DIODES INC /DEL/ Form 8-K November 09, 2016

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): November 9, 2016

DIODES INCORPORATED

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction **002-25577** (Commission

95-2039518 (IRS Employer

of Incorporation)

File Number)

Identification No.)

4949 Hedgcoxe Road, Suite 200,

Plano, TX 75024

(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code) Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (972) 987-3900

Not Applicable

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instructions A.2. below):

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On November 9, 2016, Diodes Incorporated (the Company) issued a press release announcing its third quarter 2016 financial results. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1.

In the press release, the Company utilizes financial measures and terms not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP) in order to provide investors with an alternative method for assessing the Company is operating results in a manner that enables investors to more thoroughly evaluate its current performance as compared to past performance. The Company also believes these non-GAAP measures provide investors with a more informed baseline for modeling the Company is future financial performance. Management uses these non-GAAP measures for the same purpose. The Company believes that investors should have access to the same set of tools that management uses in analyzing results. These non-GAAP measures should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for or superior to GAAP results and may differ from similar measures used by other companies. See Exhibit 99.1 for a description and reconciliation with GAAP of the non-GAAP measures used.

The information furnished in this Item 2.02, including the exhibit incorporated by reference, will not be treated as filed for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. This information will not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), or into another filing under the Exchange Act, unless that filing expressly refers to specific information in this Report.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

The press release furnished in Exhibit 99.1 also provides an update on the Company s business outlook, that is intended to be within the safe harbor provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the Act) as comprising forward looking statements within the meaning of the Act.

The information furnished in this Item 7.01, including the exhibit incorporated by reference, will not be treated as filed for the purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. This information will not be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act, or into another filing under the Exchange Act, unless that filing expressly refers to specific information in this Report.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit

Number Description

99.1 Press release dated November 9, 2016

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

DIODES INCORPORATED

Dated: November 9, 2016

By /s/ Richard D. White RICHARD D. WHITE Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit

Number	Description	
99.1 DISPLAY: ir	Press release dated November 9, 2016 nline; FONT-SIZE: 10pt; FONT-FAMILY: Times New Roman">14	
DIST ELTT. II	inne, i otti olda, i opti i i inne i i en itoman z i i	3
		490
		_
		507
Prepaid expe	nses	
		_
		108
		280
		2,018
		_
		2,406
Income tax re	eceivable	
		_
		(9)
		(8)
		47
		_
		30
Deferred inco	ome taxes	

	263
	176
	4,504
Total current assets	4,943
	3,417
	1,541
	33,824
	(84)
Investment in subsidiaries	38,698
investment in subsidiaries	211,063
	_
	_
	(211,063)
Property, plant and equipment, net	_
	6,911
	374
	122,335
Broadcast licenses	129,620

	94,473
	379,098
Goodwill	473,571
	10,256
	2,554
	7,796
Other indefinite-lived intangible assets	20,606
	_
	2,892
	_
Amortizable intangible assets, net	2,892
	5,044
	1,131
	1,703
Bond issue costs	7,878

	_
	_
	556
Bank loan fees	556
	_
	_
	2,741
Fair value of interest rate swap	2,741
	_
	_
	913
Intercompany receivables	913
	104,920
	9,918
	176,980
	(291,818)
Other assets	_

60
27
3,683
3,770
Total assets

\$ 315,983
\$ 130,079
\$ 8,519
\$ 729,629
\$ (502,965)
\$ (502,965)
\$ (681,245)

NOTE 15. CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

SALEM COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

As of March 31, 2007

			7 15 01 171	aren 31, 2007		
		Guarantors			Issuer and Guarantor Subsidiaries	
		Guarantors	Other		Subsidiaries	Salem
	Parent	AcquisitionCo	Media	HoldCo	Adjustments	Consolidated
Current liabilities:	raiciit	Acquisitioneo	Media	HoldCo	Aujustinents	Consolidated
Accounts payable	\$ —	\$37	\$ 123	\$ 2,344	\$ —	\$ 2,504
Accrued expenses	ψ —	484	330	4,966	(203)	5,577
Accrued expenses Accrued	 -	404	330	4,900	(203)	3,377
compensation and related expenses		656	161	7,118		7,935
Accrued interest		030	101			
Deferred revenue	_		4,057	- 5,866 553	_	5,866
	<u> </u>		4,037	333		4,610
Current						
maturities of				0.421		2.421
long-term debt	-	1 177	4.671	2,431	(202)	2,431
Total current liabilities		1,177	4,671	23,278	(203)	28,923
Intercompany payables	74,946	101,222	13,734	101,797	(291,699)	-
Long-term debt	_	2,523	_	344,298	_	346,821
Deferred income taxes	1,919	14,756	(9,346)	50,785	_	58,114
Deferred revenue	_	515	(1,373)	7,981	_	7,123
Other liabilities	_	_	. <u> </u>	1,146	_	1,146
Total stockholders'						
equity	239,118	9,886	833	200,344	(211,063)	239,118
Total liabilities and						
stockholders' equity	\$ 315,983	\$ 130,079	\$ 8,519	\$729,629	\$ (502,965)	\$ 681,245

NOTE 15. CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

SALEM COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2007

					Issuer and Guarantor	
		Guarantors			Subsidiaries	
	_		Other			Salem
	Parent	AcquisitionCo	Media	HoldCo	Adjustments	Consolidated
Net broadcasting	ф	4.2.77 0	ф	ф. 40. 2 00	Φ.(600)	Φ. 50. 440
revenue	\$ —	\$ 2,778	\$ —	\$ 48,290	\$ (628)	\$ 50,440
Non-broadcast		2.076	1.604	1 124	(160)	E (E1
revenue		3,076 5,854	1,604 1,604	1,134 49,424	(160) (788)	5,654
Total revenue	_	3,834	1,004	49,424	(700)	56,094
Operating expenses: Broadcasting						
operating						
expenses		1,889		30,527	67	32,483
Non-broadcast	<u> </u>	1,009	_	30,327	07	32,403
operating						
expenses		3,013	1,957	916	(615)	5,271
Corporate		3,013	1,757	710	(013)	3,271
expenses		336		5,718	(240)	5,814
Amortization		425	101	284	(240)	810
Depreciation		246	40	2,805	_	3,091
Gain on disposal		210		2,002		3,071
of assets	_	_	_	(3,269)	_	(3,269)
Total operating				(= , == ,		(= , ==)
expenses		5,909	2,098	36,981	(788)	44,200
Operating income			·		, ,	
(loss)		(55)	(494)	12,443		11,894
Other income (expense):						
Equity in						
earnings of						
consolidated						
subsidiaries, net	5,111			_	- (5,111)	
Interest income	1,916	— (2.22 T)		3,070	(4,926)	60
Interest expense	(2,143)	(2,337)	(326)	(6,574)	4,926	(6,454)
Other income				(2.5)		(2.5)
(expense)	_	_	-	(35)	-	(35)
Income (loss) before	4.004	(2.202)	(020)	0.004	(F. 111)	5.465
income taxes	4,884	(2,392)	(820)	8,904	(5,111)	5,465
Provision (benefit) for	1.010	(500)	(205)	1.550		2.500
income taxes	1,919	(580)	(395)	1,556	-	2,500
Not income (less)	\$- 2.065	¢ (1 010)	¢ (425)	¢ 7 2 4 0	¢ (5 111)	¢ 2 065
Net income (loss)	2,965	\$ (1,812)	\$ (425)	\$ 7,348	\$ (5,111)	\$ 2,965
	(288)	_	_	(288)	288	(288)

Other comprehensive						
income (loss)						
Comprehensive						
income (loss)	\$ 2,677	\$ (1,812)	\$ (425)	\$ 7,060	\$ (4,823)	\$ 2,677

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

GENERAL

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. Our condensed consolidated financial statements are not directly comparable from period to period due to acquisitions and dispositions of selected assets of radio stations and acquisitions of non-broadcast businesses. See Note 3 of our condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

We believe that we are the largest commercial U.S. radio broadcasting company, measured by number of stations and audience coverage, providing programming targeted at audiences interested in Christian and family-themed radio programming. Our core business is the ownership and operation of radio stations in large metropolitan markets. Upon completion of all announced transactions, we will own a national portfolio of 97 radio stations in 38 markets, including 61 stations in 23 of the top 25 markets, which consists of 30 FM stations and 67 AM stations. We are one of only four commercial radio broadcasters with radio stations in all of the top 10 markets. We are the sixth largest operator measured by number of stations in the top 25 markets.

