

Accenture plc  
Form 10-Q  
June 24, 2011  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED May 31, 2011

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM      TO

Commission File Number: 001-34448

**Accenture plc**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Ireland**  
*(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)*

**1 Grand Canal Square,  
Grand Canal Harbour,  
Dublin 2, Ireland**

**98-0627530**  
*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

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*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**(353) (1) 646-2000**

*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of shares of the registrant's Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, outstanding as of June 17, 2011 was 644,422,858 (which number does not include 78,520,002 issued shares held by the registrant). The number of shares of the registrant's Class X ordinary shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, outstanding as of June 17, 2011 was 51,486,184.

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**Table of Contents****PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****ACCENTURE PLC****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010

(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	May 31, 2011 (Unaudited)	August 31, 2010
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,256,684	\$ 4,838,292
Short-term investments	4,665	2,987
Receivables from clients, net	3,272,697	2,534,598
Unbilled services, net	1,423,468	1,127,827
Deferred income taxes, net	574,521	569,678
Other current assets	615,225	490,243
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>11,147,260</b>	<b>9,563,625</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Unbilled services, net	51,083	54,310
Investments	41,983	41,023
Property and equipment, net	740,771	659,569
Goodwill	983,389	841,234
Deferred contract costs	548,941	518,780
Deferred income taxes, net	637,909	532,191
Other non-current assets	752,633	624,521
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>3,756,709</b>	<b>3,271,628</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 14,903,969</b>	<b>\$ 12,835,253</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Current portion of long-term debt and bank borrowings	\$ 4,621	\$ 143
Accounts payable	862,651	885,328
Deferred revenues	2,162,514	1,772,833
Accrued payroll and related benefits	2,931,210	2,683,492
Accrued consumption taxes	382,631	263,612
Income taxes payable	292,355	247,416
Deferred income taxes, net	22,827	43,287
Other accrued liabilities	713,857	671,493
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>7,372,666</b>	<b>6,567,604</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		

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Long-term debt		1,445
Deferred revenues relating to contract costs	563,365	497,102
Retirement obligation	1,022,462	952,747
Deferred income taxes, net	52,784	67,976
Income taxes payable	1,494,395	1,246,960
Other non-current liabilities	221,865	226,696
Total non-current liabilities	3,354,871	2,992,926

**COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:**

Ordinary shares, par value 1.00 euros per share, 40,000 shares authorized and issued as of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010	57	57
Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, 20,000,000,000 shares authorized, 722,627,042 and 696,814,789 shares issued as of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, respectively	16	16
Class X ordinary shares, par value \$0.0000225 per share, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 51,486,184 and 64,985,193 shares issued and outstanding as of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, respectively	1	1
Restricted share units	791,092	973,889
Additional paid-in capital	395,038	137,883
Treasury shares, at cost: Ordinary, 40,000 shares as of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010; Class A ordinary, 76,896,568 and 71,776,324 shares as of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, respectively	(2,994,361)	(2,524,137)
Retained earnings	5,674,772	4,634,329
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(152,812)	(386,292)
Total Accenture plc shareholders equity	3,713,803	2,835,746
Noncontrolling interests	462,629	438,977
Total shareholders equity	4,176,432	3,274,723
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 14,903,969</b>	<b>\$ 12,835,253</b>

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS****For the Three and Nine Months Ended May 31, 2011 and 2010****(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts)****(Unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended May 31,</b>		<b>Nine Months Ended May 31,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
Revenues before reimbursements ( Net revenues )	\$ 6,720,115	\$ 5,571,017	\$ 18,819,386	\$ 16,129,987
Reimbursements	484,240	404,478	1,359,455	1,131,018
Revenues	7,204,355	5,975,495	20,178,841	17,261,005
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>				
Cost of services:				
Cost of services before reimbursable expenses	4,410,487	3,639,367	12,648,054	10,724,052
Reimbursable expenses	484,240	404,478	1,359,455	1,131,018
Cost of services	4,894,727	4,043,845	14,007,509	11,855,070
Sales and marketing	832,374	714,487	2,273,624	1,959,733
General and administrative costs	527,442	410,057	1,348,667	1,235,513
Reorganization costs, net	396	3,276	1,113	9,478
Total operating expenses	6,254,939	5,171,665	17,630,913	15,059,794
<b>OPERATING INCOME</b>	949,416	803,830	2,547,928	2,201,211
(Loss) gain on investments, net	(22)	(3)	(941)	29
Interest income	9,861	7,401	29,147	21,375
Interest expense	(2,827)	(2,061)	(11,070)	(11,061)
Other income (expense), net	1,421	(5,887)	11,560	(13,779)
<b>INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES</b>	957,849	803,280	2,576,624	2,197,775
Provision for income taxes	258,780	239,761	706,249	647,579
<b>NET INCOME</b>	699,069	563,519	1,870,375	1,550,196
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in Accenture SCA and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc.	(64,012)	(66,899)	(183,276)	(199,350)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests other	(7,044)	(6,023)	(21,355)	(15,672)
<b>NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO ACCENTURE PLC</b>	\$ 628,013	\$ 490,597	\$ 1,665,744	\$ 1,335,174
<b>Weighted average Class A ordinary shares:</b>				
Basic	651,339,239	641,355,607	645,032,214	637,199,756
Diluted	745,503,329	767,162,321	743,609,589	769,509,074
<b>Earnings per Class A ordinary share:</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.96	\$ 0.76	\$ 2.58	\$ 2.10
Diluted	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.73	\$ 2.49	\$ 1.99
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.375	\$ 0.90	\$ 1.125

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.



