerry Propper. Mr. Kerry Propper has been our director since our merger with China Networks and a director of China Networks Media since May 2008. Mr. Propper has been the owner and chief executive officer of Chardan Capital Markets LLC, a New York based broker/dealer, since July 2003. He has also been a managing director of SUJG, Inc., an investment company, since April 2005. From its inception in December 2003 until November 2005, Mr. Propper served as a member of the board of directors of each of Chardan China Acquisition Corp., Chardan North China Acquisition Corporation and Chardan South China Acquisition Corporation, each an OTC Bulletin Board listed blank check company. In November 2005, Chardan China Acquisition Corp. completed its business combination with State Harvest Holdings Ltd. and changed its name to Origin Agritech Ltd., in September 2007, Chardan North completed its business combination with Gifted Time Holdings, Limited and changed its name to HLS Systems International, Ltd. and in January 2008 Chardan South completed its business combination with Head Dragon Holdings, Limited and changed its name to A-Power Energy Generation Systems, Ltd. Mr. Propper has continued to serve as a member of the board of directors of Origin Agritech and HLS Systems International Ltd. since their mergers. Mr. Propper also sits on the board of directors of China Cablecom Holdings, Ltd., a joint-venture provider of cable TV services in China. Mr. Propper was a founder, and from February 1999 to July 2003 owner and managing director of Windsor Capital Advisors, a full service brokerage firm also based in New York. Mr. Propper was also a founder of The Private Capital Group LLC, a small private investment firm specializing in hard money loans and convertible preferred debt and equity offerings for small companies, in May 2000 and was affiliated with it until December 2003. From July 1997 until February 1999, Mr. Propper worked at Aegis Capital Corp., a broker dealer and member firm of FINRA. Mr. Propper received his B.A. (with honors) in Economics and International Studies from Colby College and studied at the London School of Economics.

George B. Kaufman. Mr. George B. Kaufman has been our director since our merger with China Networks. Mr. Kaufman has served as the Vice President of Investment Banking for Chardan Capital Markets LLC, a New York based broker/dealer, since January 2006 and served as an Investment Banking Associate for Chardan from November 2004, when he joined the firm, to December 2005. As one of the seven original members of Chardan, Mr. Kaufman established the investment banking, brokerage and marketing protocols and standards. He has extensive experience with operating and development stage companies, particularly those in the China and Greater Asian region, having lead and/or managed over 30 public and private transactions. In addition, Mr. Kaufman founded Detroit Coffee Company, a national roaster, wholesaler and retail distributor of high-end specialty coffees, in January 2002 and currently serves as its chief executive officer. Mr. Kaufman received a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the University of Vermont in 1999.

No family relationship exists between any of our directors and executive officers. There are no arrangements or understandings with major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others pursuant to which any person referred to above was selected as a director or member of senior management.

#### Compensation

In 2012, we paid an aggregate of \$157,000 in salary to our directors and senior management as a group. None of our directors or senior management received any equity awards, including options, restricted stock or other equity incentives in 2011. We do not set aside or accrue any amounts for pension, retirement or other benefits for our directors and senior management. However, we reimburse our directors for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with their services in such capacity.

Our board of directors conducts reviews informally, and compensation is not being typically changed on a regimented time-frame. Our board of directors bases the salaries of our executive officers on the amounts similarly-situated companies pay their executive officers for similar performance. In general, if an executive performs exceptionally well, the performance and, if applicable, the increase in responsibilities would also merit a salary increase.

Board Practices

Terms of Directors and Executive Officers

Our board of directors is currently divided into three classes with only one class of directors being elected in each year and each class serving a three-year term. The term of the Class A directors expires at the first annual meeting of our shareholders, with the Class B term expiring at the second annual meeting, and the Class C term expiring at the third annual meeting. The current board members are classified as follows:

Class A directors to stand for reelection in 2013: Ms. May Huang;

Class B directors to stand for reelection in 2014: Mr. Kaufman and Mr. Li; and  
Class C directors to stand for reelection in 2015: Mr. Propper and Dr. J.P. Huang.

At a general meeting in each year, successors to the class of directors whose term expires in that year shall be elected for a three year term. A majority of votes cast at the relevant meeting shall be sufficient to elect directors. The directors may appoint one or more directors to fill a vacancy on the Board.

Our executive officers are appointed by our board. The executive officers shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified, but any officer elected or appointed by the directors may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by resolution of directors. Any vacancy occurring in any office may be filled by resolution of directors.

#### Independence of Directors

We have elected to follow the rules of NYSE MKT to determine whether a director is independent. Our board will also consult with counsel to ensure that our board's determinations are consistent with those rules and all relevant securities and other laws and regulations regarding the independence of directors. Consistent with these considerations, our board has affirmatively determined that Dr. J.P. Huang, Ms. Huang and Mr. Kaufman are our independent directors.

#### Board Committees

##### Audit Committee

We established an audit committee of the board of directors, which consists of Dr. J.P. Huang (Chairman) and Ms. Huang. We have determined that each of these individuals is an independent director under the NYSE MKT listing standards. Our board has also determined that Ms. Huang possesses the accounting or related financial management experience that qualifies her as financially sophisticated within the meaning of the NYSE MKT listing standards and that he is an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the rules and regulations of the SEC.

The audit committee is mainly responsible for, among other things:

- reviewing and discussing with management and the independent auditor the annual audited financial statements;
- discussing with management and the independent auditor significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of financial statements;
- discussing with management major risk assessment and risk management policies;
- monitoring the independence of the independent auditor;
- verifying the rotation of the lead (or coordinating) audit partner having primary responsibility for the audit and the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit as required by law;
- reviewing and approving all related-party transactions;
- inquiring and discussing with management compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- pre-approving all audit services and permitted non-audit services to be performed by our independent auditor, including the fees and terms of the services to be performed;
- appointing or replacing the independent auditor;
- determining the compensation and oversight of the work of the independent auditor (including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work; and

establishing procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by us regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or reports which raise material issues regarding our financial statements or accounting policies.

#### Compensation Committee

We established a compensation committee of the board of directors, which consists of Mr. Kaufman (Chairman) and Dr. J.P. Huang, each of whom is an independent director under the NYSE MKT's listing standards. Our compensation committee is responsible for reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation for executive officers, evaluating the performance of executive officers in light of those goals and objectives, and determining and approving the compensation level of executive officers based on this evaluation. In addition, our compensation committee is responsible for administering our incentive-compensation plans and equity-based plans, including our 2008 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan, and for making recommendations to the board of directors with respect to the adoption, amendment, termination or replacement of such plans.

## Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

We established a nominating and corporate governance committee of the board of directors, which currently consists solely of Dr. J.P. Huang, each of whom is an independent director under the NYSE MKT's listing standards. The nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for overseeing the selection of persons to be nominated to serve on our board of directors.

The nominating and corporate governance committee will consider a number of qualifications relating to management and leadership experience, background and integrity and professionalism in evaluating a person's candidacy for membership on the board of directors. The nominating and corporate governance committee may require certain skills or attributes, such as financial or accounting experience, to meet specific board needs that arise from time to time. The nominating and corporate governance committee does not distinguish among nominees recommended by shareholders and other persons and will consider persons identified by its members, management, shareholders, investment bankers and others. We do not have any restrictions on shareholder nominations under our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association. The only restrictions are those applicable generally under British Virgin Islands law and the federal proxy rules, if applicable. Currently, we will consider suggestions from individual shareholders, subject to evaluation of the person's merits. Shareholders may communicate nominee suggestions directly to the board, accompanied by biographical details and a statement of support for the nominees, subject to certain timing restrictions in connection with our annual meetings. The suggested nominee must also provide a statement of consent to being considered for nomination. Although there are no formal criteria for nominees, our board of directors believes that persons should be actively engaged in business endeavors, have a financial background, and be familiar with acquisition strategies and money management.

## Employees

As of December 31, 2012, we had a total of 4 employees. We offer employees competitive compensation packages and various training programs, which are intended to attract and retain qualified personnel. As required by PRC regulations, we participate in various employee benefit plans that are organized by municipal and provincial governments, including housing, pension, medical and unemployment benefit plans. We are required under PRC law to make contributions to the employee benefit plans at specified percentages of the salaries, bonuses and certain allowances of employees, up to a maximum amount specified by the local government from time to time. Members of the retirement plan are entitled to a pension equal to a fixed proportion of the salary prevailing at the member's retirement date. We typically enter into a standard employment agreement and a confidentiality agreement with our employees and we believe our relationship with our employees is good. Our employees are not represented by any collective bargaining agreements or labor unions.

## Share Ownership

### Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our ordinary shares as of May 14, 2013, by (i) each person who is known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of our ordinary shares; (ii) by each of our officers and directors; and (iii) by all of our officers and directors as a group. The address of each of the persons set forth below is in care of the Company, 9 Dong San Huan Zhong Lu, Suite 1101, Chaoyang District, Beijing, 100020, People's Republic of China.

| Name and Address of Beneficial Owner Office, if any | Title of Class | Amount and Nature of Beneficial | % of Class(2) |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
|---|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------|

Ownership(1)

Officers and Directors

| Li Shuangqing   | Chief Executive Officer and Chairman | Ordinary Shares, \$0.0001 par value | - | - |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Jian Ping Huang | Director                             | Ordinary Shares, \$0.0001 par value | - | - |

|   |          |  |            |      |   |
|---|----------|--|------------|------|---|
| May Huang   | Director | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | -          | -    |   |
| Kerry Propper (3)   | Director | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | 1,214,177  | *    |   |
| George Kaufman  | Director | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | -          | -    |   |
| All officers and<br>directors as a group (5<br>persons named above) |          | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | -          | -    |   |
| 5% Security Holders   |          |  |            |      |   |
| Platinum Partners   |          |  |            |      |   |
| Value   |          |  |            |      |   |
| 152 W 57th St 54th  |          |  |            |      |   |
| Floor   |          |  |            |      |   |
| New York, NY 10019  |          | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | 9,043,366  | 10.4 | % |
| (4)   |          |  |            |      |   |
| South Ferry #2 LP   |          |  |            |      |   |
| One State Street  |          |  |            |      |   |
| New York, NY 10004  |          | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | 12,558,625 | 14.5 | % |
| (5)   |          |  |            |      |   |
| Atlas Master Fund   |          |  |            |      |   |
| 135 E 57th Street   |          |  |            |      |   |
| New York, NY 10022  |          | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | 5,426,029  | 6.3  | % |
| (6)   |          |  |            |      |   |
| AQR Capital   |          |  |            |      |   |
| Management LLC  |          |  |            |      |   |
| 233 E 69th Street #6J   |          | Ordinary Shares,<br>\$0.0001 par value | 6,099,409  | 7.2  | % |
| New York, NY 10021  |          |  |            |      |   |

\* Less than 1%.

- (1) Beneficial Ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to securities. Except as otherwise indicated, each of the beneficial owners listed above has direct ownership of and sole voting power and investment power with respect to our ordinary shares.
- (2) As of April 29, 2013, a total of 85,211,410 of our ordinary shares are outstanding pursuant to SEC Rule 13d-3(d)(1). Ordinary shares that may be acquired by an individual or group within 60 days, pursuant to the exercise of warrants or options, are deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of such individual or group, but are not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person shown in the above table.
- (3) Includes 898,729 Ordinary Shares held by Chardan Capital Markets LLC. Mr. Propper is the CEO of Chardan Capital Markets LLC and holds voting and dispositive over such Ordinary Shares.
- (4) Includes 1,424,412 Ordinary Shares underlying Preferred Shares held by Platinum Partners Value.

(5) Includes 1,438,656 Ordinary Shares underlying Preferred Shares held by South Ferry #2 LP.

(6) Includes 854,647 Ordinary Shares underlying Preferred Shares held by Atlas Master Fund.

None of our major shareholders have different voting rights from other shareholders. We are not aware of any arrangement that may, at a subsequent date, result in a change of control of our company.

#### 2008 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan

We adopted the 2008 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan, or the Share Incentive Plan, in connection with the Business Combination. The Share Incentive Plan provides for the grant of distribution equivalent rights, incentive share options, non-qualified share options, performance share awards, performance unit awards, restricted share awards, share appreciation rights, tandem share appreciation rights and unrestricted share awards for an aggregate of not more than 2,500,000 shares of our ordinary shares, to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company or its affiliates. If any award expires, is cancelled, or terminates unexercised or is forfeited, the number of shares subject thereto, if any, is again available for grant under the Share Incentive Plan. The number of ordinary shares with respect to which share options or share appreciation rights may be granted to an employee under the Share Incentive Plan in any calendar year cannot exceed 500,000.



The following description of the Share Incentive Plan is a summary of the material terms of the Share Incentive Plan.

#### Plan Administration

The Share Incentive Plan is administered by our compensation committee, or the Committee. Among other things, the Committee has complete discretion, subject to the express limits of the Share Incentive Plan, to determine the employees, directors and consultants to be granted awards, the types of awards to be granted, the number of our ordinary shares to be subject to each award, if any, the exercise price under each option, the base price of each share appreciation right, the term of each award, the vesting schedule and/or performance goals for each award that utilizes such a schedule or provides for performance goals, whether to accelerate vesting, the value of the ordinary shares, and any required withholdings. Either our board of directors or the Committee may amend, modify or terminate any outstanding award, provided that the participant's consent to such action is required if the action would materially and adversely affect the participant. The Committee is also authorized to construe the award agreements and may prescribe rules relating to the operation of the Share Incentive Plan.

#### Share Options

The Share Incentive Plan provides for the grant of share options, which may be either "incentive share options" (ISOs), which are intended to meet the requirements for special U.S. federal income tax treatment under the Code, or "nonqualified share options" (NQSOs). Options may be granted on such terms and conditions as the Committee may determine; provided, however, that the per share exercise price under an option may not be less than the fair market value of an underlying ordinary share on the date of grant, and the term of an ISO may not exceed ten years (110% of such value and five years in the case of an ISO granted to an employee who owns (or is deemed to own) more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of our capital or a parent or subsidiary). ISOs may only be granted to employees. In addition, the aggregate fair market value of the ordinary shares underlying one or more ISOs (determined at the time of grant) which are exercisable for the first time by any one employee during any calendar year may not exceed \$100,000.

#### Share Awards

A restricted share award under the Share Incentive Plan is a grant or sale of our ordinary shares to the participant, subject to such transfer, forfeiture and/or other restrictions specified by the Committee in the award. Dividends, if any, declared by us will be paid on the shares, even during the period of restriction.

An unrestricted share award under the Share Incentive Plan is a grant or sale of our ordinary shares to the participant that is not subject to transfer, forfeiture or other restrictions, in consideration for past services rendered thereby to us or an affiliate or for other valid consideration.

#### Performance Awards

Performance unit awards under the Share Incentive Plan entitle the participant to receive a specified payment in cash upon the attainment of specified individual or company performance goals.

Performance share awards under the Share Incentive Plan entitle the participant to receive a specified number of our ordinary shares upon the attainment of specified individual or company performance goals.

#### Share Appreciation Rights

The award of a share appreciation right, or SAR, under the Share Incentive Plan entitles the participant, upon exercise, to receive an amount in cash, our ordinary shares or a combination thereof, equal to the increase in the fair market value of the underlying ordinary shares between the date of grant and the date of exercise. SARs may be granted in tandem with, or independently of, options granted under the Share Incentive Plan. A SAR granted in tandem with an option under the Share Incentive Plan is granted at the same time as the related option and is exercisable only at such times, and to the extent, that the related option is exercisable and expires upon termination or exercise of the related option. In addition, the related option may be exercised only when the value of our ordinary shares subject to the option exceeds the exercise price under the option. A SAR that is not granted in tandem with an option is exercisable at such times as the Committee may specify.