Our radio business is focused on the clustering of three strategic formats: Christian Teaching and Talk, Contemporary Christian Music and conservative News Talk. We also own and operate Salem Radio Network® ("SRN"), a national radio network that syndicates music, news and talk to approximately 2,000 affiliated radio stations, in addition to our owned and operated stations. Salem Radio Representatives® ("SRR") is a national radio advertising sales firm with offices in 13 U.S. cities. Additionally, we own Salem Web NetworkTM ("SWN"), a provider of online Christian content and streaming, including Townhall.com, a provider of conservative content on-line, and Salem PublishingTM, a leading publisher of Christian magazines and Xulon Press, a digital publisher of books targeting the Christian audience.

Our principal business strategy is to improve our national radio platform in order to deliver compelling content to audiences interested in Christian and family-themed programs and conservative news talk. Our national presence gives advertisers a station platform that is a unique and a powerful way to reach a Christian audience. We program 45 of our stations with our Christian Teaching and Talk format, which is talk programming with Christian and family themes. A key programming strategy on our Christian Teaching and Talk radio stations is to sell blocks of time to a variety of charitable organizations that create compelling radio programs. We also program 30 News Talk and 13 Contemporary Christian Music stations. SRN supports our strategy by allowing us to reach listeners in markets where we do not own or operate stations.

We maintain a website at http://www.salem.cc. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports are available free of charge through our website as soon as reasonably practicable after those reports are electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Any information found on the our website is not a part of, or incorporated by reference into, this or any other report of the Company filed with, or furnished to, the SEC.

OVERVIEW

As a radio broadcasting company with a national radio network, we derive our revenue primarily from the sale of broadcast time and radio advertising on a national and local basis.

Historically, our principal sources of revenue have been:

- · the sale of block program time, both to national and local program producers,
- · the sale of advertising time on our radio stations, both to national and local advertisers, and
 - the sale of advertising time on our national radio network.

The rates we are able to charge for broadcast time and advertising time are dependent upon several factors, including:

- · audience share,
- · how well our stations perform for our clients,
 - · the size of the market,
- · the general economic conditions in each market, and
- · supply and demand on both a local and national level.

Our sources of revenue and product offerings also increasingly include non-broadcast businesses, including our Internet and publishing businesses.

Our broadcasting revenue is affected primarily by the program rates our radio stations charge, the level of broadcast air time sold, and by the advertising rates our radio stations and networks charge. The rates for block programming time are based upon our stations' ability to attract audiences that will support the program producers through contributions and purchases of their products. Advertising rates are based upon the demand for advertising time, which in turn is based on our stations' and networks' ability to produce results for their advertisers. We do not subscribe to traditional audience measuring services for our Christian Teaching and Talk stations. Instead, we have marketed ourselves to advertisers based upon the responsiveness of our audiences. In selected markets we subscribe to Arbitron, which develops quarterly reports to measure a radio station's audience share in the demographic groups targeted by advertisers. Each of our radio stations and our networks has a pre-determined level of time that they make available for block programming and/or advertising, which may vary at different times of the day.

As is typical in the radio broadcasting industry, our second and fourth quarter advertising revenue generally exceeds our first and third quarter advertising revenue. This seasonal fluctuation in advertising revenue corresponds with quarterly fluctuations in the retail advertising industry. Quarterly revenue from the sale of block programming time does not tend to vary significantly, however, because program rates are generally set annually and are recognized on a per program basis.

Our cash flow is affected by a transitional period experienced by radio stations when, due to the nature of the radio station, our plans for the market and other circumstances, we find it beneficial to change its format. This transitional period is when we develop a radio station's listener and customer base. During this period, a station may generate negative or insignificant cash flow.

In the broadcasting industry, radio stations often utilize trade or barter agreements to exchange advertising time for goods or services (such as non-broadcast advertising, travel or lodging) in lieu of cash. In order to preserve the sale of our advertising time for cash, we generally enter into trade agreements only if the goods or services bartered to us will be used in our business. We have minimized our use of trade agreements and have generally sold most of our advertising time for cash. During 2006, we sold 96% of our advertising time for cash. In addition, it is our general policy not to preempt advertising paid for in cash with advertising paid for in trade.

The primary operating expenses incurred in the ownership and operation of our radio stations include: (i) employee salaries, commissions and related employee benefits and taxes, (ii) facility expenses such as rent and utilities, (iii) marketing and promotional expenses and (iv) music license fees. In addition to these expenses, our network incurs programming costs and lease expenses for satellite communication facilities. We also incur and will continue to incur significant depreciation, amortization and interest expense as a result of completed and future acquisitions of radio stations and existing and future borrowings.

Salem Web NetworkTM and Townhall.com, our Internet businesses, earn their revenues from the sales of streaming services, sales of advertising and, to a lesser extent, sales of software and software support contracts. Salem PublishingTM, our publishing business, earns its revenue by selling advertising in and subscriptions to its publications and by selling books. Xulon Press earns its revenues from the publishing of books. The revenue and related operating expenses of these businesses are reported as "non-broadcast" on our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

SAME STATION DEFINITION

In the discussion of our results of operations below, we compare our results between periods on an as reported basis (that is, the results of operations of all radio stations and network formats owned or operated at any time during either period) and on a "same station" basis. With regard to fiscal quarters, we include in our same station comparisons the results of operations of radio stations or radio station clusters and networks that we own or operate in the same format during the quarter, as well as the corresponding quarter of the prior year. Same station results for a full year are based on the sum of the same station results for the four quarters of that year.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We have reclassified our statements of operations data for the three months ended March 31, 2006. These reclassifications include the accounting for WITH-AM, Baltimore, Maryland, WBGB-FM, Jacksonville, Florida, WJGR-AM, Jacksonville, Florida, and WZAZ-AM, Jacksonville, Florida, as discontinued operations as discussed in Note 3. The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations reflect the results of these stations as discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006.

Additionally, as previously reported for the three months ended March 31, 2006, the operating results for WTSJ-AM, Cincinnati, Ohio, WBOB-AM, Cincinnati, Ohio, and WBTK-AM, Richmond, Virginia, are presented as discontinued operations. The assets of WTSJ-AM and WBOB-AM were sold on February 10, 2006, and the results of operations for 2006 are presented as discontinued operations though the date of the sale.