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**ACCENTURE PLC**

**CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENTS**

**For the Nine Months Ended May 31, 2011**

**(In thousands of U.S. dollars and in thousands of share amounts)**

**(Unaudited)**

	Ordinary Shares		Class A Ordinary Shares		Class X Ordinary Shares		Restricted Share Units	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Shares		Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Accenture plc Shareholders Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Shareholders' Equity
	\$	No. Shares	\$	No. Shares	\$	No. Shares			\$	No. Shares					
Balance at January 1, 2010	\$ 57	40	\$ 16	696,815	\$ 1	64,985	\$ 973,889	\$ 137,883	\$ (2,524,137)	(71,816)	\$ 4,634,329	\$ (386,292)	\$ 2,835,746	\$ 438,977	\$ 3,274,723
Comprehensive income											1,665,744		1,665,744	204,631	1,870,375
Net gains on foreign currency hedges, net of tax															
Net gains on investments												30,455	30,455	3,067	33,522
Net losses on investments, securities, and other assets												(149)	(149)	(15)	(164)
Net currency fluctuations, net of tax												187,442	187,442	25,620	213,062
Net benefit plans												15,732	15,732	1,584	17,316
Comprehensive income												233,480		30,256	263,736
Comprehensive income													1,899,224		2,083,460
Net benefit on pension plans								69,185					69,185		69,185
Net benefit of Class A shares								81,153	(927,570)	(18,895)			(846,417)	(81,153)	(925,425)
Net expense on share redemptions							317,869	25,849					343,718		343,718
Share SCA expense															
Common share repurchase															
Accenture Holdings Inc. convertible shares															
Class X ordinary shares						(13,499)		(462,268)					(462,268)	(51,235)	(517,763)
Class A shares:															

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share																			
	20,388		(533,745)	516,384	457,346	13,774						439,985	28,378						
emption of SCA Class shares	5,424																		
			33,079						(611,275)			(578,196)	(65,446)						
				26,852					(14,026)			12,826	(41,779)						
s of May 31,																			
	\$ 57	40	\$ 16	722,627	\$ 1	51,486	\$ 791,092	\$ 395,038	\$ (2,994,361)	(76,937)	\$ 5,674,772	\$ (152,812)	\$ 3,713,803	\$ 462,629	\$ 4,				

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS STATEMENTS****For the Nine Months Ended May 31, 2011 and 2010****(In thousands of U.S. dollars)****(Unaudited)**

	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 1,870,375	\$ 1,550,196
Adjustments to reconcile Net income to Net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation, amortization and asset impairments	371,916	349,730
Reorganization costs, net	1,113	9,478
Share-based compensation expense	343,718	326,629
Deferred income taxes, net	(123,413)	(24,287)
Other, net	62,542	(9,507)
Change in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions		
Receivables from clients, net	(518,355)	(268,290)
Unbilled services, current and non-current	(159,999)	(134,891)
Other current and non-current assets	(331,403)	(21,472)
Accounts payable	(17,760)	(13,173)
Deferred revenues, current and non-current	229,815	126,536
Accrued payroll and related benefits	107,852	129,865
Income taxes payable, current and non-current	151,579	85,369
Other current and non-current liabilities	72,483	(266,168)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,060,463	1,840,015
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from maturities and sales of available-for-sale investments	6,592	9,380
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(6,834)	(11,165)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	3,386	3,083
Purchases of property and equipment	(266,739)	(136,613)
Purchases of businesses and investments, net of cash acquired	(118,662)	(28,530)
Net cash used in investing activities	(382,257)	(163,845)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares	468,363	391,185
Purchases of shares	(1,441,073)	(1,332,479)
Repayments of long-term debt, net	(1,395)	(550)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings, net		393
Cash dividends paid	(643,642)	(824,148)
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements	131,183	55,851
Other, net	(20,405)	(12,872)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,506,969)	(1,722,620)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	247,155	(183,101)
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>418,392</b>	<b>(229,551)</b>

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<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b> , beginning of period	4,838,292	4,541,662
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b> , end of period	\$ 5,256,684	\$ 4,312,111

The accompanying Notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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**ACCENTURE PLC**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)**

**(Unaudited)**

**1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Accenture plc and its controlled subsidiary companies (collectively, the Company) have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for complete financial statements. These Consolidated Financial Statements should therefore be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2010 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 26, 2010.

The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying disclosures. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that the Company may undertake in the future, actual results may be different from those estimates. The Consolidated Financial Statements reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of results for these interim periods. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2011.

Certain amounts reported in previous years have been reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

The Company has evaluated events and transactions subsequent to the balance sheet date. Based on this evaluation, the Company is not aware of any events or transactions that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to filing that would require recognition or disclosure in its Consolidated Financial Statements.

***Allowances for Client Receivables and Unbilled Services***

As of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, total allowances for client receivables and unbilled services were \$77,990 and \$104,753, respectively.

***Accumulated Depreciation***

As of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, total accumulated depreciation was \$1,762,206 and \$1,559,738, respectively.

***Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements***

In September 2010, the Company adopted guidance issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board on revenue recognition guidance for arrangements with multiple deliverables. The guidance eliminates the residual method of allocation in previous guidance; requires that arrangement considerations be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price; and requires a vendor to use estimates of a selling price developed in a manner that is consistent with that used to determine the price to sell the deliverable on a standalone basis for all deliverables that meet the remaining separation criteria when vendor-specific objective evidence and third-party evidence, respectively, do not exist as estimates of selling price. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## ACCENTURE PLC

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)

(Unaudited)

**2. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
<b>Basic Earnings per share</b>				
Net income attributable to Accenture plc	\$ 628,013	\$ 490,597	\$ 1,665,744	\$ 1,335,174
Basic weighted average Class A ordinary shares	651,339,239	641,355,607	645,032,214	637,199,756
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.96	\$ 0.76	\$ 2.58	\$ 2.10
<b>Diluted Earnings per share</b>				
Net income attributable to Accenture plc	\$ 628,013	\$ 490,597	\$ 1,665,744	\$ 1,335,174
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in Accenture SCA and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. (1)	64,012	66,899	183,276	199,350
Net income for diluted earnings per share calculation	\$ 692,025	\$ 557,496	\$ 1,849,020	\$ 1,534,524
Basic weighted average Class A ordinary shares	651,339,239	641,355,607	645,032,214	637,199,756
Class A ordinary shares issuable upon redemption/exchange of noncontrolling interests (1)	66,414,251	87,477,337	71,184,684	95,289,033
Diluted effect of employee compensation related to Class A ordinary shares (2)	27,683,422	38,246,876	27,385,515	36,946,285
Diluted effect of share purchase plans related to Class A ordinary shares	66,417	82,501	7,176	74,000
Diluted weighted average Class A ordinary shares	745,503,329	767,162,321	743,609,589	769,509,074
Diluted earnings per share (2)	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.73	\$ 2.49	\$ 1.99

