# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark one)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended July 29, 2006
or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

Commission file number 0-20052

# STEIN MART, INC. 

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

64-0466198
(I.R.S. Employer

Identification Number)

# Edgar Filing: STEIN MART INC - Form 10-Q 

(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (904) 346-1500

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No *.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer .. Accelerated filer $\mathrm{x} \quad$ Non-accelerated filer ..

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes * No x

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant s common stock as of August 25, 2006 was $43,625,623$.

## STEIN MART, INC.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE
PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited):
Consolidated Balance Sheets at July 29, 2006, January 28, 2006 and July 30, 2005 ..... 3
Consolidated Statements of Income for the 13 Weeks and 26 Weeks Ended July 29, 2006 and July 30, 2005 ..... 4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the 26 Weeks Ended July 29, 2006 and July 30, 2005 ..... 5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements ..... 6
Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ..... 11
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk ..... 14
Item 4. Controls and Procedures ..... 15
PART II OTHER INFORMATION
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds ..... 15
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders ..... 16
Item 5. Other Information ..... 16
Item 6. Exhibits ..... 16
SIGNATURES ..... 17

Table of Contents

## Stein Mart, Inc.

## Consolidated Balance Sheets

## (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

|  | July 29, 2006 |  | January 28, 2006 |  | July 30, 2005 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 21,559 | \$ | 20,200 | \$ | 18,916 |
| Short-term investments |  | 5,000 |  | 104,935 |  | 76,000 |
| Trade and other receivables |  | 11,303 |  | 11,121 |  | 7,912 |
| Inventories |  | 266,543 |  | 265,788 |  | 263,122 |
| Prepaid income taxes |  | 5,201 |  |  |  | 4,185 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | 13,901 |  | 13,672 |  | 16,178 |
| Total current assets |  | 323,507 |  | 415,716 |  | 386,313 |
| Property and equipment, net |  | 104,795 |  | 87,106 |  | 77,975 |
| Other assets |  | 18,624 |  | 17,023 |  | 14,725 |
| Total assets | \$ | 446,926 | \$ | 519,845 | \$ | 479,013 |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 84,864 | \$ | 88,408 | \$ | 72,862 |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 70,136 |  | 80,337 |  | 72,872 |
| Income taxes payable |  |  |  | 5,453 |  |  |
| Total current liabilities |  | 155,000 |  | 174,198 |  | 145,734 |
| Other liabilities |  | 21,922 |  | 21,908 |  | 21,761 |
| Total liabilities |  | 176,922 |  | 196,106 |  | 167,495 |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stockholders equity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock - $\$ .01$ par value; $1,000,000$ shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock - $\$ .01$ par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 43,676,810; $43,516,372$ and $43,658,910$ shares issued and outstanding, respectively |  | 437 |  | 435 |  | 437 |
| Additional paid-in capital |  | 25,638 |  | 21,967 |  | 25,782 |
| Unearned compensation |  | $(6,141)$ |  | $(3,704)$ |  | $(2,760)$ |
| Retained earnings |  | 250,070 |  | 305,041 |  | 288,059 |
| Total stockholders equity |  | 270,004 |  | 323,739 |  | 311,518 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders equity | \$ | 446,926 | \$ | 519,845 | \$ | 479,013 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Table of Contents

## Stein Mart, Inc.

## Consolidated Statements of Income

## (Unaudited)

(In thousands except per share amounts)

|  | 13 Weeks Ended <br> July 29, 2006 |  | 13 Weeks Ended <br> July 30, 2005 |  | 26 Weeks Ended <br> July 29, 2006 |  | 26 Weeks Ended <br> July 30, 2005 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | \$ | 336,304 | \$ | 337,065 | \$ | 701,135 | \$ | 717,719 |
| Cost of merchandise sold |  | 242,298 |  | 240,809 |  | 509,543 |  | 509,768 |
| Gross profit |  | 94,006 |  | 96,256 |  | 191,592 |  | 207,951 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses |  | 84,790 |  | 81,507 |  | 175,326 |  | 170,475 |
| Other income, net |  | 3,441 |  | 3,591 |  | 7,594 |  | 7,557 |
| Income from operations |  | 12,657 |  | 18,340 |  | 23,860 |  | 45,033 |
| Interest income |  | 233 |  | 433 |  | 1,124 |  | 827 |
| Income before income taxes |  | 12,890 |  | 18,773 |  | 24,984 |  | 45,860 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 4,578 |  | 7,134 |  | 9,113 |  | 17,427 |
| Net income | \$ | 8,312 | \$ | 11,639 | \$ | 15,871 | \$ | 28,433 |
| Net income per share: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic | \$ | 0.19 | \$ | 0.27 | \$ | 0.37 | \$ | 0.66 |
| Diluted | \$ | 0.19 | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.36 | \$ | 0.64 |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic |  | 43,245 |  | 43,299 |  | 43,236 |  | 43,102 |
| Diluted |  | 43,985 |  | 44,465 |  | 44,029 |  | 44,334 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Table of Contents

## Stein Mart, Inc.

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

## (Unaudited)

(In thousands)

