

UROPLASTY INC
Form 10QSB
February 13, 2003

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

Quarterly Report Under section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2002

Commission File No. 000-20989

UROPLASTY, INC.

(Name of Small Business Issuer in its Charter)

Minnesota, U.S.A.

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

41-1719250

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

2718 Summer Street NE

Minneapolis, Minnesota 55413-2820

(Address of principal executive offices)

(612) 378-1180

(Issuer's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, \$.01 par value (Title of class)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Company was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES NO

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the stock was sold or the average bid and asked prices of such stock as of January 27, 2003 was \$8,977,942.

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's only class of common stock on January 27, 2003 was 4,488,971.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format:

YES NO

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(unaudited)

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2002</u>	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2002</u>
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,564,176	1,046,121
Accounts receivable, net	800,526	845,431
Inventories	578,719	632,102
Deferred offering costs		112,544
Other	215,486	130,518
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total current assets	5,158,907	2,766,716
Property, plant, and equipment, net	829,430	764,855
Intangible assets, net	54,548	72,877
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets	\$ 6,042,885	3,604,448
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited)

	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2002
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 175,484	230,631
Accrued liabilities	336,021	399,478
Current maturities long-term debt	36,074	42,311
	<u>547,579</u>	<u>672,420</u>
Total current liabilities	547,579	672,420
Long-term debt less current maturities	454,184	399,222
	<u>1,001,763</u>	<u>1,071,642</u>
Total liabilities	1,001,763	1,071,642
Shareholders equity:		
Common stock \$.01 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,488,971 and 2,047,332 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2002 and March 31, 2002, respectively	44,890	20,473
Additional paid-in capital	8,393,901	6,149,571
Accumulated deficit	(2,885,053)	(3,204,370)
Vendor deposit	(48,000)	(51,000)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(464,616)	(381,868)
	<u>5,041,122</u>	<u>2,532,806</u>
Total shareholders equity	5,041,122	2,532,806
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	<u>\$ 6,042,885</u>	<u>3,604,448</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31		Nine Months Ended December 31	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net sales	\$ 1,264,742	1,348,650	3,862,716	3,554,977
Cost of goods sold	330,015	548,826	1,105,018	982,626
Gross profit	934,727	799,824	2,757,698	2,572,351
Operating expenses				
General and administrative	312,003	273,225	884,131	856,790
Research and development	538,295	454,835	1,539,503	1,256,185
Selling and marketing	251,051	232,955	764,878	905,578
	1,101,349	961,015	3,188,512	3,018,553
Operating loss	(166,622)	(161,191)	(430,814)	(446,202)
Other income (expense)				
Interest income	12,482	5,336	35,075	15,353
Interest expense	(5,805)	(6,611)	(18,144)	(19,817)
Foreign currency exchange gain (loss)	146,024	(67,552)	553,357	42,068
Settlement		200,000	180,000	200,000
Other			(157)	(332)
	152,701	131,173	750,131	237,272
Income (loss) before income taxes	(13,921)	(30,018)	319,317	(208,930)
Income tax expense				
Net income (loss)	\$ (13,921)	(30,018)	319,317	(208,930)
Basic income (loss) per common share	\$ (0.00)	(0.01)	0.09	(0.09)
Diluted income (loss) per common share	\$ (0.00)	(0.01)	0.09	(0.09)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	4,467,547	2,314,277	3,564,155	2,296,823
Diluted	4,467,547	2,314,277	3,587,996	2,296,823

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UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Nine Months Ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

(Unaudited)

	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 319,317	(208,930)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	149,483	157,530
Loss on disposal of assets		2,120
Stock-based consulting expense	1,508	6,790
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	44,905	17,766
Inventories	53,383	(83,558)
Other current assets	(84,968)	145,242
Accounts payable	62,320	(11,133)
Accrued liabilities	(63,457)	(169,331)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>482,491</u>	<u>(143,504)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(44,757)	(35,646)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		2,225
Payments for intangible assets	(675)	
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(45,432)</u>	<u>(33,421)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayment of long-term debt	(37,674)	(37,103)
Proceeds from issuance of note payable		8,000
Net proceeds from issuance of stock	2,265,316	13,000
Deferred offering costs		(17,347)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>2,227,642</u>	<u>(33,450)</u>
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	<u>(146,646)</u>	<u>1,390</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,518,055	(208,985)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>1,046,121</u>	<u>1,012,397</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 3,564,176</u>	<u>803,412</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 19,503	22,201
Cash paid during the period for income taxes		
Shares issued for 401(k) plan profit sharing contribution	27,270	37,700
Restricted shares issued for mold purchase	24,000	48,600

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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UROPLASTY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-QSB/A have been prepared by Uroplasty, Inc. (Uroplasty or the Company), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to such rules and regulations, although management believes the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The consolidated results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. These consolidated statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2002.

