

WINDSTREAM CORP
Form 10-Q
August 05, 2010
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010

OR

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission file number 1-32422

WINDSTREAM CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

20-0792300
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

4001 Rodney Parham Road,
Little Rock, Arkansas
(Address of principal executive offices)

72212
(Zip Code)

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Registrant's telephone number, including area code (501) 748-7000

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES NO

Number of common shares outstanding as of July 31, 2010: 483,167,049

The Exhibit Index is located on page 49.

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* No reportable information under this item.

Table of Contents**WINDSTREAM CORPORATION****FORM 10-Q****PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

(Millions, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues and sales:				
Service revenues	\$ 898.0	\$ 714.5	\$ 1,726.4	\$ 1,435.3
Product sales	19.3	38.4	38.8	72.6
Total revenues and sales	917.3	752.9	1,765.2	1,507.9
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization included below)	330.4	249.7	625.2	500.9
Cost of products sold	17.9	33.6	34.2	63.9
Selling, general, administrative and other	129.8	90.4	241.2	179.4
Depreciation and amortization	167.7	133.3	323.1	265.3
Restructuring charges	0.5	0.1	0.5	
Merger and integration costs	16.8	1.4	40.0	1.4
Total costs and expenses	663.1	508.5	1,264.2	1,010.9
Operating income	254.2	244.4	501.0	497.0
Other income (expense), net	(0.9)	0.6	(1.2)	1.4
Interest expense	(123.6)	(97.8)	(246.6)	(197.5)
Income before income taxes	129.7	147.2	253.2	300.9
Income taxes	50.7	56.4	100.1	121.9
Net income	\$ 79.0	\$ 90.8	\$ 153.1	\$ 179.0
Basic and diluted earnings per share				
Net income	\$.17	\$.21	\$.33	\$.41

See the accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Millions)	(Unaudited) June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53.5	\$ 1,062.9
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$21.8 and \$18.5, respectively)	343.0	291.7
Inventories	35.1	26.1
Deferred income taxes	29.5	21.7
Prepaid expenses and other	69.4	53.6
Assets held for sale	47.6	
Total current assets	578.1	1,456.0
Goodwill	3,208.3	2,344.4
Other intangibles, net	1,724.3	1,253.3
Net property, plant and equipment	4,468.4	3,992.6
Other assets	108.1	99.1
Total Assets	\$ 10,087.2	\$ 9,145.4
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 28.1	\$ 23.8
Current portion of interest rate swaps	43.0	45.8
Accounts payable	182.3	158.5
Advance payments and customer deposits	122.1	95.2
Accrued dividends	121.0	109.2
Accrued taxes	81.3	60.6
Accrued interest	149.7	156.0
Other current liabilities	59.1	60.2
Total current liabilities	786.6	709.3
Long-term debt	6,564.0	6,271.4
Deferred income taxes	1,541.3	1,372.0
Other liabilities	553.5	532.0
Total liabilities	9,445.4	8,884.7
Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 7)		
Shareholders Equity:		
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 1,000.0 shares authorized, 483.2 and 436.8 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	0.1	
Additional paid-in capital	550.9	83.6
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(212.7)	(208.3)
Retained earnings	303.5	385.4
Total shareholders equity	641.8	260.7
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$ 10,087.2	\$ 9,145.4

See the accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)**

(Millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009
Cash Provided from Operations:		
Net income	\$ 153.1	\$ 179.0
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from operations:		
Depreciation and amortization	323.1	265.3
Provision for doubtful accounts	19.9	21.0
Stock-based compensation expense	7.5	10.6
Pension expense	31.0	45.8
Deferred taxes	0.8	27.2
Other, net	5.7	4.0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net:		
Accounts receivable	(7.5)	(0.6)
Accounts payable	(28.3)	(14.2)
Other current liabilities	(13.4)	(24.8)
Other liabilities	(23.5)	(6.8)
Other, net	(9.8)	(7.3)
Net cash provided from operations	458.6	499.2
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(159.4)	(139.5)
Acquisition of NuVox, net of cash acquired	(198.4)	
Acquisition of Iowa Telecom, net of cash acquired	(253.6)	
Other, net	3.1	0.3
Net cash used in investing activities	(608.3)	(139.2)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Dividends paid on common shares	(223.2)	(219.4)
Stock repurchase		(32.8)
Repayment of debt	(992.1)	(157.1)
Proceeds of debt issuance	375.0	
Other, net	(19.4)	(1.9)
Net cash used in financing activities	(859.7)	(411.2)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,009.4)	(51.2)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Beginning of period	1,062.9	296.6
End of period	\$ 53.5	\$ 245.4
Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures:		
Interest paid	\$ 249.6	\$ 202.5
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$ 87.6	\$ 78.4

See the accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY (UNAUDITED)**

	Common Stock				
	and		Accumulated		
	Additional		Other	Retained	Total
	Paid-In		Comprehensive	Earnings	
(Millions, except per share amounts)	Capital		Income		
			(Loss)		
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 83.6		\$ (208.3)	\$ 385.4	\$ 260.7
Net income				153.1	153.1
Other comprehensive income, net of tax: (see Note 10)					
Change in employee benefit plans			1.4		1.4
Unrealized holding losses on interest rate swaps			(5.8)		(5.8)
Comprehensive income (loss)			(4.4)	153.1	148.7
Stock-based compensation expense (see Note 12)	7.5				7.5
Stock issued to NuVox shareholders (see Note 3)	185.0				185.0
Stock issued to Iowa Telecom shareholders (see Note 3)	280.8				280.8
Other	(5.9)				(5.9)
Dividends of \$0.50 per share declared to stockholders				(235.0)	(235.0)
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$ 551.0		\$ (212.7)	\$ 303.5	\$ 641.8

See the accompanying notes to unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Preparation of Interim Financial Statements:

Formation of Windstream - On July 17, 2006, Alltel Corporation, which has subsequently merged with Verizon Communications, Inc. (Alltel), completed the spin off of its wireline telecommunications division and immediately merged with and into Valor Communications Group Inc. (Valor), with Valor continuing as the surviving corporation. The resulting company was renamed Windstream Corporation (Windstream , we , or the Company), which is a customer-focused telecommunications company that provides phone, high-speed Internet and digital television services. The Company also offers a wide range of IP-based voice and data services and advanced phone systems and equipment to businesses and government agencies. As of June 30, 2010, the Company served approximately 3.3 million access lines and 1.3 million high-speed Internet customers located primarily in rural areas in 23 states.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared based upon Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules that permit reduced disclosure for interim periods. Certain information and footnote disclosures have been condensed or omitted in accordance with those rules and regulations. The accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2009 was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, these financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of results of operations and financial condition for the interim periods shown including normal recurring accruals and other items. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. For a more complete discussion of significant accounting policies and certain other information, this report should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in Windstream 's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, which was filed with the SEC on February 24, 2010.

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are based upon management 's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results may differ from the estimates and assumptions used in preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, and such differences could be material.

Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation of the consolidated financial statements. These changes and reclassifications did not impact net or comprehensive income.

2. Accounting Changes:

Recently Adopted Authoritative Guidance

Fair Value Measurements - Effective January 1, 2010, Windstream adopted revised authoritative guidance for fair value measurements. This guidance required companies to disclose the reason for significant transfers of fair value measurements between Levels 1 and 2 in the fair value hierarchy. In addition, it clarified and expanded disclosure requirements on the valuation techniques and significant inputs used in Level 2 and 3 fair value measurements. The amended guidance also requires companies to disclose changes in valuation techniques between periods, along with the reason for the change. The Company 's fair value measurement disclosures are contained in Note 6.

Recently Issued Authoritative Guidance

Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Element Deliverables - On September 23, 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) reached a consensus on accounting for revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables. The consensus addresses how to determine whether an arrangement involving multiple deliverables contains more than one unit of accounting, and how the arrangement consideration should be allocated among the separate units of accounting. This guidance is effective for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****2. Accounting Changes, Continued:**

Fair Value Measurement - In January 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to fair value measurements. This guidance requires separate disclosure for purchase, sale, issuance and settlement activity in the reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company does not expect this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

3. Acquisitions and Dispositions:

Acquisition of Iowa Telecom - On June 1, 2010, we completed our previously announced acquisition of Iowa Telecommunications Services, Inc. (Iowa Telecom), based in Newton, Iowa. This acquisition provides Windstream with a sizable operating presence in the upper Midwest. As of June 1, 2010, Iowa Telecom provided service to approximately 208,000 incumbent local exchange carrier (ILEC) access lines, 39,000 competitive local exchange carrier (CLEC) access lines, 96,000 high-speed Internet customers and 25,000 digital television customers in Iowa and Minnesota. Pursuant to the merger agreement, each share of Iowa Telecom common stock was converted into the right to receive 0.804 shares of our common stock and \$7.90 in cash. We paid \$253.6 million in cash, net of cash acquired, and issued approximately 26.7 million shares of our common stock valued at approximately \$281.0 million on the date of issuance. In addition, we repaid outstanding indebtedness, including related interest rate swap liabilities, of Iowa Telecom of approximately \$628.9 million. The cash portion of the purchase price and debt repayment were funded through cash on hand, principally unspent funds from the \$1,100.0 million debt offering completed in 2009, and through a draw down of approximately \$375.0 million against our revolving line of credit.

Acquisition of NuVox - On February 8, 2010, we completed our previously announced acquisition of NuVox, Inc. (NuVox), a competitive local exchange carrier based in Greenville, South Carolina. Consistent with the Company's focus on growing revenues from business customers, the completion of the NuVox acquisition added approximately 104,000 data and integrated solution connections in 16 states and provides opportunities for significant operating efficiencies with contiguous Windstream markets. In accordance with the NuVox merger agreement, Windstream acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of NuVox common stock for \$198.4 million in cash, net of cash acquired, and issued approximately 18.7 million shares of Windstream common stock valued at \$185.0 million on the date of issuance. Windstream also repaid outstanding indebtedness of NuVox, including related interest rate swap liabilities, of approximately \$281.3 million.

Acquisition of Lexcom - On December 1, 2009, Windstream acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Lexcom, Inc. (Lexcom) for approximately \$138.7 million in cash, net of cash acquired. As of the date of acquisition, Lexcom served approximately 22,000 access lines, 9,000 high-speed Internet customers and 12,000 cable television customers in North Carolina. This acquisition increased Windstream's presence in North Carolina and provided opportunities for operating synergies with contiguous Windstream markets.

Acquisition of D&E - On November 10, 2009, Windstream acquired D&E Communications, Inc. (D&E), which as of the date of acquisition served approximately 110,000 ILEC access lines, 35,000 CLEC access lines, 45,000 high-speed Internet customers and 9,000 cable television customers. This acquisition increased Windstream's presence in Pennsylvania and provides opportunities for operating synergies with contiguous Windstream markets. Pursuant to the merger agreement, Windstream acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of D&E common stock for \$56.6 million, net of cash acquired, and issued 9.4 million shares of Windstream common stock valued at \$94.6 million on the date of issuance. Windstream also repaid outstanding indebtedness of D&E totaling \$182.4 million.

These transactions have been accounted for as business acquisitions with Windstream serving as the accounting acquirer. We are conducting the appraisals necessary to assess the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the amount of goodwill recognized as of their respective acquisition dates. The assessment of fair value assets and liabilities acquired, including property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and deferred taxes, requires a significant amount of judgment and we have not completed this analysis as it relates to the valuation of Iowa Telecom. In addition, the valuation of certain assets and liabilities of NuVox, primarily deferred income taxes, was not complete as of June 30, 2010. As such, the valuation of assets and liabilities acquired from NuVox and Iowa Telecom are subject to adjustment as additional information is obtained about the facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition dates. Upon finalization, which is expected to occur prior to December 31, 2010, any changes to the preliminary valuation of assets acquired and liabilities assumed may result in significant adjustments to

the fair value of goodwill.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****3. Acquisitions and Dispositions, Continued:**

The costs of the acquisitions were allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition dates, with amounts exceeding fair value recognized as goodwill. Goodwill associated with the acquired businesses is not expected to be tax deductible, and is attributable to the workforce of acquired businesses and synergies expected to arise with contiguous Windstream markets after the acquisitions. The fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed were determined using income, cost, and market approaches. Wireless licenses, which have been designated as held for sale, were valued using a market approach, while identified intangible assets consisting primarily of franchise rights and customer lists were valued primarily on the basis of the present value of future cash flows, which is an income approach. Significant assumptions utilized in the income approach were based on Company specific information and projections, which are not observable in the market and are thus considered Level 3 measurements as defined by authoritative guidance. The cost approach, which estimates value by determining the current cost of replacing an asset with another of equivalent economic utility, was used, as appropriate, for property, plant and equipment. The cost to replace a given asset reflects the estimated reproduction or replacement cost for the asset, less an allowance for loss in value due to depreciation. The fair value of the long-term debt and related interest rate swap agreements assumed were determined based on quoted prices for the repayment of these instruments.

The following table summarizes the preliminary fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the acquisitions of NuVox and Iowa Telecom. Adjustments to the preliminary assessment of fair value assets and liabilities of NuVox were primarily associated with the identification of additional liabilities that existed as of the date of acquisition.

