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Prospectus

NetEase.com, Inc.

\$100,000,000 Principal Amount

Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023 and Ordinary Shares

Issuable Upon Conversion of the Notes

This prospectus covers resales from time to time by selling securityholders of our Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023, held by the selling securityholders listed in the section entitled, Selling Securityholders, and 207,684,320 of our ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes held by such selling securityholders and subject to adjustment.

The notes have the following provisions:

The interest rate on the notes will be zero, unless we fail to satisfy our obligations to register the notes and the ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes.

The notes are general unsecured obligations of NetEase.com, Inc. and are subordinated to any existing or future senior indebtedness of NetEase.com, Inc.

The notes will mature on July 15, 2023, at which time they will be redeemed at 100% of their principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

Prior to July 15, 2008, we may not redeem the notes at our option, except upon a Merger Event (as described on page 46 of this prospectus). On or after July 15, 2008, we may redeem for cash all or part of the notes at a price equal to 100% of their principal amount if certain conditions relating to the trading price of our American Depositary Shares, or ADSs, are met (as described on page 46 of this prospectus).

Holders of the notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of their notes for cash on July 15, 2006, July 15, 2007, July 15, 2008, July 15, 2013 and July 15, 2018, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes, together with accrued and

unpaid interest, if any, subject to those additional conditions described on page 45 of this prospectus.

Holders may convert their notes at any time on or before the maturity date at the conversion price (which conversion price may be adjusted as provided on page 41 of this prospectus) under those circumstances described on page 39 of this prospectus. We may pay converting note holders ordinary shares, cash or a combination of cash and ordinary shares for their notes.

For a complete description of the terms and conditions of the notes, see Description of Notes beginning on page 39 of this prospectus.

Our ADSs, each representing 100 ordinary shares, are quoted on The Nasdaq National Market, Inc. under the symbol NTES. The last reported sale price of our ADSs on January 13, 2005 was \$50.85 per ADS, which results in a reference price of \$0.5085 per share for our ordinary shares.

Investing in the notes and ordinary shares involves risks. See <u>Risk Factors</u> beginning on page 9.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is January 31, 2005.

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SUMMARY

This summary contains a brief overview of us and the key aspects of the offering. Because it is a summary, it does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing. You should read this entire prospectus carefully, including the section entitled Risk Factors and our financial statements and the notes thereto, some of which are incorporated into this prospectus by reference, before making an investment decision.

Through our subsidiaries and contracts with our affiliates Guangzhou NetEase Computer System Co., Ltd. (Guangzhou NetEase), Beijing Guangyitong Advertising Co., Ltd. (Guangyitong Advertising) and Guangzhou Ling Yi Electronics Technology Limited (Ling Yi) and their respective shareholders, we operate a leading interactive online and wireless community in China and are a major provider of Chinese language content and services through our online games, wireless value-added services and Internet portal businesses.

Our business was founded by William Lei Ding, our Chief Architect and one of our directors, in June 1997. Mr. Ding owns 100% of our largest shareholder, Shining Globe International Limited, and 90% of both Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi. The other 10% of Guangzhou NetEase is owned by Bo Ding, the brother of William Lei Ding and a former non-executive employee of NetEase, and the other 10% of Ling Yi is owned by Bo Ding and one of our former employees, Jun (Singo) Liang. Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi have each obtained approval from the Guangzhou telecommunications administrative authorities to provide Internet content services. Guangzhou NetEase s 80% owned subsidiary, Guangyitong Advertising, holds a license to operate an advertising business. The other 20% of Guangyitong Advertising is owned by Bo Ding.

We conduct our business in China solely through our wholly owned subsidiaries, NetEase Information Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd., NetEase Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., NetEase Interactive Entertainment Ltd. and Guangzhou NetEase Interactive Entertainment Limited.

The following diagram shows the current group structure of our subsidiaries and affiliated companies:

The affiliated variable entities shown in the box above are controlled by NetEase.com, Inc. through contractual arrangements between it and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the affiliated variable interest entities and their shareholders, on the other hand.

Under current Chinese regulations, there are limitations on the percentage interest foreign companies may have in value-added telecommunications businesses in China, which include the operation of Internet content provision businesses and wireless value-added services such as short-messaging services (SMS). In addition, the operation by foreign or foreign-invested companies of advertising businesses in China is subject to government approval. Because of these restrictions, NetEase.com is not permitted directly to wholly own an Internet content provider, wireless value-added services or advertising business. NetEase.com has therefore entered into a series of agreements, directly and through its subsidiaries, with three PRC companies, Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi. Under these contracts, we provide our Internet and wireless value-added applications, services and technologies and advertising business. For more information on these agreements, see the section entitled Related Party Transactions which is included in our annual report on Form 20-F/A for the year ended December 31, 2003, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We do not have any direct ownership interest in Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising or Ling Yi.

Under our agreements with Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi, we have agreed to pay the operating costs of both these companies. Under our agreements with Guangyitong Advertising, we have agreed to provide performance guarantees and guarantee loans for working capital purposes to the extent required by Guangyitong Advertising for its operations. We entered into our principal agreements with Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising in May 2000. We entered into our principal agreements with Ling Yi in May 2004 with retroactive effect to the date Ling Yi received its business license in 2003. Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi are each prohibited from incurring any debt without our prior approval.

NetEase.com generates substantially all of its revenue through Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising. Ling Yi also contributes an insignificant portion of NetEase.com s wireless value-added services revenue.

Any violations by Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising or Ling Yi of our agreements with them could disrupt our operations, degrade our services or shut down our services. For a detailed discussion of the risks to NetEase.com regarding its dependency on Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi, see the section entitled Risk Factors which is included in our annual report on Form 20-F/A for the year ended December 31, 2003, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus.

We do not require our users to register in order to browse the NetEase Web sites including the content channels, online shopping mall and classified ads or use the Web directories and Internet search engine. We do require, however, that our users register in order to utilize the other services that we provide, including our fee-based services (such as our online games, wireless value-added services, premium matchmaking and other premium services) as well as our free services such as chat rooms, basic e-mail services, basic matchmaking, basic personal homepages, and instant messaging. Registration requires a user to provide personal information including the user s name, contact information and other statistical information (such as educational level) and security information (such as a password).

Our basic service offerings on the NetEase Web sites are available without charge to our users and include:

content services (such as news, local information, finance and weather);

chat rooms;

basic e-mail services;

basic personal ads;

basic matchmaking;

basic clubs;

basic photo album;

basic personal homepages;

electronic greeting cards;

instant messaging PC to PC;

job search;

browsing classified ads;

Web directories;

Web searching; and

online shopping mall.

We generate revenue from our:

online games;

wireless value-added services and other fee-based premium services, such as premium email services, premium personals, premium matchmaking, premium alumni clubs and premium personal homepages; and

advertising services.

Our principal areas of focus are our online games, wireless value-added services and Internet portal.

Online Games

Our online games business focuses on offering massively multi-player online role-playing games (MMORPGs) to the Chinese market. MMORPGs are played over the Internet in virtual worlds that exist on game servers to which thousands of players simultaneously connect and interact. We both develop and license online games that are targeted at the Chinese market, and we strive to provide the highest quality game playing experience to our users.

To pay for game playing time, players can use our prepaid point card system. Point card distribution channels include wholesalers, as well as major retailers including convenience stores mainly in Guangzhou Province and Shanghai.

Wireless Value-Added Services

Through arrangements with the two principal mobile phone operators in China, China Mobile and China Unicom, we offer a wide-range of services which allow users, for example, to receive news and other information such as stock quotes and e-mails on their mobile phones, download ringtones and logos for their mobile phones and participate in matchmaking communities and interactive games. Combining content from our Internet portal (both user-generated and from our content partners) with the applications we have developed in-house, our wireless business department strives to offer services that are responsive to our users changing tastes and needs.

Currently, most of our wireless value-added services are provided to users in the form of SMS. NetEase offers a wide variety of different services with pricing between RMB0.10 to RMB2.00 per SMS message or between RMB3.00 to RMB30.00 per subscription per month. Through Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi, we share the revenue collected by China Mobile and China Unicom, which they bill and collect on our behalf.

In addition to our SMS, we offer services for emerging wireless technology standards, including multimedia messaging (MMS) services and wireless application protocol (WAP) portals which users access with mobile phones that utilize the new GPRS or CDMA1X technology

standards. We also offer interactive voice response services (IVRS) that allow users to access prerecorded information from their mobile phones and to interact with other users through voice chat simply by dialing specially designated IVRS phone numbers and responding to menu options. We intend to continue to develop and introduce wireless value-added services as the market evolves and as new technologies develop.

Internet Portal

The NetEase Web sites provide Internet users with Chinese language online services centered around three core service categories (1) content, (2) community and communication, and (3) commerce. Our Internet portal revenues are generated from advertising services provided to third party advertisers and marketers, and individual users who subscribe to our fee-based premium services.

Content

Through more than 20 channels, the NetEase Web site s content channels provide news, information and online entertainment to the Chinese public. The NetEase Web sites consolidate and distribute content from more than one hundred international and domestic content providers. Content channels include news, entertainment, sports, finance, information technology, automobiles, astrology and cartoons, as well as regional sites aimed at users in Guangdong and Shanghai.

Community and Communication

The NetEase Web sites also provide a broad array of community and communication services, including e-mail, instant messaging, personal advertisements, matchmaking, alumni directories, personal homepages, clubs, electronic-cards, chat rooms, classified advertisements, job posting services and community forums. As discussed above, some of these services are provided free of charge to our users with, in some cases, an option to upgrade to a fee-based premium service, whereas others are provided solely on a fee-based premium basis.

Commerce

We offer an online shopping mall, providing Internet users in China a single online location at which they can shop from the convenience of their homes and offices or in Internet cafes and thereby access products and information which might otherwise not be conveniently available. In turn, our technology platform allows e-commerce and traditional businesses to establish or expand their retail networks via the NetEase Web sites.

Other

In addition to the three core service categories described above, the NetEase Web sites provide useful resources to our users, including a Web directory, Web search service and classified advertisements. Our Web directory is based on an open architecture system with over 470 volunteer editors working to build a categorized directory of Chinese Web sites.

The NetEase Web sites also provide an established marketing platform for advertisers, whereby they can reach NetEase s large registered user base to conduct integrated marketing campaigns by means of a full range of advertising formats and techniques. These include banner advertising, direct e-mail, interactive media-rich sites, sponsored special events, games and contests and other activities.

Corporate Information

NetEase.com, Inc., a Cayman Islands corporation, was formed and commenced operations in 1999. Our predecessor company was formed in 1997. Our principal executive offices are located at 2/F, Tower B, Keeven International Research & Development Centre, No. 43 West Road North Third Ring Road, Haidian District, Beijing, People s Republic of China 100086. Our telephone number at this location is (86-10) 8211-0163. Our principal corporate Web site is located at http://www.netease.com. The information contained on our Web site is not a part of this prospectus.

Please note that in this prospectus, all references to Renminbi and RMB are to the legal currency of China and all references to dollars, USD, and US\$ are to the legal currency of the United States.

The Offering

This prospectus covers the resale of \$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the notes and 207,684,320 of our ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes, plus additional ordinary shares that may be issued from time to time upon conversion of the notes as a result of antidilution adjustments in circumstances described on page 41 of this prospectus.

We issued and sold \$75,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the notes on July 14, 2003 and \$25,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the notes on July 31, 2003, in private offerings to Credit Suisse First Boston LLC. We were informed by Credit Suisse First Boston LLC that the notes were resold in transactions which were exempt from registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (referred to as the Securities Act in this prospectus) to persons reasonably believed by Credit Suisse First Boston LLC to be qualified institutional buyers (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act).

Ordinary shares may be offered by the selling securityholders following the conversion of their notes.

The following is a brief summary of the terms of the notes. For a more complete description of the notes, see the section entitled Description of Notes in this prospectus.

Notes

\$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of our Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023.

Interest

Interest on the notes will be zero unless specified defaults under the registration rights agreement occur. See Description of Notes Registration Rights.

Maturity of Notes

July 15, 2023.

Subordination

The notes will be general unsecured subordinated obligations of NetEase. The notes will be subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future senior indebtedness. The notes will also be effectively subordinated to the existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries. As of June 30, 2004, we had approximately \$100.0 million of outstanding indebtedness, and current liabilities of approximately \$25.3 million. On that date, our subsidiaries had no outstanding indebtedness, other than intercompany indebtedness and other normal trade payables and liabilities. As of June 30, 2004, Guangzhou NetEase had no outstanding indebtedness, other than trade payables equal to \$256,131. As of June 30, 2004, we had not guaranteed any indebtedness for Guangyitong Advertising. Under our agreements with Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi, we are responsible for the liabilities of both those companies. Under our agreements with Guangyitong Advertising, we are obligated to provide any guarantees needed by Guangyitong Advertising for its operation.

Conversion

Note holders may convert their notes into our ordinary shares at a conversion price of \$0.4815 per share, subject to adjustment, at any time prior to maturity:

during any calendar quarter commencing after September 30, 2003, if the average of the reference prices (as defined on page 40 of this prospectus) of our ordinary shares for the last five consecutive trading days of the calendar quarter preceding the quarter in which the conversion occurs is more than 115% of the conversion price per share on the last trading day of the preceding quarter;

if we have called the notes for redemption;

if the average of the trading prices of the notes for any five consecutive trading day period is less than 100% of the average of the conversion value (as defined on page 40 of this prospectus) of the notes during that period; provided, however, that no notes may be converted based on the satisfaction of this condition during the six month period immediately preceding each specified date on which the note holders may require us to repurchase their notes (for example, with respect to the July 15, 2006 repurchase date, the notes may not be converted from January 15, 2006 to July 15, 2006) if on any day during such five consecutive trading day period, the reference price of our ordinary shares is between the conversion price and 115% of the conversion price; or

upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions, as more fully described on page 41 of this prospectus.

Upon conversion of the notes, we may also choose to deliver cash to you, in lieu of ordinary shares, or a combination of cash and ordinary shares.

A holder may deposit the ordinary shares it receives upon conversion of its notes for the issuance of ADSs if the conditions described on page 55 of this prospectus are met.