The following table sets forth certain statements of operations data for the periods indicated and shows annual changes:

Three Months Ended March 31,

	Maic	11 51,	
			%
	2006	2007	Change
Net broadcasting revenue	\$ 48,774	\$ 50,440	3.4%
Non-broadcast revenue	3,252	5,654	73.9%
Total revenue	52,026	56,094	7.8%
Operating expenses:			
Broadcasting operating			
expenses	31,694	32,483	2.5%
Non-broadcast operating			
expenses	3,432	5,271	53.6%
Corporate expenses	6,440	5,814	(9.7)%
Depreciation	2,745	3,091	12.6%
Amortization	550	810	47.3%
Gain on disposal of assets	(3,529)	(3,269)	(7.4)%
Total operating expenses	41,332	44,200	6.9%
Operating income from continuing operations	10,694	11,894	11.2%
Other income (expense):			
Interest income	46	60	30.4%
Interest expense	(6,588)	(6,454)	(2.0)%
Other expense, net	(172)	(35)	(79.7)%
Income from continuing operations before			
income taxes	3,980	5,465	37.3 %
Provision for income taxes	1,594	2,500	56.8%
Income from continuing operations	2,386	2,965	24.3%
Income from discontinued operations, net of			
tax	329		-(100.0)%
Net income	\$ 2,715	\$ 2,965	9.2%

The following table presents selected financial data for the periods indicated as a percentage of total revenue.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2006 2007 Net broadcasting revenue 94% 90% Non-broadcast revenue 6% 10% Total revenue 100% 100% Operating expenses: Broadcasting operating expenses 61% 58% Non-broadcast operating expenses 7% 10% Corporate expenses 12% 10% Depreciation and amortization 5% 6% Amortization 1 1% Gain on disposal of assets (7)%(6)%Total operating expenses 79% **79%** Operating income from continuing operations 21% 21% Other income (expense): Interest income __% __% Interest expense (13)%(11)%Other expense, net __% __% Income from continuing operations before income taxes 8% 10% Provision for income taxes 5% 3% Income from continuing operations 5% 5% Income from discontinued operations, net of tax --% **--%**

5%

5%

Net income

Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006

NET BROADCASTING REVENUE. Net broadcasting revenue increased \$1.6 million or 3.4%, to \$50.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, from \$48.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. On a same station basis, net broadcasting revenue improved \$1.7 million, or 3.6%, to \$49.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, from \$47.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. This revenue growth is primarily attributable to increases in national programming revenue on our Christian Teaching and Talk stations of \$1.4 million, growth on our Contemporary Christian Music stations of \$0.4 million, and growth on our News Talk stations of \$0.2 million partially offset by an overall weakness in our local and national advertising revenue of \$0.4 million. Revenue from advertising as a percentage of our net broadcasting revenue decreased to 49.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2007, from 51.5% for the same period of the prior year. Revenue from block program time as a percentage of our net broadcasting revenue increased to 37.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2007, from 35.5% for the same period of the prior year.

NON-BROADCAST REVENUE. Non-broadcast revenue increased \$2.4 million, or 73.9%, to \$5.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, from \$3.3 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase was primarily due to revenue derived from our 2006 acquisitions Townhall.com, Preaching Magazine and Xulon Press plus organic growth of advertising revenue at Salem Web NetworkTM. For the three months ended March 31, 2007, acquisitions accounted for approximately \$1.7 million of revenue not applicable to the same period of the prior year.

BROADCASTING OPERATING EXPENSES. Broadcast operating expenses increased \$0.8 million, or 2.5%, to \$32.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$31.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. On a same station basis, broadcast operating expense increased \$1.2 million or 4.0% to \$31.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$30.3 million for same period of the prior year. The increase is primarily attributable to higher advertising and promotion costs of \$0.7 million on our News Talk and Contemporary Christian Music radio stations and higher personnel costs including commissions of \$0.1 million.

NON-BROADCAST OPERATING EXPENSES. Non-broadcast operating expenses increased \$1.9 million, or 53.6%, to \$5.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$3.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The increase is attributable primarily to costs associated with the acquisitions of Townhall.com, Preaching Magazine and Xulon Press. For the three months ended March 31, 2007, acquisitions accounted for approximately \$1.4 million of expenses not applicable to the same period of the prior year.

CORPORATE EXPENSES. Corporate expenses decreased \$0.6 million, or 9.7%, to \$5.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$6.4 million for the same period of the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to lower stock-based compensation expense of \$0.6 million.

DEPRECIATION. Depreciation expense increased \$0.4 million, or 12.6%, to \$3.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$2.7 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase is due to depreciation associated with acquisitions of radio station and non-broadcast assets during 2006.

AMORTIZATION. Amortization expense increased \$0.2 million, or 47.3%, to \$0.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$0.6 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase is due to amortizable intangible assets acquired with non-broadcast media entities during 2006.

GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS. Gain on disposal of assets of \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, was primarily comprised of the sale of radio station WKNR-AM in Cleveland, Ohio, for \$7.0 million resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$3.4 million offset by various fixed asset disposals. The gain on disposal of fixed assets of \$3.5 million for same period of the prior year was due to the gain recognized on the exchange of KNIT-AM, Dallas, Texas

for selected assets of WORL-AM, Orlando, Florida.

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE). Interest income of \$60,000 was interest earned on excess cash. Interest expense decreased \$0.1 million, or 2.0%, to \$6.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2006. The decrease in interest expense is due to a decrease in our net outstanding debt of \$10.5 million, which includes the early redemption of our 9% Notes in July 2006. Other expense, net, decreased from \$0.2 million to \$35,000 primarily due to bank commitment fees associated with our credit facilities offset with royalty income from real estate properties.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES. In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN No. 48"). We adopted FIN No. 48 as of January 1, 2007. Provision for income taxes was \$2.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to \$1.6 million for the same period of the prior year. Provision for income taxes as a percentage of income before income taxes (that is, the effective tax rate) was 45.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to 40.1% for the same period of the prior year. The effective tax rate for each period differs from the federal statutory income rate of 35.0% due to the effect of state income taxes, certain expenses that are not deductible for tax purposes, and changes in the valuation allowance from the utilization of certain state net operating loss carryforwards.

INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, NET OF TAX. The income from discontinued operations of \$0.3 million, net of taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2006, includes the operating results of WTSJ-AM, WBOB-AM, WBTK-AM, WITH-AM, WBGB-AM, WJGR-AM, WZNZ-AM and WZAZ-AM, which are presented as discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2006 offset by the pre-tax gain of \$0.7 million resulting from the sale of WTSJ-AM and WBOB-AM on February 10, 2006.

NET INCOME. We recognized net income of \$3.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to net income of \$2.7 million for the same period of the prior year. This increase of \$0.3 million is primarily due to an increase in operating income from continuing operations of \$1.2 million offset by an increase in the provision for income taxes of \$0.9 million and a decrease in income from discontinued operations of \$0.3 million.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The performance of a radio broadcasting company is customarily measured by the ability of its stations to generate station operating income. We define station operating income ("SOI") as net broadcasting revenue less broadcasting operating expenses. Accordingly, changes in net broadcasting revenue and broadcasting expenses, as explained above, have a direct impact on changes in SOI.

SOI is not a measure of performance calculated in accordance with GAAP; as a result it should be viewed as a supplement to and not a substitute for our results of operations presented on the basis of GAAP. Management believes that SOI is a useful non-GAAP financial measure to investors, when considered in conjunction with operating income, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, because it is generally recognized by the radio broadcasting industry as a tool in measuring performance and in applying valuation methodologies for companies in the media, entertainment and communications industries. This measure is used by investors and analysts who report on the industry to provide comparisons between broadcasting groups. Additionally, our management uses SOI as one of the key measures of operating efficiency and profitability. SOI does not purport to represent cash provided by operating activities. Our statement of cash flows presents our cash flow activity and our income statement presents our historical performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. SOI as defined by and used by our company is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures employed by other companies.

Three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2006

SOI increased \$0.9 million, or 5.1%, to \$18.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007, compared to \$17.1 million for the same period of the prior year. As a percentage of net broadcasting revenue, SOI increased to 35.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2007 from 35.0% for the same period of the prior year. On a same station basis, SOI increased \$0.5 million, or 2.9%, to \$17.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 from \$17.4 million for the same period of the prior year. As a percentage of same station net broadcasting revenue, same station SOI decreased to 36.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to 36.5% for the same period of the prior year.