(Millions)	NuVox Adjusted Preliminary Allocation	Iowa Telecom Preliminary Allocation
Fair value of assets acquired:		
Assets held for sale (a)	\$	\$ 31.0
Other current assets	65.7	39.5
Property, plant and equipment	242.0	334.8
Goodwill	294.7	564.7
Franchise rights (b)		235.7
Customer lists (c)	180.0	130.6
Trade name (d)	4.2	3.1
Other assets		12.4
Total assets acquired	786.6	1,351.8
Fair value of liabilities assumed:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	(256.9)	(608.0)
Other current liabilities	(70.3)	(47.1)
Deferred income taxes on acquired assets	(50.2)	(134.1)
Other liabilities	(25.8)	(28.2)
Total liabilities assumed	(403.2)	(817.4)
Common stock issued (inclusive of additional paid-in capital)	(185.0)	(280.8)
Cash paid, net of cash acquired	\$ 198.4	\$ 253.6

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- (a) The Company has designated wireless licenses acquired from Iowa Telecom as held for sale.
- (b) Franchise rights will be amortized over an estimated life of 30 years on a straight-line basis.
- (c) Customer lists will be amortized over an estimated useful life of nine years using the sum-of-years digit methodology.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****3. Acquisitions and Dispositions, Continued:**

(d) The trade name will be amortized over an estimated useful life of one year on a straight-line basis.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect the combined operations of Windstream, Iowa Telecom, NuVox, Lexcom and D&E for the periods following the respective dates of acquisition. Efforts to integrate the operations of these businesses are ongoing. Employee severance and transaction costs incurred in conjunction with these acquisitions have been expensed to merger and integration expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of income in accordance with the revised authoritative guidance for business combinations (see Note 9). In addition, the Company does not consider the acquisitions of Iowa Telecom, NuVox, Lexcom and D&E (the acquired businesses) to be significant, individually or in the aggregate, and therefore has not provided separate disclosure of the pro forma financial results, post-acquisition revenue or net income for these businesses.

During the second quarter of 2010, certain wireless licenses acquired from D&E and Iowa Telecom were designated as held for sale and are included in assets held for sale in the accompanying June 30, 2010 consolidated balance sheet at their carrying amount of \$47.6 million, which was based on their estimated fair value at acquisition date. Management has committed to a plan to sell these assets and they are available for immediate sale in their present condition.

Disposition of Out-of-Territory Product Distribution - On August 21, 2009, Windstream completed the sale of its out-of-territory product distribution operations to Walker and Associates of North Carolina, Inc. (Walker) for approximately \$5.3 million in total consideration. The out-of-territory product distribution operations primarily consisted of product inventory with a carrying value of \$4.9 million and customer relationships outside of Windstream's telecommunications operating territories. These operations were not central to the Company's strategic goals in its core communications business. Product revenues from these operations totaled \$17.6 million and \$30.4 million during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, with related cost of products sold of \$15.4 million and \$26.7 million for the same periods in 2009.

4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets:

As of January 1, 2010, the Company completed its annual impairment review of goodwill in accordance with authoritative guidance and determined that no write-down in the carrying value was required. The Company assesses impairment of its goodwill by evaluating the carrying value of its shareholder's equity against the current fair market value of its outstanding equity, where the current fair market value of the Company's equity is equal to its current market capitalization plus a control premium of 20 percent, estimated through a review of market observable transactions.

The following table summarizes the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill during the six months ended June 30, 2010:

(Millions)	
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 2,344.4
Acquisition of Iowa (see Note 3)	564.7
Acquisition of NuVox (see Note 3)	294.7
Adjustment of D&E (a)	2.2
Adjustment of Lexcom (a)	2.3
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$ 3,208.3

(a) Adjustments to the carrying value of D&E and Lexcom goodwill were attributable to adjustments in the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in these acquisitions recognized during the first quarter of 2010.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, Continued:**

Intangible assets subject to amortization were as follows:

(Millions)	June 30, 2010			December 31, 2009		
	Gross Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value	Gross Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Value
Franchise rights (a)	\$ 1,285.1	\$ (50.6)	\$ 1,234.5	\$ 1,055.1	\$ (32.3)	\$ 1,022.8
Customer lists (a)	703.7	(237.6)	466.1	393.1	(193.7)	199.4
Cable franchise rights (a)	39.8	(22.9)	16.9	34.1	(22.4)	11.7
Wireless license (a) (b)				16.6		16.6
Other (a)	10.5	(3.7)	6.8	3.2	(0.4)	2.8
Balance	\$ 2,039.1	\$ (314.8)	\$ 1,724.3	\$ 1,502.1	\$ (248.8)	\$ 1,253.3

(a) Increases in the gross cost of intangible assets for the six month period ended June 30, 2010 were associated with the acquisitions of NuVox and Iowa Telecom, as previously discussed in Note 3.

(b) During the second quarter of 2010, the Company reclassified the \$16.6 million of wireless licenses acquired from D&E to assets held for sale in the accompanying June 30, 2010 consolidated balance sheet.

Amortization expense for intangible assets subject to amortization was \$36.9 million and \$65.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to \$20.2 million and \$40.3 million for the same periods in 2009. Amortization expense on intangible assets is estimated to be \$81.7 million for the remainder of 2010. Estimated amortization for each of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 is \$147.0 million, \$131.2 million, \$110.3 million and \$96.4 million, respectively.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****5. Debt and Derivative Instruments:**

Long-term debt was as follows:

(Millions)	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Issued by Windstream Corporation:		
Senior secured credit facility, Tranche A - variable rates, due July 17, 2011	\$ 114.4	\$ 114.4
Senior secured credit facility, Tranche A2 - variable rates, due July 17, 2013	168.9	168.9
Senior secured credit facility, Tranche B - variable rates, due July 17, 2013	288.3	289.8
Senior secured credit facility, Tranche B2 - variable rates, due December 17, 2015	1,069.9	1,075.3
Senior secured credit facility, Revolving line of credit - variable rates, due July 17, 2011 (a)	54.4	
Senior secured credit facility, Revolving line of credit - variable rates, due July 17, 2013 (a)	245.6	
Debentures and notes, without collateral:		
2016 Notes 8.625%, due August 1, 2016 (b)	1,746.0	1,746.0
2017 Notes 7.875%, due November 1, 2017	1,100.0	1,100.0
2013 Notes 8.125%, due August 1, 2013	800.0	800.0
2019 Notes 7.000%, due March 15, 2019 (b)	500.0	500.0
Issued by subsidiaries of the Company:		
Valor Telecommunications Enterprises LLC and Valor Telecommunications Finance Corp. - 7.75%, due February 15, 2015 (b) (c)	400.0	400.0
Windstream Holdings of the Midwest, Inc. - 6.75%, due April 1, 2028 (b) (c)	100.0	100.0
Debentures and notes, without collateral:		
Windstream Georgia Communications LLC - 6.50%, due November 15, 2013	40.0	40.0
Discount on long-term debt, net of premiums	(35.4)	(39.2)
	6,592.1	6,295.2
Less current maturities	(28.1)	(23.8)
Total long-term debt	\$ 6,564.0	\$ 6,271.4

(a) During the first six months of 2010, the Company borrowed \$375.0 million and later repaid \$75.0 million under the revolving line of credit in its senior secured credit facility. At June 30, 2010, the amount available for borrowing under the revolving line of credit was \$191.5 million. The variable interest rate on our revolving line of credit ranged from 1.6 percent to 2.6 percent, and the weighted average rate was 2.4 percent during the six months ended June 30, 2010. Of the \$500.0 million available under the revolving line of credit, \$434.3 million will expire July 17, 2013, following the extension of an additional \$25.0 million on July 13, 2010. The remaining balance of \$65.7 million is set to expire on July 17, 2011. Letters of credit are deducted in determining the total amount available for borrowing under the revolving line of credit. Accordingly, the total amount outstanding under the letters of credit and the indebtedness incurred under the revolving line of credit may not exceed \$500.0 million.

(b) Certain of the Company's debentures and notes are callable by the Company at various premiums on early redemption.

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(c) The Company's collateralized Valor debt is equally and ratably secured with debt under the senior secured credit facilities. Debt held by Windstream Holdings of the Midwest, Inc., a subsidiary of the Company, is secured solely by the assets of the subsidiary. The terms of the credit facility and indentures include customary covenants that, among other things, require Windstream to maintain certain financial ratios and restrict its ability to incur additional indebtedness. These financial ratios include a maximum leverage ratio of 4.5 to 1.0 and a minimum interest coverage ratio of 2.75 to 1.0. In addition, the covenants include restrictions on dividend and certain other types of payments, as well as restrictions on capital expenditures, which must not exceed a specified amount for any fiscal year. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2010.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****5. Debt and Derivative Instruments, Continued:**

In addition, certain of the Company's debt agreements contain various covenants and restrictions specific to the subsidiary that is the legal counterparty to the agreement. Under the Company's long-term debt agreements, acceleration of principal payments would occur upon payment default, violation of debt covenants not cured within 30 days, a change in control including a person or group obtaining 50 percent or more of Windstream's outstanding voting stock, or breach of certain other conditions set forth in the borrowing agreements. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2010.

Maturities for debt outstanding as of June 30, 2010 for each of the twelve month periods ended June 30, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015 are \$28.1 million, \$199.7 million, \$42.3 million, \$1,485.6 million and \$410.8 million, respectively.

Interest expense was as follows for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Interest expense related to long-term debt	\$ 109.8	\$ 85.3	\$ 218.8	\$ 174.6
Impacts of interest rate swaps	14.1	12.9	28.4	23.7
Other interest expense	0.1		0.2	0.1
Less capitalized interest expense	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.8)	(0.9)
Total interest expense	\$ 123.6	\$ 97.8	\$ 246.6	\$ 197.5

Windstream has entered into four identical pay fixed, receive variable interest rate swap agreements totaling \$1,600.0 million in notional value in order to mitigate the interest rate risk inherent in its variable rate senior secured credit facilities. The four interest rate swap agreements amortize quarterly to a notional value of \$906.3 million at maturity on July 17, 2013. The variable rate received resets on the seventeenth day of each quarter to the three-month LIBOR (London-Interbank Offered Rate). The Company's interest rate swap agreements are designated as cash flow hedges of the interest rate risk created by the variable interest rate paid on Tranche B of the senior secured credit facilities, which has varying dates of maturities from July 17, 2013 to December 17, 2015. The variable interest rate paid on Tranche B is based on the three-month LIBOR, and it also resets on the seventeenth day of each quarter.

After the completion of a refinancing transaction in February 2007, a portion of one of the four interest rate swap agreements with a notional value of \$125.0 million (\$92.7 million as of June 30, 2010) was de-designated as the corresponding hedged item was repaid. Therefore, the undesignated portion of the swap agreement was no longer an effective hedge of the variable interest rate paid on Tranche B.

Set forth below is information related to the Company's interest rate swap agreements:

(Millions, except for percentages)	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Unamortized notional value:		
Designated portion	\$ 1,038.5	\$ 1,078.7
Undesignated portion	\$ 92.7	\$ 96.3
Fair value of interest rate swap agreements (see Note 6):		
Designated portion	\$ (117.6)	\$ (107.8)
Undesignated portion	\$ (10.5)	\$ (9.6)

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Weighted average fixed rate paid	5.60%	5.60%
Variable rate received	0.30%	0.28%

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****5. Debt and Derivative Instruments, Continued:**

The effectiveness of the Company's cash flow hedges is assessed each quarter using the Change in Variable Cash Flow Method. This method utilizes the matched terms principle of measuring effectiveness, and requires the floating-rate leg of the swap and the hedged variable cash flows of the asset or liability to be based on the same interest rate index. It also requires the variable interest rates of both instruments to reset on the same dates. Furthermore, there should be no other differences in the terms of the hedge and the hedged item, and the likelihood of default by the interest rate swap counterparties must be assessed as being unlikely in order to conclude that there is no ineffectiveness in the hedging relationship. The Company performs and documents this assessment each quarter, and it concluded at June 30, 2010 that there was no ineffectiveness to be recognized in earnings in any of its four interest rate swap agreements that are designated as hedges.

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as either assets or liabilities depending on the rights or obligations under the related contracts. Changes in fair value of these derivative instruments were as follows for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Decrease in fair value of effective portion, net of tax (a)	\$ (2.9)	\$ 16.9	\$ (6.1)	\$ 16.5
Change in fair value of undesignated portion (b)	\$ (0.4)	\$ 2.4	\$ (0.9)	\$ 2.4

(a) Included as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), which will be reclassified into earnings as the hedged transaction affects earnings.

(b) Represents non-cash income (loss) recorded in other income (expense), net in the accompanying consolidated statements of income. Net amounts due related to designated interest rate swap agreements are recorded as adjustments to interest expense in the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated statements of income when earned or payable.

6. Fair Value Measurements:

Fair value of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Authoritative guidance defines the following three tier hierarchy for assessing the inputs used in fair value measurements:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 3 Unobservable inputs

Assets and liabilities are classified into the hierarchy in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

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The Company's non-financial assets and liabilities include goodwill, intangible assets and asset retirement obligations that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. No event occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2010 requiring these non-financial assets or liabilities to be recognized at fair value (see Note 4).

