FLANIGANS ENTERPRISES INC

Form 10-O August 15, 2006

> UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

> > FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 1, 2006

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number I-6836

Flanigan's Enterprises, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

59-0877638 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5059 N.E. 18th Avenue, Fort Lauderdale, Florida (Address of principal executive offices)

33334 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code, (954) 377-1961

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been the subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes |X| No |_|

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer |_| Accelerated filer |_| Non-accelerated |X|

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.) Yes |_| No |X|

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuers classes of Common Stock as of the latest practicable date. On August 15, 2006, 1,889,365 shares of Common Stock, \$0.10 par value, were outstanding.

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FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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July 1, 2006

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FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Thirty Ni End	
	July 1 2006	July 2 2005 	July 1 2006 	July 2 2005
REVENUES:				
Restaurant food sales	\$ 8,405	\$ 7 , 550	\$ 24,440	\$ 21,499
Restaurant bar sales	1,943			
Package good sales	3,036	2,718	5,669 10,228	9 , 127
Franchise related revenues	291	242	837	
Owner's fee	96	123	171	198
Other operating income	80	68	231	110
	13,851		41,576	36,616
COSTS AND EXPENSES:				
Cost of merchandise sold:				
Restaurant and lounges	3.495	3,207	10.232	9.303
Package goods		1,945		
Payroll and related costs		3,394		
Occupancy costs	769	•		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,662	2,364	7,958	7,177
	13,197	11,626		
Income from operations	654	716	1,833 	1,653
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	(52)	(20)	(104)	(0.6)
Interest expense	(53)		(124)	
Interest and other income (expense) Loss on abandonment of property and equipment	18 (4)	(20)	56 (10)	
Insurance recovery, net of casualty loss	(8)		442	
insurance recovery, net of casualty ross				
	(47)	(48)	364	(19)
Income before Provision for Income Taxes and Minority Interest in Earnings of Consolidated Limited Partnerships	607	668	2,197	1,634
Provision for Income Taxes	(258)	(167)	(705)	(356)
Minority Interest in Earnings of Consolidated Limited Partnerships	(146)	(2)	(345)	(212)
Net Income	\$ 203	\$ 499	\$ 1,147 ======	\$ 1,066 ======

FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In Thousands Except Per Share Amounts)

(Continued)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Thirty Ni End					
		1ly 1 2006		aly 2, 2005		uly 1 2006 		uly 2, 2005
Net Income Per Common Share:								
Basic	\$	0.11	\$	0.26	\$	0.61	\$	0.56
D. 1	====	0 11	====	0.06		0.60	====	0 [[
Diluted	\$ ====	0.11	\$ ====	0.26	\$ ===:	0.60	\$ ====	0.55
Weighted Average Shares and Equivalent Shares Outstanding								
Basic	1,8	393 , 486	1,8	384 , 547	1,	882,690	1,9	901,615
Diluted		20,472		911 , 980		908 , 085		925 , 299

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JULY 1, 2006 (UNAUDITED) AND OCTOBER 1, 2005 (In Thousands)

ASSETS

	JULY 1 2006	OCTOBER 1 2005	
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3 , 528	\$ 2,674	
Marketable securities	297	353	
Notes and mortgages receivables,			
current maturities, net	13	16	
Due from franchisees	208	119	
Other receivables	254	189	
Inventories	2,108	1,990	
Prepaid expenses	913	721	
Deferred tax asset	29	29	
Total Current Assets	7,350	6,091 	

Property and Equipment, Net	14 , 229	13 , 127
Investment in Limited Partnership	145	122
Other Assets:		
Liquor licenses, net Notes and mortgages receivable, net Deferred tax asset Other	347 107 461 1,728	347 116 435 861
Total Other Assets	2,643	1,759
Total Assets	\$ 24,367 ======	\$ 21,099 ======

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FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC, AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JULY 1, 2006 (UNAUDITED) AND OCTOBER 1, 2005

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In Thousands)

	JULY 1, 2006 	OCTOBER 1, 2005
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to franchisees Current portion of long term debt Deferred revenues Deferred rent	448 157 56 14	\$ 3,211 493 174 62 14
Total Current Liabilities	4,583	3,954
Long Term Debt, Net of Current Maturities Line of Credit Deferred Rent, Net of Current Portion	1,286 762 227	1,383 241
Minority Interest in Equity of Consolidated Limited Partnerships	6 , 781	5,248
Commitments, Contingencies and Subsequent Events		
Stockholders' Equity: Common stock, \$.10 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; 4,197,642 shares issued Capital in excess of par value Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Treasury stock, at cost, 2,308,277 shares at July 1, 2006 and 2,323,047	420 6,204 9,961 (6)	420 6,148 9,472 50

shares at October 1, 2005	(5 , 851)	(5,817)
Total Stockholders' Equity	10,728	10,273
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 24,367	\$ 21,099

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THIRTY NINE WEEKS ENDED JULY 1, 2006 AND JULY 2, 2005 (In Thousands)

	JULY 1 2006	JULY 2 2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 1,147	\$ 1,066
Depreciation and amortization Loss on abandonment of property and equipment	1,321	•
Casualty loss Deferred income tax Deferred rent	64 (26) (14)	
Minority interest in earnings of consolidated limited partnerships	345	212
(Income) Loss from unconsolidated limited partnership Recognition of deferred revenue	(23)	(13)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in		
Due from franchisees Other receivables	(89) (65)	(238)
Inventories Prepaid expenses Other assets	(118) (192) (938)	
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued expenses		240
Due to franchisees		
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,068 	1,930
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Collection on notes and mortgages receivable Purchase of property and equipment Distributions from unconsolidated limitedpartnership	12 (2,356) —	(1,367) 24
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,324)

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FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THIRTY NINE WEEKS ENDED JULY 1, 2006 AND JULY 2, 2005 (In Thousands)