26 Weeks Ended
26 Weeks Ended

|  | July 29, 2006 |  | July 30, 2005 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ | 15,871 | \$ | 28,433 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 12,248 |  | 9,741 |
| Impairment of property and other assets |  |  |  | 195 |
| Store closing charges |  | 1,190 |  | 481 |
| Deferred income taxes |  | (818) |  | 1,353 |
| Share-based compensation |  | 2,188 |  | 307 |
| Tax benefit from equity issuances |  | 425 |  | 3,499 |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation |  | (272) |  |  |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Trade and other receivables |  | (182) |  | 3,468 |
| Inventories |  | (755) |  | 14,042 |
| Prepaid income taxes |  | $(5,201)$ |  | $(4,185)$ |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets |  | (229) |  | $(3,253)$ |
| Other assets |  | $(2,486)$ |  | (686) |
| Accounts payable |  | $(3,544)$ |  | $(26,301)$ |
| Accrued liabilities |  | $(11,079)$ |  | $(7,390)$ |
| Income taxes payable |  | $(5,453)$ |  | $(5,089)$ |
| Other liabilities |  | (526) |  | 657 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 1,377 |  | 15,272 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Capital expenditures |  | $(28,006)$ |  | $(15,850)$ |
| Purchases of short-term investments |  | $(580,925)$ |  | $(945,400)$ |
| Sales of short-term investments |  | 680,860 |  | 941,875 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities |  | 71,929 |  | $(19,375)$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividends paid |  | $(70,842)$ |  | $(2,718)$ |
| Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation |  | 272 |  |  |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options |  | 1,675 |  | 11,563 |
| Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan |  | 581 |  | 499 |
| Repurchase of common stock |  | $(3,633)$ |  | $(6,575)$ |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities |  | $(71,947)$ |  | 2,769 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents |  | 1,359 |  | $(1,334)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year |  | 20,200 |  | 20,250 |


| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 5 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 18,916 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

# Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: 

Income taxes paid \$ 20,230 20,2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

July 29, 2006

## (Unaudited)

(Dollars in tables in thousands, except per share amounts)

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair statement have been included. Operating results for the 26-week periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Stein Mart, Inc. annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 28, 2006.

As used herein, the terms we , our , us , Stein Mart and the Company refer to Stein Mart, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued FASB Interpretation No. ( FIN ) 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 . FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in accordance with Statement of Financial Standards ( SFAS ) No. 109. This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on derecognition, classification and disclosure of tax positions. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with the cumulative effect of initially adopting this interpretation being recorded as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. We are currently evaluating the impact FIN 48 will have on our financial statements.

## 2. Share-Based Compensation

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123R, Share-Based Payment, which replaced SFAS No. 123 Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation and superseded Accounting Principles Board (APB ) No. 25 Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees . SFAS No. 123R requires companies to recognize expense in the financial statements for the fair values of all share-based payments to employees over the employees requisite service periods. The pro forma disclosures previously permitted under SFAS No. 123 no longer are an alternative to financial statement recognition. Effective January 29, 2006, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123R and elected to apply the modified prospective transition method to all past awards outstanding and unvested as of that date. Accordingly, financial statement amounts for the prior periods presented in this Form 10-Q have not been restated to reflect the fair value method of expensing share-based compensation.

For the 13 weeks ended July 29, 2006 and July 30, 2005, the Company recorded pretax share-based compensation expense of $\$ 1.3$ million and $\$ 0.2$ million, respectively, and related income tax benefits of $\$ 0.5$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million, respectively. For the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 and July 30, 2005, the Company recorded pretax share-based compensation expense of $\$ 2.2$ million and $\$ 0.3$ million, respectively, and related income tax benefits of $\$ 0.8$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million, respectively. The adoption of SFAS No. 123R caused a $\$ 0.01$ decrease in basic and diluted earnings per share ( EPS ) for the 13 weeks ended July 29, 2006 and a $\$ 0.02$ decrease in basic and diluted EPS for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006.

For the 13 and 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006, pretax share-based compensation expense was recorded as follows:

| Cost of merchandise sold | $\$$ | 810 | $\$$ | 1,354 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 487 | 834 |  |  |
| Total | $\$$ | 1,297 | $\$$ | 2,188 |

Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the Company presented all tax benefits resulting from share-based compensation arrangements as operating activities in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. SFAS No. 123R requires that tax benefits resulting from share-based compensation in excess of compensation cost recognized be classified as financing cash flows. As a result, $\$ 0.3$ million of excess tax benefits has been classified as financing cash flows for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Share-Based Compensation Plans

The Company has an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Stock Purchase Plan ) whereby all employees who complete six months employment with the Company and who work on a full-time basis or are regularly scheduled to work more than 20 hours per week are eligible to participate in the Stock Purchase Plan. Participants in the Stock Purchase Plan are permitted to use their payroll deductions to acquire shares at $85 \%$ of the lower of the fair market value of the Company s stock determined at either the beginning or the end of each option period.