Three Months Ended March 31,

The following table provides a reconciliation of SOI (a non-GAAP financial measure) to operating income (as presented in our financial statements) for the three months ended March 31, 2007 and 2006:

	(Dollars in thousands)		
	2006	2007	
Station operating income	\$ 17,080	\$ 17,957	
Plus non-broadcast revenue	3,252	5,654	
Less non-broadcast operating expenses	(3,432)	(5,271)	
Less depreciation and amortization	(3,295)	(3,901)	
Less gain on disposal of assets	3,529	3,269	
Less corporate expenses	(6,440)	(5,814)	
Operating income	\$ 10,694	\$ 11,894	

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES, JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to allowance for doubtful accounts, acquisitions and upgrades of radio station and network assets, goodwill and other intangible assets, income taxes, and long-term debt and debt covenant compliance. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

We believe the following accounting policies and the related judgments and estimates are critical accounting policies which affect the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Accounting for acquisitions and upgrades of radio station and network assets

A majority of our radio station acquisitions are acquisitions of selected assets and not acquisitions of businesses. Such asset acquisitions have consisted primarily of the FCC licenses to broadcast in a particular market. We often do not acquire the existing format, or we change the format upon acquisition when we find it beneficial. As a result, a substantial portion of the purchase price for the assets of a radio station is allocated to the FCC license. It is our policy generally to retain third-party appraisers to value radio stations, networks or non-broadcast properties. The allocations assigned to acquired FCC licenses and other assets are subjective by their nature and require our careful consideration and judgment. We believe the allocations represent appropriate estimates of the fair value of the assets acquired. As part of the valuation and appraisal process, the third-party appraisers prepare reports which assign values to the various asset categories in our financial statements. Our management reviews these reports and determines the reasonableness of the assigned values used to record the acquisition of the radio station, network or non-broadcast properties at the close of the transaction.

We undertake projects from time to time to upgrade our radio station technical facilities and/or FCC licenses. Our policy is to capitalize costs incurred up to the point where the project is complete, at which time we transfer the costs to the appropriate fixed asset and/or intangible asset categories. When the completion of a project is contingent upon FCC or other regulatory approval, we assess the probable future benefit of the asset at the time that it is recorded and monitor it through the FCC or other regulatory approval process. In the event the required approval is not considered probable, we write-off the capitalized costs of the project.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of our customers to make required payments. An analysis is performed by applying various percentages based on the age of the receivable and other subjective and historical analysis. A considerable amount of judgment is required in assessing the likelihood of ultimate realization of these receivables including the current creditworthiness of each customer. If the financial condition of our customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Intangible assets

In accordance with SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations," and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," we no longer amortize goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives, but perform annual impairment tests in accordance with these statements. We believe our FCC licenses have indefinite lives and

accordingly amortization expense is no longer recorded for our FCC licenses as well as our goodwill. Other intangible assets continue to be amortized over their useful lives.

We perform impairment tests on our FCC licenses and goodwill at least annually or more often if indicators of impairment exist. The annual tests are performed during the fourth quarter of each year and include comparing the recorded values to the appraised values, calculations of discounted cash flows, operating income and other analyses. As of March 31, 2007, no impairment was recognized. The assessment of the fair values of these assets and the underlying businesses are estimates, which require careful consideration and judgments by our management. If conditions in the markets in which our stations and non-broadcast businesses operate or if the operating results of our stations and non-broadcast businesses change or fail to develop as anticipated, our estimates of the fair values may change in the future and may result in impairment charges.

Valuation allowance (deferred taxes)

For financial reporting purposes, the company has recorded a valuation allowance of \$6.8 million as of March 31, 2007, to offset a portion of the deferred tax assets related to the state net operating loss carryforwards. Management regularly reviews our financial forecasts in an effort to determine our ability to utilize the net operating loss carryforwards for tax purposes. Accordingly, the valuation allowance is adjusted periodically based on management's estimate of the benefit the company will receive from such carryforwards.

Long-term debt and debt covenant compliance

Our classification of borrowings under our credit facilities as long-term debt on our balance sheet is based on our assessment that, under the borrowing restrictions and covenants in our credit facilities and after considering our projected operating results and cash flows for the coming year, no principal payments, other than the scheduled principal reductions in our term loan facility, will be required pursuant to the credit agreement. These projections are estimates dependent upon a number of factors including developments in the markets in which we are operating in and economic and political factors, among other factors. Accordingly, these projections are inherently uncertain and our actual results could differ from these estimates. Should our actual results differ materially from these estimates, payments may become due under our credit facilities or it may become necessary to seek an amendment to our credit facilities. Based on our management's current assessment, we do not anticipate principal payments becoming due under our credit facilities, or a further amendment of our credit facilities becoming necessary.

Stock-Based Compensation

We have one stock incentive plan, The Amended and Restated 1999 Stock Incentive Plan, (the "Plan") under which stock options and restricted stock units are granted to employees, directors, officers and advisors of the company. As of March 31, 2007, a maximum of 3,100,000 shares are authorized under the plan, of which 2,394,764 are outstanding and 1,389,425 are exercisable.

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123(R), which requires the measurement at fair value and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards. Total stock based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2007 was \$0.8 million. Determining the appropriate fair-value model and calculating the fair value of employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under stock purchase plans at the date of grant requires judgment. We use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of these share-based awards consistent with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). Option pricing models, including the Black-Scholes model, also require the use of input assumptions, including expected volatility, expected life, expected dividend rate, and expected risk-free rate of return.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have historically financed acquisitions through borrowings, including borrowings under credit facilities and, to a lesser extent, from operating cash flow and selected asset dispositions. We expect to fund future acquisitions from cash on hand, proceeds from our debt and equity offerings, borrowings under the credit facilities, operating cash flow and possibly through the sale of income-producing assets. We have historically funded, and will continue to fund, expenditures for operations, administrative expenses, capital expenditures and debt service required by our credit facilities and our senior subordinated notes from operating cash flow, borrowings under our credit facilities and, if necessary, proceeds from the sale of selected assets. We believe that cash on hand, cash flow from operations, and borrowings under the credit facilities will be sufficient to permit us to meet our financial obligations, fund pending acquisitions and fund operations for at least the next twelve months.

Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents were \$0.6 million on March 31, 2007 compared to \$0.7 million as of December 31, 2006. Working capital was \$9.8 million on March 31, 2007 compared to \$13.3 million as of December 31, 2006. The decreases in cash and working capital were primarily due to net repayments of \$12.7 million under our credit facilities during the three months ended March 31, 2007.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

During the three months ended March 31, 2007, our cash flows from continuing operations were primarily derived from our earnings from ongoing operations prior to non-cash expenses such as depreciation, amortization, bad debt, and stock-based compensation and changes in our working capital. Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations was \$10.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to \$8.7 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase of \$1.4 million was primarily the result of an increase in net income from continuing operations of \$0.6 million and changes in operating assets and liabilities, including an increase in deferred income taxes of \$0.6 million and an increase in deferred revenue of \$0.3 million that were partially offset by a decrease in accounts receivable of \$0.2 million.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Our investing activities primarily relate to capital expenditures, strategic acquisitions or dispositions of radio stations assets and strategic acquisitions of non-broadcast businesses. Net cash provided by investing activities was \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$29.2 million for the same period of the prior year. The increase of \$31.9 million was due to a \$23.8 million decrease in cash outlays for radio station assets and non-broadcast properties as well as a \$1.7 million decrease in capital expenditures.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Our financing activities primarily relate to proceeds and repayments under our credit facilities, payments of capital lease obligations, and secondarily, to repurchases of our Class A Common Stock under a repurchase program approved by our Board of Directors. Cash flows from financing activities decreased \$30.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2007 compared to the same period of the prior year. This decrease was due to net repayments of debt of \$12.7 million during the period compared to net draws of \$32.6 million in the same period of the prior year that were offset by repurchases of Class A Common Stock of \$15.1 million.