### Distribution Equivalent Rights

A distribution equivalent right award under the Share Incentive Plan entitles the participant to receive bookkeeping credits, cash payments and/or our ordinary share distributions equal in amount to the distributions that would have been made to the participant had the participant held a specified number of our ordinary shares during the period the participant held the distribution equivalent right. A distribution equivalent right may be awarded under the Share Incentive Plan as a component of another award, where, if so awarded, such distribution equivalent right will expire, terminate or be forfeited by the participant under the same conditions as under such other award.

### Other Terms

The Share Incentive Plan prohibits the issuance of an award with terms and conditions that would cause the award to be considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code. Except as provided in the Share Incentive Plan, awards granted under the Share Incentive Plan are not transferable and may be exercised only by the participant or by the participant's guardian or legal representative. Each award agreement will specify, among other things, the effect on an award of the disability, death, retirement, authorized leave of absence or other termination of employment of the participant. We may require a participant to pay us the amount of any required withholding in connection with the grant, vesting, exercise or disposition of an award. A participant is not considered a shareholder with respect to our ordinary shares underlying an award until the shares are issued to the participant.

Our board of directors may at any time terminate the Share Incentive Plan with respect to any awards that have not theretofore been granted, provided that no such termination may be effected if it would materially and adversely affect the rights of a participant with respect to any award theretofore granted without the participant's consent. Our board of directors may at any time amend or alter the Share Incentive Plan, provided that no change in any award theretofore granted may be made which would materially and adversely impair the rights of a participant with respect to such award without that participant's consent.

## ITEM 7. MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### Major Shareholders

Please refer to Item 6, "Directors, Senior Management and Employees — Share Ownership."

### Related Party Transactions

There were no transactions since the beginning of the 2012 fiscal year, nor is there any currently proposed transaction, in which we were or are to be a participant and the amount involved exceeded or exceeds the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at year-end for the last two completed years, and in which any related person had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

### Interests of Experts and Counsel

Not applicable.

## ITEM 8. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Consolidated Statements and Other Financial Information

### Financial Statements

We have appended consolidated financial statements filed as part of this annual report. See Item 18, “Financial Statements.”

## Legal Proceedings

We may be subject to legal proceedings, investigations and claims incidental to the conduct of our business from time to time. Other than as set forth below, we are currently not a party to any litigation or other legal proceedings brought against us and we are also not aware of any legal proceeding, investigation or claim, or other legal exposure that has a more than remote possibility of having a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations:

In January 2011, China Yellow River Television Station, the Company's joint venture partner in Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., or Yellow River JV, was consolidated by merger into Shanxi Radio and TV Station, or Shanxi TV, a PRC state-owned entity, and Shanxi TV was the successor to all of China Yellow River Television Station's obligations under the joint venture agreements. Upon consummation of the merger, Shanxi TV immediately and unilaterally terminated the cooperation agreement that established the Yellow River JV and transferred the advertising business of the Yellow River JV to its own internal advertising department. The Company believes that Shanxi's actions constituted a direct violation of the cooperation agreement which granted to the Yellow River JV the exclusive and irrevocable right to operate China Yellow River Television Station's advertising business.

In connection with the termination of the cooperation agreement and the transfer of the advertising business, Shanxi TV has also taken, as its own, the RMB 45,000,000 of registered capital contributed by the Company to the Yellow River JV. While the Company acknowledges the right of the PRC government to change policies and rules with respect to agreements with state-owned entities, such as Shanxi TV, however the Company believes that the RMB 45,000,000 contributed to the Yellow River JV by the Company must be returned to the Company. The Company has attempted, in good faith, to negotiate a settlement with respect to the funds, however, to date Shanxi TV has refused to return the funds to the Company or enter into any settlement agreement.

In addition to attempts at negotiations directly with Shanxi TV, the Company filed an application for arbitration with the China International Economic Trade Arbitration Commission, or CIETAC, in October 2011. Shanxi TV filed its response in January 2012, and has since challenged CIETAC's jurisdiction over the dispute, though it subsequently withdrew its application in March 2012. Since the submission of the Company's application for arbitration, two hearings have been held, and CEITAC initially indicated that it would render a decision by August 21, 2102. However, this deadline has been extended on three separate occasions. For strategic purposes, the Company submitted a withdrawal application to CERTAC on February 17, 2013 and CEITAC rendered a withdrawal decision on March 18, 2013. The Company is currently exploring other channels through which it may resolve this issue.

## Dividend Policy

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our ordinary shares. We currently intend to retain all future earnings, if any, for use in the operations and expansion of our business. As a result, we do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any future determination as to the declaration and payment of cash dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on factors our directors deem relevant, including among others, our results of operations, financial condition and cash requirements, business prospects, and the terms of our credit facilities, if any, and any other financing arrangements. Accordingly, realization of a gain on our investments will depend on the appreciation of the price of our ordinary shares. There is no guarantee that our ordinary shares will appreciate in value.

## Significant Changes

No significant change has occurred since the date of our consolidated financial statements filed as part of this annual report.

## ITEM 9. THE OFFER AND LISTING

### Offer and Listing Details

On July 24, 2009, our ordinary shares and warrants began trading on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbols “CNWHF” and “CHNWF,” respectively. The common stock and warrants of our predecessor, Alyst, were traded on the NYSE Amex until completion of the Business Combination on June 25, 2009.

Our ordinary shares and warrants traded on the NYSE Amex until July 17, 2009, when the trading of such securities was suspended pending our ability to meet the Exchange’s listing requirements following our business combination with China Networks. We were delisted from the NYSE Amex in September 2009 for failure to meet such listing requirements.

The following table provides the high and low closing bid prices for our ordinary shares and warrants and the historical prices for Alyst's common stock and warrants prior to the Business Combination, for the periods indicated below, as reported by [www.quotemedia.com](http://www.quotemedia.com). The over-the-counter market quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily reflect actual transactions.

|                                | Ordinary Shares/<br>Common Stock |         | Warrants |         |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|
|                                | High                             | Low     | High     | Low     |
| <b>Annual Market Prices</b>    |                                  |         |          |         |
| 2008                           | \$ 7.70                          | \$ 7.00 | \$ 1.07  | \$ 0.01 |
| 2009                           | 7.82                             | 0.75    | 0.25     | 0.01    |
| 2010                           | 1.15                             | 0.12    | 0.07     | 0.00    |
| 2011                           | 0.25                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |
| 2012                           | 0.07                             | 0.02    | -        | -       |
| 2013                           | 0.05                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |
| <b>Quarterly Market Prices</b> |                                  |         |          |         |
| First Quarter 2011             | 0.24                             | 0.12    | -        | -       |
| Second Quarter 2011            | 0.19                             | 0.02    | -        | -       |
| Third Quarter 2011             | 0.25                             | 0.015   | -        | -       |
| Fourth Quarter 2011            | 0.10                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |
| First Quarter 2012             | 0.07                             | 0.02    | -        | -       |
| Second Quarter 2012            | 0.04                             | 0.02    | -        | -       |
| Third Quarter 2012             | 0.05                             | 0.02    | -        | -       |
| Fourth Quarter 2012            | 0.05                             | 0.05    | -        | -       |
| <b>Monthly Market Prices</b>   |                                  |         |          |         |
| November 2012                  | 0.05                             | 0.05    | -        | -       |
| December 2012                  | 0.05                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |
| January 2013                   | 0.05                             | 0.05    | -        | -       |
| February 2013                  | 0.05                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |
| March 2013                     | 0.02                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |
| April 2013                     | 0.01                             | 0.01    | -        | -       |

#### Plan of Distribution

Not applicable.

#### Markets

See our disclosures above under "Offer and Listing Details."

#### Selling Shareholders

Not applicable.

#### Dilution

Not applicable.

Expenses of the Issue

Not applicable.

26

---



## ITEM 10. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### Share Capital

Not applicable.

### Memorandum and Articles of Association

The following represents a summary of certain key provisions of the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association. The summary does not purport to be a summary of all of the provisions of our memorandum and articles of association and of all relevant provisions of BVI law governing the management and regulation of BVI companies.

### Register

We were incorporated in the BVI on April 17, 2008 under the BVI Business Companies Act, 2004, or the Act. Our amended and restated memorandum of association authorizes the issuance of a maximum of 500,000,000 shares, of which 74,000,000 are ordinary shares, with \$.0001 par value per share, and 1,000,000 are preferred shares of \$.0001 par value per share. Our board of directors or shareholders may from time to time by the consent of the majority of our board of directors or the consent of the majority of our shareholders increase the maximum number of shares we are authorized to issue, by amendment to our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association.

### Objects and Purposes

Clause 5 of our amended and restated memorandum of association sets forth the objects and powers of our company. Section 5.1 provides that, subject to certain provisions set forth in our amended and restated memorandum of association, the objects for which we are established are unrestricted and we shall have the full power and authority to carry out any object not prohibited by the Act or any other law of the British Virgin Islands. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Section 5.2 provides that we have no power to: (i) carry on banking or trust business, unless licensed to do so under the Banks and Trust Companies Act, 1990; (ii) carry on business as an insurance or as a reinsurance company, insurance agent or insurance broker, unless licensed or authorized to do so under the Insurance Act, 1994; (iii) carry on the business of company management unless licensed to do so under the Companies Management Act, 1990; (iv) carry on the business of providing the registered office or the registered agent for companies incorporated in the British Virgin Islands unless licensed to do so under the Banks and Trust Companies Act, 1990; and (v) carry on the business as a mutual fund, mutual fund manager or mutual fund administrator unless licensed to do so under the Mutual Funds Act, 1996.

### Directors

BVI law requires that the board of directors of a company consist of one or more members and that the number of directors shall be fixed by the company's articles of association. Our amended and restated articles of association provide for no maximum number of directors, subject to any subsequent amendment to change the number of directors. The power to determine the number of directors is vested in the board of directors and the shareholders. The power to fill vacancies, whether occurring by reason of an increase in the number of directors or by resignation, is vested in the board of directors in the interim period between annual or special meetings of members called for the election of directors and/or the removal of one or more directors and the filling of any vacancy in that connection. Directors may be removed by the members for cause or without cause on a vote of a majority of the shareholders passed at a meeting called for the purpose of removing the director or by written resolution or with cause by a resolution of directors passed at a meeting or by written resolution.

Under BVI law, there is no cumulative voting by shareholders for the election of the directors. The absence of cumulative voting rights effectively means that the holders of a majority of the shares voted at a shareholders meeting may, if they so choose, elect all of our directors, thus precluding a small group of shareholders from controlling the election of one or more representatives to the board of directors.

Our amended and restated articles of association provide that a director who is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by us may: (i) vote on a matter relating to the transaction; attend a meeting of directors at which a matter relating to the transaction arises and be included among the directors present at the meeting for the purposes of a quorum; and (iii) sign a document on our behalf, or do any other thing in his capacity as a director, that relates to the transaction. Additionally, our amended and restated articles of association provide that no director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with us either as a buyer, seller or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on our behalf in which any director shall be in any way interested be voided, nor shall any director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to us for any profit realized by any such contract or arrangement, by reason of such director holding that office or by reason of the fiduciary relationship thereby established, provided such director shall, immediately after becoming aware of the fact that he is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by us, disclose such interest to our board of directors. For the purposes of the articles of association:

(a) A director is not required to make such a disclosure if: (i) the transaction or proposed transaction is between us and the director, and (ii) the transaction or proposed transaction is or is to be entered into in the ordinary course of our business and on usual terms and conditions.

(b) A disclosure to our board of directors to the effect that a director is a member, director, officer or trustee of another named company or other person and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction which may, after the date of the entry or disclosure, be entered into with that company or person, is a sufficient disclosure of interest in relation to that transaction. Such a disclosure is not made to our board of directors unless it is made or brought to the attention of every director on the board.

(c) Subject to Section 125(1) of the Act, the failure by a director to comply with this provision does not affect the validity of a transaction entered into by the director or the Company.

Pursuant to our amended and restated articles of association, a director shall not require a share qualification, but nevertheless shall be entitled to attend and speak at any meeting of the directors and meeting of the members and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of our shares. In addition, the remuneration of directors (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) in respect of services rendered or to be rendered in any capacity to us (including to any company in which we may be interested) shall be fixed by Resolution of Directors or Resolution of Members. The directors may also be paid such travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors, or any committee of the directors or meetings of the members, or in connection with our business as shall be approved by Resolution of Directors or Resolution of Members.

## Rights and Obligations of Shareholders

### Dividends

Subject to the Act, the directors may, by resolution of directors, authorize a distribution (including a dividend) by us to members (i.e., shareholders) at such time and of such an amount as they think fit if they are satisfied, on reasonable grounds, that immediately after the distribution, the value of our assets exceeds our liabilities and we are able to pay our debts as they fall due. Any distribution payable in respect of a share which has remained unclaimed for three years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the board of the directors so resolves, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by us. The directors may, before authorizing any distribution, set aside out of our profits such sum as they think proper as a reserve fund, and may invest the sum so set apart as a reserve fund upon such securities as they may select.

The holder of each ordinary share has the right to an equal share in any distribution paid by us.

We do not intend to pay any dividends to our shareholders in the foreseeable future.

#### Voting Rights

Each ordinary share confers on the shareholder the right to one vote at a meeting of the members or on any resolution of members on all matters before our shareholders.

#### Rights in the event of winding up

The holder of each ordinary share is entitled to an equal share in the distribution of the surplus assets of us on a winding up.

## Redemption

We may purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire and hold our own shares with the consent of members whose shares are to be purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired unless we are permitted by the Act or any provision of the amended and restated memorandum of association or the amended and restated articles of association to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire the shares without their consent. We may only offer to acquire shares if at the relevant time the directors determine by resolution of directors that immediately after the acquisition the value of our assets exceeds our liabilities and we are able to pay our debts as they fall due.

The directors may make an offer to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire shares issued by us if the offer is (i) an offer to all members that would, if accepted, leave the relative voting and distribution rights of the members unaffected and affords each member a reasonable opportunity to accept the offer; or (ii) an offer to one or more members which either (1) all members have consented to in writing or (2) the directors have passed a resolution of directors stating that, in their opinion (a) the purchase, redemption or other acquisition is to the benefit of the remaining members and (b) that the terms of the offer and the consideration offered for the shares are fair and reasonable to us and to the remaining members, and setting out the reasons for their opinion.

We may purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire our shares at a price lower than the fair value if permitted by, and then only in accordance with, the terms of the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association or a written agreement for the subscription for the shares to be purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired.

## Changes in the rights of shareholders

The rights attached to any class or series of shares (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class or series), whether or not we are being wound-up, must be varied with the consent in writing of all the holders of the issued shares of that class or series or with the sanction of a resolution passed by a majority of the votes cast at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of the class or series.

## Meetings

An annual meeting of members must be held each year at such date and time as may be determined by the directors. The directors shall call a meeting of the members if requested in writing to do so by members entitled to exercise at least 30% of the voting rights in respect of the matter for which the meeting is being held. No less than ten days and not more than sixty days notice of meetings are required to be given to members.

A meeting of members is properly constituted if at the commencement of the meeting there are two (2) members present in person or by proxy or (in the case of a member being a corporation) by its duly authorized representative representing not less than one third of the votes of the shares or class or series of shares entitled to vote on resolutions of members to be considered at the meeting.

A member shall be deemed to be present at the meeting if he participates by telephone or other electronic means and all members participating in the meeting are able to hear each other.

