

URSTADT BIDDLE PROPERTIES INC
 Form 4
 January 05, 2015

FORM 4

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
 Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
 URSTADT CHARLES D

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
 URSTADT BIDDLE PROPERTIES INC [UBP]

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer
 (Check all applicable)

(Last) (First) (Middle)
 16 ISLAND AVENUE, APARTMENT 1A
 (Street)

3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year)
 01/02/2015

Director 10% Owner
 Officer (give title below) Other (specify below)

MIAMI BEACH, FL 33139

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)
 Form filed by One Reporting Person
 Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

(City) (State) (Zip)

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)
				(A) or (D) Code V Amount (D) Price			
Common Stock	01/02/2015		J ⁽¹⁾	1,000 A \$ 0	27,676 ⁽²⁾	D	

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474 (9-02)

Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

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1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Price of Derivative Security (Instr. 5)	9. Number of Derivative Securities Owned Following Reporting Transaction (Instr. 6)
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Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
URSTADT CHARLES D 16 ISLAND AVENUE APARTMENT 1A MIAMI BEACH, FL 33139		X		

Signatures

Charles D. Urstadt by Thomas D. Myers as Attorney-in-Fact 01/05/2015

**Signature of Reporting Person Date

Explanation of Responses:

- * If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).
 - ** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).
- (1) On January 2, 2015, the Issuer entered into an agreement with Charles D. Urstadt (the "Reporting Person") whereby the Reporting Person was granted a restricted stock award of 1,000 shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Issuer's Amended and Restated Restricted Stock Award Plan (the "Restricted Stock Award Plan").
- This figure includes 4,850 restricted shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to the Restricted Stock Award Plan. On January 4, 2015, restrictions applicable to a previously reported grant of 950 shares of Common Stock lapsed, resulting in the reporting person becoming fully vested in such shares. This resulted in no change in the number of shares beneficially owned by the Reporting Person. The number of shares reported does not include shares of Common Stock of the Issuer owned by Urstadt Realty Associates Co LP ("URACO"), a Delaware limited partnership, of which the Charles D. Urstadt Irrevocable Trust (the "CDU Trust") is a limited partner. The Reporting Person is the sole beneficiary of the CDU Trust. Shares held by URACO are separately reported by the general partner of the limited partnership.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure. Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number. nsulting practice and a training center that provides seminars/training to the industry.

The Lab incorporates the latest technology and test methodologies meeting pharmacopoeia industry standards and regulations. It currently offers services to our core industries already serviced as well as the cosmetic and food industries.

We also provide technical seminars/training that incorporate the latest regulatory trends and standards as well as other related areas. A network of leading industry professional experts in their field, which include resources of our own, provide these seminars/training to the industry through our "Pharma Serv Academy" division. These services are provided in the markets we currently serve, as well as others, and position our Company as a key leader in the industry.

Our information technology services and consulting division based in Puerto Rico ("Integratek") provide a variety of information technology services such as web pages and portals development, digital art design, intranets, extranets, software development including database integration, Windows and web applications development, software technical training and learning management systems, technology project management, and compliance consulting services, among others. Integratek is a Microsoft Certified Partner and a reseller for technology products from leading vendors in the market.

In line with the strategy to further penetrate the United States and Puerto Rico markets, we submit annually for renewal the certification as a "minority-controlled company" as defined by the National Minority Supplier Development Council and Growth Initiative ("NMSDC"). This certification, which has been held by us since July 2008, allows us to participate in corporate diversity programs available from various potential customers in the United States and Puerto Rico.

In June 2011, Pharma-Bio, Pharma-PR and Pharma-Serv obtained a new Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in Act No. 73 of May 28, 2008 ("the Grant") issued by the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company ("PRIDCO"). The Grant provides relief on various Puerto Rico taxes, including income tax, with certain limitations for most of the activities carried on within Puerto Rico, including those that are for services to parties located outside of Puerto Rico.

Industry consolidations, the pharmaceutical regulatory environment, changes in tax laws, customers' price sensitive procurement processes, and the local and global economies recession continue to be factors and uncertainties that affect our business. As such, we are constantly realigning our business strategies as new opportunities and challenges arise.

For the year ended October 31, 2014, net revenues for the Company were \$27.6 million, a decrease of \$5.5 million, or 16.7% when compared to the same period last year. This decline is mainly attributable to a \$3.6, \$1.4, \$0.2 and \$0.1 million revenue decrease in the United States, Europe and Puerto Rico consulting markets and the Lab, respectively. Other Company divisions sustained minor revenue gains/losses or remained constant, when compared to the same period last year. The Company continues to invest in its business development and operational support expenses for all its divisions in order to diversify their market, services and customer base.

The revenue decline, combined with an investment increase in business development and operational support expenses, has led our year ended October 31, 2014 net income to be approximately \$2.4 million, a decrease of \$2.5 million, when compared with the same period last year.

The following table sets forth information as to our revenue for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, by geographic regions (dollars in thousands).

Year ended October 31,

Revenues by Region	2014		2013	
Puerto Rico	\$ 17,609	63.9%	\$ 17,973	54.4%
United States	7,761	28.2%	11,492	34.7%
Europe	2,185	7.9%	3,597	10.9%
	\$ 27,555	100.0%	\$ 33,062	100.0%

Weak economies where we do business and worldwide industry consolidations will continue to be unfavorable factors going forward. These factors, and the impact on the industry, if any, of the recently enacted U.S. health care reform (Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act) and Puerto Rico Act 154 which imposed temporary excise taxes to the industry we serve, remain as industry uncertainties that might adversely affect our future performance. We believe that our future profitability and liquidity will be highly dependent on the effect the global economy, changes in tax laws and worldwide lifescience manufacturing industry consolidations will have over our operations, and our ability to seek service opportunities and adapt to the current industry trends.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our statements of operations for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, (dollars in thousands) and as a percentage of revenue:

	Year ended October 31,			
	2014		2013	
Revenues	\$ 27,555	100.0 %	\$ 33,062	100.0 %
Cost of services	18,582	67.4 %	21,229	64.2 %
Gross profit	8,973	32.6 %	11,833	35.8 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	6,109	22.2 %	5,761	17.4 %
Other income, net	15	0.1%	4	0.0 %
Income before income taxes	2,879	10.5 %	6,076	18.4 %
Income tax expense	465	1.7 %	1,170	3.6 %
Net income	2,414	8.8 %	4,906	14.8 %

Revenues. Revenues for the year ended October 31, 2014 were \$27.6 million, a decrease of approximately \$5.5 million, or 16.7%, when compared to last year. The revenue decrease is mainly attributable to a decline from projects in the United States, Europe and Puerto Rico consulting markets and the Lab for \$3.6, \$1.4, \$0.2 and \$0.1 million, respectively. Other Company divisions sustained minor revenue gains/losses or remained constant, when compared to the same period last year.

A significant portion of the revenues for the European market is mostly attributable to one customer located in Ireland. Most of the European revenue decline is attributable to the loss of project headcount within this Ireland customer.

Cost of Services; gross profit. The overall gross profit for the year ended in October 31, 2014 reflected a gross profit net decrease of 3.2 percentage points, when compared to last year.

