

ROYCE VALUE TRUST INC  
Form N-CSRS  
August 26, 2014

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549  
**FORM N-CSR**

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT**  
**OF**  
**REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

Investment Company Act file number: 811-04875

Name of Registrant: Royce Value Trust, Inc.

Address of Registrant: 745 Fifth Avenue  
New York, NY 10151

Name and address of agent for service:

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Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 508-4500

Date of fiscal year end: December 31, 2013

Date of reporting period: January 1, 2014 - June 30, 2014

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**Item 1. Reports to Shareholders.**

# **SEMIANNUAL REVIEW AND REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS**

Royce Value Trust

Royce Micro-Cap Trust

Royce Focus Trust

Royce Global Value Trust

[www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com)

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## A Few Words on Closed-End Funds

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**Royce & Associates, LLC manages four closed-end funds: Royce Value Trust, a small-cap value closed-end fund offering; Royce Micro-Cap Trust, a micro-cap closed-end fund; Royce Focus Trust, a closed-end fund that invests in a limited number of primarily small-cap companies; and Royce Global Value Trust, a global closed-end offering that invests in a broadly diversified portfolio of both U.S. and non-U.S. small-cap stocks.**

A closed-end fund is an investment company whose shares are listed and traded on a stock exchange. Like all investment companies, including open-end mutual funds, the assets of a closed-end fund are professionally managed in accordance with the investment objectives and policies approved by the Fund's Board of Directors. A closed-end fund raises cash for investment by issuing a fixed number of shares through initial and other public offerings that may include shelf offerings and periodic rights offerings. Proceeds from the offerings are invested in an actively managed portfolio of securities. Investors wanting to buy or sell shares of a publicly traded closed-end fund after the offerings must do so on a stock exchange, as with any publicly traded stock. Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. This is in contrast to open-end mutual funds, in which the fund sells and redeems its shares on a continuous basis.

### A Closed-End Fund Offers Several Distinct Advantages Not Available from an Open-End Fund Structure

Since a closed-end fund does not issue redeemable securities or offer its securities on a continuous basis, it does not need to liquidate securities or hold uninvested assets to meet investor demands for cash redemptions, as an open-end fund must.

In a closed-end fund, not having to meet investor redemption requests or invest at inopportune times is ideal for value managers who attempt to buy stocks when prices are depressed and sell securities when prices are high.

A closed-end fund may invest more freely in less liquid portfolio securities because it is not subject to potential stockholder redemption demands. This is particularly beneficial for Royce-managed closed-end funds, which invest in small- and micro-cap securities.

The fixed capital structure allows permanent leverage to be employed as a means to enhance capital appreciation potential.

Unlike Royce's open-end funds, our closed-end funds are able to distribute capital gains on a quarterly basis. Each of the Funds other than Royce Global Value Trust has adopted a quarterly distribution policy for its common stock. Please see pages 18-20 for more details.

*We believe that the closed-end fund structure is very suitable for the long-term investor who understands the benefits of a stable pool of capital.*

## Why Dividend Reinvestment is Important

A very important component of an investor's total return comes from the reinvestment of distributions. By reinvesting distributions, our investors can maintain an undiluted investment in a Fund. To get a fair idea of the impact of reinvested distributions, please see the charts on pages 11, 13, and 15. For additional information on the Funds' Distribution Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Options and the benefits for stockholders, please see page 20 or visit our website at [www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com).

The Board of Directors for each of Royce Value Trust, Royce Micro-Cap Trust and Royce Focus Trust has authorized a managed distribution policy (MDP) paying quarterly distributions at an annual rate of 7% (for Royce Value and Micro-Cap Trust) and 5% (for Royce Focus Trust) of the average of the prior four quarter-end net asset values. With each distribution, these Funds will issue a notice to stockholders and an accompanying press release which will provide detailed information regarding the amount and composition of the distribution and other information required by a Fund's MDP. You should not draw any conclusions about a Fund's investment performance from the amount of distributions or from the terms of a Fund's MDP. A Fund's Board of Directors may amend or terminate the MDP at any time without prior notice to stockholders; however, at this time, there are no reasonably foreseeable circumstances that might cause the termination of any of the MDPs.

This page is not part of the 2014 Semiannual Report to Stockholders

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*For more than 40 years, we have used a value-oriented approach to invest in small-cap securities. We focus primarily on the quality of a company's balance sheet, its ability to generate free cash flow, and other measures of profitability or sound financial condition. We then use these factors to assess the company's current worth, basing the assessment on either what we believe a knowledgeable buyer might pay to acquire the entire company or what we think the value of the company should be in the stock market.*

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## Performance Table

### NAV Average Annual Total Returns

Through June 30, 2014

	Royce Value Trust	Royce Micro-Cap Trust	Royce Focus Trust	Royce Global Value Trust	Russell 2000 Index	Russell Microcap Index	Russell 2500 Index	Russell Global Small Cap Index
Year-to-Date <sup>1</sup>	3.00%	3.06%	12.74%	5.57%	3.19%	1.56%	5.95%	5.72%
One-Year	22.90	31.32	31.56	n.a.	23.64	24.98	25.58	23.60
Three-Year	10.81	16.09	9.08	n.a.	14.57	15.94	15.51	9.22
Five-Year	19.30	20.67	16.50	n.a.	20.21	20.03	21.63	15.93
10-Year	8.28	9.09	9.59	n.a.	8.70	6.67	9.78	9.02
15-Year	9.91	11.65	11.18	n.a.	8.01	n.a.	9.34	8.13
20-Year	11.09	12.04	n.a.	n.a.	9.81	n.a.	11.42	n.a.
25-Year	11.04	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	9.74	n.a.	11.22	n.a.
Since Inception	11.03	11.78	11.02	8.49 <sup>2</sup>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Inception Date	11/26/86	12/14/93	11/1/96 <sup>3</sup>	10/17/13	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

<sup>1</sup>Not annualized, cumulative Year-to-Date.

<sup>2</sup>Not annualized, cumulative since inception on 10/17/13.

<sup>3</sup>Date Royce & Associates, LLC assumed investment management responsibility for the Fund.

### Important Performance and Risk Information

All performance information in this Review and Report reflects past performance, is presented on a total return basis, and reflects the reinvestment of distributions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate, so that shares may be worth more or less than their original cost when sold. Current performance may be higher or lower than performance quoted. Current month-end performance may be obtained at [www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com). The Funds are closed-end registered investment companies whose respective shares of common stock may trade at a discount to the net asset value. Shares of each Fund's common stock are also subject to the market risk of investing in the underlying portfolio securities held by each Fund. Certain immaterial adjustments were made to the net assets of Royce Global Value Trust at 6/30/14 for financial reporting purposes, and as a result the net asset value originally calculated on that date and the total return based on that net asset value differs from the adjusted net asset value and total return reported in the Financial Highlights. The Funds

are closed-end registered investment companies whose shares of common stock trade at a discount to their net asset value. Shares of each Fund's common stock are also subject to the market risks of investing in the underlying portfolio securities held by each Fund, respectively. All indexes referenced are unmanaged and capitalization-weighted. Each index's returns include net reinvested dividends and/or interest income. Russell Investment Group is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes. Russell® is a trademark of Russell Investment Group. The Russell 2000 Index is an index of domestic small-cap stocks that measures the performance of the 2,000 smallest publicly traded U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell Microcap Index includes 1,000 of the smallest securities in the small-cap Russell 2000 Index, along with the next smallest eligible securities as determined by Russell. The Russell 2500 Index is an index of the 2,500 smallest publicly traded U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell Global Small Cap Index is an unmanaged, capitalization-weighted index of global small-cap stocks. The performance of an index does not represent exactly any particular investment, as you cannot invest directly in an index. Index returns include net reinvested dividends and/or interest income. Royce Value, Micro-Cap and Global Value Trust shares of common stock trade on the NYSE. Royce Focus Trust shares of common stock trade on the NASDAQ. Royce Fund Services, Inc ( RFS ) is a member of FINRA and has filed this Review and Report with FINRA on behalf of each Fund. RFS is not an underwriter or distributor of any of the Funds.

2 | This page is not part of the 2014 Semiannual Report to Stockholders

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## Letter to Our Stockholders

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### No Drama

Whatever other opinions we may all hold about the stock market's behavior over the last six years, we think everyone can agree that it has certainly been dramatic. The action began in earnest in the fall of 2008, although it is important to recall that small-cap stock prices had actually been falling for more than a year prior to that—the peak for the Russell 2000 Index having been established on July 13, 2007. Yet the full effects of the bear were unleashed by the events of the Financial Crisis, which keyed the dangerously precipitous nosedive of share prices in the fall of 2008. The tumult lasted until small-caps finally hit a bottom on March 9, 2009. The fear and anxiety the descent created, however, reached into the next several years. The feeling of extraordinary fragility that characterized the early days of the recovery in the spring of 2009 did not magically evaporate when markets began to find their feet again. In fact, one could argue that these emotions dominated the behavior of investors at least until the end of 2012.

The three years from 2010 through 2012 were eventful, even if the stress and excitement they generated did not equal that of the first six months of 2009. In fact, much of the market's most extreme moves in that entire four-year span (2009-2012) took place in the first six months of those years, driven in large part by events both actual and potential. The recession in the U.S., debt issues in Europe, and slow growth in China were all very real, while a double-dip recession here at home, default in Europe, and implosion in China fortunately failed to materialize. **By the end of 2012, with the stock market climbing and the economy expanding, investors seemed to recognize that, in spite of high volatility and political uncertainty, equity returns had been solidly positive since the March 2009 bottom. This improved confidence helped to spur a different kind**

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Charles M. Royce, President

## Letter to Our Stockholders

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*The long-running, and probably unresolvable, debate about active versus passive investment strategies has taken on new life in the years since the onset of the Financial Crisis, often to the detriment of active approaches. To take one example, Morningstar compiled data showing that inflows into equity mutual funds have been dwarfed by those into equity ETFs (exchange traded funds) measuring from the momentous year of 2008. For the six calendar years from 2008-2013, traditional equity funds have taken in \$5.52 billion while ETFs have attracted \$389.08 billion. That's quite a disparity.*

*It seems to be no secret that many active managers have struggled to keep pace with their respective equity indexes in these often eventful years. These years have also seen a raft of studies purporting to show that most investment managers are unable to consistently beat the market, i.e., regularly outperform a relevant index such as the Russell 2000 or S&P 500 Indexes.*

*Perhaps unsurprisingly, we would offer two caveats before one embraces uncritically the notion that passive*

*Continued on page 6...*

**of dramatic arc.** The long, slow recovery entered a new phase in 2013—a heady, and virtually correction-free, bull run in which returns for each of the major domestic stock indexes topped 30%.