An ordinary resolution of members is a resolution approved at a duly constituted meeting of members by the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the votes cast by such members entitled to vote and voting on the resolution. A special resolution of members is a resolution passed by a majority of not less than two-thirds of votes cast by such members as, being entitled so to do, vote in person or, in the case of such members as are corporations, by their respective duly authorized representative or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy at a general meeting of which not less than ten (10) clear days' notice, specifying the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution,

has been duly given, provided that, except in the case of an annual general meeting, if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having the right to attend and vote at any such meeting, being a majority together holding not less than ninety-five (95) per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right and in the case of an annual general meeting, if it is so agreed by all members entitled to attend and vote thereat, a resolution may be proposed and passed as a special resolution at a meeting of which less than ten (10) clear days' notice has been given.

The inadvertent failure of the directors to give notice of a meeting to a member, or the fact that a member has not received notice, does not invalidate the meeting.

A member may be represented at a meeting of members by a proxy (who need not be a member) who may speak and vote on behalf of the member. A written instrument giving the proxy such authority must be produced at the place appointed for such purpose not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.

#### Limitations on Ownership of Securities

There are no limitations on the right of non-residents or foreign persons to own our securities imposed by BVI law or by our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association.

#### Change in Control of Company

A special resolution of members is required for us to issue our shares or securities convertible into our shares resulting in our change of control. Additionally, the board of directors is empowered to issue preferred shares with such rights attaching to them as they decide and such power could be used in a manner that would delay, defer or prevent a change of control of our company

#### Ownership Threshold

There are no provisions governing the ownership threshold above which shareholder ownership must be disclosed imposed by BVI law or by our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association.

#### Differences in Corporate Law

The companies law of the BVI differs from laws applicable to U.S. corporations and their shareholders. Set forth below is a summary of the significant differences between the provisions of the companies law applicable to us and the laws applicable to companies incorporated in the United States and their shareholders.

#### Protection for minority shareholders

Under the laws of most U.S. jurisdictions, majority and controlling shareholders of a company generally have certain “fiduciary” responsibilities to the minority shareholders. Corporate actions taken by majority and controlling shareholders who are unreasonable and materially detrimental to the interests of minority shareholders may be declared null and void. Minority shareholders may have less protection for their rights under BVI law than they would have under U.S. law.

#### Powers of directors

Unlike most U.S. jurisdictions, the directors of a BVI company, subject in certain cases to court approval but without shareholders’ approval, may implement the sale, transfer, exchange or disposition of any Company asset, property, part of the business, or securities, with the exception that shareholder approval is required for the disposition of over 50% in the value of our total assets.

#### Conflict of interests

Similar to the laws of most U.S. jurisdictions, when a director becomes aware of the fact that he has an interest in a transaction which we are to enter into, he must disclose it to our board. However, with sufficient disclosure of interest in relation to that transaction, the director who is interested in a transaction entered into or to be entered into by us may (i) vote on a matter relating to the transaction; (ii) attend a meeting of directors at which a matter relating to the transaction arises and be included in the quorum; and (iii) sign a document on behalf of us, or do any other thing in his capacity as a director, that relates to the transaction.

#### Written consent and cumulative voting

Similar to the laws of most U.S. jurisdictions, under BVI law, shareholders are permitted to approve matters by way of written resolution in place of a formal meeting. BVI law does not make a specific reference to cumulative voting, and our current amended and restated memorandum and articles of association have no provisions authorizing cumulative voting.

#### Independent directors

There is no requirement for a majority of our directors to be independent as a matter of BVI law.



## Redemption

Our ordinary shares are not redeemable at a shareholder's option. We may redeem our shares only with the consent of the shareholders whose shares are to be redeemed, except that the consent from the shareholders whose shares are being redeemed is not needed when (i) they are subject to compulsory redemption by us following our receipt of a written request by a shareholder or shareholders holding 90% of the votes of the outstanding ordinary shares entitled to vote that such shares be redeemed or (ii) if the directors make an offer to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire shares that we have issued and such offer is an offer to one or more members which either (1) all members have consented to in writing or (2) the directors have passed a resolution of directors stating that, in their opinion (a) the purchase, redemption or other acquisition is to the benefit of the remaining members and (b) that the terms of the offer and the consideration offered for the shares are fair and reasonable to us and to the remaining members, and setting out the reasons for their opinion.

## Takeover provisions

Some provisions of our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company or management that shareholders may consider favorable. For instance, our directors are empowered to amend the relevant provisions of the memorandum of association for the purposes of creating new classes or series of shares and the rights attached thereto and may amend the articles of association to take into account any ancillary changes required, provided that the directors do not, however, have the power to amend the memorandum and articles of Association to (a) restrict the rights or powers of the members to amend the memorandum or articles of association, (b) to change the percentage of members required to pass a resolution to amend the memorandum and articles of association, or (c) in circumstances where the memorandum or articles of association cannot be amended by the members.

## Shareholder's access to corporate records

Pursuant to the Act, a shareholder is entitled, on giving written notice to us, to inspect our (i) memorandum and articles of association; (ii) register of members; (iii) register of directors; and (iv) minutes of meetings and resolutions of members and of those classes of members of which the shareholder is a member.

The directors may, if they are satisfied that it would be contrary to our interests to allow a member to inspect any document listed above (or any part thereof), deny or limit the inspection of the document.

## Indemnification

We shall indemnify against all expenses, including legal fees, and against all judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement and reasonably incurred in connection with legal, administrative or investigative proceedings any person who (i) is or was a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed proceedings, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that the person is or was a director, an officer or a liquidator of us; or (ii) is or was, at our request, serving as a director, officer or liquidator of, or in any other capacity is or was acting for, another body corporate or a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise. To be entitled to indemnification, these persons must have acted honestly and in good faith and in what they believe to be our best interest, and in the case of criminal proceedings, they must have had no reasonable cause to believe their conduct was unlawful.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers or persons controlling us under the foregoing provisions, we have been advised that in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

### Mergers and similar arrangements

Under the laws of the BVI, two or more companies may merge or consolidate in accordance with Section 170 of the Act. A merger means the merging of two or more constituent companies into one of the constituent companies, and a consolidation means the uniting of two or more constituent companies into a new company. In order to merge or consolidate, the directors of each constituent company must approve a written plan of merger or consolidation which must be authorized by a resolution of shareholders.

While a director may vote on the plan even if he has a financial interest in the plan of merger or consolidation, in order for the resolution to be valid, the interest must have been disclosed to our board forthwith upon him becoming aware of such interest.

Shareholders not otherwise entitled to vote on the merger or consolidation may still acquire the right to vote if the plan of merger or consolidation contains any provision which, if proposed as an amendment to the memorandum or articles of association, would entitle them to vote as a class or series on the proposed amendment. In any event, all shareholders must be given a copy of the plan of merger or consolidation irrespective of whether they are entitled to vote at the meeting or consent to the written resolution to approve the plan of merger or consolidation.

The shareholders of the constituent companies are not required to receive shares of the surviving or consolidated company, but may receive debt obligations or other securities of the surviving or consolidated company, or other assets, or a combination thereof. Furthermore, some or all of the shares of a class or series may be converted into a kind of asset while the other shares of the same class or series may receive a different kind of asset. As such, not all the shares of a class or series must receive the same kind of consideration.

After the plan of merger or consolidation has been approved by the directors and authorized by a resolution of the shareholders, articles of merger or consolidation are executed by each company and filed with the Registrar of Corporate Affairs in the BVI.

#### Dissenter Rights

A shareholder may dissent from a mandatory redemption of his shares, an arrangement (if permitted by the court), a merger (unless the shareholder was a shareholder of the surviving company prior to the merger and continues to hold the same or similar shares after the merger) and a consolidation. A shareholder properly exercising his dissent rights is entitled to payment of the fair value of their shares.

A shareholder dissenting from a merger or consolidation must object in writing to the merger or consolidation before the vote by the shareholders on the merger or consolidation, unless notice of the meeting was not given to the shareholder. If the merger or consolidation is approved by the shareholders, we must within 20 days give notice of this fact to each shareholder who gave written objection, and to each shareholder who did not receive notice of the meeting. Such shareholders then have 20 days to give us their written election in the form specified by the BVI Business Companies Act to dissent from the merger or consolidation, provided that in the case of a merger, the 20 days starts when the plan of merger is delivered to the shareholder.

Upon giving notice of his election to dissent, a shareholder ceases to have any rights of a shareholder except the right to be paid the fair value of his shares. As such, the merger or consolidation may proceed in the ordinary course notwithstanding the dissent.

Within seven days of the later of the delivery of the notice of election to dissent and the effective date of the merger or consolidation, we must make a written offer to each dissenting shareholder to purchase his shares at a specified price that the company determines to be their fair value. We and the shareholders then have 30 days to agree upon the price. If we and a shareholder fail to agree on the price within the 30 days, then we and the shareholder shall each designate an appraiser and these two appraisers shall designate a third appraiser. These three appraisers shall fix the fair value of the shares as of the close of business on the day before the shareholders approved the transaction without taking into account any change in value as a result of the transaction.

#### Shareholders' Suits

Similar to the laws of most U.S. jurisdictions, BVI law permits derivative actions against its directors. However, the circumstances under which such actions may be brought, and the procedures and defenses available may result in the rights of shareholders of a BVI company being more limited than those of shareholders of a company incorporated and/or existing in the United States.

The court of the BVI may, on the application of a shareholder of a company, grant leave to that shareholder to bring proceedings in the name and on behalf of that company, or intervene in proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of continuing, defending or discontinuing the proceedings on behalf of the company. In determining whether to grant leave, the High Court of the BVI must take into account (i) whether the shareholder is acting in good faith; (ii) whether the derivative action is in the interests of the company taking account of the views of the company's directors on commercial matters; (iii) whether the proceedings are likely to succeed; (iv) the costs of the proceedings in relation to the relief likely to be obtained; and (v) whether an alternative remedy to the derivative claim is available.

Leave to bring or intervene in proceedings may be granted only if the High Court of the BVI is satisfied that (i) we do not intend to bring, diligently continue or defend, or discontinue the proceedings, as the case may be; or (ii) it is in our interests that the conduct of the proceedings should not be left to the directors or to the determination of the shareholders as a whole.

#### Changes in Capital

Subject to the provisions of the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association and the Act, our unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the directors who may, without prejudice to any rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class or series of shares, offer, allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of the shares to such persons, at such times and upon such terms and conditions as we may by resolution of directors determine.

Subject to the provisions of the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association relating to changes in the rights of shareholders and the powers of directors in relation to preferred shareholders, we may, by a special resolution of members, amend our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association to increase or decrease the number of ordinary shares authorized to be issued.

#### Material Contracts

We have not entered into any material contracts other than in the ordinary course of business and other than those described in Item 4, "Information on the Company," Item 7, "Major Shareholders and Related Party Transactions," or Item 5, "Operating and Financial Review and Prospects – Contractual Obligations," or filed (or incorporated by reference) as exhibits to this annual report or otherwise described or referenced in this annual report.

#### Exchange Controls

##### BVI Exchange Controls

There are no material exchange controls restrictions on payment of dividends, interest or other payments to the holders of our ordinary or preferred shares or on the conduct of our operations in the BVI, where we were incorporated. There are no material BVI laws that impose any material exchange controls on us or that affect the payment of dividends, interest or other payments to nonresident holders of our ordinary or preferred shares. BVI law and our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association do not impose any material limitations on the right of non-residents or foreign owners to hold or vote our ordinary or preferred shares.

##### Exchange Controls in China

Under the Foreign Currency Administration Rules promulgated in 1996 and revised in 1997, and various regulations issued by SAFE and other relevant PRC government authorities, RMB is convertible into other currencies without prior approval from SAFE only to the extent of current account items, such as trade related receipts and payments, interest and dividends and after complying with certain procedural requirements. The conversion of RMB into other currencies and remittance of the converted foreign currency outside PRC for the purpose of capital account items, such as direct equity investments, loans and repatriation of investment, requires the prior approval from SAFE or its local office. Payments for transactions that take place within China must be made in RMB. Unless otherwise approved, PRC companies must repatriate foreign currency payments received from abroad. Foreign-invested enterprises may retain foreign exchange in accounts with designated foreign exchange banks subject to a cap set by SAFE or its local office. Unless otherwise approved, domestic enterprises must convert all of their foreign currency proceeds into RMB.

On October 21, 2005, SAFE issued the Notice on Issues Relating to the Administration of Foreign Exchange in Fund-raising and Reverse Investment Activities of Domestic Residents Conducted via Offshore Special Purpose Companies, which became effective as of November 1, 2005. According to the notice, a special purpose company, or SPV, refers to an offshore company established or indirectly controlled by PRC residents for the special purpose of carrying out financing of their assets or equity interest in PRC domestic enterprises. Prior to establishing or assuming control of an SPV, each PRC resident, whether a natural or legal person, must complete the overseas investment foreign exchange registration procedures with the relevant local SAFE branch. The notice applies retroactively. As a result, PRC residents who have established or acquired control of these SPVs that previously made onshore investments in China were required to complete the relevant overseas investment foreign exchange registration procedures by March 31, 2006. These PRC residents must also amend the registration with the relevant SAFE branch in the following circumstances: (i) the PRC residents have completed the injection of equity investment or assets of a domestic company into the SPV; (ii) the overseas funding of the SPV has been completed; (iii) there is a material change in the capital of the SPV. Under the rules, failure to comply with the foreign exchange registration procedures may result in restrictions being imposed on the foreign exchange activities of the violator, including restrictions on the payment of dividends and other distributions to its offshore parent company, and may also subject the violators to penalties under the PRC foreign exchange administration regulations.

## Taxation

The following is a general summary of certain material BVI and U.S. federal income tax considerations. The discussion is not intended to be, nor should it be construed as, legal or tax advice to any particular prospective shareholder. The discussion is based on laws and relevant interpretations thereof in effect as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change or different interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect.

### BVI Taxation

The BVI does not impose a withholding tax on dividends paid by us to holders of our ordinary shares, nor does the BVI levy any capital gains or income taxes on us. Further, a holder of our ordinary shares who is not a resident of the BVI is exempt from the BVI income tax on dividends paid with respect to the ordinary shares. Holders of ordinary shares are not subject to the BVI income tax on gains realized on the sale or disposition of the ordinary shares.

Our ordinary shares are not subject to transfer taxes, stamp duties or similar charges in the BVI. However, as a business company, we are required to pay the BVI government an annual license fee based on the number of shares we are authorized to issue.

There is no income tax treaty or convention currently in effect between the United States and the BVI.

### Taxation in China

In 2007, the PRC government promulgated the EIT Law and the relevant implementation rules, which became effective on January 1, 2008. Under the EIT Law and its implementation rules, all domestic and foreign investment companies will be subject to a uniform enterprise income tax at the rate of 25% and dividends from PRC subsidiaries to their non-PRC shareholders will be subject to a withholding tax at a rate of 20%, which is further reduced to 10% by the implementation rules, if the non-PRC shareholder is considered to be a non-PRC tax resident enterprise without any establishment or place within China or if the dividends payable has no connection with the non-PRC shareholder's establishment or place within China, unless any such non-PRC shareholder's jurisdiction of incorporation has a tax treaty with China that provides for a different withholding arrangement. In addition, pursuant to the EIT Law, enterprises established under the laws of non-PRC jurisdictions, but whose "de facto management body" is located in the PRC, should be treated as resident enterprises for PRC tax purposes. However, it is currently uncertain whether we may be deemed a resident enterprise, or how to interpret whether any income or gain is derived from sources within China. See Item 3, "Key information — Risk Factors — Under the Enterprise Income Tax Law, we may be classified as a 'resident enterprise' of China. Such classification will likely result in unfavorable tax consequences to us and our non-PRC shareholders." If we, as a BVI company with substantially all of our management located in China, were treated as a resident enterprise for PRC tax purposes, we will be subject to PRC tax on our worldwide income at the 25% uniform tax rate, which would have an impact on our effective tax rate.