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, long-term debt and interest rate swaps. The carrying amount of accounts receivable and accounts payable was estimated by management to approximate fair value due to the relatively short period of time to maturity for those instruments. Cash equivalents, long-term debt and interest rate swaps are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****6. Fair Value Measurements, Continued:**

The fair values of the Company's cash equivalents and interest rate swaps were determined using the following inputs:

(Millions)	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Level 1 measurements:		
Cash equivalents (a)	\$ 0.1	\$ 1,062.9
Level 2 measurements:		
Interest rate swaps (b) (See Note 5)	\$ (128.1)	\$ (117.4)

(a) Recognized at fair value in cash and cash equivalents on the unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2010 and consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2009.

(b) Recognized at fair value in current portion of interest rate swaps and other liabilities on the unaudited consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2010 and consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2009.

The Company's cash equivalents are primarily highly liquid, actively traded money market funds with next day access. The fair values of the interest rate swaps were determined based on the present value of expected future cash flows using LIBOR swap rates which are observable at commonly quoted intervals for the full term of the swaps using discount rates appropriate with consideration given to the Company's non-performance risk. As of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps were reduced by \$5.3 million in both periods, to reflect the Company's non-performance risk. The Company's non-performance risk is assessed based on the current trading discount of its Tranche B senior secured credit facility as the swap agreements are secured by the same collateral. In addition, the Company routinely monitors and updates its evaluation of counterparty risk, and based on such evaluation has determined that the swap agreements continue to meet the requirements of an effective cash flow hedge. The counterparty to each of the four swap agreements is a bank with a current credit rating at or above A+.

The fair value and carrying value of the Company's long-term debt, including current maturities, was as follows:

(Millions)	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Fair value	\$ 6,582.3	\$ 6,340.7
Carrying value	\$ 6,592.1	\$ 6,295.2

The fair value of the corporate bonds was calculated based on quoted market prices of the specific issuances in an active market when available. When an active market is not available for certain bonds, bank notes and revolving line of credit, the fair market value is determined based on bid prices and broker quotes. In calculating the fair market value of the Windstream Holdings of the Midwest, Inc. and Windstream Georgia Communications LLC bonds, an appropriate market price for the same or similar instruments in an active market is used considering credit quality, nonperformance risk and maturity of the instrument.

7. Commitments and Contingencies:

The Company is party to various legal proceedings. Although the ultimate resolution of these various proceedings cannot be determined at this time, management of the Company does not believe that such proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the future consolidated results of income, cash flows or financial condition of the Company.

In addition, management of the Company is currently not aware of any environmental matters that, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material effect on the consolidated financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****8. Employee Benefit Plans and Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions:**

Windstream maintains a non-contributory qualified defined benefit pension plan. Prior to establishing the pension plan pursuant to the spin off in 2006, the Company's employees participated in a substantially equivalent plan maintained by Alltel. Future benefit accruals for all eligible nonbargaining employees covered by the pension plan ceased as of December 31, 2005 (December 31, 2010 for employees who had attained age 40 with two years of service as of December 31, 2005). The Company also maintains supplemental executive retirement plans that provide unfunded, non-qualified supplemental retirement benefits to a select group of current and former management employees. Additionally, the Company provides postretirement healthcare and life insurance benefits for eligible employees. Employees share in, and the Company funds, the costs of these plans as benefits are paid.

The components of pension expense (including provision for executive retirement agreements) were as follows for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Benefits earned during the year	\$ 3.6	\$ 3.2	\$ 7.9	\$ 6.7
Interest cost on benefit obligation	15.2	14.4	30.3	28.6
Amortization of net actuarial loss	11.6	18.0	22.9	35.6
Amortization of prior service credit	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Expected return on plan assets	(15.0)	(12.5)	(30.0)	(25.0)
Net periodic benefit expense	\$ 15.3	\$ 23.0	\$ 31.0	\$ 45.8

The components of postretirement expense were as follows for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Benefits earned during the year	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1
Interest cost on benefit obligation	1.4	1.9	2.6	4.2
Amortization of net actuarial loss (gain)	0.3	(0.1)	0.3	
Amortization of prior service credit	(2.2)	(0.9)	(4.2)	(1.6)
Net periodic benefit expense (income)	\$ (0.4)	\$ 0.9	\$ (1.2)	\$ 2.6

Windstream contributed \$4.7 million to the postretirement plan during the six months ended June 30, 2010, and expects to contribute an additional \$6.0 million for postretirement benefits throughout the remainder of 2010, excluding amounts that will be funded by participant contributions to the plans. The Company does not expect to make any contributions to the qualified pension plan in 2010.

9. Merger, Integration and Restructuring Charges:

Costs triggered by strategic transactions, including transaction, rebranding and system conversion costs are unpredictable by nature and primarily include charges for accounting, legal, broker fees and other miscellaneous costs associated with the completed acquisitions of the acquired businesses. These costs are considered indirect or general and are expensed when incurred in accordance with authoritative guidance on business combinations. Restructuring charges, consisting primarily of severance and employee benefit costs, are triggered by the Company's continued evaluation of its operating structure and identification of opportunities for increased operational efficiency and effectiveness. These costs should not necessarily be viewed as non-recurring, are reviewed regularly by the Company's decision makers and are included as a component of compensation targets.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****9. Merger, Integration and Restructuring Charges, Continued:**

The following is a summary of the merger, integration and restructuring charges recorded during the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Merger and integration costs				
Transaction costs associated with acquisitions (a)	\$ 7.6	\$ 1.4	\$ 21.2	\$ 1.4
Employee related transition costs (b)	6.9		16.0	
Computer system and conversion costs	1.2		1.6	
Signage and other rebranding costs	1.1		1.2	
Total merger and integration costs	16.8	1.4	40.0	1.4
Restructuring charges (c)	0.5	0.1	0.5	
Total merger, integration and restructuring charges	\$ 17.3	\$ 1.5	\$ 40.5	\$ 1.4

(a) During the first half of 2010, the Company incurred acquisition related costs for accounting, legal, broker fees and other miscellaneous costs associated with the acquisitions of Iowa Telecom, NuVox, Lexcom and D&E. These costs are considered indirect or general and are expensed when incurred in accordance with authoritative guidance on business combinations. In the first half of 2009, the Company incurred \$1.4 million in acquisition costs associated with the acquisition of D&E.

(b) During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company incurred \$16.0 million in employee transition costs, primarily severance related, in conjunction with the integration of D&E, Lexcom, NuVox and Iowa Telecom.

(c) During the second quarter of 2010, the Company recorded \$0.5 million in severance charges in conjunction with restructuring of its warehouse and assignment operations.

The following is a summary of activity related to the liabilities associated with the Company's merger, integration and restructuring charges for the six months ended June 30, 2010:

(Millions)	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 6.6
Merger, integration and restructuring charges	40.5
Cash outlays during the period	(41.3)

Balance, end of period \$ 5.8

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had unpaid merger, integration and restructuring liabilities totaling \$5.8 million, which included \$4.2 million of accrued severance and related employee costs primarily associated with the integration of acquired businesses. This liability is included in other current liabilities in the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated balance sheet. The severance and related employee costs will be paid during 2010 as positions are eliminated. Each of these payments will be funded through operating cash flows.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****10. Comprehensive Income (Loss):**

Comprehensive income was as follows for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income	\$ 79.0	\$ 90.8	\$ 153.1	\$ 179.0
Other comprehensive income:				
Defined benefit pension plans:				
Change in net actuarial loss for employee benefit plans	(2.0)	(11.2)	(2.0)	(11.2)
Amounts included in net periodic benefit cost:				
Amortization of prior service credits	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	11.6	18.0	22.9	35.6
Income tax expense	(3.7)	(2.5)	(8.0)	(9.3)
Change in pension plan	5.8	4.2	12.8	15.0
Postretirement plan:				
Change in net actuarial gain (loss) for employee benefit plans	(6.7)	12.9	(6.7)	12.9
Amounts included in net periodic benefit cost:				
Amortization of prior service credits	(2.2)	(0.9)	(4.2)	(1.6)
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss	0.3	(0.1)	0.3	
Income tax (expense) benefit	3.3	(5.4)	(0.8)	(5.1)
Change in postretirement plan	(5.3)	6.5	(11.4)	6.2
Change in employee benefit plans	0.5	10.7	1.4	21.2
Interest rate swaps:				
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on interest rate swaps	(4.2)	27.6	(9.4)	27.6
Income tax (expense) benefit	1.6	(10.5)	3.6	(10.9)
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on interest rate swaps	(2.6)	17.1	(5.8)	16.7
Comprehensive income	\$ 76.9	\$ 118.6	\$ 148.7	\$ 216.9

Accumulated other comprehensive loss was as follows:

(Millions)	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Pension and postretirement plans	\$ (139.0)	\$ (140.4)
Unrealized holding losses on interest rate swaps:		
Designated portion	(72.5)	(66.5)

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Undesignated portion	(1.2)	(1.4)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (212.7)	\$ (208.3)

11. Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share was computed by dividing net income applicable to common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Windstream's non-vested restricted shares that contain a non-forfeitable right to receive dividends on a one-to-one per share ratio to common shares are considered participating securities, and the impact is included in the computation of basic earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The two-class method of computing earnings per share is an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings attributable to common shares and participating securities according to dividends declared (whether paid or unpaid) and participation rights in undistributed earnings. Earnings per common share was computed by dividing the sum of distributed and undistributed earnings allocated to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****11. Earnings per Share, Continued:**

shares outstanding for the period. In applying the two-class method, undistributed earnings are allocated to both common shares and participating non-vested restricted shares based on the pro-rata weighted average shares outstanding during the period.

Beginning in the first quarter of 2010, all new restricted stock grants that contain performance based vesting provisions also contain a forfeitable right to dividends. Because dividends attributable to these shares are forfeited if the vesting provisions are not met, they are considered non-participating restricted shares and are not dilutive under the two class method until the performance conditions have been satisfied. As of June 30, 2010, the performance conditions have not been satisfied for these shares.

Following is a reconciliation of net income and weighted average shares used in computing both basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Basic and diluted earnings per share:				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 79.0	\$ 90.8	\$153.1	\$179.0
Net income allocable to participating non-vested restricted shares	(0.7)	(1.1)	(1.4)	(2.2)
Adjusted net income attributable to common shares	\$ 78.3	\$ 89.7	\$151.7	\$176.8
Denominator:				
Basic shares outstanding				
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	465.4	436.8	456.2	438.5
Weighted average participating non-vested restricted shares	(3.3)	(4.4)	(2.8)	(4.3)
Weighted average shares outstanding for basic earnings per share	462.1	432.4	453.4	434.2
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$.17	\$.21	\$.33	\$.41

The calculation of basic earnings per share excludes income attributable to participating non-vested restricted shares from the numerator and excludes the dilutive impact of participating non-vested restricted shares from the denominator.

12. Stock-Based Compensation Plans:

Under the Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (the Incentive Plan), the Company may issue a maximum of 20.0 million equity stock awards in the form of restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights or stock options. Restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights were limited to 18.5 million of the total awards issuable under the Incentive Plan. As of June 30, 2010, the Incentive Plan had remaining capacity of 12.0 million awards, of which 10.5 million were issuable in the form of restricted stock, restricted stock units or stock appreciation rights.

During 2010, the Windstream board of directors approved grants of restricted stock to officers, executives, non-employee directors and certain management employees. These grants include the standard annual grants to this employee and director group as a key component of their annual incentive compensation plan and a one-time grant to executive officers, other than the CEO, and select members of executive management. The

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one-time grant was approved to provide a retention incentive for certain executives. The retention grant was approved August 3, 2010 and totaled 516,075 shares. For performance based shares granted, the operating target for the first vesting period was approved by the board of directors in February 2010. While achievement of these performance targets remains uncertain, management has determined that it is probable that such targets will be met for fiscal year 2010.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****12. Stock-Based Compensation Plans, Continued:**

Restricted stock activity for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	(Thousands) Number of Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value Per Share
Non-vested at December 31, 2009	2,890.7	\$9.90
Granted	1,804.4	\$10.36
Vested	(1,187.0)	\$10.54
Forfeited	(41.4)	\$9.74
Non-vested at June 30, 2010	3,466.7	\$9.93

The vesting periods and grant date fair value of shares issued during the six months ended June 30, 2010 were as follows:

(Thousands)	Common Shares
Vest ratably over remaining service period, up to four years (a)	222.4
Vest ratably over a three-year service period	876.7
Vest contingently over a three-year performance period	596.9
Vest three years from date of grant, service based	36.3
Vest one year from date of grant, service based (b)	72.1
Total granted	1,804.4
Grant date fair value (Millions)	\$ 18.7

(a) In conjunction with the acquisition of Iowa Telecom, Windstream granted 222,400 restricted shares to former Iowa Telecom employees to replace outstanding unvested Iowa Telecom restricted shares held by these same employees as of acquisition date. The vesting provisions of the original grants were retained, including provisions requiring accelerated vesting upon an involuntary termination following a change of control.

(b) Represents shares granted to non-employee directors.

