PROTON LABORATORIES INC

Form 10KSB April 17, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

- [X] Annual Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2005
- [] Transition Report Under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from --- to ---

Commission file number: 000-31883

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC. (Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Washington
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

91-2022700 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101
Alameda, CA 94501
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(510) 865-6412 Issuer's telephone number

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class:

Name of exchange on which registered:

Check whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d(of the Exchange Act. []

Check whether the Issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15\,(d)$ of the Securities Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] [] No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B is contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Section 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). [] Yes [X] NO

Registrant's revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$328,200.

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant on April 11, 2006 based on the last price which was \$0.39 per share on April 11, 2006 was \$2,415,894. On April 11, 2006, the closing bid price on our common stock on the OTCBB was \$0.39.

On April 11, 2006, the registrant had outstanding 14,622,500 shares of Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format: Yes [] No [X]

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Item 1 Description of Business

INTRODUCTION

Our executive offices are located at: Proton Laboratories, Inc., 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA 94501, tel. (510) 865-6412, fax: (510) 865-9385. Our Web site is www.protonlabs.com.

Our growth is dependent on attaining profit from our operations and our raising capital through the sale of stock or debt. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise any equity financing or sell any of our products at a profit.

Our stock is traded on the OTCBB. Our trading symbol is "PLBI."

OUR BUSINESS--THE BACKGROUND OF FUNCTIONAL WATER

Our business is the marketing of residential and commercial "functional water systems." "Functional water" is water that has been processed through an electrolytic ion separation process or electrolysis process and has a wide array of functional properties due to its unique characteristics. Our functional water systems restructure tap water into one type of water that is alkaline in concentration and one type of water that is acidic in concentration. We believe that the functional water systems that we market will have applications in a large variety of industries, such as corporate agriculture, organic agriculture, food processing, medicine and dentistry, dermatology, heavy industry, mining, environmental clean-up, product formulations and beverages.

We are an exclusive importer and master distributor of functional water systems that are manufactured by Matsushita Electric Corporation of America. We utilize functional water intellectual property under licensing agreements. We supply consumer products related to functional water. We consult on projects utilizing functional water. We facilitate knowledge about functional water between the manufacturer and industry, and we act as educators about the benefits of functional water. We are a provider of systems that produce functional water, also called "electrolyzed water" or "functional electrolyzed water." Functional water is water that has been restructured through the process of electrolysis. Electrolysis forces a separation to occur in the electrolytes that are present in the water molecules. Through the process of creating functional water, regular tap water can be restructured into two separate types of water. For instance, tap water can be restructured into one type of water that is alkaline in concentration and one type of water that is acidic in concentration.

We believe that water with these unique functional properties is desirable for a number of reasons. Water with smaller clusters of molecules has a lower surface tension. With a lower surface tension, water may have improved hydrating, permeating and solubility properties. These properties may enhance the overall functional effectiveness of water. The separation of the alkaline and acidic properties found in water provides the water with functional abilities. For example, functional acidic water has disinfecting abilities to meet a wide array of disinfecting requirements in food processing procedures. Functional alkaline water makes an excellent drinking water due to improved hydration.

OUR BUSINESS--SYSTEMS AND MARKETS

We market functional water systems to the residential and commercial markets. For the residential market, we market functional water systems that are used to produce a health-beneficial, alkaline-concentrated drinking water. For the commercial market, we market commercial-grade functional water systems that are used in applications ranging from food preparation to hospital disinfection. Our goal is to take our functional water technology and market it throughout North America.

Our business model envisions us as: a supplier of technology for functional water applications; a supplier of hardware for functional water systems; a provider of intellectual property for functional water systems under licensing agreements; a supplier of consumer functional water products; consultants to industries requiring functional water; facilitators between Japanese functional water manufacturers and industrial users in the U.S.A.; and educators of academia, government and industry on the benefits of functional water.

OUR BUSINESS--SCIENCE

"Functional water" is a term that has been assigned to a new category of water. Functional water has a wide array of functional properties due to its unique characteristics. We believe the uses for this type of water are far reaching, since we are identifying new applications and uses for functional water on an ongoing basis. Functional water systems are capable of producing the following types of functional water:

Ionic-Structured Water. Ionic-structured water is electrolyzed drinking water that is alkaline-concentrated and utilizes smaller molecular clusters than regular water for improved hydration and solubility. Ionic structured water is smooth to the palate.

Electro-Structured Water. Electro-structured water is water that is anti-microbial in nature and may be effective against virus, bacteria, fungus, mildew and spores. This water may have a wide array of disinfectant uses.

Derma-Structured Water. Derma-structured water is electrolyzed low pH water that has astringent and disinfecting properties and may have a wide array of cosmetic, dermatological and post-plastic surgery applications that may minimize infections and scarring and expedite healing.

FUNCTIONAL WATER RESEARCH IN ACADEMIA

The process to produce functional water was developed by Scottish inventor Michael Faraday in Boston, Massachusetts in 1834. In 1929, the value of electrolytic water separation to produce water with functional properties was realized in Japan. Japanese researchers have since taken this process, created a wide array of functional waters and have introduced this technology to food processing, hospital disinfection, wound care, agriculture, organic agriculture and food safety in Japan. During recent years, functional water applications have been studied by universities in the U.S.A. and Canada. For example, in a University of Georgia study published in the Journal of Food Protection in 1999 entitled "Inactivation of Escherichia coli 0157:H7 and Listeria monocytogenes on Plastic Kitchen Cutting Boards by Electrolyzed Oxidizing Water," the immersion of plastic kitchen cutting boards in electrolyzed oxidizing water was found to be an effective method for inactivating food-borne pathogens such as E. coli. Other studies at the University of Georgia have looked at the efficacy of electrolyzed oxidizing water for inactivating E. coli, Salmonella and Listeria and have determined that such water may be a useful disinfectant. A University

of Georgia study entitled "Antimicrobial effect of electrolyzed water for inactivating Campylobacter jejuni during poultry washing" demonstrated that electrolyzed water is not only effective in reducing the populations of C. jejuni on chicken, but also may be effective in the prevention of cross-contamination of processing environments.

