

NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS INC
Form DEF 14A
January 29, 2007
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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

(Rule 14a-101)

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN PROXY STATEMENT

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

(Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if Other Than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- No Fee required.
- Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.

(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

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- (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:

- (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how much it was determined):

- (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:

- (5) Total fee paid:

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.. Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the form or schedule and the date of its filing.

- (1) Amount previously paid: _____

- (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.: _____

- (3) Filing Party: _____

- (4) Date Filed: _____

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February 2, 2007

Dear Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of NCI Building Systems, Inc. to be held at 10:00 a.m. on Friday, March 9, 2007, at the NCI Conference Center located at 7313 Fairview, Houston, Texas. At this meeting you will be asked to:

- (1) Elect three directors to serve until the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in 2010;
- (2) Approve an amendment to the Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation to increase the total number of shares of common stock that the Company has authority to issue from 50,000,000 shares to 100,000,000 shares;
- (3) Ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal 2007; and
- (4) Transact any other business that may properly come before the Annual Meeting of Stockholders or any reconvened meeting following any adjournment or postponement thereof.

It is important that your shares be represented at the Annual Meeting. Therefore, whether or not you expect to attend in person, please sign and date the enclosed proxy and return it in the enclosed envelope or submit your proxy using the telephone or Internet procedures that may be provided to you at your earliest convenience. Please note that using any of these methods will not prevent you from attending the meeting and voting in person.

Very truly yours,

/s/ A.R. Ginn
A.R. Ginn

Chairman of the Board

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NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

10943 North Sam Houston Parkway West

Houston, Texas 77064

NOTICE OF

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

TO BE HELD MARCH 9, 2007

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of NCI Building Systems, Inc. will be held at the NCI Conference Center located at 7313 Fairview, Houston, Texas, on Friday, March 9, 2007, at 10:00 a.m. The Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held for the following purposes:

1. The election of three directors to serve until the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held in 2010;
2. Approval of an amendment to the Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation to increase the total number of shares of common stock that the Company has authority to issue from 50,000,000 shares to 100,000,000 shares;
3. Ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal 2007; and
4. The transaction of any other business that may properly come before the Annual Meeting of Stockholders or any reconvened meeting following any adjournment or postponement thereof.

Only stockholders of record at the close of business on January 8, 2007 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting or any reconvened meeting following any adjournment or postponement thereof.

We believe that it is desirable that as large a proportion as possible of the stockholders' interests be represented at our Annual Meeting. **Whether or not you plan to attend our Annual Meeting, we request that you properly date and sign the enclosed form of proxy and promptly return it to us using the enclosed addressed and stamped envelope or submit your proxy using the telephone or Internet procedures that may be provided to you.** If you are present at the meeting and wish to do so, you may revoke the proxy and vote in person. If, however, you hold your shares through a nominee or broker, you must obtain a signed proxy from the broker in order to be able to vote in person.

By order the Board of Directors,

/s/ Todd R. Moore
Todd R. Moore

Vice President, General Counsel

Houston, Texas

February 2, 2007

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FOR
ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS**

To Be Held March 9, 2007

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NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

10943 North Sam Houston Parkway West

Houston, Texas 77064

(281) 897-7788

PROXY STATEMENT

FOR

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

TO BE HELD MARCH 9, 2007

This proxy statement is furnished to stockholders of NCI Building Systems, Inc. in connection with the solicitation of proxies to be used at our Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held Friday, March 9, 2007. Your proxy in the form enclosed will be voted at the meeting if properly executed by you, returned to us and not revoked by you before the Annual Meeting. If you give a proxy on the enclosed form, or by telephone or the Internet, you may revoke it at any time before it is voted by delivering written notice of revocation to the Secretary of NCI, by delivering a later dated proxy or by attending the Annual Meeting, withdrawing your proxy and voting your shares personally. Your attendance at the Annual Meeting will not constitute automatic revocation of your proxy. If you hold your shares through a nominee or broker, you must obtain a signed proxy from the broker in order to be able to vote in person.

We are first sending this proxy statement and the enclosed proxy form to stockholders on or about February 2, 2007.

ACTION TO BE TAKEN AT ANNUAL MEETING

When you have appropriately specified how your proxy should be voted, the proxy will be voted accordingly. Unless you otherwise specify in your proxy, your proxy will be voted (1) **FOR** the election as directors of the nominees listed under Election of Directors ; (2) **FOR** the approval of an amendment to the Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation to increase the total number of shares of common stock that the Company has authority to issue from 50,000,000 to 100,000,000 shares; (3) **FOR** the ratification of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accountants for fiscal 2007; and (4) at the discretion of the proxy holders, either **FOR** or **AGAINST** any other matter or business that may properly come before the Annual Meeting. Our board of directors is not currently aware of any other such matter or business.

PERSONS MAKING THE SOLICITATION

Our board of directors is soliciting the accompanying proxy. We will bear the entire cost of soliciting proxies and no other person or persons will bear those costs either directly or indirectly. Our transfer agent, Computershare Investor Services, Inc., will assist in the solicitation of proxies from stockholders at a fee of approximately \$3,200 plus reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. In addition to the use of the mails, proxies may be solicited by personal interview, telephone and email by our directors, officers and employees, none of whom will receive additional compensation. We will also reimburse brokerage houses and other nominees for their reasonable expenses in forwarding proxy materials to beneficial owners of our common stock.

OUTSTANDING CAPITAL STOCK

The record date for stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting is January 8, 2007. At the close of business on that date we had 20,102,546 shares of common stock issued and outstanding and entitled to be voted at the Annual Meeting.

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The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2006 (the Ownership Date), the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by (1) each person or group known by us to own beneficially more than 5% of the outstanding shares of common stock, (2) each director and nominee for director, (3) each of our executive officers identified under the caption Executive Compensation and (4) all directors, director nominees and executive officers as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, each of the persons or groups named below has sole voting power and investment power with respect to the common stock.

Name of Beneficial Owner or Group	Beneficial Ownership (1)	
	Number of Shares	Percent
FMR Corp. (2) 82 Devonshire Street Boston, MA 02109	3,085,700	15.35%
Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC (2) 90 Hudson Street Jersey City, NJ 07302	1,984,592	9.87%
Dalton, Greiner, Hartman, Maher & Co. (2) 565 Fifth Ave., Suite 2101 New York, NY 10017	1,412,080	7.02%
Dimensional Fund Advisors Inc. (2) 1299 Ocean Avenue, 11th Floor Santa Monica, CA 90401	1,232,798	6.13%
Friess Associates, LLC (2) 115 E. Snow King Jackson, WY 83001	1,101,800	5.48%
Barclays Global Investors; Barclays Global Fund Advisors; and Barclays Global Investors, Ltd.		
(Filing as a group) 145 Fremont Street San Francisco, CA 94105	1,005,531	5.00%
A. R. Ginn (3)	357,947	1.78%
Norman C. Chambers (3)	165,426	0.82%
Kelly R. Ginn (3)(4)	102,498	*
William D. Breedlove (3)	26,447	*
Gary L. Forbes (3)	26,217	*
Frances Powell Hawes (3)	24,896	*
Kenneth W. Maddox (3)	21,085	*
John K. Sterling (3)	19,277	*
W. Bernard Pieper (3)	15,596	*
George Martinez (3)	15,218	*
Max L. Lukens (3)	5,295	*
Philip J. Hawk (3)	3,619	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (19 persons) (5)	945,803	4.70%

* Less than 1%.

- (1) Includes shares beneficially owned by the listed persons, including shares owned under our 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan. If a person has the right to acquire beneficial ownership of any shares by exercise of options previously granted within 60 days after the Ownership Date, those shares are deemed beneficially owned by that person as of the Ownership Date and are deemed to be outstanding solely for the purpose of determining the percentage of the common stock that he or she owns. Those shares are not included in the computations for any other person.

(2) This information is based solely on the most recent filings made by such beneficial owners with the SEC on Schedule 13G or 13G/A.

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- (3) The number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each person includes options exercisable on the Ownership Date or within 60 days after the Ownership Date and excludes options not exercisable within 60 days after the Ownership Date. The number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each person also includes unvested shares of restricted stock. Each owner of restricted stock has the right to vote his or her shares but may not transfer them until they have vested.

	Options		Unvested Restricted Stock
	Exercisable	Not Exercisable	
A. R. Ginn	148,088		103,983
Norman C. Chambers	50,750	100,750	104,755
Frances Powell Hawes	12,500	12,500	9,884
Kelly R. Ginn	12,458	1,035	63,108
William D. Breedlove	18,017	414	2,319
Gary L. Forbes	18,017	414	2,319
John K. Sterling			2,362
Kenneth W. Maddox	9,324	1,035	6,909
W. Bernard Pieper	12,166	414	2,319
Max. L. Lukens	2,250	750	2,119
George Martinez	4,102	2,753	1,116
Philip J. Hawk	1,500	1,500	1,783

- (4) Includes 16,716 shares of common stock held by nine trusts for the benefit of Mr. Kelly Ginn's two children, six nieces and nephews and one brother, of which trusts Mr. Kelly Ginn is the trustee and may be deemed to share voting and investment power. Mr. Kelly Ginn disclaims beneficial ownership of those shares.
- (5) The number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by all directors and officers as a group includes beneficial ownership of the additional officers listed in the table below. As with the officers and directors listed individually, the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each person includes options exercisable on the Ownership Date or within 60 days after the Ownership Date and excludes options not exercisable within 60 days after the Ownership Date.

	Options	
	Exercisable	Not Exercisable
Todd R. Moore	5,988	4,456
Eric R. Brown	625	8,494
Mark E. Johnson		
Charles W. Dickinson	6,247	5,635
Bradley D. Robeson	810	2,222
Mark W. Dobbins	26,240	5,635
Keith E. Fischer	23,266	5,635

QUORUM AND VOTING

The presence in person or by proxy of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the common stock is necessary to constitute a quorum at the Annual Meeting. Each outstanding share of common stock is entitled to one vote. Those nominees receiving a plurality of all of the votes cast at the Annual Meeting shall be elected to our board of directors. Under Delaware law, the affirmative vote of holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the common stock is required to approve the amendment to our Restated Certificate of Incorporation. Except where other provision is made by law, our Restated

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Certificate of Incorporation, or our By-laws, all other matters, including the ratification of the appointment of our independent registered public accountants, shall be decided by the vote of a majority of the votes cast by the stockholders present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote, a quorum being present.

Abstentions are counted for the purpose of determining the presence of a quorum and have the same effect as a negative vote on matters other than the election of directors. Brokers holding shares must vote according to specific instructions they receive from the beneficial owners. The New York Stock Exchange precludes brokers from exercising voting discretion on certain proposals without specific instructions from the beneficial owner. This results in a broker non-vote on such a proposal. A broker non-vote is treated as present for purposes of determining the existence of a quorum, will have the effect of a negative vote on the proposal to (i) amend the Restated Certificate of Incorporation and (ii) ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for fiscal 2007, but will have no effect on the election of directors.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws provide that the number of directors on our board shall be fixed from time to time exclusively pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of our board of directors. The number of members constituting our board of directors is currently fixed at nine.

In accordance with our Restated Certificate of Incorporation and By-Laws, our board of directors is divided into three classes, as nearly equal in number as reasonably possible, and members are elected for a term of office expiring at the third succeeding annual stockholders' meeting following their election to office or until a successor is duly elected and qualified. Under our By-laws, subject to applicable law and unless our board determines otherwise, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the authorized number of directors or any vacancies on the board of directors resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal from office or other cause shall be filled only by a majority vote of the directors then in office, though less than a quorum, and directors so chosen shall hold office until the Annual Meeting of Stockholders next after their election, at which time their continuing directorship is subject to stockholder approval. The terms of office of each of the Class II directors expire at this Annual Meeting and the terms of office of each of the Class I and Class III directors expire at the Annual Meeting in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Three Class II directors are to be elected at the Annual Meeting for a term expiring at the Annual Meeting to be held in 2010, or until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified. If, at the time of or prior to our Annual Meeting, any of the nominees should be unable or decline to serve, the discretionary authority provided in the proxy may be used to vote for a substitute or substitutes designated by our board of directors. Our board of directors has no reason to believe that any substitute nominee or nominees will be required. No proxy will be voted for a greater number of persons than the number of nominees named herein.

Set forth below is information concerning the persons nominated for election as directors.

Our board of directors recommends a vote FOR the election of these nominees.

Nominees For Election As Director

Class II Nominees For Election As Directors Who Serve Until The Annual Meeting To Be Held In 2010:

Gary L. Forbes

Mr. Forbes, age 62, has served as one of our directors since December 1991. Mr. Forbes serves on the Executive Committee and Compensation Committee and is the Chairman of the Audit Committee of our board of directors. In addition, Mr. Forbes is our designated audit committee financial expert. Mr. Forbes has been a Senior Vice President of Equus Total Return, Inc., an investment company, since November 1991.

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Mr. Forbes is also a director of Consolidated Graphics, Inc., a commercial printing company. Mr. Forbes is a certified public accountant.

Max L. Lukens

Mr. Lukens, age 58, has served as one of our directors since May 2003. Mr. Lukens serves on the Audit Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of our board of directors. Mr. Lukens was the Chief Executive Officer and President of Stewart & Stevenson Services, Inc., a corporation primarily engaged in the custom fabrication of engine-driven products, from March 2004 until the company was sold in May 2006 and previously served as its Chairman of the Board, from December 2002 to March 2004, and Interim Chief Executive Officer and President, from September 2003 to March 2004. From 1981 to January 2000, Mr. Lukens was employed by Baker Hughes Incorporated, a company engaged in the oilfield and process industry segments and a manufacturer and provider of other products and services to industries that are not related to the oilfield or process industries. During the last two years of that period he served as Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Lukens currently serves as a director of The Pep Boys Manny, Moe and Jack and Westlake Chemical Corporation.

George Martinez

Mr. Martinez, age 65, has served as one of our directors since March 2003. Mr. Martinez serves on the Audit Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of our board of directors. Mr. Martinez has served as President of Chrysalis Partners, LLC, a performance consulting firm, since 1999. Mr. Martinez is the former Chairman of Sterling Bancshares, Inc., a bank holding company, having served as Chairman of the Board from 2001 to 2004, as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer from 1994 to 2001 and as President and Chief Executive Officer from 1981 to 1994. He also served as Chief Executive Officer of Sterling Bank, the principal banking subsidiary of Sterling Bancshares, from 1980 to 2001.