The weighted average grant date fair value for restricted stock granted during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 was \$2.9 million and \$18.7 million, respectively, compared to \$0.1 million and \$14.8 million for the same periods in 2009. At June 30, 2010, unrecognized compensation expense for non-vested Windstream restricted shares was \$27.4 million. The unrecognized compensation expense for these non-vested restricted shares has a remaining weighted average vesting period of 1.6 years. Stock-based compensation expense was \$4.0 million and \$7.5 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to \$5.4 million and \$10.6 million for the same periods of 2009.

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information:**

In connection with the issuance of the 2013 Notes, the 2016 Notes, the 2017 Notes and the 2019 Notes (the guaranteed notes), certain of the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries (the Guarantors) provide guarantees of those debentures. These guarantees are full and unconditional as well as joint and several. Certain Guarantors may be subject to restrictions on their ability to distribute earnings to the Company. The remaining subsidiaries (the Non-Guarantors) of Windstream are not guarantors of the guaranteed notes. Following the acquisitions of acquired businesses, the guaranteed notes were amended to include certain subsidiaries of the acquired businesses as guarantors.

The following information presents condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 of the parent company, the Guarantors, and the Non-Guarantors. Investments in consolidated subsidiaries are held primarily by the parent company in the net assets of its subsidiaries and have been presented using the equity method of accounting.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income (Unaudited)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2010

(Millions)	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues and sales:					
Service revenues	\$	\$ 219.6	\$ 682.7	\$ (4.3)	\$ 898.0
Product sales		10.2	9.1		19.3
Total revenues and sales		229.8	691.8	(4.3)	917.3
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of services		68.9	264.9	(3.4)	330.4
Cost of products sold		10.0	7.9		17.9
Selling, general, administrative and other	(0.9)	17.4	114.2	(0.9)	129.8
Depreciation and amortization		65.5	102.2		167.7
Merger, integration and restructuring		0.1	17.2		17.3
Total costs and expenses	(0.9)	161.9	506.4	(4.3)	663.1
Operating income	0.9	67.9	185.4		254.2
Earnings from consolidated subsidiaries	139.7	18.8	1.0	(159.5)	
Other income (expense), net	(1.2)	36.0	(35.7)		(0.9)
Intercompany interest income (expense)	22.8	(7.4)	(15.4)		
Interest expense	(121.6)	(1.6)	(0.4)		(123.6)
Income before income taxes	40.6	113.7	134.9	(159.5)	129.7
Income tax expense (benefit)	(38.4)	36.6	52.5		50.7
Net income	\$ 79.0	\$ 77.1	\$ 82.4	\$ (159.5)	\$ 79.0

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:****Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income (Unaudited)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2009**

(Millions)	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues and sales:					
Service revenues	\$	\$ 188.5	\$ 528.2	\$ (2.2)	\$ 714.5
Product sales		27.5	10.9		38.4
Total revenues and sales		216.0	539.1	(2.2)	752.9
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of services		59.6	191.8	(1.7)	249.7
Cost of products sold		24.5	9.1		33.6
Selling, general, administrative and other		22.7	68.2	(0.5)	90.4
Depreciation and amortization		47.9	85.4		133.3
Merger, integration and restructuring		0.1	1.4		1.5
Total costs and expenses		154.8	355.9	(2.2)	508.5
Operating income		61.2	183.2		244.4
Earnings from consolidated subsidiaries	155.0	17.6		(172.6)	
Other income (expense), net	1.7	26.8	(27.9)		0.6
Intercompany interest income (expense)	9.1	(3.7)	(5.4)		
Interest expense	(95.7)	(1.6)	(0.5)		(97.8)
Income before income taxes	70.1	100.3	149.4	(172.6)	147.2
Income tax expense (benefit)	(20.7)	27.3	49.8		56.4
Net income	\$ 90.8	\$ 73.0	\$ 99.6	\$ (172.6)	\$ 90.8

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:****Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income (Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2010**

(Millions)	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues and sales:					
Service revenues	\$	\$ 414.2	\$ 1,319.0	\$ (6.8)	\$ 1,726.4
Product sales		18.2	20.6		38.8
Total revenues and sales		432.4	1,339.6	(6.8)	1,765.2
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of services		127.8	502.8	(5.4)	625.2
Cost of products sold		17.7	16.5		34.2
Selling, general, administrative and other	(0.6)	34.2	209.0	(1.4)	241.2
Depreciation and amortization		120.3	202.8		323.1
Merger, integration and restructuring		0.1	40.4		40.5
Total costs and expenses	(0.6)	300.1	971.5	(6.8)	1,264.2
Operating income	0.6	132.3	368.1		501.0
Earnings from consolidated subsidiaries	277.8	48.9	2.5	(329.2)	
Other income (expense), net	(1.3)	69.3	(69.2)		(1.2)
Intercompany interest income (expense)	41.2	(14.6)	(26.6)		
Interest expense	(242.6)	(3.2)	(0.8)		(246.6)
Income before income taxes	75.7	232.7	274.0	(329.2)	253.2
Income tax expense (benefit)	(77.4)	70.4	107.1		100.1
Net income	\$ 153.1	\$ 162.3	\$ 166.9	\$ (329.2)	\$ 153.1

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:**

(Millions)	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income (Unaudited)				
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2009				
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues and sales:					
Service revenues	\$	\$ 374.7	\$ 1,064.4	\$ (3.8)	\$ 1,435.3
Product sales		49.4	23.2		72.6
Total revenues and sales		424.1	1,087.6	(3.8)	1,507.9
Costs and expenses:					
Cost of services		115.1	388.6	(2.8)	500.9
Cost of products sold		44.1	19.8		63.9
Selling, general, administrative and other		45.1	135.3	(1.0)	179.4
Depreciation and amortization		95.4	169.9		265.3
Merger, integration and restructuring		0.1	1.3		1.4
Total costs and expenses		299.8	714.9	(3.8)	1,010.9
Operating income		124.3	372.7		497.0
Earnings from consolidated subsidiaries	293.5	40.9		(334.4)	
Other income (expense), net	2.6	55.0	(56.2)		1.4
Intercompany interest income (expense)	18.0	(7.6)	(10.4)		
Interest expense	(193.3)	(3.1)	(1.1)		(197.5)
Income before income taxes	120.8	209.5	305.0	(334.4)	300.9
Income tax expense (benefit)	(58.2)	63.9	116.2		121.9
Net income	\$ 179.0	\$ 145.6	\$ 188.8	\$ (334.4)	\$ 179.0

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:**

(Millions)	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited)				
	As of June 30, 2010				
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13.3	\$ 21.7	\$ 18.5	\$	\$ 53.5
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$21.8)		118.8	227.2	(3.0)	343.0
Inventories		26.3	8.8		35.1
Deferred income taxes	9.9	15.2	4.4		29.5
Prepaid expenses and other	5.0	24.3	40.1		69.4
Assets held for sale		47.6			47.6
Total current assets	28.2	253.9	299.0	(3.0)	578.1
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	9,582.7	1,124.1	317.6	(11,024.4)	
Goodwill and other intangibles, net	0.1	3,411.2	1,521.3		4,932.6
Net property, plant and equipment	7.6	1,457.7	3,003.1		4,468.4
Other assets	57.7	360.5	25.6	(335.7)	108.1
Total Assets	\$ 9,676.3	\$ 6,607.4	\$ 5,166.6	\$ (11,363.1)	\$ 10,087.2
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity					
Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 17.1	\$ 0.9	\$ 13.1	\$ (3.0)	\$ 28.1
Current portion of interest rate swaps	43.0				43.0
Accounts payable	10.7	75.0	96.6		182.3
Affiliates payable, net	2,202.4	710.6	(2,913.0)		
Advance payments and customer deposits		24.2	97.9		122.1
Accrued dividends	121.0				121.0
Accrued taxes	(23.9)	48.4	56.8		81.3
Accrued interest	147.5	1.9	0.3		149.7
Other current liabilities	12.5	9.5	37.1		59.1
Total current liabilities	2,530.3	870.5	(2,611.2)	(3.0)	786.6
Long-term debt	6,432.2	100.7	366.8	(335.7)	6,564.0
Deferred income taxes	(45.9)	820.0	767.2		1,541.3
Other liabilities	117.9	27.9	407.7		553.5
Total liabilities	9,034.5	1,819.1	(1,069.5)	(338.7)	9,445.4
Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 7)					
Shareholders Equity:					
Common stock	0.1	41.4	82.5	(123.9)	0.1
Additional paid-in capital	550.9	4,215.0	3,159.9	(7,374.9)	550.9
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(212.7)	(2.8)	(138.9)	141.7	(212.7)
Retained earnings	303.5	534.7	3,132.6	(3,667.3)	303.5
Total shareholders equity	641.8	4,788.3	6,236.1	(11,024.4)	641.8
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$ 9,676.3	\$ 6,607.4	\$ 5,166.6	\$ (11,363.1)	\$ 10,087.2

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:**

(Millions)	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet				
	As of December 31, 2009				
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,046.5	\$ 1.2	\$ 15.2	\$	\$ 1,062.9
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$18.5)	0.2	97.3	199.0	(4.8)	291.7
Inventories		17.1	9.0		26.1
Deferred income taxes	15.6	0.7	5.4		21.7
Prepaid expenses and other	19.8	4.8	29.0		53.6
Total current assets	1,082.1	121.1	257.6	(4.8)	1,456.0
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	8,385.3	1,012.2	321.6	(9,719.1)	
Goodwill and other intangibles, net	0.1	2,109.0	1,488.6		3,597.7
Net property, plant and equipment	7.6	1,073.5	2,911.5		3,992.6
Other assets	60.4	350.5	23.9	(335.7)	99.1
Total Assets	\$ 9,535.5	\$ 4,666.3	\$ 5,003.2	\$ (10,059.6)	\$ 9,145.4
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity					
Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 13.7	\$	\$ 14.9	\$ (4.8)	\$ 23.8
Current portion of interest rate swaps	45.8				45.8
Accounts payable	9.8	26.5	122.2		158.5
Affiliates payable, net	2,735.4	124.6	(2,860.0)		
Advance payments and customer deposits		4.5	90.7		95.2
Accrued dividends	109.2				109.2
Accrued taxes	(14.3)	26.0	48.9		60.6
Accrued interest	153.7	1.7	0.6		156.0
Other current liabilities	11.3	6.0	42.9		60.2
Total current liabilities	3,064.6	189.3	(2,539.8)	(4.8)	709.3
Long-term debt	6,140.7	99.6	366.8	(335.7)	6,271.4
Deferred income taxes	(45.9)	635.0	782.9		1,372.0
Other liabilities	115.4	15.2	401.4		532.0
Total liabilities	9,274.8	939.1	(988.7)	(340.5)	8,884.7
Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 7)					
Shareholders Equity:					
Common stock		41.4	82.4	(123.8)	
Additional paid-in capital	83.6	3,296.8	3,150.4	(6,447.2)	83.6
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(208.3)	(2.8)	(140.3)	143.1	(208.3)
Retained earnings	385.4	391.8	2,899.4	(3,291.2)	385.4
Total shareholders equity	260.7	3,727.2	5,991.9	(9,719.1)	260.7
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$ 9,535.5	\$ 4,666.3	\$ 5,003.2	\$ (10,059.6)	\$ 9,145.4

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:****Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2010**

(Millions)	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash Provided from Operations:					
Net income	\$ 153.1	\$ 162.3	\$ 166.9	\$ (329.2)	\$ 153.1
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from operations:					
Depreciation and amortization		120.3	202.8		323.1
Provision for doubtful accounts		4.5	15.4		19.9
Stock-based compensation expense		0.9	6.6		7.5
Pension expense		4.7	26.3		31.0
Equity in earnings from subsidiaries	(277.8)	(48.9)	(2.5)	329.2	
Deferred taxes	9.4	1.3	(9.9)		0.8
Other, net	6.5		(0.8)		5.7
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net:	(523.0)	730.7	(290.2)		(82.5)
Net cash provided from (used in) operations	(631.8)	975.8	114.6		458.6
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(49.6)	(109.8)		(159.4)
Acquisition of NuVox, net of cash acquired	(198.4)				(198.4)
Acquisition of Iowa Telecom, net of cash acquired	(253.6)				(253.6)
Other, net		2.8	0.3		3.1
Net cash used in investing activities	(452.0)	(46.8)	(109.5)		(608.3)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Dividends paid on common shares	(223.2)				(223.2)
Repayment of debt	(81.9)	(910.2)			(992.1)
Proceeds of debt issuance	375.0				375.0
Other, net	(19.3)	1.7	(1.8)		(19.4)
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities	50.6	(908.5)	(1.8)		(859.7)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,033.2)	20.5	3.3		(1,009.4)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Beginning of period	1,046.5	1.2	15.2		1,062.9
End of period	\$ 13.3	\$ 21.7	\$ 18.5	\$	\$ 53.5

Table of Contents**NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS-(Continued)****13. Supplemental Guarantor Information, Continued:****Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2009**

(Millions)	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Cash Provided from Operations:					
Net income	\$ 179.0	\$ 145.6	\$ 188.8	\$ (334.4)	\$ 179.0
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided from operations:					
Depreciation and amortization		95.4	169.9		265.3
Provision for doubtful accounts		5.0	16.0		21.0
Stock-based compensation expense		1.2	9.4		10.6
Pension expense		13.0	32.8		45.8
Equity in earnings from subsidiaries	(293.5)	(40.9)		334.4	
Deferred taxes	12.3	17.6	(2.7)		27.2
Other, net	0.6	1.0	2.4		4.0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net:	459.9	(204.5)	(309.1)		(53.7)
Net cash provided from operations	358.3	33.4	107.5		499.2
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(33.4)	(106.1)		(139.5)
Other, net		0.1	0.2		0.3
Net cash used in investing activities		(33.3)	(105.9)		(139.2)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Dividends paid on common shares	(219.4)				(219.4)
Stock repurchase	(32.8)				(32.8)
Repayment of debt	(157.0)	(0.1)			(157.1)
Other, net	(1.9)				(1.9)
Net cash used in financing activities	(411.1)	(0.1)			(411.2)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(52.8)		1.6		(51.2)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Beginning of period	282.8	1.0	12.8		296.6
End of period	\$ 230.0	\$ 1.0	\$ 14.4	\$	\$ 245.4

14. Subsequent Events:

On August 4, 2010, Windstream declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the Company's common stock, which is payable on October 15, 2010 to shareholders of record on September 30, 2010.