The consolidated financial statements presented herein as of December 31, 2002 and for the three and nine-months periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 reflect, in the opinion of management, all material adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows for the interim periods.

The Company has identified certain of its accounting policies that it considers particularly important for the portrayal of the Company s results of operations and financial position and which may require the application of a higher level of judgment by the Company s management, and as a result are subject to an inherent level of uncertainty. These are characterized as critical accounting policies and address revenue recognition, inventories, foreign currency translation and transactions, and impairment of long-lived assets, each more fully described in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2002. Based upon the Company s review, it has determined that these policies remain its most critical accounting policies for the three and nine-months periods ended December 31, 2002, and has made no changes to these policies during fiscal 2003.

2. Nature of Business

The Company is currently selling its products outside of the United States and is undertaking clinical trials in the United States and Canada. Based on the Company s current plans, it is anticipated the Company will launch its products in the U.S. after obtaining FDA approval. Completing clinical trials and obtaining FDA approval is a costly and time-consuming process. As a result of the \$2.4 million gross proceeds of a Rights Offering completed July 2002, management believes current resources and the funds generated from sale of the Company s products outside the U.S. will be adequate to meet the Company s cash flow needs, including R&D activities, associated with existing products and markets through fiscal 2004. Ultimately, the Company will need to achieve profitability and positive cash flows from operations or obtain additional debt or equity financing to fund its operations.

3. New Accounting Pronouncement

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities, which requires that a liability for a cost associated with an exit or disposal activity be recognized when the liability is incurred and nullifies EITF 94-3. The Company plans to adopt SFAS No. 146 in April 2003.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123. This statement provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation. The statement amends the disclosure requirements of FASB Statement No. 123 to require prominent disclosure in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. The Company accounts for stock-based compensation arrangements in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and complies with the disclosure provisions of FASB Statement No. 123. The transition provisions are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The disclosure provisions are effective for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company will implement the required disclosure provisions in the Form 10-KSB for the period ended March 31, 2003. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material impact on the Company s consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows as the Company does not anticipate making the voluntary change to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based compensation.

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In November 2002, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, which addresses certain disclosure requirements to be made by a guarantor about its obligations under guarantees. The Company adopted this guidance in its financial statements. It did not have a material impact.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, which addresses accounting for special-purpose and variable interest entities. The Company is required to adopt this guidance for financial statements issued after December 31, 2002, as required and is currently analyzing the impact of its adoption on the Company's financial statements.

4. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market (net realizable value) and consist of the following:

	December 31, 2002	March 31, 2002
Raw materials	\$ 73,956	91,050
Work-in-process	160,836	134,490
Finished goods	343,927	406,562
	<u>\$ 578,719</u>	<u>632,102</u>

5. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income (loss), and the translation adjustment as follows:

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Nine Months Ended December 31,	
	2002	2001	2002	2001
Net income (loss)	\$ (13,921)	(30,018)	319,317	(208,930)
Items of other comprehensive income (loss):				
Translation adjustment	620	1,431	(82,748)	13,221
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (13,301)</u>	<u>(28,587)</u>	<u>236,569</u>	<u>(195,709)</u>

6. Reverse Stock Split

On April 2, 2002, the Company effected a 1-for-3 reverse stock split. All historical share and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the reverse stock split.

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December 31, 2001

534,433

\$1.50 to \$10.50

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8. Stock Option Grants

On September 4, 2002 and November 4, 2002, the Company granted 444,500 stock options to its Directors and employees. The stock options vest over a period of five years. All options become fully vested when the Company receives written FDA market approval or in case a change in control should occur.

9. Rights Offering

In July 2002, the Company completed its rights offering to its shareholders in which the Company sold 798,213 units with aggregate proceeds of \$2.4 million. Each unit consisted of three shares of common stock and a warrant to acquire one additional share of common stock for \$2.00 per share. These warrants expire on July 31, 2004. The allocated relative fair value of the shares issued in the offering was less than the Company's common stock price on the offerings closing date which resulted in a bonus element to the stockholders who participated in the offering, similar to a stock dividend. Therefore, the Company has retroactively increased the weighted average shares outstanding for all periods to reflect the incremental 267,402 shares attributable to the bonus element.

