**GOLD FIELDS LTD** 

Form 6-K

April 26, 2018

**UNITED STATES** 

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

**Report of Foreign Private Issuer** 

Pursuant to Rules 13a-16 or 15d-16 under

the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Dated 25 April 2018

Commission File Number: 001-31318

**GOLD FIELDS LIMITED** 

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

150 Helen Rd.

Sandown, Sandton 2196

South Africa

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F

Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

1

#### JOHANNESBURG. 25 April 2018:

Gold Fields Limited (NYSE & JSE: GFI) is pleased to provide an operational

update for the quarter ended 31 March 2018. Detailed financial and operational results are provided on a sixmonthly basis i.e. at the end of June and December.

**Key Statistics** 

**United States Dollars** 

Quarter

Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated

March

2018

December

2017

March

2017

Gold produced\*

oz (000)

490

546

497

Continuing operations

490

546

483

Discontinued operations

14

Tonnes milled/treated

000

8,372

8,450

8,665

Continuing operations

8,372

8,450

8,545

Discontinued operations

\_

120

Revenue

US\$/oz

1,316

1,275

1,216

Continuing operations

1,316

1,275

1,216

Discontinued operations

Н

1,218 Operating costs US\$/tonne 43 43 42 Continuing operations 43 43 41 Discontinued operations 126 All-in sustaining costs US\$/oz 955 959 1,016 Continuing operations 955 959 1,003 Discontinued operations 1,434 Total all-in cost US\$/oz 1,150 1,115 1,114 Continuing operations 1,150 1,115 1,104 Discontinued operations 1,434 Net debt US\$m 1,373 1,303 1,241 \*All of the key statistics are managed figures from continuing operations, except for gold produced which is attributable equivalent production. \*\*Cash flow from operating activities (which is net of tax) less net capital expenditure, environmental payments and financing costs.

All operations are wholly owned except for Tarkwa and Damang in Ghana (90.0 per cent) and Cerro Corona in Peru (99.5 per cent).

Gold produced (and sold) throughout this report includes copper gold equivalents of approximately 7 per cent of Group production.

#### STOCK DATA FOR THE 3 MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Number of shares in issue

NYSE – (GFI)

- at end March 2018

860,614,217

Range – Quarter

US\$3.73 - US\$4.42

– average for the quarter

860,614,217

Average Volume – Quarter

4,153,165 shares/day

Free Float

100 per cent

JSE LIMITED - (GFI)

**ADR Ratio** 

1:1

Range – Quarter

ZAR43.95 - ZAR55.43

Bloomberg/Reuters

Average Volume – Quarter

1,975,568 shares/day

GFISJ/GFLJ.J

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter

2
Statement by Nick Holland,
Chief Executive Officer of Gold Fields
Q1 2018 Performance
2018 is the second year of Gold Fields' reinvestment programme.
Following a strong year in 2017, in Q1 2018 the Damang reinvestment project continued to progress according to plan, the Gruyere project has been impacted by severe weather and South Deep performed below expectation. However, the international operations continue to perform well, in most cases exceeding their

Attributable equivalent gold production for the quarter was 1% lower YoY (10% lower QoQ) at 490koz (production in Q1 2017 included 14koz from Darlot, which was divested in Q4 2017). All-in sustaining costs (AISC) were 6% lower YoY (flat QoQ) at US\$955/oz and all-in costs (AIC) were 3% higher YoY (3% higher QoQ) at US\$1,150/oz. The average US\$ gold price achieved in the quarter was 8% or US\$100/oz higher YoY (3% higher QoQ) at US\$1,316/oz. The average Australian dollar for the quarter was 0.79 (5% stronger YoY and 3% stronger QoQ), while the average South African rand for the quarter was 12.01 (9% stronger YoY and 12% stronger QoQ).

Despite the higher level of project capital being spent by the Group as well as the payment of the FY17 dividend during the quarter, there was only a modest increase in the net debt balance to US\$1,373m from US\$1,303m at 31 December 2017. Regional performance

Managed production in Ghana for Q1 2018 was 167koz, down 4% YoY (down 4% QoQ), with AIC of US\$1,163/oz, up 1% YoY (up 10% QoQ), as spending on the Damang reinvestment project continued during the quarter. Gold equivalent production at Cerro Corona was flat YoY (14% lower QoQ) at 69koz, with AIC of US\$677 per equivalent ounce, up 8% YoY (down 5% QoQ). The Australian region (continuing operations) produced 224koz for the quarter, up 6% YoY (down 2% QoQ), with AIC of A\$1,094/oz (US\$861/oz), down 11% YoY (down 19% QoQ).

South Deep

budgets for the quarter.

South Deep had a tough start to 2018, with production in Q1 2018 4% higher YoY but 41% lower QoQ at 1,485kg (48koz). AIC for the quarter was R677,495/kg, down 13% YoY (up 18% QoQ).

Production for the quarter was impacted by the slow production build up after the seasonal holidays; two labour restructuring processes that took place at the end of 2017 and during the quarter; and a change in underground working shift arrangements implemented to increase productivity. Although necessary to create a platform for sustainable and consistent performance, these changes have inevitably created workforce uncertainty and a

disruption of operations. The labour restructuring comprised 47 personnel at managerial levels and approximately 260 personnel at lower levels. The restructuring was done to streamline organisational levels and increase spans of control and was effected through a combination of voluntary and statutory processes. The change in underground shift arrangements effected in early April have provided a longer shift of 11.5 hours instead of the previous 9.5 hours. The intention is to increase the effective time on the face and it will take some time to see the impact of the change.

In addition continued low mobile equipment reliability, the intersection of active geological features (faults and dykes) in the high-grade corridor 3 and poor ground conditions in the composites (far western part of the orebody) slowed production rates. Production for the month of April 2018 was further impacted by a 22-day DMR safety related stoppage to re-support back areas in two of the critical new mine access ramps, which account for half of total production for the mine.

The mine team is currently developing a recovery plan aimed at mobilising the workforce post the restructuring and bedding down the new underground shift cycles. Management is implementing programmes to improve and integrate the critical aspects of the mining value chain. Backfill placement programmes continue to be implemented to improve both the quantity and quality of backfill used to fill open stopes and significant emphasis is being placed on developing integrated plans, short interval controls and the required discipline to execute these plans and schedules.

Based on the above factors, we do not expect the production guidance provided at the start of the year (10,000kg or 321koz) to be achieved and we are currently forecasting production of 7,600 kg or 244koz for the year. The reduced full year guidance is attributable to the ongoing impact of poor equipment reliability, the slower advance rates in Corridor 3 and delayed extraction in the composites as well as slower rates of destress in the March quarter, again a symptom of the lower productivity related to uncertainty around the labour restructuring.

Additional artisans have been sourced from the equipment manufacturers to urgently address equipment availabilities. Poor ground conditions are mostly a symptom of the transition to more effective pillar designs as recommended by the independent geotechnical review board; lack of timeous and effective stope cleaning and backfill, as well as timeous and effective secondary support. These constraints are receiving urgent attention.

Wage negotiations concluded at South Deep South Deep has concluded a three-year wage agreement with organised labour (NUM and UASA). The agreement provides for an average annual increase of 7.3%.

## Update on projects

Damang Reinvestment Project

At the end of the March 2018 quarter (15 months into the reinvestment project), total material mined was 22% ahead of the project schedule. Gold produced during the same period was 180koz, 35% above plan. All major projects are on schedule. The FETSF was commissioned on time during January 2018 and the jaw crusher installation is in progress and anticipated to be commissioned in the June 2018 quarter. The SAG mill shell replacement is on track as per the original schedule with installation and commissioning planned for the December 2018 quarter. Project spend to date amounted to US\$169m.

#### Gruyere

At Gruyere, the previously flagged abnormal rainfall events in Q1 2018 have impacted the schedule and costs of the project. Guidance from the provisional definitive cost estimate and schedule review indicates that the project capex is likely to be 10% higher than previously provided guidance (A\$532m), with first production expected to move into Q2 2019 (previously Q1 2019). At the end of the quarter, overall project engineering and construction were 84% and 44% complete respectively, with EPC (process plant and associated infrastructure) construction 17% complete. Mining contractor, Downer EDI has commenced site mobilisation in preparation for mining activities. The gas pipeline and power plant are progressing well. Project spend to date amounted to A\$205m.