Redemption of Notes at Our Option

Beginning on July 15, 2008 and prior to the close of business on the maturity date (July 15, 2023), we may redeem the notes, in whole or in part, for cash at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, if the reference price (as described on page 40 of this prospectus) of our ordinary shares for 20 out of any 30 consecutive trading day period, the last of which occurs no more than five days prior to the date upon which notice of such redemption is published, is at least 130% of the conversion price in effect on such last trading day. See Description of Notes Redemption of Notes at Our Option on page 45 of this prospectus.

We will also redeem all of the notes upon a Merger Event (as defined on page 49 of this prospectus) for cash in an amount equal to the trading price of the notes plus 10% of their principal amount (or 100% of the principal amount of the notes, if greater). See Description of Notes Merger and Consolidation on page 49 of this prospectus.

Repurchase of the Notes at the Option of the Holder

Holders may require us to repurchase for cash all or a portion of their notes on July 15, 2006, July 15, 2007, July 15, 2008, July 15, 2013 and July 15, 2018, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any. See Description of Notes Repurchase of Notes at the Option of the Holder on Specified Dates on page 45 of this prospectus.

Fundamental Change

If a Fundamental Change (as defined on page 47 of this prospectus) occurs, each holder of notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of such holder s notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

Delisting Event

If our ADSs are no longer listed or quoted for trading on The Nasdaq National Market or our ordinary shares or other securities representing our ordinary shares are not listed or quoted for trading on a U.S. national securities exchange, each holder of notes may require us to repurchase all or a portion of such holder s notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

Events of Default

If there is an event of default on the notes, the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, may be declared immediately due and payable. See Description of Notes Events of Default and Notice Thereof beginning on page 48 of this prospectus.

Use of Proceeds

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the notes or the ordinary shares offered by this prospectus.

Form of Notes

The notes were issued in book-entry form and are represented by permanent global certificates deposited with a custodian for and registered in the name of a nominee of The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, in New York, New York.

Beneficial interests in any such securities are shown on, and transfers are effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants and any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated securities, except in limited circumstances. See Description of Notes Book-Entry Delivery and Form beginning on page 51 of this prospectus.

Registration Rights

We have agreed to file with the SEC the shelf registration statement of which this prospectus is a part for the resale of the notes and the ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes under a registration rights agreement. The registration rights agreement requires us to pay interest on the notes in the event that we fail to comply with our obligation thereunder to cause the registration statement to be declared effective within a certain timeframe. In April 2004 and October 2004, we made interest payments pursuant to these provisions. See Description of Notes Registration Rights beginning on page 52 of this prospectus.

Trading

Our ADSs, each representing 100 ordinary shares, are traded on The Nasdaq National Market under the symbol NTES.

Trustee for the Notes and Depositary for our American Depositary Shares

The Bank of New York.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

China Mobile and China Unicom have a wide range of policies and procedures regarding customer service, quality control and other aspects of the wireless value-added services industry. As the industry has evolved over the last several years, the mobile operators have refined these policies to improve overall service quality. Also, the way such policies have been enforced as applied to third party service providers has changed in the past, and may do so again in the future. In particular, acting under the guidance of China s Ministry of Information Industry, the mobile operators have recently begun enforcing their customer service policies more rigorously than in the past and have initiated steps to improve customer service. For example, the mobile operators have imposed severe penalties on other participants in this market for unauthorized broad distributions of SMS messages to users to promote their SMS services, known as SMS pushes , and for pornographic or other improper content. Penalties have included precluding such participants from offering certain services over a mobile operator s network or from offering new services for a fixed period. We have not received any such service suspensions from the mobile operators, and we intend to continue to monitor the content of our SMS services to attempt to minimize the possibility that we could be deemed to have violated the mobile operators policies.

Furthermore, new billing systems for SMS services are being adopted on a province-by-province basis, which require users to make two confirmations to order services via the Internet, enable users to more easily cancel services and prevent service providers from billing inactive users for subscription-based services or billing users for more than one message if a single message is broken into multiple messages by the service provider for transmission. We believe that these new billing systems have limited, and will continue to tend to limit, the growth of our revenue from wireless value-added services.

China Mobile and China Unicom have also recently begun imposing various customer complaint thresholds on third party service providers such as our company. Violations of these policies can lead to monetary fines or service suspensions. The mobile operators guidelines for customer complaints are based on a series of highly vague principles, which vary from province to province. Thus, the actual thresholds, and punishments for violations, are to a large extent determined in the discretion of the provincial offices of the mobile operators and evolve over time, with a particular recent focus by them on:

inaccurate or opaque billing practices,

unauthorized SMS pushes, and

high numbers of complaints about the quality of specific services.

To minimize the possibility of violating these thresholds, we have strengthened our customer service team through additional hires and enhanced training to foster a proactive approach to address customer service needs in a timely manner. In addition, we have strict policies regarding our distribution of SMS pushes. Nonetheless, we have on occasion inadvertently violated the mobile operators policies (principally related to billing-related customer complaints and SMS push distributions). In the first nine months of 2004, monetary penalties totaling RMB1.6 million (US\$197,000) have been imposed on us for exceeding such thresholds, though we cannot predict whether we will incur additional penalties, or service suspensions, in the future.

We may not be able to adequately respond to these developments or future changes in mobile operator policies, or changes in the manner in which such policies are enforced. Furthermore, because the mobile operators policies are in a state of flux and they are highly sensitive to customer complaints (even if the complaints may not have a bona fide basis), we cannot be certain that our business activities will always be deemed in compliance with those policies despite our efforts to so comply. Accordingly, we may be subject to monetary penalties or service

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suspensions or both, even for conduct which we believed to be permissible. Any non-compliance with the mobile operators policies by us, whether inadvertent or not, could result in a material and adverse effect on our revenue and profitability.

RISK FACTORS

Before you make an investment decision regarding the notes or the underlying ordinary shares, you should carefully consider all of the information contained in this prospectus or incorporated herein by reference.

Risks Related to the Offering of These Securities

One shareholder will have significant control over the outcome of shareholder votes after this offering.

As of June 30, 2004, our founder and Chief Architect, William Ding, beneficially owned approximately 50% of our outstanding ordinary shares. Assuming all the notes could be, and are, immediately converted into ordinary shares at the conversion price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus, he will beneficially own approximately 47.1% of our outstanding ordinary shares. Accordingly, Mr. Ding will continue to have significant control over the outcome of any corporate transaction or other matter submitted to our shareholders for approval, including mergers, consolidations and the sale of all or substantially all of our assets.

The price of our ADSs has been volatile historically and may continue to be volatile, which may make it difficult for holders to resell the notes, ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes or ADSs representing such ordinary shares when desired or at attractive prices.

The trading price of our ADSs has been and may continue to be subject to wide fluctuations. During 2003, the closing sale prices of our ADSs on The Nasdaq National Market ranged from \$10.10 to \$72.00 per share and the last reported sale price on December 26, 2003 was \$37.61. Our ADS price may fluctuate in response to a number of events and factors. In addition, the stock market in general, and the market prices for Internet-related companies in particular, have experienced extreme volatility that often has been unrelated to the operating performance of such companies. These broad market and industry fluctuations may adversely affect the price of our ADSs, regardless of our operating performance. Because the notes are convertible into our ordinary shares and our ADSs represent ordinary shares, volatility or depressed prices for our ADSs could have a similar effect on the price of the notes and our ordinary shares. In addition, the existence of the notes may encourage short selling in our ADSs by market participants because the conversion of the notes could depress the price of our ADSs.

An active trading market for the notes or the ordinary shares issuable upon conversion does not yet exist and may never develop.

There currently is no active trading market for the notes or the ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes and there can be no assurance as to:

the liquidity of any market for the notes or ordinary shares that may develop,

the ability of the holders to sell their notes or ordinary shares, or

the prices at which holders of the notes or ordinary shares would be able to sell their securities.

If active markets were to exist, the notes or ordinary shares issuable upon conversion could trade at prices higher or lower than their initial purchase prices depending on many factors. We do not intend to apply for listing of the notes or ordinary shares issuable upon conversion on any securities exchange or for quotation on The Nasdaq National Market.

If our registration statement covering resales of the notes and our ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes is not effective or we have suspended its use, it may be difficult or impossible for a holder to resell the notes or ordinary shares.

The notes and our ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes may be offered or sold only if:

an applicable exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws applies to the circumstances of the sale; or

a registration statement covering the resale of these securities is filed with the SEC and declared effective.

Although we are required to register resales of the notes and our ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes for a period of time (this prospectus is a part of a registration statement filed by us to fulfill this requirement), the registration statement may not be available to holders at all times. We may suspend the use of this prospectus under during pending corporate developments, public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, and similar events. While our ability to suspend the use of this prospectus for up to an aggregate of 120 days during any 12-month period under circumstances relating to possible acquisitions, financings or other similar transactions. Under such circumstances, it may be difficult or impossible for a holder to resell the notes or ordinary shares and the value and liquidity of the notes and ordinary shares may also be adversely affected.

Holders of our ordinary shares issued upon conversion of the notes will be required to satisfy certain requirements in order to deposit those ordinary shares for the issuance of ADSs, which may be costly and time consuming to them.

If holders wish to deposit their ordinary shares for the issuance of ADSs, they will be required to provide certain information to The Bank of New York, which is the depositary for our ADS program, in order to establish that the shares and the ADSs that will be issued upon the deposit will not be subject to any transfer restrictions as described under Description of American Depositary Shares. Specifically, The Bank of New York has informed us that it intends to require holders wishing to deposit ordinary shares issued upon conversion of the notes to provide evidence that:

the shares have been resold pursuant to an effective resale registration statement,

the shares have been resold in compliance with Rule 144 under the Securities Act, or

the exemption provided by Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act is available and we have removed the transfer restriction legend from the share certificate at the holder s request.

In addition, The Bank of New York may require a legal opinion at the holder s own expense that confirms the conditions above have been met. If the registration statement discussed above is not effective at the time of deposit of the ordinary shares, the value and liquidity of the holder s investment could be materially adversely affected.

Fluctuations in the currency exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the Renminbi could adversely affect the dollar value of our ADSs, and therefore of the notes and the ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes, and any cash dividend declared on our ordinary shares.

Because holders of our ordinary shares and ADSs may elect to receive cash dividends, if any, in U.S. dollars, fluctuations in the exchange rate could also affect the value of any cash dividend declared in Renminbi and paid in U.S. dollars. In addition, because our revenue is primarily denominated in Renminbi, our valuation could be materially and adversely impacted by the devaluation of the Renminbi if U.S. investors analyze our value based on the U.S. dollar equivalent of our financial condition and results of operations.

The notes are subordinated to any of our existing and future senior indebtedness and are effectively subordinated to all liabilities of our subsidiaries. Therefore, we may be unable to repay our obligations under the notes.

The notes will be unsecured and subordinated in right of payment in full to all of our existing and future senior debt. Because the notes are subordinated to our senior debt, in the event of:

our liquidation or insolvency,

a default in payment or other covenants of our designated senior debt, or

acceleration of the maturity date of the notes due to an event of default,

we will make payments on the notes only after our senior debt has been fully paid or has not been accelerated within 179 days. After paying our senior debt in full, we may not have sufficient assets remaining to pay any or all amounts due on the notes.

Our subsidiaries are separate legal entities and are not obligated to make any payments on the notes or make any funds available for payment on the notes, whether by dividends, loans or other payments. Dividend payments, loans and advances to us by our subsidiaries may be limited by contract or statute and depend upon the earnings of our subsidiaries. Our subsidiaries will not guarantee the payment of the notes. Our right to receive assets of any of our subsidiaries upon their liquidation or reorganization, and your right to participate in these assets, will be effectively subordinated to the claims of that subsidiary s creditors. Consequently, the notes will be effectively subordinated to all liabilities, including trade payables, of any of our subsidiaries and any subsidiaries that we may in the future acquire or establish, except to the extent that we are recognized as a creditor of such subsidiary, in which case our claims would still be subordinated to any security interests in the assets of such subsidiary and any debt of such subsidiary senior to that held by us.

As of June 30, 2004, (i) we had approximately \$100.0 million of outstanding debt and approximately \$25.3 million of current liabilities and (ii) our subsidiaries had no outstanding indebtedness, other than intercompany indebtedness and other normal trade

payables and liabilities. Neither we nor our subsidiaries are prohibited or limited under the Indenture for the notes from incurring debt or acting as guarantors of debt for others in whom we or our subsidiaries may have an interest. Our ability to pay our obligations on the notes could be adversely affected by our or our subsidiaries incurrence of indebtedness or other liabilities. We and our subsidiaries may from time to time incur indebtedness and other liabilities, including senior debt. See Description of Notes Subordination of Notes.

We may not have the ability to repurchase the notes in cash if a holder exercises its repurchase right on the dates specified in this prospectus or upon the occurrence of a change of control or a delisting.

Holders of the notes have the right to require us to repurchase the notes on specified dates and upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, such as a change of control, or a delisting of our securities, prior to maturity as described under the headings Description of the Notes Repurchase of Notes at the Option of the Holder on Specified Dates, Description of the Notes Repurchase at Option of a Holder Upon a Fundamental Change and Description of the Notes Repurchase at Option of a Holder Upon a Delisting Event. We may not have sufficient funds to make the required repurchase in cash at such time or the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms. In addition, our ability to repurchase the notes in cash may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our indebtedness outstanding at the time. Our failure to repurchase tendered notes would constitute an event of default under the Indenture for the notes, which might constitute a default under any other debt we may have. In such circumstances, or if a fundamental change would constitute an event of default under our senior indebtedness, the subordination provisions of the Indenture would possibly limit or prohibit payments to you.

The conditional conversion feature of the notes could result in you receiving less than the value of the ordinary shares into which a note is convertible.

The notes are convertible into our ordinary shares only if specified conditions are met. If the specific conditions for conversion are not met, you will not be able to convert your notes, and you may not be able to receive the value of the ordinary shares into which the notes would otherwise be convertible.

Sales of a significant number of ADSs in the public market, or the perception of such sales, could reduce the price of the notes and impair our ability to raise funds in new security offerings.

Sales of substantial amounts of our ADSs in the public market after this offering, or the perception that those sales may occur, could cause the market price of our ADSs to decline. Because the notes are convertible into ordinary shares only at a conversion price in excess of the reference price of our ordinary shares determined based on the applicable ADS trading price, such a decline in the market price of our ADSs may cause the value of the notes to decline.

You may face difficulties in protecting your interests, and our ability to protect our rights through the U.S. federal courts may be limited, because we are incorporated under Cayman Islands law.