In 2001, the shareholders approved a stock option plan (the Omnibus Plan ), which replaced the Company s Employee Stock and Director Stock Option Plans (the Previous Plans ). After the approval of the Omnibus Plan, no further options have been or will be issued under the Previous Plans. The term of the Omnibus Plan is indefinite, except that no incentive stock option award can be granted after the tenth anniversary of the plan. In 2002, the Board of Directors determined that it was appropriate to undertake an overall review of the Company s compensation strategies. As part of this review, it was decided that starting in 2003 restricted stock awards as provided for in the Omnibus Plan, in addition to stock options, would be granted.

The Omnibus Plan, consistent with the Previous Plans, provides that shares of common stock may be granted to certain key employees and outside directors through non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, performance awards, restricted stock, or any other award made under the terms of the plan. The Board of Directors, or its delegated authority, determines the exercise price and all other terms of all grants. In general, one-third of the options granted become exercisable on the third, fourth and fifth anniversary dates of grant and expire seven years after the date of grant. No stock appreciation rights have been granted under this or the prior plan.

The following table presents the number of awards initially authorized and available to grant under the Omnibus Plan (shares in thousands):

|  | Shares |
| :--- | ---: |
| Awards initially authorized | 4,500 |
| Awards available for grant: | 2,495 |
| January 28, 2006 | 1,572 |

The Company s Management Incentive Compensation Plan (the Compensation Plan ), as amended in June 2006, provides for long-term incentive compensation, payable as performance shares ( $60 \%$ ) and stock options ( $40 \%$ ) to certain qualified key employees. Long-term incentive compensation will be awarded only if EPS goals are met, and then aggregate compensation value is based on each key employee s position. Performance shares are earned based on aggregate EPS goals for a three year rolling period and options are granted based on annual EPS goals. As defined by the Compensation Plan, $50 \%$ of the performance shares will be earned if the aggregate three year actual EPS equals Threshold ( $85 \%$ of goal), $100 \%$ of the performance shares will be earned if the aggregate three year actual EPS equals Target ( $100 \%$ of goal), and $150 \%$ of the performance shares will be earned if the aggregate three year actual EPS equals Superior ( $115 \%$ of goal). The number of stock options to be granted is based on a calculation of option values as defined in the Compensation Plan.

## Performance Shares

In accordance with FASB No. 123R, recording of share-based compensation expense for awards with performance conditions is based on the probable outcome of that performance condition. As defined by the Company s Compensation Plan, performance shares are earned based on the Company s achieving aggregate three year EPS goals. Due to the effect of the current year s projected EPS shortfall to goal, no share-based compensation expense has been recorded for these performance-based shares.

## Stock Options

The fair value of each stock option granted during the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes options pricing model with the following assumptions: expected volatility of $47.2 \%$, expected dividend yield of $1.5 \%$, a risk-free interest rate of $4.8 \%$ and an expected option term of 5.2 years. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of our stock prices over assumed expected terms. The risk-free interest rate is estimated from yields of U.S. Treasury instruments of varying maturities with terms consistent with the expected terms of the options. The expected term of an option is calculated from a lattice model using historical employee exercise data.

Edgar Filing: STEIN MART INC - Form 10-Q

7

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A summary of stock option information as of and for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 is as follows (in thousands except per share amounts):

|  | Number of | Weighted-Average | Aggregate |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Shares | Exercise Price | Intrinsic Value |  |
| Outstanding at January 28, 2006 | 2,775 | $\$$ | 12.63 |  |
| Granted | 751 |  | 16.66 |  |
| Exercised | $(138)$ | 12.02 |  |  |
| Forfeited | $(18)$ |  | 11.54 |  |
| Outstanding at July 29, 2006 |  |  | $\mathbf{1 3 . 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ |
| Exercisable stock options at July 29, 2006 | 3,370 | $\$$ | $\mathbf{5 , 9 8 9}$ |  |

The aggregate intrinsic value in the preceding table represents the total pretax intrinsic value (the difference between the Company sclosing stock price on the last trading date of the second quarter of 2006 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on July 29, 2006. This amount changes based on the fair market value of the Company s common stock.

The following table summarizes information about the weighted-average remaining contractual life (in years) and the weighted-average exercise prices for fixed-price stock options outstanding at July 29, 2006 (shares in thousands):

| Range of | Options Outstanding |  |  | Options Exercisable |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Remaining | Exercise | Number | Exercise |
| Exercise Prices | Outstanding | Life | Price | Exercisable | Price |
| \$ 5.008 .95 | 867 | 5.3 | \$ 7.59 | 494 | \$ 7.96 |
| \$ 8.9613 .43 | 433 | 5.0 | 11.00 | 323 | 11.03 |
| \$13.44 17.91 | 1,643 | 4.3 | 15.50 | 730 | 14.29 |
| \$17.92 22.39 | 427 | 5.6 | 22.35 |  |  |
|  | 3,370 | 4.8 | \$ 13.75 | 1,547 | \$ 11.59 |

As of July 29, 2006, there was $\$ 7.0$ million of unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 4.9 years. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was $\$ 7.06$. The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was approximately $\$ 0.6$ million. Cash received and the total tax benefit from the exercise of stock options during the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was $\$ 1.7$ million and $\$ 0.2$ million, respectively.