Credit Facilities

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, Salem Holding, is the borrower under our credit facilities. The credit facilities, as amended, include a \$75.0 million senior secured reducing revolving credit facility ("revolving credit facility"), a \$75.0 million term loan B facility ("term loan B facility") and a \$165.0 million term loan C facility ("term loan C facility"). As of March 31, 2007, the borrowing capacity and aggregate commitments were \$75.0 million under our revolving credit facility, \$73.1 million under our term loan B facility and \$164.2 million under our term loan C facility. The amount we can borrow, however, is subject to certain restrictions as described below. As of March 31, 2007, we could borrow \$64.2 million under our credit facilities.

On March 31, 2007, \$73.1 million was outstanding under the term loan B facility, \$164.2 million was outstanding under the term loan C facility and \$8.5 million was outstanding under our revolving credit facility. The borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility steps down in three 10% increments commencing June 30, 2007, and matures on March 25, 2009. The borrowing capacity under the term loan B facility steps down 0.5% each December 31 and June 30. The term loan B facility matures on the earlier of March 25, 2010, or the date that is six months prior to the maturity of any subordinated indebtedness of Salem or Salem Holding. The borrowing capacity under the term loan C facility steps down 0.5% each December 31 and June 30, commencing December 31, 2008. The term loan C facility matures on the earlier of June 30, 2012, or the date that is six months prior to the maturity of any subordinated indebtedness of Salem or Salem Holding. The credit facilities require us, under certain circumstances, to prepay borrowings under the credit facilities with excess cash flow and the net proceeds from the sale of assets, the issuance of equity interests and the issuance of subordinated notes. If we are required to make these prepayments, our borrowing capacity and the aggregate commitments under the facilities will be reduced, but such reduction shall not, in any event, reduce the borrowing capacity and aggregate commitments under the facilities below \$50.0 million.

Amounts outstanding under the credit facilities bear interest at a rate based on, at Salem Holding's option, the bank's prime rate or LIBOR, in each case plus a spread. For purposes of determining the interest rate under our revolving credit facility, the prime rate spread ranges from 0.00% to 1.00%, and the LIBOR spread ranges from 1.00% to 2.00%. For both the term loan B facility and the term loan C facility, the prime rate spread ranges from 0.25% to 0.75%, and the LIBOR spread ranges from 1.25% to 1.75%. In each case, the spread is based on the total leverage ratio on the date of determination. If an event of default occurs, the rate may increase by 2.0%. At March 31, 2007, the blended interest rate on amounts outstanding under the credit facilities was 6.90%.

The maximum amount that Salem Holding may borrow under our credit facilities is limited by a ratio of our consolidated existing total adjusted funded debt to pro forma twelve-month cash flow (the "Total Leverage Ratio"). Our credit facilities will allow us to adjust our total debt as used in such calculation by the lesser of (i) 50% of the aggregate purchase price of acquisitions of newly acquired radio stations that we reformat to a religious talk, News Talk or religious music format or (ii) \$45.0 million, and the cash flow from such stations will not be considered in the calculation of the ratio during the period in which such acquisition gives rise to an adjustment to total debt. The Total Leverage Ratio allowed under the credit facilities was 6.75 to 1 as of March 31, 2007. The ratio will decline periodically until December 31, 2009, at which point it will remain at 5.5 to 1 through the remaining term of the credit facilities. The Total Leverage Ratio under our credit facilities at March 31, 2007, on a pro forma basis, was 5.61 to 1.

Our credit facilities contain additional restrictive covenants customary for facilities of their size, type and purpose which, with specified exceptions, limits our ability to incur debt, have liens, enter into affiliate transactions, pay dividends, consolidate, merge or effect certain asset sales, make specified investments, acquisitions and loans and change the nature of our business. Our credit facilities also require us to satisfy specified financial covenants, which covenants require us on a consolidated basis to maintain specified financial ratios and comply with certain financial tests, including ratios for maximum leverage as described above, minimum interest coverage (not less than 2.0 to 1 through June 30, 2009 increasing in increments to 2.5 to 1 after June 30, 2009), minimum debt service coverage (a static ratio of not less than 1.25 to 1), a maximum consolidated senior leverage ratio (currently 5.0 to 1, which will decline periodically until December 31, 2008, at which point it will remain at 4.0 to 1 through the remaining term of the credit facilities), and minimum fixed charge coverage (a static ratio of not less than 1.1 to 1). Salem and all of its subsidiaries, except for Salem Holding, are guarantors of borrowings under the credit facilities. The credit facilities are secured by liens on all of our assets and our subsidiaries' assets and pledges of all of the capital stock of our subsidiaries.

On October 18, 2006, we purchased two interest rate caps for \$0.1 million to mitigate exposure to rising interest rates based on LIBOR. The first interest rate cap covers \$50.0 million of borrowings under the credit facilities for a three year period. The second interest rate cap covers \$50.0 million of borrowings under the credit facilities for a four year period. Both interest rate caps are at 7.25%.

As of March 31, 2007, we were and remain in compliance with all of the covenants under our terms of the credit facilities.

Swingline Credit Facility. On June 1, 2005, we entered into an agreement for a swingline credit facility ("Swingline") with a borrowing capacity of \$5.0 million. As collateral for the Swingline, we pledged our corporate office building. Amounts outstanding under the Swingline bear interest at a rate based on the bank's prime rate. As of March 31, 2007, no amounts were outstanding under the Swingline. The Swingline, which expires on June 1, 2007, is currently being renegotiated.

As of March 31, 2007, we were and remain in compliance with all of the covenants under the terms of the Swingline.

7¾% Notes. In December 2002, Salem Holding issued \$100.0 million principal amount of 7¾% Notes. Salem Holding used the net proceeds to redeem the \$100.0 million 9½% Notes on January 22, 2003. The indenture for the 7¾% Notes contains restrictive covenants that, among other things, limit the incurrence of debt by Salem Holding and its subsidiaries, the payment of dividends, the use of proceeds of specified asset sales and transactions with affiliates. Salem Holding is required to pay \$7.8 million per year in interest on the 7¾% Notes. We and all of our subsidiaries (other than Salem Holding) are guarantors of the 7¾% Notes.

As of March 31, 2007, we were and remain in compliance with all of the covenants under the indenture for the 7¾% Notes.

Summary of long-term obligations

Long-term debt consisted of the following at the balance sheet dated indicated:

As of December 31, 2006	As of March 31, 2007
(Dollars in	n thousands)

Term loan B	\$ 73,125	\$ 73,125
Term loan C	165,000	164,175
Revolving line of credit under credit facility	19,100	8,500
Swingline credit facility	1,241	
73/4% senior subordinated notes due 2010	100,000	100,000
Fair market value of interest rate swap		104
Capital leases and other loans	2,560	3,348
	\$ 361,026	\$ 349,252
Less current portion	2,048	2,431
_	\$ 358,978	\$ 346,821

In addition to the amounts listed above, we also have interest payments related to our long-term debt as follows as of March 31, 2007:

- Outstanding borrowings of \$237.3 million on term loans with interest payments due at LIBOR plus 1.25% to 1.75% or at prime rate plus 0.25% to 0.75%, depending on our total leverage ratio, and a commitment fee of 0.375% on the unused portion.
- · Outstanding borrowings of \$8.5 million under a revolving line of credit with interest payments due at the banks prime rate.
 - \$100 million senior subordinated notes with semi-annual interest payments at 7 3/4%.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

At March 31, 2007 and 2006, Salem did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would constitute an off-balance sheet arrangement. As such, Salem is not materially exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if Salem had engaged in such relationships.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

We are exposed to fluctuations in interest rates. We actively monitor these fluctuations and use derivative instruments from time to time to manage the related risk. In accordance with our risk management strategy, Salem uses derivative instruments only for the purpose of managing risk associated with an asset, liability, committed transaction, or probable forecasted transaction that is identified by management. Our use of derivative instruments may result in short-term gains or losses and may increase volatility in Salem's earnings.

