SUPERIOR ENERGY SERVICES INC Form DEF 14A April 18, 2007

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SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant þ

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o

Check the appropriate box:

- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- o Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- **b** Definitive Proxy Statement
- o Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material Under Section 240.14a-12

Superior Energy Services, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- b No Fee Required
- o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
 - 1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
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SUPERIOR ENERGY SERVICES, INC. 1105 Peters Road Harvey, Louisiana 70058

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

To the Stockholders:

Superior s annual stockholders meeting will be held on Wednesday, May 23, 2007, 9:00 a.m., at 201 St. Charles Avenue, 52nd Floor, New Orleans, Louisiana 70170. At the meeting, stockholders will be asked to:

- 1. elect directors;
- 2. approve the proposed 2007 Employee Stock Purchase Plan;
- 3. ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as our registered public accounting firm for 2007; and
- 4. consider any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

Only holders of record of our common stock as of the close of business on March 30, 2007 are entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote at the meeting.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the meeting, please complete, sign and date the enclosed proxy or instruction card and return it promptly in the enclosed envelope, or vote by one of the other methods specified in this proxy statement. If you attend the annual meeting, you may vote your shares in person, even if you have sent in your proxy.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Greg Rosenstein Secretary

Harvey, Louisiana April 18, 2007

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SUPERIOR ENERGY SERVICES, INC. 1105 Peters Road Harvey, Louisiana 70058

PROXY STATEMENT ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

This Proxy Statement is being mailed to our stockholders on or about April 18, 2007.

OUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT THE ANNUAL MEETING AND VOTING

Q: Why am I receiving this proxy statement?

A: Our Board of Directors is soliciting your proxy to vote at the annual meeting because you owned shares of our common stock at the close of business on March 30, 2007, the record date for the meeting, and are entitled to vote at the meeting. The proxy statement, along with a proxy card or a voting instruction card, is being mailed to stockholders beginning April 18, 2007. The proxy statement summarizes the information you need to know to vote at the annual meeting. You do not need to attend the annual meeting to vote your shares.

Q: What will I be voting on?

A: At the annual meeting, our stockholders will be asked to elect our directors, approve our proposed 2007 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the Plan), ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as our registered independent public accounting firm for 2007 and consider any other matter that properly comes before the meeting.

Q: When and where will the meeting be held?

A: The meeting will be held on Wednesday, May 23, 2007, 9:00 a.m., at 201 St. Charles Avenue, 52nd Floor, New Orleans, Louisiana 70170.

Q: Who is soliciting my proxy?

A: Our Board of Directors is soliciting your vote for our 2007 annual meeting of stockholders. By completing and returning the proxy card or voting instruction card, you are authorizing the proxy holder to vote your shares at our annual meeting as you have instructed him on the card.

Q: How many votes do I have?

A: You have one vote for every share of our common stock that you owned on the record date.

Q: How many votes can be cast by all stockholders?

A: As of the record date, we had 80,661,245 shares of common stock outstanding.

Q: How many shares must be present to hold the meeting?

A:

Our By-laws provide that a majority of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote constitutes a quorum at a meeting of our stockholders. As of the record date, 40,330,623 shares constitute a majority of our outstanding stock entitled to vote at the meeting. Shares that are voted, broker non-votes, and shares for which voting authority is withheld are treated as being present at the annual meeting for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present. A broker non-vote occurs when a nominee holding common stock for a beneficial owner does not vote on a particular matter because the nominee does not have discretionary voting power with respect to that item and has not received voting instructions from the beneficial owner.

Q: What is the difference between holding shares as a stockholder of record and as a beneficial owner?

A: If your shares are registered directly in your name with our transfer agent, American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, you are considered, with respect to those shares, the stockholder of record. The proxy materials have been directly sent to you by us.

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If your shares are held in a stock brokerage account or by a bank or other nominee, you are considered the beneficial owner of shares held in street name. The proxy materials have been forwarded to you by your broker, bank or nominee who is considered, with respect to those shares, the stockholder of record. As the beneficial owner, you have the right to direct your broker, bank or nominee how to vote your shares by using the voting instruction card included in the mailing or by following their instructions for voting by telephone or the Internet.

Q: Can my shares be voted if I don t return the proxy card and do not attend the meeting in person?

A: If you hold shares in street name and you do not provide voting instructions to your broker, bank or nominee, your shares will not be voted on any proposal on which your broker does not have discretionary authority to vote. In that case, your shares will be considered present at the meeting for purposes of determining a quorum, but will not be considered to be represented at the meeting for purposes of calculating the vote with respect to such proposal. Under New York Stock Exchange rules, brokers generally have discretionary authority to vote without instructions from beneficial owners on the election of directors and the ratification of the appointment of our registered public accounting firm, but do not have discretionary authority to vote on the adoption of an equity compensation plan, such as our proposed Plan. If you don t vote the shares held in your name, your shares will not be voted.

Q: What vote is required to approve each item?

A: In the election of directors, the seven persons receiving the highest number of affirmative votes will be elected. The Plan requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast. The proposal to ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares of common stock present in person or by proxy at the annual meeting.

Withheld votes and broker non-votes will have no effect on the voting calculations for the election of directors. Abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on the voting calculations for the adoption of the Plan. Abstentions and broker non-votes will count as a vote against the ratification of the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm.

Q: How do I vote?

A: You may vote using any of the following methods:

Proxy card or voting instruction card: Be sure to complete, sign and date the card and return it in the prepaid envelope.

By telephone or the Internet: The availability of telephone and Internet voting for beneficial owners will depend on the voting processes of your broker, bank or nominee. Therefore, we recommend that you follow the voting instructions in the materials you receive.