		JULY 1 2006 		ULY 2 2005
Cash flows from Financing Activities:				
Payment of long term debt		(184)		(26
Proceeds from long term debt		(101)		1
Proceeds from line of credit		762		4
Dividends paid		(658)		(60
Purchase of treasury stock		(95)		(33
Purchase of minority limited partnership interest Distributions to limited partnership		(8)		` –
minority partners		(809)		(77
Proceeds from limited partnership interests		2,005*		1,36
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		117		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		1,130		(60
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents,		854		
Beginning of Period		2 , 674		2 , 93
End of Period	\$	3 , 528		2,94 =====
Supplemental Disclosure for Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during period for:				
Interest	\$	124	\$	8
	===		===	
Income taxes	\$	431 =====	\$ ===	22 =====
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities:				
Purchase of vehicles in exchange for debt	\$	70	\$	30

^{*} exclusive of the Company's investment in the limited partnership owning the restaurant in Pinecrest, FL of \$1,295,000.

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements

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^{**} exclusive of the Company's investment in the limited partnership owning the restaurant in Wellington, FL of \$485,000.

JULY 1, 2006

(1) BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying financial information for the periods ended July 1, 2006, and July 2, 2005 are unaudited. Financial information as of October 1, 2005 has been derived from the audited financial statements of the Company, but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information for the periods indicated have been included. For further information regarding the Company's accounting policies, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 1, 2005. Operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year.

(2) EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, Earnings per share establishes standards for computing and presenting earnings per share ("EPS"). This statement requires the presentation of basic and diluted EPS. The data on Page 4 shows the amounts used in computing earnings per share and the effects on income and the weighted average number of shares of potentially dilutive common stock equivalents.

(3) RECLASSIFICATION:

Certain amounts in the fiscal 2005 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the fiscal 2006 presentation.

(4) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

In November 2005, the FASB issued final FASB Staff Position ("FSP") FAS No. 123R-3, "Transition Election Related to Accounting for the Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards." The FSP provides an alternative method of calculating excess tax benefits from the method defined in SFAS No. 123R for share-based payments. A one-time election to adopt the transition method in this FSP is available to those entities adopting SFAS No. 123R using either the modified retrospective or modified prospective method. Up to one year from the initial adoption of SFAS No. 123R or effective date of the FSP is provided to make this one-time election. However, until an entity makes its election, it must follow the guidance in SFAS No. 123R. The FSP is effective upon initial adoption of SFAS No. 123R and became effective for the Company in the second quarter of 2006. We are currently evaluating the allowable methods for calculating excess tax benefits and have not yet determined whether we will make a one-time election to adopt the transition method described in this FSP, nor the expected impact on our financial position or results of operation.

On February 3, 2006, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS $123\,(R)-4$ "Classification of Options and Similar Instruments Issued as Employee Compensation That Allow for Cash Settlement upon the Occurrence of a Contingent Event." This FSP amends SFAS No. $123\,(R)$, addressing cash settlement features that can be exercised only upon the occurrence of a contingent event that is outside the employee's control. These instruments are not required to be classified as a liability until it becomes probable that the event will occur. We adopted this FSP in the second quarter of 2006. The implementation did not have an effect on the results of operations or financial position.

On April 13, 2006, the FASB issued FSP No. FIN 46(R)-6, "Determining the Variability to Be Considered in Applying FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)," which requires the use of a "by design" approach for determining whether an interest

is variable when applying FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." This approach includes evaluating whether an interest is variable based on a thorough understanding of the design of the potential variable interest entity ("VIE"), including the nature of the risks that the potential VIE was designed to create and pass along to interest holders in the entity. The guidance in this FSP is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2006. We will adopt the guidance presented in this FSP in the third quarter of 2006 on a prospective basis. We do not expect the adoption of this FSP to have a material impact on our results of operations or financial position.

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of SFAS Statement No. 109. This Interpretation clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with SFAS Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. This Interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. This Interpretation is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. We currently are assessing the impact of Interpretation No. 48 on our results of operations and financial position.

SFAS No. 156, Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets, an amendment of SFAS No. $140\,$

In March 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 156, "Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets an amendment of FASB Statement 140" (Statement 156). Statement 156 amends Statement 140 with respect to separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities. Statement 156 requires an entity to recognize a servicing asset or liability each time it undertakes an obligation to service a financial asset by entering into a servicing contract and requires all servicing assets and liabilities to be initially measured at fair value, if practicable. Statement 156 also permits entities to subsequently measure servicing assets and liabilities using an amortization method or fair value measurement method. Under the amortization method, servicing assets and liabilities are amortized in proportion to and over the estimated period of servicing. Under the fair value measurement method, servicing assets are measured at fair value at each reporting date and changes in fair value are reported in net income for the period the change occurs. Adoption of Statement 156 is required as of the beginning of fiscal years beginning subsequent to September 15, 2006. Earlier adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an entity's fiscal year, provided the entity has not yet issued financial statements, including interim financial statements. The Company does not expect the adoption of Statement 156 at the beginning of 2007 to have a material impact.

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(5) INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES:

Pinecrest, Florida

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the limited partnership substantially completed the structural repairs and its interior build-out of the business premises. Subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the structural repairs and interior build-out were completed and the renovated restaurant opened for business on August 14, 2006.

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the limited partnership completed its private offering and raised the sum of \$3,300,000 to reimburse the Company for advances made in excess of its investment in the limited partnership, to complete the renovations to the business premises for operation of a "Flanigan's Seafood Bar and Grill" restaurant and provide working capital for the same. The Company continues to act as general partner and is also the owner of a thirty nine percent limited partnership interest, as are other related parties, including but not limited to officers and directors of the Company and their families. With the completion of the private offering, the Company was reimbursed the sum of \$1,506,000, representing funds advanced to the limited partnership in excess of its investment in the limited partnership.