10. Vendor Deposits

In September 2001, the Company executed an agreement with a vendor to manufacture a mold for one of the Company's products. As consideration, the Company issued to the vendor 20,000 shares of its common stock in September 2001. The Company amended the agreement in September 2002 and issued an additional 20,000 shares of common stock to be held in escrow until completion of the mold. The Company recorded the fair value of the restricted common stock aggregating \$48,000, as of December 31, 2002, as a vendor deposit in shareholders equity.

11. Settlement

On October 26, 2001, the Company reached a litigation settlement with a third party. Net proceeds from the Settlement, totaling \$388,000, were recognized upon receipt of cash. In May 2002, the Company received the final payment and recorded a \$180,000 gain related to this settlement.

12. Foreign Currency Gains (Losses)

For the three-month period ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company recognized foreign currency gains (losses) of \$146,024 and \$(67,552), respectively. For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company recognized foreign currency gains of \$553,357 and \$42,068, respectively. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had \$2.5 million and \$4.3 million of dollar denominated intercompany debt at its Dutch subsidiaries. Except for \$1.0 million dollars of long-term balance at December 31, 2001, these intercompany balances are revolving in nature and are not deemed to be long-term balances. The long-term balance had been reduced to \$.9 million at March 31, 2002 and was reclassified to a short-term obligation subject to foreign currency transaction accounting as the Company had concluded that the balance would be repaid in the foreseeable future. In January 2003 the Company recapitalized one of the Dutch subsidiaries with an investment of 1.5 million euros (\$1.6 million). The proceeds from the investment was used to reduce the dollar denominated intercompany debt at the Dutch subsidiary, resulting in an adjusted balance at December 31, 2002 of \$.9 million of intercompany debt at the Dutch subsidiary subject for foreign currency transaction accounting. This will result in less volatility for changes in currency exchange rates in the Company's statement of operations.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

This Report on Form 10-QSB should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the period ended March 31, 2002.

Forward-looking Statements

The Registrant may from time to time make written or oral forward-looking statements, including statements contained in this filing by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in its reports to stockholders, as well as elsewhere. Forward-looking statements are statements such as those contained in projections, plans, objectives, estimates, statements of future economic performance, and assumptions related to any of the foregoing, and may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as may, expect, anticipate, estimate, go on to continue, or other comparable terminology. By their very nature, forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties relating to the Company's future performance that may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any such forward-looking statements. Any such statement is qualified by reference to the following cautionary statements.

The Registrant's business operates in highly competitive markets and is subject to changes in general economic conditions, competition, customer and market preferences, government regulation, the impact of tax regulation, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, the degree of market acceptance of products, the uncertainties of potential litigation, as well as other risks and uncertainties detailed elsewhere herein and from time to time in the Registrant's Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

In this filing, the section entitled Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains forward-looking statements. Various factors and risks (not all of which are identifiable at this time) could cause the Company's results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from that contained in the Company's forward-looking statements, and investors are cautioned that any forward-looking statement contained herein or elsewhere is qualified by and subject to the warnings and cautionary statements contained above and in the Company's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company does not undertake and assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Company.

Overview

Uroplasty, Inc. develops, manufactures, and/or markets medical products in certain segments of the urology, colon and rectal, wound care, otolaryngology and plastic surgery markets. Products sold by the Company are subject to regulation by the U.S. FDA and/or various regulating agencies in countries outside the U.S. Existing sales have been, and future sales growth is expected to be, derived from Macroplastique and related ancillary products designed for use by urologists, gynecologists, and uro-gynecologists for the primary treatment of stress urinary incontinence (SUI) and for the treatment of vesicoureteral reflux (VUR), a condition in which urine flows backward from the bladder to the kidney. Macroplastique is comprised of soft, irregularly textured, vulcanized, medical grade silicone elastomer implants suspended in a biocompatible carrier solution. When injected via a minimally invasive procedure in the soft tissue of the mid-urethra and bladder neck (in the case of SUI), and at the ureteral orifice (in the case of vesicoureteral reflux), the implants act as a bulking material to restore urinary continence or to eliminate reflux of urine from the bladder to the kidneys.

In addition to the urological applications, the Company's implantable tissue bulking material is also marketed by the Company outside the U.S. for the indications of fecal incontinence, reconstructive and cosmetic plastic surgery applications and vocal cord rehabilitation under the trade names PTP Implants, Bioplastique Implants and VOX Implants, respectively. In The Netherlands and United Kingdom, the Company's direct sales force distributes certain wound care products on behalf of another company in accordance with an executed Distributor Agreement. Under the terms of the Distributor Agreement, the Company is not obligated to purchase any minimum level of wound care products.