The curtain opened on 2014, then, on the heels of one of the better calendar-year performances in the history of domestic equities, which followed four consecutive years of mostly rising stock prices in an uncertain economy. So the question now is, what is the next act for equities? Some argue that the economy is not strong enough to really take flight. They worry about the rich valuations sported by large numbers of stocks. Others see the relative absence of volatility as a sign of complacency and fret that stocks are about to enter a destructive bear phase. There are those who point to increasingly unsettled international situations, such as in Ukraine, Syria, and Iraq, and argue that the market cannot continue to pretend that events in these nations take place far offstage, not in an increasingly intertwined global economy.

We, however, are in accord with the more widespread consensus that sees the U.S. economy as gradually normalizing. As evidence we would point to the following: The deficit continues to fall, the Fed continues to wind down the rate of its monthly bond purchases, and interest rates, though they remain close to zero, look likely to rise again in the near future, as they did last year between May and December. Inflation is tame, commodity prices stable. **Volatility, as measured by the VIX, finished the first half of 2014 at low levels not seen since 2007. Add an increasingly robust M&A market, and it seems to us that the recipe for ongoing growth and bullishness, however mild, at least compared to last year seems almost complete.** And this process of normalization looks likely to accelerate as the Fed's role recedes further and further into the background, setting the stage for a more dynamic pace of growth.

So while there remain voices who insist that stocks are overvalued, we think the case for additional gains, which could include a correction along the way, remains persuasive. It seems to us that the relatively lower returns of the first half of 2014 indicate not an end to a bull phase, but a chance for the market to catch its breath and assess its surroundings. It may be that investors need a break from all the drama, a respite from the unrelenting pace of the last six years. So the desire to stand back for a moment and evaluate what is happening seems eminently reasonable. How many investors have enjoyed more than a few moments of true calm since before the recession began back in 2007? **Ultimately, we suspect that both the expanding economy and slower pace of returns will result in more fundamentally focused investors.**

Indeed, the indications that the strength of companies and the businesses they manage are beginning to matter more than indexes and the macro events that move them go back to the spring of 2012, when quality stocks—those with high returns on invested capital—enjoyed a brief run of outperformance. This nascent phenomenon re-started again, briefly in May 2013 when the 10-year Treasury rate reached a bottom. Quality companies, particularly those in our chosen small-cap space, have not yet emerged as leaders, but they have inched closer over the last two years. Correlation levels throughout the market are falling. These are excellent conditions, in our view, for disciplined active management approaches, especially those with a long-term investment horizon.

## No Direction Home

U.S. stocks turned in a respectable performance in the first half of 2014. If results were not as lofty as they were in the first half of 2013 (and they were not), they were achieved in a more tranquil domestic environment than in the first halves of 2010, 2011, or 2012. One consequence of the more relaxed atmosphere of the first half was that stocks did not seem to know quite what to do with themselves. While the overvalued/not-quite-overvalued-yet argument goes on, the market has not established a clear direction so far in 2014. The bull has so far remained in place during the current cycle; he simply slowed his run to a brisk walk in the first half. For the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014, the major domestic indexes remained in the black. **The small-cap Russell 2000 Index gained 3.2%, taking a back seat to the more tech-oriented Nasdaq Composite, which advanced 5.5% in the first half, and the large-cap S&P 500 and Russell 1000 Indexes, which scored respective gains of 7.1% and 7.3% for the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014.**

The year began on a more moderate note following a red-hot second half of 2013. Nevertheless, 2014's opening quarter was the seventh consecutive quarter of positive performance for the Russell 2000, which rose 1.1%. Large-caps led for the quarter—the S&P 500 and Russell 1000 gained 1.8% and 2.0%, respectively, while the Nasdaq Composite rose 0.5%. Small-caps reached a first-half high on March 4, and the only correction so far this year was the 9.1% drop for the Russell 2000 from that date through May 15, 2014. April was thus the cruelest month, but a series of mini-rallies from mid-May through the end of June made the second quarter mostly positive. The Russell 2000 posted its eighth consecutive positive quarter, up 2.0%. Once again, large-cap outperformed, with the S&P 500 advancing 5.2% and the Russell 1000 up 5.1% for the second quarter. The Nasdaq bounced back strong as well, climbing 5.0% in the second quarter and leaving only the small-cap index out of the five-percent club.

**Small-cap held onto leadership outside the U.S. In the first quarter, the Russell Global ex-U.S. Small Cap Index was up 3.2% while the Russell Global ex-U.S. Large Cap Index rose 0.8%.** Results were stronger in the second quarter and, as in the first, closer to their domestic counterparts than we have seen in a while. For the second quarter, the Russell Global ex-U.S. Small Cap was up 4.2% versus 5.0% for the Russell Global ex-U.S. Large Cap. Year-to-date, non-U.S. small-caps had the edge, with the Russell Global ex-U.S. Small Cap returning 7.5% versus a gain of 5.8% for the Russell Global ex-U.S. Large Cap. After a challenging first quarter, many Asian equities bounced back in the second and finished closer to the European indexes, most of which had been on a tear prior to cooling off in the second quarter.

Moving back to the U.S., mid-cap and micro-caps were equally solid in the first quarter. The Russell Midcap Index was up 3.5% versus a gain of 3.0% for the Russell Microcap Index in 2014's first three months. This pattern broke down around the time of the March 4 small-cap high and can be seen in the second-quarter results for each index. The Russell Midcap continued its notable 2014

Quality companies, particularly those in our chosen small-cap space, have not yet emerged as leaders, but they have inched closer over the last two years. Correlation levels throughout the market are falling. These are excellent conditions, in our view, for disciplined active management approaches, especially those with a long-term investment horizon.

U.S. stocks turned in a respectable performance in the first half of 2014. If results were not as lofty as they were in the first half of 2013 (and they were not), they were achieved in a more tranquil domestic environment than in the first halves of 2010, 2011, or 2012.



*investing is always better: First, a number of managers have consistently outperformed the market over long-term periods and especially within the small-cap asset category. In fact, we believe strongly in the idea that it is not necessary for all managers to beat the market in order for active management to be validated as an approach. Our second note of caution relates to time periods. While it would be nice to outperform an index every year, it is just as unrealistic to expect that as it would be to expect an index to outperform active management every year. It is also unrealistic to expect a high degree of outperformance in the long term without experiencing some short-term underperformance periods.*

*A willingness to stick to one's approach, regardless of market movements and trends, is critical to long-term outperformance in our opinion. This is especially important during market extremes because there are active managers who exhibit style drift or other changes in their discipline when their investment style falls out of favor or is stressed, such as during the tech bubble.*

*Successful active management also entails a willingness to think independently in terms of sector and industry weightings. It is not unusual for the most successful managers to be*

*significantly out of sync relative  
to a*

*Continued on page 8...*

## Letter to Our Stockholders

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### **2014 YEAR-TO-DATE NAV AND MARKET PRICE TOTAL RETURNS FOR ROYCE S CLOSED-END FUNDS VS. RUSSELL 2000, RUSSELL MICROCAP, RUSSELL 2500 AND THE RUSSELL GLOBAL SMALL-CAP INDEXES as of 6/30/14**

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<sup>1</sup> Certain immaterial adjustments were made to the net assets of Royce Global Value Trust at 6/30/2014 for financial reporting purposes, and as a result the net asset value originally calculated on that date and the total returns based on that net asset value differs from that adjusted net asset value and total return reported in the Financial Highlights.

performance, rising 5.0% in the second quarter. This gave mid-caps an impressive 8.7% advance on a year-to-date basis. In contrast, micro-caps struggled in the second quarter, suffering more in the brief downturn than their larger cousins. The Russell Microcap Index fell 1.4% for the quarter and was up only 1.6% for the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014.

Many mid-cap stocks have demonstrated strong records of growth over the last few years, and their success throughout the entire post-Financial Crisis cycle has not been a surprise to us. In fact, mid-caps have been an area of significant interest to us for years now. **The small- and micro-cap spaces have, by contrast, high numbers of very speculative companies and are typically more volatile sometimes much more so in the case of micro-caps. They have also enjoyed very strong results over the last several years.** The three- and five-year annualized returns through the end of June for the Russell 2000 and Russell Microcap Indexes were terrific on an absolute basis. With equity investors acting more cautiously, if not always consistently, so far in 2014, the relative breather for small- and micro-cap stocks and we do not think it is any more than a breather was also not a surprise.

## No Excuses

Each of our four closed-end funds enjoyed strong absolute performance in the first half. We were pleased with both the year-to-date and one-year results for the three portfolios with sufficient history, though we recognize fully that more needs to be done with regard to relative performance, especially over more intermediate-term periods. Two portfolios outpaced their respective benchmarks on both an NAV (net asset value) and market price basis for the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014 Royce Micro-Cap Trust and Focus Trust. These same two funds also beat their respective benchmarks for the one-year period ended June 30, 2014. This was welcome news because, with a few exceptions, shorter-term performance advantages have been elusive over the last few years. Of course short-term outperformance must always be kept in perspective as exactly that short term. We are hopeful, however, having seen Royce Value Trust and Focus Trust narrow the gap in their respective one-, three-, and five-year results versus their respective benchmarks over

the last three to four quarters. In addition, Royce Micro-Cap Trust held an edge over its benchmark in those periods. Finally, our three closed-end funds with more than 15 years of history have also generally held their relative edge for periods of a decade or longer.