OUR BUSINESS--FUNCTIONAL WATER SYSTEMS

Residential Systems. The residential countertop, functional water systems produce water that scientists believe contains more wellness and health-beneficial properties than regular tap water (see, "Electrolyzed-Reduced Water Scavenges Active Oxygen Species and Protects DNA from Oxidative Damage," Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, Vol. 234, No. 1, pp. 269-274 (1997); and, Hanaoka, K., "Antioxidant Effects Of Reduced Water Produced By Electrolysis Of Sodium Chloride Solutions," 31 Journal of Applied Electrochemistry 1307-1313 (2001)). Generally, the residential countertop system sits next to the kitchen faucet, and through the use of a diverter, allows tap water to be routed through the system. The water is then processed through a charcoal filter where chlorine and sediments are removed. The filtered water then proceeds to the electrolysis chamber that is made up of electrodes and membranes. A positive and negative electrical charge is passed through the electrodes. The minerals that are found in the filtered water are attracted to opposite electrodes. For example, the alkaline minerals (minerals with positive(+) properties that include calcium, magnesium, sodium, manganese, iron and potassium) are attracted to the negatively charged (-) electrode. The acidic minerals (minerals with negative (-) properties include nitric acid, sulfuric acid and chlorine) are attracted to the positively-charged (+) electrode. Through this mineral separation process, two separate types of water are formed, which are water with alkaline-concentrated minerals, and water with acidic-concentrated minerals. Each type of water is held in a separate chamber in the residential countertop system. The alkaline-concentrated water may be consumed for drinking and cooking purposes, while the acidic-concentrated water may be used in a topical, astringent medium.

Commercial Systems. We are in preparation to market commercial functional water systems to the food processing, medical and agricultural industries. The system for the food processing industry includes: (1) a hand disinfectant system for proper hand washing, and (2) an anti-microbial water production system for general sterilization and disinfectant needs. We also intend to market similar systems to the medical industry. For the agricultural industry, we intend to sell functional water systems to organic food growers who desire to use functional water to replace the use of pesticides, fungicides, herbicides and chemical fertilizers. Our commercial functional water systems produce approximately one gallon per minute of electrolyzed alkaline and acidic waters. For the food processing industry, the alkaline water may be used as an effective medium for removing pesticides from agricultural products, while the acidic water may be used as anti-microbial water. For the hospital industry, the alkaline water may be used as an effective medium in removing protein buildup from surfaces, while the acidic water may be used as anti-microbial water. For the organic agricultural industry, the alkaline water may be used for plant

growth and as a solid nutrient, while the acidic water may be used as a substitute for fungicides, pesticides, herbicides and sporicides.

OUR BUSINESS--MARKETING STRATEGY

Our objectives are:

 To create a revenue stream through our marketing of residential systems. These sales may be made through independent distributors,

network marketing, infomercials, mail order, retail sales and direct sales generated through word-of-mouth referrals.

- To create a revenue stream through the sale of disinfectant systems to the food processing industry.
- To create a revenue stream through licensing agreements based upon a wide array of applications for functional water that will be targeted to specific industries. For example, electrolyzed water may be used in the beverage industry to extract flavors from their natural sources, such as extracting tea from tea leaves for use in bottled iced tea. Electrolyzed water may also be used in the formulation of nutraceutical-type dietary supplement products in the health-food and dietary supplement industries.

To continue the development of functional water applications for industries that are currently dependent upon chemicals as a processing medium. In addition to the food processing, medical and agricultural markets, we intend to develop market-driven applications for functional water, provide the science to these applications, publish the developments in scientific and industrial circulars and perform consulting functions to industries that can benefit from functional water. We intend to hire engineers from Japan to design, engineer and assemble prototypes of functional water systems that are built for specific industrial needs. We believe that by performing these functions ourselves, we will have all of the necessary tools to become a leading provider of functional water technology.

OUR BUSINESS--GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS

Our functional water systems are, or may be, subject to regulation by a variety of federal, state and local agencies, including the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC") and the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA").

Our hand disinfectant functional water system may be subject to pre-market approval by the FDA under Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations. We would expect such an approval process to take approximately 90 days after filing with the FDA, although there is no assurance that we will be able to obtain pre-market approval from the FDA. We have not made any applications to the FDA yet. We have engaged the consulting services of Environ Health Associates Inc. to assist us with our FDA application for the hand disinfectant. We anticipate filing the FDA application in the near future. Environ Health Associates Inc. is familiar with a modern food safety procedure known as Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point ("HACCP"). HACCP is a food safety procedure that focuses on identifying and preventing hazards that could cause food-borne illnesses. We believe that complying with the HACCP procedure may assist us in getting FDA approval, since the FDA generally encourages retailers to apply HACCP-based food safety principles, along with other recommended practices.