### U.S. Federal Income Taxation

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal tax consequences of the ownership of our ordinary shares by U.S. Holders (as described below). It does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a particular person's situation. The discussion applies to investors in shares that hold the shares as capital assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes and it does not describe all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to holders subject to special rules, such as:

- certain financial institutions;
- insurance companies;

dealers and traders in securities or foreign currencies;  
persons holding shares as part of a hedge, “straddle,” integrated transaction or similar transaction;  
persons whose functional currency for U.S. federal income tax purposes is not the U.S. dollar;  
partnerships or other entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes;  
persons liable for the alternative minimum tax;



tax-exempt organizations;  
persons holding shares that own or are deemed to own 10% or more of our voting stock;  
persons who hold the shares in connection with a trade or business outside the United States; or  
persons who acquired our shares pursuant to the exercise of any employee stock option or otherwise as compensation.

**PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS ABOUT THE APPLICATION OF THE U.S. FEDERAL TAX RULES TO THEIR PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES AS WELL AS THE STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF ORDINARY SHARES.**

This discussion is based on the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury regulations, all as of the date hereof. These laws are subject to change, and can change on a retroactive basis. "U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of shares that, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is: a citizen or resident of the United States; a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof; or an estate or trust the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation, regardless of its source. This discussion assumes that we are not, and will not become, a passive foreign investment company, or a PFIC, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, as described below.

#### Taxation of Dividends

The gross amount of any distributions paid with respect to shares, other than certain pro rata distributions of shares, generally will be treated as foreign source dividend income for U.S. federal income tax purposes. U.S. Holders will not be entitled to claim a dividends-received deduction with respect to distributions paid by us. Dividends will be included in a U.S. Holder's income on the date of such U.S. Holder's receipt of the dividend.

If you are a non-corporate U.S. Holder, subject to applicable limitations, you may be eligible to be taxed at a maximum rate of 15% in respect of dividends received in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2011. Please consult your tax advisors to determine whether you are subject to any special rules that limit your ability to be taxed at this favorable rate.

In the event that we are deemed to be a Chinese "resident enterprise" under PRC tax law, you may be subject to PRC withholding taxes on dividends paid to you with respect to the ordinary shares. In addition, subject to certain conditions and limitations, PRC withholding taxes on dividends not in excess of the rate allowed under the income tax treaty between the United States and the PRC, or the Treaty, if applicable, may be treated as foreign taxes eligible for credit against your U.S. federal income tax liability. The rules governing the foreign tax credit are complex. You are urged to consult your tax advisors regarding the availability of the foreign tax credit in light of your particular circumstances.

#### Taxation of Capital Gains

Upon sale or other disposition of the ordinary shares, a U.S. Holder will generally recognize capital gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes in an amount equal to the difference between such holder's tax basis in the shares sold or disposed of and the amount realized on the sale or other disposition. Such gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder has held the shares for more than one year and will generally be U.S. source gain or loss for foreign tax credit purposes. However, if we are deemed to be a Chinese "resident enterprise" under PRC tax law, gains on disposal may be subject to PRC tax. In that event, a U.S. Holder may be eligible for the benefits of the Treaty. Under the Treaty, if any PRC tax were to be imposed on any gain from the disposition of the shares, the

gain would be treated as PRC source income. We urge you to consult your tax advisors regarding the tax consequences if a foreign tax is imposed on gain on a disposition of our shares, including the availability of the foreign tax credit in light of your particular circumstances.

#### Passive Foreign Investment Company Rules (PFIC)

We believe that we were not a PFIC for United States federal income tax purposes for our taxable year ended December 31, 2012. However, since PFIC status depends upon the composition of a company's income and assets and the market value of its assets (including goodwill) from time to time, there can be no assurance that we will not be a PFIC for any taxable year.

In general, if we were a PFIC for any taxable year during which a U.S. Holder held shares, gain recognized by such U.S. Holder on a sale or other disposition (including certain pledges) of the shares would be allocated ratably over the U.S. Holder's holding period for the shares. The amounts allocated to the taxable year of the sale or other disposition and to any year before we became a PFIC would be taxed as ordinary income. The amount allocated to each other taxable year would be subject to tax at the highest rate in effect for individuals or corporations, as appropriate, for such taxable year, and an interest charge would be imposed on the amount allocated to such taxable year. Similar rules would apply to any distribution in respect of shares in excess of 125% of the average of the annual distributions on shares received by a U.S. Holder during the preceding three years or such holder's holding period, whichever is shorter. Certain elections may be available that would result in alternative treatments (such as a mark-to-market treatment) of the shares. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisers to determine whether such elections are available and, if so, what the consequences of the alternative treatments would be in those holders' particular circumstances.

#### Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Payment of dividends and sales proceeds that are made within the United States or through certain U.S.-related financial intermediaries generally are subject to information reporting and to backup withholding unless (i) the U.S. Holder is a corporation or other exempt recipient or (ii) in the case of backup withholding, the U.S. Holder provides a correct taxpayer identification number and certifies that backup withholding does not apply.

The amount of any backup withholding from a payment to a U.S. Holder will be allowed as a credit against the U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle the U.S. Holder to a refund, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

#### Dividends and Paying Agents

Not applicable.

#### Statement by Expert

Not applicable.

#### Documents on Display

We have filed this Annual Report on Form 20-F with the SEC under the Exchange Act. Statements made in this Annual Report as to the contents of any document referred to are not necessarily complete. With respect to each such document filed as an exhibit to this Annual Report, reference is made to the exhibit for a more complete description of the matter involved, and each such statement shall be deemed qualified in its entirety by such reference.

We are subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act as a foreign private issuer and file reports and other information with the SEC. Reports and other information filed by us with the SEC, including this Annual Report on Form 20-F, may be inspected and copied at the public reference room of the SEC at 100 F. Street, N.E., Washington D.C. 20549. You can also obtain copies of this Annual Report on Form 20-F by mail from the Public Reference Section of the SEC, 100 F. Street, N.E., Washington D.C. 20549, at prescribed rates. Additionally, copies of this material may be obtained from the SEC's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. The SEC's telephone number is 1-800-SEC-0330.

As a foreign private issuer, we are exempt from the rules under the Exchange Act prescribing the furnishing and content of quarterly reports and proxy statements, and officers, directors and principal shareholders are exempt from

the reporting and short-swing profit recovery provisions contained in Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

Subsidiary Information

Not applicable.

36

---

## ITEM 11. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

### Interest Rate Risk

We are not exposed to significant interest rate risk as we do not have any significant bank loans which bear interest at a variable prime rate.

### Foreign Exchange Risk

While our reporting currency is the U.S. Dollar, substantially all of our consolidated revenues and consolidated costs and expenses are denominated in RMB. All of our assets are denominated in RMB except for cash. As a result, we are exposed to foreign exchange risk as our revenues and results of operations may be affected by fluctuations in the exchange rate between U.S. Dollars and RMB. If the RMB depreciates against the U.S. Dollar, the value of our RMB revenues, earnings and assets as expressed in our U.S. Dollar financial statements will decline. Assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates at the balance sheet dates and revenue and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates and shareholders' equity is translated at historical exchange rates. Any resulting translation adjustments are not included in determining net income but are included in determining other comprehensive income, a component of shareholders' equity. We have not entered into any hedging transactions in an effort to reduce our exposure to foreign exchange risk.

Very limited hedging transactions are available in China to reduce our exposure to exchange rate fluctuations. To date, we have not entered into any hedging transactions in an effort to reduce our exposure to foreign currency exchange risk. While we may enter into hedging transactions in the future, the availability and effectiveness of these transactions may be limited, and we may not be able to successfully hedge our exposure at all. In addition, our foreign currency exchange losses may be magnified by PRC exchange control regulations that restrict our ability to convert RMB into foreign currencies.

### Inflation

Inflationary factors such as increases in the cost of our product and overhead costs may adversely affect our operating results. Although we do not believe that inflation has had a material impact on our financial position or results of operations to date, a high rate of inflation in the future may have an adverse effect on our ability to maintain current levels of gross margin and selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues if the selling prices of our products do not increase with these increased costs.

## ITEM 12. DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES OTHER THAN EQUITY SECURITIES

### Debt Securities

Not applicable.

### Warrants and Rights

Not applicable.

### Other Securities

Not applicable.

American Depositary Shares

The Company does not have any American Depositary Receipts.

37

---

## PART II

### ITEM 13. DEFAULTS, DIVIDEND ARREARAGES AND DELINQUENCIES

None.

### ITEM 14. MATERIAL MODIFICATIONS TO THE RIGHTS OF SECURITIES HOLDERS AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

### ITEM 15. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have identified certain material weaknesses in connection with the preparation of our consolidated financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, and have thus concluded that our internal controls over financial reporting were not effective. A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. This material weakness and control deficiency identified primarily related to absence of a Chief Financial Officer with appropriate knowledge of U.S. GAAP. The fact that we hired consultants located in U.S. to assist us in assessing our internal control over financial reporting does not mitigate the fact that we do not have a proper Chief Financial Officer who possess the requisite U.S. GAAP knowledge to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Following the identification of the material weakness and other control deficiencies, we have taken measures and plan to continue to take measures to remedy the weakness and deficiencies, including (1) hiring additional accounting personnel with understanding of U.S. GAAP and experience with SEC reporting requirements, and (2) providing external and internal training to our accounting personnel. However, the implementation of these measures may not fully address this material weakness and other control deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting, and we cannot conclude that they have been fully remedied. We are not able to estimate with reasonable certainty the costs that we will need to incur to implement these and other measures designed to improve our internal control over financial reporting. If we fail to establish an effective system of internal controls, we may be unable to accurately report our financial results or prevent fraud, and investor confidence and the market price of our equity and/or debt may be adversely impacted.

#### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. The Exchange Act defines internal control over financial reporting as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that:

Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and

Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012. In making this assessment, management used the framework set forth in the report entitled Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, or COSO. The COSO framework summarizes each of the components of a company's internal control system, including (i) the control environment, (ii) risk assessment, (iii) control activities, (iv) information and communication, and (v) monitoring. Based on our assessment we determined that, as of December 31, 2012, our internal control over financial reporting was not effective based on those criteria.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### ITEM 16A. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT

Our board of directors established an audit committee of the board of directors, which consists of Dr. Jian Ping Huang, Mr. Donald Quinby and Ms. May Huang, with Dr. J.P. Huang serving as chairman. Each of the audit committee members is "independent" as that term is defined under the NYSE MKT Listing Rules. Our audit committee oversees our accounting and financial reporting processes and the audits of the financial statements of our company. Our board of directors has determined that Ms. Huang meets the criteria for an "audit committee financial expert," as established by the SEC.

Ms. Huang will not be deemed an "expert" for any other purpose, including, without limitation, for purposes of Section 11 of the Securities Act, as a result of being designated or identified as an audit committee financial expert. The designation or identification of Ms. Huang as an audit committee financial expert does not impose on her any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than the duties, obligations and liability imposed on her as a member of our audit committee and board of directors in the absence of such designation or identification.

#### ITEM 16B. CODE OF ETHICS

We have not adopted a code ethics. However, we intend to adopt a code of ethics in the future. We envision that the code of ethics will apply to all of our employees, officers and directors.

#### ITEM 16C. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees by categories specified below in connection with certain professional services rendered by UHY Vocation HK CPA Limited, our independent registered public accounting firm, for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

|                    | Fiscal Year Ended    |                  |
|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|                    | December 31,<br>2012 | 2011             |
| Audit Fees         | \$ 20,000            | \$ 45,000        |
| Audit-Related Fees | -                    | -                |
| Tax Fees           | -                    | -                |
| All Other Fees     | -                    | -                |
| <b>TOTAL</b>       | <b>\$ 20,000</b>     | <b>\$ 45,000</b> |

“Audit Fees” consisted of the aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of our annual financial statements or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

“Audit Related Fees” consisted of the aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered for assurance and related services that were reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our regulatory filings and were not otherwise included in Audit Fees.

“Tax Fees” consisted of the aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. Included in such Tax Fees were fees for preparation of our tax returns and consultancy and advice on other tax planning matters.

“All Other Fees” consisted of the aggregate fees billed for products and services provided and not otherwise included in Audit Fees, Audit Related Fees or Tax Fees.

#### Audit Committee's Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

Our audit committee pre-approves all auditing services and permitted non-audit services to be performed for us by our independent auditor, including the fees and terms thereof (subject to the de minimis exceptions for non-audit services described in Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Exchange Act that are approved by our audit committee prior to the completion of the audit).

#### ITEM 16D. EXEMPTIONS FROM THE LISTING STANDARDS FOR AUDIT COMMITTEES

We have not asked for nor have we been granted an exemption from the applicable listing standards for our audit committee.

#### ITEM 16E. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY THE ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS

There were no purchases of equity securities by us or by any of our affiliates during the period covered by this Annual Report.

#### ITEM 16F. CHANGE IN REGISTRANT'S CERTIFYING ACCOUNTANT

None.

#### ITEM 16G. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Not applicable.

PART III

ITEM 17. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have elected to provide financial statements pursuant to Item 18.

ITEM 18. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The full text of our audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 begins on page F-1 of this annual report.

ITEM 19. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No. Description

|     |  |
|-----|--|
| 1.1 | Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company [incorporated by reference to Exhibit D to the Company's Report on Form 6-K, filed July 2, 2009 (SEC File No. 001-34395)]   |
| 2.1 | Specimen Ordinary Share Certificate [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 2.2 | Form of Warrant [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 2.3 | Form of Warrant Agreement [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Alyst's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (SEC File No. 333-138699)]   |
| 2.4 | Form of Bridge Loan Promissory Note [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.1 | Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 21, 2008, by and among China Networks Media Ltd. and the investors listed therein [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 4.2 | Registration Rights Agreement, dated July 21, 2008, by and among China Networks Media Ltd. and the investors listed therein [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.3 | Share Pledge Agreement, dated as of July 21, 2008, by Kerry Propper and MediaInv Ltd. in favor of the persons and entities listed therein [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.4 | Escrow Agreement, dated June 19, 2008, between the Alyst Acquisition Corp., Chardan Capital Markets, LLC, Grushko & Mittman and the subscribers to China Networks Media Ltd.'s Bridge Loan [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)] |
| 4.5 | Collateral Agent Agreement, dated July 21, 2008, by and between China Networks Media Ltd., Collateral Agents, LLC, the Investors listed therein, Kerry Propper and Clive Ng [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]                |
| 4.6 | Form of Lock-up Agreement between Alyst Acquisition Corp., the Company and each of Kerry Propper, MediaInv. and Li Shuangqing [incorporated by reference to Exhibit C to the Company's Report on Form 6-K, filed July 2, 2009 (SEC File No. 001-34395)]  |
| 4.7 | Form of Service Agreement between Advertising Networks Ltd. and Li Shuangqing [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.8 |  |

- Framework Agreement between Advertising Networks Ltd. and China Yellow River Television Station, dated January 26, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.9 Supplementary Agreement between China Yellow River Television Station and Advertising Networks Ltd., dated May 22, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.10 Exclusive Services Agreement between Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd and Taiyuan Advertising Networks Advertising Co., Ltd, dated July 17, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.11 Exclusive Cooperation Agreement between China Yellow River Television Station and Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., dated July 17, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]

- 4.12 Asset Transfer Agreement between China Yellow River Television Station and Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., dated July 17, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.13 Equity Joint Venture Contract between China Yellow River Television Station and Advertising Networks Ltd., dated May 23, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.14 Framework Agreement between Advertising Networks Limited and Kunming Television Station, dated February 23, 2008, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026).
- 4.15 Supplementary Agreement between Kunming Television Station and Advertising Networks Limited, dated May 23, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.16 Exclusive Services Agreement between Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd. and Kunming Kaishi Advertising Co., Ltd., dated August 6, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.17 Exclusive Cooperation Agreement between Kunming Television Station and Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd., dated August 6, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.18 Asset Transfer Agreement between Kunming Television Station and Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd., dated August 11, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.19 Equity Joint Venture Contract between Kunming Television Station and Advertising Networks Ltd., dated May 14, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.20 Trustee Arrangement Letter, by and between China Networks Media Ltd. and Li Shuangqing, dated May 1, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.21 Trustee Arrangement Letter, by and between China Networks Media Ltd. and Guan Yong, dated May 1, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.22 Exclusive Services Agreement between Beijing Guangwang Hetong Advertising & Media co., Ltd and Advertising Networks Technology Consulting Co., Ltd., dated May 1, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.44 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.23 Amended Loan Agreement by and between Advertising Networks Ltd., Li Shuangqing and Guan Yong, dated October 7, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.24 Amended Share Pledge Agreement between Advertising Networks Technology Consulting (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Li Shuangqing and Guan Yong, dated October 7, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.25 Amended Share Purchase Option Agreement between Advertising Networks Ltd., Li Shuangqing, Guan Yong and Beijing Guanwang Hetong Advertising & Media Co., Ltd., dated October 7, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.26 Form of 2008 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan [incorporated by reference to Annex H of the Company's proxy statement/prospectus included in the Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 8.1 List of the Company's subsidiaries\*
- 12.1 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-1(a)\*
- 12.2 Certifications of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-1(a)\*

- 13.1 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002\*
- 13.2 Certifications of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002\*

\*Filed herewith.