Our corporate affairs are governed by our memorandum and articles of association and by the Companies Law (2004 Revision) and common law of the Cayman Islands. The rights of our shareholders and the fiduciary responsibilities of our directors under Cayman Islands law are not as clearly established as they would be under statutes or judicial precedents in the United States. In particular, the Cayman Islands has a less developed body of securities laws as compared to the U.S., and provides significantly less protection to investors. Therefore, our shareholders

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may have more difficulties in protecting their interests in the face of actions by our management, directors or controlling shareholders than would shareholders of a corporation incorporated in a jurisdiction in the United States. In addition, Cayman Islands companies may not have standing to sue before the federal courts of the United States. As a result, our ability to protect our interests if we are harmed in a manner that would otherwise enable us to sue in a United States federal court may be limited.

RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

	For the	e Year End	led Decer	nber 31,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,
1998	8 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
N/A	A N/A	N/A	N/A	4.61	155	67.07

The ratio of earnings to fixed charges is calculated by dividing profit before tax by fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest costs and one-third of the rental expenses. We believe that one-third of the rental expenses is a reasonable approximation of the interest factor in the rental expenses. Due to our losses in the years ended December 31, 1999, 2000 and 2001, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges were less than 1:1 for those years. To achieve a coverage of 1:1 for those years, we would have had to generate additional earnings of RMB52.0 million, RMB169.3 million and RMB233.2 million, respectively.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains statements that may be of a forward-looking nature. These statements are made under the safe harbor provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can identify these forward-looking statements by terminology such as will, expects, anticipates, future, intends, plans, believes, estimates and similar statements. The accuracy of these statements may be impacted by a num business risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or anticipated, including those related to:

the risk that we will not be able to continue to successfully monetize the user base of the NetEase Web sites and that revenues from our online games, as well as our wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services, will not continue to grow;

the risk that the online game market will not continue to grow or that we will not be able to maintain our position in that market;

the risk that the current popularity of SMS in China will not continue for whatever reason, including SMS being superseded by other technologies for which we are unable to offer attractive products and services;

our dependence on the mobile operators in China to provide our wireless value-added services to their customers, maintain accurate records and collect and remit to us our share of the revenues from these services;

the risk that we may not be able to continuously develop new and creative online games and wireless value-added services;

the risk that the online advertising market in China will not continue to grow and will remain subject to intense competition;

the risk that we will not be able to control our expenses in future periods;

possible charges which may be brought against our company by the SEC for potential violations of U.S. securities laws, including monetary penalties and legal fees;

our ability to develop and implement additional operational and financial systems to manage our operations;

the risk that current or future appointees to management are not effective in their respective positions;

the difficulty in locating and recruiting suitable candidates for middle and senior management positions;

governmental uncertainties, general competition and price pressures in the marketplace;

uncertainty as to future profitability and the risk that security, reliability and confidentiality concerns may impede broad use of the Internet and e-commerce and other services; and

other risks outlined in our filings with the SEC, including our registration statement on Form F-1, as amended.

All forward-looking statements in this prospectus are made as of the date hereof, based on information available to us as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update or revise any of these forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes show that the indicated results or events will not be realized.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The proceeds from the sale of the notes and the ordinary shares offered by this prospectus are solely for the account of the selling securityholders named in this prospectus. Accordingly, we will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the notes or the ordinary shares offered by this prospectus.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have not authorized any dealer, salesperson or other person to give any information or represent anything not contained in this prospectus. You should not rely on any unauthorized information. This prospectus does not offer to sell or buy any shares in any jurisdiction in which it is unlawful. The information in this prospectus is current as of the date on the cover. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

We file annual and current reports and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy materials that we have filed with the SEC at the SEC s public reference room at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Room 1024, Washington, D.C. 20549.

Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference room.

Our ADSs are quoted on The Nasdaq National Market under the symbol NTES.

Certain of our SEC filings are also available to the public on the SEC s Internet website at http://www.sec.gov.

We incorporate by reference into this prospectus the documents listed below and any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, including any filings after the date of this prospectus, until this offering is completed. In addition, we will incorporate by reference some future reports on Form 6-K, but only to the extent specifically indicated in those reports. The information incorporated by reference is an important part of this prospectus. Any statement in a document incorporated by reference into this prospectus will be deemed to be modified or superseded to the extent a statement contained in (1) this prospectus or (2) any other subsequently filed document that is incorporated by reference into this prospectus modifies or supersedes such statement.

Our Annual Report on Form 20-F (File No. 000-30666) for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 filed on June 29, 2004, as amended on January 24, 2005;

The description of our ordinary shares and American Depositary Shares, each representing 100 of our ordinary shares, set forth in our Registration Statement on Form 8-A, filed on March 27, 2000 and amended on June 28, 2000 (File No. 000-30666);

Our Current Report on Form 6-K (File No. 000-30666) filed on March 17, 2004;

Our Current Report on Form 6-K (File No. 000-30666) filed on April 14, 2004;

Our Current Report on Form 6-K (File No. 000-30666) filed on April 30, 2004;

Our Current Report on Form 6-K (File No. 000-30666) filed on July 8, 2004;

Our Current Report on Form 6-K (File No. 000-30666) filed on August 4, 2004; and

Our Current Report on Form 6-K (File No. 000-30666) filed on November 5, 2004.

You may request a copy of these filings, the indenture for the notes, the registration rights agreement or the form of note, at no cost, by writing to us at: Investor Relations, NetEase.com, Inc., 2/F, Tower B, Keeven International Research and Development Centre, No. 43 West Road North Third Ring Road, Haidian District, Beijing 100086, People s Republic of China or by telephoning us at (86-10) 8211-0163.

PRICE RANGE OF AMERICAN DEPOSITARY SHARES

ADSs, each representing 100 of our ordinary shares, have been listed on The Nasdaq National Market since June 30, 2000. Our ADSs trade under the symbol NTES. Trading in our ADSs was suspended by The Nasdaq National Market from September 4, 2001 until January 2, 2002.

For the year ended December 31, 2000 (June 30, 2000 through December 31, 2000), the high and low price of our ADSs on Nasdaq has ranged from \$17.25 to \$2.75. For the year ended December 31, 2001 (January 1, 2001 through September 4, 2001), the high and low price of our ADSs on Nasdaq has ranged from \$3.28125 to \$0.51. For the year ended December 31, 2002, the high and low price of our ADSs on Nasdaq has ranged from \$13.74 to \$0.65. For the year ended December 31, 2003, the high and low price of our ADSs on Nasdaq has ranged from \$12.70 to \$10.10. For the year ended December 31, 2004, the high and low price of our ADSs on Nasdaq has ranged from \$58.49 to \$28.15.

The following table provides the high and low sale prices for our ADSs on The Nasdaq National Market for (1) each quarter in the four most recent financial years and (2) each of the most recent six months. On January 13, 2005, the last reported sale price for our ADSs was \$50.85 per ADS.

	Sales Price		
	High	Low	
Quarterly highs and lows			
First Quarter 2001	\$ 3.28125	\$ 1.00	
Second Quarter 2001	2.45	1.12	
Third Quarter 2001 (until September 4, 2001)	1.55	0.52	
Fourth Quarter 2001	Trading	Suspended	
First Quarter 2002	1.47	0.65	
Second Quarter 2002	1.57	0.67	
Third Quarter 2002	3.65	1.40	
Fourth Quarter 2002	13.74	1.80	
First Quarter 2003	17.90	10.10	
Second Quarter 2003	37.35	14.34	
Third Quarter 2003	69.20	33.90	
Fourth Quarter 2003	72.00	35.26	
First Quarter 2004	58.49	37.13	
Second Quarter 2004	57.17	35.72	
Third Quarter 2004	41.22	28.15	
Fourth Quarter 2004	55.74	36.90	
Monthly highs and lows			
July 2004	41.22	30.22	
August 2004	38.26	28.15	
September 2004	40.96	33.27	
October 2004	46.51	36.90	
November 2004	53.41	47.86	
December 2004	55.74	48.58	

EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION

We have published our financial statements in Renminbi and our business is currently conducted in and from China in Renminbi. The conversion of Renminbi into U.S. dollars in this prospectus is based on the noon buying rate in The City of New York for cable transfers of Renminbi as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. For your convenience, and except as otherwise noted, this prospectus contains translations of some Renminbi or U.S. dollar amounts for 2003 at US\$1.00: RMB8.2776, which was the prevailing rate on June 30, 2003. The prevailing rate at January 13, 2004 was US\$1.00: RMB8.2765. We make no representation that any Renminbi or U.S. dollar amounts could have been, or could be, converted into U.S. dollars or Renminbi, as the case may be, at any particular rate, the rates stated below, or at all. The Chinese government imposes control over its foreign currency reserves in part through direct regulation of the conversion of Renminbi into foreign exchange and through restrictions on foreign trade.

The following table sets forth the average buying rate for Renminbi expressed as per one U.S. dollar for the years 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004.

Period	Renminbi Average ⁽¹⁾
1998	8.2969
1999	8.2785
2000	8.2784
2001	8.2772
2002	8.2772
2003	8.2771
2004	8.2768

⁽¹⁾ Determined by averaging the rates on the last business day of each month during the relevant period.

The following table sets forth the high and low exchange rates for Renminbi expressed as per one U.S. dollar during the past six months.

	Renminbi Average	
Month Ended	High	Low
July 31, 2004	8.2769	8.2766
August 31, 2004	8.2770	8.2766
September 30, 2004	8.2768	8.2766
October 31, 2004	8.2768	8.2765
November 30, 2004	8.2765	8.2764
December 31, 2004	8.2767	8.2765

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our ordinary shares, but it is possible that we may declare dividends in the future. We have historically retained earnings to finance operations and the expansion of our business. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of the board of directors and will be dependent upon our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements and such other factors as the board of directors deems relevant. Our payment of certain dividends may cause an adjustment to the number of ordinary shares or amount of cash you receive upon conversion of the notes as described under Description of Notes Conversion Rights.

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of June 30, 2004. This table should be read in conjunction with the information set forth under the caption Selected Consolidated Financial Data and our financial statements and related notes, which are included in our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2003, which is incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The table below does not reflect any changes occurring after June 30, 2004.

	As of June 30, 2004		
	(in RMB) (Unaudited)	(in US\$) (Unaudited)	
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	1,701,262,501	205,550,891	
Long-term liabilities:			
Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023	827,660,000	100,000,000	
Other long-term liabilities	11,636,497	1,405,952	
		<u> </u>	
	839,296,497	101,405,952	
Shareholders equity ⁽²⁾ :			
Ordinary shares, US\$0.0001 par value: 1,000,300,000,000 shares authorized,			
3,166,679,789 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2004	2,620,946	316,670	
Additional paid-in capital	1,015,935,016	122,747,870	
Statutory reserves	33,699,834	4,071,700	
Deferred compensation	(41,505)	(5,015)	
Translation adjustments	210,838	25,474	
Retained earnings	53,543,051	6,469,208	
Total shareholders equity	1,105,968,180	133,625,907	
Total capitalization	1,945,264,677	235,031,859	

Note: Translations of amounts from RMB into U.S. dollars for the convenience of the reader were calculated at the noon buying rate of US\$1.00=RMB8.2766 as of June 30, 2004 (the last business day of the month) in The City of New York for cable transfers of RMB as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. No representation is made that the RMB amounts could have been, or could be, converted into United States dollars at that rate on June 30, 2004, or at any other rate.

(1) As of June 30, 2004, the Company had invested RMB248.7 million (US\$30.1 million) in held-to-maturity investments which amount was not classified as cash and cash equivalents.

(2) Outstanding ordinary shares does not include (i) options to purchase 122,936,200 ordinary shares outstanding under our stock option plan at a weighted average exercise price of US\$0.0961 per ordinary share, and 243,982,324 additional shares available for grant under our Amended and Restated 2000 Stock Incentive Plan as of June 30, 2004 and (ii) 210,000,000 ordinary shares reserved for issuance upon conversion of the notes.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following data for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and June 30, 2004 and as of December 31, 2003 and June 30, 2004 have been derived from our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2004 and our audited financial statements as of December 31, 2003, which, in our opinion, include all adjustments consisting of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the unaudited interim period, and should be read in conjunction with those statements, which are included in this prospectus beginning on page F-1 and incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

	For	For the Six Months Ended		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2003	2004	2004	
	RMB (Unaudited)	RMB (Unaudited)	US\$ (Unaudited)	
Statement of Operations Data:				
Revenues:				
Online game services	72,315,112	250,847,743	30,308,067	
Wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services	148,960,806	100,830,501	12,182,599	
Advertising services	32,821,080	75,337,188	9,102,432	
	254,096,998	427,015,432	51,593,098	
Business tax	(12,704,850)	(23,714,239)	(2,865,215)	
Net revenues	241,392,148	403,301,193	48,727,883	
Cost of revenues	(42,104,054)	(80,679,110)	(9,747,857)	
Gross profit	199,288,094	322,622,083	38,980,026	
Operating expenses:				
Selling and marketing expenses	(23,125,683)	(50,847,337)	(6,143,505)	
General and administrative expenses	(26,429,305)	(47,725,467)	(5,766,313)	
Research and development expenses	(8,286,157)	(15,628,857)	(1,888,319)	
Total operating expenses	(57,841,145)	(114,201,661)	(13,798,137)	
Operating profit	141,446,949	208,420,422	25,181,889	
Other income (expenses):	,,	,	,,	
Investment income		1,917,059	231,624	
Interest income	3,646,491	8,619,711	1,041,456	
Interest expense		(1,965,702)	(237,501)	
Other, net	5,673,376	552,800	66,791	
Profit before tax	150,766,816	217,544,290	26,284,259	
Income tax	(6,064,414)	(15,339,661)	(1,853,377)	
Net profit	144,702,402	202,204,629	24,430,882	

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(18,072)		
144,684,330	202,204,629	24,430,882
0.05	0.06	0.01
4.64	6.43	0.78
0.04	0.06	0.01
4.47	6.19	0.75
3,118,601,020	3,143,613,930	3,143,613,930
31,186,010	31,436,139	31,436,139
3,237,539,818	3,264,082,971	3,264,082,971
32,375,398	32,640,830	32,640,830
	144,684,330 0.05 4.64 0.04 4.47 3,118,601,020 31,186,010 3,237,539,818	144,684,330 202,204,629 0.05 0.06 4.64 6.43 0.04 0.06 4.47 6.19 3,118,601,020 3,143,613,930 31,186,010 31,436,139 3,237,539,818 3,264,082,971

Note: Translations of amounts from RMB into U.S. dollars for the convenience of the reader were calculated at the noon buying rate of US\$1.00=RMB8.2766 as of June 30, 2004 (the last business day of the month) in The City of New York for cable transfers of RMB as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. No representation is made that the RMB amounts could have been, or could be, converted into United States dollars at that rate on June 30, 2004, or at any other rate.