3

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter
Tarkwa transition to contract mining completed
The mining contract was demarcated into two zones and awarded
to two local contractors: BCM for Zone 1 (Pepe, Mantraim, Atuabo
and Teberebe Pits) and E&P for Zone 2 (Akontansi and Kottraverchy
Pits). On 24 March 2018, BCM mobilised and started operations in
the Zone 1 area, with E&P following on 7 April in the Zone 2 area. As
part of the conditions for the tender process, the successful
contractors were expected to acquire our existing fleet and
inventory. The total consideration for the fleet was US\$96m, with
26% of the total amount paid in Q1 and the remaining amount
expected to be paid in Q2. A contracts implementation manager has
been appointed to oversee the two contractors.

All Mining and Heavy Maintenance Equipment (HME) and some support services staff have been retrenched and both contractors are currently in the process of re-engaging most of the affected employees. Below is a breakdown of labour numbers:

- Mining and HME: 1,309 retrenched, with 431 ex-Gold Fields employees re-hired by BCM and 778 ex-Gold Fields employees re-hired by E&P.
- Other Departments: 765 retrenched and 505 re-engaged on fixed-term contract basis. This excludes 69 national senior officials on regular employment status and 12 expatriates.
   The High Court, Accra (Labour Division) on 2 March 2018, dismissed an injunction application filed by the Ghana Mineworkers' Union, which sought to restrain Gold Fields from issuing severance letters to workers to be affected by the change in business model from owner mining to contract mining.

AIC guidance for 2018 of US\$970/oz provided in February 2018 is unchanged and assumed the change to contractor mining would be completed in Q2 2018.

Gold Fields enters Joint Venture with Asanko
As announced on 29 March 2018, Gold Fields entered into a joint
venture with Asanko Gold, by agreeing to acquire a 50% stake in
Asanko Gold Ghana Limited's (AGG) 90% interest in the Asanko
Gold Mine, associated properties and exploration rights in Ghana
(AGM). The purchase consideration comprises an upfront payment
of US\$165m on closing of the transaction and a deferred payment
of US\$20m.

In addition, Gold Fields subscribed to a 9.9% share placement in Asanko by way of a private placement of 22,354,657 Asanko shares at a price of approximately US\$0.79, for a total consideration of US\$17.6m (completed on 5 April 2018). Update on gold hedging

The Group entered into additional gold price hedges during the quarter. Below is a summary of the gold hedges for 2018:

• In Ghana, 489koz (72% of FY 2018 gold production guidance) has

- been hedged for the period January to December 2018 using zero-cost collars with an average floor price of US\$1,300/oz and an average cap price of US\$1,418/oz.
- In Australia 674koz (78% of FY 2018 gold production guidance) has been hedged for the period February to December 2018 using a combination of forward sales agreements and zero-cost collars. The average forward rate on 221koz for the period February to December 2018 is A\$1,713.83; and the average collar strike price on 453koz for the period March to December 2018 is A\$1703/oz for the floor and A\$1,766.75/oz for the cap.

In South Africa, 64koz has been hedged for the period January to December 2018 using zero-cost collars with a floor price of R600,000/kg and a cap price of R665,621/kg.

Revised outlook for 2018

As a result of the revised South Deep production outlook mentioned above, attributable equivalent gold production for the Group for 2018 is expected to be between 2.00Moz and 2.05Moz.

N.J. Holland Chief Executive Officer

25 April 2018

```
Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter
SALIENT FEATURE AND COST BENCHMARKS
Salient features and cost benchmarks for the quarters ended 31 March 2018,
                                                                           &nbsp
31 December 2017 and 31 March 2017
       &nbsp
Figures are in millions
                           &nbsp
unless otherwise stated
United States Dollars
Total
            &nbsp
Mine
            &nbsp
Operations
       &nbsp
Total
Mine
Continuing
Operations
       &nbsp
South Africa
Region
       &nbsp
West Africa
                  &nbsp
Region
South America
Region
       &nbsp
       &nbsp
       &nbsp
Ghana
       &nbsp
Peru
       &nbsp
       &nbsp
            &nbsp
South
Deep
       &nbsp
Total
Tarkwa
Damang
Cerro
            &nbsp
Corona
Operating Results
```

Ore milled/treated March 2018 8,372 8,372 &nbsp 407 &nbsp 4,516

```
3,411
             &nbsp1,105
       &nbsp 1,665
(000 \text{ tonnes})
December 2017
                      &nbsp
8,450
                 8,450
       &nbsp 557
       &nbsp 4,479
3,307
             &nbsp1,172
       &nbsp 1,659
March
2017
8,665
8,545
       &nbsp 443
       &nbsp 4,632
3,459
             &nbsp1,172
       &nbsp 1,706
Yield
             &nbsp
March 2018
                  &nbsp
                1.9
1.9
       &nbsp 3.6
       &nbsp
1.2
1.2
          &nbsp 1.0
       &nbsp 1.3
(grams per tonne)
December 2017
                      &nbsp
2.1
                2.1
       &nbsp 4.5
       &nbsp
1.2
1.3
           &nbsp 0.9
       &nbsp 1.5
March
2017
1.8
1.8
       &nbsp 3.2
       &nbsp
1.2
1.2
           &nbsp 1.0
       &nbsp 1.3
Gold produced
                     &nbsp
March 2018
                  &nbsp
507.1
                 507.1
       &nbsp 47.7
       &nbsp
167.2
131.2
             &nbsp 36.0
       &nbsp 68.7
(000 managed equivalent ounces)
```

```
December 2017
                      &nbsp
564.1
                 564.1
       &nbsp 80.8
       &nbsp
174.3
139.8
             &nbsp 34.5
       &nbsp 80.0
March
2017
514.4
500.7
       &nbsp 45.8
       &nbsp
174.5
138.7
             &nbsp 35.8
       &nbsp 68.7
Gold sold
March 2018
                  &nbsp
511.2
                 511.2
       &nbsp 53.9
       &nbsp
167.2
131.2
             &nbsp 36.0
       &nbsp 65.2
(000 managed equivalent ounces)
December 2017
                      &nbsp
572.0
                  572.0
       &nbsp 80.4
       &nbsp
174.3
139.8
             &nbsp 34.5
       &nbsp 88.2
March
2017
512.8
499.1
       &nbsp 46.7
       &nbsp
174.5
138.7
             &nbsp 35.8
       &nbsp 66.1
Net operating costs*
March 2018
                  &nbsp
                   (340.4)
(340.4)
       &nbsp (79.2)
       &nbsp
(105.4)
(76.7)
             &nbsp (28.7)
       &nbsp (38.0)
(million) December
2017
```

```
(353.3)
                    (353.1)
       &nbsp (75.0)
       &nbsp
(105.5)
              &nbsp (33.2)
(72.3)
       &nbsp (45.2)
March
2017
(354.9)
                    (340.0)
       &nbsp (70.7)
       &nbsp
(107.3)
(78.0)
             &nbsp (29.3)
       &nbsp (32.3)
Operating costs
March 2018
                   &nbsp
43
                 43
       &nbsp 190
       &nbsp
23
22
          &nbsp 27
       &nbsp 24
(dollar per tonne)
December 2017
                      &nbsp
43
                 43
       &nbsp 128
       &nbsp
27
27
          &nbsp 27
       &nbsp 25
March
2017
42
     41
       &nbsp 169
       &nbsp
25
25
          &nbsp 26
       &nbsp 21
Sustaining capital*
March 2018
                   &nbsp
(118.4)
                    (118.4)
       &nbsp (8.1)
       &nbsp
(42.2)
(39.2)
             &nbsp (3.0)
       &nbsp (2.9)
(million) December
2017
(178.2)
       &nbsp
```

```
(178.2)
                    (22.3)
        &nbsp
(41.8)
(41.8)
             &nbsp -
        &nbsp (11.5)
March
2017
(138.0)
   (133.8)
        &nbsp (11.4)
        &nbsp
(59.5)
(49.7)
             &nbsp (9.8)
        &nbsp (5.2)
Non-sustaining capital*
March 2018
                   &nbsp
(38.6)
                   (38.6)
        &nbsp (4.8)
        &nbsp
(33.8)
#
         &nbsp (33.8)
#
(million) December
2017
(36.1)
        &nbsp
(36.1)
                   (8.1)
        &nbsp
(28.0)
#
         &nbsp (28.0)
#
March
2017
(32.2)
   (32.2)
        &nbsp (1.7)
        &nbsp
(20.3)
#
         &nbsp (20.3)
#
Total capital expenditure*
March 2018
                   &nbsp
(157.0)
(157.0)
                    (12.9)
        &nbsp
```

```
(75.9)
(39.3)
             &nbsp (36.7)
       &nbsp (2.9)
(million) December
2017
(214.3)
   (214.3)
       &nbsp (30.4)
        &nbsp
(69.8)
(41.8)
             &nbsp (28.0)
       &nbsp (11.5)
March
2017
(170.2)
       &nbsp
(166.1)
                    (13.1)
       &nbsp
(79.9)
(49.7)
             &nbsp (30.1)
       &nbsp (5.2)
All-in-sustaining costs
March 2018
                   &nbsp
938
                 938
       &nbsp 1,666
       &nbsp
952
952
           &nbsp 951
       &nbsp 75
(dollar per ounce)
December 2017
                      &nbsp
                 945
945
       &nbsp 1,209
       &nbsp
895
871
           &nbsp 991
       &nbsp 209
March
2017
1,009
     997
        &nbsp 1,784
       &nbsp
1,037
1,010
             &nbsp 1,142
       &nbsp 118
Total all-in-cost
                      &nbsp
March 2018
                   &nbsp
1,022
                   1,022
       &nbsp 1,755
       &nbsp
```