The Company's net decrease in gross profit is mainly attributable to the decrease of 2.1 and 1.1 percentage points in consulting services and Lab gross margin, respectively. The decline in gross margin is mostly attributable to United States and Puerto Rico consulting projects which last year had an above average gross margin, and the Lab's unfavorable yield resulting from the decrease in testing volume, versus the absorption of fixed cost of services.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the year ended in October 31, 2014 were approximately \$6.1 million, a net increase in expenses of approximately \$0.3 million as compared to last year. The Company continued investing in its business development and operations support expenses for all its divisions in order to diversify their market, services and customer base.

Income Taxes Expense. The reduction in income tax expense is a function of the decrease in income before tax, and the effective tax rate attained after considering the effect of the Puerto Rico Act 73 Tax Grant.

Net Income. Our net income for year ended October 31, 2014 was approximately \$2.4 million, a decrease of \$2.5 million when compared to the same period last year. Our net income variance is mainly attributable to the decline in revenue, the increase in selling general and administrative expenses for the business and operations investments incurred aimed to diversify markets, services and customer base, and the impact of the effective income tax rates (including Puerto Rico favorable tax grants) over income before tax.

For the year ended October 31, 2014, earnings per common share basic and diluted were \$0.105 and \$0.102, respectively, a common share basic and diluted decrease of \$0.116 and \$0.105 when compared to last year,

respectively. The variance is mainly attributable to the decrease in net income, and the increase in weighted average common shares basic of approximately 0.8 million shares, when compared to the same period last year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is a measure of our ability to meet potential cash requirements, including planned capital expenditures. For the year ended October 31, 2014, we generated a working capital increase of approximately \$2.6 million.

On June 13, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized the Company to repurchase up to two million shares of its common stock (the "Company Stock Repurchase Program"). During the year ended October 31, 2014, the Company repurchased 15,550 shares of its common stock.

Our primary cash needs consist of the payment of compensation to our professional staff, overhead expenses, and statutory taxes. Additionally, we may use cash for the repurchase of our common stock under the Company Stock Repurchase Program. Management believes that based on the current level of operations and cash flows from operations, the collectibility of high quality customer receivables will be sufficient to fund anticipated expenses and satisfy other possible long-term contractual commitments for the next twelve months.

To the extent that we pursue possible opportunities to expand our operations, either by acquisition or by the establishment of operations in a new locale, we will incur additional overhead, and there may be a delay between the period we commence operations and our generation of net cash flow from operations.

While uncertainties relating to the current local and global economic condition, competition, the industries and geographical regions served by us and other regulatory matters exist within the consulting services industry, as described above, management is not aware of any trends or events likely to have a material adverse effect on liquidity or its financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We were not involved in any significant off-balance sheet arrangements during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) in the United States. We believe the following are the critical accounting policies that impact the consolidated financial statements, some of which are based on management’s best estimates available at the time of preparation. Actual experience may differ from these estimates.

Consolidation - The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of all of our wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Accounting standards have established a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument’s categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Accounting standards have established three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets), or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data

Explanation of Responses:

for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Marketable securities available-for-sale consist of U.S. Treasury securities and an obligation from the Puerto Rico Government Development Bank valued using quoted market prices in active markets. Accordingly, these securities are categorized in Level 1.

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments (excluding marketable securities and obligations under capital leases), cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are considered reasonable estimates of fair value due to their liquidity or short-term nature. Management believes, based on current rates, that the fair value of its obligations under capital leases approximates the carrying amount.

Revenue Recognition - Revenue is primarily derived from: (1) time and materials contracts (representing approximately 91% of total revenues), which is recognized by applying the proportional performance model, whereby revenue is recognized as performance occurs, (2) short-term fixed-fee contracts or "not to exceed" contracts (representing approximately 3% of total revenues), which revenue is recognized similarly, except that certain milestones also have to be reached before revenue is recognized, and (3) laboratory testing revenue (representing approximately 6% of total revenues) which is mainly recognized as the testing is completed and certified (normally within days of sample receipt from customer). If we determine that a contract will result in a loss, we recognize the estimated loss in the period in which such determination is made.

Cash Equivalents - For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash equivalents include investments in a money market obligations trust that is registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940 and liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Marketable Securities - We consider our marketable security investment portfolio and marketable equity investments available-for-sale and, accordingly, these investments are recorded at fair value with unrealized gains and losses generally recorded in other comprehensive income; whereas realized gains and losses are included in earnings and determined based on the specific identification method.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are recorded at their estimated realizable value. Accounts are deemed past due when payment has not been received within the stated time period. Our policy is to review individual past due amounts periodically and write off amounts for which all collection efforts are deemed to have been exhausted. Due to the nature of our customers, bad debts are mainly accounted for using the direct write-off method whereby an expense is recognized only when a specific account is determined to be uncollectible. The effect of using this method approximates that of the allowance method.

Income Taxes - We follow an asset and liability approach method of accounting for income taxes. This method measures deferred income taxes by applying enacted statutory rates in effect at the balance sheet date to the differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts on the financial statements. The resulting deferred tax assets or liabilities are adjusted to reflect changes in tax laws as they occur. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The Company follows guidance from the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") related to Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, which includes a two-step approach to recognizing, de-recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. As of October 31, 2014, the Company had no significant uncertain tax positions that would be reduced as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations.

Property and equipment - Owned property and equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Vehicles under capital leases are stated at the lower of fair market value or net present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases.

Depreciation and amortization of owned assets are provided for, when placed in service, in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, using straight-line basis. Assets under capital leases and leasehold improvements are amortized, over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or lease term. Major renewals and betterments that extend the life of the assets are capitalized, while expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred.

We evaluate for impairment our long-lived assets to be held and used, and long-lived assets to be disposed of, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Based on management estimates, no impairment of the operating properties was present.

Stock-based Compensation - Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on the fair value of the awards granted. Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period, which generally represents the vesting period, and includes an estimate of awards that will be forfeited. We calculate the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model at grant date. Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation are reflected as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating activities. We have not recognized such cash flow from financing activities since there has been no tax benefit related to the stock-based compensation.

Income Per Share of Common Stock - Basic income per share of common stock is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted income per share includes the dilution of common stock equivalents. The diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding were calculated using the treasury stock method for the respective periods.

Foreign Operations - The functional currency of our foreign subsidiary is its local currency. The assets and liabilities of our foreign subsidiary are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the period. The cumulative translation effect for subsidiaries using a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar is included as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income.

Our intercompany accounts are typically denominated in the functional currency of the foreign subsidiary. Gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables that we consider to be of a long-term investment nature are recorded as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income, while gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables from those international subsidiaries for which we anticipate settlement in the foreseeable future are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. The net gains and losses recorded in the consolidated statements of income were not significant for the periods presented.

New Accounting Standards

Recently issued FASB guidance and Securities Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletins have either been implemented, with no significant effect, or are not applicable to the Company.