- (1) Diluted earnings per share assumes the redemption of all Accenture SCA Class I common shares owned by holders of noncontrolling interests and the exchange of all Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. exchangeable shares, for Accenture plc Class A ordinary shares, on a one-for-one basis. The income effect does not take into account Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests other, since those shares are not redeemable or exchangeable for Accenture plc Class A ordinary shares.

- (2) Fiscal 2010 diluted weighted average Accenture plc Class A ordinary shares and earnings per share amounts have been restated to reflect the impact of the issuance of additional restricted share units to holders of restricted share units in connection with the payment of cash dividends.

### **3. INCOME TAXES**

#### *Effective Tax Rate*

The Company's effective tax rates for the three months ended May 31, 2011 and 2010 were 27.0% and 29.8%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rates for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 and 2010 were 27.4% and 29.5%, respectively. The effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2011 were lower than the effective tax rates for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2010 due to a number of factors that impact the geographic mix of income, partially offset by a net increase in reserves related to ongoing tax audits.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)****(Unaudited)****4. REORGANIZATION COSTS, NET**

In fiscal 2001, the Company accrued reorganization liabilities in connection with its transition to a corporate structure. These liabilities included certain non-income tax liabilities, such as stamp taxes, as well as liabilities for certain individual income tax exposures related to the transfer of interests in certain entities to the Company as part of the reorganization. These primarily represent unusual and disproportionate individual income tax exposures assumed by certain, but not all, of the Company's shareholders and partners in certain tax jurisdictions specifically related to the transfer of their partnership interests in certain entities to the Company as part of the reorganization. (Prior to fiscal 2005, the Company referred to its highest-level employees with the partner title and the Company continues to use the term partner to refer to these persons in certain situations related to its reorganization and the period prior to its incorporation.) The Company identified certain shareholders and partners who may incur such unusual and disproportionate financial damage in certain jurisdictions. These include shareholders and partners who were subject to tax in their jurisdiction on items of income arising from the reorganization transaction that were not taxable for most other shareholders and partners. In addition, certain other shareholders and partners were subject to a different rate or amount of tax than other shareholders or partners in the same jurisdiction. When additional taxes are assessed on these shareholders or partners in connection with these transfers, the Company has made and intends to make payments, and in one country has contractually committed, to reimburse certain costs associated with the assessment either to the shareholder or partner, or to the taxing authority. The Company has recorded reorganization expense and the related liability where such liabilities are probable. Interest accruals are made to cover reimbursement of interest on such tax assessments.

The Company's reorganization activity was as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	May 31,		May 31,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Reorganization liability, beginning of period	\$ 296,169	\$ 288,118	\$ 271,907	\$ 296,104
Final determinations (1)				(743)
Interest expense accrued	396	3,276	1,113	10,221
Foreign currency translation adjustments	13,243	(26,823)	36,788	(41,011)
Reorganization liability, end of period	\$ 309,808	\$ 264,571	\$ 309,808	\$ 264,571

(1) Includes final agreements with tax authorities and expirations of statutes of limitations.

As of May 31, 2011, reorganization liabilities of \$297,692 were included in Other accrued liabilities because expirations of statutes of limitations or other final determinations could occur within 12 months, and reorganization liabilities of \$12,116 were included in Other non-current liabilities. Timing of the resolution of tax audits or the initiation of additional litigation and/or criminal tax proceedings may delay final resolution. Final resolution, through settlement, conclusion of legal proceedings or a tax authority's decision not to pursue a claim, will result in payment by the Company of amounts in settlement or judgment of these matters and/or recording of a reorganization benefit or cost in the Company's Consolidated Income Statement. It is possible the aggregate amount of such payments in connection with resolution of all such proceedings could exceed the currently recorded amounts. As of May 31, 2011, only a small number of jurisdictions remain that have active audits/investigations or open statutes of limitations, and only one is significant (which is the country referenced above). In that country, current and former partners, and the Company, are engaged in disputes with tax authorities in connection with the corporate reorganization in 2001, some of which have resulted, and others of which are expected to result in litigation. These individuals and the Company intend to vigorously

defend their positions.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)

(Unaudited)

**5. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND GOODWILL**

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable operating segment are as follows:

	August 31, 2010	Additions/ Adjustments (1)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	May 31, 2011
Communications & High Tech	\$ 151,514	\$ 11,576	\$ 10,526	\$ 173,616
Financial Services	141,232	6,763	4,155	152,150
Health & Public Service	280,546	3,158	3,261	286,965
Products	193,356	72,618	16,074	282,048
Resources	74,586	9,134	4,890	88,610
Total	\$ 841,234	\$ 103,249	\$ 38,906	\$ 983,389

(1) Additions/Adjustments primarily related to immaterial acquisitions made during the nine months ended May 31, 2011.