On July 19, 2010, Windstream completed the private placement of \$400.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 8.125 percent senior unsecured notes due September 1, 2018 at an issue price of 99.248 percent to yield 8.25 percent. Proceeds from the private placement totaled \$390.0, excluding debt issuance costs, and were used to repay amounts outstanding under the revolving line of credit and for general corporate purposes.

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After giving effect to the private placement and repayment of \$300.0 million outstanding under the Company's revolving line of credit, Windstream will have approximately \$6,692.1 million in long term debt outstanding, including current maturities. Scheduled principal payments on our debt following the private placement are \$16.9 million for the remainder of 2010. Scheduled maturities for each of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and thereafter are \$139.4 million, \$50.4 million, \$1,242.6 million, \$10.8 million, \$1,421.4 million and \$3,810.6 million, respectively.

On July 26, 2010, Windstream received notification from the Rural Utilities Services (RUS) that eight of its thirty-three applications totaling approximately \$67.0 million in grant applications submitted by the Company for the expansion of broadband service in unserved and underserved areas under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) had been approved. The total cost of approved projects are approximately \$89.0 million, of which \$67.0 million would be funded by the grant upon finalization of the terms and conditions of the grant security agreement. The remaining twenty-five applications are still under review by the RUS, and they will provide notification as to whether or not these applications have been approved or otherwise by September 30, 2010.

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WINDSTREAM CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Basis of Presentation

On July 17, 2006, Alltel Corporation, which has subsequently merged with Verizon Communications, Inc. (Alltel), completed the spin off of its wireline telecommunications division and immediately merged with and into Valor Communications Group Inc. (Valor), with Valor continuing as the surviving corporation. The resulting company was renamed Windstream Corporation (Windstream , we , or the Company), which is a customer-focused telecommunications company that provides phone, high-speed Internet and digital television services. The Company also offers a wide range of IP-based voice and data services and advanced phone systems and equipment to businesses and government agencies. As of June 30, 2010, the Company served approximately 3.3 million access lines and 1.3 million high-speed Internet customers located primarily in rural areas in 23 states.

The sections that follow provide an overview of our results of operations and highlight key trends and uncertainties in our business to the extent practicable. Certain statements set forth below constitute forward-looking statements. See Forward-Looking Statements at the end of this discussion for additional factors relating to such statements, and see Risk Factors in Item 1A of Part I of Windstream's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 24, 2010, for a discussion of certain risk factors applicable to our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Certain amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation of the consolidated financial statements. These changes and reclassifications did not impact net or comprehensive income.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Among the highlights in the second quarter of 2010:

Windstream completed the acquisition of Iowa Telecommunications Services, Inc. (Iowa Telecom) on June 1, 2010. The Company expects to achieve significant synergies upon completion of the integration of this company with existing Windstream operations.

Data and integrated solution connections, which is comprised of high-speed Internet as well as integrated voice and data connections, increased by approximately 114,000 during the second quarter of 2010, primarily due to the acquisition of Iowa Telecom. During the twelve months ended June 30, 2010, data and integrated solution connections increased by approximately 356,000. Excluding connections acquired from Iowa Telecom, NuVox, Inc. (NuVox), D&E Communications, Inc. (D&E) and Lexcom, Inc. (Lexcom) totaling 255,000, data and integrated solution connections increased by 101,000, or 9.5 percent, over the same time period.

Voice lines increased by approximately 207,000 during the second quarter of 2010 primarily due to the acquisition of Iowa Telecom. During the twelve months ended June 30, 2010, voice lines increased by approximately 291,000. Excluding voice lines acquired from Iowa Telecom, D&E and Lexcom totaling 398,000, voice lines declined by 107,000, or 3.8 percent, over the same time period.

Revenues and sales increased \$164.4 million and \$257.3 million during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2009, primarily due to revenues generated from businesses acquired in 2010 and during the fourth quarter of 2009. Partially offsetting these increases were decreases attributable to voice line losses and declines in product sales associated with the disposition of the out-of-territory product distribution operations during 2009.

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Operating income increased \$9.8 million and \$4.0 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to the same periods of 2009, primarily due to operating income generated from acquired businesses of \$33.9 million and \$52.3 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively. These increases were partially offset by revenue declines attributable to voice line losses and increases in merger and integration costs of \$15.4 million and \$38.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2009.

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Interest expense increased by \$25.8 million and \$49.1 million during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, as compared to the same periods of 2009, primarily due to interest incurred on additional debt of \$1,100.0 million issued in the fourth quarter of 2009 to finance the acquisitions.

The Company generated cash flows from operations of \$458.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010, a decrease of \$40.6, or 8.1 percent, as compared to the same period in 2009. This decrease was primarily attributable to the \$38.6 million increase in merger and integration costs incurred during 2010 in conjunction with the integration of acquired businesses. Cash flows from operations were used to fund capital expenditures of \$159.4 million and to pay \$223.2 million in dividends to shareholders.

We expect to continue to face significant challenges resulting from competition in the telecommunications industry. To address these challenges, we are focused on growing our consumer high-speed Internet and business revenues, which represented approximately 54.3 percent and 52.4 percent of total revenues for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to 43.0 percent and 43.3 percent for the same periods in 2009. We expect continued growth in demand for these services across our customer base. In addition, we believe that our strategy of bundling consumer voice services with our high-speed Internet service offering will allow us to add new customers and help mitigate churn.

STRATEGIC TRANSACTIONS

Acquisitions

On June 1, 2010, we completed our previously announced acquisition of Iowa Telecom, based in Newton, Iowa. This acquisition provides Windstream with a sizable operating presence in the upper Midwest. As of June 1, 2010, Iowa Telecom provided service to approximately 208,000 incumbent local exchange carrier access lines, 39,000 competitive local exchange carrier access lines, 96,000 high-speed Internet customers and 25,000 digital television customers in Iowa and Minnesota. The Company expects to achieve \$35 million in annual expense and capital synergies as a result of this acquisition. Pursuant to the merger agreement, each share of Iowa Telecom common stock was converted into the right to receive 0.804 shares of Windstream common stock and \$7.90 in cash. We paid approximately \$253.6 million in cash, net of cash acquired, and issued approximately 26.7 million shares of our common stock valued at approximately \$281.0 million on the date of issuance. In addition, we repaid outstanding indebtedness, including related interest rate swap liabilities, of Iowa Telecom of approximately \$628.9 million.

On February 8, 2010, we completed our previously announced acquisition of NuVox, a competitive local exchange carrier based in Greenville, South Carolina. Consistent with the Company's focus on growing revenues from business customers, the completion of the NuVox acquisition added approximately 104,000 data and integrated solution connections in 16 states and provides opportunities for approximately \$30.0 million in annual expense and capital synergies with contiguous Windstream markets. In accordance with the NuVox merger agreement, Windstream acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of NuVox common stock for \$198.4 million in cash, net of cash acquired, and issued approximately 18.7 million shares of Windstream common stock valued at \$185.0 million on the date of issuance. Windstream also repaid outstanding indebtedness of NuVox, including related interest rate swap liabilities, of approximately \$281.3 million.

On December 1, 2009, Windstream acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Lexcom for approximately \$138.7 million in cash, net of cash acquired. As of the date of acquisition, Lexcom served approximately 22,000 access lines, 9,000 high-speed Internet customers and 12,000 cable television customers in North Carolina. This acquisition increased Windstream's presence in North Carolina and provided opportunities for approximately \$5.0 million in operating synergies with contiguous Windstream markets.

On November 10, 2009, we completed a merger with D&E, which as of the date of acquisition served approximately 110,000 incumbent local exchange carrier access lines, 35,000 competitive local exchange carrier access lines, 45,000 high-speed Internet customers and 9,000 cable television customers. This acquisition increased Windstream's presence in Pennsylvania and provided opportunities for approximately \$25.0 million in annual expense and capital synergies with contiguous Windstream markets. Pursuant to the merger agreement, Windstream acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of D&E common stock for \$56.6 million, net of cash acquired, and issued 9.4 million shares of Windstream common stock valued at \$94.6 million on the date of issuance. Windstream also repaid outstanding indebtedness of D&E totaling \$182.4 million.

Disposition

On August 21, 2009, Windstream completed the sale of its out-of-territory product distribution operations to Walker and Associates of North Carolina, Inc. (Walker) for approximately \$5.3 million in total consideration. The out-of-territory product distribution operations primarily consisted of product inventory with a carrying value of \$4.9 million and customer relationships outside of Windstream's telecommunications operating territories. These operations were

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not central to the Company's strategic goals in its core communications business. Product revenues from these operations totaled \$17.6 million and \$30.4 million during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively, with related cost of products sold of \$15.4 million and \$26.7 million for the same periods in 2009.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table summarizes the Company's operating results as of June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues and sales:				
Service revenues:				
Consumer	\$ 340.3	\$ 328.6	\$ 673.8	\$ 662.2
Business	402.9	247.8	741.6	493.3
Wholesale	154.8	138.1	311.0	279.8
Total service revenues	898.0	714.5	1,726.4	1,435.3
Product sales	19.3	38.4	38.8	72.6
Total revenues and sales	917.3	752.9	1,765.2	1,507.9
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of services (exclusive of depreciation and amortization included below)	330.4	249.7	625.2	500.9
Cost of products sold	17.9	33.6	34.2	63.9
Selling, general, administrative and other	129.8	90.4	241.2	179.4
Depreciation and amortization	167.7	133.3	323.1	265.3
Restructuring charges	0.5	0.1	0.5	
Merger and integration costs	16.8	1.4	40.0	1.4
Total costs and expenses	663.1	508.5	1,264.2	1,010.9
Operating income	254.2	244.4	501.0	497.0
Other income, net	(0.9)	0.6	(1.2)	1.4
Interest expense	(123.6)	(97.8)	(246.6)	(197.5)
Income before income taxes	129.7	147.2	253.2	300.9
Income taxes	50.7	56.4	100.1	121.9
Net income	\$ 79.0	\$ 90.8	\$ 153.1	\$ 179.0
Basic and diluted earnings per share				
Net income	\$.17	\$.21	\$.33	\$.41
(Thousands)				
Voice lines in service:				
Consumer	2,093.8	1,893.7		
Business	990.4	895.2		
Wholesale (a)	14.3	18.5		
Total voice lines in service	3,098.5	2,807.4		
Data and integrated solutions:				
High-speed Internet	1,274.8	1,024.6		

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Advanced data and integrated solutions (b)	145.3	39.6
Total data and integrated solutions	1,420.1	1,064.2
Special access circuits	87.4	78.1
Access lines (c)	3,331.2	2,925.1
Digital satellite television customers	420.1	334.8

(a) Wholesale units include unbundled network elements and pay stations.

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(b) Advanced data and integrated solutions consists of private line, virtual LAN and virtual private network services as well as services that offer integrated data and voice solutions.

(c) Access lines include voice lines, advanced data and integrated solutions and special access circuits.

Consumer Service Revenues

Consumer service revenues are generated from the provision of high-speed Internet, voice and video services to residential customers. Consumer revenues are expected to continue to be impacted by unfavorable voice line trends attributable to competition from cable television providers, wireless communications providers and voice service providers using other emerging technologies. For the twelve months ended June 30, 2010, consumer voice lines increased by approximately 200,000 or 10.6 percent. Excluding the impact of acquired businesses, consumer voice lines declined by approximately 59,000 or 3.1 percent.

Increasing demand for high-speed Internet service, together with continued migration to higher speeds and demand for ancillary data services, are expected to continue to offset some of the consumer revenue declines from the unfavorable voice line trends noted above. For the twelve months ended June 30, 2010, consumer high-speed Internet customers increased by approximately 227,000, or 24.8 percent. Excluding the impact of acquired businesses, consumer high-speed Internet customers increased by approximately 98,000, or 10.6 percent. As of June 30, 2010, we provided high-speed Internet service to approximately 58 percent of primary residential lines in service. As of June 30, 2010, approximately 75 percent of our primary residential voice lines had access to high-speed Internet offerings of other service providers, primarily cable service providers. We do not expect significant additional cable expansions into our service areas during 2010, but we could experience some increased competition from high-speed Internet offerings of wireless competitors. We expect the pace of high-speed Internet customer growth to slow as the number of households without high-speed Internet service continues to shrink.