At such time as we may obtain FDA approval for the hand disinfectant, we then would request that the system be tested by Underwriter's Laboratories and the National Sanitation Foundation.

OUR BUSINESS--MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION

We intend to develop systems for the following markets:

- Hand disinfection for the food processing, fast food, medical, dental, personal care and general health care industries.
- Residential, countertop drinking water electrolysis systems.
- Commercial functional water systems, such as metal mining and

refining, wine grape mildew treatment, wine aging control, potato maintenance treatment, and the formulation of dietary supplement products. $\,$

Hand Disinfection. After we obtain FDA approvals for the hand disinfection system, we plan to introduce the device and what we believe to be its operational simplicity, user-friendliness, high efficacy and affordability, through industrial circulars where hand disinfection is of a primary concern. We also intend to arrange with a leasing company to lease the hand disinfectant system to the fast food industry. A large part of our marketing efforts will be directed to educating our target markets about functional water. We plan to write and publish articles through industrial media, disinfection forums, trade shows and documentary-type films that may be aired through CNN, PBS and Voice of

America introducing a new and novel method for hand disinfection. We intend to handle all inquiries through a toll-free number.

We plan to hire a public relations company that provides the news media with documentary videos for the purpose of educating the public on the technology, processes and applications that we market. The videos will cover the following subjects:

- The use of functional electrolyzed water for food safety.
- The use of functional electrolyzed water for effective disinfection in hospitals and clinical settings.
- The use of functional electrolyzed water for agriculture and organic agriculture.
- The use of functional electrolyzed water as a wellness medium.

Residential Countertop Units. The first step towards the marketing and distribution of residential countertop units is to develop a national product distribution program through network marketing, mail order catalogs sales, infomercials, independent distributor channels and word of mouth sales. Since we understand that the demographics in these sales channels is predominately composed of females in the age groups of 35-60, we intend to concentrate on this market segment. The second step in the marketing and distribution of residential countertop units is to introduce a simplified, lower price-point system that will be introduced through retail outlets under a series of private labels.

Commercial Functional Water Systems. In addition to marketing the residential countertop systems, we plan to develop marketing plans for commercial systems. We may enter into agreements with companies to act as distributors of our functional water systems. We may also grant exclusive rights to companies to use our systems in specific industries for specific applications in exchange for royalties.

We presently have 12 product distributors. We are presently seeking 108 additional product distributors.

OUR BUSINESS--COMPETITION

Our competitors include several entry-level importers of systems from Japan and Korea. We believe that we have several distinctive advantages over entry-level distributors:

We and our consultants, who are scientists, business people and advisers, are individuals who have helped pioneer the understanding, documentation,

representation and structuring of the technology and its relevance to the U.S.A. during the past nine-year period through various companies and organizations. These consultants are the leaders in the U.S.A. in the knowledge and representation of functional water.

We have been able to create a strong platform of specialists to advance functional water technology in the U.S.A., which would be difficult for others to replicate due to our high level of focused commitment and dedication.

We have close working relationships with our Japanese counterparts which have been developed and nurtured over the past ten-year period. These members are highly respected within the Japanese electrolysis community and attend annual conferences as invited speakers.

We have excellent working relationships with the Japanese manufacturers and we are often relied upon to provide international perspectives to be used in the refinement of their scientific, design and engineering thought processes to create products that will be accepted on a global basis.

With our knowledge, experience and foresight into the electrolyzed water industry, we are well-positioned to branch out on our own without reliance on Japanese manufacturing, if necessary.

We have strategically positioned ourselves as the "go to" organization for technology, hardware and informational support for the public.

Although the majority of competitors are small resellers, the one significant competitor that we have is named Hoshizaki U.S.A., which is an established U.S.A.-based Japanese company that has a substantial market presence in refrigeration and icemakers. We expect that we may face additional competition from new market entrants and current competitors as they expand their business models, but we do not believe that any real strong competitors are imminent for the foreseeable 3 to 4 year period, other than Hoshizaki U.S.A.

To be competitive, we must assemble a strategic marketing and sales infrastructure. Our success will be dependent on our ability to become a formidable marketing and sales entity based upon the technology we have and our

ability to aggressively introduce this technology and its far-reaching benefits through documentary videos and other methods of public relations.

EMPLOYEES

We currently have 3 full-time employees all of whom are in management positions. None of our employees is subject to a collective bargaining agreement. We believe that our employee relations are good.

OTHER DEVELOPMENTS

We have done preliminary field testing in the wine industry with respect to the control of mildew on wine grapes in vineyards. Mildew on wine grapes is a serious grapevine fungal disease. The tendency for mildew to grow on wine grapes occurs, for example, in areas of Napa Valley where foggy conditions prevail. If mildew is found on the wine grapes, then spraying with dusty sulfur is done. Spraying with dusty sulfur will generally eliminate and control the mildew on grapes. If this fungus is ignored, the wine grapes may spoil. However, the long-term effects of sulfur exposure is unknown. The use of low pH functional water may remove mildew

We have done preliminary field testing in the potato growing industry with

respect to potato maintenance during storage. Our preliminary review of this use of functional water indicates better potato maintenance during storage. We plan to continue this preliminary test using an automated functional water sprayer.

We have done preliminary testing in the mining and refining industry with respect to the effect of the use of functional water on heap leaching and refining of precious metals.

We obtained, through a sublicense from Edward Alexander at no cost to us, the North American rights to manufacture and distribute an electrolyzed water-based antioxidant dietary supplement developed by MIZ Corporation, a Japanese company specializing in advanced uses of electrolyzed water. We plan to sell this product to the fitness, sports and wellness markets.