Davie, Florida

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company, as agent for a limited partnership to be formed, received landlord approval of its preliminary building plans, including the addition of an outdoor seating area and submitted the same for site plan approval to the Town of Davie, Florida. The application for site plan approval is on the agenda of the Planning and Zoning Board of the Town of Davie, Florida for August, 2006. The restaurant is expected to open for business during the second quarter of fiscal year 2007.

Pembroke Pines, Florida

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company, as agent for a limited partnership to be formed, received landlord approval of its preliminary building plans, including the addition of an outdoor seating area and submitted the same for site plan approval to the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida. The application for site plan approval is on the agenda of the Planning and Zoning Board of the City of Pembroke Pines, Florida for August, 2006. During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company also re-negotiated several provisions of the lease for the business premises. The restaurant is expected to open for business during the second quarter of fiscal year 2007.

(6) INVESTMENTS:

Investments in equity securities that have readily determinable values are classified and accounted for as available-for-sale. Available-for-sale securities are carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income. Realized gains and losses are calculated based on the specific identification method and recorded in "other income" on the income statement. At July 1, 2006,

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the cost of \$303,000 exceeded the fair value of \$297,000 and resulted in an unrealized loss of \$6,000.

(7) LINE OF CREDIT:

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company paid monthly installments of interest only on its line of credit, with no draws or payments of principal. As of July 1, 2006, the line of credit had a principal balance of \$762,000.

(8) INCOME TAXES:

Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, requires among other things, recognition of future tax benefits measured at enacted rates attributable to deductible temporary differences between

financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities and to tax net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits to the extent that realization of said tax benefits is more likely than not. The deferred tax asset was \$490,000 as of July 1, 2006 and \$464,000 as of October 1, 2005.

(9) STOCK OPTION PLANS

The Company has several stock option plans under which qualified stock options may be granted to officers and other employees of the Company. The option price for qualified stock options must be issued at 110% of the fair market value of the Company's Common Stock on the date the options are granted. In general, options granted under the Company's stock option plans expire after a five (5) year period and generally vest no later than one (1) year from the date of grant. As of July 1, 2006, there were approximately 45,000 shares available for grant under the Company's stock option plans.

No stock options were granted during the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, nor were stock options granted during the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005.

Stock option exercises during the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005 resulted in cash inflows to the Company of \$117,000 and \$1,000, respectively. The corresponding intrinsic value as of the exercise date of the 24,120 and 250 stock options exercised during the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005 were \$124,475 and \$760, respectively.

Stock option activity during the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 was as follows:

	Total Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at October 1, 2005	100,810	\$ 5.75
Granted Exercised Expired	0 (24,120) 8,440	 \$ 4.83 \$ 4.16
Outstanding at July 1, 2006	68,250	\$ 6.27
Options exercisable at July 1, 2006	68 , 250	\$ 6.27 ======

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The weighted-average remaining contractual terms of stock options outstanding and stock options exercisable at July 1, 2006 was 2.45 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding and stock options exercisable at July 1, 2006 was approximately \$319,000.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment". This statement is a revision of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", supersedes Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and amends SFAS No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows." The statement eliminates the alternative to use the intrinsic value method of accounting that was provided in SFAS No. 123, which generally resulted in no compensation expense recorded in financial statements related to the issuance of equity awards to employees. The statement also requires that the cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions be recognized in the

financial statements. It establishes fair value as the measurement objective in accounting for share-based payment arrangements and generally requires all companies to apply a fair-value-based measurement method in accounting for share-based payment transactions with employees. The Company adopted SFAS No. 123R effective January 1, 2006, using a modified version of prospective application in accordance with the statement. This application requires the Company to record compensation expense for all awards granted to employees and directors after the adoption date and for the unvested portion of awards that are outstanding at the date of adoption. The Company had no unvested stock options as of October 1, 2005 and granted no stock options in the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, so there is no impact of SFAS No. 123R on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for the thirty nine weeks ending July 1, 2006. In accordance with the modified prospective transaction method, the Company's consolidated financial statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect and do not include the impact of SFAS No. 123R.

(10) COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Guarantees

The Company guarantees various leases for franchisees, limited partnerships and locations sold in prior years. Remaining rental commitments required under these leases are approximately \$2,488,000. In the event of a default under any of these agreements, the Company will have the right to repossess the premises and operate the business to recover amounts paid under the guarantee either by liquidating assets or operating the business.

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Litigation

The corporate offices consist of a two (2) story building, with space initially set aside on the ground floor for a package liquor store. The Company filed suit against the adjacent shopping center to determine the Company's right to non-exclusive parking in the shopping center. During fiscal year 2005, summary judgment was granted in favor of the adjacent shopping center denying the Company non-exclusive parking rights in the shopping center. The Company has continued pursuing its claim against the seller of the building, its individual partners and its attorney for damages for failing to disclose documents pertaining to the release of the non-exclusive parking rights. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2006, summary judgment was granted in favor of the sellers' attorney, but denied as to the seller and its individual partners. During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the summary judgment granted in favor of the sellers' attorney was reversed by the court. The Company is appealing the granting of the summary judgment in favor of the adjacent shopping center, which appeal is necessary to proceed against the seller and its individual partners even though the Company no longer plans to use the ground floor for a package liquor store.

During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company entered into a Mediation Settlement Agreement, agreeing to a purchase price of \$3,862,500 for the real property and the assignment of a ground lease for a small portion of the property of the combination restaurant and package liquor store located at 4 North Federal Highway, Hallandale, Florida, (Store #31). Subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company closed on the purchase.