## Restricted Stock

The Company has issued restricted stock awards to eligible key employees and directors. All awards have restriction periods tied primarily to employment, service and performance. Shares awarded under the plan entitle the shareholder to all rights of common stock ownership except that the shares may not be sold, transferred, pledged, exchanged or otherwise disposed of during the restriction period. For most awards, vesting is based on the service period and vesting occurs (1) $100 \%$ at the end of seven years following the date of grant, (2) at the rate of $33 \%, 33 \%$ and $34 \%$, respectively, at the end of each of the first three years, (3) $100 \%$ at the end of the third year, or (4) at the rate of $33 \%, 33 \%$ and $34 \%$, respectively, at the end of the third, fourth and fifth years. For awards that fully vest at the end of seven years following the date of grant, vesting

## Edgar Filing: STEIN MART INC - Form 10-Q

is accelerated to the end of the second fiscal year if certain defined Company performance goals are achieved. Unvested shares are forfeited upon termination of employment. The total value of share-based compensation expense for restricted stock is equal to the closing price of the Company s stock on the date of grant.

A summary of restricted stock information as of and for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 is as follows (shares in thousands):

Weighted-Average

## Grant Date

|  | Shares | Fair Value |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-vested at January 28, 2006 | 262 | $\$ 817.75$ |  |
| Granted | 189 | 16.73 |  |
| Vested | $(57)$ | 6.36 |  |
| Forfeited | $(2)$ | 21.02 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Non-vested at July 29, 2006 | $\mathbf{3 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 . 9 1}$ |

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The total fair value of restricted stock vested during the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was $\$ 0.9$ million. As of July 29, 2006, there was $\$ 6.1$ million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock awards which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 4.8 years.

## Prior Period Pro Forma Presentation

Prior to January 29, 2006, the Company accounted for share-based compensation to employees in accordance with APB No. 25 and related interpretations. The Company also followed the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. The following table illustrates the pro forma effect on net income and earnings per share for the 13 weeks and 26 weeks ended July 30, 2005 as if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to share-based employee awards prior to January 29, 2006:

|  |  | ks Ended 30, 2005 | 26 Weeks Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income as reported | \$ | 11,639 | \$ | 28,433 |
| Add: Stock-based compensation expense included in |  |  |  |  |
| net income, net of related tax effects |  | 105 |  | 190 |
| Less: Stock-based compensation expense determined |  |  |  |  |
| under the fair value method, net of related tax effects |  | (423) |  | (805) |
| Pro forma net income | \$ | 11,321 | \$ | 27,818 |
| Basic earnings per share as reported | \$ | 0.27 | \$ | 0.66 |
| Basic earnings per share pro forma | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.65 |
| Diluted earnings per share as reported | \$ | 0.26 | \$ | 0.64 |
| Diluted earnings per share pro forma | \$ | 0.25 | \$ | 0.63 |

The fair value of options granted during the 26 weeks ended July 30, 2005 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: expected volatility of $50.9 \%$, expected dividend yield of $0.0 \%$, a risk-free interest rate of $4.0 \%$ and expected option term of 5 years. The weighted-average fair value of options granted during the 26 weeks ended July 30, 2005 was $\$ 10.84$ per share. No options were granted during the 13 weeks ended July 30, 2005.

## 3. Store Closing Charges

The Company closed four stores during the first half of 2006 and six stores during 2005, all of which were closed during the first half of 2005. Lease termination and severance costs of $\$ 1.1$ million and $\$ 1.0$ million were incurred during the first half of 2006 and 2005, respectively, and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following tables show the activity in the store closing reserve for the first half of 2006 and 2005:

| Lease termination costs | $\$$ | 5,522 | $\$$ | 639 | $\$$ | 1,542 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Severance | $\mathbf{4 , 6 1 9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 63 | 445 | 360 | $\mathbf{1 4 8}$ |  |
| Total store closing reserve | $\$$ | 5,585 | $\$ 1,084$ | $\$$ | 1,902 | $\mathbf{\$ 4 , 7 6 7}$ |


|  | January 29, |  |  |  |  |  | July 30, 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005 |  | Charges |  | Payments |  |  |
| Lease termination costs | \$ | 6,898 | \$ | 579 | \$ | 1,862 | \$ 5,615 |
| Severance |  | 131 |  | 469 |  | 541 | 59 |
| Total store closing reserve | \$ | 7,029 |  | 1,048 | \$ | 2,403 | \$ 5,674 |

The store closing reserve at July 29, 2006, January 28, 2006 and July 30, 2005 includes a current portion (in accrued liabilities) of $\$ 2.5$ million, $\$ 2.8$ million and $\$ 2.4$ million, respectively, and a long-term portion (in other liabilities) of $\$ 2.3$ million, $\$ 2.8$ million and $\$ 3.3$ million, respectively.

## 4. Income Taxes

In May 2006, the Texas legislature enacted a new law that reforms the Texas franchise tax system and replaces it with a new Texas margin tax system. For companies that have fiscal tax years ending between January 1 and May 18, 2006, the enactment is treated as a retroactive change in enacted law and the computation of tax liability will be based on 2006 operating results.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Texas margin tax is considered an income tax for accounting purposes. In accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 109, which require that deferred tax assets and liabilities be adjusted for the effects of new income tax legislation in the period of enactment, the Company has decreased its net deferred tax liabilities resulting in a $\$ 0.2$ million reduction in the provision for income taxes for the 13 weeks and 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006.