Yet we still have work to do. **As encouraged as we have been about the recent short spates of leadership for quality stocks and the likelihood that a strengthening, less Fed-dependent economy will benefit active small-cap approaches, lower quality small-caps again assumed leadership when prices were rallying in June.** Investors are still working out their preferences. Profitable companies as well as those with high returns on invested capital led through the downturn before falling behind in the up phase. The market thus remained a peculiar place in the first half. This may be because we still have a very active Fed at work in an economy that arguably has not needed the extra help in at least a year.

## No Worries

We are very bullish about the prospects for active small-cap management. We have an obvious bias in favor of active approaches here at Royce, but we think that over the last 14 months dating back to the low for the 10-year Treasury in May of last year we have reached a point at which active management in small-cap stocks simply makes more sense, especially for long-term investors. Since that May 2013 low, company fundamentals have gradually become more important as drivers of share-price success. Rather than invest in a small-cap index vehicle in which approximately 25% of the companies are losing money (as was the case for the Russell 2000 for the 12 months ended May 31, 2014), we think it is smarter for investors to consider portfolios that look for well-run, financially strong companies with attractive long-term prospects.

So while quality has not yet seized small-cap leadership, we suspect that the reign of low-quality stocks is coming to an end. **In our view, the next phase will be one in which companies with attractive characteristics such as strong balance sheets and high returns on invested capital should begin to lead.** In spite of not showing as much strength when the market was recovering in May and June, many did well enough to lead the small-cap pack from the 2014 high in March through the end of the first half. We would expect something like this pattern to continue at least through the end of the year as the market continues to adjust to the growing normalization of the economy. With diverse small-cap sectors such as Consumer Discretionary, Health Care, and Information Technology showing sizable declines since the end of February, we have been looking closely there (and elsewhere) for what we think are attractively priced, fundamentally strong small-cap businesses. As always, volatility in the small-cap market is something that we seek to use to our advantage, even when it is in short supply.

We are very bullish about the prospects for active small-cap management... we have reached a point at which active management in small-cap stocks simply makes more sense, especially for long-term investors.

## Know This

**We feel somewhat fortunate in that we do not need to choose a side in the overvalued versus ongoing bull market debate. Rather than trying to make a correct market call, our attention has been focused on those potential opportunities that can materialize even in a widespread bull market.** Corrections can arrive at any time, of course, and it has been a while since we have seen one of any significance. The last downturn of more

*benchmark index with respect to industry and sector weightings (commonly referred to as tracking error).*

*In addition, active managers are not required to invest cash inflows at the time of receipt when market conditions or prices may not be conducive. They may screen for quality and use buy/sell triggers as a means of reducing risk.*

*While a passive manager must own everything, an active manager has the freedom to look for attractive stocks across a targeted universe.*

*All of this helps to explain why we remain so fond of small-caps and so confident in the effectiveness and value of active approaches in the asset class. Active small-cap managers can capture valuation opportunities beyond their respective indexes an opportunity that would be lost if one were limited to owning only the constituents that make up an index. For example, the Russell 2000, while quite broad, only includes about 2,000 of the more than 4,100 companies<sup>1</sup> that make up the domestic small-cap universe (those with market caps up to \$2.5 billion). While self-serving, we nevertheless think that the small-cap asset class is ideally suited for active management given its enormous size, lack of institutional focus, and limited research availability.*

<sup>1</sup> Source: Reuters as of 6/30/14

## Letter to Our Stockholders

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than 10% for the Russell 2000 occurred in the fall of 2012. And share prices recovered so quickly from the 9.1% March-May decline this year that the down phase barely registered. This might lead one to argue that the market is being set up for at least a decent-sized pullback. Our sense, however, is that we are more likely to see smaller ones in the 5-10% range as part of the ongoing bull phase. Against the backdrop of an economy that looks poised for faster growth, a Fed tapering at a healthy clip, and an interest-rate environment in which a steady rate of increase is much more of a when than an if, less severe downturns look more likely.

Small-cap valuations on the whole are above average, though not unreasonably so given near-zero interest rates and low inflation. A number of anomalies remain in the market, and in many cases we see a wide disparity between what look to us like expensive stocks and those that look inexpensive on an absolute basis. The market seems to be in the process of sorting that out certainly those areas of the market that do not interest us, and that did well in 2012 and 2013, have been more volatile so far in 2014. In addition, we are still seeing companies that look attractively valued to us based on their fundamentals. All in all, it is looking more and more like a stock-picker's market to us. We could see the second half of the year being pretty similar to the first in terms of the overall returns for stocks. More important, we think there are still enough opportunities out there to keep returns in positive territory through the end of 2014. This could make the market's next act a very happy one for active small-cap managers.

Sincerely,

Charles M. Royce  
President

Christopher D. Clark  
Co-Chief Investment  
Officer,  
Royce & Associates

Francis D. Gannon  
Co-Chief Investment  
Officer  
Royce & Associates

July 31, 2014



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## Royce Value Trust

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### AVERAGE ANNUAL NAV TOTAL RETURNS

Through 6/30/14

January June 2014 <sup>1</sup>	3.00%
One-Year	22.90
Three-Year	10.81
Five-Year	19.30
10-Year	8.28
15-Year	9.91
20-Year	11.09
25-Year	11.04
Since Inception (11/26/86)	11.03

<sup>1</sup> Not Annualized

### CALENDAR YEAR NAV TOTAL RETURNS

Year	RVT	Year	RVT
2013	34.1%	2005	8.4%
2012	15.4	2004	21.4
2011	-10.1	2003	40.8
2010	30.3	2002	-15.6
2009	44.6	2001	15.2
2008	-45.6	2000	16.6
2007	5.0	1999	11.7
2006	19.5	1998	3.3

### TOP 10 POSITIONS % of Net Assets

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HEICO Corporation	1.3%
On Assignment	0.9
Ash Grove Cement Cl. B	0.9
Federated Investors Cl. B	0.9
Reliance Steel & Aluminum	0.9
Tejon Ranch	0.8
E-L Financial	0.8
Woodward	0.8
Coherent	0.8
Forward Air	0.8

**PORTFOLIO SECTOR BREAKDOWN** % of Net Assets

Industrials	29.3%
Information Technology	18.9
Financials	13.7
Consumer Discretionary	11.2
Materials	7.5
Health Care	5.3
Energy	4.6
Consumer Staples	1.6
Telecommunication Services	0.7
Utilities	0.1
Diversified Investment Companies	0.0
Miscellaneous	4.8
Preferred Stock	0.1
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Net of Outstanding Line of Credit	2.2

## Manager's Discussion

Royce Value Trust (RVT) put up a solid absolute and relative showing in the first half of 2014. **The Fund gained 3.0% on an NAV (net asset value) basis and 3.9% on a market price basis for the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014 versus the 3.2% gain for each of its unleveraged small-cap benchmarks, the Russell 2000 Index and the S&P SmallCap 600 Index, for the same period.**

While the bull market ran into 2014 after a magnificent run in 2013, the pace of returns was more subdued. This was also the case for RVT. Harsh winter weather, geopolitical concerns, and a new Federal Reserve chair all gave investors much to ponder. The Fund was up 0.5% on an NAV basis and 0.2% on a market price basis in the first quarter. Volatility returned to the market in March and April, with RVT outperforming the Russell 2000 in the down phase from the Russell 2000's 2014 high on March 4 through May 15. Small-cap stocks then made a strong comeback through the end of June to finish the second quarter in the black. For the second quarter, RVT outperformed its benchmark on both an NAV and market price basis, advancing 2.5% and 3.7%, respectively, versus a gain of 2.0% for the Russell 2000 and 2.1% for the S&P SmallCap 600.

We were reasonably pleased with the Fund's relative performance during a period where the economy is beginning to slowly but surely normalize. On an NAV basis, RVT outperformed the Russell 2000 for the 15-, 20-, 25-year, and since inception (11/26/86) periods ended June 30, 2014 while the Fund outpaced the Russell 2000 on a market price basis for each of those periods and the five-year span. **The Fund's average annual NAV total return since inception was 11.0%.** We take great pride in RVT's long-term performance record.

Nine of the Fund's 11 equity sectors were positive contributors to first-half performance. Health Care made the largest positive impact, with Energy, Financials, and Materials also posting respectable net gains. Industrials was the RVT's largest detractor at the sector level, followed by a modest net loss in the Consumer Discretionary sector. The portfolio's largest contributor to performance at the industry level was biotechnology, largely as a result of net gains from two of the Fund's top-five contributing stocks. Idenix Pharmaceuticals focuses on the development of drugs for the treatment of infections caused by HIV, hepatitis B, and hepatitis C. Its stock price was fairly volatile through much of the first half before more than tripling in early June after news that

pharmaceutical giant Merck would be acquiring the company at a healthy premium. We began selling after the announcement and had sold our shares by mid-June. Myriad Genetics specializes in molecular diagnostics with a specialty in genetic testing for cancer. The company faced a lot of skepticism after the Supreme Court ruled in June 2013 that human genes could not be patented. We believed that neither the Court's ruling nor

**GOOD IDEAS THAT WORKED**

Top Contributors to Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

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Idenix Pharmaceuticals	0.45%
Helmerich & Payne	0.24
Cimarex Energy	0.19
Myriad Genetics	0.18
Harman International Industries	0.15

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<sup>1</sup> Includes dividends.

**Important Performance and Risk Information**

All performance information reflects past performance, is presented on a total return basis, and reflects the reinvestment of distributions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than performance quoted. Returns as of the most recent month-end may be obtained at [www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com). The market price of the Fund's shares will fluctuate, so that shares may be worth more or less than their original cost when sold. The Fund invests primarily in securities of small- and micro-cap companies, which may involve considerably more risk than investing in a more diversified portfolio of larger-cap companies. Regarding the two Good Ideas tables shown above, the sum of all contributors to, and all detractors from, performance for all securities in the portfolio would approximate the Fund's year-to-date performance for 2014.