Forward-Looking Statements

Our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and prospects, and the prevailing market price and performance of our common stock, may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including the matters discussed below. Certain statements and information set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as other written or oral statements made from time to time by us or by our authorized executive officers on our behalf, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Federal Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include all statements other than those made solely with respect to historical fact and identified by words such as "believes", "anticipates", "expects", "intends" and similar expressions, but such words are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We intend for our forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and we set forth this statement and these risk factors in order to comply with such safe harbor provisions. You should note that our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K or when made and we undertake no duty or obligation to update or revise our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. Although we believe that the expectations, plans, intentions and projections reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, such statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. The risks, uncertainties and other factors that our stockholders and prospective investors should consider include the following:

Because our business is concentrated in the life science and medical device industries in Puerto Rico, the United States and Europe, any changes in those industries or in those markets could impair our ability to generate revenue and realize a profit.

Puerto Rico government enacted ACT 154-2010 may adversely affect the willingness of our customers to do business in Puerto Rico and consequently adversely affect our business.

Changes in tax benefits may affect the willingness of companies to continue or expand their operations in Puerto Rico.

Puerto Rico's economy, including its governmental financial crisis, may affect the willingness of businesses to commence or expand operations in Puerto Rico, or may also consider closing operations carried in Puerto Rico.

Other factors, including economic factors, may affect the decision of businesses to continue or expand their operations in the markets we serve.

Our business and operating results may be impacted if we are unable to maintain our certification as a minority-controlled company.

Because our business is dependent upon a small number of clients, the loss of a major client could impair our ability to operate profitably.

Customer procurement and sourcing practices intended to reduce costs could have an adverse affect on our margins and profitability.

Since our business is dependent upon the development and enhancement of patented pharmaceutical products or processes by our clients, the failure of our clients to obtain and maintain patents could impair our ability to operate profitably.

We may be unable to pass on increased labor costs to our clients.

Consolidation in the life science and medical device industries may have a harmful effect on our business.

Because the life science and medical device industries are subject to government regulations, changes in government regulations relating to this industry may affect the need for our services.

Our reputation and divisions may be impacted by regulatory standards impacting our customer products.

If we are unable to protect our clients' intellectual property, our ability to generate business will be impaired.

We may be subject to liability if our services or solutions for our clients infringe upon the intellectual property rights of others.

We may be held liable for the actions of our employees or contractors when on assignment.

To the extent that we perform services pursuant to fixed-price or incentive-based contracts, our cost of services may exceed our revenue on the contract.

Because most of our contracts may be terminated on little or no advance notice, our failure to generate new business could impair our ability to operate profitably.

Because we are dependent upon our management, our ability to develop our business may be impaired if we are not able to engage skilled personnel.

We may not be able to continue to grow unless we consummate acquisitions or enter markets outside of Puerto Rico, the United States, Ireland and Spain.

Our cash could be adversely affected if the financial institutions in which we hold our cash fail.

If we identify a proposed acquisition, we may require substantial cash to fund the cost of the acquisition.

If we make any acquisitions, they may disrupt or have a negative impact on our business.

Because there is a limited market in our common stock, stockholders may have difficulty in selling our common stock and our common stock may be subject to significant price swings.

Our revenues, operating results and profitability will vary from quarter to quarter, which may result in increased volatility of our stock price.

The Company Stock Repurchase Program could affect the market price of our common stock and increase its volatility.

The issuance of securities, whether in connection with an acquisition or otherwise, may result in significant dilution to our stockholders.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Not applicable.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA.

Explanation of Responses:

Our Consolidated Financial Statements, together with the report of our independent registered public accounting firm are included herein immediately following the signature page of this report. See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate "internal control over financial reporting," as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act, for the Company. This rule defines internal control over financial reporting as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, a company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, our internal control systems and procedures may not prevent or detect misstatements. An internal control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

We, under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of October 31, 2014, based on criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting described in "Internal Control — Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of October 31, 2014, based on the specified criteria.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Based on an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our last fiscal quarter identified in connection with that evaluation that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, which will be filed with Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K, or, alternatively, by amendment to this Form 10-K under cover of Form 10-K/A no later than the end of such 120 day period.

Information with respect to our executive officers is included in Part I.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, which will be filed with Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K, or, alternatively, by amendment to this Form 10-K under cover of Form 10-K/A no later than the end of such 120 day period.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, which will be filed with Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K, or, alternatively, by amendment to this Form 10-K under cover of Form 10-K/A no later than the end of such 120 day period.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, which will be filed with Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K, or, alternatively, by amendment to this Form 10-K under cover of Form 10-K/A no later than the end of such 120 day period.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES.

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference to our Proxy Statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, which will be filed with Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K, or, alternatively, by amendment to this Form 10-K under cover of Form 10-K/A no later than the end of such 120 day period.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES.

The following documents are filed as a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

1. All Financial Statements: Consolidated Financial Statements are included herein immediately following the signature page of this report. See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1.
2. Financial Statement Schedules: None.
3. Exhibits: The following exhibits are filed herewith or are incorporated by reference to exhibits previously filed with the Commission, as indicated in the description of each.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	Incorporated By Reference		Filing Date
			File Number	Exhibit	
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation	8-K	000-50956	99.1	5/1/2006
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation	8-K	000-50956	3.1	4/12/13
3.3	By-laws	10-SB12G	000-50956	3.2	9/24/2004
3.4	Amendment No. 1 to the By-laws	8-K	000-50956	3.1	6/6/2008
3.5	Amendment No. 2 to the By-laws	8-K	000-50956	3.2	4/12/13
10.1	Consulting Agreement, dated January 7, 2013, by and between Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. and Elizabeth Plaza.	8-K	000-50956	10.1	1/11/2013
10.2	Approval of Compensation Committee, dated July 17, 2013, to increase the hours of service pursuant to the Consulting Agreement between the Company and Elizabeth Plaza (a description of such approval was included in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 23, 2013, and incorporated herein by reference).	8-K	000-50956	-	7/23/13
10.3	Consulting Agreement, effective January 1, 2014, between Pharma-Bio Serv Inc., Strategic Consultants International, LLC and Elizabeth Plaza.	8-K	000-50956	10.1	12/31/13
10.4	Consulting Agreement, effective January 1, 2015, between Pharma-Bio Serv Inc., Strategic Consultants International, LLC	8-K	000-50956	10.1	1/5/2015

10.5	and Elizabeth Plaza. Employment Agreement, effective January 1, 2015, between Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. and Victor Sanchez	8-K	000-50956	10.2	1/5/2015
10.6	Employment Agreement dated November 5, 2007 between the Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. and Pedro Lasanta	10-K	000-50956	10.8	1/29/2009
10.7	Amendment to Employment Agreement dated December 17, 2008 between the Registrant and Pedro Lasanta	8-K	000-50956	99.1	12/23/2008