## 5. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the basic weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the diluted weighted-average number of common shares outstanding.

A reconciliation of basic weighted-average number of common shares to diluted weighted-average number of common shares is as follows (000 s):

|  | 13 Weeks Ended | 13 Weeks Ended | 26 Weeks Ended | 26 Weeks Ended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 29, 2006 | July 30, 2005 | July 29, 2006 | July 30, 2005 |
| Basic weighted-average number of common shares | 43,245 | 43,299 | 43,236 | 43,102 |
| Incremental shares from assumed exercise of stock options and restricted stock awards | 740 | 1,166 | 793 | 1,232 |
| Diluted weighted-average number of common shares | 43,985 | 44,465 | 44,029 | 44,334 |

Options to purchase approximately 1.5 million shares of common stock that were outstanding during the 13 weeks ended July 29 , 2006 were not included in the computation of diluted net income per share as the exercise prices of these options were greater than the average market price of the common shares. For the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 and July 30, 2005, options to purchase 1.1 million and 0.4 million shares of common stock, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted net income per shares for the aforementioned reason.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

As used herein, the terms we , our , us , Stein Mart and the Company refer to Stein Mart, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary.

## Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements which are subject to certain risks, uncertainties or assumptions and may be affected by certain factors, including but not limited to changing preferences in apparel, changes in consumer spending due to current events and/or general economic conditions, the availability of suitable new store sites at acceptable lease terms, unanticipated weather conditions and unseasonable weather, the effectiveness of advertising, marketing and promotional strategies, ongoing competition from other retailers, adequate sources of merchandise at acceptable prices, the Company s ability to attract and retain qualified employees to support planned growth, ability to successfully implement strategies to exit or improve under-performing stores, disruption of the Company s distribution system and acts of terrorism. Readers are urged to review and consider the matters discussed in Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Form 10K for 2005.

Should one or more of these risks, uncertainties or other factors materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results, performance or achievements of the Company may vary materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on beliefs and assumptions of the Company s management and on information currently available to such management. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise its forward-looking statements in light of new information or future events. Undue reliance should not be placed on such forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Forward-looking statements are no guarantees of performance.

## Overview

Stein Mart is a retailer offering the fashion merchandise, service and presentation of a better department or specialty store at prices competitive with off-price retail chains. Our focused assortment of merchandise features fashionable, current-season, moderate to better brand-name apparel for women and men, as well as accessories, gifts, linens and shoes all offered at prices targeted to be $25 \%$ to $60 \%$ below the list prices at department stores. Our target customers are fashion-conscious, value-seeking $35-60$ year old women with above average annual household incomes. As of July 29, 2006, we operated 261 stores in 30 states and the District of Columbia.

During the second quarter and first half of 2006, comparable stores sales decreased 0.8 percent and 3.1 percent, respectively, from the same 2005 periods. Gross profit was negatively impacted during the second quarter and first half of 2006 by increased markdowns, occupancy costs and share-based compensation expense, somewhat offset by improved markup. Selling, general and administrative ( SG\&A ) expenses were higher during the second quarter and first half of 2006 compared to the same 2005 periods primarily due to increased store closing costs, depreciation expense and share-based compensation expense. An integration problem during the recent implementation of our markdown price optimization software impaired our clearance cadence during the second quarter and as a result, we experienced substantial sales and gross margin deterioration. The price optimization software integration issue was rectified and we expect full utilization during the fall season.

During the third quarter of 2006, we expect comparable store sales to increase 2-3 percent which would produce break-even results as compared to last year sthird quarter results of $\$ 0.03$ per share. For the fourth quarter of 2006, we expect comparable store sales to increase in the mid-single digit range. If both these premises occur, earnings for the year would be approximately $\$ 1.00$ per share.

The Company expects to launch its co-branded credit card in October 2006. It is anticipated that this new arrangement will present the Company with new marketing opportunities, as well as a rewards program for its credit card holders.

## Stores

There were 261 stores open as of July 29, 2006 and 259 stores open at July 30, 2005. We plan to open a total of six new stores and close two stores during the third quarter of 2006. Three additional stores are planned to open in the fourth quarter of 2006, for a total of nine fall season openings. At the end of the year, we expect to have opened 12 new stores and closed six stores for a year-end total of 268 stores.