## Performance and Portfolio Review

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increased business competition would hurt the firm's long-term health, and were pleased that Myriad has been able to continue executing successfully. We were also happy to see the company acquire Crescendo Bioscience in the first half, a strategic acquisition that adds to Myriad's already promising pipeline.

Tulsa-based Helmerich & Payne is a contract driller with a specialty in high-tech drilling rigs. It's a long-time Royce favorite that we have owned continuously in RVT's portfolio since 1998. Accelerated growth in its order book for new rigs further confirmed that the company's technologically superior rigs are driving market share gains as E&P (exploration & production) companies eager to reduce drilling costs upgrade to Helmerich & Payne's more efficient rigs. We reduced our position as its stock price gushed. Headquartered in Denver, Cimarex Energy is a comparatively new addition whose shares we first purchased in 2002. An E&P business operating primarily in Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico, we have long liked its balance sheet and sizable margins. During the first half its shares seemed to benefit from ongoing production growth in a few different properties.

As for positions that detracted from performance, the largest was Advisory Board (The), a research and consulting firm that offers services to the healthcare industry. Organic and subscription revenue growth remains healthy. However, investors seemed to tire of its recently fast-paced M&A activity (five deals in the last 20 months, with more likely ahead), and the near-term negative impact these acquisitions have had on profit margins. Our take is that these acquisitions have generally been of smaller companies that provide footholds and capabilities in other fast-growing healthcare information areas, thus enhancing the firm's long-term growth opportunities. We held our shares through the first half. We also opted to hold our position in Preformed Line Products, a company whose shares we have owned since 1986. The company makes products primarily to support, protect, connect, terminate, and secure cables and wires for the energy, communications, cable provider, and information industries. A weaker global market for infrastructure projects first led its shares to plummet in November 2013. The lack of any sustained earnings recovery continued to hurt its stock.

### GOOD IDEAS AT THE TIME

Top Detractors from Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

Advisory Board (The)	-0.14%
Preformed Line Products	-0.14
Ethan Allen Interiors	-0.13
LKQ Corporation	-0.13
KBR	-0.12

<sup>1</sup> Net of dividends.

**MARKET PRICE PERFORMANCE HISTORY SINCE INCEPTION**  
(11/26/86) through 6/30/14

<sup>1</sup> Reflects the cumulative total return of an investment made by a stockholder who purchased one share at inception (\$10.00 IPO), reinvested all annual distributions and fully participated in primary subscriptions of the Fund's rights offerings.

<sup>2</sup> Reflects the actual market price of one share as it traded on the NYSE.

#### FUND INFORMATION AND PORTFOLIO DIAGNOSTICS

Fund Total Net Assets	\$1,317 million
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Number of Holdings	547
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Turnover Rate	20%
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Symbol	
Market Price	RVT
NAV	XRVTX

Average Market Capitalization <sup>1</sup>	\$1,574 million
--------------------------------------------	-----------------

Weighted Average P/E Ratio <sup>2,3</sup>	21.0x
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Weighted Average P/B Ratio <sup>2</sup>	2.0x
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U.S. Investments (% of Net Assets)	83.4%
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Non-U.S. Investments (% of Net Assets)	14.4%
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<sup>1</sup> **Geometric Average.** This weighted calculation uses each portfolio holding's market cap in a way designed to not skew the effect of very large or small holdings; instead, it aims to better identify the portfolio's center, which Royce believes offers a more accurate measure of average market cap than a simple mean or median.

<sup>2</sup> **Harmonic Average.** This weighted calculation evaluates a portfolio as if it were a single stock and measures it overall. It compares the total market value of the portfolio to the portfolio's share in the earnings or book value, as the case may be, of its underlying stocks.

<sup>3</sup> The Fund's P/E ratio calculation excludes companies with zero or negative earnings (12% of portfolio holdings as of 6/30/14).

#### DOWN MARKET PERFORMANCE COMPARISON

All Down Periods of 7.5% or Greater  
Over the Last 7 Years, in Percentages(%)

## Royce Micro-Cap Trust

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### AVERAGE ANNUAL NAV TOTAL RETURNS

Through 6/30/14

January June 2014 <sup>1</sup>	3.06%
One-Year	31.32
Three-Year	16.09
Five-Year	20.67
10-Year	9.09
15-Year	11.65
20-Year	12.04
Since Inception (12/14/93)	11.78

<sup>1</sup> Not Annualized

### CALENDAR YEAR NAV TOTAL RETURNS

Year	RMT	Year	RMT
2013	44.5%	2005	6.8%
2012	17.3	2004	18.7
2011	-7.7	2003	55.5
2010	28.5	2002	-13.8
2009	46.5	2001	23.4
2008	-45.5	2000	10.9
2007	0.6	1999	12.7
2006	22.5	1998	-4.1

### TOP 10 POSITIONS % of Net Assets

Integrated Electrical Services	1.4%
MVC Capital	1.1



Tennant Company	1.0
Universal Electronics	1.0
Mesa Laboratories	1.0
Exactech	1.0
Seneca Foods	1.0
Drew Industries	1.0
NN	1.0
Flexsteel Industries	1.0

**PORTFOLIO SECTOR BREAKDOWN % of Net Assets**

Industrials	25.5%
Information Technology	19.2
Financials	16.0
Consumer Discretionary	15.3
Health Care	8.3
Materials	7.5
Energy	2.6
Consumer Staples	1.6
Utilities	0.1
Miscellaneous	3.7
Preferred Stock	0.3
Outstanding Line of Credit, Net of Cash and Cash Equivalents	-0.1

**Manager s Discussion**

**Royce Micro-Cap Trust (RMT) gained 3.1%**

**on an NAV (net asset value) basis and 3.9% on a market price basis for the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014 compared to its unleveraged benchmarks, the Russell 2000 Index and Russell Microcap Index, which had respective gains of 3.2% and 1.6%, for the same period.** We were pleased with the Fund's results in the first half, which remained solid on both an absolute and relative basis after a particularly good year in 2013 for both the Fund and micro-cap stocks more generally.

2014 began with many share prices accelerating at a much slower pace than they did in the torrid second half of 2013. For the first quarter of 2014, RMT stayed in step on an NAV basis, though it fell out of step with the market as a whole and micro-caps more specifically during the more moderate market that ushered in the year. The Fund advanced 1.3% in the first quarter on an NAV basis while falling 1.2% based on market price compared to a gain of 3.0% for the Russell Microcap and 1.1% for the Russell 2000. The Fund's results improved in the second quarter, which saw the year's only small-cap correction so far. Investors seemed to be trying to determine the effects on the market of a new Fed chair, a miserable winter, and potentially dangerous international situations in Ukraine and Syria. The verdict was apparently that the first of these was a positive (or at least not a negative), the second temporary, and the third not worth selling stocks over. Small-caps rallied from mid-May through the end of June, which helped RMT to post positive results on both an NAV (+1.7%) and market price basis (+5.1%) for the second quarter.

These results helped the Fund to post strong long-term results on both an absolute and relative basis. On an NAV basis the Fund bested the Russell 2000 for the one-, three-, five-, 10-, 15-, 20-year, and since inception (12/14/93) periods ended June 30, 2014. (RMT) beat the small-cap index on a market price basis for each of those aforementioned periods except the 10-year span. The Fund also outpaced the Russell Microcap on both an NAV and market price basis for the one-, three-, five-, and 10-year periods ended June 30, 2014. (Data for the Russell Microcap only goes back to June 2000.) **RMT's average annual NAV total return for the since inception period was 11.8%.** We remain proud of the Fund's 20-plus years of history.

Seven of the Fund's 10 equity sectors produced net gains in the first half. Health Care led by a wide margin, followed by Financials, Energy, and Materials. Net losses, which were mostly modest at the sector level, came from Industrials and Information

#### **GOOD IDEAS THAT WORKED**

Top Contributors to Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

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Idenix Pharmaceuticals	0.66%
<hr/>	
Medical Action Industries	0.56
<hr/>	
Rentrak Corporation	0.45
<hr/>	
Achillion Pharmaceuticals	0.35
<hr/>	
Furiex Pharmaceuticals	0.34
<hr/>	

<sup>1</sup> Includes dividends.

#### Important Performance and Risk Information

All performance information reflects past performance, is presented on a total return basis, and reflects the reinvestment of distributions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than performance quoted. Returns as of the most recent month-end may be obtained at [www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com). Certain immaterial adjustments were made to the net assets of Royce Micro-Cap Trust at 12/31/12 for financial reporting purposes, and as a result the net asset value originally calculated on that date and the total return based on that net asset value differs from the adjusted net asset value and total return reported in the Financial Highlights. The market price of the Fund's shares will fluctuate, so that shares may be worth more or less than their original cost when sold. The Fund normally invests in micro-cap companies, which may involve considerably more risk than investing in a more diversified portfolio of larger-cap companies. Regarding the two Good Ideas tables shown above, the sum of all contributors to, and all detractors from, performance for all securities in the portfolio would approximate the Fund's year-to-date performance for 2014.

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## Performance and Portfolio Review

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Technology. The same was true at the industry level, where the leading detractors were specialty retail, electrical equipment, road & rail, software, and consumer finance. The most significant net gainers at the industry level were biotechnology, which was out in front by a considerable margin, machinery, media, and the electronic equipment, instruments & components group.