1,163 952 &nbsp1,934 &nbsp 75 (dollar per ounce) December 2017 &nbsp 1,013 1,013 &nbsp 1,310 &nbsp 1,055 &nbsp 1,802 871 &nbsp 209 March 2017 1,055 1,044 &nbsp 1,821 &nbsp 1,153 &nbsp1,709 1,010 &nbsp 118 **United States Dollars Australian Dollars** South African Rand **United States** Dollars Australian Dollars Australia Region Australia Region South Africa Region Australia Region Australia Region Continuing Continuing

Discontinued Discontinued

Total

17

```
Agnew/
Lawlers
Granny
Smith
Total
St Ives
Agnew/
Lawlers
Granny
Smith
South
Deep
        &nbsp
Darlot
Darlot
Operating Results
Ore milled/treated March
2018
1,785
1,073
283
429
                             &nbsp283
                                             429
        1,785
                1,073
        407
        &nbsp -
(000 tonnes)
December 2017
1,755
1,040
296
419
        1,755
                1,040
                             &nbsp296
                                            419
        557
        &nbsp -
March
2017
1,764
           995
                      &nbsp308
                                        461
        1,764
                 995
                             &nbsp308
                                             461
        443
        120
120
Yield
March 2018
```

St Ives

```
3.9
        2.8
                    &nbsp6.4
                                     5.1
       3.9
        2.8
        6.6
        5.1
        3.6
(grams per tonne)
December 2017
4.1
        2.7
                    &nbsp6.7
                                    5.6
       &nbsp 4.1
        2.7
        6.7
        5.6
        4.5
March
2017
3.7
        2.6
                    5.9
                              4.9
        3.7
        2.6
        5.9
        4.9
        3.2
        3.6
3.6
Gold produced
March 2018
223.6
           95.2
                       &nbsp58.6
                                      69.8
                                   58.6
                       95.2
                                              69.8
       &nbsp 223.8
        1,485
(000 managed
December 2017
229.1
           90.3
                       &nbsp63.9
                                      74.8
        229.1
                  &nbsp90.3
                              63.9
                                            74.8
        2,512
equivalent ounces)
March 2017
211.7
           81.6
                       &nbsp58.3
                                       71.9
        211.7
                   81.6
                             58.3
                                      71.9
        1,424
       &nbsp 13.7
13.7
Gold sold
March 2018
```

```
224.9
           95.0
                        60.0
                                69.9
                   95.0
                             60.0
                                        69.9
        224.9
        1,675
(000 managed
December 2017
229.1
           90.3
                       &nbsp63.9
                                      74.8
                            63.9
                                       74.8
                   90.3
        229.1
        2,500
equivalent ounces)
March 2017
211.7
           81.6
                        &nbsp58.3
                                    71.9
        211.7
                    81.6
                               58.3
                                         71.9
        1,454
        13.7
13.7
Net operating costs*
March 2018
(117.7)
                        (47.3)
             (30.4)
                                    (40.1)
                  (38.6) (60.0)
        (149.6)
                                      (51.0)
        (951.5)
        &nbsp -
(million) December
2017
(127.3)
             (43.2)
                         (40.3)
                                   (43.9)
        &nbsp (165.7)
                        (56.2)
                                  (52.4)
                                            (57.0)
        (1,026.9)
        (0.2)
(0.3)
March
2017
(129.6)
             (48.6)
                        (39.1)
                                   (41.9)
        &nbsp (171.9)
                        (64.5)
                                  (51.8)
                                            (55.6)
        (939.4)
        (14.9)
(19.8)
Operating costs
March 2018
76
                 150
                             95
        48
        96
                   61
191
121
        2,277
(dollar per tonne)
```

December 2017

```
p97
                137
76
        51
        &nbsp 99
                         66
178
126
        1,748
March
2017
70
        47
                 125
                            83
        93
                   62
165
109
        2,245
        126
168
Sustaining capital*
March 2018
(65.2)
          (30.1)
                    (16.3)
                              (18.8)
(82.8)
           (38.3)
                     (20.7)
                                (23.8)
(97.8)
(million) December
2017
                      (23.3) (32.4)
(102.6)
            (46.9)
                (61.0) (30.3) (42.2)
        (133.5)
        (303.5)
        &nbsp -
March
2017
(57.7)
           (26.1)
                       (14.0)
                                (17.5)
(76.5)
           (34.7)
                       (18.6)
                                 (23.2)
(150.9)
                    (4.2)
(5.5)
Non-sustaining capital*
March 2018
                &nbsp-
                               &nbsp-
        (57.8)
        &nbsp -
(million) December
2017
                &nbsp-
                               &nbsp-
        &nbsp -
        (108.7)
```

```
March
2017
               &nbsp-
        (22.7)
Total capital
March 2018
(65.2)
         (30.1)
                       (16.3) (18.8)
                                  (23.8)
      (82.8) (38.3)
                       (20.7)
       &nbsp (155.6)
expenditure* December
2017
(102.6)
                  (23.3) (32.4)
           (46.9)
       &nbsp
         (61.0)
                   (30.3)
(133.5)
                             (42.2)
(412.2)
(million) March
2017
          (26.1) (14.0) (17.5)
(67.9)
                 (34.7) (18.6) (23.2)
        (90.1)
        (173.6)
        (4.2)
(5.5)
All-in-sustaining costs
March 2018
861
         686
1,103
            890
        1,094
                 1,873
                          1,402
                                1,131
        643,021
(dollar per ounce)
December 2017
1,040
        1,035
                      &nbsp1,029 1,054
                 1,351 1,336
      1,350
                                  1,370
       532,573
March
2017
931
                   957
        966
                              871
       1,234
                  1,280
                           1,268
                                     1,153
       761,867
```

```
1,434
1,899
Total all-in-cost
March 2018
861
         686
1,103
             890
        1,094
                      873
                               1,402
                                         1,131
        677,495
(dollar per ounce)
December 2017
1,040
                       1,029
           1,035
                                 054
        1,350
                             1,336
                                        1,370
                  ;1,351
        576,043
March
2017
931
          966
                     &nbsp957
                                        871
        &nbsp 1,234
                         1,280
                                   1,268
                                             1,153
        777,497
        1,434
1,899
```

Average exchange rates were US1 = R12.01, US1 = R13.69 and US1 = R13.27 for the March 2018, December 2017 and March 2017 quarters respectively.