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10.8	Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated March 11, 2009, by and between the Company and Pedro Lasanta	8-K	000-50956	10.3	3/17/2009
10.9	Employment Agreement Amendment, effective as of January 1, 2010, by and between the Company and Pedro Lasanta.	8-K	000-50956	10.2	1/07/2010
10.10	Employment Agreement Amendment, dated January 31, 2012, by and between the Company and Pedro J. Lasanta	8-K	000-50956	10.1	2/2/2012
10.11	Employment Agreement Amendment, dated December 31, 2012, by and between the Company and Pedro J. Lasanta	8-K	000-50956	10.1	1/7/2013
10.12	Employment Agreement Amendment between Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. and Pedro Lasanta, effective January 1, 2014.	8-K	000-50956	10.1	2/21/2014
10.13	Employment Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2009, by and between Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. and Nélica Plaza.	8-K	000-50956	10.3	1/07/2010
10.14	Employment Agreement Amendment, dated January 7, 2013, by and among Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc., Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. and Nélica Plaza	8-K	000-50956	10.2	1/11/2013
10.15	Employment Agreement Amendment, dated January 7, 2013, by and among the Company, Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. and Nelida Plaza	8-K	000-50956	10.2	1/11/13
10.16	Employment Agreement Amendment among Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc., Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. and Nélica Plaza, effective January 1, 2014.	8-K	000-50956	10.1	2/21/2014
10.17	2005 Long-term incentive plan, as amended	DEF 14A	000-50956	Appendix C	3/26/2007
10.18	Amendment to 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan	10-Q	000-50956	10.4	3/17/2014
10.19	Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. 2014 Long-Term Incentive Plan	8-K	000-50956	10.1	5/2/2014
10.20	Lease dated March 16, 2004 between Plaza Professional Center, Inc. and the Registrant	SB-2	333-132847	10.9	3/30/2006
10.21	Lease dated November 1, 2004 between Plaza Professional Center, Inc. and the Registrant	SB-2	333-132847	10.10	3/30/2006
14.1	Code of business conduct and ethics for senior management	10-KSB	000-50956	14.1	2/2/2007

21.1*	List of Subsidiaries
23.1*	Consent of Horwath Vélez & Co, PSC
31.1*	Certification of chief executive officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of chief financial officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification of chief executive officer and chief financial officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

* Filed herewith

** Furnished herewith

Exhibits 10.1 through 10.19 are management contracts or compensatory plans, contracts or arrangements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.

Dated : January 29, 2015

By: /s/ Victor Sanchez
Name: Victor Sanchez
Title: Chief Executive Officer
and
President Europe Operations
(Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Victor Sanchez Victor Sanchez	Chief Executive Officer and President Europe Operations (Principal Executive Officer)	January 29, 2015
/s/ Pedro J. Lasanta Pedro J. Lasanta	Chief Financial Officer, Vice President Finance and Administration and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	January 29, 2015
/s/ Elizabeth Plaza Elizabeth Plaza	Chairman	January 29, 2015
/s/ Kirk Michel Kirk Michel	Director	January 29, 2015
/s/ Howard Spindel Howard Spindel	Director	January 29, 2015
/s/ Dov Perlysky Dov Perlysky	Director	January 29, 2015

/s/ Irving Wiesen
Irving Wiesen

Director

January 29, 2015

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PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of
Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc.
Dorado, Puerto Rico

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. (the "Company") as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc.'s management is responsible for these financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/S/ HORWATH VÉLEZ & CO, PSC
San Juan, Puerto Rico

January 29, 2015
Puerto Rico Society of Certified Public Accountants
Stamp number E134980 was
affixed to the original of this report

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PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
October 31, 2014 and 2013

	October 31,	
	2014	2013
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,088,070	\$ 12,045,923
Marketable securities	67,877	71,260
Accounts receivable	6,385,575	7,403,987
Other	783,466	767,452
Total current assets	22,324,988	20,288,622
Property and equipment	869,041	976,423
Other assets	17,055	16,891
Total assets	\$ 23,211,084	\$ 21,281,936
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Current portion-obligations under capital leases	\$ 21,994	\$ 32,188
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,355,034	2,825,532
Income taxes payable	248,559	322,731
Total current liabilities	2,625,587	3,180,451
Obligations under capital leases	74,736	51,724
Total liabilities	2,700,323	3,232,175
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; authorized 10,000,000 shares; none issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; authorized 50,000,000 shares; 23,049,462 and 22,702,186 shares issued, and 23,033,912 and 22,702,186 shares outstanding at October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively	2,305	2,271
Additional paid-in capital	1,055,436	931,039
Retained earnings	19,606,817	17,193,203
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(135,708)	(76,752)
	20,528,850	18,049,761
Treasury stock, at cost; 15,550 common shares held at October 31, 2014	(18,089)	-
Total stockholders' equity	20,510,761	18,049,761
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 23,211,084	\$ 21,281,936

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Income
For the Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

	Years ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
REVENUES	\$ 27,555,039	\$ 33,062,010
COST OF SERVICES	18,581,829	21,228,554
GROSS PROFIT	8,973,210	11,833,456
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	6,109,061	5,761,742
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	2,864,149	6,071,714
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):		
Interest expense	(7,186)	(7,213)
Interest income	5,352	10,326
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	15,857	1,483
	14,023	4,596
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,878,172	6,076,310
INCOME TAXES	464,527	1,169,821
NET INCOME	\$ 2,413,645	\$ 4,906,489
BASIC EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.105	\$ 0.221
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.102	\$ 0.207
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – BASIC	22,979,290	22,201,514
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – DILUTED	23,694,211	23,660,362

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.
 Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
 For the Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

	Years ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
NET INCOME	\$ 2,413,645	\$ 4,906,489
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF RECLASSIFICATION ADJUSTMENTS AND TAXES:		
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	(55,573)	38,406
Net unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities	(3,383)	(23,740)
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	(58,956)	14,666
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 2,354,689	\$ 4,921,155

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
For the Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

	Common Stock Shares	Preferred Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Total	
BALANCE AT OCTOBER 31, 2012	20,758,695	\$2,076	\$-	\$678,214	\$12,286,714	\$(91,418)	\$-	\$12,875,586
STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION	-	-	-	53,161	-	-	-	53,161
CONVERSION OF WARRANTS TO SHARES OF COMMON STOCK	1,830,991	183	-	109,676	-	-	-	109,859
ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT WITH INVESTOR RELATIONS FIRM	112,500	12	-	89,988	-	-	-	90,000
NET INCOME	-	-	-	-	4,906,489	-	-	4,906,489
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX	-	-	-	-	-	14,666	-	14,666
BALANCE AT OCTOBER 31, 2013	22,702,186	2,271	-	931,039	17,193,203	(76,752)	-	18,049,761
STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION	-	-	-	94,400	-	-	-	94,400
CASHLESS CONVERSION OF WARRANTS TO SHARES OF COMMON STOCK	233,763	23	-	-	(23)	-	-	-
ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK PURSUANT TO	76,013	8	-	-	(8)	-	-	-

THE CASHLESS EXERCISE OF STOCK OPTIONS									
ISSUANCE OF COMMON STOCK PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT WITH INVESTOR RELATIONS FIRM	37,500	3	-	-	29,997	-	-	-	30,000
PURCHASE OF TREASURY STOCK (15,550 SHARES)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18,089)	(18,089)
NET INCOME	-	-	-	-	-	2,413,645	-	-	2,413,645
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, NET OF TAX	-	-	-	-	-	-	(58,956)	-	(58,956)
BALANCE AT OCTOBER 31, 2014	23,049,462	\$2,305	-	\$-	\$1,055,436	\$19,606,817	\$(135,708)	\$(18,089)	\$20,510,761