Under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended, the accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative instrument at each new measurement date is dependent upon its intended use. The change in the fair value of a derivative instrument designated as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or a firm commitment, referred to as a fair value hedge, is recognized as gain or loss in earnings in the period of the change together with an offsetting gain or loss for the change in fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk being hedged. The change in the fair value of a derivative instrument designated as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows of recognized assets, liabilities or of unrecognized forecasted transactions, referred to as a cash flow hedge, is recognized as other comprehensive income. The differential paid or received on the interest rate swaps is recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense.

During 2004 and through February 18, 2005, we had an interest rate swap agreement with a notional principal amount of \$66.0 million. This agreement related to our \$94.4 million 9% Notes. This agreement was scheduled to expire in 2011 when the 9% Notes were to mature, and effectively swapped the 9.0% fixed interest rate on \$66.0 million of the 9% Notes for a floating rate equal to the LIBOR rate plus 3.09%. On February 18, 2005, we sold our entire interest in this swap and received a payment of approximately \$3.7 million, which was amortized as a reduction of interest expense over the remaining life of the 9% Notes. On July 6, 2006, we completed the redemption of the remaining balance of our outstanding 9% senior subordinated notes. As a result of the redemption, we wrote off the remaining balance of the buyout premium of approximately \$2.7 million as a reduction of the loss on the early redemption of long term debt. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2006, was reduced by \$0.1 million related to the amortization of the buyout premium received.

During 2004, we also had a second interest rate swap agreement with a notional principal amount of \$24.0 million. This agreement also related to our 9% Notes. This agreement was to expire in 2011 when the 9% Notes were to mature, and effectively swapped the 9.0% fixed interest rate on \$24.0 million of the 9% Notes for a floating rate equal to the LIBOR rate plus 4.86%. On August 20, 2004, we sold our interest in \$14.0 million of this swap. As a result of this transaction, we paid and capitalized \$0.3 million in buyout premium, which was to be amortized into interest expense over the remaining life of the 9% Notes. On October 22, 2004, we sold our remaining \$10.0 million interest in this swap. As a result of this second transaction, we paid and capitalized approximately \$110,000 in buyout premium, which was to be amortized into interest expense over the remaining life of the 9% Notes. On July 6, 2006, we completed the redemption of the remainder of our outstanding 9% Notes. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2006, included approximately \$16,000 related to the amortization of the capitalized buyout premium.

On April 8, 2005, we entered into an interest rate swap arrangement for the notional principal amount of \$30.0 million whereby we will pay a fixed interest rate of 4.99% as compared to LIBOR on a bank credit facility borrowing. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2007, was reduced by approximately \$28,000 as a result of the difference between the interest rates. As of March 31, 2007, we recorded a liability for the fair value of the interest swap of approximately \$104,000. This amount, net of income tax benefits of approximately \$42,000, is reflected in other comprehensive income, as we have designated the interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge. The effective date of this interest rate swap was July 1, 2006 and the expiration date is July 1, 2012.

On April 26, 2005, we entered into a second interest rate swap arrangement for the notional principal amount of \$30.0 million whereby we will pay a fixed interest rate of 4.70% as compared to LIBOR on a bank credit facility borrowing. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2007, was reduced by approximately \$49,000 as a result of the difference between the interest rates. As of March 31, 2007, we recorded an asset for the fair value of the interest swap of approximately \$0.3 million. This amount, net of income taxes of approximately \$0.1 million, is reflected in other comprehensive income, as we have designated the interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge. The effective date of this interest rate swap was July 1, 2006 and the expiration date is July 1, 2012.

On May 5, 2005, we entered into a third interest rate swap arrangement for the notional principal amount of \$30.0 million whereby we will pay a fixed interest rate of 4.53% as compared to LIBOR on a bank credit facility borrowing. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2007, was reduced by approximately \$62,000 as a result of the difference between the interest rates. As of March 31, 2007, we recorded an asset for the fair value of the interest swap of approximately \$0.6 million. This amount, net of income taxes of approximately \$0.2 million, is reflected in other comprehensive income, as we have designated the interest rate swap as a cash flow hedge. The effective date of this interest rate swap was July 1, 2006 and the expiration date is July 1, 2012.

Interest Rate Caps

On October 18, 2006, we purchased two interest rate caps for \$0.1 million to mitigate exposure to rising interest rates. The first interest rate cap covers \$50.0 million of borrowings under the credit facilities for a three year period. The second interest rate cap covers \$50.0 million of borrowings under the credit facilities for a four year period. Both interest rate caps are at 7.25%. The caps do not qualify for hedge accounting and accordingly, all changes in fair value have been included as a component of interest expense. Interest expense of approximately \$24,000 was recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2007, related to our interest rate caps.

MARKET RISK

In addition to the interest rate swap agreements discussed above under "Derivative Instruments," borrowings under the credit facilities are subject to market risk exposure, specifically to changes in LIBOR and in the prime rate in the United States. As of March 31, 2007, we had borrowed \$245.8 million under our credit facilities and Swingline. As of March 31, 2007, we could borrow up to an additional \$64.2 million under the credit facilities. Amounts outstanding under the credit facilities bear interest at a rate based on, at Salem Holding's option, the bank's prime rate or LIBOR, in each case plus a spread. For purposes of determining the interest rate under our revolving credit facility, the prime rate spread ranges from 0.00% to 1.00%, and the LIBOR spread ranges from 1.00% to 2.00%. For both the term loan B facility and the term loan C facility, the prime rate spread ranges from 0.25% to 0.75%, and the LIBOR spread ranges from 1.25% to 1.75%. In each case, the spread is based on the total leverage ratio on the date of determination. At March 31, 2007, the blended interest rate on amounts outstanding under the credit facilities was 6.90%. At March 31, 2007, a hypothetical 100 basis point increase in the prime rate or LIBOR, as applicable, would result in additional interest expense of \$1.6 million on an annualized basis.

In addition to the variable rate debt disclosed above, we have fixed rate debt with a carrying value of \$100.0 million relating to the outstanding 73/4% Notes as of March 31, 2007, with an aggregate fair value of \$102.0 million. We are exposed to changes in the fair value of these financial instruments based on changes in the market rate of interest on this debt. The ultimate value of these notes will be determined by actual market prices, as all of these notes are tradable. We estimate that a hypothetical 100 basis point increase in market interest rates would result in a decrease in the aggregate fair value of the notes to approximately \$98.9 million and a hypothetical 100 basis point decrease in market interest rates would result in the increase of the fair value of the notes to approximately \$105.3 million.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based upon such evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We and our subsidiaries, incident to our business activities, are parties to a number of legal proceedings, lawsuits, arbitration and other claims. Such matters are subject to many uncertainties and outcomes that are not predictable with assurance. Also, we maintain insurance which may provide coverage for such matters. Consequently, we are unable to ascertain the ultimate aggregate amount of monetary liability or the financial impact with respect to these matters. We believe, at this time, that the final resolution of these matters, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect upon our annual consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We have included in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, a description of certain risks and uncertainties that could affect our business, future performance or financial condition (the "Risk Factors"). The Risk Factors are hereby incorporated in Part II, Item 1A of this Form 10Q. Investors should consider the Risk Factors prior to making an investment decision with respect to our stock.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

We have made repurchases of our Class A common stock pursuant to a \$50.0 million share repurchase program adopted by our Board of Directors in May 2005, revised in February 2006 and further revised in March 2007. This repurchase program will continue until the earlier of (a) December 31, 2007, (b) all desired shares are repurchased, or (c) the Repurchase Plan is terminated earlier by the Repurchase Plan Committee on behalf of Salem. The amount we may repurchase may be limited by certain restrictions under our credit facilities. No repurchases were made during the three months ended March 31, 2007.