Certain states have "liquor liability" laws which allow a person injured by an "intoxicated person" to bring a civil suit against the business (or social host) who served intoxicating liquors to an already "obviously intoxicated person", known as "dram shop" claims. Dram shop claims normally involve traffic accidents

and the Company generally does not learn of dram shop claims until after a claim is filed and then the Company vigorously defends these claims on the grounds that its employee did not serve an "obviously intoxicated person". Damages in most dram shop cases are substantial. At the present time, there are no dram shop cases pending against the Company. The Company maintains general liability insurance. See Item 1, "Insurance" on page 13 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 1, 2005 for a discussion of general liability insurance.

Except as provided above, there is no material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incident to the business, none of which the Company believes is material.

Hurricane Wilma; Windstorm Claims

As of July 1, 2006, the Company had submitted claims totaling \$923,600 for damages caused when Hurricane Wilma impacted South Florida on October 24, 2005 and received advances in the aggregate amount of \$700,000, (\$750,000 less the \$50,000 deductible), from its insurance company on account of damages to its properties. During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company also submitted claims for business interruption totaling \$168,700 for three of its Company owned locations and one of its limited partnership locations. Notwithstanding the filing of these claims, the Company has still not received a response from its

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insurance carrier other than the advances and as a result, the ultimate amount of the insurance recovery cannot be accurately estimated at this time.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006 the Company closed on the purchase of the limited liability company which owns the real property and ground lease for a small portion of the property of the Company's combination restaurant and package store located in Hallandale, Florida (Store #31) for a purchase price of \$3,862,500 pursuant to a Mediation Settlement Agreement. The Company received a \$3,280,000 mortgage from its lender to finance this transaction. As collateral for the mortgage, the limited liability company granted the lender a first mortgage on its real property and a leasehold mortgage on the ground lease while the Company granted a first mortgage on its parking lot adjacent to the above-described business location. The Company's grant of a first mortgage on its parking lot included the satisfaction of the purchase money mortgage on the same, which had an approximate principal balance of \$264,000. The mortgage bears interest at the rate of seven and one-half (7.5%) percent per annum, is amortized over twenty (20) years with equal monthly payments of principal and interest, each in the amount of \$26,400, with the entire principal balance and all accrued interest due in seven (7) years.

(11) BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company operates principally in two segments - retail package stores and restaurants. The operation of package stores consists of retail liquor sales.

Information concerning the revenues and operating income for the thirteen and thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, and identifiable assets for the two segments in which the Company operates, are shown in the following table. Operating income is total revenue less cost of merchandise sold and operating expenses relative to each segment. In computing operating income, none of the following items have been included: interest expense, other non-operating

income and expense and income taxes. Identifiable assets by segment are those assets that are used in the Company's operations in each segment. Corporate assets are principally cash, notes and mortgages receivable, real property, improvements, furniture, equipment and vehicles. The Company does not have any operations outside of the United States and intersegment transactions are not material.

	Thirteen Weeks Ending July 1, 2006	Thirteen Weeks Ending July 2, 2005
Operating Revenues: Restaurants Retail package stores Other revenues Total operating revenues	\$ 10,348 3,036 467 \$ 13,851 ======	\$ 9,191 2,718 433 \$ 12,342
Operating Income Reconciled to Income Before Income Taxes and Minority Interests in Earnings of Consolidated Limited Partnerships Restaurants Retail package stores Corporate expenses, net of other Revenues Operating income Other income (expense)	\$ 868 160 1,028 (374) 654 (47)	\$ 754 144 898 (182) 716 (48)
Income Before Income Taxes and Minority Interests in Earnings of Consolidated Limited Partnerships	\$ 607 ======	\$ 668 ======
Depreciation and Amortization: Restaurants Retail package stores Corporate Total Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 304 57 361 96 \$	\$ 248 30 278 50 \$
Capital Expenditures: Restaurants Retail package stores	\$ 974 35	\$ 812 33
Corporate	1,009 231	845 (57) *
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 1,240 ======	\$ 788 =====

^{*}includes (\$68,000) transfers of furniture and fixtures from Corporate warehouse

to retail package stores and/or restaurants.

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	Thirty Nine Weeks Ending July 1, 2006	Ending
Operating Revenues:		
Restaurants	\$ 30,109	\$ 26,427
Retail package stores	10,228	9,127
Other revenues	1,239	1,062
Total operating revenues		\$ 36,616
	======	======
Operating Income Reconciled to Income Before Income Taxes and Minority Interests in		
Earnings of Consolidated Limited Partnerships	¢ 2.600	¢ 2 100
Restaurants Retail package stores	\$ 2,699 701	\$ 2,108 594
Neturi puckage beores		
	3,400	2,702
Corporate expenses, net of other		
Revenues	(1,567)	(1,049)
Operating income	1,833	1,653
Other income (expense)	364	(19)
Tarana Dafana Tarana Tarana and Minanita Tatanasha		
Income Before Income Taxes and Minority Interests in Earnings of Consolidated Limited Partnerships	\$ 2,197 ======	\$ 1,634 ======
Depreciation and Amortization:		
Restaurants	\$ 900 169	\$ 796 93
Retail package stores	109	95
	1,069	889
Corporate	252	140
Total Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 1,321	\$ 1,030
4	======	======
Capital Expenditures:		
Restaurants	\$ 1 , 626	\$ 1,604
Retail package stores	110	94
Company	1,736	1,698
Corporate	690	(29) *
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 2,426	\$ 1,669
	======	======

 $^{^{\}star}$ includes (\$72,000) transfers of furniture and fixtures from Corporate warehouse to retail package stores and/or restaurants.

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	July 1, 2006	October 1, 2005
Identifiable Assets:		
Restaurants	\$ 11,324	\$ 10,277
Retail package store	3,564	3 , 527
	 14,888	13,804
Corporate	9,479	7,295
Consolidated Totals	\$ 24,367	\$ 21,099
	=======	=======

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

Reported financial results may not be indicative of the financial results of future periods. All non-historical information contained in the following discussion constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Words such as "anticipates, appears, expects, trends, intends, hopes, plans, believes, seeks, estimates, may, will," and variations of these words or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve a number of risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to customer demand and competitive conditions. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are included in, but not limited to, those identified in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Company's fiscal year ended October 1, 2005 and in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report.