The Australian/US dollar exchange rates were A\$1 = US\$0.79, A\$1 = US\$0.77 and A\$1 = US\$0.75 for the March 2018, December 2017 and March 2017 quarters respectively.

Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.

\* In local currency.

#

Relates to non-sustaining capital expenditure for Damang re-investment project.

5

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter

**Review of Operations** 

Quarter ended 31 March 2018 compared

with quarter ended 31 December 2017

South Africa region

South Deep Project

March

2018

Dec

2017

Gold produced

000'oz

47.7

80.8

kg

1,485

2,512

Gold sold

000'oz

53.9

80.4

kg

1,675

2,500

Yield – underground reef

g/t

4.74

6.04

AISC R/kg

643,021

532,573

US\$/oz

1,666

1,209

AIC R/kg

677,495

576,043

US\$/oz

1,755

1,310

Gold production decreased by 41 per cent from 2,512 kilograms (80,800 ounces) in the December quarter to 1,485 kilograms (47,700 ounces) in the March quarter mainly due to lower volumes mined partially attributable to labour restructuring and new shift system implementation with the associated disruptions in terms of crew briefings and transition to the new shift cycles. Over and above these factors, the March quarter is characterised by the extended Christmas break, typical of South African based mines.

On 1 March 2018 the shift roster was changed from 9.5 hours to 11.5 hours to optimise face time. There were initial teething problems and the benefits are yet to be realised. D and E band restructuring commenced in October 2017 and was concluded by end January 2018 with 25 per cent of employees in this category exiting the business. Subsequently, a further 260 employees from the bargaining unit also exited the business.

In December 2017 there was no voluntary production work conducted over the Christmas Break as planned engineering maintenance work was required on critical infrastructure.

Total underground tonnes mined decreased by 21 per cent from 394,000 tonnes in the December quarter to 313,000 tonnes in the March quarter. Ore tonnes mined decreased by 24 per cent from 336,000 tonnes to 255,000 tonnes, while underground waste mined remained similar at 58,000 tonnes. Total gold mined from underground decreased by 25 per cent from 2,006 kilograms (64,500 ounces) to 1,504 kilograms (48,400 ounces). Grade mined decreased by 6 per cent per cent from 5.10 grams per tonne to 4.80 grams per tonne mainly due to more waste mined in New Mine Development and lower volumes mined from higher grade areas.

Total tonnes milled decreased by 27 per cent from 557,000 tonnes to 407,000 tonnes. Underground ore tonnes milled decreased by 25 per cent from 414,000 tonnes in the December quarter to 311,000 tonnes in the March quarter. Underground waste milled decreased by 18 per cent from 39,000 tonnes to 32,000 tonnes. Surface tailings material treated decreased by 38 per cent from 104,000 tonnes to 64,000 tonnes. Underground reef yield decreased by 22 per cent from 6.04 grams per tonne to 4.74 grams per tonne due to more waste mined in New Mine Development and lower volumes mined from higher grade areas.

Ore milled was higher than ore mined due to tramming of additional underground stocks.

Gold recovered from underground was 1,475 kilograms (47,400 ounces) with 10 kilograms (300 ounces) being recovered from treatment of the surface material.

Destress mining decreased by 27 per cent from 9,619 square metres in the December quarter to 7,061 square metres in the March quarter mainly due to geological feature intersections and the impact of the extended Christmas break.

Longhole stoping decreased by 33 per cent from 173,400 tonnes to 116,300 tonnes due to constraints associated with secondary stopes and the introduction of more rigid quality control procedures and compliance to planned extraction. The current mine contributed 78 per cent of the total ore tonnes in the March quarter compared with 73 per cent in the December quarter. The longhole stoping method accounted for 37 per cent of total tonnes mined in

the March quarter compared with 44 per cent in the December quarter.

Development decreased by 16 per cent from 1,935 metres in the December quarter to 1,617 square metres in the March quarter

New mine capital development on 100 level increased by 11 per cent from 304 metres to 337 metres. New mine development is focused on infrastructure projects exclusively on 100 level and related to haulage extensions, crusher excavations and conveyor extensions. D evelopment in the current mine areas in creased by 11

per cent from 833 metres to 923 metres. Development North of Wrench decreased

by 55

per cent from 798 metres to 357 metres largely due to insufficient power capacity and as a result of Corridor 3 Cut 4 that was stopped as it approached the abutment of Corridor 3 Cut 3.

Net operating costs decreased by 7 per cent from R1,027 million (US\$75 million) to R952 million (US\$79 million) mainly due to lower production, lower bonuses, overtime and consumables cost and a decrease in the gold-in-process charge from R51 million (US\$4 million) in the December quarter to R25 million (US\$2 million) in the March quarter.

Capital expenditure decreased by 62 per cent from R412 million (US\$30 million) in the December quarter to R156 million (US\$13 million) in the March quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 68 per cent from R303 million (US\$22 million) in the December quarter to R98 million (US\$8 million) in the March and non-sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 47 per cent from R109 million (US\$8 million) to R58 million (US\$5 million), both due to scheduling.

All-in sustaining costs increased by 21 per cent from R532,573 per kilogram (US\$1,209 per ounce) in the December quarter to R643,021 per kilogram (US\$1,666 per ounce) in the March quarter mainly due to lower gold sold, partially offset by lower net operating costs and lower sustaining capital expenditure.

Total all-in cost increased by 18 per cent from R576,043 per kilogram (US\$1,310 per ounce) in the December quarter to R677,495 per kilogram (US\$1,755 per ounce) in the March quarter due to the same reasons as for all-in sustaining costs and lower

non-sustaining capital expenditure.

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter

6

West Africa region

Ghana

Tarkwa

March

2018

Dec

2017

Gold produced

000'oz

131.2

139.8

Gold sold

000'oz

131.2

139.8

Yield g/t

1.19

1.31

AISC and AIC

US\$/oz

952

871

Gold production decreased by 6 per cent from 139,800 ounces in the December quarter to 131,200 ounces in the March quarter mainly due to lower ore tonnes mined at lower head grade as well as lower yield.

Total tonnes mined, including capital waste stripping, increased by 2 per cent from 24.2 million tonnes in the December quarter to 24.8 million tonnes in the March quarter due to improved equipment availability and utilisation. Ore tonnes mined decreased by 17 per cent from 4.2 million tonnes to 3.5 million tonnes due to suspension of mining in the ore zone at Underlap as a result of geotechnical challenges. The footwall of Underlap pit experienced slope deformation caused by development of tension cracks along a known fault zone at the footwall area of the pit. Mining at Underlap was suspended and a safety bund was constructed at the toe of the footwall wall to render the area safe. Mining at Underlap resumed subsequent to the March quarter end.

Operational waste tonnes mined decreased by 14 per cent from 7.0 million tonnes to 6.0 million tonnes, while capital waste tonnes mined increased by 18 per cent from 13.0 million tonnes to 15.3 million tonnes due to increased focus on capital waste stripping to expose ore. Mined grade decreased by 2 per cent from 1.30 grams per tonne to 1.28 grams per tonne. Gold mined decreased by 17 per cent from 176,700 ounces to 146,100 ounces as a result of lower ore tonnes and grade mined. The strip ratio increased from 4.7 to 6.0 due to higher capital waste tonnes mined.

The CIL plant throughput increased by 3 per cent from 3.3 million tonnes to 3.4 million tonnes due to higher plant overall equipment and processing efficiencies. Yield decreased by 9 per cent from 1.31 grams per tonne to 1.19 grams per tonne. This was mainly due to lower grade mined and low grade stockpiles processed due to late delivery of higher grades to the plant.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased by 7 per cent from US\$72 million to US\$77 million mainly due to a gold-in-process drawdown of US\$2 million in the March quarter compared with a build-up of US\$16 million in the December quarter, this was partially offset by lower mining costs in line with lower ore and operational waste tonnes mined.

Capital expenditure decreased by 7 per cent from US\$42 million to US\$39 million due to lower expenditure on components change-out and nil expenditure on fleet replacements as a result of transition to contract mining.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost increased by 9 per cent from US\$871 per ounce in the December quarter to US\$952 per ounce in the March quarter due to higher net operating costs and lower gold sold, partially offset by lower capital expenditure.