In person at the annual meeting: All stockholders may vote in person at the annual meeting. You may also be represented by another person at the meeting by executing a proper proxy designating that person. If you are a beneficial owner of shares, you must obtain a legal proxy from your broker, bank or nominee and present it to the inspectors of election with your ballot when you vote at the annual meeting.

Q: Can I change my vote?

A:

Yes. Your proxy can be revoked or changed at any time before it is voted by notice in writing to our Secretary, by our timely receipt of another proxy with a later date or by voting in person at the meeting.

Q: What if I don t vote for a proposal?

A: If you properly execute and return a proxy or voting instruction card, your stock will be voted as you specify. If you are a stockholder of record and make no specifications on your proxy card, your shares will be voted (i) FOR the director nominees, (ii) FOR the Plan, and (iii) FOR the ratification of the appointment of KPMG LLP as our registered public accounting firm for 2007. If you are a beneficial owner of shares and don t give voting instructions to your broker, bank or nominee, they will be entitled to vote your shares with respect to discretionary items (those shares are treated as broker non-votes). The approval of the Plan is a non-discretionary item.

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Q: Who pays for soliciting proxies?

A: We are paying for all costs of soliciting proxies. In addition to solicitations by mail, we have retained Georgeson Shareholder Communications, Inc. to aid in the solicitation of proxies at an estimated fee of \$7,000. Our officers and employees may request the return of proxies by personal conversation or by telephone or telecopy. We are also requesting that banks, brokerage houses and other nominees or fiduciaries forward the soliciting material to their principals and that they obtain authorization for the execution of proxies. We will reimburse them for their expenses.

Q: Could other matters be decided at the meeting?

A: The Board does not expect to bring any other matter before the annual meeting, and it is not aware of any other matter that may be considered at the meeting. In addition, pursuant to our By-laws, the time has elapsed for any stockholder to properly bring a matter before the meeting. However, if any other matter does properly come before the meeting, the proxy holder will vote the proxies in his discretion.

Q: What happens if the meeting is postponed or adjourned?

A: Your proxy will still be good and may be voted at the postponed or adjourned meeting. You will still be able to change or revoke your proxy until it is voted.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The size of our Board has been fixed at seven directors. Proxies cannot be voted for a greater number of persons. Unless you specify otherwise in your proxy card, your shares will be voted by the proxy holder FOR the election of each of the seven nominees named below to serve until the next annual meeting and until their successors are duly elected and qualified. If any nominee should decline or be unable to serve for any reason, votes will be cast for a substitute nominee designated by the Board. The nominees have advised us that they will serve on the Board if elected.

Information About Directors

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee recommends, and the Board nominates, the following seven individuals for election as directors at the annual meeting:

Harold J. Bouillion, 63, has served as a Director since November 2006. Mr. Bouillion is currently the Managing Director of Bouillion & Associates, LLC, which provides tax and financial planning services, a position he has held since 2002. Between 1966 until 2002, Mr. Bouillion was with KPMG LLP where he served as Managing Partner of the New Orleans office from 1991 through 2002.

Enoch L. Dawkins, 69, has served as a Director since August 2003. He has over 40 years of experience in the energy industry. From 1991 until his retirement in March 2003, Mr. Dawkins served as president of Murphy Exploration and Production Company, a subsidiary of Murphy Oil. His career included numerous management positions domestically and internationally with Ocean Drilling and Exploration, a company he joined in 1964, including serving as President from 1989 until its acquisition by Murphy Oil Company in 1991. Mr. Dawkins is also a director of Energy Partners, Ltd.

James M. Funk, age 57, has served as a Director since May 2005. Mr. Funk is presently an independent oil and gas consultant. Mr. Funk served as a director of Westport Resources Company from April 2000 until its merger with Kerr McGee Corporation in June 2004. Mr. Funk also served as President of Equitable Production Company, from June 2000 until December 2003. Prior to this, Mr. Funk worked for 23 years at Shell Oil Company, where he served in a variety of executive and management capacities, most recently as President of Shell Continental Companies (January 1998 through January 1999). Mr. Funk holds a PhD in geology and is a certified petroleum geologist. Mr. Funk also serves as a director of Matador Resources Company, a private oil and gas company headquartered in Dallas, Texas.

Terence E. Hall, 61, has served as the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and a Director since December 1995. From December 1995 until November 2004, he also served as our President. Since 1989, he has

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also served as President and Chief Executive Officer of our wholly-owned subsidiaries Superior Energy Services, L.L.C. and Connection Technology, L.L.C., and their predecessors.

Ernest E. Wyn Howard, III, 64, has served as a Director since January 2005. Mr. Howard retired as a director of Stratus Properties, Inc. in 1996, where he previously served as President and Chief Executive Officer. He also previously served as Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President and a director of Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold Inc. In the 1970s and 1980s, Mr. Howard served in a variety of executive capacities with Freeport-McMoRan, Inc. and its predecessor company, McMoRan Oil & Gas Co. Since March 2003, Mr. Howard has also served as a Trustee and member of the Audit Committee and Nominating Committee of Capital One Funds.

Richard A. Pattarozzi, 63, has served as a Director since June 2002. Mr. Pattarozzi retired as a Vice President of Shell Oil Company in January 2000. He also previously served as President and Chief Executive Officer for both Shell Deepwater Development, Inc. and Shell Deepwater Production, Inc. Mr. Pattarozzi serves on the Board of Directors of Global Industries, Ltd., Stone Energy Corporation, Tidewater, Inc. and FMC Technologies, Inc., and is Past Chairman and Trustee of the Offshore Energy Center and Trustee and Secretary of the World War II Museum.