ITEM 3. DEFAULT UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Incorporated by Reference

Exhibit			File No.	First Filing	Exhibit	Filed
Number	Exhibit Description	Form			Number	Herewith
3.01	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Salem Communications Corporation, a Delaware corporation.	8-K	333-41733-29	04/14/99	3.1	
3.02	Bylaws of Salem Communications Corporation, a Delaware Corporation.	8-K	333-41733-29	04/14/99	3.2	
3.03	Certificate of Incorporation of Salem Communications Holding Corporation.	8-K	000-26497	09/08/00	2.01	
3.04	Bylaws of Salem Communications Holding Corporation.	8-K	000-26497	09/08/00	2.02	
3.05	Certificate of Incorporation of Salem Communications Acquisition Corporation.	8-K	000-26497	09/08/00	2.03	
3.06	Bylaws of Salem Communications Acquisition Corporation.	8-K	000-26497	09/08/00	2.04	
3.07	Certificate of Incorporation of SCA License Corporation.	8-K	000-26497	09/08/00	2.05	
3.08	Bylaws of SCA License Corporation.	8-K	000-26497	09/08/00	2.06	
4.01	Specimen of Class A common stock certificate.	S-1/A	333-76649	Declared Effective 06/30/99	4.09	

4.02 Fifth Amended and Restated CreditAgreement, dated as of September 25,2003, by and among SalemCommunications Corporation, Salem

Co Su Flo Do Ca Ag	ommunications Holding orporation, General Electric Capital orporation, as Syndication Agent, antrust Bank, as Syndication Agent, eet National Bank, as ocumentation Agent, ING (U.S.) apital, LLC, as Documentation gent, The Bank of New York, as dministrative Agent, and the Lenders arty thereto.	10-Q	000-26497	11/06/03	4.09
Se 15 Co De Co Co an	econd Amended and Restated Parent ecurity Agreement dated as of June 5, 2001, by and among Salem ommunications Corporation, a elaware corporation, Salem ommunications Holding orporation, a Delaware corporation, ad The Bank of New York, as dministrative Agent.	10-Q	000-26497	08/14/01	4.24.02
20 Re of Sa Sa Co Co Su Flo Ca Ag	mendment #1, dated as of May 19, 004, to the Fifth Amended and estated Credit Agreement, dated as September 25, 2003, by and among alem Communications Corporation, alem Communications Holding orporation, General Electric Capital orporation, as Syndication Agent, antrust Bank, as Syndication Agent, eet National Bank, as ocumentation Agent, ING (U.S.) apital, LLC, as Documentation gent, The Bank of New York, as dministrative Agent, and the Lenders arty thereto.	10-Q	000-26497	08/06/04	4.11
20 Re of Sa Sa Co Co Su Flo Ca Aş	mendment #2, dated as of July 7, 205, to the Fifth Amended and estated Credit Agreement, dated as a September 25, 2003, by and among alem Communications Corporation, alem Communications Holding perporation, General Electric Capital perporation, as Syndication Agent, antrust Bank, as Syndication Agent, eet National Bank, as ocumentation Agent, ING (U.S.) apital, LLC, as Documentation gent, The Bank of New York, as dministrative Agent, and the Lenders	8-K	000-26497	07/13/05	4.12

	party thereto.				
4.06	Indenture between Salem Communications Holding Corporation, a Delaware corporation, certain named guarantors and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, dated as of June 25, 2001, relating to the 9% Series A and Series B Senior Subordinated Notes due 2011.	10-Q	000-26497	08/14/01	4.10.03
4.07	Form of 9% Senior Subordinated Notes (filed as part of exhibit 4.06).	10-Q	000-26497	08/14/01	
4.08	Form of Note Guarantee (filed as part of exhibit 4.06).	10-Q	000-26497	08/14/01	
4.09	Registration Rights Agreement dated as of June 25, 2001, by and among Salem Communications Holding Corporation, the guarantors and initial purchasers named therein.	10-Q	000-26497	08/14/01	4.28
4.10	Indenture, dated as of December 23, 2002, relating to the 7¾% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2010 by and among Salem Holding, the Company and The Bank of New York, as trustee, with form of Note incorporated	8-K	000-26497	12/23/02	4.1
4.11	Form of 73/4% Senior Subordinated Notes (filed as part of exhibit 4.10).	8-K	000-26497	12/23/02	
4.12	Form of Note Guarantee (filed as part of exhibit 4.10).	8-K	000-26497	12/23/02	
4.13	Supplemental Indenture No. 1 to the 73/4% Senior Subordinated Notes, dated as of December 23, 2002, between Salem Communications Corporation and its guarantors, and Bank of New York.	10-K	000-26497	03/31/03	4.22
4.14	Supplemental Indenture No. 1 to the				

4.14 Supplemental Indenture No. 1 to the 9% Senior Subordinated Notes, dated

	as of December 16, 2002, between Salem Communications Corporation and its guarantors, and Bank of New York.	10-K	000-26497	03/31/03	4.23
4.15	Supplemental Indenture No. 2 to the 73/4% Senior Subordinated Notes, dated as of June 12, 2003, between Salem Communications Corporation and its guarantors, and Bank of New York.	10-Q	000-26497	08/06/03	4.24
4.16	Supplemental Indenture No. 2 to the 9% Senior Subordinated Notes, dated as of June 12, 2003, between Salem Communications Corporation and its guarantors, and Bank of New York.	10-Q	000-26497	08/06/03	4.25
4.17	Consent No. 2, dated as of July 23, 2003, under the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement between Salem Communications Corporation and its guarantors, and The Bank of New York.	10-Q	000-26497	08/06/03	4.26
4.18	Amendment #3, dated as of June 9, 2006, to the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of September 25, 2003, by and among Salem Communications Corporation, Salem Communications Holding Corporation, General Electric Capital Corporation, as Syndication Agent, Suntrust Bank, as Syndication Agent, Fleet National Bank, as Documentation Agent, ING (U.S.) Capital, LLC, as Documentation Agent, The Bank of New York, as Administrative Agent, and the Lenders party thereto.	8-K	000-26497	06/15/06	4.13
10.01.01	Employment Agreement, dated July 1, 2004, between Salem Communications Holding Corporation and Edward G. Atsinger III.	10-Q	000-26497	08/06/04	10.01.01
10.02.01	Employment Agreement, dated July 1, 2004, between Salem Communications Holding Corporation and Stuart W. Epperson.	10-Q	000-26497	08/06/04	10.02.01

10.04.01	Employment Agreement, effective as of September 1, 2005, between Salem Communications Holding Corporation and David A.R. Evans.	8-K	000-26497	09/27/05	99.1
10.04.02	Employment Agreement, effective as of September 1, 2005, between Salem Communications Holding Corporation and Joe D. Davis	8-K/A	000-26497	05/25/05	99.1
10.05.04	Antenna/tower/studio lease between Common Ground Broadcasting, Inc. (KKMS-AM/Eagan, Minnesota) and Messrs. Atsinger and Epperson expiring in 2016.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.04
10.05.05	Antenna/tower lease between Common Ground Broadcasting, Inc. (WHK-AM/ Cleveland, Ohio) and Messrs. Atsinger and Epperson expiring 2008.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.05
10.05.06	Antenna/tower lease (KFAX-FM/Hayward, California) and Salem Broadcasting Company, a partnership consisting of Messrs. Atsinger and Epperson, expiring in 2013.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.06
10.05.08	Antenna/tower lease between Inspiration Media, Inc. (KGNW-AM/Seattle, Washington) and Messrs. Atsinger and Epperson expiring in 2012.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.08
10.05.09	Antenna/tower lease between Inspiration Media, Inc. (KLFE-AM/Seattle, Washington) and The Atsinger Family Trust and Stuart W. Epperson Revocable Living Trust expiring in 2014.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.09
10.05.11.02	Antenna/tower/studio lease between Pennsylvania Media Associates, Inc. (WNTP-AM/WFIL-AM/Philadelphia, Pennsylvania) and The Atsinger Family Trust and Stuart W. Epperson				

Revocable Living Trust expiring 2014.