Edgar Filing: STEIN MART INC - Form 10-Q

|  | 13 Weeks Ended | 13 Weeks Ended | 26 Weeks Ended | 26 Weeks Ended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 29, 2006 | July 30, 2005 | July 29, 2006 | July 30, 2005 |
| Stores at beginning of period | 263 | 258 | 262 | 261 |
| Stores opened during the period |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Stores closed during the period | (2) | (1) | (4) | (6) |
| Stores at the end of period | 261 | 259 | 261 | 259 |

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth each line item of the Consolidated Statements of Income expressed as a percentage of the Company s net sales (numbers may not add due to rounding):

|  | 13 Weeks Ended | 13 Weeks Ended | 26 Weeks Ended | 26 Weeks Ended |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 29, 2006 | July 30, 2005 | July 29, 2006 | July 30, 2005 |
| Net sales | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| Cost of merchandise sold | 72.0 | 71.4 | 72.7 | 71.0 |
| Gross profit | 28.0 | 28.6 | 27.3 | 29.0 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 25.2 | 24.2 | 25.0 | 23.8 |
| Other income, net | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Income from operations | 3.8 | 5.4 | 3.4 | 6.3 |
| Interest income | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Income before income taxes | 3.8 | 5.6 | 3.6 | 6.4 |
| Provision for income taxes | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| Net income | 2.5\% | 3.5\% | 2.3\% | 4.0\% |

For the 13 weeks ended July 29, 2006 compared to the 13 weeks ended July 30, 2005
The $0.2 \%$ total sales decrease for the 13 weeks ended July 29,2006 from the same 2005 period reflects an $0.8 \%$ decrease in sales from comparable stores, the closing of two stores during the second quarter of 2006 and the closing of six stores during 2005 offset by sales from the three new stores opened in 2006 and the seven stores opened in 2005.

Gross profit for the 13 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was $\$ 94.0$ million or 28.0 percent of net sales, a 0.6 percentage point decrease from gross profit of $\$ 96.3$ million or 28.6 percent of net sales for the 13 weeks ended July 30, 2005. Gross profit was negatively impacted by a 0.3 percentage point increase in markdowns to keep inventories current, a 0.6 percentage point increase in occupancy costs due to increased expenses, a 0.2 percentage point increase in share-based compensation expense and a lack of leverage as a result of the $0.8 \%$ decrease in comparable store sales. Gross profit was favorably impacted by a 0.5 percentage point increase in markup.

SG\&A expenses were $\$ 84.8$ million or 25.2 percent of net sales for the 13 weeks ended July 29, 2006 as compared to $\$ 81.5$ million or 24.2 percent of net sales for the same 2005 quarter. Included in SG\&A expenses for the second quarter of 2006 are store closing charges of $\$ 0.8$ million compared to a net store closing cost recovery of $\$ 0.3$ million for the second quarter of 2005 . Also included in SG\&A expenses for the second quarter of 2006 is share-based compensation expense from stock options, restricted stock awards and the employee stock purchase plan of $\$ 0.5$ million and for the second quarter of 2005 share-based compensation expense of $\$ 0.2$ million from restricted stock awards. Depreciation expense was $\$ 0.9$ million higher in the second quarter of 2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005 due to increased capital expenditures. The 1.0 percentage point increase in SG\&A expenses as a percent of sales is due in part to these additional expenses and in part to a lack of leverage on lower than planned sales during the second quarter of 2006.

The Company closed four stores during the first half of 2006 and six stores during 2005, all of which were closed in the first half of 2005. Those ten closed stores had sales of $\$ 1.0$ million and $\$ 4.3$ million and operating losses of $\$ 0.7$ million and $\$ 0.1$ million during the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The Company earned interest income of $\$ 233,000$ and $\$ 433,000$ on its cash and short-term investments during the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The decrease in interest income is due to lower average cash and short-term investment balances during the second quarter of

## Edgar Filing: STEIN MART INC - Form 10-Q

2006 compared to the second quarter of 2005, somewhat offset by higher interest rates.
The income tax provision for the second quarter of 2006 and 2005 was $\$ 4.6$ million and $\$ 7.1$ million, respectively, reflecting an effective tax rate of $35.5 \%$ and $38.0 \%$, respectively. The income tax provision for the second quarter of 2006 includes a one-time reduction of certain net deferred tax liabilities of $\$ 0.2$ million to reflect the impact of the new Texas margin tax which is replacing the existing Texas franchise tax. The effective tax rate for the remainder of 2006 is expected to be approximately $37.2 \%$.

For the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 compared to 26 weeks ended July 30, 2005

The $2.3 \%$ total sales decrease for the 26 weeks ended July 29,2006 from the same 2005 period reflects a $3.1 \%$ decrease in sales from comparable stores, the closing of four stores during the first half of 2006 and the closing of six stores during 2005 offset by sales from the three new stores opened in 2006 and the seven stores opened in 2005.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

Gross profit for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 was $\$ 191.6$ million or 27.3 percent of net sales, a 1.7 percentage point decrease from gross profit of $\$ 208.0$ million or 29.0 percent of net sales for the 26 weeks ended July 30, 2005. Gross profit was negatively impacted by a 1.5 percentage point increase in markdowns to keep inventories current and a 0.7 percentage point increase in occupancy costs due to increased expenses, a 0.2 percentage point increase in share-based compensation expense and a lack of leverage as a result of the $3.1 \%$ decrease in comparable store sales. Gross profit was favorably impacted by a 0.6 percentage point increase in markup.