Four of the Fund's five largest contributors came from the Health Care sector and two of those were slotted in the biotechnology group, including RMT's top performer in the first half, Idenix Pharmaceuticals. The company develops drugs that treat infections caused by HIV, hepatitis B, and hepatitis C. Its stock price was somewhat volatile through much of the first half before more than tripling in early June on the news that pharmaceutical giant Merck would be acquiring the company at a healthy premium. We began selling after the announcement and had sold our shares by mid-June. We also sold our shares of Medical Action Industries, which makes custom procedure trays and minor procedure kits, shortly after the news came out that Owens & Minor would be acquiring the company at a whopping 95% premium. Another example of the urge to merge came with Furiex Pharmaceuticals, which first saw strong results in phase III clinical trials for an IBS treatment before being acquired at a healthy premium. The announcement in April led us to sell our shares. Just the possibility of being acquired, along with restarted trials of a hepatitis C product, were the primary drivers of the rapidly rising share price of Achillion Pharmaceuticals. These developments prompted us to greatly reduce our position in June.

As for those positions that detracted, Regional Management extends fixed-rate loans primarily to people with limited access to bank credit, credit cards, and other traditional lenders. Its shares plunged on news of an investigation into possible breaches of its fiduciary duty. We held a small position at the end of June. We also held a small position in PMFG, which provides custom-engineered systems and products primarily for the oil and natural gas industries. Falling revenues and earnings kept investors selling.

### GOOD IDEAS AT THE TIME

Top Detractors from Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

Regional Management	-0.21%
PMFG	-0.19
Cache	-0.19
Patriot Transportation Holding	-0.17
Universal Truckload Services	-0.17

<sup>1</sup> Net of dividends.

### MARKET PRICE PERFORMANCE HISTORY SINCE INCEPTION (12/14/93) through 6/30/14

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## Edgar Filing: ROYCE VALUE TRUST INC - Form N-CSRS

<sup>1</sup> Reflects the cumulative total return of an investment made by a stockholder who purchased one share at inception (\$7.50 IPO), reinvested distributions and fully participated in the primary subscription of the 1994 rights offering.

<sup>2</sup> Reflects the actual market price of one share as it traded on the NYSE and, prior to 12/1/03, on the Nasdaq.

### FUND INFORMATION AND PORTFOLIO DIAGNOSTICS

Fund Total Net Assets	\$437 million
Number of Holdings	398
Turnover Rate	20%
Symbol	
Market Price	RMT
NAV	XOTCX
Average Market Capitalization <sup>1</sup>	\$365 million
Weighted Average P/E Ratio <sup>2,3</sup>	21.8x
Weighted Average P/B Ratio <sup>2</sup>	1.7x
U.S. Investments (% of Net Assets)	90.4%
Non-U.S. Investments (% of Net Assets)	9.7%

<sup>1</sup> **Geometric Average.** This weighted calculation uses each portfolio holding's market cap in a way designed to not skew the effect of very large or small holdings; instead, it aims to better identify the portfolio's center, which Royce believes offers a more accurate measure of average market cap than a simple mean or median.

<sup>2</sup> **Harmonic Average.** This weighted calculation evaluates a portfolio as if it were a single stock and measures it overall. It compares the total market value of the portfolio to the portfolio's share in the earnings or book value, as the case may be, of its underlying stocks.

<sup>3</sup> The Fund's P/E ratio calculation excludes companies with zero or negative earnings (24% of portfolio holdings as of 6/30/14).

### DOWN MARKET PERFORMANCE COMPARISON

All Down Periods of 7.5% or Greater  
Over the Last 7 Years, in Percentages(%)

## Royce Focus Trust

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### AVERAGE ANNUAL NAV TOTAL RETURNS

Through 6/30/14

January June 2014 <sup>1</sup>	12.74%
One-Year	31.56
Three-Year	9.08
Five-Year	16.50
10-Year	9.59
15-Year	11.18
Since Inception (11/1/96) <sup>2</sup>	11.02

<sup>1</sup> Not Annualized<sup>2</sup> Royce & Associates assumed investment management responsibility for the Fund on 11/1/96.

### CALENDAR YEAR NAV TOTAL RETURNS

Year	FUND	Year	FUND
2013	19.7%	2005	13.3%
2012	11.4	2004	29.3
2011	-10.5	2003	54.3
2010	21.8	2002	-12.5
2009	54.0	2001	10.0
2008	-42.7	2000	20.9
2007	12.2	1999	8.7
2006	15.8	1998	-6.8

### TOP 10 POSITIONS % of Net Assets

Western Digital	4.5%
Myriad Genetics	4.4

Apple	3.7
Franklin Resources	3.5
Berkshire Hathaway Cl. B	3.0
SanDisk Corporation	2.9
Cirrus Logic	2.9
Exxon Mobil	2.8
Thor Industries	2.8
Kennedy-Wilson Holdings	2.6

**PORTFOLIO SECTOR BREAKDOWN** % of Net Assets

Materials	20.6%
Information Technology	18.4
Financials	16.5
Energy	13.4
Consumer Discretionary	8.1
Industrials	7.8
Consumer Staples	6.6
Health Care	5.7
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.9

**Manager s Discussion**

We were very pleased with the strong first half enjoyed by Royce Focus Trust (FUND) on both an absolute and relative basis. **The Fund gained an impressive 12.7% on an NAV (net asset value) basis and 15.0% based on market price for the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014, in both cases more than doubling the 5.9% advance for its benchmark, the Russell 2500 Index, for the same period.**

The Fund got off to a strong start that slackened only briefly when stocks were enduring their only bout with volatility thus far during parts of March, April, and May. Otherwise, the waters were mostly calm. After a magnificently bullish 2013, the pace of equity returns slowed as 2014 got under way. In the first quarter FUND was up 5.2% on an NAV basis and 5.8% on a market price basis. Many investors paused prior to the end of the first quarter, perhaps wondering what the effects might be of a bitter winter, a new Federal Reserve chair, and worrisome geopolitical happenings. For the most part, stocks rallied, with results largely positive from mid-May through the end of June. For the second quarter, which included the bulk of the brief corrective phase, FUND advanced 7.1% based on its NAV and 8.7% based on its market price while the Russell 2500 rose 3.6%.

We were happy to see the Fund rebound at a time when the economy is both growing and returning to something like the Old Normal with the role of the Fed gradually diminishing. Such an environment looks promising in our view for active and disciplined managers who emphasize long-term time horizons and absolute returns. FUND outpaced the Russell 2500 for the one-, 15-year, and since inception of our management (11/1/96) periods ended June 30, 2014. **The Fund's average annual NAV total return since inception was 11.0%.** We remain proud of FUND's long-term performance record.

Over the last five years, we have been building positions in several economically sensitive, cyclical sectors, including Energy, Industrials, Materials, and Information Technology. Going back as far as 2009 in some instances, many stocks in these areas looked strong to us on both an absolute and relative basis, in particular on the level of balance sheet strength, returns on invested capital, and P/E ratios. Through the first half of 2013, many of the companies that we liked in these sectors, such as Canadian energy services businesses, had not yet seen much, if any, share price recovery. This began to turn around in the second half of last year. Coupled with declining correlation levels across all equity asset classes, these developments left us feeling very confident in the ongoing prospects for many of our holdings in cyclical sectors.

Three of the four sectors mentioned above—Energy, Information Technology, and Materials—made the greatest net contributions to results for the year-to-date period. Energy led by a good-sized margin, driven by robust results for several long-term holdings in the

#### **GOOD IDEAS THAT WORKED**

Top Contributors to Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

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Myriad Genetics	2.66%
Helmerich & Payne	1.28
SanDisk Corporation	1.08
Trican Well Service	0.72
Pason Systems	0.71

<sup>1</sup> Includes dividends.

**Important Performance and Risk Information**

All performance information reflects past performance, is presented on a total return basis, and reflects the reinvestment of distributions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than performance quoted. Returns as of the most recent month-end may be obtained at [www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com). The market price of the Fund's shares will fluctuate, so that shares may be worth more or less than their original cost when sold. The Fund normally invests primarily in small-cap companies, which may involve considerably more risk than investing in a more diversified portfolio of larger-cap companies. Regarding the two Good Ideas tables shown above, the sum of all contributors to, and all detractors from, performance for all securities in the portfolio would approximate the Fund's year-to-date performance for 2014.

## Performance and Portfolio Review

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energy equipment & services industry, where the bulk of the portfolio's positions in that sector are slotted. Renewed demand helped Helmerich & Payne, a company we have long admired for its status as a leader in manufacturing technologically superior rigs and related equipment. Other energy businesses are seeing the benefit in using Helmerich's services, as upgrading to its more efficient rigs helps to drive down drilling costs. Trican Well Service is the largest pressure pumping service provider in Canada and a leading fracturing company in Russia. FUND's twelfth largest holding at the end of June, the company benefited from a recovery in the demand for its services in Canada and the U.S. for fracking and other well-related services.

Outside of the Energy sector, we were very pleased with the comeback of Myriad Genetics. A molecular diagnostic company that specializes in genetic testing for cancer, its share price fell rapidly in the wake of a mixed ruling from the Supreme Court in June 2013, which held that human genes cannot be patented. Many investors were concerned that the company would struggle to compete or be profitable in the light of this decision. The stock began to recover in the first quarter of 2014. Though its price was a bit volatile during the second quarter, we remain confident. It remains a leader in genetic testing with a variety of industry-standard tools for detecting hereditary cancer risk. Fiscal third-quarter revenues, announced in May, were up, helping to make fiscal 2014 nicely profitable. Top-six position SanDisk Corporation provides data storage products and solutions, including flash memory, proprietary controller and firmware technologies, as well as USB drives, digital media players, and other components. Capacity concerns have abated and global demand has been growing, both of which helped its shares to rise in the first half. As for those holdings that struggled, we also remain confident in the long-term prospects for personal skin care product maker and distributor Nu Skin Enterprises. The company resolved some distribution issues in China, which accounts for about a third of its growing global business, by paying a small fine.

### GOOD IDEAS AT THE TIME

Top Detractors from Performance

Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

Nu Skin Enterprises Cl. A	-1.05%
Buckle (The)	-0.41
GameStop Corporation Cl. A	-0.38
Patriot Transportation Holding	-0.37
Medicines Company (The)	-0.33

<sup>1</sup> Net of dividends.