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

	Years ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 2,413,645	\$ 4,906,489
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	(15,857)	(1,483)
Stock-based compensation	94,400	53,161
Depreciation and amortization	377,195	344,520
Decrease in accounts receivable	1,050,843	428,309
Increase in other assets	(17,015)	(383,939)
(Decrease) increase in liabilities	(572,544)	279,629
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,330,667	5,626,686
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(207,507)	(219,352)
Proceeds from disposition of property and equipment	38,800	13,946
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(168,707)	(205,406)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	109,859
Repurchase of common stock	(18,089)	-
Payments on obligations under capital lease	(73,177)	(39,436)
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(91,266)	70,423
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	(28,547)	16,107
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,042,147	5,507,810
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,045,923	6,538,113
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 15,088,070	\$ 12,045,923
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Income taxes	\$ 535,267	\$ 1,325,910
Interest	\$ 7,186	\$ 7,213
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Property and equipment with accumulated depreciation of \$53,532 and \$4,532 disposed during		
the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.	\$ 76,475	\$ 16,995
Income tax withheld by clients to be used as a credit in the Company's income tax returns	\$ 79,635	\$ 204,325

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Issuance of common stock pursuant to agreement with investor relations firm	\$	30,000	\$	90,000
Conversion of cashless exercise of warrants and options to shares of common stock	\$	31	\$	-
Obligations under capital lease incurred for the acquisition of a vehicle	\$	85,995	\$	-

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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PHARMA-BIO SERV, INC.
Notes To Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ORGANIZATION

Pharma-Bio Serv, Inc. (“Pharma-Bio”) is a Delaware corporation organized on January 14, 2004. Pharma-Bio is the parent company of Pharma-Bio Serv PR, Inc. (“Pharma-PR”), Pharma Serv, Inc. (“Pharma-Serv”) both Puerto Rico corporations, Pharma-Bio Serv US, Inc. (“Pharma-US”), a Delaware corporation, Pharma-Bio Serv Validation & Compliance Limited (“Pharma-IR”), an Irish corporation, and Pharma-Bio Serv SL (“Pharma-Spain”), a Spanish limited liability company. Pharma-Bio, Pharma-PR, Pharma-Serv, Pharma-US, Pharma-IR and Pharma-Spain are collectively referred to as the “Company.” The Company operates in Puerto Rico, the United States, Ireland and Spain under the name of Pharma-Bio Serv and is engaged in providing technical compliance consulting service, and microbiological and chemical laboratory testing

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Accounting standards have established a fair value hierarchy that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument’s categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Accounting standards have established three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets), or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

Explanation of Responses:

Marketable securities available-for-sale consist of U.S. Treasury securities and an obligation from the Puerto Rico Government Development Bank valued using quoted market prices in active markets. Accordingly, these securities are categorized in Level 1.

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments (excluding marketable securities and obligations under capital leases): cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are considered reasonable estimates of fair value due to their liquidity or short-term nature. Management believes, based on current rates, that the fair value of its obligations under capital leases approximates the carrying amount.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is primarily derived from: (1) time and materials contracts (representing approximately 91% of total revenues), which is recognized by applying the proportional performance model, whereby revenue is recognized as performance occurs, (2) short-term fixed-fee contracts or "not to exceed" contracts (representing approximately 3% of total revenues), which revenue is recognized similarly, except that certain milestones also have to be reached before revenue is recognized, and (3) laboratory testing revenue (representing approximately 6% of total revenues), which is mainly recognized as the testing is completed and certified (normally within days of sample receipt from customer). If the Company determines that a contract will result in a loss, the Company recognizes the estimated loss in the period in which such determination is made.

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Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash equivalents include investments in money market obligation's trusts that are registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940 and liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Marketable Securities

We consider our marketable security investment portfolio and marketable equity investments as available-for-sale and, accordingly, these investments are recorded at fair value with unrealized gains and losses generally recorded in other comprehensive income; whereas realized gains and losses are included in earnings and determined based on the specific identification method.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at their estimated realizable value. Accounts are deemed past due when payment has not been received within the stated time period. The Company's policy is to review individual past due amounts periodically and write off amounts for which all collection efforts are deemed to have been exhausted. Due to the nature of the Company's customers, bad debts are mainly accounted for using the direct write-off method whereby an expense is recognized only when a specific account is determined to be uncollectible. The effect of using this method approximates that of the allowance method.

Income Taxes

The Company follows an asset and liability approach method of accounting for income taxes. This method measures deferred income taxes by applying enacted statutory rates in effect at the balance sheet date to the differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts on the financial statements. The resulting deferred tax assets or liabilities are adjusted to reflect changes in tax laws as they occur. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The Company follows guidance from the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") related to Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, which includes a two-step approach to recognizing, de-recognizing and measuring uncertain tax positions. As of October 31, 2014, the Company had no significant uncertain tax positions that would be reduced as a result of a lapse of the applicable statute of limitations.

Property and Equipment

Owned property and equipment, and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. Vehicles under capital leases are stated at the lower of fair market value or net present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases. Depreciation and amortization of owned assets are provided for, when placed in service, in amount sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives, using straight-line basis. Assets under capital leases and leasehold improvements are amortized, over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or initial lease term. Major renewals and betterments that extend the life of the assets are capitalized, while expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred.

The Company evaluates for impairment its long-lived assets to be held and used, and long-lived assets to be disposed of, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Based on management estimates, no impairment of the operating properties was present.

Stock-based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on the fair value of the awards granted. Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period, which generally represents the vesting period, and includes an estimate of awards that will be forfeited. The Company calculates the fair value of stock options using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model at grant date. Excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation are reflected as cash flows from financing activities rather than cash flows from operating activities. The Company has not recognized such cash flow from financing activities since there has been no tax benefit related to the stock-based compensation.

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Income Per Share of Common Stock

Basic income per share of common stock is calculated dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted income per share includes the dilution of common stock equivalents.

The diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding were calculated using the treasury stock method for the respective periods.

Foreign Operations

The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are its local currency. The assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the period. The cumulative translation effect for subsidiaries using a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar is included as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income.

The Company's intercompany accounts are typically denominated in the functional currency of the foreign subsidiary. Gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables that the Company considers to be of a long-term investment nature are recorded as a cumulative translation adjustment in stockholders' equity and as a component of comprehensive income, while gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of intercompany receivables from those international subsidiaries for which the Company anticipates settlement in the foreseeable future are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. The net gains and losses recorded in the consolidated statements of income were not significant for the periods presented.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events to January 29, 2015, the date that these financial statements were available for issuance. The Company has determined that there are no events occurring in this period that required disclosure in or adjustment, except as disclosed in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the October 31, 2013 consolidated financial statements to conform them to the October 31, 2014 consolidated financial statements presentation. Such reclassifications do not have effect on net income as previously reported.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recent issued FASB guidance and Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Staff Accounting Bulletins have either been implemented, are not applicable to the Company, or will have limited effects upon the Company implementation.