The Company owns and/or operates full service restaurants, package liquor stores and an entertainment oriented club (collectively the "units"). At July 1, 2006, the Company operated 20 units and had equity interests in seven units which have been franchised by the Company. The table below sets out the changes, if any, in the type and number of units being operated.

	July 1 2006	Oct. 1 2005	July 2 2005	Note Number
Types of Units				
Company owned: Combination package and restaurant Restaurant only Package store only	4 2 5	4 2 5	4 2 5	
Company Managed Restaurants Only: Limited Partnerships	6	6	6	(1) (2) (3) (4)

Franchise Unrelated Third Party	1 1	1	1 	(5)
Company Owned Club:	1	1	1	
Total Company Owned/Operated Units	20	19	19	
Franchised Units	7	7	7	(6)

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Notes:

- (1) During the third quarter of fiscal year 2003, the Company, as general partner of the limited partnership, entered into a Sale of Business Agreement for the purchase of an existing business in Pinecrest, Florida, which transaction closed during the first quarter of fiscal year 2004. During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company, as general partner of the limited partnership, substantially completed the necessary structural repairs and its interior build-out, which were completed subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006. The renovated restaurant opened for business on August 14, 2006 and is not included in the table of units.
- (2) During the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2004, a limited partnership was formed with the Company as general partner. The limited partnership entered into a lease agreement to own and operate a restaurant in Wellington, Florida under the "Flanigan's Seafood Bar and Grill" service mark. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2005, the limited partnership raised funds through a private offering to renovate the business premises for operation as a "Flanigan's Seafood Bar and Grill" restaurant. The Company acts as general partner and owns a twenty six percent limited partnership interest. The restaurant opened for business on May 27, 2005.
- (3) During the first quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company, as agent for a limited partnership to be formed, entered into a contract to purchase an existing restaurant location in Davie, Florida, to renovate and operate a restaurant under the "Flanigan's Seafood Bar and Grill" servicemark. The restaurant is expected to open for business during the second quarter of fiscal year 2007, provided the landlord's approval of building plans and all necessary zoning approvals, variances and/or special use permits are received. This restaurant is not included in the table of units.
- (4) During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company, as agent for a limited partnership to be formed, entered into a contract to purchase an existing restaurant location in Pembroke Pines, Florida, to renovate and operate a restaurant under the "Flanigan's Seafood Bar and Grill" servicemark. The restaurant is expected to open for business during the second quarter of fiscal year 2007, provided the landlord's approval of building plans and all necessary zoning approvals, variances and/or special use permits are received. This restaurant is not included in the table of units.
- (5) During the second quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company assumed the management of an existing restaurant in Deerfield Beach, Florida under its current format, "The Whale's Rib", pursuant to a management agreement. This restaurant is included in the table of units.

(6) The Company manages the restaurant for one (1) franchisee with respect to one (1) of the seven (7) franchised units. The franchised restaurant is included in the table of units as a restaurant operated by the Company and the franchise is also included as a unit franchised by the Company and in which the Company has an interest as a franchise.

Results of Operations

	Thirteen W July 1, 2006 Amount Percent			July 2, 2005					
	-	(In Thou				_	(In Tho	usands)	
Restaurant food sales Restaurant bar sales Package goods sales	\$	8,405 1,943 3,036	14	1.52				13.	78
Total sales	\$	13,384	100	0.00	:	\$	11,909	100.0	00
Franchise related revenues Owner's fee Other operating income		291 96 80			-		242 123 68		
Total Revenue		13,851					12,342 =====		

	Thirty Nine Weeks Ended				
	July 1, 2006		July 2, 2005		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
	(In Tho	usands)	(In Thousands)		
Restaurant food sales	\$ 24,440	60.59	\$ 21,499	60.47	
Restaurant bar sales	5 , 669	14.05	4,928	13.86	
Package goods sales	10,228	25.36	9,127	25.67	
Total sales	\$ 40,337	100.00	\$ 35,554	100.00	
Franchise related revenues	837		754		
Owner's fee	171		198		
Other operating income	231		110		
Total Revenue	\$ 41,576		\$ 36,616		
	=======		=======		

Comparison of Thirteen Weeks Ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005.

As the table above illustrates, total revenues in the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 increased by 12.23% as compared to the total revenues for the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005 primarily due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal quarter. Total revenues are expected to increase due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal year and the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006.

Restaurant food sales represented 62.80% of total sales in the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 as compared to 63.40% of total sales in the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005. The weekly average of same store restaurant food sales, which now includes five (5) limited partnership restaurants, were \$593,634 and \$551,133 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 7.71%. The increase in restaurant food sales is due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal quarter and the continued increase in the weekly average of same store restaurant food sales. Restaurant food sales should continue to increase due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal year; the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006; and the continued increase in the weekly average of same store restaurant food sales.

Restaurant bar sales represented 14.52% of total sales in the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 as compared to 13.78% of total sales in the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005. The weekly average of same store restaurant bar sales were \$135,985 and \$119,810 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 13.50%. The increase in restaurant bar sales is due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal quarter ended July 1, 2006 and the promotions introduced during the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 to increase restaurant bar sales, without jeopardizing the Company's perception as a family restaurant. Restaurant bar sales should continue to increase due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal year; the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006; and the continued increase in the weekly average of same store restaurant bar sales.

Package goods sales represented 22.68% of total sales in the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006, as compared to 22.82% of total sales in the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005. The weekly average of same store package goods sales were \$233,545 and \$209,091 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 11.70%. The increase was primarily due to increased volume. Package good sales are expected to continue increasing through the balance of fiscal year 2006 due to the continued increase in the weekly average of same store package sales.