Tarkwa mining operation concluded the planned transition from owner mining to contract mining in early April 2018. The transition went smoothly.

Damang

March

2018

Dec

2017

Gold produced

000'oz

36.0

34.5

Gold sold

000'oz

36.0

34.5

Yield g/t

1.01

0.92

**AISC** 

US\$/oz

951

991

AIC US\$/oz

#### 1,934

1,802

Gold production increased by 4 per cent from 34,500 ounces in the December quarter to 36,000 ounces in the March quarter mainly due to higher head grade mined and processed from Amoanda pit.

Total tonnes mined, including capital stripping, increased by 2 per cent from 11.3 million tonnes in the December quarter to 11.5 million tonnes in the March quarter due to an increase in contractor drilling and digging fleet capacity in the Damang complex pits.

Ore tonnes mined decreased by 5 per cent from 0.75 million tonnes in the December quarter to 0.71 million tonnes in the March quarter as a result of higher strip ratio areas mined in line with operational plan. Total waste tonnes mined increased by 3 per cent from 10.5 million tonnes to 10.8 million tonnes due to improved efficiencies from contractor mining fleet. Capital waste tonnes included in total waste tonnes increased by 14 per cent from 8.8 million tonnes to 10.0 million tonnes as a result of improved mining fleet capacity and recovery of delayed capital waste strip for timely exposure of the orebody in line with operational plan. Operational waste tonnes mined decreased by 53 per cent from 1.7 million tonnes to 0.8 million tonnes due to mining of higher strip ratio areas, in line with operational plan.

Head grade mined increased by 44 per cent from 1.06 grams per tonne to 1.53 grams per tonne due to higher grade mined from Amoanda pit. Gold mined increased by 35 per cent from 25,700 ounces to 34,700 ounces. The strip ratio increased from 14.0 to 15.3.

Tonnes processed decreased by 5 per cent from 1.17 million tonnes in the December quarter to 1.11 million tonnes in the March quarter due to lower plant overall equipment efficiency. Yield increased by 10 per cent from 0.92 grams per tonne to 1.01 grams per tonne due to higher grade mined. In the March quarter, tonnes milled were sourced as follows: 0.63 million tonnes at 1.47 grams per tonne from the pits and 0.48 million tonnes at 0.66 grams per tonne from Abosso tailings. This compared with 0.67 million tonnes at 1.07 grams per tonne from the pits, 0.06 million tonnes at 0.93 grams per tonne from Abosso tailings and 0.44 million tonnes at 0.77 grams per tonne from stockpiles in the December quarter. Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreased by 12 per cent from US\$33 million to US\$29 million mainly due to a decrease in operating cost from US\$32 million in the December guarter to US\$30 million in the March guarter as a result of lower operating tonnes mined in addition to a credit of US\$1 million in the March quarter for the ROM stockpile recognition compared with a cost of US\$1 million in the December quarter for the depletion of 44,000 tonnes from the crushed ore stockpile.

Capital expenditure increased by 32 per cent from US\$28 million in the December quarter to US\$37 million in the March quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure increased from US\$nil million to US\$3 million due to cost incurred on the SAG mill shell replacement. Non-sustaining capital expenditure increased by 21 per cent from US\$28 million to US\$34 million mainly due to higher

7

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter capital waste mined (10.0 million tonnes in the March quarter compared with 8.8 million tonnes mined in the December quarter) and the timing of Amoanda Resource infill drilling projects.

All-in sustaining costs decreased by 4 per cent from US\$991 per ounce in the December quarter to US\$951 per ounce in the March quarter mainly due to increased gold sold and lower net operating cost, partially offset by increased sustaining capital expenditure.

All-in costs increased by 7 per cent from US\$1,802 per ounce in the December quarter to US\$1,934 per ounce in the March quarter due to the same reasons as above, offset by higher non-sustaining capital expenditure.

At the end of the March 2018 quarter (15 months into the Damang Reinvestment Project, DRP), total material mined is 22 per cent ahead of the project schedule. Gold produced during the same period is 179,600 ounces, 35 per cent above the progressive DRP plan of 133,400 ounces. All major projects are on schedule. FETSF was commissioned on time during January 2018 and jaw crusher installation is in progress and anticipated to be commissioned in the June 2018 quarter. The SAG mill shell replacement is on track as per the original schedule with installation and commissioning planned for the December 2018 quarter. A one month CIL plant downtime was planned for this shutdown, but plans are in progress to mitigate the impact of this planned shutdown.

South America region

Peru

Cerro Corona

March

2018

Dec

2017

Gold produced

000'oz

29.9

41.3

Copper produced

tonnes

7,361

7,317

Total equivalent gold produced 000'eq oz

68.7

80.0

Total equivalent gold sold

000'eq oz

65.2

88.2

Yield

- gold g/t 0.58 0.81 - copper per cent 0.46 0.46 - combined eq g/t 1.28 1.50 AISC and AIC US\$/oz 75 209 AISC and AIC US\$/eq oz 677 712 Gold price\* US\$/oz 1,327 1,278 Copper price\* US\$/t

6,994 6,760

Average daily spot price for the period used to calculate total equivalent gold ounces produced.

Gold production decreased by 28 per cent from 41,300 ounces in the December quarter to 29,900 ounces in the March quarter due to lower yield and lower ore tonnes mined. Copper production increased by 1 per cent from 7,317 tonnes to 7,361 tonnes. Equivalent gold production decreased by 14 per cent from 80,000 ounces to 68,700 ounces mainly due to lower gold head grade in line with the mining sequence.

Gold head grade decreased by 25 per cent from 1.10 grams per tonne to 0.83 grams per tonne and gold recoveries decreased from 73.3 per cent to 69.3 per cent, in line with the mining sequence and the operational plan. Copper head grade increased by 2 cent from 0.51 per cent to 0.52 per cent and copper recoveries decreased from 89.3 per cent to 87.7 per cent. Gold yield decreased by 28 per cent from 0.81 grams per tonne to 0.58 grams per tonne due to lower head grade and lower recoveries and copper yield remained the same at 0.46 per cent, in line with the mining sequence.

In the March quarter, concentrate with a payable content of 28,093 ounces of gold was sold at an average price of US\$1,317 per ounce and 7,076 tonnes of copper was sold at an average price of US\$6,191 per tonne, net of treatment and refining charges. This compared with 46,459 ounces of gold that was sold at an average price of US\$1,267 per ounce and 7,830 tonnes of copper that was sold at an average price of US\$6,165 per tonne, net of treatment and refining charges, in the December quarter.

Total tonnes mined increased by 42 per cent from 4.12 million tonnes in the December quarter to 5.85 million tonnes in the March quarter mainly due to higher waste mined in line with the mining sequence. Ore mined decreased by 4 per cent from 1.75 million tonnes to 1.68 million tonnes. Operational waste tonnes mined increased by 76 per cent from 2.37 million tonnes to 4.17 million tonnes due to additional waste stripping required to access the ore at depth. This strategy is in line with the life extension as announced in the previous quarter. The strip ratio increased from 1.35 to 2.49, in line with the 2018 plan.

Ore processed was similar at 1.66 million tonnes.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, de

creased

by 16 per cent from US\$45 million to US\$38 million mainly due to a credit to costs relating to oxide stockpile sales. In addition, a US\$2 million credit to cost as a result of a build-up in concentrate in the March quarter compared with a US\$5 million charge to cost in the December quarter.

During 2017, Cerro Corona entered into an agreement with Minera Coimolache to sell 7 million tonnes of oxide stocks to be processed at the neighbouring Tantahuatay facilities in Cajamarca over the next 3 to 4 years. The total estimated value of this agreement is around US\$30 million. The initial agreement was for only 100,000 tonnes in order to run some industrial tests. As a result of favourable preliminary test results the sales continued and during the March quarter 250,000 tonnes were sold for US\$1 million.