NOTE B – MARKETABLE SECURITIES AVAILABLE FOR SALE

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and estimated fair values of available-for-sale securities by type of security were as follows as of October 31, 2014 and 2013:

Type of security as of October 31, 2014	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
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Explanation of Responses:

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U.S. Treasury securities	\$	4,000,000	\$	—	\$	—	\$	4,000,000
Other government-related debt securities:								
Puerto Rico Commonwealth Government Development Bond		95,000		—		(27,123)		67,877
Total interest-bearing and available-for-sale securities	\$	4,095,000	\$	—	\$	(27,123)	\$	4,067,877

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Type of security as of October 31, 2013	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities	\$4,500,000	\$—	\$—	\$4,500,000
Other government-related debt securities:				
Puerto Rico Commonwealth Government Development Bond	95,000	—	(23,740)	71,260
Total interest-bearing and available-for-sale securities	\$4,595,000	\$—	\$(23,740)	\$4,571,260

At October 31, 2014 and 2013, the above marketable securities included a \$95,000 5.4% Puerto Rico Commonwealth Government Development Bank Bond, purchased at par and maturing in August 2019.

The fair values of available-for-sale securities by classification in the Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows as of October 31, 2014 and 2013:

Classification in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	2014	2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,000,000	\$4,500,000
Marketable securities	67,877	71,260
Total available-for-sale securities	\$4,067,877	\$4,571,260

Cash and cash equivalents in the table above exclude cash in banks of approximately \$11.0 million and \$7.5 million as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The primary objectives of the Company's investment portfolio are liquidity and safety of principal. Investments are made with the objective of achieving the highest rate of return consistent with these two objectives. Our investment policy limits investments to certain types of debt and money market instruments issued by institutions primarily with investment grade credit ratings and places restrictions on maturities and concentration by type and issuer.

We review our available-for-sale securities for other-than-temporary declines in fair value below their cost basis on a quarterly basis and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the cost basis of an asset may not be recoverable. This evaluation is based on a number of factors including, the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than our cost basis and adverse conditions specifically related to the security including any changes to the rating of the security by a rating agency. As of October 31, 2014 and 2013, we believe that the cost base for our available-for-sale securities were recoverable in all material respects.

NOTE C - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The balance of property and equipment at October 31, 2014 and 2013 consisted of the following:

	Useful life (years)	October 31,	
		2014	2013
Vehicles	5	\$ 302,182	\$ 292,662
Leasehold improvements	5-8	598,040	598,040
Computers	3	678,185	593,273
Equipment	3-7	1,345,151	1,223,096
Furniture and fixtures	10	149,492	149,698
Total		3,073,050	2,856,769
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,204,009)	(1,880,346)

Property and equipment, net	\$ 869,041	\$ 976,423
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NOTE D - INCOME TAXES

In June 2011, Pharma-Bio, Pharma-PR and Pharma-Serv obtained a Grant of Industrial Tax Exemption pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in Act No. 73 of May 28, 2008 (“the Grant”) issued by the Puerto Rico Industrial Development Company (“PRIDCO”). The Grant was effective as of November 1, 2009 and covers a fifteen year period. The Grant provides relief on various Puerto Rico taxes, including income tax, with certain limitations, for most of the activities carried on within Puerto Rico, including those that are for services to parties located outside of Puerto Rico. The Grant establishes a threshold (“Baseline”) on the Industrial Development Income (“IDI”) subject to the favorable income tax rates. Within the four year term ended with the taxable year ended October 31, 2013, the Baselines were gradually reduced to zero. Certain activities covered under the Grant were not subject to a Baseline and were allowed a four year gradual phase-in from the maximum income tax rate of 30%, as provided by the 2011 Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, to the favorable fixed Act 73 income tax rate of 4%. In addition, IDI earnings distributions accumulated since November 1, 2009 are exempt from Puerto Rico earnings distribution tax.

For the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, the favorable consolidated net income aggregate dollar and weighted average earnings per share basic effects of the Grant were approximately \$1,011,000 and \$1,563,000, and \$0.044 and \$0.070, respectively.

Effective with our fiscal year ended October 31, 2014, Puerto Rico operations not covered in the exempt activities of the Grant are subject to Puerto Rico income tax at a maximum tax rate of 39% as provided by the 1994 Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The operations carried out in the United States by the Company’s subsidiary are taxed in the United States at a maximum regular federal income tax rate of 35%.

Distribution of earnings by the Puerto Rican subsidiaries to its parent are taxed at the federal level; however, the parent is able to receive a credit for the taxes paid by the subsidiary on its operations in Puerto Rico, to the extent of the federal taxes that result from those earnings. As a result, the income tax expense of the Company, under its present corporate structure, would normally be the Puerto Rico taxes on operations in Puerto Rico, federal and state taxes on operations in the United States, plus the earnings distribution tax in Puerto Rico from dividends paid to the Puerto Rican subsidiaries’ parent, and the parent’s federal income tax, if any, incurred upon the subsidiary’s earnings distribution.

The reconciliation between the United States federal statutory rate and our effective tax rate for the years ended October 31, 2014, and 2013 is as follows:

	October 31,	
	2014	2013
United States federal statutory rate	35.0%	35.0%
Non United States earnings invested indefinitely, and Puerto Rico Act 73 Tax Grant effect	(20.9)%	(15.7)%
Other, net	0.7%	-%
Effective tax rate	14.8%	19.3%

As of October 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company has not recognized deferred income taxes on \$16.9 million and \$14.4 million of undistributed earnings of its Puerto Rican subsidiaries, respectively, since such earnings are considered to be reinvested indefinitely. If the earnings were distributed in the form of dividends, the Company would be subject to Puerto Rico earnings distribution tax and United States federal income tax for the aggregate amount of approximately \$3.6 million and \$2.9 million at October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

At October 31, 2014, Pharma-Spain and Pharma-IR have unused operating losses of approximately \$510,000 and \$910,000, respectively. These net operating losses are available to offset future taxable income until October 31, 2028 and 2029 for the aggregate amounts of \$510,000 and \$332,000, respectively for Pharma-Spain, and indefinitely for Pharma-IR. After considering various timing differences for income tax purposes, these unused operating losses result in a potential deferred tax asset for Pharma-Spain and Pharma-IR of approximately \$102,000 and \$114,000, respectively. However, an allowance has been provided covering the total amount of such balance since it is uncertain whether the net operating losses can be used to offset future taxable income. Realization of future tax benefits related to a deferred tax asset is dependent on many factors, including the company's ability to generate taxable income. Accordingly, the income tax benefit will be recognized when realization is determined to be more probable than not.

The Company files income tax returns in the United States (federal and various states jurisdictions), Puerto Rico, Ireland and Spain. The 2010 (2009 for Puerto Rico) through 2013 tax years are open and may be subject to potential examination in one or more jurisdictions. Currently, the Company has no federal, state, Puerto Rico or foreign income tax examination.

NOTE E – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Capitalized lease obligations - The Company leases vehicles under non-cancelable capital lease agreements with a cost of \$209,678 and \$200,158 (accumulated amortization of \$117,112 and \$127,205) as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Amortization expense for vehicles under non-cancelable lease agreements amounted to \$43,439 and \$40,032 for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The following is a schedule, by year, of future minimum lease payments under the capitalized leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at October 31, 2014:

Twelve months ending October 31,	Amount
2015	\$ 26,850
2016	26,214
2017	24,961
2018	18,697
2019	6,232
Total future minimum lease payments	102,954
Less: Amount of imputed interest	(6,224)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	96,730
Current portion of obligation under capital leases	(21,994)
Long-term portion	\$ 74,736

Operating facilities - The Company conducts its administrative operations in office facilities which are leased under four different rental agreements.