**6. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY****Comprehensive Income**

Comprehensive income was as follows:

	Three months ended May 31,		Nine months ended May 31,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Comprehensive income attributable to Accenture plc	\$ 714,682	\$ 410,042	\$ 1,899,224	\$ 1,283,094
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	81,291	59,070	234,887	206,098
Total comprehensive income	\$ 795,973	\$ 469,112	\$ 2,134,111	\$ 1,489,192

**Dividends**

The Company's dividend activity during the nine months ended May 31, 2011 was as follows:

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Dividend Payment Date	Dividend Per Share	Accenture plc Class A Ordinary Shares		Accenture SCA Class I Common Shares and Accenture Canada Holdings Inc. Exchangeable Shares		Total Cash Outlay
		Record Date	Cash Outlay	Record Date	Cash Outlay	
November 15, 2010	\$ 0.45	October 15, 2010	\$ 285,263	October 12, 2010	\$ 35,387	\$ 320,650
May 13, 2011	0.45	April 15, 2011	292,933	April 12, 2011	30,059	322,992
<b>Total Dividends</b>			<b>\$ 578,196</b>		<b>\$ 65,446</b>	<b>\$ 643,642</b>

The payment of the cash dividends also resulted in the issuance of additional restricted share units to holders of restricted share units. Diluted weighted average Accenture plc Class A ordinary share amounts have been restated for all periods presented to reflect this issuance.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)****(Unaudited)****7. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

In the normal course of business, the Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage foreign currency exchange rate risk. Derivative transactions are governed by a uniform set of policies and procedures covering areas such as authorization, counterparty exposure and hedging practices. Positions are monitored using techniques such as market value and sensitivity analyses. The Company does not enter into derivative transactions for trading purposes.

Certain derivatives also give rise to credit risks from the possible non-performance by counterparties. Credit risk is generally limited to the fair value of those contracts that are favorable to the Company, and the maximum amount of loss due to credit risk, based on the gross fair value of all of the Company's derivative financial instruments, was approximately \$87,541 as of May 31, 2011. The Company has limited its credit risk by entering into derivative transactions only with highly-rated global financial institutions, limiting the amount of credit exposure with any one financial institution and conducting ongoing evaluation of the creditworthiness of the financial institutions with which it does business.

The Company also utilizes standard counterparty master agreements containing provisions for the netting of certain foreign currency transaction obligations and for set-off of certain obligations in the event of an insolvency of one of the parties to the transaction. These provisions may reduce the Company's potential overall loss resulting from the insolvency of a counterparty and reduce a counterparty's potential overall loss resulting from the insolvency of the Company. Additionally, these agreements contain early termination provisions triggered by adverse changes in a counterparty's credit rating, thereby enabling the Company to accelerate settlement of a transaction prior to its contractual maturity and potentially decrease the Company's realized loss on an open transaction. Similarly, a decrement in the Company's credit rating could trigger a counterparty's early termination rights, thereby enabling a counterparty to accelerate settlement of a transaction prior to its contractual maturity and potentially increase the Company's realized loss on an open transaction. The aggregate fair value of the Company's derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position as of May 31, 2011 was \$7,623.

The Company's derivative financial instruments consist of deliverable and non-deliverable foreign currency forward contracts. Fair values for derivative financial instruments are based on prices computed using third-party valuation models and are classified as Level 2 in accordance with the three-level hierarchy of fair value measurements. All of the significant inputs to the third-party valuation models are observable in active markets. Inputs include current market-based parameters such as forward rates, yield curves and credit default swap pricing.

The Company classifies cash flows from its derivative programs as cash flows from operating activities in the Consolidated Cash Flows Statement. The notional and fair values of all derivative instruments were as follows:

	May 31, 2011		August 31, 2010	
	Notional Value	Fair Value	Notional Value	Fair Value
Foreign currency forward contracts:				
To buy	\$ 2,776,458	\$ 80,479	\$ 2,402,633	\$ 6,747
To sell	383,471	(561)	187,681	(427)

**Cash Flow Hedges**

Certain of the Company's subsidiaries are exposed to currency risk through their use of resources supplied by the Company's Global Delivery Network. To mitigate this risk, the Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to hedge the foreign exchange risk of the forecasted intercompany expenses denominated in foreign currencies for up to three years in the future. The Company has designated these derivatives as

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cash flow hedges. As of May 31, 2011, the Company held no derivatives that were designated as fair value or net investment hedges.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)****(Unaudited)**

For a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the change in estimated fair value of a hedging instrument is recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss as a separate component of Shareholders' Equity and is reclassified into Cost of services in the Consolidated Income Statement during the period in which the hedged transaction is recognized. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of a cash flow hedge is recognized immediately in Other income (expense), net in the Consolidated Income Statement and for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2011 and 2010 was not material. In addition, the Company did not discontinue any cash flow hedges during the three and nine months ended May 31, 2011 and 2010.

The activity related to the change in net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax, in Accumulated other comprehensive loss was as follows:

	<b>Nine Months Ended May 31,</b>	
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>
Net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax, beginning of period	\$ 4,340	\$ (10,575)
Change in fair value, net of tax	43,342	30,288
Reclassification adjustments into earnings, net of tax	(9,820)	(9,226)
Portion attributable to Noncontrolling interests, net of tax	(3,067)	(2,456)
<b>Net unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 34,795</b>	<b>\$ 8,031</b>

As of May 31, 2011, \$10,710 of the amounts related to derivatives designated as cash flow hedges and recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss is expected to be reclassified into earnings in the next 12 months.

The fair values of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as follows:

	<b>May 31, 2011</b>	<b>August 31, 2010</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Other current assets	\$ 24,012	\$ 10,806
Other non-current assets	45,209	13,962
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 69,221</b>	<b>\$ 24,768</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Other accrued liabilities	\$ 3,311	\$ 9,845
Other non-current liabilities	1,062	5,202
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 4,373</b>	<b>\$ 15,047</b>

**Other Derivatives**

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The Company also uses foreign currency forward contracts, which have not been designated as hedges, to hedge balance sheet exposures, such as intercompany loans. These instruments are generally short-term in nature, with typical maturities of less than one year, and are subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. Realized gains or losses and changes in the estimated fair value of these derivatives was a net gain of \$18,016 and \$84,994 for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2011, respectively. Realized gains or losses and changes in the estimated fair value of these derivatives was a net loss of \$(51,532) and \$(12,583) for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2010, respectively. Net gains are offset by net foreign currency losses, including net losses related to the underlying balance sheet exposures and are recorded in Other income (expense), net in the Consolidated Income Statement. Net losses are offset by net foreign currency gains, including net gains related to the underlying balance sheet exposures and are recorded in Other income (expense), net in the Consolidated Income Statement.