Justin L. Sullivan, 67, has served as a Director since December 1995. Mr. Sullivan has been a private investor and has served as a business consultant since May 1993. Prior to May 1993, he held senior operating and financial management positions with various companies in the forest products industry. Mr. Sullivan also has been an accounting faculty member of the University of New Orleans and Tulane University. Mr. Sullivan holds an MBA (accounting option) from Tulane University and is a certified public accountant.

Meetings of the Board; Meeting Attendance

There were 10 Board meetings in 2006. Each director attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board and the committees of which he was a member. The Board of Directors has determined that the following directors are independent within the meaning of the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) listing standards currently in effect: Ernest E. Howard, III, Richard A. Pattarozzi, Justin L. Sullivan, James M. Funk and Harold J. Bouillion. Under NYSE listing standards, our Board is not able to consider our sixth non-management director, Enoch L. Dawkins, independent because one of his sons-in-law is a consulting principal with KPMG LLP, our registered public accounting firm.

The Board has adopted a policy that recommends that all directors personally attend each stockholders meeting. At the last annual meeting of stockholders held on May 23, 2006, all of our directors were in attendance, except Mr. Bouillion who was not a member of the Board at that time.

Board Committees

Our Board has, as standing committees, an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and a Reserves Committee. The Board has affirmatively determined that each member of each of our standing committees has no material relationship with the Company and is also independent within the meaning of NYSE listing standards, with the exception of Mr. Dawkins, as noted above. Members of the individual committees are named below:

Audit	Compensation	Nominating and Corporate Governance	Reserves Committee
H. J. Bouillion	H. J. Bouillion	J. M. Funk	E. L. Dawkins
E. E. Howard, III	J. M. Funk	E. E. Howard, III*	J. M. Funk*

R. A. Pattarozzi

J. L. Sullivan

R. A. Pattarozzi

J. L. Sullivan

R. A. Pattarozzi

* Chairman of the committee

Each of the Audit, Compensation, Nominating and Corporate Governance, and Reserves Committees has adopted a written charter that has been approved by the Board. Copies of these charters, as well as copies of our Corporate Governance Guidelines and our Code of Business Ethics and Conduct, are available on the investor relations page of our website at www.superiorenergy.com, and are available in print upon request.

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Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for assisting the Board in fulfilling its fiduciary duties to our stockholders with respect to financial matters. The Audit Committee is primarily responsible for evaluating and selecting the Company s independent auditors, approving the nature and scope of services performed by the independent auditors and reviewing the range of fees for such services, conferring with the independent auditors and reviewing the results of their audits, overseeing the Company s annual evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and the Company s internal audit function. The Audit Committee met six times during 2006. The Board of Directors has determined that Justin L. Sullivan qualifies as our audit committee financial expert.

Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee determines the nature and amount of compensation of all of our executive officers, including our chief executive officer, determines the amount of equity awards granted to employees, provides guidance and makes recommendations to management regarding employee benefit programs and administers our long-term incentive plans. The Compensation Committee met seven times during 2006.

Our chief executive officer makes recommendations to the Compensation Committee for salary, bonus, and long-term incentive awards for all executive officers except himself. He develops these recommendations based on competitive market information, the Company s compensation strategy, his assessment of the individual performance and tenure of the executives. The Compensation Committee discusses the recommendations with the chief executive officer, then either approves or modifies the recommendations as it determines is appropriate. Regarding the chief executive officer s compensation, the Compensation Committee reviews the competitive market information and determines changes to pay and incentive awards based on the compensation strategy and their assessment of his performance.

In prior years, the Compensation Committee has engaged Mercer Human Resource Consulting, an independent compensation consultant, to advise the committee on matters relating to executive compensation and assist it in developing and implementing our executive compensation programs. At the Compensation Committee s request, Mercer annually conducted an executive compensation review to benchmark the Company s senior executive compensation relative to an industry peer group selected by the Compensation Committee with input from the compensation consultant and management and published market survey data. This review and the related market information are discussed in more detail under Compensation Discussion and Analysis Executive Compensation Policies and Processes. In December 2006, the primary consultant with Mercer elected to resign from Mercer and join another compensation consulting firm, Cogent Compensation Partners. Since that time, the Compensation Committee has elected to continue using the same consultant, now employed with Cogent. See the discussion in Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis regarding our compensation consultant.

The terms of our stock incentive plans permit the Compensation Committee to delegate to appropriate personnel its authority to make awards to employees other than those subject to Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; however, the committee has not delegated this authority to any individual.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee assists the Board in identifying qualified individuals to become directors, determining the composition of the Board and Board committees, monitoring the process to assess Board effectiveness and developing and implementing our corporate governance guidelines. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee met two times during 2006.

Reserves Committee

The Reserves Committee was established in May 2005 and evaluates and selects the Company s independent engineering consultants, verifies the qualification and independence of the Company s independent engineering consultants, evaluates the performance of the Company s independent engineering consultants and reviews the

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Company s internal procedures relating to reserves disclosure, including significant reserves engineering principles. The Reserves Committee met two times in 2006.

Nominee Qualifications

When seeking candidates for director, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identifies potential nominees for director, other than potential nominees who are current directors standing for re-election, through business and other contacts. The committee will also consider director nominees recommended by stockholders in accordance with the procedures described in our By-laws. We did not pay any fee to any third party to identify or evaluate or assist in identifying or evaluating potential nominees for director at the 2007 annual meeting of stockholders. However, the committee may in the future choose to retain a professional search firm to identify potential nominees for director.