Directors Remaining In Office

Class III Directors Who Serve Until The Annual Meeting To Be Held In 2008:

Norman C. Chambers

Norman C. Chambers, age 57, has served as our President and Chief Executive Officer since January 2007 and served as our President and Chief Operating Officer from April 2004 to January 2007 and as one of our directors since May 2003. Mr. Chambers serves on the Executive Committee of our board of directors. Mr. Chambers was a director and President of Comfort Systems USA, Inc., a provider of heating, ventilation and air conditioning services, from November 2002 until April 2004 and also served as Chief Operating Officer from February 2003 until April 2004. From November 2001 to October 2002, Mr. Chambers was Chief Operating Officer of Capstone Turbine Corporation, a distributive generation technology company. From April 2000 to September 2001, Mr. Chambers served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Petrocosm Corporation, a privately held e-commerce business serving the energy industry which filed for protection under Chapter 7 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code in September 2001. From June 1985 to April 2000, Mr. Chambers served in various executive positions with Halliburton Company, a provider of energy services and related engineering and construction services, and its subsidiaries. Mr. Chambers has over twenty-five years of experience in the engineering and construction industry.

William D. Breedlove

William D. Breedlove, age 67, has served as one of our directors since March 1992. Mr. Breedlove serves on the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and is the Chairman of the Compensation Committee of our board of directors. Mr. Breedlove served as Vice Chairman of Hoak Breedlove Wesneski & Co. (HBW), an investment banking firm, from August 1996 until his retirement in July 2004. Mr. Breedlove held senior management positions in commercial and merchant banking for over 30 years. Prior to HBW's formation in 1996, Mr. Breedlove was chairman, managing director and co-founder of Breedlove Wesneski & Co., a private merchant banking firm. From 1984 to 1989, Mr. Breedlove also served as president and director of Equus Capital Corporation, the corporate general partner of three public and private

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limited partnerships, which operated as management of leveraged buyout funds. Mr. Breedlove's experience also includes 22 years at First National Bank in Dallas, the last three years of which he served as chairman and chief executive officer of the lead bank and vice chairman of InterFirst Corporation. Mr. Breedlove is also a director of Integrated Security Systems, Inc. and four private companies. He has previously served as director of several other publicly-held companies, including InterFirst Corporation, Texas Oil and Gas Corporation, Dillard's Department Stores, Local Financial Corporation, and Cronus Industries, Inc. Mr. Breedlove received his B.B.A. degree in finance and banking from the University of Texas at Austin.

Philip J. Hawk

Philip J. Hawk, age 53, has served as one of our directors since July 2004. Mr. Hawk serves on the Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee of our board of directors. Mr. Hawk has been the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of Team, Inc., a leading provider of specialty contracting and maintenance services to the process, power and heavy manufacturing industries, since November 1998. From 1993 to 1998, Mr. Hawk held the position of President and Chief Executive Officer of EOTT Energy Partners, L.P., an energy marketing and service company.

Class I Directors Who Serve Until The Annual Meeting To Be Held In 2009:

A. R. Ginn

Mr. A.R. Ginn, age 67, has served as our Chairman of the Board since July 2000 and as one of our directors since May 1998. Mr. A.R. Ginn serves as the Chairman of the Executive Committee of our board of directors. Mr. A.R. Ginn will resign from our Board of Directors and from all Board committees, in which he serves, at the end of 2007. Mr. A.R. Ginn served as our Chief Executive Officer from November 2003 until December 2006. He served as President of the Metal Components Division from May 1998 until October 2000. He also served as Chief Executive Officer of the Metal Coatings Division from May 1998 until December 2006. Mr. A.R. Ginn served as our President and Chief Operating Officer from December 1998 until July 2000. From May 1998 until December 1998, he served as our Executive Vice President. Before joining NCI, Mr. A.R. Ginn served as director, President and Chief Executive Officer of Metal Building Components, Inc., a metal components manufacturer (MBCI), from 1976 until our acquisition of MBCI in May 1998 and was Chief Executive Officer of the Metal Coatings Division of MBCI from 1987 to May 1998. Mr. A.R. Ginn has over 47 years of experience in the metal building and components industry. Mr. A.R. Ginn is the father of Kelly Ginn, one of our executive officers.

W. Bernard Pieper

Mr. Pieper, age 74, has served as one of our directors since December 2000. Mr. Pieper serves on the Compensation Committee and is the Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of our board of directors. Mr. Pieper, now retired, is a private investor who completed his second term as a member of the Board of Trustees of Rice University in Houston, Texas, in May 2004. Mr. Pieper served as a member of the Board of Trustees of Rice University since 1996. Since 2000, he has served on various other boards and committees of Rice University. From 1957 until 1992, Mr. Pieper was employed by Brown & Root. From 1992 until 1996, Mr. Pieper was employed as Vice Chairman of Halliburton Company, a provider of energy services and related engineering and construction services, during the last two years of which he also served as Chief Operating Officer.

John K. Sterling

John K. Sterling, age 62, has served as one of our directors since October 2004. Mr. Sterling serves on the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Compensation Committee of our board of directors. Since April 2006, Mr. Sterling has been Executive Vice President - Corporate Development of Verticus, Inc., a privately-held firm formed to make investments in other entities. From May 2004 until its sale in March 2006, Mr. Sterling was Executive Vice President - Corporate Development of Global 360, Inc., a provider of enterprise-wide, business process management and analytics software solutions. Previously, he practiced corporate law for 36 years with Gardere Wynne Sewell, LLP, where he was a

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general partner from 1975 through his retirement from the firm in May 2004 and then served in an of-counsel role to Gardere until October 2004.

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Our executive officers are as follows:

Name	Position
A.R. Ginn	Chairman of the Board
Norman C. Chambers	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Frances Powell Hawes	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
Kelly R. Ginn	Executive Vice President of Operations
Kenneth W. Maddox	Executive Vice President, Administration
Charles W. Dickinson	President of Metal Components Division
Mark W. Dobbins	President of Engineered Building Systems Division
Bradley D. Robeson	President of Metal Coil Coating Division
Keith E. Fischer	President of all Robertson-Ceco Divisions
Todd R. Moore	Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary
Eric J. Brown	Vice President and Chief Information Officer
Mark E. Johnson	Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer

Executive Officers:

Information concerning the business experience of Mr. A.R. Ginn and Mr. Norman C. Chambers is provided under the section titled Election of Directors.

Frances Powell Hawes, age 52, has served as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since February 14, 2005. From 2003 to 2005, she served as a financial advisor to London Merchant Securities PLC, a real estate and investment company, and she has an extensive finance background with publicly held companies, including NYSE-traded Grant Prideco, Inc., a manufacturer of engineered tubular products for the energy industry, and Weatherford International, Inc., an oilfield services company. From 2000 to 2001, she was Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer at Grant Prideco and helped lead that company's 100% public spin-off from Weatherford in 2000. Prior to the spin-off, Ms. Hawes was Vice President, Accounting and Controller of Weatherford, having advanced through a number of positions of increasing responsibility at Weatherford since joining the company in 1986. Ms. Hawes has also previously been CFO, Controller or in other finance positions for several privately held companies.

Kelly R. Ginn, age 46, has served as Executive Vice President of Operations since December 2006. Mr. Kelly Ginn served as President and Chief Operating Officer of the Metal Components Division from October 2000 until December 2006. Mr. Kelly Ginn served as Vice President, Manufacturing of the Metal Components Division from May 1998 until October 2000. Before joining NCI in 1998, Mr. Kelly Ginn served as Vice President of Manufacturing of MBCI for over seven years. Mr. Kelly Ginn has over 26 years of experience in the metal building and components industry. Mr. Kelly Ginn is the son of A.R. Ginn, our Chairman of the Board.

Kenneth W. Maddox, age 59, has served as Executive Vice President, Administration since December 1998, Executive Vice President, Administration of all NCI divisions since July 2001 and as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Metal Components Division and the Metal Coatings Division from May 1998 until July 2001. Mr. Maddox served as one of our directors from May 1998 until July 2000 and from May 1998 until December 1998, he served as our Vice President. Before joining NCI, Mr. Maddox served as the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of MBCI from 1980 until May 1998.

Charles W. Dickinson, age 55, has served as President of the Metal Components Division since December 2006. Mr. Dickinson served as Executive Vice President, Sales of the Metal Components

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Division and President of ABC Division from October 2000 until December 2006. Mr. Dickinson served as Vice President, Sales of the Metal Components Division from May 1998 until October 2000. Before joining NCI in 1998, Mr. Dickinson served as Vice President of Sales of MBCI for over ten years. Mr. Dickinson has over 26 years of experience in the metal building and components industry

Mark W. Dobbins, age 48, has served as President of the Engineered Building Systems Division since September 2006. Mr. Dobbins served as Vice President, Operations of the Metal Components Division from October 2000 until September 2006. Mr. Dobbins served as President of the American Building Components Division from January 2000 until October 2000. During 1999, he served as the Senior General Manager of Manufacturing of the Metal Components Division. Before joining NCI in 1998, Mr. Dobbins was employed by MBCI for over 10 years. Mr. Dobbins has over 18 years of experience in the metal components industry

Bradley D. Robeson, age 44, has served as President of the Metal Coil Coating Division since February 2006. Mr. Robeson served as the Vice President of Operations of the Metal Coaters Division from October 2005 until February 2006. From February 2001 until October 2005, Mr. Robeson served as Vice President and General Manager of Metal Prep, a Metal Coaters Division entity. From March 1996 until February 2001, Mr. Robeson served as Plant Manager for the NCILP Buildings Division. Prior to March 1996, Mr. Robeson served in various managerial positions with component companies ultimately acquired by NCI. Mr. Robeson has over 18 years industry experience

Keith E. Fischer, age 51, has served as President of all Robertson-Ceco Divisions since September 2006. Mr. Fischer served as Executive Vice President, Sales and Marketing of the NCILP Buildings Division and President of the Metallic Metal Building Division from April 2002 until September 2006. Before joining NCI in April 2002, Mr. Fischer was employed by American Buildings Company, a metal building manufacturer that is now a division of Magnatrax Corporation, for over seven years, during the last two years of which he served as President. Mr. Fischer is a registered professional engineer. Mr. Fischer has over 29 years of experience in the metal building industry.

Todd R. Moore, age 47, has served as our Vice President and General Counsel since March 2003. Mr. Moore has served as a Vice President and General Counsel of all NCI divisions since January 1999 and as our Corporate Secretary since March 2005. Before joining NCI in January 1999, Mr. Moore was employed by Gardere Wynne Sewell LLP, a Dallas law firm, for over nine years, during the last two years of which he was a partner.

Eric J. Brown, age 49, has served as our Vice President and Chief Information Officer since June 2004. Before joining NCI, Mr. Brown was Chief Information Officer of the Punahou School in Honolulu, Hawaii from 2002 until he joined NCI. From 2000 to 2002, Mr. Brown was Chief Information Officer of Petrocosm Corporation. From 1992 to 2000, Mr. Brown was a Director at KPMG Consulting LLC.

Mark E. Johnson, age 40, has served as our Chief Accounting Officer since August 2006 and as our Vice President and Controller since February 2006. Before joining NCI in February 2006, Mr. Johnson was employed by Vector ESP, Inc., a company providing information technology services, where he served as Corporate Controller from 2000 to 2003 and Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President from 2002 to August 2005, when the company was acquired. From 1989 to 2000, Mr. Johnson was employed by Ernst & Young LLP.

Table of Contents**EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION****Summary Compensation Table**

The following table shows information regarding compensation paid to A.R. Ginn, our Chief Executive Officer during our 2006 fiscal year, and the next four most highly paid persons who were executive officers at the end of our 2006 fiscal year (collectively, the Named Executive Officers), with respect to each of our last three fiscal years based on salary and bonus earned during each fiscal year.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Annual Compensation		Long-Term Compensation Awards		All Other Compensation (\$)(c)
		Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Restricted Stock Awards \$(a)	Securities Underlying Options (#)(b)	
A. R. Ginn	2006	688,846	1,255,774	75,003		241,633
Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer	2005	615,000	522,750	149,964		311,069
	2004	535,769	1,759,600	2,304,456	300,000	302,522
Norman C. Chambers	2006	511,923	1,025,959	50,017		12,141
President and Chief Executive Officer(d)	2005	415,000	264,563	100,011		10,327
	2004	208,846(e)	689,900(f)	3,548,367	200,000	
Frances Powell Hawes	2006	276,154	369,345	37,523		18,492
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	2005	177,885(g)	113,156	227,493	25,000	2,692
	2004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kelly R. Ginn	2006	289,692	381,657	37,523		13,800
Executive Vice President, Operations	2005	266,462	170,850	74,982		16,522
	2004	242,769	534,479	75,001		11,089
Kenneth W. Maddox	2006	265,692	332,411	37,523		144,793
Executive Vice President, Administration	2005	248,850	163,838	74,982		168,001
	2004	232,846	514,683	75,001		35,656

(a) Dollar amounts are calculated by multiplying the number of shares of common stock awarded by the closing price of our common stock on the business day immediately preceding the date the award is granted, in each case net of the consideration paid to us by the grantee upon his receipt of the award, which consideration is the par value of the awarded shares of restricted stock. Shares generally vest in four equal annual installments, beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date, or in full when the executive retires from his employment with us, unless vesting is accelerated by the occurrence of certain limited events. Messrs. A.R. Ginn, Chambers and Kelly Ginn have received special long-term restricted stock grants that will vest in full only on retirement, as defined in the agreements governing such grants, unless vesting is accelerated by the occurrence of certain limited events. For additional information regarding these special long-term grants, please see Employment and Change-in-Control Agreements Restricted Stock Grants.

The value of all restricted stock held by each Named Executive at October 29, 2006 (based on the \$60.46 closing price of our common stock on October 27, 2006), in each case net of the consideration paid to us by the grantee, was as follows:

	Four-Year Vesting	Vesting on Retirement
A. R. Ginn	\$ 435,361	\$ 4,533,750
Norman C. Chambers	\$ 1,775,840	\$ 3,899,992
Frances Powell Hawes	\$ 329,513	
Kelly R. Ginn	\$ 233,277	\$ 3,296,097
Kenneth W. Maddox	\$ 233,277	

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The values above exclude shares that were received as restricted stock but have since vested. With respect to all restricted shares granted, the individual grantees have the right to vote the shares and to receive dividends paid by us, whether in cash or stock, but may not transfer the shares until they have vested.