	Revocable Living Trust expiring 2014.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.11.02
10.05.12	Antenna/tower lease between New Inspiration Broadcasting Co., Inc.: as successor in interest to Radio 1210, Inc. (KPRZ-AM/Olivenhain, California) and The Atsinger Family Trust expiring in 2028.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.12
10.05.13	Antenna/tower lease between Salem Media of Texas, Inc. and Atsinger Family Trust/Epperson Family Limited Partnership (KSLR-AM/San Antonio, Texas).	10-K	000-26497	03/30/00	10.05.13
10.05.15	Antenna/tower lease between Salem Media of Colorado, Inc. (KNUS-AM/Denver-Boulder, Colorado) and Messrs. Atsinger and Epperson expiring 2016.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.15
10.05.16	Antenna/tower lease between Salem Media of Colorado, Inc. and Atsinger Family Trust/Epperson Family Limited Partnership (KRKS-AM/KBJD-AM/Denver, Colorado) expiring 2009.	10-K	000-26497	03/30/00	10.05.16
10.05.17.02	Antenna/tower lease between Salem Media of Oregon, Inc. (KPDQ-AM/FM/Raleigh Hills, Oregon), and Messrs. Atsinger and Epperson expiring 2012.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.17.02
10.05.18	Antenna/tower lease between Salem Media of Pennsylvania, Inc. (WORD-FM/WPIT-AM/Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania) and The Atsinger Family Trust and Stuart W. Epperson Revocable Living Trust expiring 2013.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.18
10.05.19	Antenna/tower lease between Salem Media of Texas, Inc. (KSLR-AM/San Antonio, Texas) and Epperson-Atsinger 1983 Family Trust expiring 2017.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.19
10.05.20	Antenna/tower lease between South				

Texas Broadcasting, Inc.

T S	KNTH-AM/Houston-Galveston, Texas) and Atsinger Family Trust and Stuart W. Epperson Revocable Living Trust expiring 2015.	S-4	333-41733-29	01/29/98	10.05.20
In st B (1 a: S	Antenna/tower lease between New Inspiration Broadcasting Co., Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc. Inc.	S-4	333-41733-29	10/29/98	10.05.21
T (1 T C	Antenna/tower lease between South Texas Broadcasting, Inc. KKHT-FM/Houston-Galveston, Texas) and Sonsinger Broadcasting Company of Houston, LP expiring 2008.	10-K 405	000-26497	03/31/99	10.05.22
II (I A V	Antenna/tower lease between nspiration Media of Texas, Inc. KTEK-AM/Alvin, Texas) and the Atsinger Family Trust and The Stuart W. Epperson Revocable Living Trust expiring 2018.	10-K 405	000-26497	03/31/99	10.05.23
	Studio building lease between Salem Radio Properties, Inc. and Thomas H. Moffit Jr.	10-K	000-26497	03/31/06	10.05.24
P C A E	Antenna/tower lease between Pennsylvania Media Associates Inc. WTLN-AM/ Orlando, Florida) and Atsinger Family Trust and Stuart W. Epperson, revocable living trust expiring 2045.	10-K	000-26497	3/16/07	10.05.25
A C C C J	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated August 18, 2006, by and between Caron Broadcasting, Inc. and Chesapeake-Portsmouth Broadcasting Corporation (WJGR-AM, acksonville, Florida, and WZNZ-AM, acksonville, Florida)	10Q	000-26497	11/09/06	10.06.02
S C	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated September 14, 2006, by and between Caron Broadcasting, Inc. and Chesapeake-Portsmouth Broadcasting	10Q	000-26497	11/09/06	10.06.03

Corporation (WZA Jacksonville, Florid						
10.06.04 Local Programming Agreement, dated S by and between Car Inc. and Chesapeak Broadcasting Corpo (WJGR-AM, Jacks) and WZNZ-AM, Jacks) Florida)	September 14, 2006, ron Broadcasting, te-Portsmouth oration onville, Florida,	10Q	000-26497	11/09/06	10.06.04	
10.06.05 Local Programming Agreement, dated S by and between Car Inc. and Chesapeak Broadcasting Corpo (WZAZ-AM, Jacks)	September 14, 2006, ron Broadcasting, te-Portsmouth pration	10Q	000-26497	11/09/06	10.06.05	
10.08.01 Amended and Resta Incentive Plan (incoreference to previous B).		DEF 14A	000-26497	04/29/03	Appendix B	
10.08.02 Form of stock option Amended and Resta Incentive Plan.		10-K	000-26497	03/16/05	10.08.02	
10.08.03 Form of restricted s for Amended and R Incentive Plan.	stock option grant Restated 1999 Stock	10-Q	000-26497	11/09/05	10.01	
10.08.04 Amended and Resta Incentive Plan as an restated through Ma	mended and	DEF 14A	000-26497	04/18/05	Proposal No. 2	
10.09 Management Service and among Salem and Communications Hamiltonian Corporation, dated (incorporated by respreviously filed extensions)	and Salem Iolding August 25, 2000 ference to	10-Q	000-26497	05/15/01	10.11	
31.1 Certification of Edv III Pursuant to Rule 15d-14(a) under the	es 13a-14(a) and	-		-		X
31.2 Certification of Dav Pursuant to Rules 1 15d-14(a) under the	3a-14(a) and	-	-	-	-	X

32.1 Certification of Edward G. Atsinger III Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.	-	-	-	-	X
32.2 Certification of David A.R. Evans Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.	-	-	-	-	X

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Salem Communications Corporation has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SALEM COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

May 10, 2007

By: /s/ EDWARD G. ATSINGER III

Edward G. Atsinger III

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

May 10, 2007

By: /s/ DAVID A.R. EVANS

David A.R. Evans

Executive Vice President - Business Development and

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibits
31.1	Certification of Edward G. Atsinger III Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act.
31.2	Certification of David A.R. Evans Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Exchange Act.
32.1	Certification of Edward G. Atsinger III Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
32.2	Certification of David A.R. Evans Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.

EXHIBIT 31.1

- I, Edward G. Atsinger III, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Salem Communications Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record,

(b)

(c)

(d)

process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b)

any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2007

/s/ EDWARD G. ATSINGER III

Edward G. Atsinger III
President and Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2

- I, David A.R. Evans, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Salem Communications Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

> Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record,

(b)

(c)

(d)

process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b)

any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2007

/s/ DAVID A.R. EVANS

David A.R. Evans Executive Vice President - Business Development and Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned hereby certifies, in his capacity as President and Chief Executive Officer of Salem Communications Corporation (the "Company"), for purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that based on his knowledge:

- the Quarterly Report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2007 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 10, 2007

By: /s/ EDWARD G. ATSINGER III

Edward G. Atsinger III
President and Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned hereby certifies, in his capacity as Executive Vice President - Business Development and Chief Financial Officer of Salem Communications Corporation (the "Company"), for purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that based on his knowledge:

- the Quarterly Report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2007 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 10, 2007

By: /s/ DAVID A.R. EVANS

David A.R. Evans Executive Vice President - Business Development and Chief Financial Officer