¹⁷

	December 31,	June 30,	June 30,
	2003	2004	2004
	RMB	RMB (Unaudited)	US\$ (Unaudited)
Balance Sheet Data:			
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash	1,356,069,544	1,701,262,501	205,550,891
Held-to-maturity investments	332,093,546	248,743,281	30,053,800
Accounts receivable, net		78,228,436	9,451,760
Prepayments and other current assets	19,749,369	41,596,185	5,025,757
Due from related parties, net	15,182,589	9,000,000	1,087,403
Deferred tax assets	9,669,543	4,834,771	584,149
Total current assets	1,732,764,591	2,083,665,174	251,753,760
Non-current assets:			
Rental deposit	1,430,544	1,869,070	225,826
Property, equipment and software, net	40,410,264	60,846,415	7,351,620
Deferred assets	12,086,693	8,166,586	986,708
Total assets	1,786,692,092	2,154,547,245	260,317,914
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	10,738,090	19,791,216	2,391,225
Salary and welfare payable	17,405,624	24,537,737	2,964,712
Taxes payable	15,976,342	43,550,206	5,261,847
Deferred revenue	, ,	101,473,355	12,260,271
Accrued liabilities	11,698,761	19,930,054	2,408,000
Due to a related party, net	21,947,411		
Total current liabilities	77,766,228	209,282,568	25,286,055
			<u> </u>
Long-term payable:			
Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023	827,670,000	827,660,000	100,000,000
Other long-term payable	231,449	11,636,497	1,405,952
Total long-term liabilities	827,901,449	839,296,497	101,405,952
Total liabilities	905,667,677	1,048,579,065	126,692,007
Shareholders equity: Ordinary shares, US\$0.0001 par value: 1,000,300,000,000 shares authorized,			
3,128,958,189 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2003, and			
3,166,679,789 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2004	2,589,756	2,620,946	316,670
Additional paid-in capital	993,254,740	1,015,935,016	122,747,870
Statutory reserves	33,699,834	33,699,834	4,071,700
Deferred compensation	(69,175)	(41,505)	(5,015)
Translation adjustments	210,838	210,838	25,474
Retained earnings/(Accumulated deficit)	(148,661,578)	53,543,051	6,469,208
Total shareholders equity	881,024,415	1,105,968,180	133,625,907

Total liabilities and shareholders equity	1,786,692,092	2,154,547,245	260,317,914

Note: Translations of amounts from RMB into U.S. dollars for the convenience of the reader were calculated at the noon buying rate of US\$1.00=RMB8.2766 as of June 30, 2004 (the last business day of the month) in The City of New York for cable transfers of RMB as certified for customs purposes by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. No representation is made that the RMB amounts could have been, or could be, converted into United States dollars at that rate on June 30, 2004, or at any other rate.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon and should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and their related notes included in this prospectus. This prospectus contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including, without limitation, statements regarding our expectations, beliefs, intentions or future strategies that are signified by the words expect, anticipate, intend, believe, or similar language. All forward-looking statements included in this prospectus are based on information available to us on the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. We caution you that our businesses and financial performance are subject to substantial risks and uncertainties.

OPERATING RESULTS

Overview

NetEase.com, Inc. is a leading Internet technology company in China. Our innovative online communities and personalized premium services, which allow registered users to interact with other community members, have established a large and stable user base for the NetEase Web sites which are operated by our affiliate, Guangzhou NetEase. As of June 30, 2004, we had registered an accumulated total of approximately 232 million accounts, and our average daily page views exceeded 386 million for the month ended June 30, 2004.

During the six-months ended June 30, 2004, we continued to develop our online games, wireless value-added services and other fee-based premium services. We also believe that advertising will continue to be one of our significant revenue sources for the foreseeable future, but we anticipate that the revenues generated by these fee-based premium services and online entertainment services will continue to constitute the major portion of our future revenues.

We achieved a net profit of RMB202.2 million (US\$24.4 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 and generated positive operating cash flows of RMB263.4 million (US\$31.8 million) during the period. We recorded an accumulated deficit of RMB293.1 million as of June 30, 2003 and a retained profit of RMB53.5 million (US\$6.5 million) as of June 30, 2004.

Our Corporate Structure

NetEase.com, Inc. was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on July 6, 1999 as an Internet technology company in China. As of June 30, 2004, we had four major directly wholly owned subsidiaries, NetEase Information Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd., or NetEase Beijing, NetEase Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., or NetEase Shanghai, and NetEase Interactive Entertainment Limited, or NetEase Interactive, which has a direct wholly owned subsidiaries, NetEase (U.S.) Inc., or NetEase US, and Guangzhou Boguan Telecommunication Technology Limited, or Boguan, which were inactive during the six-months ended June 30, 2004.

NetEase Beijing, NetEase Shanghai, Boguan and Guangzhou Interactive were established in China on August 30, 1999, May 14, 2000, December 8, 2003 and October 15, 2002, respectively. NetEase US was established in the U.S. on September 10, 1999. NetEase Interactive was established in the British Virgin Islands on April 12, 2002.

NetEase.com, Inc. conducts its business in China through its wholly owned subsidiaries. Under current Chinese regulations, there are restrictions on the percentage interest foreign or foreign-invested companies may have in Chinese companies providing value-added telecommunications services in China, which include the provision of Internet content, online games and wireless value-added services such as SMS. In addition, the operation by foreign or foreign-invested companies of advertising businesses in China is subject to government approval. In order to comply with these restrictions and other Chinese rules and regulations, NetEase.com, Inc. and certain of its wholly owned subsidiaries have entered into a series of contractual arrangements for the provision of such services with certain affiliated companies, namely Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi. These affiliated companies are considered variable interest entities for accounting purposes (see Basis of Presentation below), and are referred to collectively in this section as VIEs.

Guangzhou NetEase is a limited liability company organized under the laws of China and is 90% owned by our principal shareholder, William Lei Ding. Guangzhou NetEase has been approved by the Chinese authorities to operate as an Internet content provider and operates the NetEase Web sites. Guangzhou NetEase s 80% owned subsidiary, Guangyitong Advertising, is licensed by the Chinese authorities to operate an advertising business and engages in Internet-related advertising design, production and

dissemination. Ling Yi, which was formed in October 2003, is also a limited liability company organized under the laws of China and is 90% owned by our principal shareholder. Ling Yi has also been approved to operate as an Internet content provider. During the six-months ended June 30, 2004, this company earned revenue relating to WAP services, which represented an insignificant portion of our wireless value-added services revenue.

The revenues earned by our VIEs largely flows through to us pursuant to our contracts with them. We currently derive all our online games and wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services revenues from fees earned pursuant to our agreements with our VIEs. We provide Internet portal and e-commerce technologies and technical services to each of Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi and pay certain operating costs they incur in operating their businesses in exchange for service fees. The service fee that we charge Guangzhou NetEase includes substantially all of the online games, wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services revenues recognized by Guangzhou NetEase, net of a 3.3% or 5.5% business tax and certain surcharges that apply to this revenue. The service fee that we charge Ling Yi includes substantially all of the wireless value-added services revenues recognized by Ling Yi, net of a 3.3% business tax and certain surcharges that apply to these revenues.

We currently derive all our advertising services revenues from fees we earn from Guangyitong Advertising. We have entered into an agreement with Guangyitong Advertising under which we are the exclusive provider of advertising-related technical consulting services to it and under which we receive a service fee. The service fee that we charge includes substantially all of the advertising revenues of Guangyitong Advertising less all of the accrued expenses incurred by Guangyitong Advertising, and net of a 5.5% business tax, a 3% cultural development fee and certain surcharges that apply to these revenues.

Basis of Presentation

On January 17, 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Interpretation No. 46: Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB 51 (FIN 46), which was subsequently amended by a revised interpretation (FIN 46-R). These interpretations address financial reporting for entities over which control is achieved through a means other than voting rights. According to the requirements of FIN 46 and FIN 46-R, we have evaluated our relationships with the previously unconsolidated affiliated companies Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising, as well as Ling Yi. We have concluded that NetEase.com, Inc. is the primary beneficiary of these VIEs. Accordingly, we adopted the provisions of FIN 46 and consolidated Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising on a prospective basis from January 1, 2004 and Ling Yi from May 17, 2004.

When reading this prospectus, please note that revenues, as reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 (prior to the adoption of FIN 46 and consolidation of our VIEs), are equivalent to net revenues, as reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 (after the adoption of FIN 46 and consolidation of our VIEs). Both revenues in 2003 and net revenues in 2004 represent gross revenues from final customers, net of business tax payable by our VIEs.

Revenues

Our total net revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 were RMB403.3 million (US\$48.7 million) as compared with our total revenues of RMB254.1 million for the corresponding period a year ago. We generate our revenues from provision of online games, wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services, and advertising services. Through our predecessor company, in mid-1998, we changed our business model from a software developer to an Internet technology company. In July 1999, we began to offer e-commerce platforms and to provide online auction services in China through Guangzhou NetEase. Thereafter, we operated a co-branded auction Web site with EachNet which was

ultimately terminated in July 2002, at which time we restarted our own online auction platform providing free auction services to our registered users until June 2003. In 2001, we also began focusing on fee-based premium services and online entertainment services, including online games, wireless value-added services, premium e-mail services and other subscription-type services.

Other than revenues from our VIEs, Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising, no customer individually accounted for greater than 10% of our total revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2003. For the six-months ended June 30, 2004, we have consolidated Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi, and no third party customer individually accounted for greater than 10% of our total revenues for the period. However, we have separate, stand-alone contractual relationships with the national, provincial and local offices or affiliates of China Mobile (and on occasion, with the provincial offices of China Unicom) for the provision of our wireless value-added services. If our revenue from these various contractual relationships with respect to China Mobile are aggregated, then China Mobile, as a whole, accounted for approximately 17.4% of our total net revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2004.

Online Games

We derive all our online game revenues from fees earned by Guangzhou NetEase. Guangzhou NetEase receives all of its online game revenues from customers through the sale of prepaid point cards. Customers can purchase physical prepaid point cards in different locations in China, including Internet cafes, software stores, convenience stores and bookstores, or can purchase prepaid points from vendors who register the points in our system. A small portion of our customers also purchase virtual prepaid cards online via credit cards or bank transfers, and receive the prepaid point information over the Internet. Customers can use the points to play our online games and use our other fee-based services. We recognize revenues from the sale of prepaid points as the points are used by customers.

We develop our own proprietary online games, as well as license games from third party developers. We expect that we will face increasing competition as online game providers in China and abroad (mainly from South Korea and, to a lesser extent, from the United States) expand their presence in the Chinese market or enter it for the first time.

Wireless Value-Added and Other Fee-based Premium Services

We derive all our wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services revenues from fees earned by Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi. Guangzhou NetEase and, to a much lesser extent, Ling Yi receive wireless value-added services revenue which is currently predominantly derived from providing to our customers value-added services through SMS. These SMS services include delivery of news and other requested information such as stock quotes and e-mails, ringtone and logo downloads to customers mobile phones, participation in matchmaking and friend-finding communities and various other related services that the mobile phone customers of China Mobile and China Unicom can access. We experienced increasing competition in the SMS market in 2003 and the first half of 2004, which contributed in part to the overall decline in our wireless value-added services revenues starting in the third quarter of 2003. In addition, acting under the guidance of China s Ministry of Information Industry, the mobile operators have recently begun enforcing their customer service policies more rigorously than in the past and have initiated steps to improve customer service. These new policies facilitate the cancellation of wireless value-added monthly subscription services which are no longer needed by the user, and concurrently make it more complicated for mobile phone users to order and receive new wireless value-added services by requesting the mobile phone users to send a re-confirmation SMS message using their mobile phones to the service providers confirming the services they ordered through the Internet. The first measure we believe has led to an increased churn rate of users of our wireless value-added services and the second measure we believe has led to the slowdown in the growth rate of our new subscribers.

We are also focusing on developing services which utilize emerging wireless technologies. For example, in April 2003, we started to offer MMS under a cooperative agreement with China Mobile. We also provide WAP services to China Mobile s and China Unicom s users. Furthermore, we have recently developed IVRS, which are a new category of wireless value-added services that allow users to access prerecorded information from their mobile phones and to interact with other users through voice chat simply by dialing specially designated IVRS phone numbers and responding to menu options. We expect that our revenues derived from new services we develop that are compatible with these and new wireless technologies will represent a larger portion of our wireless value-added services revenues in the future as these technologies become more widely available and adopted. However, we cannot be certain that these technologies or the services we develop for them will be successful, and we expect to see increasing competition in this area.

Other premium services include online fee-based premium services and post-contract customer support and corporate solution services. Our online fee-based premium services, supplied to registered users of the NetEase Web sites, include premium e-mail, premium matchmaking and dating services and premium personal homepage hosting. We also receive a small amount of revenues from provision of post-contract customer support, provision of corporate solutions to customers in connection with their purchase of servers and computer equipment, development of software and custody and maintenance of servers. This type of corporate solutions revenues constituted only 0.06% and nil of our net revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and 2004, respectively, and we expect this category of revenues to remain immaterial to our business in

the future.

Advertising Services

We derive virtually all our advertising services revenues from fees we earn from advertisements placed on the NetEase Web sites by Guangyitong Advertising. Revenues from advertising services constituted 12.9% of total revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and net revenues from advertising services constituted 17.1% of total net revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2004.

We expect that the online advertising market in China will continue to grow as Internet usage in China increases and as more companies, in particular China-based companies in a variety of industries, accept the Internet as an effective advertising medium.

Seasonality of revenues

Historically, advertising revenues have followed the same general seasonal trend throughout each year with the first quarter of the year being the weakest quarter due to the Chinese New Year holiday and the traditional close of advertisers annual budgets and the fourth quarter as the strongest. Usage of our wireless value-added services and online games has generally increased around the Chinese New Year holiday and other Chinese holidays, in particular winter and summer school holidays.