We have been developing a proprietary process allowing for electrolysis to be applied to wine. The primary objective for this application is to allow for a wine maker to have direct control over the aging process of wine such that it allows a wine maker to shorten, complement or, if desired, bypass the wine aging process. The test results that were achieved showed promise in creating the "optimal" wine through a controlled process which provides a smooth texture to the wine along with an enhancement to the various active properties of the wine.

We plan to file an FDA application for our hand disinfectant system and our surface disinfectant system.

In February 2005, MIZ Company, a Japanese company that owns four U.S. patents whose subject matter is the electrolysis of water, assigned a 50% ownership interest in those four patents to Mr. Alexander in consideration of consulting services provided to MIZ Company by Mr. Alexander. Mr. Alexander has agreed to allow us to exploit the four patents on a royalty-free basis. Since MIZ Company and Mr. Alexander each has an ownership interest in the four patents, either Mr. Alexander or the Japanese company could grant licenses to others to use the four patents, and the Japanese company could exploit the four patents by itself.

Our functional currency is the U.S. dollar.

Our independent auditors made a going concern qualification in their report dated March 29, 2006, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Equity Line of Credit. Effective November 28, 2005, we entered into an Investment Agreement, which is an equity line of credit ("ELOC"), with Dutchess Private Equities Fund, LP ("Dutchess"). The maximum amount of money that the ELOC may provide to us over a 36 month period beginning January 2006, is \$10,000,000. We may periodically deliver new issue registered shares of our common stock to Dutchess who then delivers cash to us based on a fluctuating price per share of our common stock. We are not obligated to request the entire \$10,000,000. Since draw downs on the equity line of credit can occur at a maximum rate of one draw down per week for \$100,000 (or other amount using an alternative calculation [which may be higher or lower than \$100,000], each week that we do not make a draw down raises the possibility that over the life of the ELOC, we may not receive the entire \$10 million. The actual aggregate number of shares that we may issue pursuant to the Investment Agreement is not determinable as it is based on the market price of our common stock from time to time and how much funding we desire from time to time. We have registered and reserved 50 million shares for this transaction We have not made any draw downs on the equity line of credit as April 11, 2006.

We can commence drawing down at our discretion. For an equal amount of funding from time to time pursuant to the ELOC, the number of shares we would issue to Dutchess would be greater

during times of our stock price being low, and conversely so during times when our stock price is high. Pursuant to the ELOC, we are subject to penalties if we fail to deliver stock to Dutchess after we request a draw down from the ELOC. We have engaged USEuro Securities to act as our placement agent in connection with the ELOC.

Pursuant to the ELOC, we are subject to late fees if we fail to deliver stock to Dutchess after requesting a draw down from the ELOC. These late fees vary based on the number of undelivered shares, if any.

Item 2. Description of Property

We lease approximately 4,000 square feet of office and storage space located at 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA 94501, for a lease payment of approximately \$6,000 per month. Under this lease, we are required to pay a percentage of the property taxes, insurance and maintenance. The lease expires in July 2006 and we anticipate renewing the lease at that time. We believe this space is adequate for our current needs, and that additional space is available to us at a reasonable cost, if needed.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are not a plaintiff or defendant in any litigation, nor is any litigation threatened against us.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5. Market for Common Equity Related Stockholder Matters and Small Business Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our stock is traded on the OTCBB. Our trading symbol is "PLBI." The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low bid price per share for our common stock. These bid and asked price quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission, and may not represent actual prices. Our fiscal year ends on December 31.

COMMON STOCK PRICE RANGE

YEAR	AND	QUARTER	HIGH	LOW
2005:				
First	Qua	rter	\$1.55	\$0.37
Secon	d Qu	arter	\$0.48	\$0.32
Third	Qua	rter	\$0.40	\$0.20
Fourt!	h Qu	arter	\$0.34	\$0.14

2004:

First	Quarter	\$2.45	\$0.60
Second	Quarter	\$2.30	\$0.90
Third	Quarter	\$1.15	\$0.30
Fourth	Quarter	\$2.90	\$0.35

On April 11, 2006, the closing price of our stock was \$0.390.

On April 11, 2006, we had outstanding 14,622,500 shares of common stock.

On April 11, 2006, we had approximately 92 shareholders of record which includes shares held directly by shareholders and shares beneficially owned by shareholders who have deposited their shares into an account at a broker-dealer. Such deposited shares into a brokerage account are accumulated in a nominee account in the name of Cede, Inc. Cede, Inc. is the nominee account that most broker-dealers use to deposit shares held in the name of the broker-dealer. Cede, Inc. is counted as one record shareholder, even though it could represent many beneficial shareholders who have deposited their shares into an account at a broker-dealer.

We have not paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we do not expect to declare or pay any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. Payment of any cash dividends will depend upon our future earnings, if any, our financial condition, and other factors as deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

We have outstanding 8,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. We have no outstanding options, warrants, convertible debt. Our Series A Preferred Stock pays dividends.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS			
	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance of under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
PLAN CATEGORY:			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	-0-	n/a	-0-
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (2)	-0-	n/a	-0-

Total -0- n/a -0-

Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT

Certain statements contained herein, including, without limitation, statements containing the words, "believes," "anticipates," "expects," and other words of similar meaning, constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. In addition to the forward-looking statements contained herein, the following forward-looking factors could cause our future results to differ materially our forward-looking statements: competition, funding, government compliance and market acceptance of our products.