- (b) Options to acquire shares of common stock.
- (c) Consists of (a) matching contributions under our 401(k) plan, which in fiscal 2006 were \$13,000, \$11,854, \$18,492, \$12,440 and \$11,676, respectively, for Mr. A.R. Ginn, Mr. Chambers, Ms. Hawes, Mr. Kelly Ginn and Mr. Maddox; (b) during 2006, cash payments representing 401(k) matching contributions that would have exceeded qualified plan limitations of \$1,282, \$287, \$1,360 and \$1,344, respectively, for Mr. A.R. Ginn, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Kelly Ginn and Mr. Maddox and (c) with respect to Mr. A.R. Ginn and Mr. Maddox, an amount representing the increase in present value of a vested retirement benefit under our supplemental retirement plan, discussed below under the caption Employment and Change-in-Control Agreements Supplemental Retirement Benefits as shown in the following table:

Increase in Present Value of Vested Retirement Benefit		
	Fiscal Year	Increase
A.R. Ginn	2006	\$ 227,351
	2005	\$ 285,692
	2004	\$ 273,869
Ken Maddox	2006	\$ 131,773
	2005	\$ 147,639
	2004	\$ 23,805

- (d) Mr. Chambers became our Chief Executive Officer on January 1, 2007. Prior to that, he served as our President and Chief Operating Officer.
- (e) Mr. Chambers was employed by us for only part of fiscal 2004. Prior to his employment with us, Mr. Chambers was one of our directors, and in 2004, he received cash compensation fees of \$20,750 in consideration for his service as a director.
- (f) Includes \$250,000 paid to Mr. Chambers in fiscal 2004 upon commencement of his employment in consideration for compensation he would have been entitled to but forfeited when he terminated his employment with his former employer.
- (g) Ms. Hawes was employed by us for only part of fiscal 2005.

Option Exercises During 2006 Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year End Option Values

The following table provides information related to options exercised by the Named Executive Officers and the number and value of options held at fiscal year-end. All outstanding options are non-statutory, or non-qualified, options.

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**Aggregated Option Exercises in Last Fiscal Year
and FY-End Option Values**

Name	Shares Acquired on Exercise	Value Realized	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options at FY-End		Value of Unexercised In-the-Money Options at FY-End (1)	
			Exercisable	Unexercisable	Exercisable	Unexercisable
A.R. Ginn	86,700	\$ 2,771,185	148,088		4,629,231	
Norman C. Chambers	51,500	\$ 1,310,605	50,750	100,750	1,504,620	2,977,620
Frances Powell Hawes			6,250	18,750	140,313	420,938
Kelly R. Ginn			11,549	1,944	493,886	80,018
Kenneth Maddox	4,701	\$ 205,833	8,415	1,944	351,027	80,018

- (1) Value is calculated on the basis of the difference between the option exercise price and \$60.46, the closing price of our common stock on October 27, 2006, the last trading day of our fiscal year.

Employment and Change-in-Control Agreements

A.R. Ginn Separation and Consulting Agreement. In October 2006, we announced that Mr. A.R. Ginn would resign as Chief Executive Officer of NCI and from all positions as an officer and director of NCI's subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006. In connection with these events, on October 24, 2006, we entered into a separation and consulting agreement with Mr. A.R. Ginn that provides, among other things, that after December 31, 2006, Mr. A.R. Ginn will remain an employee of the Company in a consultant capacity until December 31, 2017 (the Termination Date). From December 31, 2006 until the Termination Date (the Advisory Period), Mr. A.R. Ginn will be paid a salary and will be eligible to participate in our group health and medical benefit programs (including long-term healthcare coverage, if any, which is made available to employees of the Company) on the same terms available to our employees generally. Mr. A.R. Ginn will also be entitled to the benefits provided to him under the existing terms of the NCI Supplemental Benefit Plan, as amended and restated on December 12, 2002, based on treating December 31, 2007 as his retirement date.

The separation and consulting agreement provides that Mr. A.R. Ginn will continue to receive his base salary in effect on October 24, 2006 until December 31, 2007 and will be eligible for a bonus for our 2007 fiscal year. After fiscal year 2007, Mr. A.R. Ginn will not be eligible for a bonus in future fiscal years unless approved by senior management or our board in their discretion. From January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2009, Mr. A.R. Ginn will receive a base salary of \$200,000 per annum, and from January 1, 2010 through the Termination Date, a base salary of \$100,000 per annum.

Mr. A.R. Ginn will be eligible for awards of restricted stock of the Company (Restricted Stock Awards) pursuant to the Company's 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, as amended (the Incentive Plan) through December 31, 2007 at the executive level that was in effect for him on October 24, 2006. The Restricted Stock Awards granted to Mr. A.R. Ginn after December 31, 2006, if any, shall vest ratably over four years subject to Mr. A.R. Ginn's continued service to the Company and will have terms consistent with the terms generally applicable to other executive officers of the Company; provided, however, that such Restricted Stock Awards shall not provide for full vesting solely due to Mr. A.R. Ginn's attainment of retirement age. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all Restricted Stock Awards granted to Mr. A.R. Ginn prior to December 31, 2006 will fully vest as of January 1, 2008, or his earlier disability (as defined in the separation and consulting agreement) or death.

Under the separation and consulting agreement, if Mr. A.R. Ginn's employment is terminated without cause or due to disability, he will be entitled to continued benefits as if no termination had occurred. In the event of his death, salary payments and group health coverage will continue to be provided to his surviving spouse (if any) through the Termination Date. If any successor to all or substantially all of the

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business or assets of the Company fails to either expressly assume the separation and consulting agreement or assume it by operation of law, Mr. A.R. Ginn shall be entitled to an accelerated cash payout of his remaining salary and the value of his health care benefits, without reduction for early payment, subject to limitations on acceleration imposed by applicable tax law.

Mr. A.R. Ginn is subject to certain confidentiality obligations during and after his employment with us. In addition, Mr. A.R. Ginn is subject to certain noncompetition and nonsolicitation provisions for a period of five years following the Termination Date.

Chambers Employment Agreement. On April 12, 2004 we entered into an employment agreement with Norman C. Chambers, our President and then Chief Operating Officer. The term of the employment agreement is ten years. The agreement provides for Mr. Chambers to receive: (i) a base salary of not less than \$400,000 per year; (ii) an annual bonus calculated pursuant to the terms of our existing bonus program, with Mr. Chambers being considered a Level I participant for purposes thereof; (iii) a lump sum payment of \$250,000 payable upon commencement of Mr. Chamber's employment in consideration for sums he would have been entitled to but forfeited upon his termination of his employment with his prior employer; (iv) a grant under the Incentive Plan of 200,000 nonqualified options to purchase our common stock at an exercise price of \$31.00 per share, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in a separate Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement; (v) the right to receive semi-annual grants of additional options to purchase our common stock as a Level SE1 participant under the Incentive Plan in the discretion of the compensation committee of our board of directors; (vi) a grant of 50,000 shares of our common stock under the Incentive Plan pursuant to the terms of a separate Restricted Stock Agreement; (vii) a special long-term restricted stock award of a number of shares of our common stock having an aggregate fair market value of approximately \$2 million, subject to the terms of a separate Restricted Stock Agreement; (viii) health insurance and other benefits available to other members of senior management as well as a car allowance plus reimbursement for automobile insurance and mileage incurred which is related to business use; and (viii) four weeks paid vacation per year.

The employment agreement also provides for certain payments to be made upon the termination of Mr. Chambers's employment with us. If Mr. Chambers is terminated for cause or resigns without good reason (each as defined under the employment agreement; the definition of good reason includes the failure to appoint Mr. Chambers Chief Executive Officer after A. R. Ginn ceases to serve in that capacity), then he will be entitled to receive only salary and benefits earned by him or accrued for his account through the date of his termination. If, however, Mr. Chambers is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason, he will continue to receive his base salary for the term of the employment agreement on the same terms as he received it while an employee. If Mr. Chambers is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason within two years after a change in control (as defined in the employment agreement), then he shall receive, within seven days of such termination, a lump-sum payment equal to the present value of all future payments of base salary owed to him under the employment agreement.

Mr. Chambers is subject to certain confidentiality obligations during and after his employment with us. In addition, Mr. Chambers is subject to certain noncompetition and nonsolicitation provisions for a period equal to three years following the longer of (i) the date of his termination of employment with us and (ii) the end of the period during which Mr. Chambers is entitled to receive compensation payments from us under the employment agreement.

Supplemental Retirement Benefits. We maintain a supplemental retirement plan, which is a nonqualified, unfunded benefit plan under which designated key employees are eligible to receive monthly benefits following their retirement with us. If a participating key employee dies before retirement, his designated beneficiary is eligible to receive monthly or annual pre-retirement survivor benefits. Our board of directors determines the amount of retirement benefit to be payable to an eligible employee at the time our board of directors designates the employee as eligible to participate in our supplemental retirement plan. Generally, a participant becomes vested in his retirement benefit under the supplemental plan at the rate of 20% for each year of service with us and becomes fully vested upon his disability or upon the occurrence of a change-in-control of NCI. Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Maddox, among others, are currently participants in our supplemental retirement plan. The benefit payable to Mr. A.R. Ginn, beginning at age 68, is \$200,000 per year for ten years. Mr. A.R. Ginn's benefit under the supplemental plan vests 20% per year over the five

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years ending December 13, 2007 and currently is 80% vested. The benefit payable to Mr. Maddox following his retirement, which is expected in late 2009 or early 2010, is \$100,000 per year for 10 years. Mr. Maddox's benefit under the supplemental plan vests 20% per year over the five years ending August 26, 2008 and currently is 40% vested. We have acquired life insurance policies for certain participants to be used to discharge our obligations under our supplemental retirement plan. Mr. A.R. Ginn and Mr. Maddox have each agreed not to compete with us during the ten-year periods during which they are to receive the benefits payable under the supplemental retirement plan.

Long-Term Restricted Stock Grants. On May 28, 2004, upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, our board of directors approved a special long-term grant of restricted stock for Mr. A.R. Ginn. The restricted stock award was for 75,000 shares. As the holder of the restricted shares, Mr. A.R. Ginn has the right to vote the shares and to receive dividends paid by us, whether in cash or stock, but may not transfer the shares until they are vested. The shares of restricted stock vest on January 1, 2008. The shares of restricted stock will vest immediately if Mr. A.R. Ginn dies or becomes disabled while employed by us, is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason (each as defined under the agreement) or if there is a change in control of NCI. Mr. A.R. Ginn will forfeit the shares of restricted stock if his employment with us is terminated for any other reason, including his voluntary termination or resignation without good reason (as defined under the agreement) or termination of his employment by us with cause. In addition, Mr. A.R. Ginn must comply with a covenant not to compete with us for the five years immediately following his receipt of any vested shares under his restricted stock award. If Mr. A.R. Ginn breaches his covenant not to compete, he must either return the 75,000 shares to us, if he still owns them, or pay us the then current market value of the 75,000 shares if he does not then own them. Our board of directors granted this special long-term restricted stock award to Mr. A.R. Ginn in connection with its decision to increase Mr. A.R. Ginn's overall compensation.

On April 26, 2004, upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, our board of directors approved a special long-term grant of restricted stock for Mr. Chambers. The restricted stock award was for that number of whole shares having a value of \$2 million based on the closing price of our common stock on April 23, 2004 or 64,516 shares. As the holder of the restricted shares, Mr. Chambers has the right to vote the shares and to receive dividends paid by us, whether in cash or stock, but may not transfer the shares until they are vested. The shares of restricted stock vest when Mr. Chambers retires from his employment with us at or after attaining age 65. The shares of restricted stock will vest immediately if Mr. Chambers dies or becomes disabled while employed by us, is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason (each as defined under the agreement) or if there is a change in control of NCI. Mr. Chambers will forfeit the shares of restricted stock if his employment with us is terminated for any other reason, including his voluntary termination or resignation without good reason (as defined under the agreement) or termination of his employment by us with cause. The special long-term grant to Mr. Chambers is intended to serve as an incentive for Mr. Chambers to remain in our employ until he retires. In addition, Mr. Chambers must comply with a covenant not to compete with us for the five years immediately following his receipt of any vested shares under his restricted stock award. If Mr. Chambers breaches his covenant not to compete, he must either return the 64,516 shares to us, if he still owns them, or pay us the then current market value of the 64,516 shares if he does not then own them.

On August 28, 2003, upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, our board of directors approved a special long-term grant of restricted stock for Mr. Kelly Ginn. The restricted stock award was for that number of whole shares having a value of \$1.0 million based on the closing price of our common stock on August 27, 2003, or 54,526 shares. As the holder of the restricted shares, Mr. Kelly Ginn has the right to vote the shares and to receive dividends paid by us, whether in cash or stock, but may not transfer the shares until they are vested. The shares of restricted stock vest when Mr. Kelly Ginn retires from his employment with us at the age of 65. The shares of restricted stock will vest immediately if Mr. Kelly Ginn dies or becomes disabled while employed by us, is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason (each as defined under the agreement) or if there is a change in control of NCI. Mr. Kelly Ginn will forfeit the shares of restricted stock if his employment with us is terminated for any other reason, including his voluntary termination or resignation without good reason (as defined in the agreement) or termination of his employment by us with cause. The special long-term grant to Mr. Kelly Ginn is intended to serve as an incentive for Mr. Kelly Ginn to remain in our employ until he retires. In addition, Mr. Kelly Ginn must

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comply with a covenant not to compete with us for the five years immediately following his receipt of any vested shares under his restricted stock award. If Mr. Kelly Ginn breaches his covenant not to compete, he must either return the 54,526 shares to us, if he still owns them, or pay us the then current market value of the 54,526 shares if he does not then own them.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The Compensation Committee of our board of directors is responsible for determining executive compensation. Mr. Breedlove, Mr. Forbes, Mr. Hawk, Mr. Pieper and Mr. Sterling are the only members of the Compensation Committee. None of the Compensation Committee members were at any time during fiscal 2006, or at any other time, an officer or employee of NCI or any of our subsidiaries. No member on the Compensation Committee serves as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving as a member of our board of directors or compensation committee.

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REPORT OF THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

Objectives of NCI's Compensation Program

We believe that the quality, skill and dedication of NCI's executive officers are critical factors affecting the long-term success of the Company. NCI's key compensation goals are to attract and retain exceptional executives, to reward past performance and provide incentives for future performance, and to align executives' long-term interests with the interests of NCI's shareholders.