Capital expenditure decreased by 75 per cent from US\$12 million to US\$3 million due to a decrease in construction activities at the tailings dam and waste storage facilities during the rainy season.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost per gold ounce decreased by 64 per cent from US\$209 per ounce in the December quarter to US\$75 per ounce in the March quarter mainly due lower net operating costs and lower capital expenditure, partially offset by lower gold sold. All-in sustaining costs and total all-in costs per equivalent ounce decreased by 5 per cent from US\$712 per equivalent ounce to US\$677 per equivalent ounce due to the same

reasons as above. Australia region St Ives March 2018 Dec 2017 Gold produced 000'oz 95.2 90.3 Gold sold 000'oz 95.0 90.3 Yield - underground g/t 3.15 2.85 - surface g/t 2.72 2.69 - combined g/t 2.76 2.70 AISC and AIC A\$/oz 873

1,351 US\$/oz 686 1,035

Gold production increased by 5 per cent from 90,300 ounces in the December quarter to 95,200 ounces in the March quarter due to an increase in tonnes processed and an increase in yield.

Total ore tonnes mined increased by 64 per cent from 1.1 million tonnes in the December quarter to 1.8 million tonnes in the March quarter.

At the Hamlet underground operation, ore tonnes mined increased by 4 per cent from 97,000 tonnes in the December quarter to

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter 8

100,500 tonnes in the March quarter. Head grade decreased by 3 per cent from 3.55 grams per tonne to 3.44 grams per tonne with limited availability of high grade areas. Gold mined from Hamlet underground decreased by 3 per cent from 11,400 ounces to 11,100 ounces.

Development at the Invincible underground operation continued with ore tonnes mined increasing by 927 per cent from 3,000 tonnes in the December quarter to 30,800 tonnes in the March quarter. Development in the December quarter was largely undertaken to reach the ore body while substantial development through ore occurred in the March quarter. Head grade mined increased by 193 per cent from 2.45 grams per tonne to 7.18 grams per tonne in line with the mining sequence. Gold mined from Invincible underground increased by 3,450 per cent from 200 ounces to 7,100 ounces. All the ore mined was from development with the first stope scheduled to be mined in the June quarter.

At the open pit operations, ore tonnes mined increased by 60 per cent from 1.0 million tonnes in the December quarter to 1.6 million tonnes in the March quarter with mining being undertaken in low strip areas of the Neptune and Invincible pits. Heavy rains during the March quarter restricted access to areas of pre- stripping at the Neptune pit which are primarily in lake sediments which turn to mud in wet weather. During this period mining activity moved to areas of primary ore which were in areas with more competent rock.

Grade mined increased marginally from 3.04 grams per tonne to 3.05 grams per tonne. Gold mined from open pits increased by 61 per cent from 99,200 ounces to 160,200 ounces. In the March quarter, tonnes mined were sourced as follows: 0.9 million tonnes at 2.48 grams per tonne from Invincible and 0.7 million tonnes at 3.78 grams per tonne from Neptune. This compared with 0.55 million tonnes at 2.5 grams per tonne from Invincible and 0.46 million tonnes at 3.7 grams per tonne from Neptune in the December quarter.

Operational waste tonnes mined decreased by 29 per cent from 2.8 million tonnes in the December quarter to 2.0 million tonnes in the March quarter and capital waste tonnes mined decreased by 42 per cent from 6.4 million tonnes to 3.7 million tonnes due to the reasons discussed in the open pit ore tonnes mined section above. Total material movements at the open pits decreased by 28 per cent from 10.2 million tonnes to 7.3 million tonnes. The decrease was planned with ore mined significantly exceeding available mill capacity as it did during the December quarter. The strip ratio decreased from 9.1 to 3.5.

Ounces mined at the consolidated St Ives mine increased by 61 per cent from 110,600 ounces in the December guarter to 178,400 ounces in the March quarter. At the end of the March quarter, Neptune high-grade oxide material stockpiled amounted to 90,600 ounces (1,136,000 tonnes at 2.48 grams per tonne), Invincible amounted to 28,700 ounces (368,000 tonnes at 2.43 grams per tonne) and A5 amounted to 7,900 ounces (174,000 tonnes at 1.41 grams per tonne). This compared with 45,600 ounces (710,900 tonnes at 1.99 grams per tonne) of Neptune high-grade oxide material stockpiled, 7,800 ounces (109,000 tonnes at 2.21 grams per tonne) of Invincible material and 7,900 ounces (174,000 tonnes at 1.41 grams per tonne) of A5 material, at the end of the December quarter. Currently, Lefroy mill can only sustain a 25 per cent oxide material blend. The excess Neptune oxide material is stockpiled and fed to the mill so as to maintain the optimum blend. Work is ongoing to debottleneck the mill throughput.

Throughput at the Lefroy mill increased by 3 per cent from 1.04 million tonnes in the December quarter to 1.07 million tonnes in the March quarter due to a scheduled maintenance shutdown in the December quarter. Yield increased by 2 per cent from 2.70 grams per tonne to 2.76 grams per tonne.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreased by 30 per cent from A\$56 million (US\$43 million) to A\$39 million (US\$30 million). The gold inventory credit for the March guarter of A\$27 million (US\$21 million) compared with A\$12 million (US\$9 million) in the December quarter. This increased stockpile credit of A\$15 million (US\$12 million) was primarily responsible for the net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreasing by 30 per cent from A\$56 million (US\$43 million) to A\$39 million (US\$30 million). A similar combined volume of ore and operational waste was mined for similar mining costs. However, while total ore and operational waste tonnes were similar, the higher ratio of ore to waste mined resulted in a 67,800 ounces increase in ounces mined and placed onto stockpiles. The ore mined in the December quarter significantly exceeded mill capacity and therefore additional ore was added to surface stockpiles. Ore and operational waste mined from the open pits in the March quarter totalled 3.6 million tonnes compared with 3.8 million tonnes in the December quarter with similar mining costs.

Capital expenditure decreased by 38 per cent from A\$61 million (US\$47 million) to A\$38 million (US\$30 million) mainly due to lower capital waste tonnes mined in the open pits, lower capital development and lower exploration activity in the immediate post-Christmas period.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost decreased by 35 per cent from A\$1,351 per ounce (US\$1,035 per ounce) in the December quarter to A\$873 per ounce (US\$686 per ounce) in the

March quarter due to lower net operating costs, lower capital expenditure and higher gold sold.

#### Agnew/Lawlers

March

2018

Dec

2017

Gold produced

000'oz

58.6

63.9

Gold sold

000'oz

60.0

63.9

Yield

g/t

6.44

6.73

AISC and AIC

A\$/oz

1,402

1,336

US\$/oz

1,103

1,029

#### Gold production

decreased

by 8 per cent from 63,900 ounces in

the December quarter to 58,600 ounces in the March quarter mainly due to lower tonnes processed and the impact of high grade stockpiles processed in the December quarter.

### Ore mined from underground de

creased

by 6 per cent from

313,000 tonnes in the December quarter to 292,700 tonnes in the

March quarter

as a result of lower ore tonnes from Waroonga due

to sequencing.

Head grade mined increased by 6 per cent from

6.18 grams per tonnes to 6.52 grams per tonne with improved grades at Waroonga and New Holland. Gold mined decreased by 1 per cent from 62,200 ounces to 61,400 ounces due to the mining mix. In the March quarter tonnes mined were sourced as follows: 147,400 tonnes at 9.0 grams per tonne from Waroonga and 145,300 tonnes at 4.0 grams per tonne from New Holland. This compares with 165,000 tonnes at 8.8 grams per tonne from Waroonga and 148,000 tonnes at 3.3 grams per tonne from New

Holland in the December quarter.

Tonnes processed decreased by 4 per cent from 296,000 tonnes in the December quarter to 282,900 tonnes in the March quarter due to a scheduled maintenance shutdown in the March quarter

The combined yield de creased by 4 per cent from 6.73 grams per

9 Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter tonne to 6.44 grams per tonne due to the processing of higher grade stockpiles processed in the December quarter

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, increased by 15 per cent from A\$52 million (US\$40 million) in the December quarter to A\$60 million (US\$47 million) in the March quarter mainly due to increased mining costs as a result of the mix between ore and capital development, increased processing cost related to frequent power disruptions due to inclement weather and the planned maintenance shutdown that was extended to complete additional works.