The Company's products are currently sold by a direct sales force in the United Kingdom, and by a network of distributors in numerous countries outside the U.S., including Canada, Western Europe, Australia, and Central and South America. In September 1999, the Company received FDA approval to initiate human clinical studies in the U.S. for the Company's primary product Macroplastique in the treatment of female SUI. The Company is currently conducting the human clinical procedures at various clinical sites across the United States and Canada.

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The Company's current objectives are to focus on sales and marketing activities designed to increase market penetration and sales of Macroplastique for SUI, VUR, and fecal incontinence applications in countries outside the U.S., and to efficiently and effectively execute the Macroplastique human clinical study for treatment of female SUI within the U.S.

The Company has identified certain of its accounting policies that it considers particularly important for the portrayal of the Company's results of operations and financial position and which may require the application of a higher level of judgment by the Company's management, and as a result are subject to an inherent level of uncertainty. These are characterized as critical accounting policies and address revenue recognition, inventories, foreign currency translation and transactions, and impairment of long-lived assets, each more fully described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended March 31, 2002. Based upon the Company's review, it has determined that these policies remain its most critical accounting policies for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2002, and has made no changes to these policies during fiscal 2003.

Set forth below is management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2002 and 2001.

Results of Operations

Net Sales: The Macroplastique product line accounts for approximately 87% of total net sales during the periods presented. In the third quarter ended December 31, 2002, net sales of all products were \$1,264,742, representing a \$83,908 or 6% decrease when compared to net sales of \$1,348,650 for the third quarter ended December 31, 2001. The sales decrease is the result of a decrease in unit sales, partially offset by favorable fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar (the functional reporting currency) and the Euro and the British Pound (currencies of the Company's subsidiaries). Excluding the fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates the sales decrease is approximately 15%.

During the nine months ended December 31, 2002, net sales of all products were \$3,862,716, representing a \$307,739 or 9% increase when compared to net sales of \$3,554,977 during the nine months ended December 31, 2001. The sales increase is the result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar (the functional reporting currency) and the Euro and the British Pound (currencies of the Company's subsidiaries). Excluding the fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates the sales increase is approximately 1%.

With the sales launch of PTP Implants for the indication of fecal incontinence to international markets outside the U.S. in May 2002, Uroplasty expects incremental sales to be derived by this new product from our expansion into the Colon and Rectal Surgeon market. Fecal incontinence affects up to 16 million, or 1 out of 13 adults in the U.S. There can be no assurance, however, the Company's efforts to increase sales and market penetration will be successful.

Gross Profit: Gross profit was \$934,727 and \$799,824 for the quarter ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, or 74% and 59% of net sales. Low production volumes in the third quarter of the previous year resulted in a low gross margin. Gross profit was \$2,757,698 and \$2,572,351 for the nine months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, or 71% and 72% of net sales. Gross profit in any one period is highly variable depending on unit sales and utilization of manufacturing capacity.

General and Administrative Expense: General and administrative (G&A) expenses increased from \$273,225 during the third quarter of fiscal 2002 to \$312,003 during the third quarter of fiscal 2003 and increased from \$856,790 during the nine months ended December 31, 2001 to \$884,131 during the nine months ended December 31, 2002. Increased salaries, general price increases and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates caused the increase in G&A expenses.

Research and Development Expense: Research and development (R&D) expenses increased \$83,460, or 18%, from \$454,835 during the third quarter of fiscal 2002 to \$538,295 during the third quarter of fiscal 2003 and increased 23% from \$1,256,185 during the nine months ended December 31, 2001 to \$1,539,503 during the nine months ended December 31, 2002. The increase in R&D expense resulted from an increase in clinical costs relating to patient procedures and follow-up examinations due to significant increases in clinical study patient enrollment.

Selling and Marketing Expenses: Selling and marketing (S&M) costs increased 8% from \$232,955 during the third quarter of fiscal 2002 to \$251,051 during the third quarter of fiscal 2003 and decreased 16% from \$905,578 during the nine months ended December 31, 2001 to \$764,878 during the nine months ended December 31, 2002. The decrease was as expected from the fiscal 2002 restructuring of the international sales and marketing departments.