SIGNATURE

The registrant hereby certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form 20-F and that it has duly caused and authorized the undersigned to sign this annual report on its behalf.

Date: May 15, 2013

CHINA NETWORKS  
INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS  
LTD.

/s/ Li Shuangqing  
Li Shuangqing  
Chief Executive Officer



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

| CONTENTS   | Page           |
|--|----------------|
| Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm                | F-1            |
| Consolidated Balance Sheets  | F-2            |
| Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income /(Loss) | F-3            |
| Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity                           | F-4            |
| Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows                                  | F-5            |
| Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements                             | F-6 to<br>F-20 |

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED  
PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF  
CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of China Networks International Holdings, Ltd (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in stockholders’ equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of China Networks International Holdings, Ltd as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the three years ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 2, the Company has restated its consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011 to reflect corrections in accounting related to issuance of 19,009,680 ordinary share as premium for redemption of debenture payable.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As more fully described in Notes 1 and 5, the Company has limited operations and did not generate any revenue for the year 2012. This condition raises substantial doubt about China Networks International Holdings Ltd’s ability to continue as a going concern. Management’s plans in regard to this matter are also described in Note 1. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

UHY VOCATION HK CPA LIMITED  
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, the People’s Republic of China,

May 15, 2013



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

|   | December<br>31,<br>2012 | December<br>31,<br>2011<br>(As restated) |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                         |  |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>   |                         |  |
| Cash  | \$2,117,731             | \$2,005,727                              |
| Restricted cash   | 236,400                 | 236,400                                  |
| Receivable from YR TV station   | -                       | 3,331,675                                |
| Other receivables and prepaid expenses  | 159,374                 | 225,720                                  |
| Receivable from disposal of subsidiaries to Kunming TV Station  | 111,368                 | 2,371,095                                |
| <b>Total current assets</b>   | <b>2,624,873</b>        | <b>8,170,617</b>                         |
| <b>PROPERTY &amp; EQUIPMENT-NET</b>   | <b>7,351</b>            | <b>11,944</b>                            |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>   | <b>\$2,632,224</b>      | <b>\$8,182,561</b>                       |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>   |                         |  |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>  |                         |  |
| Other payable   | 615,330                 | 330,854                                  |
| Accrued liabilities   | 194,872                 | 87,430                                   |
| Due to related parties  | 59,750                  | 59,750                                   |
| Payable to TV station   | 1,382,194               | 1,346,979                                |
| <b>Total current liabilities</b>  | <b>2,252,146</b>        | <b>1,825,013</b>                         |
| <b>COMMON STOCK SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE</b>   | <b>236,400</b>          | <b>236,400</b>                           |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>  | <b>2,488,546</b>        | <b>2,061,413</b>                         |
| <b>EQUITY</b>   |                         |  |
| China Networks International Holdings, Ltd. equity:   |                         |  |
| Class A Preferred Shares \$0.0005 par value, 16,000,000 shares authorized, 5,689,506 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012; liquidation preference of \$5,689,506, 7,264,503 shares issued at December 31, 2011) | 2,846                   | 3,633                                    |
| Common stock at \$0.0001 par value; (83,109,978 shares authorized, issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012, 83,109,978 shares issued at December 31, 2011)  | 8,318                   | 8,318                                    |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 27,124,406              | 28,698,619                               |
| Accumulated deficit   | (29,037,122)            | (24,631,818)                             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income  | 962,157                 | 954,490                                  |
| <b>Total shareholders' equity</b>   | <b>(939,395 )</b>       | <b>5,033,242</b>                         |
| <b>Non-controlling interest</b>   | <b>1,083,073</b>        | <b>1,087,906</b>                         |
| <b>Total equity</b>   | <b>143,678</b>          | <b>6,121,148</b>                         |

|                              |             |             |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | \$2,632,224 | \$8,182,561 |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

F-2

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)

|   | For the year ended      |  |                         |
|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
|   | December<br>31,<br>2012 | December<br>31,<br>2011<br>(As restated) | December<br>31,<br>2010 |
| NET REVENUE   | \$-                     | \$-                                      | \$3,751,410             |
| COST OF REVENUE   | -                       | -  | 2,394,173               |
| Gross profit  | -                       | -  | 1,357,237               |
| OPERATING EXPENSES  |                         |  |                         |
| Selling expense   | -                       | 160                                      | 19,903                  |
| General and administrative expense  | 909,729                 | 1,099,941                                | 2,253,785               |
|   | 909,729                 | 1,100,101                                | 2,273,688               |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS  | (909,729 )              | (1,100,101 )                             | (916,451 )              |
| OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE)  |                         |  |                         |
| Other income/(expense)  | 230                     | 321                                      | (9,023 )                |
| Interest expense  | -                       | (193,900 )                               | (1,790,304 )            |
| Interest income   | 113,165                 | 337,961                                  | 25,911                  |
| Impairment charges on intangible assets   | -                       | (6,506,969 )                             | -                       |
| Impairment charges on receivable from YR TV Station   | (3,345,284 )            | (680,000 )                               | -                       |
| Written off of debt discount and deferred finance cost  | -                       | (3,237,616 )                             | -                       |
| Premium paid on redemption of debenture payable   | -                       | (2,281,162 )                             | -                       |
| Gain on extinguishment and cancellation of debt   | -                       | -  | 5,576,855               |
|   | (3,231,889 )            | (12,561,365 )                            | 3,803,439               |
| (LOSS)/INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX   | (4,141,618 )            | (13,661,466 )                            | 2,886,988               |
| INCOME TAX  | -                       | (106,956 )                               | 148,529                 |
| NET (LOSS)/INCOME FROM CONTINUED OPERATION  | (4,141,618 )            | (13,554,510 )                            | 2,738,459               |
| Discontinued operations, net of taxes<br>(including loss on disposal of subsidiaries of \$7,562,491 for 2010) | -                       | -  | (3,408,986 )            |
| NET LOSS  | (4,141,618 )            | (13,554,510 )                            | (670,527 )              |
| Less: Net loss/(income) attributable to the non-controlling interest  | 20,789                  | 20,065                                   | (2,400,256 )            |
| NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO CHINA NETWORKS<br>INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.                                       | \$(4,120,829 )          | (13,534,445 )                            | (3,070,783 )            |
| Dividend on preferred stock   | (284,475 )              | (627,000 )                               | (574,247 )              |

|  |                       |                     |                     |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>  |                       |                     |                     |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment  | 7,666                 | 430,128             | 527,668             |
| <b>COMPREHENSIVE LOSS</b>  | <b>\$(4,397,638 )</b> | <b>(13,731,317)</b> | <b>(3,117,362 )</b> |
| <b>Basic and diluted income/(loss) from continuing operations per common share</b>   |                       |                     |                     |
|  | <b>\$(0.05 )</b>      | <b>(0.21 )</b>      | <b>0.08</b>         |
| <b>Basic and diluted (loss)/income from discontinued operations per common share</b> |                       |                     |                     |
|  | <b>\$-</b>            | <b>-</b>            | <b>(0.10 )</b>      |
| <b>Basic and diluted loss per common share</b>                                       | <b>\$(0.05 )</b>      | <b>(0.21 )</b>      | <b>(0.09 )</b>      |
| <b>Weighted average shares outstanding</b>   | <b>83,109,978</b>     | <b>65,940,384</b>   | <b>32,826,462</b>   |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

|   | Preferred Stock |        | Common Stock |        | Additional<br>Paid-in<br>capital | Accumulated<br>Deficit | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>(Loss)/Income | Non-controlling<br>Interest | Total       |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------------|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------|
|   | Shares          | Amount | Shares       | Amount |                                  |                        |  |                             |             |
| Balance at January 1, 2010  | -               | -      | 12,927,888   | 1,293  | -                                | (7,722,640 )           | (3,306 )   | 5,466,296                   | (2,258)     |
| Change of share capital structure due to the cancellation of Bridge Loan            | 16,000,000      | 8,000  | 23,000,000   | 2,300  | 26,521,428                       | -                      | -  | -                           | 26,531      |
| Cancellation of KERRY PROPPER's common stock due to the cancellation of Bridge Loan | -               | -      | (2,000,000 ) | (200 ) | -                                | -                      | -  | -                           | (200)       |
| Issuance of common stock due to the convertible loan                                | -               | -      | 6,342,110    | 634    | -                                | -                      | -  | -                           | 634         |
| Issuance of common stock due to the convertible loan's placement fee                | -               | -      | 750,000      | 75     | -                                | -                      | -  | -                           | 75          |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment   | -               | -      | -            | -      | -                                | -                      | 1,424,965  | -                           | 1,424,965   |
| Decrease in non-controlling interest due to disposal of subsidiaries                | -               | -      | -            | -      | -                                | 897,297                | (897,297 )   | (6,806,203)                 | (6,806,203) |
| Gain on debt restructuring to related parties recognized as capital contribution    | -               | -      | -            | -      | 7,348,693                        | -                      | -  | -                           | 7,348,693   |
| Net loss  | -               | -      | -            | -      | -                                | (3,645,030 )           | -  | 2,400,256                   | (1,244,774) |
|   | 16,000,000      | 8,000  | 41,019,998   | 4,102  | 33,870,121                       | (10,470,373)           | 524,362  | 1,060,349                   | 24,996,453  |

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

|   |              |          |            |       |              |               |         |           |   |               |
|---|--------------|----------|------------|-------|--------------|---------------|---------|-----------|---|---------------|
| Balance at<br>December 31,<br>2010  |              |          |            |       |              |               |         |           |   |               |
| Early<br>redemption of<br>preferred stock                                     | (8,735,497 ) | (4,367 ) | -          | -     | (8,731,130 ) | -             | -       | -         | - | (8,735,497 )  |
| Issuance of<br>common<br>stock due to the<br>repayment of<br>convertible loan | -            | -        | 27,204,680 | 2,720 | 3,261,842    | -             | -       | -         | - | 3,264,562     |
| Foreign<br>currency<br>translation<br>adjustment                              | -            | -        | -          | -     | -            | -             | 430,128 | 47,622    |   | 477,750       |
| Cancellation of<br>shares   | -            | -        | (78,800 )  | -     | -            | -             | -       | -         | - | -             |
| Net loss  | -            | -        | -          | -     | -            | (14,161,445 ) | -       | (20,065 ) |   | (14,181,510 ) |
| Issuance of<br>common<br>stock to settle<br>dividend<br>payable               | -            | -        | 14,964,100 | 1,496 | 297,786      | -             | -       | -         | - | 299,282       |
| Balance at<br>December 31,<br>2011  | 7,264,503    | 3,633    | 83,109,978 | 8,318 | 28,698,619   | (24,631,818)  | 954,490 | 1,087,906 |   | 6,121,511     |
| Early<br>redemption of<br>preferred stock                                     | (1,575,000 ) | (787 )   | -          | -     | (1,574,213 ) | -             | -       | -         | - | (1,575,787 )  |
| Foreign<br>currency<br>translation<br>adjustment                              | -            | -        | -          | -     | -            | -             | 7,667   | 15,956    |   | 23,623        |
| Net loss  | -            | -        | -          | -     | -            | (4,405,304 )  | -       | (20,789 ) |   | (4,426,093 )  |
| Balance at<br>December 31,<br>2012  | 5,689,503    | 2,846    | 83,109,978 | 8,318 | 27,124,406   | (29,037,122)  | 962,157 | 1,083,073 |   | 143,678       |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

## CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

|  | For the year<br>ended<br>December<br>31, 2012 | For the year<br>ended<br>December<br>31, 2011<br>(As restated) | For the year<br>ended<br>December<br>31, 2010 |
|--|---|--|---|
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>  |   |  |   |
| Net (loss)/income from continuing operations   | \$ (4,141,618)                                | \$ (13,554,510)  | \$ 2,738,459                                  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)/income from operations to net cash (used in) /<br>provided by operating activities |   |  |   |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 4,655   | 4,496  | 252,097                                       |
| Amortization of debt discount and deferred financing cost  | -   | 3,237,616  | 317,507                                       |
| Impairment loss on intangible assets   | -   | 6,506,969  | -   |
| Impairment loss on receivables from YR TV Station  | 3,345,284                                     | 680,000  | -   |
| Provision for deferred income tax  | -   | -  | 208,365                                       |
| Gain on extinguishment of debt   | -   | -  | (5,576,855 )                                  |
| Premium paid on redemption of debenture payable  | -   | 2,281,162  | -   |
| Increase/(decrease) in assets and liabilities  |   |  |   |
| Accounts receivables   | -   | -  | 6,003,750                                     |
| Program inventory  | -   | -  | 78,082  |
| Other receivable -TV Stations  | -   | -  | (7,315,664 )                                  |
| Other receivable and prepaid expense   | 66,346  | 101,364  | 800,058                                       |
| Accounts payable   | -   | (5,881 )   | 232,436                                       |
| Customer deposits  | -   | -  | (262,876 )                                    |
| Accrued liabilities  | 107,442                                       | (274,811 )   | (273,793 )                                    |
| Other payable  | -   | -  | (355,201 )                                    |
| Accrued interest   | -   | 193,900  | 1,534,943                                     |
| Other payable - TV Stations  | -   | -  | 3,841,963                                     |
| Taxes payable  | -   | (506 )   | (114,359 )                                    |
| Cash (used in)/provided by operating activities- continuing operations   | (617,891 )                                    | (830,201 )   | 2,108,912                                     |
| Cash provided by operating activities- discontinued operations   | -   | -  | 23,661  |
| Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities  | (617,891 )                                    | (830,201 )   | 2,132,573                                     |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>  |   |  |   |
| Other payable to TV Station  | -   | (11,606,673)   | -   |
| Purchase of property and equipment   | -   | -  | (2,160 )                                      |
| Net proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries   | 2,259,728                                     | 19,884,341   | 3,835,503                                     |
| Cash provided by investing activities- continued operations  | 2,259,728                                     | 8,277,668  | 3,833,343                                     |
| Cash used in investing activities-discontinued operations  | -   | -  | (773,539 )                                    |
| Net cash provided by investing activities  | 2,259,728                                     | 8,277,668  | 3,059,804                                     |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>  |   |  |   |
| Due to related parties   | -   | -  | (10,983,629)                                  |
| Capital contribution from stockholder  | -   | -  | 32,695  |
| Convertible debentures payable   | -   | (11,000,000)   | -   |