SG\&A expenses were $\$ 175.3$ million or 25.0 percent of net sales for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006 as compared to $\$ 170.5$ million or 23.8 percent of net sales for the same 2005 period. Included in SG\&A expenses for the first half of 2006 and 2005 are store closing charges of $\$ 1.1$ million and $\$ 1.0$ million, respectively. Also included in SG\&A expenses for the first half of 2006 is share-based compensation expense from stock options, restricted stock awards and the employee stock purchase plan of $\$ 0.8$ million and for the first half of 2005 share-based compensation expense of $\$ 0.3$ million from restricted stock awards. Depreciation expense was $\$ 1.6$ million higher in the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005 due to increased capital expenditures. The 1.2 percentage point increase in SG\&A expenses as a percent of sales is due in part to these additional expenses and in part to a lack of leverage on lower than planned sales during the first half of 2006.

The Company closed four stores during the first half of 2006 and six stores during 2005, all of which were closed in the first half of 2005. Those ten closed stores had sales of $\$ 4.2$ million and $\$ 13.2$ million and operating losses of $\$ 2.7$ million and $\$ 1.6$ million during the first half of 2006 and 2005 , respectively.

The Company earned interest income of $\$ 1.1$ million and $\$ 0.8$ million on its cash and short-term investments during the first half of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The increase in interest income is due to higher interest rates offset by lower average cash and short-term investment balances during the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005.

The income tax provision for the first half of 2006 and 2005 was $\$ 9.1$ million and $\$ 17.4$ million, respectively, reflecting an effective tax rate of $36.5 \%$ and $38.0 \%$, respectively. The income tax provision for the first half of 2006 includes a one-time reduction of certain net deferred tax liabilities of $\$ 0.2$ million to reflect the impact of the new Texas margin tax which is replacing the existing Texas franchise tax. The effective tax rate for the remainder of 2006 is expected to be approximately $37.2 \%$.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company s primary source of liquidity is the sale of its merchandise inventories. Capital requirements and working capital needs are funded through a combination of internally generated funds, a revolving credit facility and credit terms from vendors. Working capital is needed to support store inventories and capital investments for new store openings and to maintain existing stores. Historically, the Company s working capital needs are lowest in the first quarter and highest in either the third or fourth quarter in anticipation of the fourth quarter peak selling season. As of July 29, 2006, the Company had $\$ 21.6$ million in cash and cash equivalents and $\$ 5.0$ million in short-term investments.

Net cash provided by operating activities was $\$ 1.4$ million for the first half of 2006 compared to $\$ 15.3$ million for the first half of 2005. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities during the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005 was due in part to lower net income during the first half of 2006. Cash of $\$ 14.0$ million was provided from reduced inventories in the first half of 2005 while cash of $\$ 0.8$ million was used to increase inventories in the first half of 2006. However, cash of $\$ 26.3$ million was used to reduce accounts payable in the first half of 2005 while only $\$ 3.5$ million was used to reduce accounts payable in the first half of 2006 . The significant change in accounts payable during the first half of 2005 was due to an increase in the year-end 2004 accounts payable balance resulting from more current merchandise receipts at the end of 2004.

Net cash provided by investing activities was $\$ 71.9$ million for the first half of 2006 compared to net cash used in investing activities of $\$ 19.4$ million for the first half of 2005 . The net liquidation of short-term investments provided $\$ 99.9$ million of cash in the first half of 2006 compared to the net investment of $\$ 3.5$ million of cash in the first half of 2005 . Capital expenditures were $\$ 28.0$ million and $\$ 15.9$ million for the first half of 2006 and 2005, respectively. Capital expenditures were higher in the first half of 2006 compared to the first half of 2005 due primarily to remodeling costs for existing stores and the continued roll-out of new point-of-sale equipment. The Company expects to invest approximately $\$ 50$ to $\$ 55$ million in capital expenditures in 2006 to open new stores and continue investment in systems and store upgrades for increased productivity and enhanced customer service.

Net cash used in financing activities was $\$ 71.9$ million during the first half of 2006 compared to net cash provided by financing activities of $\$ 2.8$ million during the first half of 2005. In the first half of 2006, two regular quarterly dividends of $\$ 0.0625$ per share totaling $\$ 5.4$ million and a special dividend of $\$ 1.50$ per share totaling $\$ 65.4$ million were paid compared to the initial quarterly dividend of $\$ 0.625$ per share paid in the
first half of 2005. In August 2006, the Company declared a regular quarterly cash dividend of $\$ 0.0625$ per share which will be paid on September 22, 2006 to shareholders of record at close of business on September 8, 2006.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

Prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123R, the Company presented all tax benefits resulting from share-based compensation arrangements as operating activities in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. SFAS No. 123R requires that tax benefits resulting from share-based compensation in excess of compensation cost recognized be classified as financing cash flows. As a result, $\$ 0.3$ million of excess tax benefits has been classified as financing cash flows for the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006.

The Company has a $\$ 100$ million senior revolving credit agreement with a group of lenders, with an initial term ending January 2011. At July 29, 2006 there were no direct borrowings and no Event of Default existed under the terms of the Agreement.

The Company believes that expected net cash provided by operating activities and unused borrowing capacity under the revolving credit agreement will be sufficient to fund anticipated current and long-term capital expenditures, working capital requirements and dividend payments. Should current operating conditions change, management can borrow on the revolving credit agreement or adjust operating plans, including new store rollout.