Stockholders who would like to propose a director nominee may do so by sending written notice containing the information required by our By-laws by mail, c/o Secretary, Superior Energy Services, Inc. 1105 Peters Road, Harvey, Louisiana 70058. For the 2007 annual meeting, we did not receive timely notice of director nominations from any stockholder. Stockholder recommendations will be considered for inclusion in our proxy materials only if received no later than the 120th calendar day before the first anniversary of the date of our proxy in connection with this year s annual meeting (no later than December 20, 2007) with respect to recommendations for nominees to be considered at the 2008 annual meeting of stockholders.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that nominees to our Board of Directors must meet the following minimum qualifications: the nominee must have achieved significant success in business or have extensive financial expertise, particularly in the energy industry; must be committed to representing the long-term interests of our stockholders; and must have high ethical and moral standards and integrity. The committee evaluates a potential nominee by considering whether the potential nominee meets the minimum qualifications described above, as well as by considering the following factors:

whether the potential nominee has experience and expertise that is relevant to our business, including any specialized business experience, technical expertise, or other specialized skills, and whether the potential nominee has knowledge regarding issues affecting us;

whether the potential nominee is independent, whether he or she is free of any conflict of interest or the appearance of any conflict of interest with our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and whether he or she is willing and able to represent the interests of all of our stockholders; and

any factor affecting the ability or willingness of the potential nominee to devote sufficient time to Board activities and to enhance his or her understanding of our business.

In addition, with respect to an incumbent director whom the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is considering as a potential nominee for re-election, the committee reviews and considers the incumbent director s service to us during his or her term, including the number of meetings attended, level of participation, and overall contribution to the Board. Each of the nominees for director at the 2007 annual meeting of stockholders is a current director standing for re-election. There are no differences in the manner in which the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee evaluates nominees for director suggested by stockholders using the process set forth in our By-laws.

Executive Sessions; Lead Director

The Board has adopted a policy providing that the non-management directors meet in executive session at each regularly-scheduled Board meeting, or more frequently if necessary. The policy also provides that the Board elect a lead director each year. The lead director is responsibilities include presiding over the executive sessions of the non-management directors and at other meetings of the Board in the absence of the Chairman. He communicates any issues discussed by the non-management directors back to the Chairman, confers with the Chairman at intervals between Board meetings, and assists in planning for Board and Committee meetings. In addition, he acts as a liaison between the Board and the Chairman to ensure close communication and coordination between them and to promote a harmonious and effective relationship. The Board elected Mr. Dawkins to serve as lead director of the

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Board until the 2007 annual meeting of stockholders. In addition, our independent directors meet periodically in executive session.

Communications with the Board

Stockholders and other interested parties may communicate directly with one or more members of our Board, or the non-management directors as a group, by sending a letter by mail addressed to Secretary, Superior Energy Services, Inc. 1105 Peters Road, Harvey, Louisiana 70058. The secretary will forward the communication directly to the appropriate director or directors.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During 2006, the Compensation Committee was composed entirely of non-management directors and none of our executive officers served as a director or member of the compensation committee of another entity whose executive officers served on the Board.

Director Compensation

Our non-management directors receive an annual retainer of \$30,000 a year. The chairman of the Audit Committee receives an additional retainer of \$20,000 a year, and the chairmen of the Nominating and Corporate Governance, Compensation and Reserves Committees and our lead director each receive an additional retainer of \$10,000 a year. These amounts are paid in equal monthly installments. Non-management directors also receive a \$1,500 fee for each Board and committee meeting attended. Effective May 1, 2007, the annual cash retainer paid to our non-management directors will increase to \$40,000.

In order to closely align the non-management directors—compensation with the financial interests of our stockholders, a significant portion of their compensation is paid in equity in accordance with the terms of our Amended and Restated 2004 Directors Restricted Stock Units Plan (the Directors Plan). Under the terms of the Directors Plan, on the day following each annual meeting of stockholders, each non-management director is automatically granted a number of restricted stock units (RSUs) having an aggregate value equal to a specified dollar amount set by the Board of Directors (the RSU Compensation Amount), which was \$100,000 for 2006. The exact number of units granted is determined by dividing the RSU Compensation Amount by the fair market value of our common stock on the day of the annual meeting. An RSU represents the right to automatically receive from us, within 30 days of the date the participant ceases to serve on the Board, one share of our common stock. In addition, upon any person—s initial election or appointment as an eligible director, otherwise than at an annual meeting of stockholders, such person will receive a *pro rata* number of RSUs based on the number of full calendar months between the date of grant and the first anniversary of the previous annual meeting. The RSU Compensation Amount for 2007 will be \$140,000 and will be determined in the future at the Board meeting held immediately after the annual meeting of stockholders.

The table below summarizes the compensation of our non-management directors for fiscal year ended December 31, 2006. Mr. Hall does not receive any special compensation for his service as a director. His compensation as an executive is reflected in the Summary Compensation Table herein. All non-management directors are reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in attending Board and committee meetings.

2006 Director Compensation

Fees Earned or
Paid in Cash Stock Awards

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Name		(1)	(2)(3)	Total
Mr. Bouillion	\$	12,500	\$ 108,362	\$ 120,862
Mr. Dawkins	\$	62,500	\$ 146,667	\$ 209,167
Mr. Funk	\$	71,500	\$ 146,667	\$ 218,167
Mr. Howard	\$	67,000	\$ 146,667	\$ 213,667
Mr. Pattarozzi	\$	76,000	\$ 146,667	\$ 222,667
Mr. Sullivan	\$	80,000	\$ 146,667	\$ 226,667
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- (1) Amounts shown reflect fees earned by the directors during 2006.
- (2) The amounts included represent the compensation cost we recognized in 2006 related to the outstanding restricted stock unit awards, as described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R. For a discussion of valuation assumptions, see Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. On May 24, 2006, each non-employee director, except Mr. Bouillion, received an award of 3,228 restricted stock units with a grant date fair value of \$100,000 as determined under FASB 123R. Mr. Bouillion received an award of 1,345 restricted stock units on November 3, 2006, the date of his election to the Board, which restricted stock units had a grant date fair value of \$41,667.
- (3) As of December 31, 2006, the non-management directors had the following stock and option awards outstanding:

Director	Restricted Stock Units	Options
Mr. Bouillion	1,345	
Mr. Dawkins	8,435	20,000
Mr. Funk	5,174	
Mr. Howard	5,659	
Mr. Pattarozzi	8,435	30,000
Mr. Sullivan	8,435	40,000

Stock Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners

The following table shows the number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned as of December 31, 2006 by persons known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. The information in the table is based on our review of filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Each person listed below has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned unless otherwise stated.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class
FMR Corp.	7,260,125(1)	8.6%
82 Devonshire Street		
Boston, Massachusetts 02109		

(1) Based on information included in Amendment No. 2 to the Schedule 13G filed by FMR Corp. with the SEC on February 14, 2007, FMR Corp. has sole power to vote or direct the vote of 903,100 shares of common stock, and sole power to dispose or direct the disposition of all 7,260,125 shares of common stock.

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Stock Ownership of Management

The following table shows the number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned as of March 15, 2007 by (i) our directors, (ii) our chief executive officer, chief financial officer and three other most highly-compensated executive officers, and (iii) all of our directors and executive officers as a group. The information in the table is based on our review of filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Each person listed below has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned unless otherwise stated.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership(1)	Percent of Class
A. Patrick Bernard	165,591	*
Kenneth L. Blanchard	540,562(2)	*
Harold J. Bouillion	2,345(3)	*
Enoch L. Dawkins	28,435(3)	*
James M. Funk	7,174(3)(4)	*
Terence E. Hall	1,141,753	1.4%
Ernest E. Howard	10,659(3)	*
Richard A. Pattarozzi	38,435(3)	*
Justin L. Sullivan	58,435(3)	*
Robert S. Taylor	419,306	*
Danny R. Young	184,195	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (14 persons)	3,087,579	3.7%

- * Less than 1%.
- (1) Includes the number of shares subject to options that are exercisable by May 15, 2007, as follows: Mr. Bernard (157,500), Mr. Blanchard (470,400); Mr. Dawkins (20,000); Mr. Hall (1,097,251); Mr. Pattarozzi (30,000); Mr. Sullivan (40,000); Mr. Taylor (408,000); Mr. Young (177,500), and all other executive officers as a group (467,135).
- (2) Includes 15,794 shares held by Mr. Blanchard s spouse, of which Mr. Blanchard is (2) deemed to be the beneficial owner.
- (3) Includes the number of shares the director has the right to receive through the grant of Restricted Stock Units, as follows: Mr. Bouillion (1,345), Mr. Dawkins (8,435), Mr. Funk (5,174), Mr. Howard (5,659), Mr. Pattarozzi (8,435) and Mr. Sullivan (8,435). Each Restricted Stock Unit vests immediately upon grant, but the shares of common stock payable upon vesting will not be delivered to the director until he ceases to serve on our board of directors.
- (4) Includes 2,000 shares held jointly with Mr. Funk s spouse.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Purpose of Our Executive Compensation Program

Our compensation program has been designed to attract and retain executives with the skills, educational background, experience and personal qualities needed to successfully manage our business. The purpose of the program is to provide a meaningful reward system that motivates our executives to be good stewards of our stockholders interests. It is also intended to provide a competitive total reward program that allows the Company to attract and retain qualified executive talent from among the pool of talent in our industry, and among other industries as appropriate.

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Our executive compensation program is intended to provide incentives for executives to:

Remain with the Company over the long-term, especially through the industry cycles

Outperform our peers, in terms of both short and long term performance

Deliver performance that consistently meets or exceeds expectations

Establish a reputation as an industry leader in safety performance

Our Executive Compensation Philosophy

The Company s executive compensation program is designed to attract and retain key executives, motivate them to achieve the Company s short- and long-term objectives, and reward them for strong financial and safety performance. The Company uses several different compensation elements that are geared to both the short- and long-term performance of the Company. The following principles influence the design and administration of the Company s executive compensation program:

Compensation should be directly related to performance

We believe that executive compensation should be highly influenced by and correlated to the Company s overall performance and stockholder return. In addition, the performance of the executive and the teamwork exhibited by the executive must be considered. We work to design plans that pay out based on the achievement of specific performance targets, realizing that the goal-setting process and the administration of incentive compensation plans in our industry are less than perfect primarily due to its historical volatility and cyclicality as a result of commodity pricing. We also believe that incentive compensation should make up the largest part of an executive s compensation package, and the incentive portion should increase when performance warrants, and decrease when it does not. Our total compensation program for executives includes short and long-term incentives, which are both directly linked to company performance through the performance criteria in the program.

Compensation levels should be competitive

We are committed to providing a competitive compensation program for our executives as well as all of our employees. It is critical in the energy industry to provide competitive pay, without which it is very difficult to attract and retain the caliber of talent required to be successful in our industry. The Compensation Committee has approved, with input from management and the Committee s compensation consultant, our pay strategy relative to the market. We have established a process for evaluating the competitiveness of all elements of direct compensation, including base pay, short-term and long-term incentives.

The majority of executive compensation should be at risk

For the executive team, the majority of the compensation program is at risk through short-term and long-term incentives. These incentives are considered at-risk if the compensation opportunity at the start of the performance cycle can vary depending upon the Company s performance. Executives receive annual incentive awards when the Company meets or exceeds annual established goals approved by the Committee. Long-term awards are split between time- and performance-based incentives. The performance-based, long-term incentives only pay out when the Company outperforms its industry peers over a longer period of time. By having a compensation program for executives that emphasizes pay at risk, we believe we strengthen the alignment between pay and stockholder interests.