INTRODUCTION

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and accompanying notes and the other financial information appearing elsewhere herein. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the USA., which contemplate our continuation as a going concern.

We have incurred net losses of \$981,674 in 2005 and \$965,840 in 2004. We had a working capital deficit of \$871,723 at December 31, 2005 and \$203,900 at December 31, 2004. Loans from our president were required to fund operations.

Our independent auditors made a going concern qualification in their report dated March 29, 2006, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in existence.

Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet our obligations on a timely basis, to obtain additional financing as may be required, and ultimately to attain profitable operations. However, there is no assurance that profitable operations or sufficient cash flows will occur in the future.

We are located in Alameda, California. Our business consists of the sales and marketing of the industrial, environmental and residential systems throughout the U.S.A. which alter the properties of water to produce functional water. We act as an exclusive importer and master distributor of these products to various companies in which uses for the product range from food processing to retail water sales. We are working towards raising funds to expand our marketing and revenues. We have spent considerable time negotiating with several overseas corporations for the co-development of enhanced antioxidant beverages for distribution into the overseas markets. In addition, we are working with Canadian businesses to identify markets for various disinfection applications of

functional water, pending government approval. We are working on agricultural applications of functional water. We are working on packaging for a spray-on application of function water for pathogen counter-measures.

We: formulate intellectual properties under licensing agreements; supply consumer products; consult on projects utilizing functional water; facilitate usage, uses and users of functional water between manufacturer and industry; and act as educators on the benefits of functional water. Our business has been focused on marketing functional water equipment and systems.

Alkaline-concentrated functional water may have health-beneficial properties and may be used for drinking and cooking purposes. Acidic-concentrated functional water may be used as a topical, astringent medium.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an

ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions provide a basis for us to make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions, and these differences may be material.

We recognize revenue when all four of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists; (ii) delivery of the products and/or services has occurred; (iii) the selling price is both fixed and determinable and; (iv) collectibility is reasonably probable. Our revenues are derived from sales of our industrial, environmental and residential systems which alter the properties of water to produce functional water. We believe that this critical accounting policy affects our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements.

Our fiscal year end is December 31.

We have a joint research and development program with Weber Farms located in Washington State. Weber Farms is family-owned with a long history of raising and marketing quality potatoes, wheat and corn. In 1979, Weber Farms built a fresh pack potato warehouse to ensure better quality and more oversight of the marketing of open potatoes both to domestic and foreign markets. In 1997, a state-of- the-art potato storage facility capable of storing 50,000 tons was built. End uses of Weber Farm potatoes are generally in the areas of boxed and bagged potatoes for retail stores, hash browns, French fires and other retail-type products. We will work together in various areas where Proton's electrolyzed water, with its unique efficacies, can be integrated into potato production and post-harvesting processes. Understanding that Proton's water brings about certain potato maintenance efficacies, environmental and worker safety, on-site production abilities and cost efficiencies, both parties are looking forward to a mutually rewarding relationship.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS-YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004.

We had revenue of \$328,200 for the year ended December 31, 2005 Compared to revenue of \$379,989 for the year ended December 31, 2004 This was a decrease of

13%.

We had a net loss \$981,674 for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to a net loss of \$965,840 for the year ended December 31, 2005. This increase in net loss was due primarily to an increase in interest cost.

Cash used by operating activities was \$250,646 for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to cash used by operating activities of \$323,722 for the year ended December 31, 2004. This decrease in cash used by operating activities was due primarily to a decrease in cost of stock issued as compensation.

LIQUIDITY

As of December 31, 2005, we had cash on hand of \$1,384. Our growth is dependent on attaining profit from our operations and our raising of additional capital either through the sale of stock or borrowing. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise any equity financing or sell any of our products to generate a profit.

During 2005, two of our shareholders advanced us an aggregate of \$54,142. These advances bear interest at 7% with principal and accrued interest. At December 31, 2005, we owed the two shareholders an aggregate of \$316,142, compared to December 31, 2004 when we owed the two shareholders an aggregate of \$262,000. These amounts include loans made to us by them prior to 2005.

At December 31, 2005 and 2004, the accrued interest relating to stockholder loans was \$37,154 at December 31, 2005 and \$15,946 at December 31, 2004.

During 2005, we accrued \$60,000 as salaries payable to our majority shareholders resulting in \$135,091 of salaries payable at December 31, 2005. This accrual includes salary accruals that we made prior to 2005.

In March 2005, we issued a note payable in the amount of \$164,000. The note was originally due in May 2005 and has been extended through May 31, 2006 and is secured by inventory. The original terms of the loan provided for an interest payment of \$28,500 or 106% per annum. When the note was extended in May 2005, the interest rate was amended to 30%. In October 2005, we obtained an additional \$4,500 from the same lender under the same terms. At December 31, 2005, the outstanding balance of the note was \$168,500 and \$60,421 of interest had been accrued. In addition, we issued 47,500 shares of common stock as additional consideration for the loan which was recorded as a \$27,075 loan cost and was amortized over the original term of the note. The lender is Gary Taylor who is our President.

In June 2005, we entered into an agreement with Mitachi, a Japanese electronics component manufacturer, to aid in the production of enhanced drinking water generators. Pursuant to this agreement, Mitachi agreed to pay us 25,000,000 Yen for engineering design, molding, tooling and preparation costs, and the exclusive product distribution rights for China, Taiwan, and Japan. Through December 31, 2005, Mitachi had paid to us 6,000,000 Yen (US \$52,506) in connection with this agreement. Since the project is not yet completed and no units have been sold, this amount is classified as deferred revenue.