NCI operates in an intensely competitive industry and has experienced challenges caused by volatility in the price of steel, industry cyclicality and seasonality, fluctuations in demand and general economic conditions affecting the construction industry. NCI uses a combination of short- and long-term incentive compensation to reward near-term excellent performance and to encourage executives' commitment to NCI's long-range, strategic business goals. We believe that the generational changes and potential mobility currently available to employees are challenges to retention that both long- and short-term incentives can address. Long-term incentives balance the emphasis on long-term versus short-term business objectives and reinforce that one should not be achieved at the expense of the other. We believe that long-term incentive compensation helps to further NCI's compensation objectives, including the retention of high-performing, experienced executives whose interests are strongly aligned with the interests of shareholders. The combination of performance components and vesting over time help to ensure that the value received by executives depends on strong Company performance over time.

Elements of Compensation

The principal elements of compensation provided to executives historically have consisted of a base salary supplemented with the opportunity to earn a bonus under NCI's annual cash bonus program (the Bonus Program) and long-term incentive compensation in the form of stock options and restricted stock under NCI's 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (the Incentive Plan). NCI also has provided supplemental retirement benefits to certain of its executives and, in fiscal 2006, NCI adopted a deferred compensation program under which NCI may make matching and other contributions to participants' accounts based on their deferrals and contributions to the Company's 401(k) plan. We also provide limited perquisites that enhance the Company's ability to be competitive in attracting and retaining talented executive officers and allow executive officers more time to focus on business objectives.

Determination of Compensation Programs and Amounts

Our decisions regarding executive compensation are based primarily on our assessment of each executive's leadership and operational performance and potential to enhance long-term value to NCI's shareholders. We rely on our judgment and the judgment of Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers about each individual in determining the number and combination of compensation elements and whether each payment or award appropriately encourages and rewards performance. Key factors affecting our judgment include:

performance compared to the financial, operational and strategic goals established for NCI and the executive's reporting unit at the beginning of the year;

the nature, scope and level of the executive's responsibilities;

individual contribution to the company's financial results, particularly with respect to key measures such as cash flow, revenue, earnings and return on assets;

effectiveness in leading NCI's initiatives to enhance quality and value provided to customers; and

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individual contribution to a culture of honesty, integrity and compliance with NCI's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and applicable laws.

We also consider each executive's current salary and prior-year bonus, the appropriate balance between incentives for long-term and short-term performance, and internal pay equity—in other words, the relative differences among the compensation of the executive officers. In addition, we have instituted a process of reviewing tally sheets setting forth all components of the named executive officers' compensation for the last four fiscal years and, based on current service and under several potential severance and change-in-control scenarios, the total compensation and benefits potentially payable to each, including (1) estimated total retirement benefits, (2) current value of outstanding equity-based grants, (3) estimated payouts under long-term equity grants, (4) perquisites and other personal benefits, (5) current deferred compensation balances and accruals on the deferred amounts and (6) in the cases of Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers, benefits payable under individual agreements with NCI.

Role of Management and Independent Advisors

We meet regularly in separate executive sessions without management personnel present and also request periodically that NCI officers or employees attend meetings. During 2006, Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers and other senior executives attended some Compensation Committee meetings at our request to advise us regarding NCI's performance and to recommend proposed modifications to NCI's compensation and benefits. We also relied to a certain extent on Messrs. A.R. Ginn's and Chambers' evaluations of other executive officers whose day-to-day performance is not as visible to the Committee as that of Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers.

In addition, our charter provides us sole authority to retain advisors, including compensation consultants, which we engage periodically to provide insight into compensation trends and issues and to assist in developing and maintaining compensation practices in alignment with NCI's compensation goals. During fiscal 2006, we retained Pearl Meyer & Partners and Clark Consulting (collectively referred to as the consultants) to assist us in our review of NCI's executive compensation program. Neither of the consultants advises NCI's management or receives any other compensation from NCI. The consultants conducted a compensation study at our request, and also made recommendations with respect to changes in NCI's compensation programs as well as individual compensation levels for executive officers. While we believe that using outside consultants is an efficient way for us to keep current regarding competitive compensation practices, we do not believe that we should accord undue weight to the advice of outside professional advisors. Accordingly, while the compensation study provided useful background information for our decisions regarding NCI's compensation programs, we did not in all cases follow the consultants' recommendations. We believe that changes in compensation programs and levels must be made in the context of our past compensation decisions, and that it is appropriate to observe whether the intended effects of the compensation programs are being achieved over time and take those observations into account with respect to future compensation decisions.

The compensation study included a review of NCI's base salaries, bonus levels, equity compensation program and nonqualified retirement programs and compared them to the compensation structures of companies in an industry peer group, as well as to benchmarking studies conducted by other compensation consultants. In addition, the study surveyed director compensation among the peer group. The peer group, which was selected with the assistance of Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers, consisted of: American Standard Companies Inc., American Woodmark Corporation, Ameron International Corporation, Apogee Enterprises, Inc., Drew Industries, Inc., ElkCorp, Gibraltar Industries, Inc., Griffon Corporation, Lennox International Inc., Louisiana-Pacific Corporation, Masco Corporation, Simpson Manufacturing, Inc., Weyerhaeuser Company and Worthington Industries Inc. The companies included in the peer group are companies that manufacture materials used in residential and commercial buildings, some, but not all, of which are also included in the industry index against which the Company's total stockholder return is compared in the stock performance chart included elsewhere in this proxy statement. The consultants made specific compensation recommendations for Mr. A.R. Ginn and worked with Mr. A.R. Ginn in deriving recommendations regarding compensation of Mr. Chambers and the other executive officers.

Table of Contents**Base Salary**

In establishing base salaries for NCI executives, we consider the scope of their responsibilities, taking into account competitive market compensation paid by other companies for similar positions as well as salaries paid to the executives' peers within the Company and at companies within the peer group. In addition, we review base salaries annually and make adjustments, in light of experience and performance levels among executives as well as potential for making significant contributions in the future, to ensure that salary levels remain appropriate and competitive. Because the rate of any increase in base salary levels helps to provide incentives for continuous improvement in individual performance, we view individual factors as more significant than overall Company performance in a particular year when determining base salary levels. Base salary also provides the foundation for calculating other benefits such as annual cash bonus and matching under the deferred compensation plan, so the executive's individual performance has a significant impact on both salary and the benefits derived from salary. In addition, we believe it is appropriate to set base salaries for NCI's executives to be within a range near the median of its peer group, while avoiding rigid adherence to a narrow competitive target. This allows us to respond better to changing business conditions, manage salaries more evenly over a career, and minimize the potential for automatic ratcheting up of salaries that could occur with overemphasis on benchmarked companies.

The compensation study compared the Company to the peers based on comparative revenues because in the consultants' views, revenue is the metric that is most closely correlated to base pay. The compensation study assumed a fully-integrated revenue run rate for the Company, taking into account the Company's acquisition during fiscal 2006 of Robertson-Ceco Corporation, but did not take into account incumbent performance levels of the benchmarked positions at the peer companies. In addition, the benchmark for Mr. Chambers' position was modified because Mr. Chambers' responsibilities were greater than those represented by the COO positions for the companies used in the benchmarking. The compensation study indicated that NCI's existing base salaries were slightly below the median at the 40th percentile. In approving increases in annual base salary for NCI's executive officers as part of the overall revision of NCI's compensation program during 2006, we took into account the median salaries for companies in the peer group reviewed in the 2006 compensation study but we also considered the other factors discussed above and the impact of the Robertson-Ceco acquisition on our executive officers' responsibilities.

Annual Bonus

Short-term annual cash incentive compensation is provided through NCI's Bonus Program, under which annual cash bonuses are granted to executives to reward their contributions to NCI's business during the year and help to emphasize that contributions in any year have an impact on future years. NCI's Bonus Program is tied to the specific performance metrics of return on operating assets (ROA) and increase in earnings per share (EPS Growth) for the Company, which builds cooperation and allows all business units comparable visibility into the achievement of those goals. We believe that the Bonus Program allows NCI to provide base salaries to its management group near the median of comparable rates paid by other companies in exchange for generous bonuses when warranted by NCI's performance. We also believe that EPS Growth as an additional bonus criterion for top management provides incentives to maximize stockholder value and growth, while ROA provides incentives to aggressively manage assets in relation to income and expenses. The calculations of ROA and EPS Growth generally exclude non-cash, non-recurring expenses. The Bonus Program provides that ROA is calculated by dividing (a) earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) plus deferred financing costs and other approved nonrecurring expenses by (b) assets, excluding cash, deferred taxes and goodwill. We believe that the Bonus Program's calculation of ROA rewards employees and management for the underlying operational performance of the Company, without regard to accounting requirements over which most employees have no control.

During fiscal 2006, executive-level participants were eligible for annual cash bonuses equal to a percentage of their respective base salaries, contingent upon NCI's achievement of a minimum ROA or a minimum EPS Growth for the fiscal year. Under the Bonus Program as in effect for fiscal 2006, no bonuses would be paid unless either (i) ROA was at least 14% or (ii) EPS Growth was at least 10%. The percentage of base salary payable as a bonus increased proportionately with increases in the ROA and EPS Growth achieved.

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There is no cap on the amount of an individual bonus. However, total bonuses for all employees may not exceed 15% of the Company's adjusted pre-tax profit, calculated in accordance with the Bonus Program, before accrual for bonuses and before stock compensation expense under the Incentive Plan. During fiscal 2006, we approved amendments to the Bonus Program that take into account NCI's adoption of SFAS 123(R), which requires the Company to recognize expense related to stock option grants. The amended Bonus Plan provides that, for fiscal 2006 and thereafter, stock compensation expense under the Incentive Plan would be excluded from the calculation of adjusted pre-tax profit, which provides the basis for determination of the maximum bonus pool. We also amended the Bonus Program to provide that, solely for the purposes of the calculation of EPS Growth for fiscal 2006, Adjusted EPS (as defined in the Bonus Program) for fiscal 2005 shall be calculated to reflect the pro forma impact of the Company's stock option grants using the fair value method under SFAS 123(R), as set forth in the Company's audited financial statements for fiscal 2005. In addition, because the number of NCI employees eligible for bonuses increased significantly with NCI's acquisition during fiscal 2006 of Robertson-Ceco Corporation, the amended Bonus Plan provides for a minimum bonus pool of \$2,850,000 for non-management employees, to be paid only if the Company's adjusted pre-tax profit is equal to or greater than \$36 million.

The following table illustrates the effects of varying levels of ROA and EPS Growth for executives:

EPS Growth	ROA	Percentage of Salary for Executives	Percentage of Salary for Senior Executives	Percentage of Salary for Mr. Ginn and Mr. Chambers
0%	10%	0%	0%	0%
0%	14%	16%	24%	32%
5%	14%	21%	31.5%	42%
10%	0%	0%	0%	0%
10%	5%	8%	12%	16%
10%	14%	26%	39%	52%
20%	25%	58%	87%	116%
30%	35%	88%	132%	176%

In addition, middle management participants are eligible under the Bonus Program for cash bonuses equal to a percentage of their respective base salaries, depending on NCI's achievement of a minimum 14% ROA for the fiscal year. For fiscal 2006, the Company achieved ROA of 26% and EPS Growth of 42% (as compared to fiscal 2005 as adjusted for SFAS 123(R) on a pro forma basis) and paid bonuses to executive officers of 164% of target. For fiscal 2007, we have amended the Bonus Program to provide a minimum threshold of 16% ROA.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation

NCI's long-term incentive compensation is provided under the Incentive Plan, a shareholder-approved equity-based compensation plan that allows NCI to grant a variety of awards, including stock options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, performance share awards, phantom stock awards and performance-based and other cash awards.

We believe that equity awards must be sufficient in size to provide a strong, long-term performance and retention incentive for executives and to increase their vested interest in the Company. The value of the equity awards granted to executives is based on Company results and individual performance assessments. The number of shares held by an executive is not a factor that is used in determining subsequent grants. We believe that annual grants at a competitive level, along with significant vesting requirements, are effective rewards for long-term commitment. In addition, annual grants of equity reinforce ownership levels and alignment with shareholder interests.

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Four-year Vesting Grants. During 2006, we amended NCI's policy regarding awards of options and restricted stock to provide for annual restricted stock awards in lieu of semi-annual awards of stock options, and to add a performance-based component to restricted stock awards. The total number of shares granted under this approach is substantially less than the number that would be required under an option program designed to deliver equivalent levels of compensation. However, the alternative of using options is retained under the Incentive Plan. We also increased grant levels for equity compensation to bring such compensation levels to a total direct compensation level that was near the middle of the market for the peer group.

The compensation study recommended incorporating a performance standard into the Company's equity compensation program for senior executives. Under the new policy, a portion of each senior executive's target restricted stock award is a fixed amount and the remaining portion is contingent upon performance, as measured by the average rate of growth in NCI's earnings per share over the trailing three fiscal years ended prior to the award date. We believe that the multi-year approach is appropriate in light of the cyclical nature of the building industry. However, in light of the fact that the hurdles in the company's Bonus Program are sufficiently high that there have been in the past and are expected to be years in the future where no bonuses have been paid, we believe that it is important to provide at least a minimum long-term incentive award each year.

Target restricted stock awards for each of Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers and Ms. Hawes are 50% fixed and 50% contingent, and for all other senior executives, restricted stock awards are 60% fixed and 40% contingent. The contingent portion of restricted stock awards may be adjusted to a maximum of 150% or decreased to zero, depending on the growth rate in NCI's earnings per share over the most recent three fiscal years. For fiscal 2006, a minimum floor earnings per share growth of 5% was required to receive any of the contingent portion of the target award. If 5% growth were achieved, the executive would receive 15% of the contingent portion of the target award. The target payout of 100% of the contingent portion would be awarded if 35% earnings per share growth were achieved, and a maximum of 150% of the contingent portion of the target award would be made if 50% earnings per share growth were achieved, with incremental adjustments for intermediate results.

On the grant date, the number of shares awarded is equal to the dollar value approved by the Committee (after adjustment with regard to the variable portion) divided by the closing price of NCI's stock on the grant date. Restricted stock awards vest in four equal annual installments beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date, and total awards are subject to an annual limitation equal to 7% of the adjusted pre-tax profit (calculated as provided for under the amended Bonus Program) for the preceding fiscal year.