To combat competitive pressures in our markets, we continue to emphasize our bundle service strategy and enhance our network to offer faster Internet speeds. Service bundles provide discounts and other incentives for customers to bundle their voice line, long distance plans, high-speed Internet and video services. These service bundles, including our latest bundles that carry a price-for-life guarantee, have positively impacted our operating trends. We will continue to focus our sales and marketing efforts on promotion of price-for-life and other bundle service offerings, which we believe will allow us to compete effectively for new customers and reduce customer churn.

The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in consumer service revenues:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 25.9		\$ 42.4	
Due to increases in high-speed Internet revenues (a)	8.1		14.4	
Due to decreases in miscellaneous revenues (b)	(1.9)		(3.8)	
Due to decreases in voice and long distance revenues (c)	(20.4)		(41.4)	
Total consumer revenues	\$ 11.7	4%	\$ 11.6	2%

(a) Increases in high-speed Internet revenues are primarily due to the increase in high-speed Internet customers, previously discussed.

(b) Decreases in miscellaneous revenues were attributable to declines in service fees associated with the decline in voice lines.

(c) Decreases in voice service revenues were primarily attributable to declines in voice lines and to the impact of discounts on voice features included in the Company's bundle offerings. Partially offsetting these declines were increases in long distance revenues associated with the continued migration of customers from one-plus calling to unlimited and packaged minute long distance calling plans.

Business Service Revenues

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Business service revenues are generated through the provision of data services and integrated solutions as well as voice services to business customers. For the twelve months ended June 30, 2010, advanced data and integrated solution connections increased by approximately 106,000. Excluding the impact of acquired businesses, these connections decreased by approximately 1,000 or 2.9 percent primarily due to the impact of customer migration from mature data

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services, which required multiples connections, to our complex data services capable of delivering greater functionality over a single connection. We experience competition in the business channel from cable, wireless, and other incumbent and competitive local telecommunication service providers. To meet competitive demands, we are continuing to deploy complex data services into our markets and, in the first quarter of 2010, we reorganized our service and delivery teams to better align our activities with the needs of our business customers. We expect revenues in the business channel to be favorably impacted by increasing demand for data and integrated data and voice services, and through the expansion of our competitive local exchange carrier services into targeted markets located contiguously with existing Windstream operations. However, continued weakness in the overall economic environment may have the effect of suppressing near term growth in these revenues.

For the twelve months ended June 30, 2010, business voice lines increased by approximately 95,000. Excluding the impact of acquired businesses, business voice lines decreased by approximately 43,000, or 4.8 percent. We believe that weakness in the overall economy has had an unfavorable impact on our business voice lines. In addition, voice lines have been unfavorably impacted by customer migration to integrated communications solutions capable of delivering both voice and data services.

The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in business service revenues:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 157.7		\$ 252.7	
Due to increases in special access revenues (a)	1.8		5.1	
Due to increases in high-speed Internet revenues (b)	1.6		3.4	
Due to increases in data revenues (c)	1.4		2.2	
Due to decreases in voice and long distance revenues (d)	(7.4)		(15.1)	
Total business revenues	\$ 155.1	63%	\$ 248.3	50%

(a) Increases in special access revenues, which primarily represent monthly flat-rate charges for dedicated circuits, were attributable to strong demand from wireless carriers.

(b) Increases in high-speed Internet revenues are primarily due to increases in high-speed Internet customers.

(c) Increases in data revenues are primarily due to demand for complex data services.

(d) Decreases in voice and long distance service revenues were primarily attributable to the decline in voice lines.

Wholesale Service Revenues

Wholesale service revenues include voice and data services sold on a wholesale basis to other carriers and usage sensitive charges to long distance companies and other local exchange carriers for access to the Company's network in connection with the completion of interstate and intrastate long distance calls, as well as reciprocal compensation received from wireless and other local connecting carriers for the use of our facilities. Universal service fund (USF) revenues and other surcharges which subsidize the cost of providing wireline services are also included in wholesale service revenues. Revenues from these sources are expected to decline due to unfavorable trends in consumer, business and wholesale voice lines.

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The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in wholesale service revenues:

(Millions)	Three Months		Six Months Ended	
	Ended June 30, 2010		June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 22.9		\$ 39.7	
Due to increases in federal USF revenues (a)	2.8		6.1	
Due to increases in state USF revenues (b)	2.7		2.6	
Due to decreases in voice and miscellaneous revenues (c)	(1.4)		(2.0)	
Due to decreases in switched access revenues (d)	(10.3)		(15.2)	
Total wholesale revenues	\$ 16.7	12%	\$ 31.2	11%

(a) Increases in federal USF revenues are primarily due to an increase in the USF contribution factor from 11.3 percent to 15.3 percent for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively. This increase resulted in a proportionate increase in federal USF expense included in cost of services below.

(b) Increases in state USF revenues are primarily due to an increase in costs recoverable under the program.

(c) Decreases in wholesale voice and miscellaneous revenues are primarily due to the decline in payphone and UNE voice lines.

(d) Decreases in switched access revenues are primarily due to continued declines in voice lines and the Company's phased reduction of interstate access rates from its current average rate per minute of \$0.0091 to achieve an ultimate rate of \$0.0065 per minute by 2012. Additional declines in switched access revenues are due to a network efficiency project which maximizes the use of the Company's own network for transporting long distance traffic in order to decrease our interconnection expense.

Product Sales

Product sales primarily consist of sales of data and communications equipment to business and governmental customers. In addition, we offer high-speed Internet modems, computers and other equipment to our residential consumers. The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in product sales revenues:

(Millions)	Three Months		Six Months Ended	
	Ended June 30, 2010		June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 1.8		\$ 2.1	
Due to disposal of the out-of-territory product distribution operations	(17.6)		(30.4)	
Due to changes in consumer product sales	(0.3)		0.9	
Due to decreases in contractor sales	(0.5)		(2.2)	
Due to decreases in business product sales (a)	(2.5)		(4.2)	
Total product sales	\$ (19.1)	(50)%	\$ (33.8)	(47)%

(a) Decreases in business product sales are primarily due to lower demand for these products, which we believe was attributable to the postponement of purchasing decisions by some businesses as a result of continued weakness in the overall economic environment.

Cost of Services

Cost of services primarily consist of network operations costs, including salaries and wages, employee benefits, materials, contract services and information technology costs to support the network. Cost of services also include interconnection expense (costs incurred by the Company to access the public switched network and to transport traffic to the Internet), bad debt expense and business taxes. Interconnection expenses in operations acquired from NuVox include charges from the incumbent local exchange provider to lease network components required for service delivery. As a result, we expect interconnection expenses in these operations to be higher as a percentage of revenues than these

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same costs incurred in Windstream's legacy markets. The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in cost of services:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 97.4		\$ 157.2	
Due to increases in federal USF expenses (a)	2.8		6.1	
Due to decreases in pension expense (b)	(6.8)		(13.6)	
Due to decreases in interconnection expense (c)	(12.0)		(15.6)	
Due to decreases in storm-related expenses (d)			(6.0)	
Due to decreases in business taxes and other (e)	(0.7)		(3.8)	
Total cost of services	\$ 80.7	32%	\$ 124.3	25%

- (a) Increases in federal USF contributions are primarily due to an increase in the USF contribution factors from 11.3 percent to 15.3 percent for the quarters ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively. This increase resulted in a proportionate increase in federal USF revenues.
- (b) Decreases in pension expense are attributable to lower pension amortization in 2010 as a result of the \$152.0 million, or 23.2 percent, return generated on pension plan assets during 2009.
- (c) Decreases in interconnection expenses are due to the favorable impact of network efficiency projects, the impact of voice line losses and rate reductions. Partially offsetting these decreases were increases associated with purchases of higher capacity circuits to service the growth in data customers.
- (d) Decreases in storm-related expenses were associated with the Company's efforts to repair network facilities damaged by severe ice storms primarily in our Kentucky service areas during the first quarter of 2009.
- (e) Decreases in business taxes and other were primarily attributable to lower assessments for property taxes.

Cost of Products Sold

Cost of products sold represent the cost of equipment sold to business and residential customers. The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in cost of products sold:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 1.4		\$ 1.8	
Due to disposal of the out-of-territory product distribution operations	(15.4)		(26.7)	
Due to changes in costs of contractor sales	0.4		(0.4)	
Due to decreases in residential costs of product sold	(0.6)		(1.8)	
Due to decreases in equipment sales to business customers	(1.5)		(2.6)	
Total cost of products sold	\$ (15.7)	(47)%	\$ (29.7)	(46)%

Table of Contents**Selling, General, Administrative and Other Expenses (SG&A)**

SG&A expenses result from sales and marketing efforts, advertising, information technology support systems, costs associated with corporate and other support functions, and professional fees. These expenses also include salaries and wages and employee benefits not directly associated with the provision of services. The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in SG&A expenses:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to acquired businesses	\$ 39.2		\$ 62.6	
Due to advertising expense and other (a)	1.6		1.6	
Due to decreases in pension expense (b)	(1.4)		(2.4)	
Total selling, general, administrative and other expenses	\$ 39.4	44%	\$ 61.8	34%

(a) Increases in advertising expense during 2010 are primarily due to increased spending to support sales of our price-for-life bundles.

(b) Decreases in pension expense are attributable to lower pension amortization in 2010 as a result of the \$152.0 million, or 23.2 percent, return generated on pension plan assets during 2009.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense primarily includes the depreciation of the Company's plant assets and the amortization of its definite-lived intangible assets. The following table reflects the primary drivers of year-over-year changes in depreciation and amortization expense:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	
	Increase (Decrease)	%	Increase (Decrease)	%
Due to depreciation of acquired businesses plant assets	\$ 20.0		\$ 33.3	
Due to amortization of intangible assets acquired in the purchase of acquired businesses	18.9		29.5	
Due to decreases in amortization expense	(1.8)		(3.5)	
Due to decreases in depreciation expense	(2.7)		(1.5)	
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 34.4	26%	\$ 57.8	22%

Restructuring and Merger and Integration Costs

We continually evaluate our operating structure to identify opportunities for increased operational efficiency and effectiveness. Among other things, this involves evaluating opportunities for task automation, network efficiency and the balancing of our workforce based on the current needs of our customers. Restructuring charges, consisting primarily of severance and employee benefit costs, are sometimes triggered as a result of these efforts. These costs should not necessarily be viewed as non-recurring. In addition, restructuring charges are reviewed regularly by the Company's decision makers and are included as a component of compensation targets.

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Merger and integration costs are unpredictable by nature and include costs incurred during strategic transactions such as transaction costs, rebranding costs and system conversion costs. Set forth below is a summary of merger and integration costs for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Merger and integration costs				
Transaction costs associated with acquisitions (a)	\$ 7.6	\$ 1.4	\$ 21.2	\$ 1.4
Employee related transition costs (b)	6.9		16.0	
Computer system and conversion costs	1.2		1.6	
Signage and other rebranding costs	1.1		1.2	
Total merger and integration costs	16.8	1.4	40.0	1.4
Restructuring charges (c)	0.5	0.1	0.5	
Total merger, integration and restructuring charges	\$ 17.3	\$ 1.5	\$ 40.5	\$ 1.4

- (a) During the first half of 2010, the Company incurred acquisition related costs for accounting, legal, broker fees and other miscellaneous costs associated with the acquisitions of Iowa Telecom, NuVox, Lexcom and D&E. These costs are considered indirect or general and are expensed when incurred in accordance with authoritative guidance on business combinations. In the first half of 2009, the Company incurred \$1.4 million in acquisition costs associated with the acquisition of D&E.
- (b) During the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company incurred \$16.0 million in employee transition costs, primarily severance related, in conjunction with the integration of D&E, Lexcom, NuVox and Iowa Telecom.
- (c) During the second quarter of 2010, the Company recorded \$0.5 million in severance charges in conjunction with restructuring of its warehouse and assignment operations.

Summary of Liability Activity Related to Both Merger and Integration Costs and Restructuring Charges

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had unpaid merger, integration and restructuring liabilities totaling \$5.8 million, which included \$4.2 million of accrued severance and related employee costs primarily associated with the integration of acquired businesses. This liability is included in other current liabilities in the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated balance sheet. The severance and related employee costs will be paid during 2010 as positions are eliminated. Each of these payments will be funded through operating cash flows.