### MARKET PRICE PERFORMANCE HISTORY SINCE INCEPTION

(11/1/96)<sup>3</sup> through 6/30/14

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## Edgar Filing: ROYCE VALUE TRUST INC - Form N-CSRS

<sup>1</sup> Reflects the cumulative total return experience of a continuous common stockholder who reinvested all distributions and fully participated in the primary subscription of the 2005 rights offering.

<sup>2</sup> Reflects the actual market price of one share as it traded on Nasdaq.

<sup>3</sup> Royce & Associates assumed investment management responsibility for the Fund on 11/1/96.

### FUND INFORMATION AND PORTFOLIO DIAGNOSTICS

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Fund Total Net Assets	\$213 million
Number of Holdings	50
Turnover Rate	13%
Symbol	
Market Price	FUND
NAV	XFUNX
Average Market Capitalization <sup>1</sup>	\$6,634 million
Weighted Average P/E Ratio <sup>2,3</sup>	18.1x
Weighted Average P/B Ratio <sup>2</sup>	2.4x
U.S. Investments (% of Net Assets)	66.2%
Non-U.S. Investments (% of Net Assets)	30.9%

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<sup>1</sup> **Geometric Average.** This weighted calculation uses each portfolio holding's market cap in a way designed to not skew the effect of very large or small holdings; instead, it aims to better identify the portfolio's center, which Royce believes offers a more accurate measure of average market cap than a simple mean or median.

<sup>2</sup> **Harmonic Average.** This weighted calculation evaluates a portfolio as if it were a single stock and measures it overall. It compares the total market value of the portfolio to the portfolio's share in the earnings, or book value, as the case may be, of its underlying stocks.

<sup>3</sup> The Fund's P/E ratio calculation excludes companies with zero or negative earnings (16% of portfolio holdings as of 6/30/14).

### DOWN MARKET PERFORMANCE COMPARISON

All Down Periods of 7.5% or Greater

Over the Last 7 Years, in Percentages(%)

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## Royce Global Value Trust

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### CUMULATIVE NAV TOTAL RETURN

Through 6/30/14

January June 2014	5.57%
Since Inception (10/17/13)	8.49

### TOP 10 POSITIONS % of Net Assets

Consort Medical	1.5%
Television Broadcasts	1.5
Lazard Cl. A	1.5
Midland Holdings	1.4
CETIP - Mercados Organizados	1.4
Stallergenes	1.4
Pico Far East Holdings	1.4
Ashmore Group	1.4
Mayr-Melnhof Karton	1.4
Gaztransport Et Technigaz	1.3

### PORTFOLIO SECTOR BREAKDOWN % of Net Assets

Industrials	20.1%
Financials	18.7
Consumer Discretionary	18.0
Materials	16.4
Information Technology	13.5
Health Care	7.1

Energy	2.7
Consumer Staples	2.6
Diversified Investment Companies	0.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.1

### Manager's Discussion

**For the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2014 Royce Global Value Trust Fund (RGT) climbed 5.6% on an NAV (net asset value basis) and 5.9% on a market price basis, essentially sandwiching its benchmark, the Russell Global Small Cap Index, which was up 5.7% for the same period.** We were pleased with the Fund's performance. While slightly shy of its benchmark on an NAV basis, first-half results nonetheless bolstered our confidence in RGT's prospects for strong absolute results going forward. The Fund came into existence as a spin-off from Royce Value Trust (RVT) at the rate of one share of Global Trust common stock for every seven shares of RVT common stock owned. RGT's investment goal is long-term growth of capital. The Fund invests in a broadly diversified portfolio of both U.S. and non-U.S. small-cap stocks. Chuck Royce manages the Fund while Royce veterans Chris Flynn and David Nadel serve as assistant portfolio managers.

Although most non-U.S. markets did not match the feverish pace of their small-cap stateside cousins in 2013, they did fine on an NAV basis before going on to enjoy a stronger first half of 2014. For the first quarter, the Fund rose 1.4% on an absolute basis and 1.0% on market price basis. A strengthening Europe helped to compensate for a generally less robust Asia during the first few months of 2014. There were notable contributions from portfolio holdings in Canada, France, and Italy in the first quarter as well as trouble spots for positions headquartered in Hong Kong and the U.S.

For the second quarter, returns were stronger both here in the U.S. and abroad, the latter helped by a recovery for many Asian companies. This was most noticeable for positions headquartered in Japan, which overcame first-quarter net losses to post a significant contribution for both the second quarter and semiannual period. Portfolio holdings in Canada also enjoyed a strong second quarter, helped by net gains in a number of industries. RGT was thus able to take advantage of the market's growing strength, increasing 4.1% for the second quarter on an NAV basis and 4.8% on a

market price basis. (The Russell Global Small Cap Index grew 3.3% for the same period.) The Fund's cumulative NAV return from inception (10/17/13) through June 30, 2014 was 8.5%.

All of the Fund's nine equity sectors finished the first half in positive territory, with Financials, Information Technology, and Materials making the largest positive contributions. At the industry level, second-quarter strength was apparent, with the capital markets, auto

#### **GOOD IDEAS THAT WORKED**

Top Contributors to Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

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CETIP - Mercados Organizados	0.46%
<hr/>	
De Longhi	0.43
<hr/>	
BBVA Banco Frances ADR	0.42
<hr/>	
China XD Plastics	0.40
<hr/>	
Franco-Nevada Corporation	0.34
<hr/>	

<sup>1</sup> Includes dividends.

#### **Important Performance and Risk Information**

All performance information reflects past performance, is presented on a total return basis, and reflects the reinvestment of distributions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be higher or lower than performance quoted. Returns as of the most recent month-end may be obtained at [www.roycefunds.com](http://www.roycefunds.com). Certain immaterial adjustments were made to the net assets of Royce Global Value Trust at 6/30/14 for financial reporting purposes, and as a result the net asset value originally calculated on that date and the total return based on that net asset value differs from the adjusted net asset value and total return reported in the Financial Highlights. The market price of the Fund's shares will fluctuate, so that shares may be worth more or less than their original cost when sold. The Fund invests primarily in securities of small- and micro-cap companies, which may involve considerably more risk than investments in securities of larger-cap companies. The Fund's broadly diversified portfolio does not ensure a profit or guarantee against loss. From time to time, the Fund may invest a significant portion of its net assets in foreign securities, which may involve political, economic, currency and other risks not encountered in U.S. investments. The market price of the Fund's shares will fluctuate, so that shares may be worth more or less than their original cost

**when sold. Regarding the two Good Ideas tables shown above, the sum of all contributors to, and all detractors from, performance for all securities in the portfolio would approximate the Fund's year-to-date performance for 2014.**

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## Performance and Portfolio Review

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components, household durables, and semiconductors & semiconductor equipment groups leading in the first half. Detracting most from first-half results at the industry level were air freight & logistics companies, media stocks, and multiline retailers. Coming from the first of these three groups, New Jersey-based UTi Worldwide is a global supply chain logistics services and solutions company that operates on multiple platforms helping a variety of industries. Its business was hurt by lower freight-forwarding volumes and pricing as well as by delays in collecting receivables. All of this caused the company to violate its debt covenants, resulting in an expensive and dilutive recapitalization. We chose to hold shares in the hope of a turnaround. We built our position in Pico Far East Holdings, a Hong Kong-based business that makes displays for companies presenting at conventions. We like that major global brands such as Mercedes Benz, Lexus, and Citibank trust the company to accurately portray their brand images. The slowdown in China's economy hurt Pico Far East Holdings business, but management keeps a close eye on costs and focuses on the long term, traits that inspire our confidence.

The Fund's top contributing stock was top-five position CETIP-Mercados Organizados, which organizes the over-the-counter (OTC) markets in Brazil. The company offers an electronic platform for conducting online transactions, such as auctions and government bond trading, corporate bonds, and fixed income securities. CETIP also provides central securities depository, outsourcing, market data, and risk management services. Its shares rose on what we suspect was a flight to company quality in Brazil's first-half bear market. De'Longhi is an Italian company which owns a collection of consumer brands in the domestic appliance market, such as coffee makers, food processors, electric ovens, kettles, toasters, and more. Its stock performance in the first half of 2014 was largely generated in the first quarter after reporting solid earnings for 2013. It also benefited from investors' generally increased risk appetite for Italian stocks. We trimmed our stake throughout the first half. The oldest private bank in Argentina and the nation's third largest, BBVA Banco Frances ADR has posted both strong earnings and given an improved outlook so far in 2014, both of which seemed to attract more investors to its shares. We began to sell our shares of specialty chemical company China XD Plastics in May when improved revenues and earnings led to a spike in its stock, which then corrected amid questions about the veracity of its reported results.

### GOOD IDEAS AT THE TIME

Top Detractors from Performance  
Year-to-Date through 6/30/14<sup>1</sup>

UTi Worldwide	-0.50%
Pico Far East Holdings	-0.46
New World Department Store China	-0.38
LPS Brasil Consultoria de Imoveis	-0.23



LPKF Laser & Electronics	-0.22
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<sup>1</sup> Net of dividends.

**FUND INFORMATION AND PORTFOLIO DIAGNOSTICS**

Fund Total Net Assets	\$108 million
Number of Holdings	167
Turnover Rate	21%
Symbol	
Market Price	RGT
NAV	XRGTX
Average Market Capitalization <sup>1</sup>	\$1,136 million
Weighted Average P/E Ratio <sup>2,3</sup>	15.3x
Weighted Average P/B Ratio <sup>2</sup>	1.9x

<sup>1</sup> **Geometric Average.** This weighted calculation uses each portfolio holding's market cap in a way designed to not skew the effect of very large or small holdings; instead, it aims to better identify the portfolio's center, which Royce believes offers a more accurate measure of average market cap than a simple mean or median.

<sup>2</sup> **Harmonic Average.** This weighted calculation evaluates a portfolio as if it were a single stock and measures it overall. It compares the total market value of the portfolio to the portfolio's share in the earnings or book value, as the case may be, of its underlying stocks.