The gross profit margin for restaurant food and bar sales was 66.23% and 65.11% for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively. The 1.12% increase in gross profit for restaurant and bar sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2006 was primarily due to menu price increases.

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The gross profit margin for package goods stores was 28.36% and 28.44% for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively. The gross profit margin for package goods stores is expected to remain constant through the balance of fiscal year 2006.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Operating costs and expenses were \$13,197,000 and \$11,626,000 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 13.51%. The increase is due to the operation of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire fiscal quarter, as well as a general increase in overall operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses are expected to continue increasing through the balance of fiscal year 2006 with the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006 and a general increase in overall operating costs and expenses.

Payroll and related costs were \$4,096,000 and \$3,394,000 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 20.68%. The increase is attributed to the operation of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire fiscal quarter ended July 1, 2006, pre-opening payroll and related costs for the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida, the impact of the Florida minimum wage which was effective during the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 and further impacted by its first annual cost of living increase effective January 1, 2006 and the accrual of officers' bonus in fiscal year 2006. During the balance of fiscal year 2006, payroll and related costs are expected to increase due to the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006.

Occupancy costs which include rent, common area maintenance, repairs and taxes were \$769,000 and \$716,000 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 7.40%. The increase is accounted for by increased real property taxes and the payment of rent for the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire fiscal quarter ended July 1, 2006.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$2,662,000 and \$2,364,000 for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 12.61%. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses is accounted for by the operation of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire fiscal quarter; expenses associated with the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida; and an overall increase in expenses.

Other Income and Expense

Other income and expenses were an expense of (\$47,000) for the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006 as compared to an expense of (\$48,000) for the thirteen weeks ended July 2, 2005. Other income and expenses includes insurance recovery, net of casualty loss, (\$8,000), which includes the deletion of the net book value of property and equipment as a result of Hurricane Wilma, (\$7,000), and repair of damage (\$1,000) caused by Hurricane Wilma, with no offset by an advance from the Company's insurance carrier against anticipated insurance recoveries during the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006.

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Comparison of Thirty Nine Weeks Ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005.

As the table above illustrates, total revenues in the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 increased by 13.55% as compared to the total revenues for the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005 primarily due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and menu price increases made during the third quarter of fiscal year 2005. The increase in total revenues also occurred notwithstanding an estimated loss of \$550,000 in restaurant food and beverage revenue as a result of Hurricane Wilma which impacted South Florida on October 24, 2005. Total revenues are expected to increase due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire

fiscal year and the opening of the $\$ restaurant in $\$ Pinecrest, $\$ Florida on August 14, 2006.

Restaurant food sales represented 60.59% of total sales in the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 as compared to 60.47% of total sales in the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005. The weekly average of same store restaurant food sales, which now includes five (5) limited partnership restaurants, were \$573,199 and \$542,044 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 5.75%. The increase in restaurant food sales is due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire thirty nine weeks, menu price increases and the continued increase in the weekly average of same store restaurant food sales. This increase occurred notwithstanding an estimated loss of \$450,000 in restaurant food sales as a result of Hurricane Wilma. Restaurant food sales should continue to increase due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal year; the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006; and the continued increase in the weekly average of same store restaurant food sales.

Restaurant bar sales represented 14.05% of total sales in the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 as compared to 13.86% of total sales in the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005. The weekly average of same store restaurant bar sales were \$131,674 and \$124,219 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 6.00%. The increase in restaurant bar sales is due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire thirty nine weeks and the promotions introduced during fiscal year 2005 to increase restaurant bar sales, without jeopardizing the Company's perception as a family restaurant. This increase also occurred notwithstanding an estimated loss of \$100,000 in restaurant bar sales as a result of Hurricane Wilma. Restaurant bar sales should continue to increase due to the restaurant in Wellington, Florida being open for the entire fiscal year; the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006; and the continued increase in the weekly average of same store restaurant bar sales.

Package goods sales represented 25.36% of total sales in the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, as compared to 25.67% of total sales in the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005. The weekly average of same store package goods sales, which now includes all nine (9) Company owned package stores, were \$262,256 and \$234,036 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 12.06%. The increase was primarily due to increased volume. Hurricane Wilma had no adverse affect upon package goods sales because all

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Company-owned package good stores were open for business, without electric power, by October 26, 2005 or within two (2) days of Hurricane Wilma and notwithstanding curfews limiting hours of operation. Package good sales are expected to continue increasing through the balance of fiscal year 2006 due to the continued increase in the weekly average of same store package sales.

The gross profit margin for restaurant food and bar sales was 66.02% and 64.80% for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively. The 1.22% increase in gross profit margin for restaurant and bar sales for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 was primarily due to menu price increases.

The gross profit margin for package goods stores was 28.21% and 28.25% for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively. The gross profit margin for package goods stores is expected to remain constant through the balance of fiscal year 2006.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Operating costs and expenses were \$39,743,000 and \$34,963,000 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 13.67%. The increase is due to the operation of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, as well as a general increase in overall operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses are expected to continue increasing through the balance of fiscal year 2006 with the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006 and a general increase in overall operating costs and expenses.

Payroll and related costs were \$11,904,000 and \$9,853,000 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 20.82%. The increase is attributed to the operation of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, pre-opening payroll and related costs for the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida, the impact of the Florida minimum wage which was effective during the third quarter of fiscal year 2005 and the further impact of its first annual cost of living increase effective January 1, 2006 and the accrual of officers' bonus in fiscal year 2006. During the balance of fiscal year 2006 payroll and related costs are expected to increase due to the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida on August 14, 2006.

Occupancy costs which include rent, common area maintenance, repairs and taxes were \$2,306,000 and \$2,081,000 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 10.81%. The increase is accounted for by increased real property taxes and the payment of rent for the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire thirty nine weeks of fiscal year 2006.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$7,958,000 and \$7,177,000 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 and July 2, 2005, respectively, an increase of 10.88%. The increase in selling, general and administrative expense is accounted for by the operation of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida for the entire thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006; expenses associated with the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida; and an overall increase in expenses.