In February 2012, the Company automatically renewed a lease agreement with an affiliate of our Chairman of the Board, for the headquarters and laboratory testing facilities in Dorado, Puerto Rico. The renewal is for a term of five years with monthly rental payments of \$23,930, \$25,127, \$26,383, \$27,702 and \$29,087 for each of the five years under the lease. The agreement also requires the payment of utilities, property taxes, insurance and a portion of expenses incurred by the affiliate in connection with the maintenance of common areas.

In November 2011, the Company entered into a lease agreement for the U.S. office facilities located in Plymouth, Pennsylvania. The lease was for a five-year term with monthly rental payments of \$6,282 for the first three years and subsequent increases of four percent per year. During the 2013 fiscal year, the landlord filed for bankruptcy. The lease was renegotiated with a new landlord with an effective date of December 1, 2013. The new lease is for a term of seven years, with monthly rental payments of \$6,282 for the first three years, and \$6,596, \$6,794, \$6,998, and \$7,208, respectively, thereafter. The lease has a renewal option for a term of three years with monthly rental payments of \$7,424, \$7,647 and \$7,876, for each of the years, respectively.

The Company maintains office facilities in Los Angeles, California, Cork, Ireland and Madrid, Spain. These facilities are under month-to-month leases with monthly payments of approximately \$1,200, \$900 and \$1,900, respectively.

The Company leases certain apartments as dwellings for employees. The leases are under short-term lease agreements and usually are cancelable upon 30-day notification.

Minimum future rental payments under non-cancelable operating leases having remaining terms in excess of one year as of October 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Amount
2015	\$ 403,854
2016	420,277
2017	166,101
2018	81,330
2019	83,770
Thereafter	93,491
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 1,248,823

Rent expense for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 was approximately \$573,000 and \$521,800, respectively.

Contingencies - In the ordinary course of business, the Company may be a party to legal proceedings incidental to the business. These proceedings are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's business or financial condition.

NOTE F – WARRANTS

At October 31, 2013, the Company had outstanding warrants to purchase 240,800 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.06. In January 2014, all of these warrants were exercised on a cashless basis, resulting in a net issuance of 233,763 shares of common stock. As of October 31, 2014, the Company had no warrants outstanding.

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On December 2014 the Company entered into an Agreement with a firm for providing (i) business development, and (ii) mergers and acquisition services to the Company. Pursuant to the Agreement terms, the Company issued a warrant for the purchase of 1,000,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$1.80 per share. The warrant contains provisions for the partial vesting of the common shares at different dates within eighteen months after the execution of the Agreement. Also, under certain circumstances the Agreement may be terminated, accordingly a portion of the underlying shares of common of the warrant may be cancelled and/or forfeited depending on the date of termination. The warrant expires on December 1, 2019.

NOTE G – CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

On January 23, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with an investor relations firm to assist in the Company's shareholder communication efforts. For these services, in addition to a monthly fee of \$10,000, the Company agreed to issue to the investor relations firm a total of 150,000 shares during the one year term of the agreement (75,000, 37,500 and 37,500 shares in January 2013, July 2013 and January 2014, respectively). Pursuant to the terms of the agreement with the investor relations firm, all shares have been issued. Effective February 1, 2014, the agreement with the investor relations firm was renegotiated for a term of one year. Under the new provisions of the agreement, the Company will no longer grant common shares to the investor relations firm, all other provisions of the original agreement were maintained.

On June 13, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized the Company to repurchase up to two million shares of its outstanding common stock. The timing, manner, price and amount of any repurchases will be at the discretion of the Company, subject to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and related rules. The program does not oblige the Company to repurchase any shares and it may be modified, suspended or terminated at any time and for any reason. No shares will be repurchased directly from directors or officers of the Company. As of October 31, 2014, pursuant to the program a total of 15,550 shares of the Company's common stock were purchased for an aggregate amount of \$18,089.

NOTE H – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The computation of basic earnings per share is based on the weighted-average number of our common shares outstanding. The computation of diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted-average number of our common shares outstanding and the dilutive potential common shares, which include principally shares that may be issued under: warrants, our stock option and restricted stock unit awards, determined using the treasury stock method. The following data shows the amounts used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Years ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
Net income available to common equity holders - used to compute basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ 2,413,645	\$ 4,906,489
Weighted average number of common shares - used to compute basic earnings per share	22,979,290	22,201,514
Effect of warrants to purchase common stock	47,706	665,911
Effect of restricted stock units to issue common stock	41,314	-
Effect of options to purchase common stock	625,901	792,937
Weighted average number of shares - used to compute diluted earnings per share	23,694,211	23,660,362

For the year ended on October 31, 2014, options for the purchase of 80,000 shares of common stock were not included in computing diluted earnings per share because their effect were antidilutive.

NOTE I - STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

In October 2005, the Company's board of directors adopted, and on April 25, 2006, the Company's stockholders approved, the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan"), covering 2,500,000 shares of common stock. The 2005 Plan provides for the grant of incentive and non-qualified options, stock grants, stock appreciation rights and other equity-based incentives to employees, including officers, consultants and directors. The 2005 Plan is to be administered by a committee of independent directors. In the absence of a committee, the plan is administered by the board of directors. Options intended to be incentive stock options must be granted at an exercise price per share which is not less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant and may have a term which is not longer than ten years. If the option holder holds at least 10% of the Company's common stock, the exercise price must be at least 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant and the term of the option cannot exceed five years.

The Company recognizes stock-based compensation based on the fair value of the awards. Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as expense over the requisite service period, which generally represents the vesting period, and includes an estimate of awards that will be forfeited.

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The 2005 Plan stock options activity and status for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

	Year ended October 31,			
	2014		2013	
	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Option Exercise Price	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Option Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year	1,170,000	\$ 0.6831	1,740,000	\$ 0.6965
Granted	80,000	\$ 2.0500	40,000	\$ 0.7500
Exercised	(100,000)	\$ 0.4830	-	-
Expired and/or forfeited	(50,000)	\$ 0.7300	(610,000)	\$ 0.7257
Total outstanding at end of year	1,100,000	\$ 0.7985	1,170,000	\$ 0.6831
Outstanding exercisable stock options at end of year	763,324	\$ 0.7614	523,327	\$ 0.6294
	October 31, 2014		October 31, 2013	
Weighted average remaining years in contractual life for:				
Total outstanding options	2.4 years		3.0 years	
Outstanding exercisable options	2.3 years		2.6 years	
Shares of common stock available for issuance pursuant to future stock option grants	1,300,000		1,330,000	

The following table presents the stock-based compensation included in the Company's consolidated statement of income and the effect in earnings per share:

	Year ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
Stock-based compensation expense:		
Cost of services	\$ 10,018	\$ 11,121
Selling, general and administrative	84,382	42,040
Stock-based compensation before tax	94,400	53,161
Income tax benefit	-	-
Net stock-based compensation expense	\$ 94,400	\$ 53,161
Effect on earnings per share:		
Basic earnings per share	\$ (0.004)	\$ (0.002)
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.004)	\$ (0.002)

As of October 31, 2014, estimated stock based compensation expense to be recognized in future periods for granted nonvested stock options amounted to approximately \$40,000. These nonvested stock options compensation expense will be recognized in a weighted average period of approximately 0.3 years.