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

|  |             |              |              |
|--|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| Redemption of Preferred Stock  | (1,575,000) | (8,735,497 ) | -            |
| Dividends paid   | -           | (571,111 )   | -            |
| Proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures   | -           | -            | 9,744,371    |
| Cash used in financing activities - continued operations   | (1,575,000) | (20,306,608) | (1,206,563 ) |
| Cash provided by financing activities - discontinued operations                                  | -           | -            | -            |
| Net cash used in financing activities  | (1,575,000) | (20,306,608) | (1,206,563 ) |
| EXCHANGE RATE EFFECT ON CASH   | 45,167      | (31,630 )    | 522,173      |
| NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH  | 66,837      | (12,859,141) | 3,985,814    |
| CASH - BEGINNING OF PERIOD   | 2,005,727   | 14,896,498   | 10,388,511   |
| CASH - END OF PERIOD   | 2,117,731   | 2,005,727    | 14,896,498   |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION   |             |              |              |
| Cash paid during the period for:   |             |              |              |
| Interest   | \$-         | \$-          | \$-          |
| Income taxes   | \$14        | \$796        | \$297,057    |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities:   |             |              |              |
| Consideration for extinguishment of convertible notes liability paid in the form of common share |             |              |              |
|  | \$-         | \$983,400    | \$8,050,000  |
| Issuance of common shares in satisfaction of dividend payables paid in the form of common share  |             |              |              |
|  | -           | 299,282      | -            |
| Issuance of common shares in satisfaction of due to related parties                              |             |              |              |
|  | -           | -            | 16,000,000   |
| Issuance of common shares in satisfaction of accrued interest payable                            |             |              |              |
|  | -           | -            | 7,000,140    |
|  | -           | -            | 4,484,159    |

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

China Networks International Holdings, Ltd. (“CNIH” or the “Company”) was incorporated in Delaware on August 16, 2006 as Alyst Acquisition Corp. (“Alyst”) in order to serve as a vehicle for the acquisition of an operating business in any industry, with a focus on the telecommunications industry, through a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition or other similar business combination. Alyst’s initial shareholders purchased 1,750,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (“Common Stock”), in a private placement. On July 5, 2007, Alyst consummated its initial public offering (“IPO”) of 8,044,400 of its units (“Units”). Each Unit consisted of one share of Common Stock and one warrant to purchase one share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$5.00 per share. Simultaneously with the consummation of the IPO, Alyst consummated a private placement of 1,820,000 warrants, each warrant entitled upon exercise to one share of Common Stock at an exercise prices of \$5.00 per share.

On June 24, 2009, Alyst announced that Alyst's stockholders approved its proposed redomestication to the British Virgin Islands (“BVI”) and its proposed business combination with China Networks Media, Ltd., a British Virgin Islands company (“China Networks”). Alyst redomesticated to the British Virgin Islands through a merger with its wholly-owned subsidiary, CNIH, effective June 24, 2009, with CNIH as the surviving entity. With effect from June 26, 2009, the business combination among Alyst, CNIH, China Networks and its shareholders, was approved by regulators in the BVI and, thereafter, was consummated on June 29, 2009.

Upon consummation of the Business Combination, CNIH had outstanding 12,927,888 ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, 9,864,400 warrants, and an IPO Underwriters’ Purchase Option for 300,000 units, each unit containing one ordinary share and one warrant. As the result of consummation of the business combination, China Networks’ common and preferred shares were converted automatically into 9,422,760 CNIH common shares; therefore China Networks shareholders own approximately 73% of voting equity interests of CNIH. The business combination is considered a reverse acquisition with China Networks as the accounting acquirer. As such, the historical financial information presented herein prior to June 29, 2009 relates to the financial position and results of operations of China Networks. Through the business combination, China Networks acquired from Alyst net assets with a fair value of \$1,566,492, in which \$1,449,122 are in cash.

China Networks was formed to provide broadcast television advertising services in the People’s Republic of China (PRC) operating via joint venture partnerships with PRC state-owned television broadcasters (PRC TV Stations). The Company commenced operations on October 1, 2008. Activity through September 30, 2008 related to the Company’s formation, private placement offering, establishment of joint ventures and contractual relationships in the PRC, and business combination with Alyst. The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of CNIH, China Networks and its wholly owned subsidiary Advertising Networks Ltd. (“ANT”). ANT’s accounts include the accounts of its joint-ventures with the PRC TV Stations, Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd (“Kunming JV”) and Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd (“Taiyuan JV”), as a result of ANT’s effective control of these entities through the composition of the board of directors. As a result of contractual arrangements with Beijing Guangwang Hetong Advertising and Media Co., Ltd. (“Hetong”) and its shareholders, the Company (through ANT) controls and is considered the primary beneficiary of Hetong, and, accordingly, consolidates the accounts of Hetong in its financial statements.

Hetong is a variable interest entity (VIE) as defined by Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 46(R): Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB 51 (“FIN 46R”).

Kunming JV, Taiyuan JV and Hetong have been consolidated in these financial statements as of the date of their formation as described below. The operations of Kunming JV and Hetong and activity under the arrangements described below commenced on October 1, 2008. The operations of Taiyuan JV commenced on January 1, 2009.

All significant intercompany accounts, transactions and cash flows are eliminated on consolidation.

F-6

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION (CONT'D)

Establishment of Joint Ventures between ANT and the PRC TV Stations

Establishment of Joint Ventures. In 2008, China Networks established certain equity joint ventures with the state owned PRC TV Stations through its Hong Kong wholly-owned subsidiary, ANT. ANT established the equity joint venture Taiyuan JV with China Yellow River TV Station (“YR TV Station”) in Shanxi Province in June 2008; and established an equity joint venture Kunming JV with Kunming TV Station in Yunnan Province in July 2008 (Taiyuan JV and Kunming JV are collectively referred to as the “JV Tech Cos”, and YR TV Station and Kunming TV Station are collectively referred to as the “PRC TV Stations”). ANT holds 50% equity interest in the Kunming JV and Taiyuan JV, respectively, and Kunming TV Station and YR TV Station own the remaining 50% of the respective JV Tech Cos. Under the terms of the Kunming JV agreement, Kunming TV Station will contribute certain assets and contractual rights (see Exclusive cooperation agreement below) with a fair value of RMB150 million (approximately \$21,900,000) and ANT will contribute an equal amount in cash. Kunming TV Station and ANT have contributed 100% and 50%, respectively, of their obligations under this agreement at both December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2008. ANT is required to contribute the outstanding amount in twelve months after the establishment of Kunming JV. ANT has entered into a supplemental agreement with Kunming TV Station to extend the payment schedule of the outstanding cash contribution until April 30, 2010. ANT has contributed 100% of its obligation under this supplemental agreement before April 30, 2010. Under the terms of the Taiyuan JV agreement, YR TV Station will contribute certain assets and contractual rights (see Exclusive cooperation agreement below) with a fair value of RMB45 million (approximately \$6,600,000) and ANT will contribute an equal amount in cash. YR TV Station and ANT have contributed 100% before December 31, 2009. The Company subsequently disposed its interest in Kunming JV to Kunming TV station on December 14, 2010 (see paragraph “Disposal of Kunming JV and Kunming Ad Co.” below).

Exclusive Cooperation Agreement. Pursuant to the Exclusive Cooperation Agreement between the JV Tech Cos and the PRC TV Stations, the PRC TV Stations have exclusively and irrevocably granted to the JV Tech Cos the right to carry out advertising operations on its channels, and to provide to the JV Tech Cos all necessary and relevant support, as well as most-favored terms for the conduct of the advertising business. The PRC TV Stations share their resources with the JV Tech Cos, including, but not limited to, all client information (e.g. databases). Under the terms of this agreement, the PRC TV Stations will not engage any other party in any similar agreements. As such, the JV Tech Co’s has the exclusive right to carry out advertising business on PRC TV Stations’ channels.

Kunming JV and Kunming TV Station entered into such Exclusive Cooperation Agreement on August 6, 2008, while Taiyuan JV and YR TV Station entered such Exclusive Cooperation agreement on July 17, 2008.

Establishment of Trustee Company. In August 2008, Hetong, the trustee company, established two domestic advertising companies with Kunming TV Station and YR TV Station, under the respective name of Kunming Kaishi Advertising Co., Ltd. (“Kunming Ad Co.”) and Taiyuan Guangwang Hetong Advertising Co., Ltd. (“Taiyuan Ad Co.”) (Kunming Ad Co. and Taiyuan Ad Co. are collectively referred to as the “JV Ad Cos”). Hetong is 100% owned by two PRC nationals, who are the trustees.

In order to comply with current PRC laws limiting foreign ownership in the television advertising industry, China Networks’ operations are conducted through direct ownership of ANT and through contractual arrangements with Hetong. China Networks does not have an equity interest in Hetong, but instead derives indirect economic benefits from Hetong through a series of contractual arrangements. Through these arrangements, ANT controls Hetong, which

in turn owns 50% of Kunming Ad Cos, and 50% of Taiyuan Ad Co. established with PRC TV Stations. The JV Tech Cos collect the television advertising revenue earned by the JV Ad Cos pursuant to an Exclusive Services Agreement, using assets transferred from PRC TV Stations to the JV Tech Cos pursuant to an Asset Transfer Agreement.

F-7

---



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION (CONT'D)

Establishment of Joint Ventures between ANT and the PRC TV Stations (Cont'd)

**Asset Transfer Agreements.** Kunming TV Station and Kunming JV entered into an Asset Transfer Agreement on August 11, 2008, under which Kunming TV Station will transfer certain of its assets and contractual rights to Kunming JV, valued at RMB150 million, and Kunming JV will pay the same to Kunming TV Station. YR TV Station and Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd. (“Taiyuan JV”) also entered into such Asset Transfer Agreement on July 17, 2008, under which YR TV Station will transfer certain of its asset and contractual rights, valued at RMB45 million, to Taiyuan JV, and the same consideration will be paid by Taiyuan JV. All governmental, statutory and other approvals required for the transfer of these assets were obtained as of the date of the first transfer in August 2008. Taiyuan JV paid YR TV Station RMB45 million (approximately \$6.6 million) under this agreement before December 31, 2009. Kunming JV paid RMB85 million (approximately \$12.4 million) to Kunming TV Station before December 31, 2009 and the remaining RMB 65 million (approximately \$9.7 million) within 2010 under the Kunming Asset Transfer Agreement.

**Exclusive Services Agreement.** Pursuant to the Exclusive Services Agreement between the JV Tech Cos and the JV Ad Cos, the JV Tech Cos will be the sole and exclusive provider of services to JV Ad Cos relating to technical support for the production of advertising and advertising consulting. In addition, the JV Ad Cos will be the sole and exclusive advertising agent to the JV Tech Cos and will grant to the JV Ad Cos agency rights for all advertising under the exclusive right to carry out advertising operations, granted by the corresponding PRC TV Stations to the JV Tech Cos in accordance with the Exclusive Cooperation Agreement. Under the terms of the Exclusive Services Agreement, the JV Ad Cos will pay the service fee to the JV Tech Cos as accrued, in accordance with the JV Tech Cos’ regular invoices. As such, all of the JV Ad Cos’ pre-tax revenue (less the relevant business tax) generated during the term of this agreement and relating to the marketing of advertising and other operations will be transferred to the JV Tech Cos as the service fee.

Kunming JV and Kunming Ad Co. entered into an Exclusive Services Agreement on August 6, 2008, while Taiyuan JV and Taiyuan Ad Co. entered into an Exclusive Services Agreement on July 17, 2008.

ASC 810 “Consolidation” addresses financial reporting for entities over which control is achieved through a means other than voting rights. In accordance with the requirements of FIN 46R, China Networks has evaluated its relationships with the JV Ad Cos. The JV Ad Cos are considered variable interest entities (“VIEs”) as defined by FIN 46R. Through contractual arrangements with JV Ad Cos through Hetong, China Networks is considered the primary beneficiary of the JV Ad Cos as China Networks absorbs a majority of the risk and rewards of those entities. As such, China Networks consolidates the financial statements of the JV Ad Cos pursuant to FIN 46R as of the date their formation as described above.

**Disposal of Kunming JV and Kunming Ad Co.** Due to the Company's strategic plan on the restructuring and integration of Kunming assets, on September 1, 2010, CNIH entered into two agreements with its joint venture partner, Kunming TV Station, on the sale of the Company's assets in Kunming JV and Kunming Ad Co., which are located in Yunnan Province in the PRC, with a total consideration of \$22.6 million (RMB150 million) and \$0.1 million (RMB 0.7 million), respectively. On December 14, 2010, Kunming JV and Kunming Ad Co. were sold back to the Kunming TV Station. The disposition was completed on December 15, 2010. \$19.9 million of the proceeds was received for the year end December 31, 2011, \$1.6 million was received subsequent to December 2011. Management expects the remaining of \$0.8million will be settlement by the end of December 2012. The proceeds of the sale of the

Company's Kunming assets have been used to deliver an early repayment to holders of the Company's \$11 million senior secured convertible debentures.

**Termination of Business Contract with YR TV Station.** Due to the TV broadcasting internal restructuring of Shanxi Province in the PRC, YR TV station had merged with Shanxi Broadcasting Group since January 2011, YR TV Station has since then unilaterally terminated the Taiyuan JV agreement with ANT (see paragraph “Establishment of Joint Ventures” and “Exclusive Services Agreement” above). The Company had filed an arbitration to China International Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission (“CIETAC”) to claim YR TV Station the amount of approximately RMB54 million (approximately \$8,571,000) on October 9, 2011. The claim was amended in April 2012 to raise the damage sought to RMB81,417,196 (approximately \$12,900,000).

After the conclusion of several hearings, CIETAC repeatedly postponed the date on which to issue an arbitral award. For strategic reasons, ANT submitted an arbitration withdrawal application to CIETAC on February 17, 2013 and received a Withdrawal Decision on March 18, 2013. The Company is working on other channels to recover the above amount and up to the date of report is still in progress. There's no initial agreement been signed with YR TV Station.

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION (CONT'D)

In connection with the termination of the cooperation agreement and the transfer of the advertising business, Shanxi TV has also taken, as its own, the RMB 45,000,000 of registered capital contributed by the Company to the Yellow River JV. While the Company acknowledges the right of the PRC government to change policies and rules with respect to agreements with state-owned entities, such as Shanxi TV, however the Company believes that the return of the RMB 45,000,000 contributed to the Yellow River JV by the Company must be returned to the Company. The Company has attempted, in good faith, to negotiate a settlement with respect to the funds, however, to date Shanxi TV has refused to return the funds to the Company or enter into any settlement agreement.

Accordingly, all the assets and liabilities as affected by the arbitration were grouped together under heading “Receivables from YR TV Station” and “Payables to YR TV Station” on the Balance Sheet. Further details please read note 5.

Going Concern. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. However, the Company did not generate any revenue during the year 2012 and had net cash used in operating activities, which have had a significant adverse impact on its business and continue to negatively impact its projected future liquidity. The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on many factors, including, among other things, the outcome of the YR TV Station litigation as described above, and sourcing new stream of revenue and operations. The Company expects that it will need to raise substantial additional capital to accomplish its business plan over the next several years. In addition, the Company may wish to selectively pursue possible acquisitions of businesses complementary to those of the Company in the future in order to expand its presence in the marketplace and achieve operating efficiencies. The Company expects to seek to obtain additional funding through a bank credit facility or private equity. There can be no assurance as to the availability or terms upon which such financing and capital might be available.