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Other Income (Expense): Other income (expense) includes interest income, interest expense, foreign currency exchange gains and losses, settlement income and other non-operating costs when incurred. The Company's financial results are subject to material fluctuations based on changes in currency exchange rates. Other income was \$152,701 and \$131,173 for the third quarter ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and \$750,131 and \$237,272 for the nine months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. The majority of the differences between periods was due to foreign currency exchange gains and losses and the settlement proceeds from the litigation. Exchange gains and losses are recognized primarily as a result of fluctuations in currency rates between the U.S. Dollar (the functional reporting currency) and the Euro and British Pound (currencies of the Company's subsidiaries), as well as their effect on the dollar denominated intercompany obligations between the Company and its foreign subsidiaries. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had \$2.5 million and \$4.3 million dollar denominated intercompany debt at its foreign Dutch subsidiary. Except for \$1.0 million of dollars of long-term balance as per December 31, 2001, these intercompany balances are revolving in nature and are not deemed to be long-term balances. The long-term balance had been reduced to \$.9 million at March 31, 2002 and was reclassified to a short-term obligation subject to foreign currency transaction accounting as the Company had concluded that the balance would be repaid in the foreseeable future. The Company recognized foreign currency gains and losses of \$146,024 and \$(67,552) for the third quarter ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and \$553,357 and \$42,068 for the nine months ended December 31, 2002 and 2001. The currency gains are primarily the result of a weakened U.S. Dollar compared to the Euro and the currency loss the result of a strengthened U.S. Dollar compared to the Euro. In January 2003 the Company recapitalized one of the Dutch subsidiaries with an investment of 1.5 million euros (\$1.6 million). The proceeds from the investment was used to reduce the dollar denominated intercompany debt at the Dutch subsidiary, resulting in an adjusted balance at December 31, 2002 of \$.9 million of intercompany debt at the Dutch subsidiary subject for foreign currency transaction accounting. This will result in less volatility for changes in currency exchange rates in the Company's statement of operations.

As described in note 9 to the financial statements, the Company has retroactively increased the weighted average shares outstanding for all periods to reflect the incremental 267,402 shares attributable to the bonus element related to the rights offering.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2002, the Company's cash and cash equivalent balances totaled \$3,564,176.

At December 31, 2002, the Company had working capital of approximately \$4.6 million. During the nine months ended December 31, 2002, operating activities provided \$482,491 of cash, compared to using \$143,504 of cash in the prior-year period. This improvement of cash was primarily attributable to foreign currency exchange gains of \$553,357 and a \$180,000 gain from the proceeds from a lawsuit settlement. This was offset by an operating loss of \$430,814. Accounts receivable decreased by \$44,905, due to the timing of payment by our customers. Other current assets, accounts payable, accrued expenses fluctuated due to the timing of payments.

The Company currently has no financing arrangements in place with any bank for general working capital needs, and no material unused sources of liquidity other than the cash, equipment leasing arrangements, and its accounts receivable and inventory balances at December 31, 2002 of \$800,526 and \$578,719, respectively.

During the term of the fiscal 2003 Rights Offering, a total of 2,394,639 shares of Common Stock and 798,213 Common Stock Purchase Warrants were sold to shareholders of the Company. Gross proceeds recorded in the nine-month period ended December 31, 2002 were \$2,394,639.

The Company has operations in the U.S. and internationally. U.S. net operating loss carryforwards cannot be used to offset taxable income in foreign jurisdictions. Furthermore, repatriation of dividends to the U.S. parent may result in additional foreign or U.S. taxes.

The Company's financial condition and results of operations could be materially affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and weak economic conditions in foreign markets where the Company's products are distributed. The effects of these conditions could include reduced unit sales and reduced sales in dollars when converted from foreign currency amounts and material gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Furthermore, because the Company's U.S. operations are funded by sales denominated in foreign currency, strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the Euro, and/or the British Pound could have an adverse effect on the Company's cash flow and results of operations.

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Management expects continued high costs associated with the conduct of the U.S. human clinical study for Macroplastique pursuant to the FDA approved IDE, the subsequent U.S. Premarket Approval process, and pre-commercialization and market launch costs in the U.S. relating to Macroplastique for female SUI.

As a result of the proceeds of the Rights Offering, management believes that current resources and the funds generated from sale of the Company's products outside the U.S. will be adequate to meet the Company's cash flow needs, including R&D activities associated with existing products and markets through fiscal 2004.

ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Within the 90 days prior to the date of this report, Daniel G. Holman, our President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Arie J. Koole, our Controller, Principal Accounting Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15b under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based on their review of our disclosure controls and procedures, such officers have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to us that is required to be included in our periodic SEC filings.

Internal Controls and Procedures. There were no significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Except as indicated below, none of the items contained in PART II of Form 10-QSB are applicable to the Company for the three months ended December 31, 2002.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

(c) Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) Exhibits

99.1 Certifications by the Chief Executive Officer/Chief Financial Officer and the Controller pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UROPLASTY, INC
Date: February 14, 2003

by: /s/ DANIEL G. HOLMAN
Daniel G. Holman
President, Chief Executive Officer,
Chief Financial Officer and Director (Principal
Executive and Financial Officer)

Date: February 14, 2003

by: /s/ ARIE J. KOOLE
Arie J. Koole
Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