**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)****(Unaudited)**

The fair values of other derivative instruments are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as follows:

	May 31, 2011	August 31, 2010
Other current assets	\$ 18,320	\$ 4,422
Other accrued liabilities	3,250	7,823

**8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES****Commitments**

The Company has the right to purchase or may also be required to purchase substantially all of the remaining outstanding shares of its Avanade Inc. subsidiary (Avanade) not owned by the Company at fair value if certain events occur. Certain holders of Avanade common stock and options to purchase the stock have put rights that, under certain circumstances and conditions, would require Avanade to redeem shares of its stock at fair value. As of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, the Company has reflected the fair value of \$107,431 and \$93,404, respectively, related to Avanade's redeemable common stock and the intrinsic value of the options on redeemable common stock in Other accrued liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

**Indemnifications and Guarantees**

In the normal course of business and in conjunction with certain client engagements, the Company has entered into contractual arrangements through which it may be obligated to indemnify clients with respect to certain matters. These arrangements with clients can include provisions whereby the Company has joint and several liability in relation to the performance of certain contractual obligations along with third parties also providing services and products for a specific project. Indemnification provisions are also included in arrangements under which the Company agrees to hold the indemnified party harmless with respect to third party claims related to such matters as title to assets sold or licensed or certain intellectual property rights.

Typically, the Company has contractual recourse against third parties for certain payments made by the Company in connection with arrangements where third party nonperformance has given rise to the client's claim. Payments by the Company under any of the arrangements described above are generally conditioned on the client making a claim which may be disputed by the Company, typically under dispute resolution procedures specified in the particular arrangement. The limitations of liability under these arrangements may be expressly limited or may not be expressly specified in terms of time and/or amount.

As of May 31, 2011 and August 31, 2010, the Company's aggregate potential liability to its clients for expressly limited guarantees involving the performance of third parties was approximately \$776,000 and \$556,000, respectively, of which all but approximately \$83,000 and \$71,000, respectively, may be recovered from the other third parties if the client's claim. Payments to the indemnified parties that are the consequence of a performance default by the other third parties. For arrangements with unspecified limitations, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the aggregate maximum potential liability, as it is inherently difficult to predict the maximum potential amount of such payments, due to the conditional nature and unique facts of each particular arrangement.

To date, the Company has not been required to make any significant payment under any of the arrangements described above. The Company has assessed the current status of performance/payment risk related to arrangements with limited guarantees, unspecified limitations and/or indemnification provisions and believes that any potential payments would be immaterial to the Consolidated Financial Statements, as a whole.



**Table of Contents****ACCENTURE PLC****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)****(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts or as otherwise disclosed)****(Unaudited)****Legal Contingencies**

As of May 31, 2011, the Company or its present personnel had been named as a defendant in various litigation matters. The Company and/or its personnel also from time to time are involved in investigations by various regulatory or legal authorities concerning matters arising in the course of its business around the world. Based on the present status of these matters, management believes the range of reasonably possible losses in addition to amounts accrued, net of insurance recoveries, will not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

**9. SEGMENT REPORTING**

The Company's reportable operating segments are the five operating groups, which are Communications & High Tech, Financial Services, Health & Public Service, Products and Resources. Information regarding the Company's reportable operating segments is as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended May 31,</b>			
	<b>2011</b>		<b>2010</b>	
	<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b>Operating Income</b>
Communications & High Tech	\$ 1,443,188	\$ 195,631	\$ 1,178,355	\$ 168,166
Financial Services	1,441,626	262,180	1,149,863	201,235
Health & Public Service	971,277	70,363	926,618	74,530
Products	1,575,184	190,501	1,307,903	183,780
Resources	1,284,116	230,741	1,004,056	176,119
Other	4,724		4,222	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,720,115</b>	<b>\$ 949,416</b>	<b>\$ 5,571,017</b>	<b>\$ 803,830</b>

	<b>Nine Months Ended May 31,</b>			
	<b>2011</b>		<b>2010</b>	
	<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>Net Revenues</b>	<b>Operating Income</b>
Communications & High Tech	\$ 4,002,113	\$ 539,317	\$ 3,447,815	\$ 454,179
Financial Services	4,008,364	710,975	3,330,779	581,117
Health & Public Service	2,867,489	217,715	2,724,693	246,291
Products	4,344,871	473,547	3,717,538	441,023
Resources	3,583,449	606,374	2,897,528	478,601
Other	13,100		11,634	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 18,819,386</b>	<b>\$ 2,547,928</b>	<b>\$ 16,129,987</b>	<b>\$ 2,201,211</b>

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

*The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2010, and with the information under the heading Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2010.*

*We use the terms Accenture, we, the Company, our and us in this report to refer to Accenture plc and its subsidiaries. All references to years, unless otherwise noted, refer to our fiscal year, which ends on August 31. For example, a reference to fiscal 2010 means the 12-month period that ended on August 31, 2010. All references to quarters, unless otherwise noted, refer to the quarters of our fiscal year.*

*We use the term in local currency so that certain financial results may be viewed without the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, thereby facilitating period-to-period comparisons of business performance. Financial results in local currency are calculated by restating current period activity into U.S. dollars using the comparable prior year period's foreign currency exchange rates. This approach is used for all results where the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar.*

**Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) relating to our operations, results of operations and other matters that are based on our current expectations, estimates, assumptions and projections. Words such as may, will, should, likely, anticipates, expects, intends, plans, projects, believes, estimates and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Forward-looking statements are based upon assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecast in these forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties and other factors that might cause such differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to:

Our results of operations could be adversely affected by negative or uncertain economic or geopolitical conditions and the effects of these conditions on our clients' businesses and levels of business activity.

Our results of operations and ability to grow could be materially negatively affected if we cannot adapt and expand our services and solutions in response to changes in technology and client demand.

The consulting and outsourcing markets are highly competitive, and we might not be able to compete effectively.