In addition, a gold-in-circuit charge of A\$6 million (US\$5 million) in the March quarter compared with a gold-in-circuit credit to cost of A\$nil million (US\$nil million) in the December quarter. The charge to cost in the March quarter was partially due to a 900 once drawdown of gold-in-circuit. The balance was the result of a reduction in the average cost of stockpiled ore and gold-in-circuit during the March quarter.

Capital expenditure decreased by 30 per cent from A\$30 million (US\$23 million) to A\$21 million (US\$16 million) mainly due to the crushing facility purchased for A\$5 million (US\$4 million) in the December quarter and reduced expenditure in the immediate post-Christmas period.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost increased by 5 per cent from A\$1,336 per ounce (US\$1,029 per ounce) in the December quarter to A\$1,402 per ounce (US\$1,103 per ounce) in the March quarter due to higher net operating costs and lower gold sold, partially offset by lower capital expenditure.

**Granny Smith** 

March

2018

Dec

2017

Gold produced

000'oz

69.8

74.8

Gold sold

000'oz

69.9

74.8

Yield

g/t

5.06

5.55 AISC and AIC A\$/oz 1,131 1,370 US\$/oz 890 1,054

Gold production decreased by 7 per cent from 74,800 ounces in the December quarter to 69,800 ounces in the March quarter mainly due to a drawdown from gold-in-circuit of 5,200 ounces in the December quarter as opposed to a build-up of 4,600 ounces in the March quarter.

Ore mined from underground increased marginally from 408,200 tonnes to 408,500 tonnes. Head grade mined increased by 3 per cent from 5.55 grams per tonnes in the December quarter to 5.71 grams per tonne in the March quarter. As a result, ounces mined increased by 3 per cent from 72,800 ounces in the December quarter to 75,000 ounces in the March quarter.

Tonnes processed increased by 2 per cent from 419,000 tonnes in the December quarter to 429,000 tonnes in the March quarter due to timing of milling campaigns quarter on quarter. The yield decreased by 9 per cent from 5.55 grams per tonne to 5.06 grams per tonne due to a drawdown of 5,200 ounces of gold-in-circuit during the December quarter as opposed to a build-up of 4,600 ounces in the March quarter.

Net operating costs, including gold-in-process movements, decreased by 11 per cent from A\$57 million (US\$44 million) in the December quarter to A\$51 million (US\$40 million) in the March quarter mainly due to a A\$1 million (US\$1 million) credit to cost in the March quarter compared with A\$4 million (US\$3 million) gold-in-circuit charge in the December quarter associated with the 5,200 ounce drawdown noted above.

Capital expenditure decreased by 43 per cent from A\$42 million (US\$32 million) to A\$24 million (US\$19 million) mainly due to mobile equipment purchases of A\$5 million (US\$4 million) and early works on underground cooling and paste plants of A\$7 million (US\$5 million) in the December quarter as well as a A\$3 million (US\$2 million) reduction in exploration costs.

All-in sustaining costs and total all-in cost decreased by 17 per cent from A\$1,370 per ounce (US\$1,054 per ounce) in the December quarter to A\$1,131 per ounce (US\$890 per ounce) in the March quarter mainly due to lower net operating costs and lower capital expenditure, partially offset by lower gold sold.

## Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter 10 UNDERGROUND AND SURFACE (UNREVIEWED) **United States Dollars** Imperial ounces with metric tonnes and grade Total Mine Operations Total Mine Continuing Operations South Africa Region West Africa Region South America Region Australia Region Ghana Peru Continuing Discontinued South Deep Total Tarkwa Damang Cerro Corona Total St Ives Agnew/ Lawlers Granny Smith Darlot Tonnes mined (000 tonnes)\* - underground ore March 2018 1,088 1,088 255 409 833 131 293

December 2017

```
1,154
              1,154
336
-
        100
                  313
                            408
818
March
2017
1,305
1,186
328
858
        142
                  301
                            415
118
- underground waste
March 2018
58
58
58
December
2017
58
58
58
March
2017
37
37
37
- surface ore
March 2018
7,581
7,581
4,271
        3,563
                    707
1,675
1,635
        1,635
```

```
December 2017
               7,761
7,761
4,992
        4,240
                    752
1,753
1,016
        1,013
March 2017
7,044
               7,044
        3,768
4,520
                    752
1,740
785
        785
- total
March 2018
               8,727
8,727
313
4,271
        3,563
                    707
1,675
2,468
        1,767
293
409
December 2017
8,973
               8,973
394
4,992
                    752
        4,240
1,753
1,834
        1,113
313
408
March 2017
8,386
               8,267
365
4,520
        3,768
                    752
1,740
         926
1,642
301
415
118
Grade mined
(Grams per tonne)
```

- underground ore

```
March 2018
6.0
6.0
6.1
5.8
         4.3
                   6.5
                             5.7
December 2017
5.9
                5.9
6.2
5.6
         3.7
                   6.2
                             5.6
March
2017
5.5
5.5
5.6
         4.9
                   6.3
                             4.9
5.4
4.0
- underground waste
March 2018
December
2017
March
2017
- surface ore
March 2018
1.6
                1.6
```

```
1.3
     1.3
             1.5
0.8
3.0
        3.0
December 2017
1.5
             1.5
1.3
       1.3
                  1.1
1.1
3.0
        3.0
March 2017
1.4
             1.4
1.3
       1.3
                  1.1
0.9
2.6
        2.6
– total
March 2018
2.2
2.2
5.0
1.3
      1.3
             1.5
0.8
        3.1
             6.5
4.0
                         5.7
December 2017
              2.1
2.1
5.3
1.3
   1.3
              1.1
1.1
                 6.2
4.2
        3.1
                         5.6
March 2017
2.0
2.0
5.0
1.3
        1.3
                 1.1
0.9
4.1
        3.0
                 6.3
                         4.9
4.0
Gold mined
(000 ounces)*
```

	round or	e	
March 20 203.0	018	203.0	
48.4		202.0	
-	-	-	
154.6	18.2	61.4	75.0
-	2015		
December 210.9	er 2017	210.9	
64.5			
-	-	-	
-			
146.4	11.6	62.2	72.8
March 2017 221.6 206.5			
57.4			
_	_	_	
149.2	22.2	61.0	66.0
15.1	<i>44.4</i>	01.0	00.0
- underg	round w	acta	
March 2		asic	
	010	_	
_			
_	_	_	
	-	-	
- - -	-	-	_
- - -	- -	-	-
- - - December 2017	_ _ er	-	-
- - - December 2017	_ _ er	-	-
	– er	-	-
2017 - -	_ _ er	-	-
2017 - -	_ _ er _	-	-
2017	- er	-	-
2017 - -	- er -	-	-
2017	- er -	-	-
2017	- er -	-	-
2017 March	- er -	-	-
2017 March 2017 -	- er	-	-
2017 March 2017 -	- er -	-	-
2017 March 2017 -	- er	-	
2017 March	- er -	-	
2017 March 2017 -	- er -	-	-
2017 March 2017 -			-

March 385.7	2018	385.7	
180.8	146.1	34.7	
44.6 160.2 - -	160.2		
– Decem 362.2	ber 2017	362.2	
202.4 60.6	176.7	25.7	
99.2	99.0		
_			
March 306.8	2017	306.8	
-			
189.8 50.7	162.6	27.2	
66.3	66.3		
-			
– – total			
March	2018		
588.6	2010	588.6	
48.4 180.8 44.6	146.1	34.7	
314.8	178.4	61.4	75.0
Decem 573.1 64.5	ber 2017	573.1	
202.4 60.6	176.7	25.7	
245.6	110.6	62.2	72.8
- March	2017		
528.4 57.4		513.4	
189.8 50.7	162.6	27.2	
215.5 15.1	88.5	61.0	66.0

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes surface material at South Deep.