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Other Income and Expense

Other income and expenses was income of \$364,000 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, as compared to an expense of (\$19,000) for the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005. Other income and expenses includes insurance recovery, net of casualty loss, \$442,000, which includes the deletion of the net book value of property and equipment as a result of Hurricane Wilma, (\$65,000), repair of damage (\$132,000) and food waste (\$61,000) caused by Hurricane Wilma, offset by advances of \$700,000, (\$750,000 less a \$50,000 deductible), from the Company's insurance carrier against anticipated insurance recoveries.

New Limited Partnership Restaurants

As the Company opens new limited partnership restaurants on a more regular basis the Company's income from operations will be adversely affected by the higher costs associated with the opening of the same. The higher costs include, but are not limited to pre-opening rent. For the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, as well as the third quarter of fiscal year 2005, the pre-opening rent paid and expensed for the new limited partnership restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida was approximately \$51,000, which is the full rent provided in the lease. Pre-opening payroll was approximately \$26,000 for the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, as compared to approximately \$5,000 for the third quarter of fiscal 2005. For the

thirty nine weeks of fiscal year 2006, as well as the thirty nine weeks of fiscal year 2005, the pre-opening rent paid and expensed for the new limited partnership restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida was approximately \$153,000, which is also the full rent provided in the lease. Pre-opening payroll was approximately \$26,000 for the thirty nine weeks of fiscal year 2006, as compared to \$23,000 for the thirty nine weeks of fiscal year 2005.

During the thirteen and thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005, the Company's income from operations was also adversely affected on a short-term basis by the pre-opening costs incurred for the limited partnership restaurant in Wellington, Florida which opened on May 27, 2005. For the thirteen and thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005, pre-opening rent paid and expensed was approximately \$18,000. For the thirteen and thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005, pre-opening payroll was \$61,000 and \$90,000 respectively, excluding lodging and per diem allowances incurred for new restaurant openers due to the proximity of this restaurant.

During the balance of fiscal year 2006, income from operations will be adversely affected by the pre-opening costs incurred for the new limited partnership restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida prior to the opening of the restaurant for business on August 14, 2006, including but not limited to additional pre-opening rent, in the amount of \$25,500, subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006 through the date the restaurant opened for business.

Trends

During the next twelve months management expects continued increases in restaurant sales, due primarily to the opening of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida and continued increases in same store restaurant sales. Package good sales are also expected to increase due primarily to increases in same store package goods sales. At the same time, management also expects higher food costs, payroll costs and an overall increase in expenses. The Company has already raised some of its menu prices to offset higher food costs and payroll costs and will continue to do so wherever competitively possible.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

The following table is a summary of the Company's cash flows for the thirty nine weeks of fiscal years 2006 and 2005.

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	Thirty Nine	Weeks Ended
	July 1	July 2
	2006	2005
	(In Thou	sands)
Net cash provided by		
operating activities	\$ 2,068	\$ 1,930
Net cash used in		
investing activities	(2,344)	(1,324)
Net cash provided by (used in)		
financing activities	1,130	(602)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	854	4

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	2,674	2,936
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 3,528	\$ 2,940

On January 13, 2006, the Company declared a cash dividend of 35 cents per share payable on February 15, 2006 to shareholders of record on January 31, 2006.

On December 9, 2004, the Company declared a cash dividend of 32 cents per share payable on January 28, 2005 to the shareholders of record on January 14, 2005.

Capital Expenditures

The Company had cash additions to property and equipment of \$2,356,000 during the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, including \$531,000 as a direct result of Hurricane Wilma, as compared to \$1,367,000 for the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005. The additions to fixed assets during the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006 included most of the renovations to the business premises of the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida, while the addition to fixed assets during the thirty nine weeks ended July 2, 2005 included the renovations to the business premises of the restaurant in Wellington, Florida.

All of the Company's units require periodic refurbishing in order to remain competitive. The budget for fiscal year 2006 is \$700,000, exclusive of any expenditures attributed to Hurricane Wilma. The Company expects the funds for these improvements to be provided from operations. During the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the limited partnership which owns the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida completed its private offering, raising the sum of \$3,300,000. The funds from the private offering were used to reimburse the Company for advances made to the limited partnership in excess of its investment in the same, (\$1,506,000), to complete the renovations to the business premises for operation of a "Flanigan's Seafood Bar and Grill" restaurant and provide working capital for the same.

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Long Term Debt

As of July 1, 2006, the Company had long term debt of \$2,205,000, as compared to \$1,365,000 as of July 2, 2005, and \$1,557,000 as of October 1, 2005.

The Company's long term debt includes its line of credit, which line of credit had a principal balance of \$762,000 as of July 1, 2006. As of July 1, 2006, the Company is in compliance with the affirmative covenants contained in the loan documents.

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company closed on a \$3,280,000 mortgage which financed the Company's purchase of the limited liability company which owns the real property and ground lease for a small portion of the property of the Company's combination restaurant and package liquor store located at 4 North Federal Highway, Hallandale, Florida, (Store #31). As collateral for the mortgage, the limited liability company granted the lender a first mortgage on its real property and a leasehold mortgage on the ground lease, while the Company granted a first mortgage on its parking lot adjacent to the above-described business location. The Company's grant of a first mortgage on its parking lot, included the satisfaction of the purchase money mortgage on the same, which had an approximate principal balance of \$264,000. The mortgage bears interest at the rate of seven and one-half (7 1/2%) percent per annum, is amortized over twenty (20) years with equal monthly

payments of principal and interest, each in the amount of \$26,400, with the entire principal balance and all accrued interest due in seven (7) years.