Incentive compensation should balance short- and long-term performance

In designing our incentive compensation programs, we have attempted to strike a meaningful balance between short-term motivation and long-term value. For example, we utilize an annual incentive compensation program that rewards executives for the achievement of annual goals geared to the profitability and safety performance of the Company. However, so as not to overemphasize the short-term at the expense of the long-term, we provide long-term incentive opportunities which have significantly more potential reward value to the executive if goals are met and share price grows. As part of our annual evaluation of the compensation program, we consider whether the program is balanced in terms of base pay and incentives, both short-term and long term.

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Compensation programs should provide an element of retention and motivate executives to stay with the Company long-term

A primary focus of our compensation program is to motivate executives to stay with the Company and create long-term stability for the Company. We believe one of the keys to retaining key employees is to provide a competitive total compensation opportunity. To reinforce this objective, we have included design elements in the program that provide strong retention incentives. Executives forfeit their opportunity to earn a payout from the performance-based long-term incentives if they voluntarily leave the Company before the 3-year performance cycle is complete, except in the case of retirement. Also, the use of time-vested restricted stock and stock options provide a strong retention value for employees to stay with the Company.

Compensation programs should encourage executives to own Company stock

We have taken several steps recently to encourage our executives to be owners of Company stock and thereby have a strong alignment with stockholder interests. First, time-vested awards in our long-term incentives include restricted stock grants. Second, if payout occurs with our performance-based long-term incentives, the value of the payment to the executive can be made with up to 50% stock. Finally, starting in 2007, we implemented an Executive Stock Ownership Plan, which requires all executives to own shares of Company stock equivalent to a stated multiple of the executive s base salary. The multiple varies depending on the executive s job title.

Compensation systems should emphasize direct compensation over indirect compensation (e.g., perquisites)

In keeping with our philosophy that executive compensation should be tied to performance, we have taken an approach that de-emphasizes indirect compensation, such as perquisites. In the energy industry, it is important to manage fixed costs because of the significant influence of commodity prices on Company profitability. Indirect compensation has been an insignificant part of our total compensation program and represents an immaterial part of the total compensation package for the executive team.

Oversight of the Executive Compensation Program

Our executive compensation program is administered by the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors.

The Committee s responsibilities include:

Evaluating and approving the Company s overall compensation strategy

Annually reviewing the performance of the Company s CEO and other executive officers with input from the CEO for the other officers

Annually approving the compensation (i.e., salary, incentive awards and all other elements) for the Company s CEO and other executive officers, in consultation with the CEO for the other officers

Reviewing and approving annual goals along with administering the Company s annual incentive and equity compensation plans and programs

Retaining external compensation consultants when necessary

Since 2004, the Committee has engaged Mercer Human Resource Consulting, an independent compensation consultant, to advise the Committee on matters relating to executive compensation and assist it in developing and

implementing our executive compensation programs. In December 2006, the primary consultant with Mercer, who had provided periodic advice to the Committee, elected to resign from Mercer and join another compensation consulting firm, Cogent Compensation Partners. The Committee elected to continue using the same primary consultant, now employed with Cogent, due to his familiarity with our compensation program. The Committee continues to evaluate the capabilities and suitability of their consultant relationship and retains the right to terminate the consultant s contract at any time.

At the Committee s request, the consultant has annually conducted an executive compensation review to benchmark the Company s senior executive compensation relative to an industry Peer Group selected by the

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Compensation Committee with input from the compensation consultant and management and published market survey data. This review and the related market information are discussed in more detail under Executive Compensation Policies and Processes. The consultant also provides other services to the Committee and the Company, including assistance with the evaluation and development of the Company s compensation strategy, reviewing and evaluating the Company s Peer Group, and reviewing and designing incentive compensation programs.

During 2006, the Committee reviewed and evaluated an executive tally sheet that was prepared by Mercer with the assistance of the Company s management. This report contained a listing and quantification (as appropriate) of each component of the compensation for each of our senior executive officers, and special executive benefits and perquisites as well as accumulated values (e.g., stock option holdings) and other contingent compensation such as severance arrangements. The various elements of compensation included in the tally sheet are described in detail in the sections to follow.

Components of Executive Compensation

The main components of our executive compensation program are base salary, annual bonus and long-term incentives. Overall, the Company positions the majority of the executive compensation program to be at-risk based on the Company's performance, with a specific emphasis on long-term performance. As an executive slevel of responsibility increases, a greater portion of total compensation is at risk, creating the potential for greater variability in the individual s compensation level from year to year. The Committee believes that its current combination of programs provides an appropriate mix of fixed and variable pay, balancing short-term operational and long-term performance, and encouraging executive retention. A description of each element of the Company's compensation program follows.

Base Salary

The primary role of the Company s base salary element is to compensate executives for the experience, education, personal qualities and other qualifications that are key for their specific role within the Company. In establishing base cash compensation for our executives, we target the market median. (For a thorough description of the applicable benchmarking data and our annual process, see Executive Compensation Policies and Processes Annual Benchmarking Process, Peer Group and Survey Data.) Specifically, we strive for overall executive salaries to be close to the market median on a composite basis. However, we generally consider individual base salaries that are either +/- 10% of the market median to be within the competitive range of the median target. We believe this market positioning enables us to limit our exposure to fixed compensation costs. It also provides our executive team with a competitive base salary, providing the ability to attract and retain the executive talent necessary to carry out the Company s business strategy.

Each year, when base salaries are reviewed, the CEO makes a recommendation regarding salary adjustments for the other executive officers. In formulating his recommendation, the CEO considers various factors, including the individual s performance and contributions, the performance of his business unit, experience level, tenure in position, the average base pay level for similar positions, and the Company s performance. However, company performance does not drive a formula that determines base salary changes. The Committee considers the CEO s recommendation when making a final determination on salary adjustments for other executive officers. The Committee independently follows a similar process when reviewing the CEO s base salary and approving any adjustments.