Our work with government clients exposes us to additional risks inherent in the government contracting environment, including risks related to governmental budget and debt constraints.

Our business could be adversely affected if our clients are not satisfied with our services.

Our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if our clients terminate their contracts with us.

Outsourcing services are a significant part of our business and subject us to additional operational and financial risk.

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Our results of operations could materially suffer if we are not able to obtain favorable pricing.

If we are unable to keep our supply of skills and resources in balance with client demand around the world, our business, the utilization rate of our professionals and our results of operations may be materially adversely affected.

Our business could be materially adversely affected if we incur legal liability in connection with providing our services and solutions.

If our pricing estimates do not accurately anticipate the cost and complexity of performing our work, then our contracts could be unprofitable.

Many of our contracts include performance payments that link some of our fees to the attainment of performance or business targets. This could increase the variability of our revenues and margins.

Our ability to attract and retain business may depend on our reputation in the marketplace.

Our alliance relationships may not be successful or may change, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

Our Global Delivery Network is increasingly concentrated in India and the Philippines, which may expose us to operational risks.

As a result of our geographically diverse operations and our growth strategy to continue geographic expansion, we are more susceptible to certain risks.

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Revenues, revenue growth and earnings in U.S. dollars may be lower if the U.S. dollar strengthens against other currencies, particularly the Euro and British pound.

We could have liability or our reputation could be damaged if we fail to protect client and Accenture data or information systems as obligated by law or contract or if our information systems are breached.

We could be subject to liabilities or damage our relationships with clients if our subcontractors or the third parties with whom we partner cannot meet their commitments on time or at all.

Our services or solutions could infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others or we might lose our ability to utilize the intellectual property of others.

We have only a limited ability to protect our intellectual property rights, which are important to our success.

Changes in our level of taxes, and audits, investigations and tax proceedings, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Our profitability could suffer if our cost-management strategies are unsuccessful.

If we are unable to collect our receivables or unbilled services, our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows could be adversely affected.

We may be subject to criticism, negative publicity and legislative or regulatory action related to our incorporation in Ireland.

If we are unable to manage the organizational challenges associated with our size, we might be unable to achieve our business objectives.

We may not be successful at identifying, acquiring or integrating other businesses.

Consolidation in the industries that we serve could adversely affect our business.

Our share price and results of operations could fluctuate and be difficult to predict.

Our share price could be adversely affected if we are unable to maintain effective internal controls.

We are incorporated in Ireland and a significant portion of our assets are located outside the United States. As a result, it might not be possible for shareholders to enforce civil liability provisions of the federal or state securities laws of the United States.

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Irish law differs from the laws in effect in the United States and might afford less protection to shareholders.

We might be unable to access additional capital on favorable terms or at all. If we raise equity capital, it may dilute our shareholders ownership interest in us.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the heading **Risk Factors** in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2010. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

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### Overview

Our results of operations are affected by economic conditions, including macroeconomic conditions, credit market conditions and levels of business confidence. Revenues are driven by the ability of our executives to secure new contracts and to deliver solutions and services that add value relevant to our clients' current needs and challenges. The level of revenues we achieve is based on our ability to deliver market-leading service offerings and to deploy skilled teams of professionals quickly and on a global basis.

Revenues before reimbursements ( net revenues ) for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 were \$6.72 billion, compared with \$5.57 billion for the third quarter of fiscal 2010, an increase of 21% in U.S. dollars and 15% in local currency. Net revenues for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 were \$18.82 billion, compared with \$16.13 billion for the nine months ended May 31, 2010, an increase of 17% in U.S. dollars and 16% in local currency. This very strong growth during the nine months ended May 31, 2011 contrasts with a 6% local currency revenue decline during the nine months ended May 31, 2010, compared to the nine months ended May 31, 2009. All of our operating groups experienced year-over-year revenue growth in local currency in the third quarter of fiscal 2011, with very strong growth in Resources and Financial Services. Overall market demand for our services remains strong. Based on new contract bookings over the last several quarters, we expect growth to continue in most areas of our business. However, we also expect the level of year-over-year growth will moderate and vary across segments and geographic regions and between consulting and outsourcing services. As there continues to be significant economic and geopolitical uncertainty, as well as volatility in markets around the world, our ability to manage any potential impact to client demand patterns resulting from these uncertainties will be a driver of our performance.

In our consulting business, net revenues for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 were \$3.97 billion, compared with \$3.22 billion for the third quarter of fiscal 2010, an increase of 23% in U.S. dollars and 17% in local currency. Consulting net revenues for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 were \$11.04 billion, compared with \$9.28 billion for the nine months ended May 31, 2010, an increase of 19% in U.S. dollars and 18% in local currency. All five operating groups experienced year-over-year consulting revenue growth in local currency in the third quarter of fiscal 2011, driven by very strong growth in Resources, Products, Financial Services and Communications & High Tech. In our consulting business overall, clients continue to focus on initiatives designed to deliver cost savings and performance improvement, as well as projects to grow and transform their businesses, and continue to use a phased approach to contracting work. Compared to fiscal 2010, we are providing a greater proportion of systems integration consulting through use of lower-cost resources in our Global Delivery Network. This trend has resulted in work volume growing faster than revenues. While this trend has moderated recently due to higher demand for on-site personnel, we expect this trend to continue in the medium term. While the business environment remains competitive, pricing is stable with some improvement in certain areas of our business.

In our outsourcing business, net revenues for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 were \$2.75 billion, compared with \$2.35 billion for the third quarter of fiscal 2010, an increase of 17% in U.S. dollars and 12% in local currency. Outsourcing net revenues for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 were \$7.78 billion, compared with \$6.85 billion for the nine months ended May 31, 2010, an increase of 13% in both U.S. dollars and local currency. Four of our five operating groups experienced year-over-year outsourcing revenue growth in local currency in the third quarter of fiscal 2011, led by Financial Services and Communications & High Tech. Health & Public Service experienced a slight year-over-year revenue decline in local currency in the third quarter of fiscal 2011, driven by a decline in Public Service. We continue to experience higher volumes, scope and geographic expansions and new work at existing clients. In addition, clients continue to be focused on projects that will improve operational effectiveness. As with systems integration consulting, compared to fiscal 2010 we are providing a greater proportion of application outsourcing through use of lower-cost resources in our Global Delivery Network.