Operating Income

Operating income increased \$9.8 million and \$4.0 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to the same periods of 2009, primarily due to operating income generated from acquired businesses of \$33.9 million and \$52.3 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010. These increases were partially offset by revenue declines attributable to voice line losses and increases in merger and integration costs of \$15.4 million and \$38.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2009.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net was comprised of the following for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

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(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Mark-to-market of interest rate swap agreement	(0.4)	2.4	(0.9)	2.4
Interest income on cash and cash equivalents	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.0
Interest expense on undesignated swaps	(1.2)	(1.2)	(2.5)	(2.1)
Other, net	0.5	(1.0)	1.8	0.1
Other income (expense), net	\$ (0.9)	\$ 0.6	\$ (1.2)	\$ 1.4

Other income (expense), net decreased \$1.5 million and \$2.6 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2009. These decreases were primarily attributable to changes in the non-cash, mark-to-market adjustment of the undesignated portion of the Company's interest rate swaps.

Table of Contents**Interest Expense**

Interest expense was as follows for the three and six month periods ended June 30:

(Millions)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Senior secured credit facility, Tranche A	\$ 1.6	\$ 1.4	\$ 3.3	\$ 3.8
Senior secured credit facility, Tranche B, net of interest rate swaps	24.3	22.3	48.5	45.2
Senior secured credit facility, revolving line of credit	1.7	0.8	2.8	2.0
Senior unsecured notes	86.6	63.9	173.3	127.7
Notes issued by subsidiaries	9.7	9.8	19.3	19.6
Other interest expense	0.1		0.2	0.1
Less capitalized interest expense	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.8)	(0.9)
Total interest expense	\$ 123.6	\$ 97.8	\$ 246.6	\$ 197.5

Interest expense increased \$25.8 million, or 26.4 percent, and \$49.1 million, or 24.9 percent, in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2009. These increases were primarily attributable to interest incurred on the \$1,100.0 million in senior unsecured notes issued during the fourth quarter of 2009. The weighted-average interest rate paid on the Company's long-term debt during the six months ended June 30, 2010 was 7.8 percent, as compared to 7.4 percent for the same period of 2009.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense decreased \$5.7 million, or 10.1 percent, and decreased \$21.8 million, or 17.9 percent, in the three and six month periods ending June 30, 2010, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2009. The decreases in income tax expense are due to a decline in income before taxes and unfavorable discrete items during 2009 that increased 2009 income tax expense, but have no impact to 2010. The Company's effective tax rate increased to 39.1 percent and decreased to 39.5 percent in the three and six month periods ending June 30, 2010 as compared to 38.3 percent and 40.5 percent in the corresponding periods of 2009.

Provisions associated with the enactment of the Patient Protection and Affordability Care Act on March 23, 2010 and the Health Care and Education Affordability Reconciliation Act of 2010 on March 30, 2010 eliminated the tax deduction related to Medicare Part D subsidies projected to be received in connection with post-employment benefits. The impact of these changes did not have a material impact on Windstream's tax expense or effective tax rate.

For 2010, the Company's annualized effective income tax rate is expected to range between 38.0 and 39.0 percent, excluding one-time discrete items. Changes in the relative profitability of the Company, as well as recent and proposed changes to federal and state tax laws may cause the rate to change from historical rates. In determining its quarterly provision for income taxes, the Company uses an estimated annual effective tax rate, which is based on its expected annual income, statutory rates and tax planning opportunities. Significant or unusual items are separately recognized in the quarter in which they occur.

Regulatory Matters

Our incumbent local exchange carrier subsidiaries (collectively the ILECs) are regulated by both federal and state agencies. Interstate products and services and the related earnings are subject to federal regulation by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and our local and intrastate products and services and the related earnings are subject to regulation by state Public Service Commissions (PSCs). The FCC has principal jurisdiction over interstate switched and special access rates and high-speed Internet service offerings and regulates the rates that ILECs may charge for the use of their local networks in originating or terminating interstate and international transmissions. State PSCs have principal jurisdiction over matters including local service rates, intrastate access rates, quality of service, the disposition of public utility property, and the issuance of securities or debt by the local operating companies. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2010.

Federal Regulation and Legislation

On February 17, 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) was signed into law. Among other things, the ARRA allocated approximately \$7.2 billion for the expansion of broadband services to unserved and underserved areas. The Company filed numerous

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applications with the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) for approximately \$264.0 million in grants on projects with a total estimated cost of \$354.0 million to expand broadband availability and offer faster high-speed Internet service to more than half a million homes and businesses in its service area. For any projects approved and funded by the RUS, the Company will be required to provide 25 percent of the total project cost. RUS is expected to notify applicants no later than September 30, 2010 as to whether their applications were approved.

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On March 16, 2010, the FCC released the National Broadband Plan (NBP). Implementation of the NBP will entail many rulemakings, since the NBP itself is not self-effectuating. The FCC issued a Broadband Action Agenda (the Agenda) and has initiated multiple rulemaking proceedings proposed in the Agenda. Among other issues, the Agenda proposes action on universal service, intercarrier compensation, special access, wholesale competition policy, pole attachment rate regulation, and safeguards intended to protect against cyber attacks and ensure the nation's communications infrastructure is robust. The Company cannot predict the timing and substance of the ultimate outcome of these action items or the impact on our revenues and expenses.

The following table reflects the minute-driven components of Windstream's inter-carrier compensation revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2010:

	Originating Traffic		Terminating Traffic	
	Minutes	Rate	Minutes	Rate
	(Thousands)		(Thousands)	
Interstate switched access	1,617,690	\$ 0.0070	1,505,191	\$ 0.0060
Intrastate switched access	1,103,646	\$ 0.0340	1,196,005	\$ 0.0430
Local interconnection			2,219,548	\$ 0.0100

In addition, inter-carrier and reciprocal compensation expense totaled \$23.0 million and \$53.9 million for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010.

Windstream has been and will remain actively engaged in proceedings that address reforms contemplated by the NBP. In particular, Windstream has filed proposals for intercarrier compensation and universal service reform with the FCC. Windstream continues to support reform that provides adequate and targeted universal service support as well as intercarrier compensation reform that provides adequate transitions and a reasonable opportunity to recover revenue reductions.

On June 17, 2010, the FCC launched a proceeding to consider proposals that would reclassify broadband transmission service as a telecommunications service subject to Title II common carrier regulation, either entirely or at least in part. This reclassification of broadband transmission service could lead to more burdensome regulation of broadband Internet access, and it could place Windstream at a competitive disadvantage relative to its wireless competitors if those competitors were subject to materially different regulation.

State Regulation

Most states in which our ILEC subsidiaries operate provide alternatives to rate-of-return regulation for local and intrastate services. We have elected alternative regulation for our ILEC subsidiaries in all states except New York. We continue to evaluate alternative regulation options in New York where our ILEC subsidiary remains subject to rate-of-return regulation.

During the second quarter of 2010, access reform bills in Georgia and Missouri were signed into law, which will decrease intrastate access rates in these states to parity with interstate rates over a three to five year period. However, these bills allow Windstream to increase local rates to recover the revenue reductions resulting from the rate decreases and are not expected to have a material impact on Windstream's revenues.

State USF and Texas Large Company High Cost Program Settlement

We recognize revenue from state universal service funds in a limited number of states in which we operate. In the second quarter of 2010, Windstream received \$34.3 million in state universal service support, which included approximately \$24.6 million from the Texas USF. These payments are intended to provide additional support, beyond the federal universal service receipts, for the high cost of operating in rural markets.

Table of Contents**FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

Cash flows from operations provide us with our primary source of liquidity. We expect that cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund our ongoing operating requirements, capital expenditures, scheduled principal and interest payments and dividends on our common stock during 2010. Any temporary cash needs will be funded through borrowings available under our revolving line of credit.

The Company's board of directors has adopted a current dividend practice for the payment of quarterly cash dividends at a rate of \$0.25 per share of the Company's common stock. This practice can be changed at any time at the discretion of the board of directors and is subject to the Company's restricted payment capacity, which was \$878.1 million as of June 30, 2010, as determined in accordance with our debt covenants. We build additional capacity through cash flows generated from operations while dividends, share repurchases and certain restricted investments reduce the available restricted payments capacity.

The following table summarizes our cash flow activities for the six month period ended June 30:

(Millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009
Cash flows from (used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 458.6	\$ 499.2
Investing activities	(608.3)	(139.2)
Financing activities	(859.7)	(411.2)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (1,009.4)	\$ (51.2)

Operating Cash Flows

Cash from operating activities primarily represents the amount of cash generated by the ongoing operations of our business after the payment of operating obligations, including our pension obligation. The Company does not expect to make any contributions in 2010. However, the Company expects to be required to make a contribution to the qualified pension plan in 2011, which will be funded by cash flows from operations. The amount and timing of future contributions, including expected contributions in 2011, are subject to change based on various factors including future investment performance, changes in future discount rates and changes in demographics of the population participating in the Company's qualified pension plan.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, cash flows from operations decreased by \$40.6 million, as compared to the same period in 2009. This decrease was primarily attributable to the \$38.6 million increase in merger and integration costs incurred during 2010 in conjunction with efforts to integrate acquired businesses.

Investing Cash Flows

Cash used in investing activities primarily include investments in our telecommunications network to upgrade and expand our service offerings, as well as spending on strategic initiatives such as the acquisition of complementary businesses. Following the completion of our Iowa Telecom acquisition, we have revised our 2010 capital expenditures forecast to a range of \$380.0 million to \$400.0 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2010, cash flows used in investing activities increased by \$469.1 million as compared to the same period in 2009. This increase was primarily due to the \$198.4 million and \$253.6 million of cash used to complete the acquisitions of NuVox and Iowa Telecom, respectively. As previously discussed, we expect to generate significant operating synergies through the combination of these businesses with existing Windstream operations.

Capital expenditure spending increased approximately \$20.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. This increase was primarily attributable to additional spending on the networks of acquired businesses.

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Financing Cash Flows

Cash used in financing activities primarily include the payment of our quarterly dividend, principal payments on our outstanding debt, including debt assumed from acquired businesses, and the purchase of Windstream common stock in accordance with the February 8, 2008 share repurchase program approved by the board of directors. The share repurchase program expired on December 31, 2009.

Cash used in financing activities increased by \$448.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to the same period in 2009. This increase was primarily due to the repayment of \$281.3 million and \$628.9 million in debt and related swap agreements assumed from NuVox and Iowa Telecom, respectively. Partially offsetting these increases, were decreases of \$32.8 million in share repurchases due to the expiration of our share repurchase program on December 31, 2009, and approximately \$300.0 million in proceeds from the net borrowing activity against our revolving line of credit during the second quarter of 2010. Borrowings against our line of credit, together with cash on hand, were used to pay the cash portion of the Iowa Telecom and NuVox purchase prices and to repay the outstanding debt of these businesses.

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had \$6,592.1 million in long-term debt outstanding, including current maturities. On July 19, 2010, we completed the private placement of \$400 million in aggregate principal amount of 8.125 percent senior notes due September 1, 2018. The proceeds of this issuance were used to repay amounts outstanding under our revolving line of credit and for general corporate purposes.

After giving effect to the private placement and repayment of the \$300.0 million outstanding under the Company's revolving line of credit, Windstream will have approximately \$6,692.1 million in long term debt outstanding, including current maturities. This debt is primarily comprised of approximately \$2,441.5 million secured primarily under the Company's senior secured credit facilities and approximately \$4,550.6 million in unsecured senior notes. Scheduled principal payments on our debt following the private placement are \$16.9 million for the remainder of 2010. Scheduled maturities for each of the fiscal years ending December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and thereafter are \$139.4 million, \$50.4 million, \$1,242.6 million, \$10.8 million, \$1,421.4 million and \$3,810.6 million, respectively. We expect that cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund scheduled principal and interest payments through fiscal 2012. We would anticipate refinancing the majority of the principal amounts maturing in fiscal 2013 as we do not expect that cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund the scheduled maturities. See also our discussion of Windstream's substantial debt could adversely affect our cash flow and impair our ability to raise additional capital on favorable terms within Risk Factors in Item 1A of Part I in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2010. See Note 5 for scheduled debt maturities as of June 30, 2010, prior to the private placement.

The terms of the senior secured credit facilities and indentures include customary covenants that, among other things, require us to maintain certain financial ratios, restrict our ability to incur additional indebtedness and limit our cash payments. These financial ratios include a maximum leverage ratio of 4.5 to 1.0 and a minimum interest coverage ratio of 2.75 to 1.0. In addition to the restrictions on dividend and certain other types of payments previously discussed, these covenants also place restrictions on our capital expenditures capacity. For 2010, we have capital expenditure capacity of \$686.4 million, which includes \$169.6 million of unused capacity from 2009 and \$66.8 million in additional capacity attributable to the adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization of D&E, Lexcom, NuVox and Iowa Telecom.

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The financial ratios required by the Company's senior secured credit facilities and indentures include certain financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (non-GAAP financial measures). These non-GAAP financial measures are presented below for the sole purpose of demonstrating the Company's compliance with its debt covenants:

(Millions, except ratios)	June 30, 2010
Gross Leverage ratio:	
Total debt	\$ 6,592.1
Operating income, last twelve months	\$ 960.9
Depreciation and amortization, last twelve months	595.6
Other non-cash and non-recurring expense adjustments required by the credit facilities and indentures (a)	339.3
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,895.8
Leverage ratio (b)	3.48
Maximum gross leverage ratio allowed	4.50
Interest coverage ratio:	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,895.8
Interest expense, last twelve months	\$ 459.3
Adjustments required by the credit facilities and indentures (c)	90.9
Adjusted interest expense	\$ 550.2
Interest coverage ratio (d)	3.45
Minimum interest coverage ratio allowed	2.75

(a) Adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (Adjusted EBITDA), adjusts EBITDA primarily to include the preacquisition operating income before depreciation and amortization, pension and stock-based compensation expense and non-recurring merger, integration and restructuring charges of D&E, Lexcom, NuVox and Iowa Telecom.