In early 2006, the Committee reviewed the annual market study to help evaluate the base salary increases for 2006. Overall, our executive base salaries were 94% of the median. The Committee recognized that base salaries had been consistently below the median over the previous years, due in part to the Company s growth, and wanted to increase salaries to stay competitive. Based on the criteria above, the Committee approved base salary increases for executive officers effective April 1, 2006. While the adjustments varied between the officers, the overall base salary increase

was 11%. In reviewing the base salary of the CEO, the market study found his base salary to be 92% of the market median. Considering the above factors, the CEO s performance and the Company s desire to remain

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competitive, the Committee determined that a base salary increase of 12% was appropriate, bringing the CEO s new salary to \$590,000.

When base salaries of all executive officers were reviewed in late 2006, they were 82% of market median on an overall basis, and lower, relative to median, than the previous year. This result was caused by several factors, including the Company s growth, re-organization of the executive team which expanded the job responsibilities of several officers, and the promotion of one officer. When determining annual base salaries, the Committee considered these factors and the Company s need to plan for future growth and development, and approved base salary increases for the executive officers effective April 1, 2007. While the adjustments varied between the officers, the overall base salary increase was 21%. The market study also found the CEO s base salary to be 87% of the market median. Considering the Company s continued growth and profitability and continued strategic initiatives to position the Company for future growth while delivering positive stockholder returns, the Committee adjusted the CEO s salary to \$725,000, an increase of 23%, effective April 1, 2007. This increase moved the CEO s salary to 107% of the market median.

Annual Incentive Bonus

The purpose of the Company s annual incentive bonus program is to reward executives for achievement of annual operational, financial and safety goals. The Company s strategy is to set annual incentive target levels that result in median payouts when performance objectives are met, providing the opportunity to earn more than the median payout when performance warrants. Further, the Committee may consider paying discretionary incentive awards when performance warrants, as was the case in 2006.

In administering the plan, the Committee annually approves the minimum, target and maximum award opportunities for all the executives. Participants in the annual incentive bonus program are recommended by management and approved by the Committee. The Committee also approves the annual incentive plan goals at the beginning of the performance cycle. For the 2006 plan year, the Committee approved pre-tax income as the performance measure for the plan. Executive officers were eligible to receive an annual incentive bonus based on a target percentage of their base salary. They could earn more, or less, than the target amount based on the level of achievement as measured against the pre-tax income goals. For 2006, the Committee approved the opportunity for minimum (25% of salary), target (50% of salary), and maximum (100% of salary) payouts, based upon specific levels of performance. The range of performance was set at 75%, 100% and 130%, respectively, of targeted pretax income.

Assuming the particular executive officer qualified for a annual incentive bonus payout, the payout could either be reduced by a maximum of 25% if pre-determined base metrics were not met or increased by a maximum of 12.5% for achieving stretch targets. The metrics used to either reduce or increase target payout were linked to safety performance, and included Total Recordable Incident Rate and Lost Time Incident Rate.

In January 2007, the Committee reviewed the results of the 2006 annual incentive bonus program and the bonus recommendations submitted by the CEO for each executive officer except himself. For the primary performance measures, the Company achieved 155% of its target for pretax income and achieved superior results in terms of the safety metrics. After considering the accomplishments of the executive team during 2006, and the Company s continued growth and profitability, the Committee approved the CEO s recommendations for making additional discretionary award payments outside of the annual incentive program. These payments ranged from an additional 35% to 50% of salary for participants other than the CEO. The Committee also considered a discretionary bonus award for the CEO. After discussing Mr. Hall s performance during 2006 and his impact on the growth, profitability and strategic direction of the Company, the Committee approved a discretionary award of \$675,000.

In January 2007, the Committee also approved the parameters of the annual incentive program for 2007, providing for minimum, target and maximum annual incentive award levels, as a percentage of salary, based upon the achievement of 91.5%, 100% and 110.4% of an individual performance target. Unlike prior years, for 2007 the annual cash incentive award payout levels will vary depending on the executive s position.

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Long-Term Incentives

The purpose of our long-term incentive program is to focus executives on long-term Company goals, growth and creation of stockholder value. The Committee has adopted a strategy which provides annual grants that give the executive the opportunity to earn 75th percentile of the market based on performance. Consistent with the Company s compensation philosophy, the Committee believes stock-based incentive awards are one of the best ways to align the interests of our executives with those of our stockholders. The Committee also believes it is important to focus the executives on specific long-term goals that support long-term Company growth and creation of stockholder value.

In 2005, the Committee recognized the changing environment surrounding long-term incentives and the need for a performance based equity compensation program to provide a strong link to stockholder interests. The Committee adopted a long-term incentive (LTI) program that provided a mix of long-term incentive awards, thus moving away from our historical reliance on stock options as the exclusive LTI award. The mix of grants in the 2005 awards included performance share units (PSU s) and stock options. The creation of this program enabled the Company to better administer the use of equity shares available for grants. In addition, it improved our ability to manage the associated accounting expense and cash requirements for the various awards, while allowing the Company to provide competitive long-term reward opportunities for the achievement of specific goals and stockholder value creation.

Under the program, each of the executive officers (and approximately 45 other key employees currently participating in the program, although this number will likely increase with the Company s continued growth) has a target percentage established to determine the award values under the LTI program. For the first two years of the program, the CEO s target percentage was 300% of his base salary, for the COO and CFO, the target percentage was 200% of their respective base salaries, and for the other executive officers the target percentage was 150% of their respective base salaries. Participants in the LTI program are recommended by the CEO and approved by the Committee.