FUTURE CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Our growth is dependent on attaining profit from our operations, or our raising additional capital either through the sale of stock or borrowing. There is no assurance that we will be able to raise any equity financing or sell any of our products at a profit.

Our future capital requirements will depend upon many factors, including:

- The cost to acquire equipment that we then would resell.
- The cost of sales and marketing.
- The rate at which we expand our operations.
- The results of our consulting business.
- The response of competitors.

Item 7. Financial Statements

The financial statements required by this item are set forth beginning on page F-1.

Item 8. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants On Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 8A. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

Based on their evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")), our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 10-KSB such disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate control over our financial reporting.

During the year under report, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

The evaluation of our disclosure controls included a review of whether there were any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of such controls and procedures, material weaknesses in such controls and procedures, any corrective actions taken with regard to such deficiencies and weaknesses and any fraud involving management or other employees with a significant role in such controls and procedures.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 8B. Other Information

None.

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant, Promoters and Control Persons; Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Name	Age	Position
Edward Alexander	54	Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary
Michael Fintan Ledwith	63	Director, Member of the Audit Committee
Gary Taylor	56	Director and President

Edward Alexander has been our Chairman, a Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary since 2002. He had been the owner and president of Proton Laboratories, LLC from January, 2001 until its merger with us. Proton Laboratories, LLC introduced an electrolytic water separation technology that has many uses in industry, product formulations and consumer products. From January 1997 to July 1998, Mr. Alexander served as owner and president of Advanced H2O, LLC. In July 1998, Mr. Alexander formed Advanced H2O, Inc. to specialize in bottled water production. Mr. Alexander continues to serve as a consultant to Advanced H2O, Inc. Prior to 1997, Mr. Alexander served as General Manager for Tomoe Incorporated and held various positions with various divisions of the U.S. Navy Resale System. In February 2002, the Securities and Exchange Commission accepted a settlement offer from Mr. Alexander and imposed a cease and desist order against Mr. Alexander from committing or causing any violation or future violation of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 thereunder. This order was imposed in connection with a press release that Mr. Alexander was persuaded to release about Proton Laboratories, LLC by a business associate whom Mr. Alexander trusted at the time.

Michael Ledwith has been our Director since 2002. He has been a member of the Audit Committee since June 2004. He has been semi-retired from daily business activities since 1998. He was Professor of Systematic Theology at the Pontifical University of Maynooth in Ireland from 1976 to 1994. He was later Dean of the Faculty, Head of Department and Editor of "The Irish Theological Quarterly." He was later appointed as a Consulting Editor of the renowned international review "Communio" and still serves in that capacity. He was appointed Vice-President of the University in 1980, re-appointed in 1983, and was appointed President in 1985. He served as Chairman of the Committee of Heads of the Irish Universities and was a Member of the Governing Bureau of the European University Presidents' Federation (CRE). He retired from his Professorship on September 30, 1996 and has since continued to pursue his interest in research, writing, and lecturing in the field of actualizing human potential. Since November 2001 he has been a partner in World of Star Stuff, which markets whole food products.

On June 3, 2005, Gary Taylor was appointed as a Director and President. We granted 131,600 shares of common stock to Mr. Taylor in connection with this appointment. Since 1998, Mr. Taylor has been the CEO of The Moore Company which provides consulting for product distribution and third party logistical services.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

We do not have any nominating, or compensation committees of the Board, or committees performing similar functions.

In December 2003, our Board adopted our Audit Committee Charter (the "Charter") which established our Audit Committee. The Board of Directors has selected Michael Ledwith, our only independent Director, to be on the Audit Committee. Mr. Ledwith is not a financial expert. We have determined Mr. Ledwith's independence using the definition of independence set forth in NASD Rule 4200-(14). We have not yet been able to recruit an independent director who is also a financial expert.

The primary purpose of the Audit Committee is to oversee our financial reporting process on behalf of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee will meet privately with our Chief Accounting Officer and with our independent public accountants and evaluate the responses by the Chief Accounting Officer both to the facts presented and to the judgments made by our independent accountants. The Charter establishes the independence of our Audit Committee and sets forth

the scope of the Audit Committee's duties. The Purpose of the Audit Committee is to conduct continuing oversight of our financial affairs. The Audit Committee conducts an ongoing review of our financial reports and other financial information prior to filing them with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or otherwise providing them to the public. The Audit Committee also reviews our systems, methods and procedures of internal controls in the areas of: financial reporting, audits, treasury operations, corporate finance, managerial, financial and SEC accounting, compliance with law, and ethical conduct. A majority of the members of the Audit Committee will be independent directors. The Audit Committee is objective, and reviews and assesses the work of our independent accountants and our internal audit department. The Audit Committee will review and discuss the matters required by SAS 61 and our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004 with our management and our independent auditors. The Audit Committee will receive the written disclosures and the letter from our independent accountants required by Independence Standards Board No. 1, and the Audit Committee will discuss with the independent accountant the independent accountant's independence.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors did not hold meetings during the year ended December 31, 2004, but did act by consent on four occasions. There is no family relationship between or among any of our directors and executive officers.

SECTION 16(A) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our officers, directors and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of our common stock to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC. These reporting persons also are required to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. To the best of our knowledge, all persons required to file reports under Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act have done so in a timely manner.