The fair value of stock-based awards to employees is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The Black-Scholes model requires subjective assumptions, including future stock price volatility and expected time to exercise, which greatly affect the calculated values. The expected term of the option has been estimated using the “simplified” method as provided in (“SEC”) Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107, for plans with insufficient exercise experience. Under this method, the expected term equals the arithmetic average of the vesting term and the contractual term of the option. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury rates in effect during the corresponding period of grant. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company’s stock price. These factors could change in the future, which would affect fair values of stock options granted in such future periods, and could cause volatility in the total amount of the stock-based compensation expense reported in future periods.

The following weighted average assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of stock options granted for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013:

	Year ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
Expected dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%
Expected stock price volatility	54.6%	47.7%
Risk free interest rate	0.8%	0.4%
Expected life of options	3.2 years	3.2 years
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$ 0.7806	\$ 0.2495

As of October 31, 2014 and 2013, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding was approximately \$571,000 and \$1,108,000, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value represents the difference between the Company’s stock price at year end and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the money options had all option holders exercised their options. This amount changes based on the fair market value of the Company’s stock.

During the year ended October 31, 2014, 100,000 stock options were exercised on a cashless basis, resulting on the net issuance of 76,013 common shares. The total intrinsic values of options exercised during the year ended October 31, 2014 was approximately \$154,000. The actual tax benefits realized from tax deductions from option exercises are insignificant.

Since the 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan is for a term of ten years, which will expire on October 2015, on March 31, 2014, the Company’s board of directors adopted, and on April 30, 2014, the Company’s stockholders approved, the 2014 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “2014 Plan”), covering 2,300,000 shares of common stock. The 2014 Plan provisions are similar to those of the 2005 Plan. As of October 31, 2014, no awards have been granted under the 2014 Plan.

NOTE J - CONCENTRATION OF RISKS

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company domestic cash and cash equivalents consist of cash deposits in FDIC insured banks (substantially covered by FDIC insurance by the spread of deposits in multiple FDIC insured banks), a money market obligations trust registered under the US Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and U.S. Treasury securities with maturities of three months or less. In the foreign markets we serve, we also maintain cash deposits in foreign banks,

which tend to be not significant and have no specific insurance. No losses have been experienced or are expected on these accounts.

Accounts receivable and revenues

Management deems all its accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and, as such, does not maintain any allowances for uncollectible receivables.

The Company's revenues, and the related receivables, are concentrated in the pharmaceutical industry in Puerto Rico, the United States of America, Ireland and Spain. Although few customers represent a significant source of revenue, the Company's functions are not a continuous process, accordingly, the client base for which the services are typically rendered, on a project-by-project basis, changes regularly.

The Company provided a substantial portion of its services to three customers, who accounted for 10% or more of its revenues in either of the years ended October 31, 2014 or 2013. During the year ended October 31, 2014 revenues from these customers were 19%, 17% and 10%, or a total of 46%, as compared to the same period last year for 28%, 15% and 2%, or a total of 45%, respectively. At October 31, 2014 and 2013, amounts due from these customers represented 36% and 27% of total accounts receivable balance, respectively.

The major customer information in the above paragraph is based on revenues earned from said customers at the segment level because in management's opinion contracts by segments are totally independent of each other, and therefore such information is more meaningful to the reader. These revenues pertain to two global group of affiliated companies. During the year ended October 31, 2014, aggregate revenues from these global groups of affiliated companies were 40% and 10%, or a total of 50%, as compared to the same period last year for 51% and 2%, or a total of 53%, respectively. At October 31, 2014 and 2013, amounts due from this global group of affiliated companies represented 62% and 36% of total accounts receivable balance, respectively.

NOTE K - SEGMENT DISCLOSURES

The Company's segments are based on the organizational structure for which financial results are regularly evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker to determine resource allocation and assess performance. Each reportable segment is managed by its own management team and reports to executive management. The Company has four reportable segments: (i) Puerto Rico technical compliance consulting, (ii) United States technical compliance consulting, (iii) Europe technical compliance consulting, and (iv) a Puerto Rico microbiological and chemical laboratory testing division ("Lab"). These reportable segments provide services primarily to the pharmaceutical, chemical, medical device and biotechnology industries in their respective markets.

The following table presents information about the reported revenue from services and earnings from operations of the Company for the years ended in October 31, 2014 and 2013. There is no intersegment revenue for the mentioned periods. Corporate expenses that support the operating units have been allocated to the segments. Asset information by reportable segment is not presented, since the Company does not produce such information internally, nor does it use such data to manage its business.

	Year ended October 31,	
	2014	2013
REVENUES:		
Puerto Rico consulting	\$ 15,586,343	\$ 15,833,248
United States consulting	7,760,941	11,334,094
Europe consulting	2,184,977	3,596,648
Lab (microbiological and chemical testing)	1,718,771	1,866,935
Other segments ¹	304,007	431,085
Total consolidated revenues	\$ 27,555,039	\$ 33,062,010
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES:		
Puerto Rico consulting	\$ 2,380,745	\$ 3,673,143
United States consulting	898,924	2,227,771
Europe consulting	(514,744)	(319,193)
Lab (microbiological and chemical testing)	(116,711)	250,500
Other segments ¹	229,958	244,089
Total consolidated income before taxes	\$ 2,878,172	\$ 6,076,310

¹ Other segments represent activities that fall below the reportable threshold and are carried out in Puerto and United States. These activities include a technical seminars/training division, an information technology services and consulting division, and corporate headquarters, as applicable.

Long lived assets (property and equipment) and related depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, were concentrated in the domestic markets (Puerto Rico and United States). The aggregate amount of long lived assets for the international operations (Europe) is considered insignificant.

NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLAN

Pharma-PR and Pharma-US each have a separate qualified profit sharing plan in accordance with the applicable laws of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the United States of America, for employees who meet certain age and service period requirements. The Company makes contributions to this plan as required by the provisions of the plan document. Contributions for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$86,100 and \$91,500, respectively.

NOTE M – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On December 31, 2013, the Company entered into a Consulting Agreement with a company (the “Consultant”) affiliated to our Chairman and our Chairman, effective as of January 1, 2014. Pursuant to the Consulting Agreement, the Consultant will consult with the Board regarding the Company’s strategic initiatives, company services, management, operations and other matters as may be requested from time to time by the Board. Pursuant to the Consulting Agreement, the Consultant will receive a monthly fee of \$42,000 during the one year term of the Consulting

Agreement. Additionally, our Chairman will receive a company automobile and such insurance as she was provided by the Company during her last year of employment with the Company. The Consulting Agreement also included standard provisions relating to non-competition, confidentiality, non-transferability and non-disparagement. On December 31, 2014, the Consulting Agreement was renewed for an additional term of one year.

NOTE N – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On December 2014, the Company issued a warrant for the purchase of 1,000,000 common shares, as more fully disclosed in Note F.

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