As we are a global company, our revenues are denominated in multiple currencies and may be significantly affected by currency exchange-rate fluctuations. If the U.S. dollar weakens against other currencies, resulting in favorable currency translation, our revenues and revenue growth in U.S. dollars may be higher. If the U.S. dollar strengthens against other currencies, resulting in unfavorable currency translation, our revenues and revenue growth in U.S. dollars may be lower. When compared to the nine months ended May 31, 2010, the U.S. dollar weakened against many currencies during the nine months ended May 31, 2011. This resulted in favorable currency translation and U.S. dollar revenue results that were approximately 6% and 1% better than our results in local currency for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2011, respectively. Assuming that exchange rates stay within recent ranges for the remainder of fiscal 2011, we estimate the foreign-exchange impact to our full fiscal 2011 revenue growth will be approximately 3% higher growth in U.S. dollars than our growth in local currency.

The primary categories of operating expenses include cost of services, sales and marketing and general and administrative costs. Cost of services is primarily driven by the cost of client-service personnel, which consists mainly of compensation, subcontractor and other personnel costs, and non-payroll outsourcing costs. Cost of services as a percentage of revenues is driven by the prices we obtain for our solutions and services, the utilization of our client-service personnel and the level of non-payroll costs associated with new outsourcing contracts. Utilization primarily represents the percentage of our consulting professionals' time spent on billable work. Utilization for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 was approximately 85% and within our target range. This level of utilization reflects continued strong demand for resources in our Global Delivery Network and in most countries. We continue to hire to meet current and projected future demand.



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We proactively plan and manage the size and composition of our workforce and take actions as needed to address changes in the anticipated demand for our services, given that payroll costs are the most significant portion of our operating expenses. Based on current and projected future demand, we have increased our headcount, the majority of which serve our clients, to approximately 223,000 as of May 31, 2011, compared with approximately 215,000 as of February 28, 2011 and 190,000 as of May 31, 2010. This 17% year-over-year increase in our headcount reflects an overall increase in demand for our services, including those delivered through our Global Delivery Network in lower-cost locations. Annualized attrition, excluding involuntary terminations, for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 was 15%, compared with 14% in the second quarter of fiscal 2011 and 17% in the third quarter of fiscal 2010. We adjust levels of new hiring, evaluate voluntary attrition and use involuntary terminations as means to keep our supply of skills and resources in balance with client demand. In addition, we also adjust compensation in certain skill sets and geographies in order to attract and retain appropriate numbers of qualified employees, and we may need to continue to adjust compensation in the future. Compensation increases for fiscal 2011, which for the majority of our personnel were effective September 1, 2010, were higher than in the prior fiscal year. As in prior fiscal years, we strive to adjust pricing and/or the mix of resources to reduce the impact of compensation increases on our gross margin. Our ability to grow our revenues and increase our margins could be adversely affected if we are unable to hire sufficient employees with the skills and background where they are needed, manage attrition, recover increases in compensation and/or effectively assimilate and utilize new employees.

Gross margin (Net revenues less Cost of services before reimbursable expenses as a percentage of Net revenues) for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 was 34.4%, compared with 34.7% for the third quarter of fiscal 2010. Gross margin for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 was 32.8%, compared with 33.5% for the nine months ended May 31, 2010. Our contract profitability for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 was lower than the same period in fiscal 2010, although it has improved during the third quarter, as we continue our efforts to absorb higher annual compensation increases and subcontractor costs with improved pricing and a more efficient resource mix. Gross margin also includes the impact of higher recruiting and training costs from the addition of a larger number of new employees to meet demand.

Sales and marketing and general and administrative costs as a percentage of net revenues were 20.2% for both the third quarter of fiscal 2011 and 2010. Sales and marketing and general and administrative costs as a percentage of net revenues were 19.2% for the nine months ended May 31, 2011, compared with 19.8% for the nine months ended May 31, 2010. Sales and marketing is driven primarily by compensation costs for business-development activities, investment in offerings, and marketing- and advertising-related activities. General and administrative costs primarily include costs for non-client-facing personnel, information systems and office space. We continuously monitor these costs and implement cost-management actions, as appropriate, to maintain or lower these costs as a percentage of revenues. These actions include performing a greater proportion of these activities in lower-cost locations. For the nine months ended May 31, 2011 compared to the nine months ended May 31, 2010, sales and marketing costs as a percentage of net revenues remained flat, while general and administrative costs decreased as a percentage of net revenues. This decrease in general and administrative costs was due to management of these costs at a growth rate lower than that of net revenues, as well as a reduction in the bad debt reserve in the first quarter of fiscal 2011, partially offset by a provision for litigation matters of \$75 million recorded in the third quarter of fiscal 2011. Our margins could be adversely affected if our cost-management actions are not sufficient to maintain sales and marketing and general and administrative costs at or below current levels as a percentage of net revenues.

Operating income for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 was \$949 million, compared with \$804 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2010. Operating income for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 was \$2,548 million, compared with \$2,201 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2010. Operating margin (Operating income as a percentage of Net revenues) for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 was 14.1%, compared with 14.4% for the third quarter of fiscal 2010. Operating margin for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 was 13.5%, compared with 13.6% for the nine months ended May 31, 2010.

Our Operating income and Earnings per share are also affected by currency exchange-rate fluctuations on revenues and costs. Most of our costs are incurred in the same currency as the related net revenues. Where practical, we also seek to manage foreign currency exposure for costs not incurred in the same currency as the related net revenues by using currency protection provisions in our customer contracts and through our hedging programs. We estimate that the aggregate percentage impact of foreign exchange rates on our operating expenses is similar to that disclosed for net revenues.