In determining the target value of equity-based awards, we considered the 2006 compensation study, the number of shares available for distribution under the program and the overall dilutive effect of the equity-based grants. We also considered the market overhang and burn rate resulting from equity compensation levels as compared to peers. In determining whether to make equity-based awards to executives, we also considered other factors, including an executive's total compensation and current ownership stake in the Company, the degree to which increasing that ownership stake would provide the executive with additional incentives for future performance, the likelihood that the grant of an award would encourage the executive to remain with the Company and the value of the executive's service to the Company. Taking into account those factors, we approved a policy of granting equity-based awards with a target value of \$1 million for Mr. A.R. Ginn, \$500,000 for Mr. Chambers and within a range from \$150,000 to \$250,000 for other executives for fiscal 2006. Based on three-year growth in earnings per share of 51%, all awards were made at the maximum payout levels of 150%.

NCI awarded options in December 2005, before we amended the Incentive Plan award policy. The number of shares subject to the option granted on each grant date was determined by dividing the dollar value granted by the exercise price and rounding to the nearest full share. The most senior executives, including Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers, elected to receive restricted stock awards for a number of shares equal to one-half of the option award they otherwise would have received. In fiscal 2006, NCI granted a total of 7,273 options to purchase common stock and 9,401 restricted shares to executive officers.

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Long-Term Restricted Stock Grants. We have awarded long-term restricted stock grants to certain NCI executives whose contributions are particularly critical to the Company's performance. These awards provide significant incentives to the executives to remain with NCI until retirement, and they further align the executives' interests with those of NCI's shareholders.

The following named executive officers have received special long-term restricted stock awards:

	Long-Term Restricted Stock Award		
	Shares Granted	Date Granted	Vesting
A. R. Ginn	75,000	May 2004	January 2008
Norman C. Chambers	64,516	April 2004	Retirement at or after age 65
Kelly R. Ginn	54,526	August 2003	Retirement at or after age 65

We recommended Mr. A.R. Ginn's award in connection with a decision in 2004 to increase his overall compensation. Because of his potential to succeed to the role of CEO, we recommended the award to Mr. Chambers to align his interests with those of NCI shareholders and to provide an incentive for Mr. Chambers to remain in NCI's employ until he retires. In addition to the awards described above, we have recommended long-term restricted stock awards totaling 50,000 shares for other executives.

Non-compete covenants. The terms of both the four-year vesting and long-term restricted stock awards provide that grantees must comply with a covenant not to compete with NCI for five years immediately following his receipt of any vested shares under the award. If an executive breaches his covenant not to compete, he must either return all awarded shares to NCI, or, if he no longer owns them, pay NCI the current market value of the number of shares awarded under the agreement.

Timing of Equity Grants. NCI's policy provides for an annual grant of restricted stock on December 15th of each year, which is usually approximately one week after the release of NCI's annual financial results to the public. We believe that the timing of such grants allows NCI's financial results to be fully reflected in the market value of the NCI's common stock on the date of grant, and lessens the possibility that there will be material nonpublic information that is not reflected in the market price of NCI's common stock on the date of grant.

Retirement Benefits

In connection with the 2006 compensation study, we determined that NCI's retirement benefits were not sufficiently competitive. Although some NCI executives receive benefits through NCI's supplemental retirement plan, and others have received long-term restricted stock grants, most executives had only the option of participating in NCI's 401(k) plan. Because of limitations imposed by U.S. tax laws, Company matching under the NCI 401(k) plan is of limited benefit to executives. In addition, NCI's deferred compensation plan, which the board adopted at the beginning of fiscal 2006, did not provide matching contributions. Further, the majority of the peers in the compensation study have active supplemental executive retirement programs that replace an average of 47% of salary upon retirement. We believe that benefit programs that address the unique circumstances of executives in light of limitations imposed on benefits payable from qualified welfare, profit-sharing and retirement plans are critical in attracting and retaining quality executives.

Deferred Compensation Plan

In early fiscal 2006, we approved NCI's original deferred compensation plan, which allowed NCI officers and key employees to defer up to 25% of their annual salaries and up to 90% of their bonuses, and allowed NCI's directors to defer up to 100% of their annual fees and meeting attendance fees, until a specified date in the future, including at or after retirement. Under the plan as initially adopted, amounts deferred earned interest at a rate equal to the three-month LIBOR rate plus 3%.

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To provide executives an appropriate level of replacement income upon retirement, we approved amendments to NCI's deferred compensation plan in September 2006. The amended and restated deferred compensation plan increased the permitted annual salary deferral of officers and key employees to 80% and added performance-based matching awards. The amended and restated plan also permits NCI to make contributions on behalf of NCI executives affected by compensation limits under the federal tax laws governing NCI's 401(k) plan. NCI will match between 4% and 6% of compensation in excess of those limits, depending on the Company's performance. In addition, the amended and restated plan allows discretionary matching contributions to provide a supplemental retirement benefit to executives. It is our current intention to make discretionary matching contributions provided that NCI achieves ROA for fiscal 2007 of 26%, as calculated under the Bonus Program. If target ROA is achieved, we will match the percentage of an executive officer's salary and bonus that he has voluntarily deferred under the plan, up to a maximum of 12.5%.

All NCI executives, including those with long-term restricted stock awards, are eligible for the portion of the plan designed to provide matching contributions not available under NCI's 401(k) plan. However, because the long-term restricted stock awards effectively provide a retirement benefit, Messrs. A.R. Ginn, Chambers and other executives who have received long-term restricted stock awards will not receive discretionary matching contributions under the amended and restated plan until the value of the contributions that would otherwise have been made, with attributed earnings, exceed the value of the restricted stock grants as determined by the compensation committee.

The amended and restated deferred compensation plan will be effective for compensation beginning in calendar 2007. NCI's board also approved the establishment of a rabbi trust (to secure NCI's obligations under the deferred compensation plan) and the formation of an administrative committee to manage the deferred compensation plan and its assets.

Supplemental Retirement Benefits

We maintain a supplemental retirement plan, which is a nonqualified, unfunded benefit plan under which designated key employees are eligible to receive monthly benefits following their retirement with us. If a participating key employee dies before retirement, his designated beneficiary is eligible to receive monthly or annual pre-retirement survivor benefits. Our board of directors determines the amount of retirement benefit to be payable to an eligible employee at the time our board of directors designates the employee as eligible to participate in our supplemental retirement plan. Generally, a participant becomes vested in his retirement benefit under the supplemental plan at the rate of 20% for each year of service with us and becomes fully vested upon his disability or upon a change in control of NCI. Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Maddox, among others, are currently participants in our supplemental retirement plan. NCI maintains life insurance policies to be used to discharge its obligations under its supplemental retirement plan. Mr. A.R. Ginn and Mr. Maddox have each agreed not to compete with us during the ten-year periods during which they are to receive the benefits payable under the supplemental retirement plan.

Other Compensation

Termination and Change-in-Control Payments

Each of Messrs. A.R. Ginn and Chambers has agreements with the Company providing that if such executive is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason, the executive will continue to receive payments due for the remaining term of the agreement. Further, Mr. Chambers agreement provides that if Mr. Chambers is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason within two years after a change in control, then he will be entitled to, within seven days of such termination, a lump-sum payment equal to the present value of all future payments of base salary as then in effect owed to him under the employment agreement. Further, the terms of the Company's long-term restricted stock awards provide that the restricted shares will vest immediately if there is a change in control of NCI or if the employee is terminated without cause or for good reason. Please see Executive Compensation Chambers Employment Agreement and Ginn Retirement Agreement for more information regarding the circumstances under which those payments would be made.

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Perquisites and Personal Benefits

The Company offers limited perquisites or personal benefits. However, in lieu of a salary increase in 2000, Mr. A.R. Ginn received the right to use Company-owned aircraft for a maximum of 40 hours per year. The incremental cost to the Company of his use of Company aircraft for personal travel is reflected in the summary compensation table.

Gross-Ups

NCI does not provide for any tax assistance or gross-ups for its executives. In connection with the compensation study, the Committee analyzed the potential costs of any such gross-ups, including for any excise tax potentially payable by an executive under Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code. The consultant noted that the lack of any gross-up could potentially limit the intended benefit to the executives and that such gross-ups are common among the peer group. However, the Committee has determined that at this time the relative benefits of such a gross-up to the executive are not commensurate with the cost of the gross-up to the Company.

CEO Compensation

We are directly responsible for determining the salary level of the CEO and all awards and grants to the CEO under the Bonus Program, Incentive Plan and deferred compensation plan. We believe that NCI in recent years has experienced challenges caused by depressed economic conditions, increased competition and extreme volatility in the price of steel. Accordingly, the overall compensation package for the CEO is designed to motivate and reward the CEO for driving the Company to strengthen its competitive position in the nonresidential construction market, and a significant portion of the CEO's compensation is incentive-based, providing greater compensation as direct and indirect measures of shareholder value increase. The CEO's overall compensation package has also been set at a level that we believe provides appropriate differentiation between CEO compensation and the compensation of other executive officers hired from time to time.

As announced in October 2006, Mr. A.R. Ginn stepped down from the Chief Executive Officer position at the end of calendar 2006. At a meeting held on October 23, 2006, we recommended and NCI's board of directors approved a separation and consulting agreement between Mr. A.R. Ginn and NCI. We believe that retaining Mr. A.R. Ginn's expertise based on his more than 40 years of experience in the industry is of significant value to the Company.

The consulting agreement provides that as of January 1, 2008, Mr. A.R. Ginn, who resigned as CEO of NCI December 31, 2006, will remain as Chairman of the Board of NCI until December 31, 2007. Mr. A.R. Ginn will then serve as a consultant to NCI through December 31, 2017. The consulting agreement provides that, during the year ended December 31, 2007, Mr. A.R. Ginn will continue to receive or be eligible for his compensation in effect during his service as CEO, including base salary, bonus, deferred compensation, restricted stock awards and participation in all of the Company's health and welfare benefit programs available to executives, will receive an annual salary of \$200,000 for each of 2008 and 2009 and of \$100,000 for 2010 through 2017, and Mr. A.R. Ginn and his spouse will remain eligible under NCI's group health and medical benefit plans throughout this period.

Mr. A.R. Ginn's restricted stock other than his long-term award of 75,000 shares and supplemental retirement benefits existing on December 31, 2006 vested in full upon his retirement as CEO. Mr. A.R. Ginn's long-term restricted stock award will vest in accordance with its terms on January 1, 2008. Any additional restricted stock Mr. A.R. Ginn receives will vest over four years.

The Board has elected Norman C. Chambers to succeed Mr. A.R. Ginn as CEO. Mr. Chambers' compensation has been and will be determined by the committee in accordance with the principles described in this report. Information on Mr. Chambers' compensation for 2006, during which he served as President and COO of NCI, is set forth in the compensation tables. In recognition of Mr. Chambers' increased

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responsibilities as CEO, we approved an increase in Mr. Chambers' base salary for fiscal 2007 to \$700,000 per annum, and increased the target value of his restricted stock award for fiscal 2007 to \$750,000.

Deductibility of Compensation

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, imposes a \$1 million limit on the amount that a public company may deduct for compensation paid to the company's chief executive officer or any of the company's four other most highly compensated executive officers employed as of the end of the year. This limitation does not apply to compensation that is paid only if the executive's performance meets pre-established objective goals based on performance criteria approved by stockholders. We have taken action, where possible and considered appropriate, to preserve the deductibility of compensation paid to the Company's executive officers. The Company generally will be entitled to deduct compensation relating to cash incentives, option awards under the Incentive Plan, matching under NCI's deferred compensation plan and other performance-based awards. We have also awarded compensation that might not be fully tax deductible if we determined that grants were nonetheless in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. While the Company seeks to take advantage of favorable tax treatment for executive compensation where appropriate, we believe that the primary drivers for determining the amount and form of executive compensation must be the retention and motivation of superior executive talent.

We will continue to review the Company's executive compensation practices and will seek to preserve tax deductions for executive compensation to the extent consistent with our objective of providing compensation arrangements necessary and appropriate to foster achievement of the Company's business goals.

Summary

Based on our review, we find that NCI's compensation program for the CEO and the other named executive officers (and, in the case of the severance and change-in-control scenarios, the potential payouts) continues to be competitive, reasonable and not excessive.

This report is submitted by the members of the Compensation Committee.

WILLIAM D. BREEDLOVE

GARY L. FORBES

PHILIP J. HAWK

W. B. PIEPER

JOHN K. STERLING

In accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, the above report of the Compensation Committee shall not be deemed to be soliciting material or to be filed with the SEC or subject to Regulations 14A or 14C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, notwithstanding any general incorporation by reference of this proxy statement into any other filed document.

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STOCK PERFORMANCE CHART

The following chart compares the yearly percentage change in the cumulative stockholder return on our common stock from October 31, 2001 to the end of the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006 with the cumulative total return on the New York Stock Exchange Index and the Coredata Industry Group 634 General Building Materials, a peer group. The comparison assumes \$100 was invested on October 31, 2001 in our common stock and in each of the foregoing indices and assumes reinvestment of dividends.

In accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, the above stock performance chart shall not be deemed to be soliciting material or to be filed with the SEC or subject to Regulations 14A or 14C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, notwithstanding any general incorporation by reference of this proxy statement into any other filed document.

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The following table sets forth the number of shares of our common stock reserved for issuance under our equity compensation plans as of the end of fiscal 2006:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	901,159	\$ 27.43	1,062,768
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
Total	901,159	\$ 27.43	1,062,768

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Independence and Meetings

We have a majority of independent directors on our board of directors as required by the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. Our board of directors has determined, after considering all of the relevant facts and circumstances, that Messrs. Breedlove, Forbes, Hawk, Lukens, Martinez, Pieper and Sterling are independent from our management, as independence is defined by the rules and regulations of the SEC and the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. This means that none of the independent directors have any direct or indirect material relationship with us, either directly or as a partner, stockholder or officer of an organization that has a relationship with us. Other than as disclosed below, none of the directors whom our board has determined are independent have any relationships with NCI. Our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has carefully reviewed each of the relationships discussed below, and on its recommendation, the members of our board of directors have unanimously determined (with the directors affected abstaining) that such relationships are not material.