Cost of Revenues

Online Games

Cost of revenues for our online games consist primarily of staff costs (in particular remuneration to employees known as the Game Masters who are responsible for the daily co-ordination and regulation of the activities inside our games virtual worlds), monthly franchise fees paid to a Korean licensor for one of our online games (calculated based on the net amount of revenues we earned from operating the game according to a licensing agreement), advertising fees paid to celebrity spokespersons and revenue sharing expenses paid to third party promoters of our online game titles.

In addition, cost of revenues for our online games also includes that portion of bandwidth and server custody fees and depreciation and amortization of computers and software, attributable to our online games business. Our subsidiaries and VIEs have network servers co-located in facilities owned by China Telecom s and China Netcom s affiliates, for which we pay custody fees to China Telecom and China Netcom.

Wireless Value-Added and Other Fee-based Premium Services

Cost of revenues related to our wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services consists primarily of staff costs (principally compensation expenses for our e-commerce and editorial professionals) and content fees, as well as that portion of bandwidth and server custody fees, depreciation and amortization of computers and software attributable to the provision of wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services. We pay content fees to third party partners for the right to use proprietary content developed by them, such as ringtones and logos. We also pay content fees to newspaper and magazine publishers for the right to use their proprietary content, such as headline news and articles.

For the six-months ended June 30, 2003, cost of revenues for these services also included referral fees paid to third party Web sites. This referral program, under which we shared a portion of the revenue generated from new customers of our wireless value-added services with the third party Web sites that referred them to us, commenced to operate at the beginning of 2003 and ended at the end of the second quarter of 2003 pursuant to a new policy instituted by China Mobile. The amount paid to the third party Web sites during the six-months ended June 30, 2003 totaled approximately RMB7.4 million (US\$0.9 million).

China Mobile also charges us on occasion for our inadvertent contravention of its customer service policies, which charges are recognized by us as cost of revenues. It is possible that China Unicom could also impose similar charges on us in the future.

Advertising Services

Cost of revenues related to our advertising services consists primarily of staff costs for editors of the various content channels for the NetEase Web sites and content fees paid to content providers for the NetEase Web sites as well as that portion of bandwidth and server custody fees, depreciation and amortization of computers and software attributable to the provision of advertising services.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses primarily include selling and marketing expenses, general and administrative expenses and research and development expenses.

Selling and Marketing Expenses

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salary and welfare expenses and compensation costs for our sales and marketing staff, as well as marketing and advertising expenses.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salary and welfare expenses and compensation costs for our general administrative and management staff; office rental; legal, professional and consultancy fees; bad debt expenses; recruiting expenses; travel expenses and depreciation charges.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses consist principally of salary and welfare expenses and compensation costs for our research and development professionals. For the six-months ended June 30, 2004, such expenses also included licensing and training fees paid to a third party developer of a 3-D game engine to be used in our future online games.

Share Compensation Cost

In December 1999, we adopted a stock incentive plan, called the 1999 Stock Option Plan, for our employees, senior management and advisory board. In 2000, we replaced the 1999 Stock Option Plan with a new stock option plan, called the 2000 Stock Option Plan. The 2000 Stock Option Plan was subsequently amended and restated in May 2001. Since the 2000 Stock Option Plan was adopted, we granted options to our employees, directors, consultants, a member of our advisory board and certain members of our senior management under that plan. The vesting periods for these options generally range from two years to four years. In addition, certain of the options granted were cancelled as a result of the resignation of these personnel.

For the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and 2004, we recorded share compensation cost of approximately RMB0.3 million and RMB27,670 (US\$3,343), respectively. This cost has been allocated to (i) general and administrative expenses and (ii) research and development expenses, depending on the functions for which these personnel and employees are responsible.

As of June 30, 2004, deferred compensation cost relating to share option grants in 2003 or prior years amounted to RMB41,505 (US\$5,015), which is to be amortized and charged to expense in subsequent periods. We may also incur additional share compensation cost in the remainder of 2004 or thereafter as a result of the possible recruitment of additional management personnel and the granting of new share options to these personnel and other members of our staff.

Income Taxes

Under the current laws of the Cayman Islands, we are not subject to tax on income or capital gain. However, our revenues are primarily derived from our Chinese subsidiaries and VIEs. Chinese companies are generally subject to a 30% national enterprise income tax, or EIT, and a 3% local income tax. Our subsidiary, NetEase Beijing, received the relevant approval to be recognized as a New and High Technology Enterprise. According to the approval granted by the Haidian State Tax Bureau in November 2000, NetEase Beijing is entitled to a reduced EIT rate of 15% commencing from the year 2000. In addition, the approval also granted NetEase Beijing with a full exemption from EIT from 2000 to 2002, a

50% reduction in EIT (i.e. an EIT rate of 7.5%) from 2003 to 2005, and a full exemption from the local tax from 2000 onwards. However, such preferential tax treatment may be subject to review by higher authorities. If such preferential tax treatment was not available to NetEase Beijing, it would be subject to the normal tax rate of 30% EIT and a 3% local tax.

NetEase Shanghai is subject to EIT at the rate of 30% plus a local tax of 3%.

Guangzhou Interactive received the relevant approval to be recognized as a New and High Technology Enterprise . According to the approval granted by the Guangzhou State Tax Bureau in December 2003, Guangzhou Interactive is fully exempted from EIT in 2003 and 2004. In addition, Guangzhou Interactive received the relevant certification to be recognized as a Software Enterprise in June 2004 which entitles Guangzhou Interactive to pay a reduced EIT rate of 15% from 2005 to 2007. If such preferential tax treatment was not available to Guangzhou Interactive, it would be subject to the normal tax rate of 30% EIT and a 3% local tax.

Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi are Chinese domestic enterprises and are generally subject to EIT at the rate of 30% plus a local tax of 3%.

If the activities of NetEase.com, Inc. constitute a permanent establishment in China, the income it earns in China would also be subject to a 30% EIT and 3% local income tax. Income of our company that is not connected to a permanent establishment in China would be subject to a 10% withholding tax on gross receipt from profit, interest, rentals, royalties and other income earned in China. Dividends from NetEase Beijing to our company are exempt from Chinese withholding tax.

NetEase Beijing, NetEase Shanghai and Guangzhou Interactive are also subject to business tax on their revenues derived from services, which is generally 5%. Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi in general are subject to business tax at 5.5% on their revenues, except for revenues derived from wireless value-added services which are subject to business tax at 3.3%. In addition, Guangyitong Advertising is subject to a further cultural development fee at 3% on its Internet advertising fees. Before these VIEs were consolidated beginning on January 1, 2004, these taxes effectively reduced the revenues we derived from them.

Subject to the approval of the relevant tax authorities, NetEase Shanghai had total tax loss carryforwards of approximately RMB14.7 million (US\$1.8 million) as of June 30, 2004 for EIT purposes. Approximately RMB2.6 million (US\$0.3 million) and RMB12.1 million (US\$1.5 million) of such losses will expire in 2006 and 2007, respectively.

The above tax loss carryforwards give rise to deferred tax assets totaling RMB4.8 million (US\$0.6 million) as of June 30, 2004.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements often requires the selection of specific accounting methods and policies from several acceptable alternatives. Further, significant estimates and judgments may be required in selecting and applying those methods and policies in the recognition of the assets and liabilities in our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet, the revenues and expenses in our unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations and the information that is contained in our significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates and judgments under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe that the following are some of the more critical judgment areas in the application of our accounting policies that affect our financial condition and results of operation.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Regarding Revenue Recognition

Online Games and Wireless Value-Added and Other Fee-Based Premium Services

We provide online games and wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services through Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi. Our subsidiaries, NetEase Beijing and Guangzhou Interactive, have entered into agreements with Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi to provide technical consulting services in connection with those services. Such agreements allow NetEase Beijing and Guangzhou Interactive to unilaterally adjust the amount of fees to which NetEase Beijing and Guangzhou Interactive are entitled for the technical consulting services provided to Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi.

Prior to the consolidation of Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi which occurred upon our adoption of FIN 46, these arrangements allowed our subsidiaries to fully accrue all of the online games and wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services revenues recognized by

Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi. Accordingly, prior to such consolidation, we recognized revenues from online games and wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services at the same time Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi recognized their revenues based on the recognition policies described below. The results of Guangzhou NetEase and Ling Yi have been consolidated into our financial statements since January 1, 2004 and May 17, 2004, respectively. Our revenue recognition policies for these services are as follows:

Online Game Services. We sell prepaid point cards to the end customers who may use the points on such cards for online game services provided by us. We recognize the related revenue when the registered points are consumed for our online game services. We effectively charge players according to their playtime of our online game services.

Wireless Value-Added Services. A substantial portion of our revenue from wireless value-added services is derived from activities related to SMS. Such revenues represent our share of the revenues under cooperative arrangements with the mobile phone operators in China, net of the amounts retained by the mobile phone operators for their services performed. We recognize revenues under these cooperative arrangements in the month in which the services are performed based on the monthly confirmations from the mobile phone operators for the service period when the message or content is delivered. When a confirmation has not been received from a mobile phone operator at the national, provincial or local level prior to the date we intend to release our quarterly earnings announcements, we estimate the revenues which are applicable to the services provided through that operator. We also estimate the number of messages sent by us to users that resulted in billing and transmission failures for which we are not paid by the user and which we cannot independently track. We then recognize the estimated revenues, net of estimated billing and transmission failures.

Other Fee-Based Premium Services. Other fee-based premium services revenues are derived principally from providing premium e-mail, friends matching and dating services, personal homepage hosting and premium greeting card services, which are all operated on a monthly subscription basis. Prepaid subscription fees are deferred and revenues from such services are recognized on a straight-line basis over the period in which the services are provided.

Advertising Services

We provide advertising services through Guangyitong Advertising. NetEase Beijing has entered into agreements with Guangyitong Advertising which allow NetEase Beijing to unilaterally adjust the amount of fees NetEase Beijing is entitled to from the technical consulting and related services provided to Guangyitong Advertising. Prior to the consolidation of Guangyitong Advertising which occurred upon our adoption of FIN 46, these arrangements allowed NetEase Beijing to fully accrue all of the advertising revenues recognized by Guangyitong Advertising, less all of the accrued expenses incurred by Guangyitong Advertising. Accordingly, prior to such consolidation, we recognized revenues from advertising services at the same time Guangyitong Advertising recognized the revenues based on the recognition policy described below. The results of Guangyitong Advertising have been consolidated into our financial statements since January 1, 2004. Our revenue recognition policy for these services is as follows:

We derive advertising fees principally from short-term advertising contracts. Revenues from advertising contracts are generally recognized ratably over the period in which the advertisement is displayed and only if collection of the resulting receivables is probable.

Our obligations may include guarantees of a minimum number of impressions or times that an advertisement appears in pages viewed by users. To the extent that minimum guaranteed impressions are not met within the contractual time period, we defer recognition of the corresponding revenues until the remaining guaranteed impression levels are achieved.

Online Shopping Mall

We originally launched our online shopping mall platform in July 2000 through Guangzhou NetEase. As of June 30, 2004, this online shopping mall had 15 online storefronts with stores being operated by the merchant tenants themselves. For the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and 2004, we received fixed service fees from all merchants and recognized revenues ratably over the period of the contracts.

Barter Transactions

Effective from January 20, 2000, we have adopted the consensus reached in Emerging Issue Task Force (EITF) 99-17 to account for barter transactions. According to EITF 99-17, revenue and expense should be recognized at fair value from a barter transaction involving advertising services provided by us only if the fair value of the advertising services surrendered in the transaction is determinable based on the entity s own historical practice of receiving cash, marketable securities, or other consideration that is readily convertible to a known amount of cash for similar advertising from buyers unrelated to the counterparty in the barter transaction.

During the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and 2004, we engaged in some advertising barter transactions for which the fair value was not determinable within the limits of EITF Issue No. 99-17, and therefore no revenues or expenses derived from these barter transactions were

recognized. These transactions primarily involved exchanges of advertising services rendered by us for advertising, promotional benefits and information content provided by the counterparties.

There was no revenue and expense derived from barter transactions during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2004.

Other Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance

Management judgment is required in determining our provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and the extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized. We consider all relevant factors that are material to our business, including positive indicators (such as an improved profitability outlook, an indication of market acceptance of our services, and industry statistics signaling continued growth in the market for our services) and certain negative indicators (such as an increase in competition and industry risk such as our dependency on relationships with the mobile operators in China). A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the amount of deferred tax assets if it is considered more likely than not that some portion of, or all of, the deferred tax assets will not be realized. There can be no assurance that NetEase Shanghai will be able to utilize all the net operating loss carryforwards before their expiration.

Subject to the approval of the relevant tax authorities, NetEase Shanghai had total tax loss carryforwards of approximately RMB14.7 million (US\$1.8 million) as of June 30, 2004 for EIT purposes. As discussed under Six-Months Ended June 30, 2004 Compared to Six-Months Ended June 30, 2003 Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance, we have determined that it was more likely than not that we would be able to take advantage of all of our tax loss carryforwards from the prior fiscal years before their expiration.

Depreciation

We depreciate our computer equipment, software and other assets (other than leasehold improvements) on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which range from one to five years. We depreciate leasehold improvements, which are included in our operating expenses, on a straight-line basis over the lesser of the relevant lease term or their estimated useful lives.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts receivable based on various information, including aging analysis of accounts receivable balances, historical bad debt rates, repayment patterns and credit worthiness of customers and industry trend analysis. We also make specific provisions for bad debts if there is strong evidence showing that the debts are likely to be irrecoverable. We have adopted a general provisioning policy for doubtful debts for our trade receivable balances. We provide for 80%, in the case of direct customers, and 50% in the case of advertising agents, of the outstanding trade receivable balances overdue for more than six months. We provide for 100% in the case of all parties for outstanding trade receivable balances overdue for more than one year. In addition to the general provisions for trade receivables, we also make specific bad debt provisions for problem account receivable balances.

Litigation Reserve

The principal litigation to which we are a party, or which is threatened against us, is as follows:

In January 2003, Guangzhou NetEase was named in a copyright infringement lawsuit in China, and the plaintiffs have claimed damages of US\$1.0 million.