## Contractual Obligations

To facilitate an understanding of the Company s contractual obligations, the following payments due by period data is provided:

|  |  | Less than | 1 | 35 | After 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | 1 Year | Years | Years | Years |
| Operating leases | \$ 386,016 | \$ 68,336 | \$ 65,014 | \$ 146,621 | \$ 106,045 |

At July 29, 2006, the Company had no direct borrowings on its credit facility. Other long-term liabilities on the balance sheet include deferred income taxes, deferred compensation and other long-term liabilities that do not have specific due dates, so are excluded from the preceding table. Other long-term liabilities also include long-term store closing reserves, a component of which is future minimum payments under non-cancelable leases for closed stores. These future minimum lease payments total $\$ 11.8$ million and are included in the above table.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has outstanding standby letters of credit totaling $\$ 7.3$ million securing certain insurance programs at July 29, 2006. If certain conditions were to occur under these arrangements, the Company would be required to satisfy the obligations in cash. Due to the nature of these arrangements and based on historical experience, the Company does not expect to make any payments; therefore, the letters of credit are excluded from the preceding table. There are no other off-balance sheet arrangements that could affect the financial condition of the Company.

## Seasonality

The Company s business is seasonal in nature with a higher percentage of the Company s merchandise sales and earnings generated in the fall and holiday selling seasons. Accordingly, SG\&A expenses are typically higher as a percent of net sales during the first three quarters of each year.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ( FASB ) issued FASB Interpretation No. ( FIN ) 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 . FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in accordance with Statement of Financial Standards ( SFAS ) No. 109. This interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Additionally, FIN 48 provides guidance on derecognition, classification and disclosure of tax positions. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with the cumulative effect of initially adopting this interpretation being recorded as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. We are currently evaluating the impact FIN 48 will have on our financial statements.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

For information regarding our exposure to certain market risk, see Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in Part II, Item 7A of our Form 10-K for the year ended January 28, 2006, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 6, 2006. There were no material changes to our market risk during the 26 weeks ended July 29, 2006.

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of July 29, 2006 to provide reasonable assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met.

There have been no changes in our internal control structure over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table provides information regarding repurchases by the Company of its common stock during the 26 -week period ended July 29 , 2006:

## ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES


(1) The Company s Open Market Repurchase Program is conducted pursuant to authorizations made from time to time by the Company s Board of Directors. The shares reported in the table are covered by a Board authorization to repurchase 2.5 million shares of common stock announced on March 5, 2001; this authorization does not have an expiration date.
The following table provides information regarding our equity compensation plans as of July 29, 2006:
EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

## Plan category

(A)
(B)
(C)

|  | to be issued upon | exercise price of | remaining available <br> exercise of |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| for the future |  |  |  |
| outstanding options |  | issuance under |  |
| equity compensation |  |  |  |
| plans (excluding |  |  |  |

Table of Contents

## STEIN MART, INC.

## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Stein Mart, Inc. was held on June 6, 2006. At the meeting, the stockholders elected all of the Company s directors to serve for one-year terms. The vote for each nominee for director was as follows:

| Name of Director | Votes For | Votes Withheld |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Alvin R. Carpenter | $40,990,193$ | 258,556 |
| Linda McFarland Farthing | $36,897,689$ | $4,351,060$ |
| Michael D. Fisher | $37,531,702$ | $3,717,047$ |
| Mitchell W. Legler | $36,956,369$ | $4,292,380$ |
| Michael D. Rose | $40,931,863$ | 316,886 |
| Richard L. Sisisky | $37,238,184$ | $4,010,565$ |
| Jay Stein | $37,528,877$ | $3,719,872$ |
| Martin E. Stein, Jr. | $29,902,760$ | $11,345,989$ |
| J. Wayne Weaver | $41,061,917$ | 186,832 |
| John H. Williams, Jr. | $37,365,639$ | $3,883,110$ |
| James H. Winston | $37,219,743$ | $4,029,006$ |

The following proposals were also submitted to Stockholders with the following voting results:

1. Re-approval of the material terms of the performance goals under the Stein Mart 2001 Omnibus Plan

| For | $36,695,051$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Against | $1,181,080$ |
| Abstain | 314,165 |

2. Re-approval of the material terms of the Stein Mart Employee Stock Purchase Plan

| For | $37,501,085$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Against | 376,753 |
| Abstain | 312,458 |

3. Approval of the modified material terms of the performance goals under the Stein Mart, Inc. Management Incentive Compensation Plan

| For | $34,390,422$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Against | $3,770,239$ |
| Abstain | 29,635 |

## Item 5. Other Information

In June 2006, the stockholders approved the modified material terms of the performance goals under the Stein Mart, Inc. Management Incentive Compensation Plan. The amended plan is attached hereto as Exhibit 10.1.

## Item 6. Exhibits

10.1 Management Incentive Compensation Plan, amended June 6, 2006
31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a)
31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a)
32.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
32.2 Certification of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

## Table of Contents

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## STEIN MART, INC..

Date: September 6, 2006
By: /s/ Michael D. Fisher
Michael D. Fisher
President and Chief Executive Officer
/s/ James G. Delfs
James G. Delfs
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