Until May 2004, Mr. Sterling was a general partner in the law firm of Gardere Wynne Sewell LLP, and he served in an of-counsel position with Gardere from May 2004 until his resignation from the firm, which was effective upon his election to our board of directors. Mr. Sterling's spouse is, and was at all times during our 2006 fiscal year, a general partner at Gardere. Gardere has performed legal services for us in each of our last three fiscal years. Our board of directors has determined that our prior and current relationship with Gardere is not material. In making such determination, the board of directors considered the independent nature that Mr. Sterling had exhibited during his many years as outside counsel to the Company, the fact that Mr. Sterling resigned from all positions with Gardere effective upon his election to the board, and the fact that the retirement payments Mr. Sterling received from Gardere through May 2006 were fixed payments not affected by any potential ongoing engagement of Gardere as counsel for the Company, and the fact that the legal fees NCI has paid to Gardere were significantly less than 1% of Gardere's total firm revenues for each of its last three fiscal years.

Mr. Forbes has an equity interest in VeriCenter, Inc., a service provider for NCI's disaster recovery plan. Our board of directors has determined that this relationship is not material. In making this determination, the board considered the fact that Mr. Forbes's ownership interest is approximately 0.03% of VeriCenter's outstanding equity interests, and the payments to be made by NCI over the course of its contract with VeriCenter are anticipated to be less than 0.5% of VeriCenter's annual revenues.

Our board of directors met seven times during the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006. No director attended fewer than 75% of the aggregate of (i) the total number of meetings of the board of directors (held during the period for which he has been a director) and (ii) the total number of meetings held by all committees of the board on which he served (during the periods that he served). It is our policy to schedule a meeting of the board of directors on the date of the Annual Meeting, and we encourage all of our directors to attend that meeting. All of our current directors attended last year's Annual Meeting.

Our independent directors meet without the presence of management at regularly scheduled executive sessions. These executive sessions occur before or after regularly scheduled meetings of our board of directors. The presiding director of these executive sessions is the Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, currently Mr. Pieper. For information on how you can communicate with our non-management directors, please see [Communications With Our Board](#).

Board Committees

Our board of directors has appointed four committees—the Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

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Executive Committee

The Executive Committee is generally authorized to act on behalf of our board of directors between scheduled meetings of our board of directors to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware corporate law; provided, however, that the Executive Committee does not have the authority to commit over \$5.0 million of our resources with respect to a single matter or an aggregate of \$20.0 million for all matters between regularly scheduled meetings, approve amendments to our charter or By-laws or approve specified extraordinary corporate transactions. The Executive Committee operates under a charter adopted by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at www.ncilp.com under the heading Investor Relations Corporate Governance.

During fiscal 2006, the members of the Executive Committee were Mr. Forbes, Mr. Chambers and Mr. A.R. Ginn, with Mr. A.R. Ginn serving as Chairman. The Executive Committee met 14 times during the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for engaging and discharging the independent auditors and for monitoring audit functions and procedures. The Audit Committee provides assistance to the board of directors regarding the corporate accounting and reporting practices of NCI and the quality and integrity of its financial reports. The members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Forbes, Mr. Hawk, Mr. Lukens and Mr. Martinez, with Mr. Forbes serving as Chairman. The Audit Committee met five times during the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006.

The Audit Committee is composed solely of directors who are not our officers or employees, have the requisite financial literacy to serve on the Audit Committee, as determined by our board of directors, and whom our board of directors has determined are independent under the standards of the New York Stock Exchange and the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Our board of directors, after reviewing all of the relevant facts, circumstances and attributes, has determined that Gary L. Forbes, the Chairman of our Audit Committee, is the audit committee financial expert on the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee operates under an Audit Committee Charter adopted by our board of directors, a copy of which is included as Annex A to this proxy statement and is also available on our website at www.ncilp.com under the heading Investor Relations Corporate Governance.

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee is responsible for reviewing and making recommendations to our board of directors on all matters relating to compensation and benefits provided to executive management. The members of the Compensation Committee are Mr. Breedlove, Mr. Forbes, Mr. Hawk, Mr. Pieper and Mr. Sterling, with Mr. Breedlove serving as Chairman. The Compensation Committee met six times during the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006.

The Compensation Committee is composed solely of directors who are not our officers or employees and whom our board of directors have determined are independent under the standards of the New York Stock Exchange and the rules and regulations of the SEC.

The Compensation Committee operates under a Compensation Committee Charter adopted by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at www.ncilp.com under the heading Investor Relations Corporate Governance.

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Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing and interviewing qualified candidates to serve on our board of directors and to make nominations to fill vacancies on our board of directors and to select the management nominees for the directors to be elected by our stockholders at each Annual Meeting. In addition, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for evaluating, implementing and overseeing the standards and guidelines for the governance of the Company, including monitoring compliance with those standards and guidelines, as well as overseeing succession planning and evaluating the performance of our board of directors. The members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are Mr. Breedlove, Mr. Lukens, Mr. Martinez, Mr. Sterling, and Mr. Pieper, with Mr. Pieper serving as the Chairman. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee met three times during the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is composed solely of directors who are not our officers or employees and whom our board of directors has determined are independent under the standards of the New York Stock Exchange and the rules and regulations of the SEC.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee operates under a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Charter adopted by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at www.ncilp.com under the heading Investor Relations Corporate Governance. Our Corporate Governance Guidelines adopted by our board of directors, a copy of which is included as Annex B to this proxy statement, include the criteria our board of directors believes are important in the selection of director nominees.

Our board of directors believes that a nominee for director should be, about to be or have been a senior manager, chief operating officer, chief financial officer or chief executive officer of a relatively complex organization such as a corporation, university, foundation or governmental entity or unit or, if in a professional or scientific capacity, be accustomed to dealing with complex problems, or otherwise have obtained and excelled in a position of leadership. In addition, directors and nominees for director should have the education, experience, intelligence, independence, fairness, reasoning ability, practical wisdom and vision to exercise sound, mature judgments on a macro and entrepreneurial basis and should have high personal and professional ethics, strength of character, integrity and values. Directors and nominees for director also should be free and willing to attend regularly scheduled meetings of our board of directors and its committees and otherwise able to contribute a reasonable amount of time to our affairs, with participation on other boards of directors encouraged to provide breadth of experience to our board of directors. The age at the time of election of any nominee for director should be such to assure a minimum of three years of service as a director.

In identifying and evaluating nominees for director, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee first looks at the overall size and structure of our board of directors to determine the need to add or remove directors and to determine if there are any specific qualities or skills that would complement the existing strengths of our board of directors.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee uses multiple sources for identifying and evaluating nominees for directors including referrals from our current directors and management, as well as input from third party executive search firms. The Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and our Chairman of the Board will then interview qualified candidates. Qualified candidates are then invited to meet the remaining members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The remaining directors also have an opportunity to meet and interview qualified candidates. The Nominating Committee then determines, based on the background information and the information obtained in the interviews, whether to recommend to the board of directors that a candidate be nominated to our board of directors.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider qualified nominees recommended by stockholders, who may submit recommendations to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee in care of our Chairman of the Board and Secretary at our address set forth on page

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one of this proxy statement. To be considered by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, stockholder nominations must be submitted before our fiscal year-end and must be accompanied by a description of the qualifications of the proposed candidate and a written statement from the proposed candidate that he or she is willing to be nominated and desires to serve, if elected. Nominees for director who are recommended by our stockholders will be evaluated in the same manner as any other nominee for director.

Nominations by stockholders may also be made at an Annual Meeting of Stockholders in the manner provided in our By-laws. Our By-laws provide that a stockholder entitled to vote for the election of directors may make nominations of persons for election to our board of directors at a meeting of stockholders by complying with required notice procedures. Nominations must be made by written notice and the notice must be received at our principal executive offices not less than 75 or more than 85 days before any Annual Meeting of Stockholders. If, however, notice or prior public disclosure of an Annual Meeting is given or made less than 75 days before the date of the Annual Meeting, the notice must be received no later than the 10th day following the date of mailing of the notice of the Annual Meeting or the date of public disclosure of the date of the Annual Meeting, whichever is earlier.

The notice must specify:

as to each person the stockholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director:

the name, age, business address and residence address of the person;

the principal occupation or employment of the person;

the class and number of shares of our capital stock that are owned of record or beneficially by the person; and

any other information relating to the person that is required to be disclosed in solicitations for proxies for election of directors under Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act; and

as to the stockholder giving the notice:

the name and record address of the stockholder and any other stockholder known to be supporting the nominee; and

the class and number of shares of our capital stock that are owned of record or beneficially by the stockholder making the nomination and by any other supporting stockholders.

We may require that the proposed nominee furnish us with other information as we may reasonably request to assist us in determining the eligibility of the proposed nominee to serve as a director. At any meeting of stockholders, the presiding officer may disregard the purported nomination of any person not made in compliance with these procedures.

Compensation of Directors

Directors of NCI who are employees of NCI do not receive compensation as directors. In addition to the expenses incurred to attend and/or participate in meetings, we pay non-employee directors the following amounts:

Annual Retainer Fee	\$ 35,000
Board Meeting Fee	\$ 3,000
Committee Meeting Fee (in the absence of board meeting on the same day)	\$ 1,500
Executive Committee Fee (in the absence of board meeting on the same day)	\$ 750
Chairman of Audit Committee	\$ 15,000
Chairman of Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee	\$ 10,000
Chairman of Compensation Committee	\$ 10,000

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In addition, each non-employee director receives grants of restricted stock having a fair market value of \$60,000 under our 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan on December 15 of each year, provided that the non-employee director has served as a director for at least six months.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Our board of directors has adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines to address significant corporate governance issues, a copy of which is included as Annex B to this proxy statement. These guidelines provide a framework for our corporate governance initiatives and cover topics including, but not limited to, director qualification and responsibilities, board of director composition, director compensation and management and succession planning. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for overseeing and reviewing the guidelines and reporting and recommending to our board of directors any changes to the guidelines. You may obtain copies of the charters for our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Executive Committee and our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, and our Corporate Governance Guidelines, free of charge, from our website at www.ncilp.com under the heading "Investor Relations Corporate Governance" or by writing to the Investor Relations Administrator, NCI Building Systems, Inc., 10943 North Sam Houston Parkway West, Houston, Texas 77064.

Our board of directors has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, which is designed to help officers, directors and employees resolve ethical issues in an increasingly complex business environment. The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is applicable to all of our officers, directors and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller and other persons performing similar functions. The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics covers topics, including but not limited to, conflicts of interest, confidentiality of information and compliance with laws and regulations. Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is available, free of charge, on our website, along with other corporate governance information, at www.ncilp.com under the heading "Investor Relations Corporate Governance". You may also obtain a copy by writing to Investor Relations Administrator at the address above.

Waivers from our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics are discouraged, but any waivers from the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that relate to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller and other persons performing similar functions or any other executive officer or director must be approved by our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, which is composed solely of directors whom we believe are independent of management, and will be posted on our website at www.ncilp.com within four business days of any such waiver.

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COMMUNICATIONS WITH OUR BOARD

Any stockholder or interested party who wishes to communicate with our board of directors or any specific directors, including non-management directors, may write to:

Board of Directors

NCI Building Systems, Inc.

10943 North Sam Houston Parkway West

Houston, TX 77064

Depending on the subject matter, management will:

forward the communication to the director or directors to whom it is addressed (for example, if the communication received deals with questions, concerns or complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters, it will be forwarded by management to the Chairman of the Audit Committee for review);

attempt to handle the inquiry directly, for example where it is a request for information about us or our operations or it is a stock-related matter that does not appear to require direct attention by our board of directors or an individual director; or

not forward the communication if it is primarily commercial in nature or if it relates to an improper or irrelevant topic (in accordance with the explicit instructions of our non-management directors).

At each meeting of the board of directors, our Chairman of the Board presents a summary of all communications received since the last meeting of the board of directors that were not forwarded and makes those communications available to any director on request.

SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and officers, and persons who own more than 10% of our common stock, to file initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership with the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange. These persons are required by the Exchange Act to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file.

Based solely on our review of the copies of the forms received by us with respect to fiscal 2006, or written representations from the reporting persons, none of these reporting persons was late with respect to any required filings, except for (i) Ms. Hawes, who was late with respect to one filing on Form 4 relating to one transaction (tax withholding upon vesting of restricted shares) and (ii) Mr. Johnson, who was late with respect to one filing on Form 4 relating to one transaction (a grant of restricted stock). In 2005, Mr. Sterling was late with respect to one filing on Form 4 relating to one transaction (a grant of restricted stock).

TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND AFFILIATES

With respect to transactions between us and our Named Executive Officers, please see Executive Compensation Employment and Change-in-Control Agreements. With respect to transactions between us and certain members of our board of directors, please see Board of Directors Independence and Meetings.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE AND AUDITORS

Report of the Audit Committee

We have reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements of NCI for fiscal 2006 with management. We also have discussed the audited financial statements with Ernst & Young LLP, NCI's independent registered public accountants. Our discussions with Ernst & Young LLP included, among other things, discussions relating to those topics set forth in the Codification of Statements on Auditing Standards, AU§380, Communication with Audit Committees or Others with Equivalent Authority and Responsibility, including but not limited to, the auditor's responsibility under generally accepted auditing standards, the processes used by our management in formulating accounting estimates, significant adjustments made during the audit, any disagreements with our management and any difficulties encountered by the independent auditors in performing the audit. We also reviewed written disclosures from Ernst & Young LLP required by Independence Standards Board Standard No. 1 (*Independence Discussions with Audit Committees*) and relating to any and all relationships between it and NCI, and we discussed with Ernst & Young LLP any relationship that might affect the objectivity or independence of Ernst & Young LLP. Based on those discussions, we are not aware of any relationship between Ernst & Young LLP and NCI that affects the objectivity or independence of Ernst & Young LLP.

Based on those discussions and review, we recommended to the board of directors that the audited financial statements for fiscal 2006 be included in NCI's 2006 Annual Report to Stockholders. We have appointed Ernst & Young LLP as NCI's independent auditors for fiscal 2007, and have submitted the appointment for shareholder ratification.

We also reviewed and discussed the fees paid to NCI's independent auditors during fiscal 2006 for audit and non-audit services, which fees and services are described below under the title *Our Independent Auditors and Fees*, and have determined that the provision of the non-audit services and the fees that we pay for them are compatible with maintaining Ernst & Young LLP's independence.

This report is submitted by the members of the Audit Committee.