In addition, as previously disclosed by us, the staff of the SEC has been conducting an investigation related to our restatement of our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2000. We subsequently announced that we received a Wells notice from the SEC staff on March 15, 2004, which states that the staff intends to recommend that the SEC bring a civil injunctive action against our company for alleged violations of the federal securities laws, which action we believe will be in connection with the circumstances relating to the restatement. We cannot predict at this time whether the SEC will bring charges against our company, or if it does, the scope of such charges and the likelihood of our successfully defending any such action.

No material litigation reserve existed as of June 30, 2004 because management believed, and continues to believe, that the ultimate resolution of the foregoing actual and potential claims will not result in any material financial impact on our company.

Repurchase of Shares

On July 4, 2003, we entered into an agreement with affiliates of The News Corporation Limited (Newscorp) to repurchase 27,142,000 of our ordinary shares held by one of Newscorp s affiliates. The transaction was completed in July 2003. Under the agreement, we paid Newscorp a net aggregate amount of approximately US\$4.6 million, and the right of Newscorp and its affiliates to a certain amount of advertising on NetEase s Web sites which had been granted under a strategic cooperation agreement between the parties was waived. In accordance with the agreement, we were entitled to use US\$2 million worth of advertising on Asian television properties of Newscorp at no additional cost until March 28, 2004. On July 28, 2003, the parties agreed to extend the date from March 28, 2004 to June 30, 2004, at which time all such advertising inventory had been used by us.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations

The following table sets forth a summary of our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated both in Renminbi and as a percentage of total revenues:

	For the Six-Months Ended June 30,					
	2003		2004		2004	
	RMB	%	RMB	%	US\$	%
	(unaudited)		(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
Statement of Operations Data:	``´´					
Revenues:						
Online game services	72,315,112	28.5	250,847,743	58.7	30,308,067	58.7
Wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services	148,960,806	58.6	100,830,501	23.6	12,182,599	23.6
Advertising services	32,821,080	12.9	75,337,188	17.6	9,102,432	17.6
Total revenues ¹	254,096,998	100.0	427,015,432	100.0	51,593,098	100.0
Business tax ²	(12,704,850)	(5.0)	(23,714,239)	(5.6)	(2,865,215)	(5.6)
Net revenues ¹	241,392,148	95.0	403,301,193	94.4	48,727,883	94.4
Cost of revenues ² :						
Online game services	(8,482,942)	(3.3)	(32,354,980)	(7.6)	(3,909,211)	(7.6)
Wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services	(22,167,413)	(8.7)	(23,230,848)	(5.4)	(2,806,811)	(5.4)
Advertising services	(11,453,699)	(4.5)	(25,093,282)	(5.9)	(3,031,835)	(5.9)
Total cost of revenues	(42,104,054)	(16.6)	(80,679,110)	(18.9)	(9,747,857)	(18.9)
Gross profit	199,288,094	78.4	322,622,083	75.6	38,980,026	75.6
Operating expenses:						
Selling and marketing expenses	(23,125,683)	(9.1)	(50,847,337)	(11.9)	(6,143,505)	(11.9)
General and administrative expenses	(26,429,305)	(10.4)	(47,725,467)	(11.2)	(5,766,313)	(11.2)
Research and development expenses	(8,286,157)	(3.3)	(15,628,857)	(3.7)	(1,888,319)	(3.7)
Total operating expenses	(57,841,145)	(22.8)	(114,201,661)	(26.7)	(13,798,137)	(26.7)
Operating profit	141,446,949	55.7	208,420,422	48.8	25,181,889	48.8
Other income (expenses):						
Investment income		0.0	1,917,059	0.4	231,624	0.4
Interest income	3,646,491	1.4	8,619,711	2.0	1,041,456	2.0
Interest expenses	- , , -	0.0	(1,965,702)	(0.5)	(237,501)	(0.5)
Other, net	5,673,376	2.2	552,800	0.1	66,791	0.1
Income before tax	150,766,816	59.3	217,544,290	50.9	26,284,259	50.9
Income tax	(6,064,414)	(2.4)	(15,339,661)	(3.6)	(1,853,377)	(3.6)
Net income	144,702,402	56.9	202,204,629	47.4	24,430,882	47.4

Share compensation cost included in:						
Cost of revenues		0.0		0.0		0.0
General and administrative expenses	189,988	0.1	27,669	0.0	3,343	0.0
Research and development expenses	88,236	0.0		0.0		0.0
	278,224	0.1	27,669	0.0	3,343	0.0

¹ Revenues, as reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 (prior to the adoption of FIN 46 and consolidation of our VIEs) is equivalent to Net revenues, as reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 (after the adoption of FIN 46 and consolidation of our VIEs). Both Revenues in 2003 and Net revenues in 2004 represent gross revenues from final customers, net of business tax payable by our VIEs.

² We adopted the provisions of FIN 46 and consolidated our VIEs on a prospective basis in our consolidated financial statements from January 1, 2004. Our VIEs effectively function as pass-through entities for accounting purposes, and are used by us in providing services to the final customers. Under the various agreements entered into with our VIEs, substantially all of their revenue, net of the applicable business tax payable by them, are passed to us in the form of technology and consulting service revenues. Prior to the consolidation of our VIEs in accordance with FIN 46, the revenues presented in our financial statements represented revenues received by us from Guangzhou NetEase and Guangzhou Advertising, net of applicable business tax payable by these entities. The business tax presented in our financial statements represented from Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising. After the consolidation of our VIEs in accordance with FIN 46, revenues generated from the final customers by our VIEs, before deducting any applicable business tax payable by them. Such business tax is now presented under a separate line item after revenues. The business tax payable by us on intra-group revenues from our VIEs is recorded under cost of revenue as it is considered a cost in providing the services by us.

Six-Months Ended June 30, 2004 Compared to Six-Months Ended June 30, 2003

For a discussion of the definitions of the terms net revenues and revenues which are used below, please see Basis of Presentation.

Revenues

Total net revenues increased by 58.7% to RMB403.3 million (US\$48.7 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from total revenues of RMB254.1 million for the same period in 2003. Net revenues from online games, wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services, and advertising services constituted 58.8%, 24.1% and 17.1%, respectively, of our total net revenue for the six-months ended June 30, 2004. This compares with 28.5%, 58.6% and 12.9%, respectively, of our total revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2003.

Online Games

Net revenues from online games increased by 227.8% to RMB237.1 million (US\$28.6 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from total revenues of RMB72.3 million for the same period in 2003. This increase was mainly due to the increase in popularity of Westward Journey Online Version 2.0, our in-house developed massively multi-player online role-playing game (known as MMORPGs), and the commercial launch of our new in-house developed MMORPG, namely Fantasy Westward Journey, in mid-January 2004. The number of peak concurrent players for Westward Journey Online Version 2.0 increased to approximately 247,000 in June 2004 from approximately 125,000 in June 2003, and the number of peak concurrent players for Fantasy Westward Journey was approximately 182,000 in June 2004. The increase in revenues as a result of the increase in popularity of Westward Journey Online Version 2.0 and the launching of the new game Fantasy Westward Journey was partially offset by a decrease in popularity of PristonTale, the MMORPG we license from a Korean developer and that we commercially launched in August 2002. Revenues generated from PristonTale accounted for only approximately 8.8% and 0.9% of our total revenues from online games for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, respectively.

We expect that we will need to introduce a new version or substantive upgrade of our Westward Journey Online game approximately every six months to maintain its popularity, although changes in users tastes or in the overall market for online games in China could alter this anticipated life cycle of each version or upgrade or even cause our users to stop playing this game altogether. Because of the limited history of the online games market in China, we cannot at this time estimate the total life cycle of this game or any of our other games. In particular, we note that all of our online games may be adversely affected if, as has been recently predicted by some industry commentators, the Chinese government takes steps to slow the growth in this market. Such steps could include, for example, the widespread closure of Internet cafes where a significant portion of our users access our online games or restrictions on the content of games which has the effect of making them less appealing. We may not be able to adequately respond to any such regulatory changes in the online games market.

Wireless Value-Added and Other Fee-based Premium Services

Net revenues from wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services decreased by 34.7% to RMB97.3 million (US\$11.8 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from total revenues of RMB149.0 million for the same period in 2003. This decrease was primarily due to the decrease in the number of paying customers for our SMS services. The decrease was due mainly to the following reasons:

Continuing intense competition in the wireless value-added services market, in particular in the market for SMS services;

The discontinuation of our cooperation arrangements with certain third-party Web sites, which were promoting our wireless services, during the third quarter of 2003; and

The decision by the two principal mobile phone operators in China, China Mobile and China Unicom, to restrict the range of services that we can offer and charge through them in the third quarter of 2003.

In addition, we believe that the implementation of additional new policies and billing systems by China Mobile and China Unicom has limited, and will tend to continue to limit, the growth of our revenues from SMS-based services by, for example, making it more difficult for customers to order our services, enabling customers to more easily cancel our services or requiring us to automatically terminate subscription services for our inactive users. The mobile phone operators have also begun more rigorously enforcing their policies. These measures have led to an increased churn rate in users of our wireless value-added services and a slowdown in the growth rate of our new subscribers. We cannot, however, specifically quantify the impact of these initiatives by China Mobile and

China Unicom because we have no basis to separate the effect of these changes from other developments in the market such as intensifying competition. In addition, the long-term effects of these changes are unclear as they are relatively new and it remains to be seen whether mobile users usage of wireless value-added services will ultimately increase or decrease once they become accustomed to the new billing policies. Nonetheless, we expect that our revenue growth will continue to be adversely affected by the introduction of these new policies and billing systems for the foreseeable future.

As a result of the combined effect of the above factors, the number of average monthly active users for SMS services decreased from approximately 3.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 to approximately 2.3 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, which led to a decrease in overall revenues from wireless value-added and other premium services during the period.

The wireless value-added services market is, however, increasingly shifting towards next generation technologies, with mobile operators upgrading their networks to general packet-switched radio service, or GPRS, and code division multiple access 1x RTT, or CDMA 1x RTT, systems and users upgrading to next generation handsets that can operate with technologies such as MMS and WAP. Revenues generated from 2.5G (MMS and WAP) and IVRS related wireless value-added services accounted for approximately 3.0% of our total revenues from wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and 7.7% of our total net revenues from wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services for the six-months ended June 30, 2004.

The average prices for our SMS services have remained largely static over the last three years. In addition, the prices for our newer next generation services such as MMS and WAP have also remained relatively steady since their introduction.

Advertising services

Net revenues from advertising services increased by 110.0% to RMB68.9 million (US\$8.3 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from total revenues of RMB32.8 million for the same period in 2003, primarily due to the increase in average spending by traditional advertisers (i.e., customers which do not advertise through our search and classified ad services). Average net revenue per traditional advertiser increased to approximately RMB248,000 (US\$30,000) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB143,000 for the same period in 2003. The number of traditional advertisers using the NetEase Web sites also increased to 239 for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from 200 for the same period in 2003.

Cost of Revenues

Our cost of revenues increased by 47.2% to RMB80.7 million (US\$9.7 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from the aligned cost of revenues of RMB54.8 million for the same period in 2003 due primarily to increased cost of revenues for online games and wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services. Aligned cost of revenues represent the cost of revenues, as reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 (prior to the adoption of FIN 46 and consolidation of our VIEs), plus the business tax payable by the us. This amount is equivalent to the cost of revenues, as reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 (after the adoption of FIN 46 and consolidation of our VIEs).

For the six-months ended June 30, 2004, costs relating to online games, wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services and advertising services represented 40.1%, 28.8% and 31.1% of total cost of revenues, respectively. This compares with 22.1%, 54.0% and 23.9%,

of the aligned cost of revenues, respectively, for the same period in 2003.

Online Games

Cost of revenues from our online games increased by 167.4% to RMB32.4 million (US\$3.9 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from the aligned cost of revenues of RMB12.1 million for the same period in 2003. This increase in cost of revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 was primarily due to a combination of the following factors:

Payments to the celebrities acting as our spokespersons for our online games Westward Journey Online (Versions 1.0 and 2.0) and Fantasy Westward Journey increased by RMB2.8 million to RMB4.2 million (US\$0.5 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB1.4 million for the same period in 2003. These payments are calculated on the basis of a percentage of revenues we earn from the games, and the increase in payments in 2004 was directly related to the increase in revenues from the Westward Journey Online (Versions 1.0 and 2.0) games due to their increased popularity in 2004, and was also due to the fact that the Fantasy Westward Journey was newly launched in January 2004 and no such payment was made in 2003.

Staff-related costs increased by RMB4.8 million to RMB5.5 million (US\$0.7 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB0.6 million for the same period in 2003, as a result of an increase in the number of staff. The number of staff in our online games department increased from 20 as of June 30, 2003 to 71 as of June 30, 2004.

Production costs for printing prepaid point cards, which are sold to end-customers who use the point cards to pay for our online games and other fee-based premium services, increased by RMB1.9 million to RMB4.3 million (US\$0.5 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB2.4 million for the same period in 2003 due to increased production of cards in 2004.

Business tax payable by us on intra-group revenues related to online games from our VIEs increased by RMB8.3 million to RMB11.9 million (US\$1.4 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB3.6 million for the same period in 2003 due to strong revenue growth driven by the continued growth of our Fantasy Westward Journey game and, to a lesser extent, our Westward Journey Online Version 2.0 game, offset in part by the decline in the popularity of PristonTale.

Wireless Value-added and Other Fee-based Premium Services

Cost of revenues from our wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services decreased by 21.6% to RMB23.2 million (US\$2.8 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from the aligned cost of revenues of RMB29.6 million for the same period in 2003. This decrease in cost of revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 was primarily due to a combination of the following factors:

We ceased paying referral fees to third-party Web sites for introducing new wireless value-added services customers to us in July 2003. These fees amounted to RMB7.4 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2003, compared to nil in the six-months ended June 30, 2004.

Business tax payable by us on intra-group revenues related to wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services from our VIEs decreased by RMB2.7 million to RMB4.7 million (US\$0.6 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB7.4 million for the same period in 2003 due to the decrease in sales of SMS services as a result of intense competition and the other factors described above under Revenues.

The foregoing decrease in cost was partially offset by an increase in SMS network transmission fees of RMB2.1 million due to the provision of free SMS messaging through our instant messaging service, POPO, and an increase in staff-related costs of RMB0.7 million for the development of new fee-based premium services, for the six-months ended June 30, 2004. In addition, China Mobile and China Unicom imposed charges on us for our inadvertent contravention of their customer service policies which totaled RMB1.2 million (US\$0.1 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, compared to RMB1.0 million for the same period in 2003.