<sup>3</sup> The Fund's P/E ratio calculation excludes companies with zero or negative earnings (13% of portfolio holdings as of 6/30/14).

**PORTFOLIO COUNTRY**

<b>BREAKDOWN<sup>1,2</sup></b>	
United States	15.6%
Japan	10.6
Hong Kong	10.3
United Kingdom	8.3
Canada	8.0
France	7.3
South Africa	5.4
Brazil	4.1

<sup>1</sup> Represents countries that are 3% or more of net assets.

<sup>2</sup> Securities are categorized by the country of their headquarters.

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## History Since Inception

The following table details the share accumulations by an initial investor in the Funds who reinvested all distributions and participated fully in primary subscriptions for each of the rights offerings. Full participation in distribution reinvestments and rights offerings can maximize the returns available to a long-term investor. This table should be read in conjunction with the Performance and Portfolio Reviews of the Funds.

History		Amount Invested	Purchase Price <sup>1</sup>	Shares	NAV Value <sup>2</sup>	Market Value <sup>2</sup>
<b>Royce Value Trust</b>						
11/26/86	Initial Purchase	\$ 10,000	\$ 10.000	1,000	\$ 9,280	\$ 10,000
10/15/87	Distribution \$0.30		7.000	42		
12/31/87	Distribution \$0.22		7.125	32	8,578	7,250
12/27/88	Distribution \$0.51		8.625	63	10,529	9,238
9/22/89	Rights Offering	405	9.000	45		
12/29/89	Distribution \$0.52		9.125	67	12,942	11,866
9/24/90	Rights Offering	457	7.375	62		
12/31/90	Distribution \$0.32		8.000	52	11,713	11,074
9/23/91	Rights Offering	638	9.375	68		
12/31/91	Distribution \$0.61		10.625	82	17,919	15,697
9/25/92	Rights Offering	825	11.000	75		
12/31/92	Distribution \$0.90		12.500	114	21,999	20,874
9/27/93	Rights Offering	1,469	13.000	113		
12/31/93	Distribution \$1.15		13.000	160	26,603	25,428
10/28/94	Rights Offering	1,103	11.250	98		
12/19/94	Distribution \$1.05		11.375	191	27,939	24,905
11/3/95	Rights Offering	1,425	12.500	114		
12/7/95	Distribution \$1.29		12.125	253	35,676	31,243
12/6/96	Distribution \$1.15		12.250	247	41,213	36,335
1997	Annual distribution total \$1.21		15.374	230	52,556	46,814
1998	Annual distribution total \$1.54		14.311	347	54,313	47,506
1999	Annual distribution total \$1.37		12.616	391	60,653	50,239
2000	Annual distribution total \$1.48		13.972	424	70,711	61,648
2001	Annual distribution total \$1.49		15.072	437	81,478	73,994
2002	Annual distribution total \$1.51		14.903	494	68,770	68,927
1/28/03	Rights Offering	5,600	10.770	520		
2003	Annual distribution total \$1.30		14.582	516	106,216	107,339
2004	Annual distribution total \$1.55		17.604	568	128,955	139,094
2005	Annual distribution total \$1.61		18.739	604	139,808	148,773
2006	Annual distribution total \$1.78		19.696	693	167,063	179,945
2007	Annual distribution total \$1.85		19.687	787	175,469	165,158
2008	Annual distribution total \$1.72 <sup>3</sup>		12.307	1,294	95,415	85,435
3/11/09	Distribution \$0.32 <sup>3</sup>		6.071	537	137,966	115,669
12/2/10	Distribution \$0.03		13.850	23	179,730	156,203
2011	Annual distribution total \$0.78 <sup>3</sup>		13.043	656	161,638	139,866
2012	Annual distribution total \$0.80		13.063	714	186,540	162,556
2013	Annual distribution total \$2.19 <sup>4</sup>		16.647	1,658	250,219	220,474
2014	Year-to-Date distribution total \$0.62		15.792	546		
<b>6/30/14</b>		<b>\$ 21,922</b>		<b>14,317</b>	<b>\$257,706</b>	<b>\$229,072</b>

<sup>1</sup> The purchase price used for annual distribution totals is a weighted average of the distribution reinvestment prices for the year.

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<sup>2</sup> Values are stated as of December 31 of the year indicated, after reinvestment of distributions, other than for initial purchase and at June 30, 2014.

<sup>3</sup> Includes a return of capital.

<sup>4</sup> Includes Royce Global Value Trust spin-off of \$1.40 per share.

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The following table details the share accumulations by an initial investor in the Funds who reinvested all distributions and participated fully in primary subscriptions for each of the rights offerings. Full participation in distribution reinvestments and rights offerings can maximize the returns available to a long-term investor. This table should be read in conjunction with the Performance and Portfolio Reviews of the Funds.

History		Amount Invested	Purchase Price <sup>1</sup>	Shares	NAV Value <sup>2</sup>	Market Value <sup>2</sup>
<b>Royce Micro-Cap Trust</b>						
12/14/93	Initial Purchase	\$ 7,500	\$ 7.500	1,000	\$ 7,250	\$ 7,500
10/28/94	Rights Offering	1,400	7.000	200		
12/19/94	Distribution \$0.05		6.750	9	9,163	8,462
12/7/95	Distribution \$0.36		7.500	58	11,264	10,136
12/6/96	Distribution \$0.80		7.625	133	13,132	11,550
12/5/97	Distribution \$1.00		10.000	140	16,694	15,593
12/7/98	Distribution \$0.29		8.625	52	16,016	14,129
12/6/99	Distribution \$0.27		8.781	49	18,051	14,769
12/6/00	Distribution \$1.72		8.469	333	20,016	17,026
12/6/01	Distribution \$0.57		9.880	114	24,701	21,924
2002	Annual distribution total \$0.80		9.518	180	21,297	19,142
2003	Annual distribution total \$0.92		10.004	217	33,125	31,311
2004	Annual distribution total \$1.33		13.350	257	39,320	41,788
2005	Annual distribution total \$1.85		13.848	383	41,969	45,500
2006	Annual distribution total \$1.55		14.246	354	51,385	57,647
2007	Annual distribution total \$1.35		13.584	357	51,709	45,802
2008	Annual distribution total \$1.19 <sup>3</sup>		8.237	578	28,205	24,807
3/11/09	Distribution \$0.22 <sup>3</sup>		4.260	228	41,314	34,212
12/2/10	Distribution \$0.08		9.400	40	53,094	45,884
2011	Annual distribution total \$0.53 <sup>3</sup>		8.773	289	49,014	43,596
2012	Annual distribution total \$0.51		9.084	285	57,501	49,669
2013	Annual distribution total \$1.38		11.864	630	83,110	74,222
2014	Year-to-Date distribution total \$0.47		12.466	244		
<b>6/30/14</b>		<b>\$ 8,900</b>		<b>6,110</b>	<b>\$ 85,662</b>	<b>\$ 77,102</b>
<b>Royce Focus Trust</b>						
10/31/96	Initial Purchase	\$ 4,375	\$ 4.375	1,000	\$ 5,280	\$ 4,375
12/31/96					5,520	4,594
12/5/97	Distribution \$0.53		5.250	101	6,650	5,574
12/31/98					6,199	5,367
12/6/99	Distribution \$0.145		4.750	34	6,742	5,356
12/6/00	Distribution \$0.34		5.563	69	8,151	6,848
12/6/01	Distribution \$0.14		6.010	28	8,969	8,193
12/6/02	Distribution \$0.09		5.640	19	7,844	6,956
12/8/03	Distribution \$0.62		8.250	94	12,105	11,406
2004	Annual distribution total \$1.74		9.325	259	15,639	16,794
5/6/05	Rights offering	2,669	8.340	320		
2005	Annual distribution total \$1.21		9.470	249	21,208	20,709
2006	Annual distribution total \$1.57		9.860	357	24,668	27,020
2007	Annual distribution total \$2.01		9.159	573	27,679	27,834
2008	Annual distribution total \$0.47 <sup>3</sup>		6.535	228	15,856	15,323
3/11/09	Distribution \$0.09 <sup>3</sup>		3.830	78	24,408	21,579
12/31/10					29,726	25,806
2011	Annual distribution total \$0.41 <sup>3</sup>		6.894	207	26,614	22,784
2012	Annual distribution total \$0.46		6.686	255	29,652	25,549
2013	Annual distribution total \$0.40		7.222	219	35,501	31,166
2014	Year-to-Date distribution total \$0.20		8.150	101		

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<b>6/30/14</b>		<b>\$ 7,044</b>		<b>4,191</b>	<b>\$ 40,024</b>	<b>\$ 35,833</b>
<b>Royce Global Value Trust</b>						
10/17/13	Initial Purchase	\$ 8,975	\$ 8,975	1,000	\$ 9,780	\$ 8,975
12/31/13					10,050	8,890
<b>6/30/14</b>		<b>\$ 8,975</b>		<b>1,000</b>	<b>\$ 10,610</b>	<b>\$ 9,410</b>

<sup>1</sup> The purchase price used for annual distribution totals is a weighted average of the distribution reinvestment prices for the year.

<sup>2</sup> Values are stated as of December 31 of the year indicated, after reinvestment of distributions, other than for initial purchase and at June 30, 2014.

<sup>3</sup> Includes a return of capital.

## Distribution Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Options

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### **Why should I reinvest my distributions?**

By reinvesting distributions, a stockholder can maintain an undiluted investment in the Fund. The regular reinvestment of distributions has a significant impact on stockholder returns. In contrast, the stockholder who takes distributions in cash is penalized when shares are issued below net asset value to other stockholders.

### **How does the reinvestment of distributions from the Royce closed-end funds work?**

The Funds automatically issue shares in payment of distributions unless you indicate otherwise. The shares are generally issued at the lower of the market price or net asset value on the valuation date.

### **How does this apply to registered stockholders?**

If your shares are registered directly with a Fund, your distributions are automatically reinvested unless you have otherwise instructed the Funds' transfer agent, Computershare, in writing, in which case you will receive your distribution in cash. A registered stockholder also may have the option to receive the distribution in the form of a stock certificate.