CODE OF ETHICS

We have a Code of Ethics that applies to our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer. We undertake to provide to any person, without charge, upon request, a copy of our Code of Ethics. You may request a copy of our Code of Ethics by mailing your written request to us. Your written

request must contain the phrase "Request for a Copy of the Code of Ethics of Proton Laboratories, Inc." Our address is: Proton Laboratories, Inc., 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA 94501.

SHAREHOLDER NOMINEES FOR DIRECTOR AND SHAREHOLDER COMMUNICATIONS WITH DIRECTORS

The deadline for stockholders to submit proposals to be considered for inclusion in the Proxy Statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders is October 31, 2006. If you have any proposals that you would like to be included in the Proxy Statement for the 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, including nominees for Director, kindly mail them to us. We encourage our shareholders to communicate with our Directors by mail addressed to any Director or to all Directors. Our address is: Proton Laboratories, Inc., 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101, Alameda, CA, 94501. We will not screen such communications.

Item 10. Executive Compensation

Executive Compensation

The following table sets forth certain information as to our highest paid officers and directors. No other compensation was paid to any such officers or directors other than the compensation set forth below.

		Anr	nual Com	npensation		-	erm Co Awards	mpensat	ion	Pay-	-Outs
Name and All Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Annual Compensat		Other Restric Stock Award	cted k	Securi Unde lyin Optio SAR	r- g ns	LTIP Payouts	Othe Compens
Edward Alexander CEO, CFO											
	2005(\$ 1) 60,000	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	#	-0-	\$ -0-	
	-	2) 62,400 3) 62,400	-0- -0-		-0- -0-		-0- -0-		-0- -0-	-0- -0-	

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Alexander's services were valued at \$60,000 which was recorded as accrued wages.

⁽²⁾ Mr. Alexander received \$2,400 as cash compensation. We determined that the value of his services was \$62,400, of which \$60,000 was recorded as accrued wages.

⁽³⁾ Mr. Alexander received \$2,400 as cash compensation. We determined that the value of his services was \$62,400, of which \$45,000 was recorded as additional paid-in capital and \$15,000 was recorded as accrued wages.

OUTSTANDING STOCK OPTIONS

We have not granted any options to purchase common stock and we do not have any outstanding options to purchase common stock.

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Our directors do not receive cash compensation for their services as directors or members of committees of the Board of Directors.

EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION PLANS

We do not have nay Stock and Stock Option Plan at this time.

NO EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

We do not have any employment agreements with any employees.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
PLAN CATEGORY:			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	-0-	n/a	-0-
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (2)	-0-	n/a	-0-
security norders (2)	-0-	II/ d	-0-
Total	-0-	n/a	-0-

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

Number of		
securities to		Number of securities
be issued		remaining available
upon	Weighted-average	for future issuance
exercise of	exercise price of	under equity

	outstanding options, warrants and rights	outstanding options, warrants and rights	compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
	(a)	(b)	(c)
PLAN CATEGORY:			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	-0-	n/a	-0-
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders (2)	-0-	n/a	-0-
Total	-0-	n/a	-0-

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth certain information concerning the number of shares of common stock owned beneficially as of April 11, 2006, by: (i) each person (including any group) known by us to own more than five percent (5%) of any class of our voting securities, (ii) each of our directors and executive officers, and (iii) and our officers and directors as a group. Unless otherwise indicated, the shareholders listed possess sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown. As of April 11, 2006, we had 14,622,500 shares of common stock outstanding.

Name and Address	Amount of Shares Beneficially Owned		
Edward Alexander 1135 Atlantic Avenue, Suite 101 Alameda, CA 94501	8,224,000	Common Stock	58%
Gary Taylor 333 S.E. 2ND AVE. PORTLAND OR 97214	156,400	Common Stock	1%
Michael Fintan Ledwith 6610 Churchill Rd. SE Tenino, WA 98589	-0-	Common Stock	-0-%
Executive Officers As A Group(3 Persons)	8,380,400	Common Stock	59%

We are not aware of any arrangements that could result in a change of $\operatorname{control}$.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

We have a policy that our business affairs will be conducted in all respects by standards applicable to publicly held corporations and that we will not enter into any future transactions and/or loans between us and our officers, directors and 5% shareholders unless the terms are: (a) no less favorable than could be obtained from independent third parties, and (b) will be approved by a majority of our independent and disinterested directors. In our view, all of the transactions described below meet this standard.

In March 2005, we issued a note payable in the amount of \$164,000. The note was originally due in May 2005 and has been extended through May 31, 2006 and is secured by inventory. The original terms of the loan provided for an interest payment of \$28,500 or 106% per annum. When the note was extended in May 2005, the interest rate was amended to 30%. In October 2005, we obtained an additional \$4,500 from the same lender under the same terms. At December 31, 2005, the outstanding balance of the note was \$168,500 and \$60,421 of interest had been accrued. In addition, we issued 47,500 shares of common stock as additional consideration for the loan which was recorded as a \$27,075 loan cost and was amortized over the original term of the note. The lender is Gary Taylor who is our President.

During the year ended December 31, 2004, Edward Alexander advanced to us the amount of \$178,000 in cash. This advance accrues interest at the rate of 7% per annum and is due on various dates through September 2006.

At December 31, 2005, the aggregate balance we owe on loans from shareholders is \$316,142. All of these loans accrues interest at the rate of 7% per annum and are due on various dates through September 2006. At December 31, 2005, the aggregate accrued interest on these loans was \$37,154.