Advertising Services

Cost of revenues from our advertising services increased 91.6% to RMB25.1 million (US\$3.0 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from the aligned cost of revenues of RMB13.1 million for the same period in 2003. The increase in cost of revenues for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 was primarily due to a combination of the following factors:

Staff-related costs increased by RMB7.0 million to RMB10.7 million (US\$1.3 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 as compared to RMB3.7 million for the same period in 2003 as a result of the expansion of the number of editors of the various content channels for the NetEase Web sites from 84 as of June 30, 2003 to 234 as of June 30, 2004.

Cost of third party content for the NetEase Web sites increased by RMB1.8 million to RMB3.6 million (US\$0.4 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, compared to RMB1.8 million for the same period in 2003, as a result of our efforts to improve the range and quality of the content we offer on those sites.

Business tax payable by us on intra-group revenues related to advertising services from our VIEs increased by RMB1.5 million to RMB3.1 million (US\$0.4 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB1.6 million for the same period in 2003 due to the improvement in sales driven by the continued increase in demand for advertising space on the NetEase Web sites.

Gross Profit

As a result of the strong revenue growth in 2004, our gross profit increased by 61.9% to RMB322.6 million (US\$39.0 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB199.3 million for the same period in 2003.

The following table sets forth the unaudited condensed consolidated gross profits and gross margins of our business activities for the periods indicated. Gross margins for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 were calculated by dividing our gross profit over our net revenues for the type of service and after netting-off the business tax payable by us on intra-group revenues from our VIEs. Such gross margins are equivalent to the gross margins for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 which were calculated by dividing our gross profit over our net revenues for the type of service.

For the Six Months Ended			
June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
2004	2004	2003	
US\$	RMB	RMB	
housands,	audited and in thousa	(unau	

	e	except percentages)			
Gross profit:					
Online game services	60,216,414	204,696,137	24,731,911		
Wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services	119,345,353	74,085,701	8,951,224		
Advertising services	19,726,327	43,840,245	5,296,891		
Total gross profit	199,288,094	322,622,083	38,980,026		
Gross margin:					
Online game services	87.7%	90.9%	90.9%		
Wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services	84.3%	80.0%	80.0%		
Advertising services	63.3%	66.6%	66.6%		
			·		
Total gross margin	82.6%	84.1%	84.1%		

The increase in total gross margin was due to the enhanced economies of scale for online games services and advertising services. These economies of scale were achieved because the revenues for these services proportionally increased at a higher rate than the corresponding increase in cost of revenues, for which the related staff costs and depreciation costs were relatively stable.

The gross margin for wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services decreased in the six-months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003. This decrease resulted from the fact that the significant reduction in revenues from wireless value-added services, which occurred primarily between the second and third quarters of 2003 for the reasons cited above, was not accompanied by a corresponding decrease in cost of revenues from these services due to the relatively fixed nature of the cost of revenues, in particular the allocated bandwidth costs.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses increased by 97.4% to RMB114.2 million (US\$13.8 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB57.8 million for the same period in 2003. The increase was driven by an increase in all categories of operating expenses, particularly selling and marketing expenses, which resulted from the ongoing expansion of our business.

Selling and marketing expenses increased by 119.9% to RMB50.8 million (US\$6.1 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB23.1 million for the same period in 2003 primarily due to the following reasons:

Additional marketing and promotional events during the six-months ended June 30, 2004 as compared to the same period in 2003. This resulted in an increase in marketing spending of approximately RMB29.0 million (US\$3.5 million).

During the six-months ended June 30, 2004, we spent approximately RMB17.3 million (US\$2.1 million) in outdoor advertisements, including advertisements on buses and billboards, and related production costs of approximately RMB7.3 million (US\$0.9 million) were also expensed during the period. In addition, we spent approximately RMB6.4 million (US\$0.8 million) in organizing promotional events, including, for example, for the launch of our new MMORPG Fantasy Westward Journey and the revamping of the front pages of the NetEase Web sites. No such similar outdoor advertisement activities or promotional events were performed in the six-months ended June 30, 2003.

We anticipate that our marketing expenses will continue to increase during the remainder of 2004 as a result of the new marketing campaign which we recently launched. This campaign focuses on increasing brand awareness of our company and specific product driven advertisements, through television advertisements and off-line media, such as newspapers, outdoor billboards and advertisements on buses.

General and administrative expenses increased by 80.6% to RMB47.7 million (US\$5.8 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB26.4 million for the same period in 2003 primarily due to the following reasons:

Increase in staff-related costs, including salaries, bonuses and welfare benefits, of approximately RMB4.1 million (US\$0.5 million) as a result of an increase in the number of employees. Total headcount for administrative staff increased from 45 as of June 30, 2003 to 69 as of June 30, 2004.

Increase in legal and professional fees of approximately RMB9.0 million (US\$1.1 million) which are primarily attributable to the following matters: (i) amortization of the issuance costs related to our Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023 of approximately RMB3.9 million (US\$0.5 million); and (ii) consultancy and legal fees payable to third parties for statutory compliance and other corporate matters of approximately RMB5.0 million (US\$0.6 million).

Increase in office rentals and office renovation costs for new offices in Guangzhou of approximately RMB2.2 million (US\$0.3 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004.

A write-back of a specific provision for bad and doubtful debts in the amount of RMB1.9 million during the six-months ended June 30, 2003. There was no such similar write-back during the same period in 2004.

Increase in depreciation charges for office equipment and other miscellaneous administrative costs of approximately RMB1.7 million (US\$0.2 million).

Research and development expenses increased by 88.6% to RMB15.6 million (US\$1.9 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB8.3 million for the same period in 2003. This increase was primarily due to the increase in research and development staff-related costs stemming largely from the recruitment of programmers and technicians to support our online games and wireless value-added and other fee-based premium services business.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

As of June 30, 2003, our receivable balances were due from Guangzhou NetEase and Guangyitong Advertising because they were not consolidated into NetEase.com, Inc. at that time. Since we started consolidating our VIEs in 2004, our receivable balances have been due from third parties which appear on the books of accounts of our VIEs. Because NetEase.com, Inc. relies on Guangzhou NetEase, Guangyitong Advertising and Ling Yi to collect monies from their customers to realize its revenues earned from providing consulting services, NetEase.com, Inc. also assists these affiliates to manage their receivable balances.

As of June 30, 2004, the gross accounts receivable balance before any allowance for bad and doubtful accounts was RMB90.0 million (US\$10.9 million). After providing for doubtful accounts in the amount of RMB11.8 million (US\$1.4 million), the net balance of accounts receivable was RMB78.2 million (US\$9.4 million) as of June 30, 2004. Among the RMB11.8 million allowance for doubtful accounts, RMB5.0 million

(US\$0.6 million) and RMB6.8 million (US\$0.8 million) represented general and specific provisions, respectively.

We periodically review our general provisioning policy for doubtful accounts. In assessing the adequacy and reasonableness of the policy, we consider the aging analysis of accounts receivable balances, historical bad debt rates, repayment patterns and credit worthiness of customers and industry trend analysis.

The amount of additional provision made for bad and doubtful debts amounted to RMB1.7 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 compared to RMB2.5 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2003. The additional provision for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 was mainly comprised of an increase in the balance of general provisions. The additional provision for the six-months ended June 30, 2003 was mainly comprised of specific provisions on specific debtors and, to a lesser extent, an increase in the balance of general provisions.

As of June 30, 2004, we had two customers with receivable balances exceeding 10% of the total accounts receivable balance, namely China Mobile and China Unicom which owed us approximately RMB26.1 million (US\$3.2 million) and RMB10.7 million (US\$1.3 million), respectively, representing 29.0% and 11.8% of the total outstanding accounts receivable balance then outstanding. No provision for such accounts receivables balances was made because of the current nature of such balances.

Other Income (Expenses)

Other income and expenses for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 mainly consisted of interest income and investment income. Interest income increased to RMB8.6 million (US\$1.0 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB3.6 million for the same period in 2003, mainly due to an increase in short-term bank deposits in China and abroad. The cash for such deposits was generated largely from our operations as well as from the proceeds of our US\$100 million Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes issue in July 2003. Investment income increased to RMB1.9 million (US\$0.2 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from nil for the same period in 2003, mainly due to interest income generated from investments in US treasury notes and bonds. Interest expense increased to RMB2.0 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from nil for the holders of our convertible notes from January 10, 2004. Such interest will continue to be payable until our registration statement with respect to such notes is declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, and thereafter may again become payable if we fail to maintain the effectiveness of such registration statement for the required period of time.

Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance

For the six-months ended June 30, 2004, we considered all relevant factors that are material to our business, including positive indicators (such as improved profitability outlook, an indication of market acceptance of our services, and industry statistics signaling continued strong growth in the market for a portion of our services) and certain negative indicators (such as an increase in competition and industry risk such as our dependency on relationships with the mobile operators in China), and determined that it was more likely than not that we would be able to take advantage of all of our tax loss carryforwards from the prior fiscal years before their expiration. Accordingly, we have not made any valuation allowance for the deferred tax assets of NetEase Shanghai.

Income Tax

Income tax increased to RMB15.3 million (US\$1.9 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB6.1 million for the same period in 2003. The increase was mainly due to an increase in revenues and taxable income for the six-months ended June 30, 2004. Our effective tax rate for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 was 7.1%, which reflects the effect of tax holidays and lower tax rates applicable to our subsidiaries, NetEase Beijing and Guangzhou Interactive.

Net Income

As a result of the foregoing, net income increased by 39.7% to RMB202.2 million (US\$24.4 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 from RMB144.7 million for the same period in 2003. Net income increased at a slower rate than gross profit for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, compared to the same period in 2003, principally because of the relatively higher rate of increase in operating expenses compared to gross profit. In particular, marketing expenses increased significantly for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, as we increased our marketing activities to promote awareness of our company and our services.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our capital requirements relate primarily to financing:

our working capital requirements, such as bandwidth and server custody fees, staff costs, sales and marketing expenses and research and development, and

costs associated with the expansion of our business, such as the purchase of servers.

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities was RMB263.3 million (US\$31.8 million) and RMB165.9 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the six-months ended June 30, 2004, cash provided by operating activities consisted primarily of our operating profit of RMB202.2 million (US\$24.4 million) adjusted for:

depreciation, share compensation cost and amortization of issuance cost of our convertible notes totaling RMB16.4 million (US\$2.0 million),

an increase in accounts receivable, prepayments and other current assets totaling RMB28.5 million (US\$3.4 million),

a decrease in deferred tax assets of RMB4.8 million (US\$0.6 million),

an increase in provision for doubtful debts of RMB1.7 million (US\$0.2 million), and

an increase in accounts payable and other liabilities, deferred revenue and salary and welfare payable totaling RMB66.7 million (US\$8.1 million).

For the six-months ended June 30, 2003, cash provided by operating activities consisted primarily of operating profit of RMB144.7 million adjusted for:

depreciation and share compensation cost totaling RMB8.1 million,

an increase in due from related parties of RMB11.8 million,

an increase in deferred tax assets of RMB7.0 million,

an increase in prepayments and other current assets totaling RMB5.7 million,

an increase in provision for doubtful debts of RMB2.5 million, and

an increase in accounts payable and other liabilities totaling RMB14.5 million.

The foregoing was offset in part by a decrease in deferred revenue, salary and welfare payable totaling RMB3.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2003.

Investing Activities

Cash provided by investing activities was RMB43.1 million (US\$5.2 million) for the six-months ended June 30, 2004, and cash used in investing activities was RMB7.4 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2003. For the six-months ended June 30, 2004, cash provided by investing activities mainly consisted of the decrease in held-to-maturity investments of RMB83.4 million (US\$10.1 million), which was offset in part by the purchase of fixed assets totaling RMB31.0 million (US\$3.7 million). For the six-months ended June 30, 2003, cash used in investing activities mainly consisted of the purchase of RMB7.1 million.

Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities was RMB23.0 million (US\$2.8 million) and RMB10.1 million for the six-months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. For the six-months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, cash provided by financing activities mainly consisted of the proceeds from the issuance of ordinary shares upon the exercise of share options of RMB22.7 million (US\$2.7 million) and RMB10.1 million, respectively.

Commitments

We had no material commitments for capital expenditures as of June 30, 2004. We have spent approximately RMB31.0 million (US\$3.7 million) from January 1, 2004 until June 30, 2004, principally for purchases of additional computer equipment in order to accommodate the expected increase in usage of our online games and, to a lesser extent, for increased traffic on the NetEase Web sites. Our capital expenditure plans for the remainder of 2004 have not yet been fixed, but we expect to spend an additional approximately RMB26.7 million (US\$3.2 million), primarily for the same purposes. Capital expenditures in 2004 have been, and are expected to continue to be, funded through operating cash flows and through our existing capital resources.

As of June 30, 2004, we had lease commitments for office rentals of RMB3.5 million (US\$0.4 million), RMB5.2 million (US\$0.6 million), RMB2.3 million (US\$0.3 million) and RMB0.6 million (US\$0.1 million) payable in the remainder of 2004 and in 2005, 2006 and thereafter, respectively. In addition, we had lease commitments for server custody fees and other capital expenditure commitments of RMB4.8 million (US\$0.6 million) and RMB0.4 million (US\$0.04 million), respectively, payable in the remainder of 2004 and 2005.

Our net losses have been funded by our cash resources and positive operating cash flows. Although we have been profitable in the last two fiscal years, we cannot be certain that we can sustain or grow this level of profitability in future periods. In particular, our selling, general and administrative expenses have remained relatively high due primarily to staff costs, while our revenue from advertising and wireless value-added services has been uneven in the last several years. Further, although our revenue from online games has grown significantly in the last two fiscal years, we have only a limited track record offering these services and cannot be certain that we will be able to maintain or grow such revenue. Nonetheless, given our positive cash flows in recent quarters and our issuance of US\$100 million aggregate principal amount of Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes in July 2003, we believe that such cash and revenue will be sufficient for us to meet our obligations for the foreseeable future.