## NOTE 2 – RESTATEMENT

The Company’s financial statements as of December 31, 2011, contained the following error: omission of the premium of 19,009,680 ordinary shares issued for repayment on redemption of debenture payable. The original statements of changes in equity stated the issuance of ordinary share for repayment of debenture payable was 8,195,000 shares, it has been restated to 27,204,680 share issued due to the error of omission.

The following financial statement line items were affected by the restatement:

Balance sheet as of December 31, 2011

|                            | As<br>previously<br>reported | As restated  | Effect of<br>change |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Additional paid in capital | \$26,419,357                 | \$28,698,619 | \$2,279,262         |
| Accumulated losses         | (22,350,656)                 | (24,631,818) | (2,281,162)         |
| Loss per shares            | 0.23                         | 0.21         | (0.02)              |

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

Statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2011

|   | As<br>previously<br>reported | As restated   | Effect of<br>change |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Administrative expenses and other expenses      | \$ 11,380,304                | \$ 11,380,304 | \$-                 |
| Premium paid on redemption of debenture payable | -                            | 2,281,162     | 2,281,162           |
| Net loss before tax                             | 11,380,304                   | 13,661,466    | 2,281,162           |

F-9

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation - The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (“US GAAP”).

Principles of consolidation - The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Valuation of long-lived assets- The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 360, “Property, Plant and Equipment”. The Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used, including intangible assets subject to amortization, when events and circumstances warrant such a review. The carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired when the anticipated undiscounted cash flow from such asset is separately identifiable and is less than its carrying value. In that event, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair market value of the long-lived asset. Fair market value is determined primarily using the anticipated cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risk involved. Losses on long-lived assets to be disposed of are determined in a similar manner, except that fair market values are reduced for the cost to dispose.

Please read Note 5 – “Receivables and Other Assets from YR TV Station under Arbitration” for a discussion of impairment charges the Company recognized in 2011 related to our investment in YR JV and YR Ad Co.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Accounting standards require the categorization of financial assets and liabilities, based on the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The various levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market that we have the ability to access.

Level 2 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 — Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Accounting standards require the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For certain financial instruments, including cash, accounts and other receivables, accounts payable, short-term loans, accruals and other payables, it was assumed that the carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the near term maturities of such obligations. The carrying amounts of long-term loans payable approximate fair value since the interest rate associated with the debt approximates the current market interest rate.

Cash and cash equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash accounts, interest bearing savings accounts and time certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash represents cash held in Alyst’s checking account, which is obligated to be used for repurchase of 30,000 CNIH common shares, as stipulated by the Amendment to Stock Purchase Agreement between shareholders and Alyst in July 2009.

Accounts receivable – Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at the period end. Allowances for doubtful accounts receivable balances are recorded when circumstances indicate that collection is doubtful for particular accounts receivable or as a general reserve for all accounts receivable. Management estimates such allowances based on historical evidence such as amounts that are subject to risk and customer credit worthiness. Accounts receivable are written off if reasonable collection efforts are not successful.

Management periodically reviews the outstanding account balances for collectability. Account balances are charged off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote.

F-10

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES  
(CONT'D)

Property and equipment – Property and equipment are stated at cost including the cost of improvements. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation and amortization are provided on the straight-line method based on the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or lease term as follows:

|                                   |         |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Leasehold improvement             | 3 years |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | 5 years |
| Computer software                 | 1 year  |

Revenue recognition – The Company has advertising revenue, net of agency commissions and sales tax, and advertisement production revenue. Advertising revenue is generated from advertising time-slots sold to advertising agencies or advertisers to broadcast their advertisements on television or radio channels. Advertisement production revenue is generated from service provided to advertisers in designing and producing video advertisements. The Company recognizes revenue on advertisement when advertisements are broadcast or when the advertisement production service is provided, collection of the relevant receivable is probable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists and the sales price is fixed or determinable. Net sales represent the invoiced value of services, net of business tax and agency commissions. The Company is subject to business tax which is levied on majority of the Company's sales at the rate of 5.0-8.625% on the invoiced value of services.

The Company requires customers to prepay certain amounts, as determined by both parties, at the time the contracts are signed. Customer deposits are recognized into revenue when the related service is provided or advertisement is aired and all other revenue recognition criteria are met.

Cost of revenue – The Company's cost of revenue on advertising revenue includes amortization of purchased program inventory, costs to buy back certain advertising time-slots sold to agency companies which the Company's advertising customers need, and cost of producing advertisements.

Comprehensive income (loss) – The Company follows the Statement of Financial Accounting Standard ("SFAS") No. 130, Reporting Comprehensive Income. Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity of a company during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances excluding transactions resulting from investments from owners and distributions to owners. For the Company, comprehensive income (loss) for the periods presented includes net income (loss) and foreign currency translation adjustments.

Income taxes- Alyst was subject to US federal, New York State and New York City taxes prior to the redomestication to the BVI through a merger with CNIH. China Networks was originally incorporated in the Cayman Islands and subsequently reincorporated in the BVI. China Networks is not subject to income taxes under the current laws of the Cayman Islands or BVI. PRC entities are subject to the PRC Enterprise Income tax at the applicable rates on taxable income at the commencement of operations.

Income taxes are provided on an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purpose and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted

at the balance sheet date. Deferred income tax liabilities or assets are recorded to reflect the tax consequences in future differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the financial reporting amounts at each year end. A valuation allowance is recognized if it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Foreign Currency- The functional currency of each foreign operation is the local currency. The consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in United States Dollars (“US\$”). Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are translated into US\$ at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies on the balance sheet date are translated into US\$ at the exchange rates prevailing on that date. Gains and losses on foreign currency transactions (if any) are included in the statement of operations.

The JV Tech Cos and JV Ad Cos translate their assets and liabilities into US\$ at the current exchange rate at the end of the reporting period. Revenues and expenses are translated into US\$ using the average exchange rate during the period. Gains and losses that result from the translation are included in other comprehensive loss.

Earnings per Common Share – The Company follows ASC 260, Earnings per Share, resulting in the presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share. Diluted earnings per common share assume that outstanding common shares were increased by shares convertible from preferred stock. Since the Company’s common stock equivalents are not dilutive for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the basic and diluted earnings per share for those periods are the same.



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES  
(CONT'D)

Use of estimates - The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates relate to valuation of program rights and intangible assets, preferred stock valuation, discount on promissory notes, allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable, depreciation, useful lives of property, taxes, and contingencies. These estimates may be adjusted as more current information becomes available and any adjustment could be significant. Estimates and assumptions are periodically reviewed and the effects of revisions are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary.

Non-controlling interest in consolidated financial statements – ASC 810 establishes accounting and reporting standards for the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2009. Please read note 4 – Noncontrolling Interests for further discussion.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

There is no recently issued accounting pronouncements adopted by the Company. Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

The Group accounts for and discloses events that occur after the balance sheet but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued through December 31, 2012.

NOTE 4 – NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

The Company accounts for noncontrolling interests in accordance with FASB ASC 810, Consolidation, which requires: (i) ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent to be clearly identified, labeled, and presented in the consolidated statements of financial position within equity, but separate from the parent's equity; (ii) the amount of consolidated net income (loss) attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest to be clearly identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statements of operations; (iii) changes in a parent's ownership interests that do not result in deconsolidation to be accounted for as equity transactions; and (iv) that a parent recognize a gain or loss in net income upon deconsolidation of a subsidiary, with any retained noncontrolling equity investment in the former subsidiary initially measured at fair value.

The noncontrolling interest for the Company as at December 31, 2012 represented YR TV Station's share in Taiyuan Ad Co. and Taiyuan JV. Subject to the matters as discussed in note 3 above, the carrying amount of this noncontrolling is subject to the settlement with YR TV Station. Without a final settlement, the Company continue to according for noncontrolling on the same basis as previous years.

NOTE 5 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

Other receivables and prepaid expenses are summarized as follows:

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

|                                | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other receivables and deposits | \$ 159,374           | \$ 134,291           |
| Prepaid expenses               | -                    | 90,202               |
| Due from staff and others      | -                    | 1,227                |
|                                | \$ 159,374           | \$ 225,720           |

F-12

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 6 –RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS FROM YR TV STATION UNDER ARBITRATION

|   | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| China YR TV Station- Loan               | \$751,377            | \$749,541            |
| China YR TV Station- Advertising income | 3,089,450            | 3,081,899            |
| China YR TV Station- Others             | 184,457              | 180,235              |
| Impairment                              | (4,025,284)          | (680,000 )           |
|   | \$-                  | \$3,333,675          |

As discussed in Note 1 Organization “Termination of Business Contract with YR TV Station” and note 3 “Operations under Arbitration” above, the Company was forced to terminate cooperation with its joint venture partner, YR TV Station due to the PRC’s internal restructuring for TV broadcasting business in Shanxi Province, YR TV Station had merged with Shanxi Broadcasting Group. As of December 31, 2012, the carrying value of the assets that are under arbitration is separately presented in the Balance Sheet in the caption “Receivables from YR TV Station under arbitration” and these assets are no longer depreciated.

In April 2012, the Company formally filed arbitration against China YR TV Stations to the CIETAC. CIETAC is the major permanent arbitration institutions in China and responsible for independently and impartially resolves economic and trade disputes by means of arbitration. In this action the Company allege breach of contract by YR TV Station, seeking recovery of capital investment cost plus interest and others totaled RMB54 million (approximately \$8,571,000). After the conclusion of several hearings, CIETAC repeatedly postponed the date on which to issue an arbitral award. For strategic reasons, ANT submitted an arbitration withdrawal application to CIETAC on February 17, 2013 and received a Withdrawal Decision on March 18, 2013. The Company is working on other channels to recover the above amount and up to the date of report is still in progress. There's no initial agreement been signed with YR TV Station.

In this instance, management has assessed the matters based on current information and made judgments concerning their potential outcome, giving consideration to the nature of the claim, the amount, and the probability of success. Management believes it will receive a positive award in the dispute. The management recorded an impairment loss of \$680,000 in the year 2011 and a further impairment of \$3,345,284 in year 2012, which represents the excess of the carrying values of the assets over their recoverable values.

Management is seeking other means to reach a settlement with China YR TV Stations. Due to the inherent uncertainties including unfavorable rulings or developments, it is possible that the ultimate resolution of our effort could involve amounts that are different from our currently recorded amount and that such differences could be material.

## NOTE 7 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consist of the following:

|          | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| At cost: |                      |                      |

Edgar Filing: China Networks International Holdings Ltd - Form 20-F

|                                   |           |           |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | \$15,521  | \$15,483  |
| Computer software                 | 10,158    | 10,134    |
|                                   | 25,679    | 25,617    |
| Less: accumulated depreciation    | (18,328 ) | (13,673 ) |
| Net book value                    | \$7,351   | \$11,944  |

Depreciation expense was \$4,655 for the year ended December 31, 2012.

F-13

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 8 –PROGRAM RIGHTS AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

|                                | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Program rights                 | \$20,692             | \$20,692             |
| Less: accumulated amortization | (20,692 )            | (20,692 )            |
|                                | \$-                  | \$-                  |
| Intangible assets              | \$7,120,088          | \$7,120,088          |
| Less: accumulated amortization | (613,119 )           | (613,119 )           |
| Less: impairment charges       | (6,506,969)          | (6,506,969)          |
|                                | \$-                  | \$-                  |

Program rights represent (1) programs that were contributed by the PRC TV Stations to the JV Tech Cos as capital, and (2) programs purchased by the JV Tech Cos from the PRC TV Stations in accordance with the joint venture and asset transfer agreements, respectively. Program rights are carried at cost and are amortized over their expected useful life of one year. There was no amortization of program rights in 2012 as the program rights were fully amortized during 2009. The programs included in program rights are those originally produced by the PRC TV Stations and the JV Tech Co's have ownership of the program rights pursuant to the joint venture and asset transfer agreements.

Intangible assets represent the contractual right to operate the advertising business. Intangible assets are evaluated periodically to determine if expected cash flow generate from the advertising business is sufficient to cover the unamortized portion of the intangible assets. To the extent that expected cash flow is insufficient, the intangible assets are written down to their net realizable value.

Intangible assets are expected to be amortized on a systematic basis over the lives of the Exclusive Cooperation Agreements of 20 and 30 years for Kunming JV and Taiyuan JV, respectively. As at December 31 2012, the Company assessed the recoverability of intangible assets and due to the uncertainties on the dispute with Shanxi TV Station the Company had wholly impaired the intangible assets of \$6,506,969 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

## NOTE 9 – OTHER PAYABLE

Other payable consists of the following:

|                  | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Dividend Payable | \$615,330            | \$330,854            |
|                  | \$614,330            | \$330,854            |

Dividend payable was based on 5% annual rate of issued preferred shares. Dividend payable was valued at \$615,330 and \$330,854 as of December 31, 2012 and December 2011 respectively.

## NOTE 10 – OTHER PAYABLES TO TV STATIONS

|                                      | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Other payable to Kunming TV Station  | 77,175               | 77,175               |
| Other payable to China YR TV Station | 1,305,019            | 1,269,804            |
|                                      | \$1,382,194          | \$1,346,979          |

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, other payable to Kunming Television Station represents payable of \$77,175 to be paid by ANT due to the late payment of capital contribution to Kunming Tech Co.

Other payable to China YR TV Station represents \$16,214 employee payroll that China YR TV Station paid on behalf of Taiyuan Tech Co. and \$1,288,805 reimbursement of YR TV Station's cost of purchase of TV programs and broadcasting and administrative expenses.

#### NOTE 11 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consist of the following:

|                                  | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Business and other taxes payable | \$-                  | \$717                |
| Accrued expenses                 | 193,683              | 78,851               |
| Accrued salary                   | 1,189                | 7,862                |
|                                  | \$194,872            | \$87,430             |

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 12 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

## Due to related parties

Amounts due to related parties consist of advances made to the Company or payments made behalf on the Company to finance development stage activities and other costs. The amounts due to related parties for such advances were non-interest bearing and had no stated repayment terms. Amounts due to related parties for such advances totaled \$59,750 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

## Loan receivable from related parties

Loan receivable from related parties represent amount extended to the trustees after consolidation elimination of 100% of the registered capital of Hetong, as discussed in Note 1 under Establishment of Trustee Company. The loan receivable is non-interest bearing and due on demand.

## NOTE 13 – INCOME TAX

The enterprise income tax is reported on a separate entity basis.

## BVI

China Networks Media, Ltd. was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is not subject to income taxes under the current laws of the British Virgin Islands.

## PRC

The JV Tech Cos, JV Ad Cos, Hetong, Beijing Guangwang are subject to PRC income tax at the statutory tax rate of 25%.

The income tax provision consists of the following:

|              | The year ended       |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|              | December<br>31, 2012 | December<br>31, 2011 |
| Current tax  | \$-                  | \$(106,956 )         |
| Deferred tax | -                    | -                    |
|              | \$-                  | \$(106,956 )         |

The Company adopted ASC 740 “Income Taxes”, which prescribes a more-likely-than-not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken in the tax return. This interpretation also provides guidance on de-recognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods and income tax disclosures.

At December 31, 2012, Company's management considered that the Company had no uncertain tax positions that affected its consolidated financial position and results of operations or cash flow, and will continue to evaluate for the uncertain position in future. There are no estimated interest costs and penalties provided in the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.