During 2005, two of our shareholders advanced us an aggregate of \$54,142. These advances bear interest at 7% with principal and accrued interest.

During 2004, we obtained, through a sublicense from Edward Alexander, at no cost to us, the North American rights to manufacture and distribute an electrolyzed water-based antioxidant dietary supplement developed by MIZ Corporation, a Japanese company specializing in advanced uses of electrolyzed water. We plan to sell this product to the fitness, sports and wellness markets.

Item 13. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Descr	iption					
31.1	Certification	pursuant	to	Section	13a-1	4 0	f CEO
31.2	Certification	pursuant	to	Section	13a-1	4 0	f CFO
32.1	Certification	pursuant	to	Section	1350	of	CEO
32.2	Certification	pursuant	to	Section	1350	of	CFO

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

OUR INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT

In 2005, our Board of Directors selected as our independent accountant the CPA firm of Hansen, Barnett & Maxwell, a Professional Corporation ("HBM") of

Salt Lake City, Utah. HBM audited our financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004. Our Audit Committee approved 100% of the work of HBM.

1. AUDIT FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, HBM billed us the aggregate amount of \$24,096 and \$14,458, respectively, for professional services rendered for their audits of our annual financial statements for those years and their reviews of our quarterly financial statements for those years. We were not billed for professional services from any other accounting firm for audits or reviews done in 2005 and 2004.

2. AUDIT-RELATED FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we were billed \$5,029 and \$1,073, respectively, by HBM for audit-related fees.

3. TAX FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we were not billed by ${\tt HBM}$ for any tax fees.

4. ALL OTHER FEES

For the two years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, we were not billed by HBM for any other professional services.

5(I). PRE-APPROVAL POLICIES

Our Audit Committee does not pre-approve any work of our independent auditor, but rather approves independent auditor engagements before each engagement.

5(II). PERCENTAGE OF SERVICES APPROVED BY OUR AUDIT COMMITTEE

There were no services performed by our independent auditor of the type described in Items 9(e)(2) through 9(e)(4) of Schedule 14A. Our Audit Committee considers that the work done for us by HBM is compatible with maintaining HBM's independence.

6. AUDITOR'S TIME ON TASK

At least 50% of the work expended by HBM on our 2005 audit was attributed to work performed by HBM's full-time, permanent employee $\frac{1}{2}$

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this FORM 10-KSB to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in Alameda, California.

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC.

April 13, 2006

By: /s/ Edward Alexander

Edward Alexander

Director, Chief Executive Officer, President and
Chief Financial Officer

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this FORM 10-KSB has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

April	13,	2006	By:	/s/ Edward Alexander Edward Alexander
				Director, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
April	13,	2006	ву:	/s/ Michael Fintan Ledwith Michael Fintan Ledwith Director
April	13,	2006	Ву:	/s/ Gary Taylor Gary Taylor Director and President

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

AND

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL A Professional Corporation CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL
A Professional Corporation
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
5 Triad Center, Suite 750
Salt Lake City, UT 84180-1128
Phone: (801) 532-2200
Fax: (801) 532-7944

www.hbmcpas.com

ACCOUNTING OVERSIGHT BOARD
[GRAPHIC OMITTED]

REGISTERED WITH THE PUBLIC COMPANY

[GRAPHIC OMITTED]
an independent member of
BAKER TILLY
INTERNATIONAL

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and the Stockholders Proton Laboratories, Inc. and subsidiaries

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Proton Laboratories, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' deficit and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Proton Laboratories as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of their consolidated operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has an accumulated deficit, has suffered reoccurring losses from operations, has negative working capital, and has required loans from the Company's majority shareholder to fund operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note 2. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

HANSEN, BARNETT & MAXWELL

Salt Lake City, Utah March 29, 2006

PROTON LABORATORIES, INC CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2005 AND 2004

	2005	2004
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	 	
Cash Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of	\$ 1,384	\$ 14,412
\$16,522 and \$16,522, respectively Inventory	21,927 32,861	10,633 34,097
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	 56 , 172	 59,142
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	 	
Furniture and fixtures	19 , 709	18,438
Equipment and machinery	161,833	95,039
Leasehold improvements	11,323	10,995
Deposit on equipment	· <u> </u>	64,500
Accumulated depreciation	(45,820)	(19,160)
NET PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	 147,045	 169,812
DEPOSITS	 6 , 131	 5,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 209,348	\$ 233,954
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT CURRENT LIABILITIES	 	
Accounts payable	\$ 168,378	\$ 134,780
Accrued expenses	252,769	110,562
Deferred revenue	52,506	110,002
	•	2 200
Preferred dividends payable	9,600	3,200
Stockholder loans, current portion	 444 , 642 	 84,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	 927 , 895	 332,542
STOCKHOLDER LOANS, NET OF CURRENT PORTION	 40,000	 178,000
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT Series A convertible preferred stock, 400,000 shares authorized with a par value of \$0.0001; 8,000 issued and outstanding, liquidation preference of \$80,000.	80,000	80,000
Undesignated preferred stock, 19,600,000 shares authorized with a		
par value of \$0.0001; no shares issued or outstanding	_	_
Common stock, 100,000,000 common shares authorized with a par value of \$0.0001; 14,270,100 and 12,975,000 shares issued and		
outstanding, respectively	1,429	
Additional paid in capital	1,856,601	1,350,616
Accumulated deficit	2,696,577) 	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	(758,547)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 209,348	