GARY L. FORBES

PHILIP J. HAWK

MAX L. LUKENS

GEORGE MARTINEZ

In accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, the above report of the Audit Committee shall not be deemed to be soliciting material or to be filed with the SEC or subject to Regulations 14A or 14C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, notwithstanding any general incorporation by reference of this proxy statement into any other filed document.

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Our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and Audit Fees

Ernst & Young LLP served as our independent registered public accountants for fiscal 2006. A representative of Ernst & Young LLP is expected to attend our Annual Meeting and will have the opportunity to make a statement if he so desires and will be available to answer appropriate stockholder questions.

Audit Fees. We incurred fees of \$1,784,235 during fiscal 2006 and \$1,221,435 during fiscal 2005 for Ernst & Young LLP's independent audit of our annual financial statements, review of the financial statements contained in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and assistance regarding other SEC filings. All of the audit services provided to us by Ernst & Young LLP during fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

Audit-Related Fees. We incurred fees of \$60,335 during fiscal 2006 and \$146,891 during fiscal 2005 for other services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP that are reasonably related to its audit and review of our financial statements, including reviews of internal control design and operation and assistance in evaluating the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. All of the audit-related services provided to us by Ernst & Young LLP during fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

Tax Fees. We incurred fees of \$8,251 during fiscal 2006 and \$35,938 during fiscal 2005 for Ernst & Young LLP's professional services related to federal and state tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. All of these services are permitted non-audit services. All of the tax-related services provided to us by Ernst & Young LLP for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

All Other Fees. We incurred fees of \$29,880 during fiscal 2006 and \$52,110 during fiscal 2005 for tax consulting services rendered by Ernst & Young LLP. All of the tax consulting services provided to us by Ernst & Young LLP for fiscal 2006 and fiscal 2005 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures for Audit and Non-Audit Services

The Audit Committee has developed policies and procedures concerning its pre-approval of the performance of audit and non-audit services for us by Ernst & Young LLP. These policies and procedures provide that the Audit Committee must pre-approve all audit and permitted non-audit services (including the fees and terms thereof) to be performed for us by Ernst & Young LLP, subject to the de minimus exception for non-audit services described in Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are approved by the Audit Committee before the completion of the audit. In pre-approving all audit services and permitted non-audit services, the Audit Committee or a delegated member must consider whether the provision of the permitted non-audit services is compatible with maintaining the independence of Ernst & Young LLP and its status as our independent auditors.

The Audit Committee has delegated to its members the authority to consider and approve management proposals for the engagement of Ernst & Young LLP to perform certain permitted non-audit services for fees of up to an aggregate of \$25,000 between quarterly meetings of the Audit Committee; provided that those pre-approvals are presented to the entire Audit Committee at its then next regularly scheduled meeting. Management proposals arising between quarterly Audit Committee meetings are presented for pre-approval to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Gary Forbes, and in the event of his unavailability, to another member of the Audit Committee.

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PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

The Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation currently authorizes the issuance of a total of 51,000,000 shares of stock, consisting of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share. The proposed amendment would increase the total number of authorized shares of common stock from 50,000,000 shares to 100,000,000 shares and is being proposed for approval at the Annual Meeting. The full text of the proposed amendment is set forth in Annex C to this Proxy Statement. The newly authorized shares of common stock will constitute additional shares of the existing class of common stock and, if and when issued, will have the same rights and privileges as the shares of common stock currently authorized. The number of authorized shares of Preferred Stock would not be affected.

Reasons for the Proposed Amendment

On December 7, 2006, the Company's Board of Directors voted to recommend to the stockholders that the number of authorized shares of the common stock of the Company be increased from 50,000,000 shares to 100,000,000 shares. The increase in authorized shares will provide the Company flexibility to issue common stock for valid corporate purposes, including acquisitions, financings, stock splits, and incentive compensation. As of January 8, 2007, 20,102,546 shares were issued and outstanding and 1,829,397 shares have been issued and are held as treasury shares. Additionally, approximately 3,538,627 shares are reserved for issuance pursuant to employee benefit plans and 5,919,102 shares are reserved for issuance upon conversion of NCI's 2.125% Convertible Senior Subordinated Notes Due 2024 (the "Convertible Notes"), leaving only approximately 18,610,328 million authorized and unreserved shares of common stock available for future use. The increase in authorized shares would give the Company greater flexibility in allowing common stock to be issued without the expense and delay of a special stockholders' meeting. The additional shares of common stock will be available for issuance, including for a stock split or dividend, for raising capital through the sale of common stock or as consideration in connection with acquisitions, and for attracting and retaining valuable employees by issuing additional stock options or restricted stock. Although the Board of Directors continually monitors the Company's capital structure and financing alternatives, the Board has not entered into formal commitments to issue any additional shares of common stock at this time. After careful consideration of the Company's objectives, the Board of Directors will determine when and on what terms the issuance of additional shares may be warranted to further any of the above stated purposes.

Anti-Takeover Effects of the Proposed Amendment

The increase in the authorized number of shares of common stock could increase the likelihood that the Company's Board of Directors could delay or prevent a change of control of the Company without further action by the stockholders. Shares of authorized and unissued common stock could (within the limits imposed by applicable law and listing standards) be issued in one or more transactions that would make a change of control of NCI more difficult, and therefore less likely. The additional authorized shares could be used to discourage persons from attempting to gain control of the Company by diluting the voting power of shares then outstanding or increasing the voting power of persons who would support the Board of Directors in defending against a takeover attempt. In addition, the increased shares authorized by the proposed amendment could permit the Board of Directors to issue common stock to persons supportive of management's position. Such persons might then be in a position to vote to prevent or delay a proposed business combination that is deemed unacceptable to the Board of Directors, although perceived to be desirable by some stockholders. Any such issuance could provide management with a means to block any vote that might be used to effect a business combination in accordance with the Restated Certificate of Incorporation. However, the proposed amendment is not being proposed for such purposes and is not in response to any known effort to accumulate shares of common stock or obtain control of the Company.

Required Affirmative Vote

Each outstanding share of common stock is entitled to one vote. If a majority of our outstanding shares of common stock are voted in favor of this proposal, the proposed amendment to increase the

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authorized number of shares of common stock will be adopted. If the proposed amendment to increase the authorized number of shares of common stock is not adopted, the Board of Directors will reconsider the proposed amendment.

Recommendation of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has unanimously approved the proposed amendment and has determined that the increase in authorized common stock is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders. The Board of Directors recommends that stockholders vote **FOR** the proposed amendment, and proxies executed and returned will be so voted unless contrary instructions are indicated thereon.

RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

General

The Audit Committee has appointed the firm of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending October 28, 2007, subject to ratification by the Company's stockholders. Ernst & Young has served as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm since our initial public offering. Representatives of Ernst & Young are expected to be present at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders and will have an opportunity to make a statement, if they desire to do so, and to respond to appropriate questions from those attending the meeting.

Required Affirmative Vote

If a majority of the votes cast in person or by proxy at the 2006 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are voted in favor of this proposal, the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending October 28, 2007 will be ratified. If the appointment of Ernst & Young is not ratified, the Audit Committee will reconsider the appointment.

The Audit Committee recommends that stockholders vote **FOR** ratification of Ernst & Young LLP's appointment as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending October 28, 2007, and proxies executed and returned will be so voted unless contrary instructions are indicated thereon.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Stockholder Proposals for 2007 Annual Meeting

In order for stockholder proposals to have been properly submitted for presentation at our Annual Meeting, we must have received notice prior to September 29, 2006 (the 120th day prior to January 27, 2007, the anniversary of the date on which last year's proxy was mailed to you). We received no such notice, and therefore no stockholder proposals will be presented at our Annual Meeting.

Stockholder Proposals for Fiscal Year 2008 Proxy Statement

If you wish to present a proposal for inclusion in our proxy material for consideration at our Annual Meeting to be held in 2008, you must submit the proposal in writing to our Secretary at the address shown on the first page of this proxy statement, and we must receive your proposal not later than October 5, 2007 (the 120th day prior to February 2, 2008, the anniversary of the date on which this year's proxy was mailed to you). That proposal must comply with Section 8 of Article II of our By-laws and, if it is to be included in our proxy materials, Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act. Our By-laws require our board of directors or the presiding officer of the Annual Meeting to reject any proposal for that meeting received after October 5, 2007. An untimely or non-complying proposal will be rejected.

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Delivery of Proxy Statement

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted rules that permit companies and intermediaries (e.g., brokers) to satisfy the delivery requirements for proxy statements with respect to two or more security holders sharing the same address by delivering a single proxy statement addressed to those security holders. This process, which is commonly referred to as householding, potentially means extra convenience for security holders and cost savings for companies. This year, a number of brokers with accountholders who are NCI stockholders will be householding our proxy materials. A single proxy statement will be delivered to multiple stockholders sharing an address unless contrary instructions have been received from the affected stockholder. Once you have received notice from your broker that they will be householding communications to your address, householding will continue until you are notified otherwise or until you revoke your consent. If, at any time, you no longer wish to participate in householding and would prefer to receive a separate proxy statement, please notify your broker or direct your written request to us at NCI Building Systems, Inc., Attention: Investor Relations Administrator, 10943 North Sam Houston Parkway West, Houston, Texas 77064 or call Todd R. Moore at 281-897-7788. The Company will promptly deliver a separate copy to you upon request.

MISCELLANEOUS

Our board of directors knows of no business other than that described above to be transacted at our Annual Meeting. If other matters requiring a vote of the stockholders arise, the persons designated as proxies will vote the shares of common stock represented by the proxies in accordance with their judgment on those matters.

The information contained in the proxy statement relating to the occupations and security holdings of our directors and officers and their transactions with us is based upon information received from the individual directors and officers. Unless otherwise indicated, all information relating to any beneficial owner of more than 5% of our common stock is based upon information contained in reports filed by that owner with the SEC.

The Annual Report to Stockholders for the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006, which includes our financial statements and accompanies this proxy statement, does not form any part of the materials for the solicitation of proxies. **You may obtain a copy of (i) our Annual Report to Stockholders and (ii) our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 29, 2006, in each case, including any financial statements and schedules and exhibits thereto, without charge by submitting a written request to Mr. Todd R. Moore, Secretary, NCI Building Systems, Inc., 10943 North Sam Houston Parkway West, Houston, Texas 77064.**

By Order of the Board of Directors

/s/ Todd R. Moore
Todd R. Moore

Vice President, General Counsel

and Secretary

Houston, Texas

February 2, 2007

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NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

Audit Committee Charter

[Amended and Restated September 1, 2005]

Organization

There shall be a permanent committee of the Board of Directors (the **Board**) known as the Audit Committee (the **Committee**). The Committee shall be composed of three or more directors, each of whom shall meet the independence and experience requirements of the New York Stock Exchange (**NYSE**), Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the **Exchange Act**) and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the **SEC**). At least one member of the Committee shall be an audit committee financial expert as defined by the SEC.

The members of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board based on the recommendations of the Nominating and Governance Committee, and shall serve for such term or terms as the Board determines or until their successors are elected or appointed. Members of the Committee may be removed at any time without cause by the affirmative vote of a majority of the Board. Vacancies resulting from resignation or removal shall be filled by the Board based on the recommendations of the Nominating and Governance Committee. The Board shall designate a chairperson for the Committee.

A Committee member shall not simultaneously serve on the audit committees of more than two other public companies, unless the Board affirmatively determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of that director to effectively serve on the Committee. Service on more than two other audit committees and the Board's determination to allow such simultaneous service shall be disclosed to the fullest extent required by the rules and regulations of the NYSE and applicable law.

Meetings

The Committee shall meet as often as it determines, but not less than quarterly. The Chairman of the Committee, any two members of the Committee or, at the request of any Committee member, the Chairman of the Board may call meetings of the Committee. Meetings of the Committee may be held telephonically and any member may participate in any meeting telephonically.

The Committee shall meet periodically with management, persons performing internal audit functions, and the independent auditor in separate executive sessions and with or without the presence of anyone or more of the foregoing present at a particular executive session. The Committee may request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's outside counsel or independent auditor to attend a meeting of the Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Committee.

Purposes of the Committee

The Committee shall provide assistance to the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to corporate accounting and reporting practices of the Company and the quality and integrity of the financial reports of the Company. In particular, the Committee will assist the Board in monitoring:

- (1) the integrity of the financial statements of the Company;
- (2) the compliance by the Company with legal and regulatory requirements;

- (3) the independence and qualifications of the Company's independent auditors; and

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(4) the performance of the Company's internal audit function and of its independent auditors. The Committee shall also prepare the report of the Committee required by the rules of the SEC to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.

Committee Authority and Responsibilities

The Committee shall have and may exercise all the powers of the Board, except as may be prohibited by law, with respect to all matters encompassed by this Charter, and all the power and authority required under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. The Committee shall have the sole authority to appoint, retain, replace or terminate the independent auditor. The Committee shall be directly responsible for the compensation, evaluation and oversight of the work of the independent auditor (including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report, performing other audit, review, attestation or related services or work for the Company. The independent auditor shall report directly to the Committee.

The Committee shall pre-approve all auditing services and permitted non-audit services (including the fees and terms thereof) to be performed for the Company by its independent auditor, subject to the de minimus exceptions for non-audit services described in Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Exchange Act which are approved by the Committee prior to the completion of the audit.

The Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees consisting of one or more members when appropriate, including the authority to grant pre-approvals of audit and permitted non-audit services, provided that decisions of such subcommittee to grant pre-approvals shall be presented to the full Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

The Committee shall have the authority, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, to retain, set the compensation and other terms of engagement of and terminate the retention of independent legal, accounting or other advisors or consultants. The Company shall provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, for payment of compensation to the independent auditor for the purpose of rendering or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services, and compensation to any advisors or consultants employed by the Committee.

The internal auditor shall report directly to the Committee and tasks or duties assigned to the internal auditor by the Committee shall take precedence over tasks and duties assigned by management.

The Committee shall make regular reports to the Board. The Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and, if appropriate, recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval. The Committee shall annually review and evaluate the Committee's own performance. The Committee shall conduct such review and evaluation in such manner as it deems appropriate and report the results of its review and evaluation to the entire Board.

In carrying out its responsibilities, the Committee, and each member of the Committee in his or her capacity as such, shall be entitled to rely, in good faith, on information, opinions, reports or statements, or other information prepared or presented to them by (i) officers and other employees of the Company or its subsidiaries, whom such member believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented, and (ii) counsel, public accountants, consultants or other persons as to matters which the member believes to be within the professional competence of such person, including, without limitation, representations by management and the independent auditors regarding non-audit services provided to the Company by the independent auditors.