In the year ended as at December 31, 2012, Company's income tax is nil.

In the year ended at December 31, 2011, Company's income tax credit includes \$34,797 of prepaid income tax; \$25,935 of de franchise income tax; \$7,122 of New York City income tax and \$39,102 of New York State income tax.



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 14 – SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY

China Networks was initially organized as a Cayman Islands company under the name of China Networks Limited on March 30, 2007, with 50,000 shares of common stock authorized at \$1 par value.

On June 2, 2008, the China Networks changed its registered office to the British Virgin Islands and continued under the name China Networks Media Ltd. China Networks was authorized to issue 1,900,000 share of common stocks and 1,050,000 shares of Class A Preferred Stock, each with a par value of \$0.0005 per share. On the same day, the China Networks cancelled the 1,000 shares of common stock that were previously issued while it was a Cayman Islands company and issued 1,900,000 shares of common stock.

China Network’s Class A Preferred Share had one voting right, a right to an equal share in any dividend paid by the China Networks, a liquidation preference of \$0.01 per share, and was convertible into common stock without payment of any further consideration. The number of common stock that Class A Preferred Shares may be converted into initially is determined by dividing the original purchase price of Class A Preferred Shares by the conversion price of Class A Preferred Shares; provided that the initial conversion price shall be the original purchase price, subject to adjustment upon occurrence of certain events as stated in the Company’s Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Upon consummation of the business combination among Alyst, CNIH, China Networks and its shareholders on June 29, 2009, CNIH had outstanding 12,927,888 ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, 9,864,400 warrants, and an IPO Underwriters’ Purchase Option for 300,000 units, each unit containing one ordinary share and one warrant. As the result of consummation of the business combination, China Networks’ 1,900,000 common and 980,000 preferred shares issued and outstanding immediately prior to the business combination were converted automatically into 9,794,400 shares and another 253,488 shares were issued and held by Alyst’s underwriter for a total of 11,027,888 CNIH common shares; therefore China Networks shareholders own approximately 73% of voting equity interests of CNIH. The business combination is considered a reverse acquisition, which China Networks is the accounting acquirer.

Upon the consummation of business combination, each China Networks preferred share issued and outstanding immediately prior to the business combination has the right to receive a cash amount equal to \$7.143. This payment obligation has been accrued as an amount of Due to Related Parties, with an offset to Additional Paid-in Capital and Accumulated Deficit.

In June 2009, Alyst and its shareholders of 5,702,384 common shares entered Stock Purchase Agreement for repurchase of those common shares by an aggregate price of \$44,896,637, approximately \$7.87 per share (the “Purchase Price”), at the closing of the business combination. During period of July 1 and July 2, 2009, payments in total of \$34,607,721 were paid to former Alyst shareholders of 4,396,604 shares.

In July 2009, the shareholders of the rest 1,305,780 shares entered Amendments to Stock Purchase Agreement (the “Amendment”) with CNIH, which stipulates that these shareholders have the right until five years after the date of the Amendment to exercise the right to receive the Purchase Price. As required by the Amendment, CNIH deposited \$10,289,546, representing the aggregate Purchase Price of 1,305,780 shares, in a trust account in July 2009. In September 2009, shareholders of 1,275,780 shares among above mentioned 1,305,780 shares exercised the right to receive Purchase Price.

On April 13, 2010, the Company issued six-year convertible debentures in aggregate a face value of \$11,000,000 bearing interest at the rate of 10% per annum and 6,342,110 ordinary shares with a par value of \$0.0001 in exchange for proceeds of \$11,000,000.

On the same date, CNIH entered into an Exchange and Amendatory Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") with China Networks and the holders of senior secured notes of China Networks in the aggregate principal amount of \$25,500,000 (the "Network Notes"). Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, the holders agreed to cancel all existing Network Notes in exchange for the pro rata issuance by us of an aggregate of 23,000,000 Ordinary Shares and 16,000,000 Class A Preferred Shares.

In connection with the convertible Debentures issued as discussed in note 11 above, Mr. Kerry Propper agreed to cancel 2,000,000 out of his 2,429,635 common shares of China Networks. The Company also issued 750,000 ordinary shares with a par value of \$0.0001 to the placement agent.

On May 12, 2011, the Company redeemed an aggregate of 4,028,690 of the Class A Preferred Shares at a per share price of \$1.00. The redeemed shares were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010 as described in note 11 above, and accounted for approximately 25.18% of the total 16,000,000 Class A Preferred Shares outstanding. In connection with the redemption of the Class A Preferred Shares, the Company paid an aggregate of approximately \$4.69 million in June 2011 to pay accrued and outstanding dividend payments owing on the Class A Preferred Shares. The funds used to redeem the Class A Preferred Shares were generated from the sale of interest in the Kunming JV in year 2010.

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On November 31, 2011, the Company redeemed an aggregate of 4,706,807 of our Class A Preferred Shares at a per share price of \$1.00. The redeemed shares were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010, and accounted for approximately 39.32% of the 11,971,310 Class A Preferred Shares then outstanding. In connection with the redemption, the Company paid an aggregate of approximately \$4.7 million in December 2011 which the funds used to redeem the Class A Preferred Shares was generated from the sale of interest in the Kunming JV in year 2010. At the same time, the Company issued to the holders of the redeemed Class A Preferred Shares an aggregate of 14,964,100 Ordinary Shares as payment for all accrued and outstanding dividends owing on the Class A Preferred Shares amounting to \$299,282.

On April 26, 2012, the Company redeemed an aggregate of 1,575,000 of our Class A Preferred Shares at a per share price of \$1.00. The redeemed shares were issued to certain investors in a private placement transaction that was consummated on April 13, 2010, and accounted for approximately 21.68% of the 7,264,503 Class A Preferred Shares then outstanding.

#### Warrants

After the redomestication merger with Alyst and business combination with China Networks, CNIH has had 9,864,400 warrants outstanding. Each warrant entitles the registered holder to purchase one share of ordinary shares at a price of \$5.00 per share, subject to adjustment as discussed below, at any time commencing on the completion of the business combination. The warrants were expired at 5:00 p.m., New York City time on June 28, 2011.

#### Purchase Option

In connection with Alyst's IPO, an option to purchase up to a total of 300,000 units was issued to representatives of the underwriters, for \$100. The units issuable upon exercise of the option are identical to the units issued to the public in the IPO, except that the exercise price of the underlying warrants will be \$10.00 per share.

#### NOTE 15 – CONCENTRATIONS, RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

As at December 31, 2012, there is no accounts receivable due from customers. The Company did not have any concentrations of business for both customers and suppliers for the year ended December 31, 2012 due to the minimal operations.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents – The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in accounts with major financial institutions in the United States of America and the PRC, in the form of demand deposits and money market accounts. Deposits in banks may exceed the amounts of federal deposit insurance provided on such deposits. As of December 31, 2012 the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured balances in bank accounts up to \$250,000. At December 31, 2012, the uninsured balances amounted to approximately \$1.9 million. The Company has not experienced any losses on its deposits of cash and cash equivalents.

#### NOTE 16 – OPERATING RISK AND MARKET RISK

##### Foreign currency risk

Substantially all of the Company's transactions are denominated in Renminbi, but a substantial portion of its cash is kept in U.S. dollars. Although the Company believes that, in general, its exposure to foreign exchange risks should be

limited, its cash flows and revenues will be affected by the foreign exchange rate between U.S. dollars and Renminbi. It is possible that the Chinese government may elect to loosen further its current controls over the extent to which the Renminbi is allowed to fluctuate in value in relation to foreign currencies. The Company's business and the price of its ordinary shares could be negatively affected by a revaluation of the Renminbi against the U.S. dollar or by other fluctuations in prevailing Renminbi-U.S. dollar exchange rates.

F-17

---

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company's operations are substantially in foreign countries

Substantially all of the Company's operations are in China. The Company's operations are subject to various political, economic, and other risks and uncertainties inherent in China. Among other risks, the Company's operations are subject to the risks of restrictions on transfer of funds; export duties, quotas, and embargoes; domestic and international customs and tariffs; changing taxation policies; foreign exchange restrictions; and political conditions and governmental regulations.

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases

In the normal course of business, the Company leases office space under operating leases agreements. The operating lease agreements generally contain renewal options that may be exercised at the Company's discretion after the completion of the base rental terms.

The Company rents office space from China YR TV Station for approximately \$2,200 per year through June 2012. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2012 totaled \$5,957.

The Company is obligated under operating leases requiring minimum rentals as follows:

|            |         |
|------------|---------|
| 2013       | \$3,182 |
| Thereafter | -       |
|            | \$3,182 |

CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 17 – PARENT ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2012, the total restricted net assets exceeded 25% percentage of the Company's consolidated net assets. As a result, parent only financial statements are prepared as follows:

## Parent Only Balance Sheets

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011

|  | December<br>31,<br>2012 | December<br>31,<br>2011<br>(As restated) |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |                         |  |
| <b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>  |                         |  |
| Cash   | \$ 104                  | \$ 104                                   |
| Restricted cash  | 236,400                 | 236,400                                  |
| Loan receivable from CNM   | 3,781,500               | 5,356,500                                |
| Total current assets   | 4,018,004               | 5,593,004                                |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>  | <b>\$4,018,004</b>      | <b>\$5,593,004</b>                       |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>  |                         |  |
| <b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>   |                         |  |
| Other payable  | 615,330                 | 330,854                                  |
| Total current liabilities  | 615,330                 | 330,854                                  |
| <b>COMMON STOCK SUBJECT TO REPURCHASE</b>  | <b>236,400</b>          | <b>236,400</b>                           |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>   | <b>851,730</b>          | <b>567,254</b>                           |
| <b>EQUITY</b>  |                         |  |
| China Networks International Holdings, Ltd. equity:  |                         |  |
| Class A Preferred Shares, net of issuance costs (\$0.0005 par value; 5,689,506 shares authorized, 5,689,506 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012, liquidation preference of \$5,689,506) | 2,846                   | 3,633                                    |
| Common stock at \$0.0001 par value; (83,109,978 shares authorized, issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012)  | 8,318                   | 8,318                                    |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 27,124,407              | 28,698,619                               |
| Accumulated deficit  | (24,159,644)            | (23,875,168)                             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income   | 190,347                 | 190,348                                  |
| Total equity   | 3,166,274               | 5,025,750                                |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>  | <b>\$4,018,004</b>      | <b>\$5,593,004</b>                       |



CHINA NETWORKS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, LTD.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 17 – PARENT ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Parent Only Statement of Operations  
For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

|                                    | For the year ended      |   |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
|                                    | December<br>31,<br>2012 | December<br>31,<br>2011<br>(As<br>restated) |
| NET REVENUE                        | \$-                     | \$-   |
| OPERATING EXPENSES                 |                         |   |
| General and administrative expense | -                       | 5,770,989                                   |
|                                    | -                       | 5,770,989                                   |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS               | -                       | (5,770,989)                                 |
| LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX             | -                       | (5,770,989)                                 |
| INCOME TAX                         | -                       | (106,956 )                                  |
| NET LOSS                           | -                       | (5,664,033)                                 |

No parent only statement of cashflows is presented as there is no change in cash and cash equivalent for the year.



## EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit No. | Description  |
|-------------|--|
| 1.1         | Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company [incorporated by reference to Exhibit D to the Company's Report on Form 6-K, filed July 2, 2009 (SEC File No. 001-34395)]   |
| 2.1         | Specimen Ordinary Share Certificate [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 2.2         | Form of Warrant [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 2.3         | Form of Warrant Agreement [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Alyst's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (SEC File No. 333-138699)]   |
| 2.4         | Form of Bridge Loan Promissory Note [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.27        | Purchase Agreement, dated as of July 21, 2008, by and among China Networks Media Ltd. and the investors listed therein [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 4.28        | Registration Rights Agreement, dated July 21, 2008, by and among China Networks Media Ltd. and the investors listed therein [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.29        | Share Pledge Agreement, dated as of July 21, 2008, by Kerry Propper and MediaInv Ltd. in favor of the persons and entities listed therein [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.30        | Escrow Agreement, dated June 19, 2008, between the Alyst Acquisition Corp., Chardan Capital Markets, LLC, Grushko & Mittman and the subscribers to China Networks Media Ltd.'s Bridge Loan [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)] |
| 4.31        | Collateral Agent Agreement, dated July 21, 2008, by and between China Networks Media Ltd., Collateral Agents, LLC, the Investors listed therein, Kerry Propper and Clive Ng [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]                |
| 4.32        | Form of Lock-up Agreement between Alyst Acquisition Corp., the Company and each of Kerry Propper, MediaInv. and Li Shuangqing [incorporated by reference to Exhibit C to the Company's Report on Form 6-K, filed July 2, 2009 (SEC File No. 001-34395)]  |
| 4.33        | Form of Service Agreement between Advertising Networks Ltd. and Li Shuangqing [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.34        | Framework Agreement between Advertising Networks Ltd. and China Yellow River Television Station, dated January 26, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.35        | Supplementary Agreement between China Yellow River Television Station and Advertising Networks Ltd., dated May 22, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]   |
| 4.36        | Exclusive Services Agreement between Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd and Taiyuan Advertising Networks Advertising Co., Ltd, dated July 17, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]  |
| 4.37        | Exclusive Cooperation Agreement between China Yellow River Television Station and Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., dated July 17, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]          |
| 4.38        | Asset Transfer Agreement between China Yellow River Television Station and Shanxi Yellow River and Advertising Networks Cartoon Technology Co., Ltd., dated July 17, 2008 [incorporated by reference to  |

- Exhibit 10.13 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.39 Equity Joint Venture Contract between China Yellow River Television Station and Advertising Networks Ltd., dated May 23, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.40 Framework Agreement between Advertising Networks Limited and Kunming Television Station, dated February 23, 2008, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026).
- 4.41 Supplementary Agreement between Kunming Television Station and Advertising Networks Limited, dated May 23, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.16 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]

- 4.42 Exclusive Services Agreement between Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd. and Kunming Kaishi Advertising Co., Ltd., dated August 6, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.43 Exclusive Cooperation Agreement between Kunming Television Station and Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd., dated August 6, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.44 Asset Transfer Agreement between Kunming Television Station and Kunming Taishi Information Cartoon Co., Ltd., dated August 11, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.45 Equity Joint Venture Contract between Kunming Television Station and Advertising Networks Ltd., dated May 14, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.46 Trustee Arrangement Letter, by and between China Networks Media Ltd. and Li Shuangqing, dated May 1, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.47 Trustee Arrangement Letter, by and between China Networks Media Ltd. and Guan Yong, dated May 1, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.48 Exclusive Services Agreement between Beijing Guangwang Hetong Advertising & Media co., Ltd and Advertising Networks Technology Consulting Co., Ltd., dated May 1, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.44 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.49 Amended Loan Agreement by and between Advertising Networks Ltd., Li Shuangqing and Guan Yong, dated October 7, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.50 Amended Share Pledge Agreement between Advertising Networks Technology Consulting (Beijing) Co., Ltd., Li Shuangqing and Guan Yong, dated October 7, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.51 Amended Share Purchase Option Agreement between Advertising Networks Ltd., Li Shuangqing, Guan Yong and Beijing Guanwang Hetong Advertising & Media Co., Ltd., dated October 7, 2008 [incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 4.52 Form of 2008 Omnibus Securities and Incentive Plan [incorporated by reference to Annex H of the Company's proxy statement/prospectus included in the Registration Statement on Form S-4 (SEC File No. 333-157026)]
- 8.1 List of the Company's subsidiaries\*
- 12.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-1(a)\*
- 12.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-1(a)\*
- 13.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002\*
- 13.2 Certification Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002\*

\*Filed herewith.