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### **Bookings and Backlog**

New contract bookings for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 were \$7.11 billion, with consulting bookings of \$3.73 billion and outsourcing bookings of \$3.37 billion. New contract bookings for the nine months ended May 31, 2011 were \$20.40 billion, with consulting bookings of \$11.26 billion and outsourcing bookings of \$9.14 billion.

We provide information regarding our new contract bookings because we believe doing so provides useful trend information regarding changes in the volume of our new business over time. However, new bookings can vary significantly quarter to quarter depending in part on the timing of the signing of a small number of large outsourcing contracts. Clients continue to seek flexibility by using a phased approach to contracting consulting work, which is resulting in smaller initial total contract values than in the past. Information regarding our new bookings is not comparable to, nor should it be substituted for, an analysis of our revenues over time. There are no third-party standards or requirements governing the calculation of bookings. New contract bookings involve estimates and judgments regarding new contracts as well as renewals, extensions and changes to existing contracts. We do not update our new bookings for material subsequent terminations or reductions related to bookings originally recorded in prior fiscal years. New contract bookings are recorded using then-existing foreign currency exchange rates and are not subsequently adjusted for foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

The majority of our contracts are terminable by the client on short notice and some without notice. Accordingly, we do not believe it is appropriate to characterize bookings attributable to these contracts as backlog. Normally, if a client terminates a project, the client remains obligated to pay for commitments we have made to third parties in connection with the project, services performed and reimbursable expenses incurred by us through the date of termination.

### **Revenues by Segment/Operating Group**

Our five reportable operating segments are our operating groups, which are Communications & High Tech, Financial Services, Health & Public Service, Products and Resources. Operating groups are managed on the basis of net revenues because our management believes net revenues are a better indicator of operating group performance than revenues. In addition to reporting net revenues by operating group, we also report net revenues by two types of work: consulting and outsourcing, which represent the services sold by our operating groups. Consulting net revenues, which include management and technology consulting and systems integration, reflect a finite, distinct project or set of projects with a defined outcome and typically a defined set of specific deliverables. Outsourcing net revenues typically reflect ongoing, repeatable services or capabilities provided to transition, run and/or manage operations of client systems or business functions.

From time to time, our operating groups work together to sell and implement certain contracts. The resulting revenues and costs from these contracts may be apportioned among the participating operating groups. Generally, operating expenses for each operating group have similar characteristics and are subject to the same factors, pressures and challenges. However, the economic environment and its effects on the industries served by our operating groups affect revenues and operating expenses within our operating groups to differing degrees. The mix between consulting and outsourcing is not uniform among our operating groups. Local currency fluctuations also tend to affect our operating groups differently, depending on the geographic concentrations and locations of their businesses.

While we provide discussion about our results of operations below, we cannot measure how much of our revenue growth in a particular period is attributable to changes in price or volume. Management does not track standard measures of unit or rate volume. Instead, our measures of volume and price are extremely complex, as each of our services contracts is unique, reflecting a customized mix of specific services that does not fit into standard comparability measurements. Pricing for our services is a function of the nature of each service to be provided, the skills required and outcome sought, as well as estimated cost, risk, contract terms and other factors.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended May 31, 2011 Compared to the Three Months Ended May 31, 2010**

Net revenues (by operating group, geographic region and type of work) and reimbursements were as follows:

	Three Months Ended May 31,		Percent Increase U.S. dollars	Percent Increase Local Currency	Percent of Total Net Revenues for the Three Months Ended May 31,	
	2011	2010			2011	2010
<b>OPERATING GROUPS</b>						
Communications & High Tech	\$ 1,443	\$ 1,178	22%	16%	22%	21%
Financial Services	1,442	1,150	25	19	22	21
Health & Public Service	971	927	5	3	14	17
Products	1,575	1,308	20	14	23	23
Resources	1,284	1,004	28	22	19	18
Other	5	4	n/m	n/m		
<b>TOTAL NET REVENUES</b>	<b>6,720</b>	<b>5,571</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
Reimbursements	484	404	20			
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 7,204</b>	<b>\$ 5,975</b>	<b>21%</b>			
<b>GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS</b>						
Americas	\$ 2,921	\$ 2,513	16%	14%	43%	45%
EMEA (1)	2,935	2,433	21	13	44	44
Asia Pacific	865	625	38	25	13	11
<b>TOTAL NET REVENUES (2)</b>	<b>\$ 6,720</b>	<b>\$ 5,571</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>
<b>TYPE OF WORK</b>						
Consulting	\$ 3,966	\$ 3,225	23%	17%	59%	58%
Outsourcing	2,754	2,346	17	12	41	42
<b>TOTAL NET REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 6,720</b>	<b>\$ 5,571</b>	<b>21%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>100%</b>

n/m = not meaningful

(1) EMEA includes Europe, the Middle East and Africa.

(2) May not total due to rounding.  
**Net Revenues**

The following net revenues commentary discusses local currency net revenue changes for the third quarter of fiscal 2011 compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2010.

*Operating Groups*

Communications & High Tech net revenues increased 16% in local currency. Consulting revenues reflected very strong growth, driven by growth across all industry groups in EMEA, and Communications and Media & Entertainment in Americas. Outsourcing revenues reflected very strong growth, driven by growth across all geographic regions and industry groups, with the exception of Electronics & High Tech in EMEA.

Financial Services net revenues increased 19% in local currency. Consulting revenues reflected very strong growth, driven by growth in all industry groups in EMEA and Americas, partially offset by a decline in Banking in Asia Pacific. Outsourcing revenues reflected significant growth, driven by growth across all industry groups in Americas and EMEA.

Health & Public Service net revenues increased 3% in local currency. Consulting revenues reflected modest growth, with significant growth in Health, led by Americas and Asia Pacific, partially offset by declines in Public Service in EMEA and Americas. Outsourcing revenues decreased slightly, primarily due to a decline in Public Service in EMEA. In addition, the uncertainty and challenges in the public sector, particularly in the United States, the United Kingdom and several other countries, conti