In carrying out its responsibilities, the Committee's policies and procedures will remain flexible, to best react to changing conditions and to ensure to the Board and stockholders that the corporate accounting and reporting practices of the Company are in accordance with all requirements and are of the highest quality.

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In carrying out these responsibilities, the Committee, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, shall:

Financial Statement and Disclosure Matters

1. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the annual audited financial statements, including disclosures made in management's discussion and analysis, and recommend to the Board whether the audited financial statements should be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.
2. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the Company's quarterly financial statements, including disclosures made in management's discussion and analysis, prior to the filing of its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, including the results of the independent auditor's review of the quarterly financial statements.
3. Discuss with management and the independent auditor (i) major issues regarding accounting principles and financial statement presentations, including significant changes in the selection or application of accounting principles, (ii) analyses prepared by management and/or the independent auditor of significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial statements, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles, including analyses of the effects of alternative methods of generally accepted accounting principles on the financial statements, and (iii) any major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and any special steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies.
4. Review and discuss with the independent auditors, not less than quarterly, reports of the independent auditors regarding:
 - (a) Critical accounting policies and practices to be used;
 - (b) Alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor; and
 - (c) Other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, such as any management letter provided by the independent auditor and management's response to that letter, any management representation letter, any reports on observations and recommendations on internal control over financial reporting, any schedules of unadjusted audit differences and a listing of adjustments and reclassifications not recorded, if any, and any engagement or independence letters.
5. Discuss with management the Company's earnings press releases, including the use of pro forma or adjusted non-GAAP information, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies. Such discussion may be done generally (consisting of discussing the types of information to be disclosed and the types of presentations to be made).
6. Discuss with management and the independent auditor the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives as well as off-balance sheet structures on the Company's financial statements, including oversight and review of commitments and responsibilities of joint

ventures of the Company.

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7. Discuss with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company's risk assessment and risk management policies and guidelines.
8. Discuss with the independent auditor the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61 relating to the conduct of the audit, including any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work and any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information, including management's response thereto, and any significant disagreements with management.
9. Review disclosures made to the Audit Committee by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and any other certifying officer during their certification process for the Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q about any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls or material weaknesses therein and any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.

Oversight of the Company's Relationship with the Independent Auditor

10. Review and evaluate the lead (or coordinating) partner and senior members of the independent auditor team.
11. Obtain and review a report from the independent auditor at least annually regarding (a) the independent auditor's internal quality-control procedures, (b) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the firm, (c) any steps taken to deal with any such issues, and (d) all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company, including the written disclosures and the letter required by Independence Standards Board Standard 1, as amended from time to time.
12. Evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor, including considering whether the auditor's quality controls are adequate and the provision of permitted non-audit services is compatible with maintaining the auditor's independence, and taking into account the opinions of management and persons performing internal audit functions for the Company. The Audit Committee shall present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditor to the Board.
13. Ensure the rotation of the lead (or coordinating) audit partner having primary responsibility for the audit and the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit as required by law.
14. Consider from time to time whether, in order to assure continuing auditor independence, it is appropriate to change the independent auditing firm then serving the Company or to adopt a policy of rotating the independent auditing firm on a regular basis.
15. Recommend to the Board policies for the Company's hiring of employees or former employees of the independent auditor who participated in any capacity in the audit of the Company, in accordance with rules of the SEC, and review those policies on a regular basis.
16. Discuss with the independent auditor auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement on which the Company's audit team consulted their national office and matters of audit quality and consistency.

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17. Discuss with management and the independent auditor any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditor but were not adopted or reflected.

18. Meet with the independent auditor prior to the audit to review the scope, planning and staffing of the audit.

Oversight of the Company's Internal Audit Function

19. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the manner in which the internal audit function is performed by or for the Company, including the staffing of the internal audit function (whether staffed as part of an internal audit department or as an outsourced service), the responsibilities of the persons performing the internal audit function, the scope and frequency of internal audits and budgeting.

20. Review the appointment and replacement of the senior internal auditing executive, if one be appointed, or of the firm to which the internal audit function has been outsourced, if one be engaged.

21. Review the significant reports to management prepared by the persons performing the internal audit function, and management's responses.

22. At the discretion of the Committee, discuss and review with the internal auditor any of the matters identified in this Charter as included within the authority and responsibility of the Committee.

23. At the discretion of the Committee, include the internal auditor in any of the meetings or sessions held between the Committee and management or the independent auditor.

Compliance Oversight Responsibilities

24. Obtain annually from the independent auditor assurance that Section 10A(b) of the Exchange Act has not been implicated.

25. Obtain advice and assistance from management, the senior person performing the internal audit function and the independent auditors with respect to the conformity of the Company and its subsidiaries with applicable legal requirements and the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. Obtain quarterly reports from management and the senior person performing the internal audit function regarding the same.

26. Review quarterly the reports and disclosures of insider and affiliated party transactions in securities of the Company.

27. Advise the Board with respect to any non-compliance by the Company's accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing policies and procedures with applicable laws and regulations and with the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (with respect to financial and accounting matters).

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28. Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

29. Discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports which raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies.

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30. Discuss with the Company's in-house general counsel and outside legal counsel, if appropriate, legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or the Company's compliance policies.
31. Review with management, the internal auditor and the independent auditors the integrity and effectiveness of the Company's electronic accounting, data processing and management information systems.

General

32. Have and exercise such other powers, authority and responsibilities as may be determined by the Board. The responsibilities and duties set forth above are meant to serve as a guide, with the understanding that the Committee may diverge from the specific duties enumerated as necessary or appropriate given the facts and circumstances.

Limitation of Committee's Role

While the Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements and disclosure are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and applicable rule and regulations. These are the responsibilities of management and the independent auditor. In carrying out its oversight responsibilities set forth in this Charter, members of the Committee are not providing expert or special assurance with respect to the Company's financial statements, or any professional certification as to the work of the independent auditor, including with respect to auditor independence.

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NCI BUILDING SYSTEMS, INC.

Corporate Governance Guidelines

[Amended and Restated as of December 7, 2006]

The Board of Directors (the Board) of NCI Building Systems, Inc. (the Company) has adopted these guidelines to promote the effective functioning of the Board and its committees.

1. Director Qualification and Board Composition

- (a) **Independence**: The Board will consist of a majority of non-employee directors who meet the criteria for independence set by the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and any other applicable rules and regulations. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board is responsible for annually evaluating whether members qualify as independent under applicable standards. During the year, directors are expected to inform the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of any material changes in their circumstances or relationships that may impact their designation by the board as independent so that it may re-evaluate the director's independent status. The Board will affirmatively determine that a director has no material relationship with the Company.
- (b) **Board Size**: The Board has the authority under the Company's Amended and Restated By-Laws (the By-Laws) to set the number of directors. The Board believes that six to ten people is an appropriate size based on the Company's present circumstances. The Board will periodically evaluate whether a larger or smaller number of directors would better serve the Company.
- (c) **Board Election and Vacancies**: The Company's Board is divided into three classes who serve staggered terms. One class of directors is elected annually by the Company's stockholders to serve a three-year term, except as noted below. Each year, at the Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the Board recommends a class of directors for election by the stockholders. The Board's recommendations are based on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee as to the suitability of each individual to serve as a director of the Company, taking into account the membership criteria set forth herein.

The Board may fill vacancies in existing or new director positions based on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Such directors elected by the Board serve only until the next election of directors unless elected by the stockholders to a further term at that time.

- (d) **Board Membership Criteria**: The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for reviewing with the Board, on an annual basis, the requisite skills and characteristics that the Board seeks in Board members, including without limitation, the characteristics attached hereto as Exhibit A, as well as the composition of the Board as a whole. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for identifying, screening and recommending the Board candidates for membership on the Board. The entire Board shall have formal approval of all Board candidates.
- (e) **Term Limits: Mandatory Retirement**: The Board does not believe it should limit the number of terms for which an individual may serve as a director. Directors who have served on the Board for an extended period of time are able to provide valuable insight into the operations and future of the Company based on their experience with and

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understanding of the Company's history, policies and objectives. The Board believes that, as an alternative to term limits, it can ensure that the Board continues to evolve and adopt new viewpoints through the evaluation and nomination process described in these guidelines. Under the Company's By-Laws, no person may stand for election as a director after such person shall have surpassed the age of 73.

- (f) **Limitation on Other Board Service:** The Board does not believe that its members should be prohibited from serving on boards and/or committees of other organizations, and the Board has not adopted any guidelines limiting such activities; provided, however, that members of the Company's Audit Committee may not simultaneously serve on the audit committee of more than two other public companies without prior review and approval of the Board (with proper disclosure of such approval to the fullest extent required by the rules and regulations of the NYSE). The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Board will take into account the nature of and time involved in a director's service on other boards in evaluating the suitability of individual directors and making its recommendations to Company stockholders. Service on boards and/or committees of other organizations should be consistent with the Company's conflict of interest policies set forth in the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

2. Director Responsibilities

- (a) **Responsibilities:** The director's primary responsibility is to provide effective governance over the Company's affairs for the benefit of its stockholders. In all actions taken by a director, the director is expected to exercise his or her business judgment in what he or she believes to be in the best interests of the Company. In discharging this obligation, directors are entitled to rely on the honesty and integrity of the Company's senior executives and its outside advisors and auditors.
- (b) **Attendance at Meetings:** The Board has five regularly scheduled meetings per year. The Chairman of the Board shall distribute to each director a calendar of the regularly scheduled Board meetings before the start of each calendar year. Special meetings are called as necessary. It is the responsibility of the directors to attend the meetings. In addition, members of the Board are expected to attend the Company's Annual Planning Conference, at which long-term strategic and business plans will be reviewed.
- (c) **Executive Sessions:** The independent directors will meet in executive sessions without the Company's management before or after each of the Board's regularly scheduled meetings. The Chairman of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee shall serve as the presiding director at each executive session of the independent directors. The name of the presiding director will be disclosed in the manner required by the NYSE and applicable federal securities laws.

The Audit Committee will maintain procedures for interested parties to communicate directly with the non-employee directors, both on a confidential and non-confidential basis. These procedures will be published in the Company's proxy statement for each Annual Meeting of Stockholders and posted on the Company's internet website.

- (d) **Selection of Agenda:** The Chairman of the Board establishes the agenda for each Board meeting, although other Board members are free to suggest items for inclusion on the agenda. Each director is free to raise at any Board meeting subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.
- (e) **Distribution of Materials:** In advance of each Board or Committee meeting, an agenda will be distributed to each member. In addition, to the extent feasible or appropriate, information and data important to the members' understanding of the matters to be considered, including background summaries of presentations to be made at the meeting,

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will be distributed in advance of the meeting. Directors shall also routinely receive internal financial statements, earnings reports, press releases, analyst reports, copies of filings made with the Securities and Exchange Commission and other information designed to keep them informed of the material aspects of the Company's business, performance and prospects.

- (f) **Board Committees:** The Board has established the following committees to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities:

Audit Committee

Compensation Committee

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

Executive Committee

The Audit, Compensation, Nominating and Corporate Governance and Executive Committees each have Charters establishing their authority and responsibilities. The current Charters of these committees shall be published on the Company's website.

- (g) **Committee Members:** Each member of the Audit, Compensation and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees will meet the criteria for independence set by the NYSE and any other applicable rules and regulations. Members of the Audit Committee shall also satisfy any additional legal or NYSE requirements regarding financial literacy and expertise.

Committee meetings will generally be held on the same day as Board meetings. However, during the course of each year, some committee meetings, especially Audit Committee meetings, may be held on days that do not coincide with regularly scheduled Board meetings. At each Board meeting, the Chairman of each committee shall report to the full Board with respect to any meetings held by the Committee since the last Board meeting, if any. In addition, each committee shall distribute to the full Board copies of the minutes of any committee meeting.

3. Access to Management and Outside Advisors

- (a) **Access to Management:** The Board shall have full and free access to senior management and all other employees of the Company in order to ensure that directors can ask all questions and glean all information necessary to fulfill their duties. Any meetings or contacts that a director wishes to initiate may be arranged through the Chairman of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer of the Company; provided, however, that any director has the right to directly contact the Company's internal auditor (or persons performing the internal audit function) without informing senior management. The Board may specify a protocol for making such inquiries.

Management is encouraged to invite Company personnel to any Board meeting at which their presence and expertise would help the Board have a full understanding of matters being considered.

- (b) **Access to Outside Advisors:** The Board and each committee of the Board shall have the right to retain such outside advisors, including, without limitation, accountants, legal counsel or other experts or consultants, as the Board and such committee, in its sole and absolute discretion, deems advisable or appropriate. The Company shall pay all of the fees and expenses of any such advisors.

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4. Director Compensation

- (a) **Non-Employee Directors**: The form and amount of director compensation is determined by the Board upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee in accordance with the policies and principles set forth in its charter and applicable legal and regulatory guidelines. The Compensation Committee will conduct reviews, from time to time, of director compensation. The Compensation Committee will consider that a director's independence may be jeopardized if director compensation and perquisites exceed customary levels, if the Company makes substantial charitable contributions to organizations with which a director is affiliated, or if the Company enters into a consulting contract with (or provides other indirect forms of compensation to) an organization with which the director is affiliated.

- (b) **Employee Directors**: Employees of the Company who serve as a director do not receive compensation for serving as a director.

5. Director Orientation and Continuing Education

- (a) **Initial Orientation**: New non-employee directors will receive a comprehensive orientation from appropriate senior management of the Company regarding the Company's business and affairs.
All directors will receive a director fact book, which shall contain such information the Board requests or as the Chairman of the Board deems appropriate, including, without limitation, copies of the Company's organizational documents, equity compensation plans, material agreements and a list of other items that directors may request if they deem it advisable.

- (b) **Continuing Education**: The Board expects that, at least annually, all directors will participate in a continuing education event (which may coincide with a regular Board meeting) addressing among other things, current developments and best practices in corporate governance. Members of the Company's senior management may also review with the Board from time to time certain aspects of the Company's operations as part of regularly scheduled Board meetings. In addition, the Board will also normally conduct an on-site visit to one of the Company's manufacturing facilities in conjunction with a regular Board meeting at least once every other year.

6. Management Succession Planning

- (a) **Annual Performance Review**: At least annually, the non-employee directors will, in conjunction with the Compensation Committee,
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