### **What if my shares are held by a brokerage firm or a bank?**

If your shares are held by a brokerage firm, bank, or other intermediary as the stockholder of record, you should contact your brokerage firm or bank to be certain that it is automatically reinvesting distributions on your behalf. If they are unable to reinvest distributions on behalf, you should have your shares registered in your name in order to participate.

### **What other features are available for registered stockholders?**

The Distribution Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plans also allow registered stockholders to make optional cash purchases of shares of a Fund's common stock directly through Computershare on a monthly basis, and to deposit certificates representing your RVT, RMT and FUND shares with Computershare for safekeeping. (RGT does not issue shares in certificated form). Plan participants are subject to a \$0.75 service fee for each voluntary cash purchase under the Plans. The Funds' investment adviser is absorbing all commissions on optional cash purchases under the Plans through June 30, 2014.

### **How do the Plans work for registered stockholders?**

Computershare maintains the accounts for registered

stockholders in the Plans and sends written confirmation of all transactions in the account. Shares in the account of each participant will be held by Computershare in non-certificated form in the name of the participant, and each participant will be able to vote those shares at a stockholder meeting or by proxy. A participant may also send stock certificates for RVT, RMT and FUND held by them to Computershare to be held in non-certificated form. RGT does not issue shares in certificated form. There is no service fee charged to participants for reinvesting distributions. If a participant elects to sell shares from a Plan account, Computershare will deduct a \$2.50 service fee from the sale transaction. The Funds' investment adviser is absorbing all commissions on optional sales under the Plans through June 30, 2014. If a nominee is the registered owner of your shares, the nominee will maintain the accounts on your behalf.

### **How can I get more information on the Plans?**

You can call an Investor Services Representative at (800) 221-4268 or you can request a copy of the Plan for your Fund from Computershare. All correspondence (including notifications) should be directed to: [Name of Fund] Distribution Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan, c/o Computershare, PO Box 43078, Providence, RI 02940-3078, telephone (800) 426-5523 (from 9:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.).



Royce Value  
Trust

June 30, 2014  
(unaudited)

**Schedule of  
Investments**

	SHARES	VALUE
<b>COMMON STOCKS 97.7%</b>		
<b>Consumer Discretionary 11.2%</b>		
Auto Components - 0.6%		
Drew Industries	11,191	\$ 559,662
Gentex Corporation <sup>1</sup>	111,000	3,228,990
Selamat Sempurna	8,267,600	3,099,914
Standard Motor Products	20,852	931,459
		7,820,025
Automobiles - 0.9%		
Thor Industries <sup>1</sup>	107,630	6,120,918
Winnebago Industries <sup>2</sup>	211,400	5,323,052
		11,443,970
Distributors - 0.9%		
Core-Mark Holding Company	11,200	511,056
Genuine Parts	5,300	465,340
LKQ Corporation <sup>2</sup>	297,200	7,932,268
Weyco Group	97,992	2,685,961
		11,594,625
Diversified Consumer Services - 1.1%		
Benesse Holdings	40,000	1,735,354
Career Education <sup>2</sup>	20,000	93,600
Collectors Universe	72,300	1,416,357
MegaStudy	15,000	895,434
Regis Corporation <sup>1,2,3</sup>	233,800	3,291,904
Sotheby's <sup>1</sup>	118,700	4,984,213
Universal Technical Institute	140,432	1,704,844
		14,121,706
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure - 0.0%		
Ambassadors Group <sup>2</sup>	32,100	147,981
Tropicana Entertainment <sup>2,4</sup>	6,000	105,600
		253,581
Household Durables - 2.8%		
De'Longhi	45,000	973,572

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Ekornes	80,000	1,066,214
Ethan Allen Interiors	320,800	7,936,592
Forbo Holding	900	959,574
Garmin	8,062	490,976
Harman International Industries	57,200	6,144,996
Lifetime Brands	54,426	855,577
Mohawk Industries <sup>1,2</sup>	53,400	7,387,356
Natuzzi ADR <sup>2</sup>	2,096,300	5,387,491
NVR <sup>2</sup>	2,700	3,106,620
Stanley Furniture <sup>2,5</sup>	1,012,235	2,712,790

37,021,758

Internet & Catalog Retail - 0.1%

Manutan International	20,000	1,279,748
Takkt	35,000	641,723

1,921,471

Leisure Products - 0.8%

Beneteau <sup>2</sup>	45,000	820,450
LeapFrog Enterprises Cl. A <sup>2</sup>	30,000	220,500
Nautilus <sup>2</sup>	803,900	8,915,251
Shimano	13,400	1,486,758

11,442,959

Media - 1.2%

E.W. Scripps Company Cl. A <sup>2</sup>	55,900	1,182,844
Media Chinese International	6,650,000	1,988,166
Morningstar	84,600	6,075,126
Pico Far East Holdings	6,575,000	1,527,018
RLJ Entertainment <sup>2</sup>	35,600	135,992
Television Broadcasts	278,400	1,806,812
Wiley (John) & Sons Cl. A	48,200	2,920,438

15,636,396

Multiline Retail - 0.2%

Dollar Tree <sup>2</sup>	8,450	460,187
New World Department Store China	5,377,200	2,164,645

2,624,832

Specialty Retail - 1.5%

Advance Auto Parts	7,500	1,011,900
Aeropostale <sup>2</sup>	10,000	34,900
Ascena Retail Group <sup>1,2</sup>	224,100	3,832,110
Finish Line (The) Cl. A	34,700	1,031,978
Genesco <sup>2</sup>	39,500	3,244,135
I.T	557,000	195,479
Lewis Group	250,000	1,523,272
Oriental Watch Holdings	543,000	127,511
Ross Stores	4,730	312,795
Sears Hometown and Outlet Stores <sup>2</sup>	10,400	223,288
Signet Jewelers	10,000	1,105,900
Stein Mart	167,800	2,330,742
Systemax <sup>2</sup>	194,000	2,787,780

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TravelCenters of America LLC <sup>2</sup>	49,100	436,008
West Marine <sup>2</sup>	131,100	1,345,086
Wet Seal (The) Cl. A <sup>2</sup>	63,200	57,512
		19,600,396

Textiles, Apparel & Luxury

Goods - 1.1%		
Asia Brands	117,100	136,027
Culp	55,500	966,255
Daphne International Holdings	3,912,800	1,534,748
Grendene	200,000	1,250,057
Handsome	5,700	155,767
Huvis Corporation	15,000	169,006
J.G. Boswell Company <sup>4</sup>	2,292	2,324,088
Movado Group	57,081	2,378,565
Pacific Textiles Holdings	750,000	941,564
Stella International Holdings	400,000	1,088,976
Van de Velde	22,500	1,196,940
Wolverine World Wide <sup>1</sup>	95,000	2,475,700
		14,617,693

**Total** (Cost \$111,207,330) 148,099,412

**Consumer Staples 1.6%**

Beverages - 0.0%		
Crimson Wine Group <sup>2,4</sup>	11,876	107,359
Food & Staples Retailing - 0.1%		
FamilyMart	32,500	1,400,351
Food Products - 1.2%		
Alico	27,000	1,012,230

**THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.**

2014 Semiannual Report to  
Stockholders | 21

## Royce Value Trust

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### Schedule of Investments

	SHARES	VALUE
<b>Consumer Staples (continued)</b>		
Food Products (continued)		
Asian Plantations <sup>2</sup>	50,000	\$ 179,697
Cal-Maine Foods	21,948	1,631,175
Farmer Bros. <sup>2</sup>	43,900	948,679
Industrias Bachoco ADR	39,700	2,134,669
McLeod Russel India	95,500	504,850
Seneca Foods Cl. A <sup>2</sup>	163,474	5,002,305
Seneca Foods Cl. B <sup>2</sup>	13,840	412,432
Sipef	5,200	444,311
Tootsie Roll Industries	124,135	3,654,534
Waterloo Investment Holdings <sup>2,6</sup>	598,676	227,497
		16,152,379
Personal Products - 0.3%		
Nu Skin Enterprises Cl. A	50,800	3,757,168
<b>Total</b> (Cost \$17,355,001)		21,417,257
<b>Diversified Investment Companies 0.0%</b>		
Closed-End Funds - 0.0%		
RIT Capital Partners	13,500	304,047
<b>Total</b> (Cost \$244,255)		304,047
<b>Energy 4.6%</b>		
Energy Equipment & Services - 3.5%		
Cal Dive International <sup>2</sup>	456,250	602,250
Helmerich & Payne	34,000	3,947,740
ION Geophysical <sup>2</sup>	361,500	1,525,530
Oceaneering International	4,000	312,520
Oil States International <sup>2</sup>	57,023	3,654,604
Pason Systems	229,000	6,438,311
SEACOR Holdings <sup>2</sup>	88,575	7,285,294
Steel Excel <sup>2,4</sup>	156,880	5,490,800
Superior Energy Services <sup>1</sup>	18,000	650,520
TGS-NOPEC Geophysical	141,100	4,510,986
Tidewater	88,300	4,958,045
Trican Well Service	65,200	1,052,805
Unit Corporation <sup>2</sup>	77,000	5,299,910
		45,729,315
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels - 1.1%		
Cimarex Energy	61,300	8,794,098
Contango Oil & Gas <sup>2</sup>	7,000	296,170

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Hallador Energy	38,000	360,620
Harvest Natural Resources <sup>2</sup>	13,000	64,870
Resolute Energy <sup>1,2,3</sup>	243,134	2,100,678
World Fuel Services	9,700	477,531
WPX Energy <sup>2</sup>	110,000	2,630,100

14,724,067

**Total** (Cost \$46,196,643) 60,453,382

**Financials 13.7%**

Banks - 1.8%

Bank of N.T. Butterfield & Son	1,784,161	3,550,480
BCB Holdings <sup>2</sup>	209,426	47,490