Property Insurance Coverage; Deductibles

For the policy year commencing December 30, 2005, the Company's property insurance has a deductible of \$25,000 - \$50,000 per location, per occurrence. In the event a casualty, such as another hurricane, impacted every location whereby property damage and business interruption claims reached or exceeded every deductible, then the Company and its limited partnerships would face a maximum exposure of \$825,000. The Company intends to build its cash balances during hurricane season, (June 1 - November 1 each year), to protect the Company against losses as a result of a hurricane or other casualty loss, as well as to maintain a line of credit as additional protection against the same.

Purchase of Company Common Stock

Pursuant to a discretionary plan approved by the Board of Directors, during the thirteen weeks ended July 1, 2006, the Company purchased 5,000 shares of its common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$52,000. During the thirty nine weeks ended July 1, 2006, the Company purchased 9,350 shares of its common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$95,000.

Working Capital

The table below summarizes the current assets, current liabilities, and working capital for the fiscal quarters ended July 1, 2006, July 2, 2005 and the fiscal year ended October 1, 2005.

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Item	July 1, 2006	July 2, 2005	Oct. 1, 2005
	(In Thousands)	
Current Assets	\$ 7 , 350	\$ 6,609	\$ 6,091
Current Liabilities	4,583	4,138	3,954
Working Capital	2,767	2,471	2,137

Working capital for the fiscal quarter ending July 1, 2006 increased by 11.98% from the working capital for the fiscal quarter ending July 2, 2005 and by 29.48% from the working capital for the fiscal year ending October 1, 2005. Working capital for the quarter ended July 1, 2006 was still negatively impacted by advances for the new location in Davie, Florida, in the amount of \$11,000 for architect fees, and for the new location in Pembroke Pines, Florida, in the amount of \$31,000, including but not limited to the deposit under the Sale of Business Agreement, (\$25,000 of which \$15,000 became non-refundable during the quarter ended July 1, 2006) and architects fees (\$6,000). The increase in working capital for the fiscal quarter ending July 1, 2006 when compared to the fiscal quarter ending July 2, 2005 was also due to the completion of the private offering by the limited partnership owning the restaurant in Pinecrest, Florida during the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, which private offering reimbursed the Company for advances made to the limited partnership in excess of its investment in the same, (\$1,506,000).

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter of fiscal year 2006, working capital was adversely affected by the Company's payment of the cash to close, (approximately \$925,000), on its purchase of the limited liability company which

owns the real property and ground lease of the Company's location at $4\ \mathrm{N}.$ Federal Highway, Hallandale, Broward County, Florida.

Through the remainder of fiscal year 2006 and into fiscal year 2007, management projects that working capital will be adversely affected by investments and/or further advances to be made by the Company for the new locations in Davie, Florida and Pembroke Pines, Florida. Management believes that over the balance of fiscal year 2006, working capital will increase by the amount of any insurance recoveries received

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company does not ordinarily hold market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes but as of July 1, 2006 holds one equity security at a cost of \$303,000 to receive dividend payments and for the Company to satisfy debt in the future. There is no assurance that market price will increase or decrease in the next year. Even if the price of the equity security decreased by 10% below its cost, results of operations would be reduced by \$30,000, an amount management considers immaterial.

Interest Rate Risk

At July 1, 2006, the Company has two debt arrangements which have variable interest rates. For one of these instruments, a mortgage note, the Company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement to hedge the interest rate risk. The mortgage note has an outstanding principal balance at July 1, 2006 of \$794,000. The second instrument, the secured \$2,000,000 line of credit has a variable interest rate, which is at prime. The line of credit has an outstanding principal balance at July 1, 2006 of \$762,000. Increases in interest rates may have a material affect upon results of

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operations, depending upon the outstanding principal balance on the line of credit from time to time.

At July 1, 2006, the Company's cash resources earn interest at variable rates. Accordingly, the Company's return on these funds is affected by fluctuations in interest rates. Any decrease in interest rates will have a negative effect on the Company's earnings.

There is no assurance that interest rates will increase or decrease over the next fiscal year.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, with the participation of management, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") Rule 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e)) as of July 1, 2006. It is the opinion of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer that such disclosure controls and procedures operate such that important information flows to appropriate collection and disclosure points in a timely manner and are effective in ensuring that material information is accumulated and communicated to management and made known to the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer particularly during the period in which this report was prepared, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding timely disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes

that any system of controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, is subject to limitations, including the exercise of our judgment in evaluating the same. As a result, there can be no assurance that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors.

(b) Change in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the third guarter of fiscal year 2006, the Company continued to assess the effectiveness of our "internal controls over financial reporting" on an account by account basis as a part of our on-going accounting and financial reporting review process. The assessments were made by management, under the supervision of our Chief Financial Officer. We made no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter ending July 1, 2006 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Notwithstanding, the effectiveness of our system of internal control over financial reporting is subject to limitations, including the exercise of our judgment in evaluating the same. As a result, there can be no assurance that our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 - Legal Proceedings: See "Litigation" on page 13 of this report and Item 1 and Item 3 to Part 1 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 1, 2005 for a discussion of other legal proceedings resolved in prior years.

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Item 2 - Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds: None

Item 3 - Defaults Upon Senior Securities:

None

Item 4 - Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders:

None

Item 5 - Other Information:

None

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K:

- (a) Exhibits: Exhibits 31.1, 31.2, 32.1 and 32.2 (Certifications)
- (b) Form 8-K: None

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereto duly authorized. The information furnished reflects all adjustments to the statement of the results for the interim period.

FLANIGAN'S ENTERPRISES, INC.

/s/ James G. Flanigan

JAMES G. FLANIGAN, Chief Executive Officer and

President

Date: August 15, 2006

/s/ Jeffrey D. Kastner
----JEFFREY D. KASTNER
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

Date: August 15, 2006

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