(b) The gross leverage ratio is computed by dividing total debt by adjusted EBITDA.

(c) Adjustments required by the credit facility and indentures primarily represent pro forma interest on the \$1,100.0 million in debt issued in the fourth quarter of 2009. In addition, adjustments are required for capitalized interest and amortization of the discount on long-term debt, net of premiums.

(d) The interest coverage ratio is computed by dividing adjusted EBITDA by adjusted interest expense. In addition, certain of the Company's debt agreements contain various covenants and restrictions specific to the subsidiary that is the legal counterparty to the agreement. Under the Company's long-term debt agreements, acceleration of principal payments would occur upon payment default, violation of debt covenants not cured within 30 days, a change in control including a person or group obtaining 50 percent or more of Windstream's outstanding voting stock, or breach of certain other conditions set forth in the borrowing agreements. At June 30, 2010, the Company was in compliance with all such covenants and restrictions.

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As of June 30, 2010, Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P) and Fitch Ratings (Fitch) had granted Windstream the following senior secured and senior unsecured credit ratings:

Description	Moody's	S&P	Fitch
Senior secured credit rating	Baa3	BB+	BBB-
Senior unsecured credit rating	Ba3	B+	BB+
Corporate credit rating	Ba2	BB-	BB+
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Stable

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Factors that could affect Windstream's short and long-term credit ratings would include, but are not limited to, a material decline in the Company's operating results, increased debt levels relative to operating cash flows resulting from future acquisitions, increased capital expenditure requirements, or changes to our dividend policy. If Windstream's credit ratings were to be downgraded, the Company may incur higher interest costs on future borrowings, and the Company's access to the public capital markets could be adversely affected. The Company's exposure to interest risk is further discussed in the Market Risk section below. A downgrade in Windstream's current short or long-term credit ratings would not accelerate scheduled principal payments of Windstream's existing long-term debt.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not use securitization of trade receivables, affiliation with special purpose entities, variable interest entities or synthetic leases to finance our operations. Additionally, we have not entered into any arrangement requiring us to guarantee payment of third party debt or to fund losses of an unconsolidated special purpose entity in the future.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

As discussed in Note 14, on July 19, 2010, Windstream completed the private placement of \$400.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 8.125 percent senior unsecured notes due September 1, 2018. Proceeds from the private placement totaled \$390.0 million, excluding debt issuance costs, and were used to repay amounts outstanding under the revolving credit and for general corporate purposes. Otherwise, there have been no significant changes in the Company's contractual obligations and commitments since December 31, 2009 as set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Critical Accounting Policies

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company identified the critical accounting policies which affect its more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparing its consolidated financial statements. These critical accounting policies include recognizing revenue, evaluating the collectability of trade receivables, accounting for pension and other postretirement benefits, calculating depreciation and amortization expense, determining the fair values of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, determining the fair values of derivative instruments, and accounting for current and deferred income taxes and related tax contingencies.

There were no material changes to the Company's critical accounting policies during the six month period ended June 30, 2010.

Recently Issued Authoritative Guidance

The following authoritative guidance will be adopted by the Company in the reporting period indicated. This authoritative guidance, together with the Company's evaluation of the related impact to the consolidated financial statements, is more fully described in Note 2.

Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Element Deliverables (first quarter of 2011)

Fair Value Measurements (first quarter of 2011)

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Forward-Looking Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations includes, and future filings on Form 10-K, Form 10-Q and Form 8-K and future oral and written statements by Windstream and our management may include, certain forward-looking statements. Windstream claims the protection of the safe-harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 for this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about expected rates of loss of voice lines or intercarrier compensation, expected increases in high-speed Internet and business data connections, our expected ability to fund operations, capital expenditures and certain debt maturities from cash flows from operations and expected synergies and other benefits from completed and pending acquisitions. These and other forward-looking statements are based on estimates, projections, beliefs, and assumptions that Windstream believes are reasonable but are not guarantees of future events and results. Actual future events and results of Windstream may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of important factors.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in our forward looking statements include, among others:

further adverse changes in economic conditions in the markets served by Windstream;

the extent, timing and overall effects of competition in the communications business;

continued voice line loss;

the impact of new, emerging or competing technologies;

the adoption of inter-carrier compensation and/or universal service reform proposals by the Federal Communications Commission or Congress that results in a significant loss of revenue to Windstream;

the risks associated with the integration of acquired businesses or the ability to realize anticipated synergies, cost savings and growth opportunities;

for our competitive local exchange carrier (CLEC) operations, adverse effects on the availability, quality of service and price of facilities and services provided by other incumbent local exchange carriers on which our CLEC services depend;

the availability and cost of financing in the corporate debt markets;

the potential for adverse changes in the ratings given to Windstream's debt securities by nationally accredited ratings organizations;

the effects of federal and state legislation, and rules and regulations governing the communications industry;

material changes in the communications industry that could adversely affect vendor relationships with equipment and network suppliers and customer relationships with wholesale customers;

unfavorable results of litigation;

unfavorable rulings by state public service commissions in proceedings regarding universal service funds, inter-carrier compensation or other matters that could reduce revenues or increase expenses;

the effects of work stoppages;

the impact of equipment failure, natural disasters or terrorist acts;

earnings on pension plan investments significantly below our expected long term rate of return for plan assets;

and those additional factors under the caption "Risk Factors" in Item 1A.

In addition to these factors, actual future performance, outcomes and results may differ materially because of more general factors including, among others, general industry and market conditions and growth rates, economic conditions, and governmental and public policy changes.

Windstream undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The foregoing review of factors that could cause Windstream's actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in the forward-looking statements should be considered in connection with information regarding risks and uncertainties that may affect Windstream's future results included in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in other filings by Windstream with the Securities and Exchange Commission at www.sec.gov.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

MARKET RISK

The Company's market risks at June 30, 2010 are similar to the market risks discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2010. Market risk is comprised of three elements: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity risk. As further discussed below, the Company is exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates. The Company does not directly own significant marketable equity securities other than highly liquid cash equivalents, nor does it operate in foreign countries. However, the Company's pension plan invests in marketable equity securities, including marketable debt and equity securities denominated in foreign currencies.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk through changes in interest rates, primarily as it relates to the variable interest rates it is charged under its senior secured credit facilities. Under its current policy, the Company enters into interest rate swap agreements to obtain a targeted mixture of variable and fixed rate debt such that the portion of debt subject to variable rates does not exceed 25 percent of Windstream's total debt outstanding. The Company has established policies and procedures for risk assessment and the approval, reporting, and monitoring of interest rate swap activity. Windstream does not enter into interest rate swap agreements, or other derivative financial instruments, for trading or speculative purposes. Management periodically reviews Windstream's exposure to interest rate fluctuations and implements strategies to manage the exposure.

Due to the interest rate risk inherent in its variable rate senior secured credit facilities, the Company entered into four pay fixed, receive variable interest rate swap agreements on notional amounts totaling \$1,600.0 million at July 17, 2006 to convert variable interest rate payments to fixed. The counterparty for each of the swap agreements is a bank with a current credit rating at or above A+. The four interest rate swap agreements amortize quarterly to a notional value of \$906.3 million at maturity on July 17, 2013, and have an unamortized notional value of \$1,131.2 million as of June 30, 2010. The variable rate received by Windstream on these swaps is the three-month LIBOR (London-Interbank Offered Rate), which was 0.30 percent at June 30, 2010. The weighted-average fixed rate paid by Windstream is 5.60 percent. The interest rate swap agreements are designated as cash flow hedges of the interest rate risk created by the variable interest rate paid on the senior secured credit facility.

After the completion of a refinancing transaction in February 2007, a portion of one of the four interest rate swap agreements with a notional value of \$125.0 million was de-designated and is no longer considered an effective hedge as the portion of the Company's senior secured credit facility that it was designated to hedge against was repaid. Changes in the market value of this portion of the swap, which has an unamortized notional value of \$92.7 million as of June 30, 2010, are recognized in net income. Changes in the market value of the designated portion of the swaps are recognized in other comprehensive income.

As of June 30, 2010, amounts outstanding under the Company's variable rate senior secured credit facilities exceed the unamortized notional value of the four interest rate swap agreements by \$603.0 million, or approximately 9.2 percent of its total outstanding long-term debt. As a result, a hypothetical increase of 100 basis points in variable interest rates would reduce annual pre-tax earnings by approximately \$6.0 million. Actual results may differ from this estimate.

Equity Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk through the Company's pension plan investments. The fair market value of these investments, totaling \$741.8 million at June 30, 2010, decreased 5.4 percent from \$784.0 million at December 31, 2009, due to a decline in the value of plan assets of \$9.2 million, or 1.2 percent, and \$33.0 million in routine benefit payments and administrative expenses.

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WINDSTREAM CORPORATION

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The term disclosure controls and procedures (defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) refers to the controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within required time periods. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including the company's principal executive and financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Windstream's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report (the Evaluation Date). Based on that evaluation, Windstream's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, such disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

The term internal control over financial reporting (defined in SEC Rule 13a-15(f)) refers to the process of a company that is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Windstream's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this quarterly report, and they have concluded that there were no changes to Windstream's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Windstream's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is party to various legal proceedings. Although the ultimate resolution of these various proceedings cannot be determined at this time, management of the Company does not believe that such proceedings, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the future consolidated results of income, cash flows or financial condition of the Company.

In addition, management of the Company is currently not aware of any environmental matters that, individually or in the aggregate, would have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company is exposed to various risk factors as discussed in risk factors affecting Windstream's businesses included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2010. There have been no material changes in these risk factors since the filing of the Form 10-K, except as discussed below with regards to the successful migration of the Company's data center and the enactment of the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.

Windstream's data center migration could result in a material disruption to our operations.

Windstream historically outsourced the data center for its information technology (IT) systems and internet service provider systems to a third party under a contract that ended June 30, 2010. During 2009, our third party service provider provided notice that the contract would not be renewed, and Windstream would be required to relocate each of its data centers to a new location and service provider. Our inability to complete the migration successfully could have resulted in a material disruption in our ability to service customers, process bills and perform other support services and could thereby adversely affect our business, revenue and cash flow. As of June 30, 2010, Windstream had completed the successful relocation for each of its data center services without significant disruption to its operations. Relocated data center services included; mainframe services, output processing, IT support services, and data storage, which supported most of Windstream's IT systems including billing, financial reporting, customer service, assignment and provisioning.

Windstream cannot assure you that it will continue paying dividends at the current rate.

Windstream's board of directors has adopted a current dividend practice for the payment of quarterly cash dividends at a rate of \$0.25 per share of the Company's common stock. This practice can be changed at any time at the discretion of the board of directors, and Windstream's common stockholders should be aware that they have no contractual or other legal right to dividends. In addition, the other risk factors described in this section could materially reduce the cash available from operations or significantly increase our capital expenditure requirements, and these outcomes could cause capital to not be available when needed in an amount sufficient to support our current dividend practice. The amount of dividends that Windstream may distribute is also limited by restricted payment and leverage covenants in Windstream's credit facilities and indentures, and, potentially, the terms of any future indebtedness that Windstream may incur. The amount of dividends that Windstream may distribute is also subject to restrictions under Delaware law. If Windstream's board of directors were to adopt a change in its current dividend practice that resulted in a reduction in the amount of dividends, such change could have a material and adverse effect on the market price of Windstream's common stock.

In addition, the American Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 designated qualifying dividend payments on capital stock as long-term capital gains, which capped the federal tax rate on these payments at 15 percent. The provisions of this act are set to expire January 1, 2011, and if not renewed, dividends will become taxable as ordinary income to the shareholder at their current federal tax rate. Further, the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 enacted on March 30, 2010 will impose an additional 3.8% tax on unearned income beginning in 2013. These changes, individually or in the aggregate, could adversely affect the market price of Windstream's common stock.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

See the exhibits specified on the Index of Exhibits located at Page 49.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WINDSTREAM CORPORATION
(Registrant)

/s/ Anthony W. Thomas
Anthony W. Thomas
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)
August 5, 2010

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WINDSTREAM CORPORATION

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INDEX OF EXHIBITS

4.1	Indenture, dated as of July 19, 2010, among Windstream Corporation, certain subsidiaries of Windstream Corporation as guarantors thereto, and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 19, 2010)	(*)
4.2	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 19, 2010, among Windstream Corporation, certain subsidiaries of Windstream Corporation as guarantors thereto, and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., and Goldman, Sachs & Co., as representatives of the several initial purchasers (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 19, 2010)	(*)
31(a)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	(a)
31(b)	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	(a)
32(a)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	(a)
32(b)	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	(a)
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	(a)
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	(a)
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	(a)
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	(a)
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	(a)
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	(a)

(*) Incorporated herein by reference as indicated.

(a) Filed herewith.