Indebtedness

As of June 30, 2004, we had \$100 million aggregate principal amount of Zero Coupon Convertible Subordinated Notes due July 15, 2023 outstanding. Because we did not register the notes and the ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the notes with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission by January 10, 2004 in accordance with the Registration Rights Agreement for the notes dated July 8, 2003, interest became payable on the notes at a rate of 0.50% per annum and will continue to accrue until such registration becomes effective.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

We believe that an integral part of our future success will depend on our ability to develop and enhance our products and services. Our product development efforts and strategies consist of incorporating new technologies from third parties as well as continuing to develop our own proprietary technology.

We have utilized and will continue to utilize the products and services of third parties to enhance our platform of technologies and services to provide competitive and diverse Internet services to our users. We also have utilized and will continue to utilize third-party advertisement serving technologies. In addition, we plan to continue to expand our technologies, products and services and registered user base through diverse online community products and services developed internally. We will seek to continually improve and enhance our existing products and services to respond to rapidly evolving competitive and technological conditions. For the six-months ended June 30, 2003 and 2004, we spent RMB8.3 million and RMB15.6 million (US\$1.9 million), respectively, on research and development activities.

TREND INFORMATION

Based on our observations, we believe that the following trends are likely to have a material effect on our business in the near term:

We believe that there has been increasing demand by online game users for new and unique online games and increasing competition in this area. We believe that these trends will force us to devote additional resources to developing and launching additional games, updating existing games at a faster rate than we have in the past and licensing games from third parties.

Our online games business may be adversely affected if, as is predicted by some industry commentators, the Chinese government takes steps to slow the growth in this market. Such steps could include, for example, the widespread closure of Internet cafes where a

significant portion of our users access our online games or restrictions on the content of games which has the effect of making them less appealing. We may not be able to adequately respond to any such regulatory changes in the online games market.

The rapid expansion of the wireless value-added services market in China in recent years is expected by China s Ministry of Information Industry and industry commentators to continue for the next several years. We expect that this expansion, if it occurs, will encourage additional competitors to enter the market which may adversely affect revenue growth in this area and could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition.

In addition, as discussed above under Recent Developments, the mobile operators in China have recently begun more rigorously enforcing their policies than in the past and have adopted certain new policies, which have slowed the growth of our SMS business. Any non-compliance with the mobile operators policies by us, whether inadvertent or not, could result in a material and adverse effect on our revenues and profitability.

We expect that the wireless value-added services industry and customers tastes for these services will continue to evolve rapidly, particularly as a result of the transition from SMS-based services to new services which are compatible with, and take full advantage of the capabilities of, next generation mobile technologies such as 2.5G, which has recently begun in China. We believe that the rapid evolution of this industry will require us to continue to devote significant resources to developing and deploying new wireless valued-added services.

If wireless value-added services which are compatible with next generation mobile technologies become popular in China, we believe that users will demand increasingly engaging and content-rich services. We anticipate that this transition, if it occurs, may increase competition among wireless value-added service providers in China for content and strategic partnerships, and may increase the prices we may have to pay for content.

The pace of development of widely accepted online payment systems in China has remained slow thus far. In response, we have developed and deployed a prepaid point card as an alternative online payment system for our services.

The decrease in the rate of growth of Internet users in China in recent years may continue. In that case, we may have to increase our service offerings or increase our marketing and advertising efforts in order for us to continue to grow our business.

A general increase in competition for online services has elevated the importance of brand building and brand awareness. We believe that this trend may require us to increase our marketing and advertising efforts and budgets in order to keep our brand names and the NetEase Web sites visible and prominent. Specifically, we have recently launched a new marketing campaign which focuses on increasing brand awareness of our company and specific product driven advertisements, through television advertisements and off-line media, such as newspapers, outdoor billboards and advertisements on buses and bus stops.

We expect that for at least the next several quarters, our fixed costs in connection with our Internet portal business will increase, without a corresponding increase in revenue, due to our introduction of expanded storage capacity for our free e-mail service in the third quarter of 2004 and increasing bandwidth fees resulting from increased usage of the NetEase Web sites.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any outstanding derivative financial instruments, off-balance sheet guarantees, interest rate swap transactions or foreign currency forward contracts. We do not engage in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the interest income generated by excess cash invested in short term money market accounts and certificates of deposit. We have not used derivative financial instruments in our investment portfolio. Interest earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. We have not been exposed nor do we anticipate being exposed to material risks due to changes in interest rates. However, our future interest income may fall short of expectations due to changes in interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk

Substantially all our revenues and expenses are denominated in Renminbi, but as noted above, a substantial portion of our cash is kept in U.S. dollars. Although we believe that, in general, our exposure to foreign exchange risks should be limited, the value of our American Depositary Shares, or ADSs, will be affected by the foreign exchange rate between U.S. dollars and Renminbi. For example, to the extent that we need to convert U.S. dollars into Renminbi for our operational needs and the Renminbi appreciates against the U.S. dollar at that time, our financial position and the price of our ADSs may be adversely affected. Conversely, if we decide to convert our Renminbi into U.S. dollars for the purpose of declaring dividends on our ADSs or otherwise and the U.S. dollar appreciates against the Renminbi, the U.S. dollar equivalent of our earnings from our subsidiaries and controlled entities in China would be reduced.

We have not had any material foreign exchange gains or losses to date. However, we have not engaged in any hedging activities, and we may experience economic loss as a result of any foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

The notes were issued under an indenture dated as of July 14, 2003 (referred to as the Indenture in this prospectus) between us and The Bank of New York, as trustee (referred to as the trustee in this prospectus). Copies of the Indenture are available for inspection during normal business hours at the principal office of the trustee being the date hereof at 101 Barclay Street, 21st Floor West, New York, N.Y. 10286, U.S.A. The statements under this section relating to the Indenture and the notes are general summaries highlighting certain important features of the Indenture and the notes and do not purport to be complete. Such summaries make use of certain terms defined in the Indenture and are qualified in their entirety by express reference to the Indenture. The terms of the notes will also include those made a part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended.

General

The notes are general unsecured obligations and are subordinate in right of payment as described under Subordination of Notes. The notes are limited to an aggregate principal amount of \$100 million and are issued only in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000. They will mature on July 15, 2023 (unless earlier redeemed at our option, converted into ordinary shares at the option of the holder or repurchased by us at the option of the holder). We will not pay interest on the notes unless specified defaults under the registration rights agreement occur.

See Book-Entry Delivery and Form for information regarding the form, documents and mechanics for transferring the notes.

The Indenture does not contain any restrictions on the payment of dividends or the repurchase of our securities or any financial covenants. The Indenture contains no covenants or other provisions to afford protection to holders of notes in the event of a highly leveraged transaction or a change in control of our company except to the extent described under Repurchase at Option of a Holder Upon a Fundamental Change and Merger and Consolidation.

We will maintain an office in The City of New York where the notes may be presented for registration, payment, transfer, exchange or conversion. This office will be an office or agency of the trustee. Except under limited circumstances described below, the notes are issued only in fully-registered book-entry form, without coupons, and will be represented by one or more global notes. There will be no service charge for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes. We and/or the trustee may, however, require holders to pay a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with certain transfers or exchanges.

Conversion Rights

General

Holders have the option to convert any portion of the principal amount of any note that is an integral multiple of \$1,000 into our ordinary shares at any time at a conversion price of \$0.4815 per share prior to the close of business on the maturity date in the following circumstances:

during any calendar quarter commencing after September 30, 2003, if the average of the reference prices (as defined below) of our ordinary shares for the last five consecutive trading days of the calendar quarter preceding the quarter in which the conversion occurs is more than 115% of the conversion price per share on the last trading day of the preceding quarter;

if we have called the notes for redemption;

if the average of the trading prices of the notes for any five consecutive trading day period is less than 100% of the average of the conversion value (as defined in this prospectus) of the notes during that period; provided, however, that no notes may be converted based on the satisfaction of this condition during the six month period immediately preceding each specified date on which the note holders may require us to repurchase their notes (for example, with respect to the July 15, 2006 repurchase date, the notes may not be converted from January 15, 2006 to July 15, 2006) if on any day during such five consecutive trading day period, the reference price of our ordinary shares is between the conversion price and 115% of the conversion price; or

upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions.

A holder may deposit the ordinary shares it receives upon conversion of its notes for the issuance of ADSs if it complies with the requirements described under Description of American Depositary Shares.

Trading day means each day on which the securities exchange or quotation system which is used to determine the ADS sale price is open for trading or quotation. ADS sale price means the closing per ADS (or ordinary share, if applicable) sale price as reported in composite transactions for the principal United States securities exchange on which the ADS (or ordinary share, if applicable) is traded, or, if the ADS (or ordinary share, if applicable) is not listed on a United States national or regional stock exchange, as reported by Nasdaq, or, if the ADS (or ordinary share, if applicable) is not listed or admitted to trading on any United States national or regional stock exchange or quoted on Nasdaq, the average of the closing bid and ask prices in the over-the-counter market as furnished by any New York Stock Exchange member firm selected from time to time by us for that purpose.

The reference price of our ordinary shares on any date of determination means a dollar amount derived by dividing the closing price of our ADSs on that date by the then applicable number of our ordinary shares represented by one ADS. On the date of this prospectus, one ADS represents 100 of our ordinary shares.

Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Market Price Condition

A holder may surrender any of its notes for conversion into our ordinary shares during any quarter commencing after September 30, 2003 if the average reference price of our ordinary shares for the last five trading days in the preceding quarter exceeds 115% of the conversion price per share on the last trading day of the preceding quarter. We will determine at the end of each quarter whether the notes are convertible as a result of the price of our ordinary shares and promptly notify the conversion agent (as defined in this prospectus) and trustee, which in turn will notify the holders of the notes.

Conversion Upon Notice of Redemption

A holder may surrender for conversion any note called for redemption at any time prior to the close of business on the day that is two business days prior to the redemption date, even if the notes are not otherwise convertible at such time.

Conversion Upon Satisfaction of Trading Price Condition

If, after any five consecutive trading day period in which the average of the trading prices (defined below) for the notes for such five trading day period is less than 100% of the average of the conversion value (defined below) for the notes during that period, then you may surrender notes for conversion at any time during the following 10 trading days; provided, however, that no notes may be converted based on the satisfaction of this condition during the six month period immediately preceding each specified date on which the holders may require us to repurchase their notes (for example, with respect to the July 15, 2006 repurchase date, the notes may not be converted from January 15, 2006 to July 15, 2006), if on any day during such five consecutive trading day period, the reference price of our ordinary shares is between the conversion price and 115% of the conversion price.

The conversion value of a note means the product of the reference price of our ordinary shares on any date of determination multiplied by the number of ordinary shares into which the note is convertible.

The trading price of the notes on any date of determination means the average of the secondary market bid quotations per \$1,000 principal amount of notes received by the conversion agent for \$5,000,000 principal amount of the notes at approximately 3:30 p.m., The City of New York time, on such determination date from three independent nationally recognized securities dealers we select, provided that if at least three such bids are not received by the conversion agent, but two such bids are received, then the average of the two bids shall be used, and if only one such bid is received by the conversion agent, this one bid shall be used. If the conversion agent cannot reasonably obtain at least one bid for \$5,000,000 principal amount of the notes from a nationally recognized securities dealer or, in our reasonable judgment, the bid quotations are not indicative of the secondary market value of the notes, then the trading price of the notes will be determined in good faith by us taking into account in such determination such factors as we, in our sole discretion, deem appropriate. In connection with any conversion upon satisfaction of trading price condition as described above, the conversion agent shall have no obligation to determine the trading price of the notes is less than 100% of the product of the reference price of our ordinary shares and the number of ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of \$1,000 principal amount of the notes; at which time, we shall select and instruct the three independent nationally recognized securities dealers to provide the conversion agent with the bid quotations as provided above.

The conversion agent means, initially, The Bank of New York, acting in such capacity, until a successor replaces it and, thereafter, shall mean such successor.

Conversion Upon Specific Corporate Transactions

If we elect to:

distribute to all holders of our ordinary shares any rights, warrants or options entitling them to subscribe for or repurchase, for a period expiring within 60 days of the date of distribution, our ordinary shares at less than the then current market price; or

distribute to all holders of our ordinary shares any assets, debt securities or certain rights to repurchase our securities, which distribution has a per share value exceeding 10% of the reference price of our ordinary shares on the day preceding the declaration date for such distribution,

holders may convert their notes, unless such holders may participate in the transaction on a basis and with notice that our board of directors determines to be fair and reasonable. We must notify the holders of notes at least 20 days prior to the ex-dividend date for any such distribution. Once we have given such notice, holders may surrender their notes for conversion until the earlier of the close of business on the business day prior to the ex-dividend date or our announcement that such distribution will not take place. This provision shall not apply if the holder of a note otherwise participates in the distribution without conversion.

In addition, if we are a party to a consolidation, merger, share exchange, sale of all or substantially all of our assets or other similar transaction, in each case pursuant to which our ordinary shares would be converted into cash, securities or other property, we must notify the holders at least 15 business days prior to the anticipated effective date of the transaction. A holder may surrender its notes for conversion at any time from and after the date which is 15 business days prior to the anticipated effective date of such transaction until and including the date which is two business days before the actual date of such transaction. If we are a party to a consolidation, merger, share exchange, sale of all or substantially all of our assets or other similar transaction, in each case pursuant to which our ordinary shares are converted into cash, securities or other property, then at the effective time of the transaction, a holder s right to convert its notes into ordinary shares will be changed into a right to convert such notes into the kind and amount of cash, securities and other property that such holder would have received if such holder had converted such notes immediately prior to the transaction. If the transaction also constitutes a Fundamental Change (as defined below), such holder can require us to repurchase all or a portion of its notes as described under Repurchase at Option of a Holder Upon a Fundamental Change. If the transaction also constitutes a Merger Event (as defined below), we may be required to redeem all of the notes as described under Merger and Consolidation.

Merger and Consolidation.

If a holder of a note has delivered notice of its election to have such note repurchased at the option of such holder or as a result of a Fundamental Change or a Delisting Event (as defined below), such note may be converted only if the notice of election is withdrawn as described, respectively, under Repurchase of Notes at the Option of the Holder on Specified Dates, Repurchase at Option of a Holder Upon a Fundamental Change or Repurchase at Option of a Holder Upon a Delisting Event.

Conversion Price Adjustments

We will adjust the conversion price if (without duplication):

we issue to all holders of our ordinary shares additional ordinary shares or other capital stock as a dividend or distribution on our ordinary shares;

(2) we subdivide, combine or reclassify our ordinary shares;