11

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter

UNDERGROUND AND SURFACE

**United States Dollars** 

Imperial ounces with metric tonnes

and grade

Total

Mine

Operations

Total

Mine

Continuing

Operations

South

Africa

Region

West

Africa

Region

South

America

Region

Australia

Region

Ghana

Peru

Continuing

Discontinued

South

Deep

Total Tarkwa Damang

Cerro

Corona

Total St Ives

#

Agnew/

Lawlers

Granny

Smith

Darlot

Ore milled/treated

(000 tonnes)

- underground ore

March 2018

1,110 1,110

311

- - -

799 87 283 429

\_

December 2017

```
1,169
               1,169
414
          40
                  296
                           419
755
March 2017
1,304
               1,184
274
910
         141
                  308
                            461
120
- underground waste
March 2018
32
32
32
December 2017
39
              39
39
March 2017
               34
34
34
- surface ore
March 2018
7,230
7,230
64
4,516
        3,411
               1,105
1,665
986
          986
December 2017
7,242
              7,242
104
         4,479 3,307
                        1,172
```

1,659

```
1,000
          1,000
March 2017
7,327
               7,327
135
         4,632
                 3,459
                            1,172
1,706
854
          854
- total milled
March 2018
8,372
8,372
407
4,516
        3,411
                1,105
1,665
1,785
        1,073
                    283
429
December 2017
8,450
8,450
              557
4,479
        3,307
                1,172
1,659
1,755
                    296
                              419
        1,040
March 2017
8,665
            443
8,545
4,632
        3,459 1,172
1,706
1,764
           995
                    308
                              461
120
Yield
(Grams per tonne)
- underground ore
March 2018
5.0
5.0 4.7
5.3
         3.2
                  6.4
                            5.1
December 2017
5.7
                5.7
6.0
```

```
2.9
                  6.8
                            5.5
5.9
March 2017
4.9
                5.0
5.2
5.2
         4.8
                   5.9
                            4.9
3.6
- underground waste
March 2018
December 2017
March 2017
- surface ore
March 2018
1.4
1.4
0.2
        1.2
1.2
                  1.0
1.3
2.7
         2.7
December 2017
1.5
                1.5
0.1
           1.2
                  1.3
                               0.9
1.5
2.7
         2.7
```

```
March 2017
1.3
               1.3
             1.2
0.1
                               1.0
1.3
2.2
         2.2
- combined
March 2018
1.9
1.9
3.6
1.2
      1.2
                 1.0
1.3
3.9
         2.8
                 6.4
                            5.1
December 2017
2.1
                2.1
4.5
1.2
       1.3
                 0.9
1.5
         2.7
                  6.7
4.1
                            5.6
March 2017
1.8
                1.8
3.2
1.2
       1.2
                 1.0
1.3
3.7
         2.6
                  5.9
                            4.9
3.6
Gold produced
(000 ounces)
– underground ore
March 2018
184.7
184.7
              47.4
137.2
8.8
         58.6
                   69.8
December 2017
222.9
               222.9
80.5
```

```
142.4
3.7
        63.9 74.8
March
2017
210.7
197.0
45.3
151.7 21.6
                58.3
                     71.9
13.7
- underground waste
March 2018
December 2017
March 2017
- surface ore
March 2018
322.6
322.6
0.3
167.2
       131.2
             36.0
68.7
     86.4
86.4
December 2017
341.3
             341.3
0.3 174.3 139.8
                        34.5
```

```
80.0
86.6
         86.6
March 2017
303.7
                303.7
0.5
          174.5
                 138.7
                              35.8
68.7
60.0
         60.0
- total
March 2018
507.1
507.1
47.7
                    36.0
167.2
         131.2
68.7
223.6
           95.2
                     58.6
                               69.8
December 2017
564.1
                564.1
80.8
174.3
         139.8
                    34.5
80.0
229.1
          90.3
                     63.9
                               74.8
March 2017
514.4
                500.7
45.8
174.5
         138.7
                    35.8
68.7
211.7
           81.6
                     58.3
                               71.9
13.7
Operating costs
(Dollar per tonne)
- underground
March 2018
157
157
             224
121
         157
                   150
                               95
December 2017
132
                132
156
```

_	-		
- 110	53	137	97
	33	137	91
March 2017 137 138 242			
_	_		
_			
98	88	125	83
126			
– surface			
March 2 25 25 3	018		
23 24	22	27	
39	39	-	-
– Decemb	er 2017		
29	CI 2017	29	
3			
27	27	27	
25			
50	50	-	_
- March 2 25 3	017	25	
25	25	26	
21			
40	40	-	-
– – total	010		
March 2 43 43 190	016		
23 24	22	27	
76 –	48	150	95
– Decemb	er 2017		
43		43	
128 25	27	27	27
76	51	137	97

-

March	2017					
42		41				
169		25		25	2	6
21						
70	47		125		83	
126						

<sup>\*</sup> Gold produced in kilograms at South Deep for the March 2018 quarter were as follows: from underground 1,475 kilograms and from surface 10 kilograms giving a total of 1,485 kilograms.

The December quarter included: 2,503 kilograms and from surface 9 kilograms giving a total of 2,512 kilograms.

Gold Fields 2018 Operating Update March Quarter

12

ADMINISTRATION AND CORPORATE INFORMATION

Corporate Secretary

Lucy Mokoka

Tel: +27 11 562 9719 Fax: +27 11 562 9829

e-mail: lucy.mokoka@goldfields.com

Registered office Johannesburg

Gold Fields Limited

150 Helen Road

Sandown

Sandton

2196

Postnet Suite 252

Private Bag X30500

Houghton

2041

Tel: +27 11 562 9700 Fax: +27 11 562 9829

Office of the United Kingdom secretaries

London

St James's Corporate Services Limited

Suite 31, Second Floor

107 Cheapside

London

EC2V 6DN

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 20 7796 8644 Fax: +44 20 7796 8645

e-mail: general@corpserv.co.uk

American depository receipts transfer agent Shareholder correspondence should be mailed to:

**BNY Mellon Shareowner Services** 

PO Box 30170

College Station, TX 77842-3170

Overnight correspondence should be sent to:

**BNY Mellon Shareowner Services** 

211 Quality Circle, Suite 210

College Station, TX 77845

e-mail: shrrelations@cpushareownerservices.com

Phone numbers

Tel: 888 269 2377 Domestic Tel: 201 680 6825 Foreign

Sponsor

J.P. Morgan Equities South Africa (Pty) Ltd

Gold Fields Limited

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Registration number 1968/004880/06

Share code: GFI

Issuer code: GOGOF ISIN – ZAE 000018123

Investor enquiries

Avishkar Nagaser

Tel: +27 11 562 9775 Mobile: +27 82 312 8692

e-mail: avishkar.nagaser@goldfields.com

Thomas Mengel

Tel: +27 11 562 9849 Mobile: +27 72 493 5170

e-mail: thomas.mengel@goldfields.com

Media enquiries Sven Lunsche

Tel: +27 11 562 9763 Mobile: +27 83 260 9279

e-mail: sven.lunsche@goldfields.com

Transfer secretaries

South Africa

Computershare Investor Services Proprietary Limited

Rosebank Towers

15 Biermann Avenue

Rosebank

Johannesburg

2196

PO Box 61051

Marshalltown

2107

Tel: +27 11 370 5000 Fax: +27 11 688 5248

United Kingdom

Link Asset Services

The Registry

34 Beckenham Road

Beckenham

Kent BR3 4TU

England

Tel: 0871 664 0300

Calls cost 12p per minute plus your phone company's access

charge.

If you are outside the United Kingdom,

please call +44 371 664 0300.

Calls outside the United Kingdom will be charged at the

applicable international rate.

The helpline is open between 9:00am – 5:30pm. Monday to

Friday excluding public holidays in England and Wales.

e-mail: enquiries@linkgroup.co.uk

Website

## WWW.GOLDFIELDS.COM

Listings

JSE / NYSE / GFI

SWX: GOLI

CA Carolus° (

Chair) RP Menell° (Deputy Chair) NJ Holland\* (Chief Executive Officer) PA Schmidt (Chief Financial Officer)

A Andani

#

° PJ Bacchus° TP Goodlace° C Letton<sup>°</sup> DMJ Ncube° SP Reid<sup>°</sup> YGH Suleman<sup>°</sup>

^ Australian \* British

#

Ghanaian

° Independent Director Non-independent Director

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorised.

**GOLD FIELDS LIMITED** 

Dated: 25 April 2018

By:

/s/ Nicholas J. Holland

Name:

Nicholas J. Holland

Title:

**Chief Executive Officer**