For 2006, the LTI program consisted of performance share units (PSUs), stock options and shares of restricted stock, although stock options were only granted to the executive officers. The Committee approved the annual grant in February 2006. In determining the awards for the executives, the Committee considered a recommendation by the CEO, which considered many factors, including the Company s performance, the individual performance of the executives, the calculated share usage and associated accounting expense, as well as the fact that the Company had not made consistent regular annual equity/LTI grants over the previous years. The Committee approved an LTI mix for 2006 consisting of 43% in stock options, 19% in restricted shares, and the remaining 38% in PSUs for the executive officers. This mix resulted in a grant that was 30% above target levels for the executive officers. Non-executive officer participants in the LTI program received restricted stock and PSU s.

Following the review of Mercer s market study in 2006, the Committee elected to adjust the Company s target awards going forward in order to remain competitive with the market median. Based on the market data, and the increased size and scope of the Company, the Committee elected to change the target percentage for the 2007 awards for the CEO to 375%, the COO to 275%, the CFO to 250%, the Senior EVP to 225% and 175% for the EVPs.

In December 2006, the Committee established and made grants under the LTI program for 2007, once again using a combination of PSU s, restricted stock, along with stock options for the executive officers. The CEO made a recommendation to the Committee taking into consideration many of the same factors used for the 2006 awards, but focusing on the Company s overall financial and non-financial results, and the continuing need to remain competitive in a strong market. The overall recommended award was 26% above the LTI targets established for each executive (using the 75th percentile in the market as a guide) following the review of Mercer s market study. Considering the need to remain competitive in the industry (especially during the current up cycle) and the Company s record results relative to our internally established goals and the performance of our Peer Group, the Committee approved the CEO s

recommendation for the other officers and used the same factors in determining the CEO s award. The 2007 award mix for executive officers was 25% in stock options, 25% in restricted shares and 50% in PSUs. See Executive Compensation Policies and Processes, sub-section *Timing of Long-Term Incentive Awards* for a discussion about the timing of our long-term incentive grants and the policy going forward.

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Stock Options. The options granted under the programs for 2006 and 2007 vest in equal annual installments for three consecutive years, and expire on the tenth anniversary of the date of grant. The exercise price of the options was equal to the fair market value of the option on the date of grant. The Committee does not grant stock options with the so-called reload feature, nor does it loan funds to employees to enable them to exercise the stock options. The Company s long-term performance ultimately determines the value of stock options, since gains from stock option exercises depend entirely on the long-term appreciation of the Company s stock price. In addition, the stock options contain forfeiture provisions, requiring the executive to return the award or any gain on the exercise of the stock option if he engages in certain competitive activity with the Company during his employment or within three years thereafter. Since the value of a stock option is dependent on the Company s share price, we believe that this compensation vehicle serves to motivate executives to continue to grow the value of the Company s stock over the long term.

Restricted Stock. Restricted Stock Awards are widely used in the energy industry to strengthen the link between stockholder and employee interests, while motivating employees to remain with the Company. This is especially true in a cyclical industry in which the value of the Company s stock may fluctuate significantly between the industry cycles. Our use of restricted stock is intended to provide just such a bridge between the near- and long-term interests of stockholders, and smooth out the volatility of the industry cycles. By this mechanism, employees are more likely to remain with the Company, even during periods of stock price volatility. Further, we believe the use of restricted stock as a long-term incentive award helps motivate executives to take measured risks. This is accomplished because the incentive value to the executive is not entirely dependent on significant price appreciation. The recipients of the shares of restricted stock are entitled to all rights of a stockholder of the Company, including the right to vote the shares and receive dividends and other distributions along with other common stockholders, during the restricted period. The shares of restricted stock granted, if any, for 2006 and 2007 will vest in three equal annual installments. Like the stock option grants, the restricted stock agreements contain forfeiture provisions, requiring the executive to return the award or any gain on the sale of the shares if the executive engages in certain competitive activity with the Company during his employment or within three years thereafter.

Performance Share Units. The third award element for the Company s balanced long term incentive program is Performance Share Units, or PSU s. PSU s are awards of units assigned an initial target value of \$100 which can be earned by participants if the Company achieves certain pre-established performance goals. These goals are set for a three year period and are intended to provide the executive with a reasonable line of sight to meaningful performance that leads to the creation of stockholder value over the long term. These awards provide the executives the opportunity to earn a value per unit of \$0 to \$200 based on the Company s performance over the three year period. For both the 2006 and 2007 grants, the Committee used two performance criteria for the PSUs: (i) return on invested capital (ROIC); and (ii) total stockholder return. In each case the performance is measured relative to the Peer Group, which is also used for competitive market benchmarking and described in the section Executive Compensation Policies and Processes. Grants of PSUs provide for the payout of up to 50% in shares of common stock at the Committee s discretion and the remainder in cash following the end of the three year performance period, if the recipient has met continued service requirements.

The PSUs link the Company s long-term performance directly to compensation received by executive officers and other key employees and encourages them to make significant contributions towards increasing ROIC and, ultimately, total stockholder return. Under both performance criteria, the maximum, target and threshold levels are met when our ROIC and stockholder return are in the 80th percentile, 60th percentile and 40th percentile, respectively, as compared to the ROIC and total stockholder return of the Peer Group. If maximum levels are attained within both performance criteria, at the end of the three year period, the participant eligible to receive a cash award valued at 200% of the date-of-grant value of the PSU. If target levels are attained within both performance criteria, the participant is eligible to receive a cash award valued at 100% of the date-of-grant value of the PSU. If threshold levels are attained within

both performance criteria, the participant is eligible to receive a cash award valued at 50% of the date-of-grant value of the performance unit. Finally, no value is given to the PSU s if performance is below the threshold level. The Committee may elect to pay up to 50% of the award in shares of common stock. Results that fall in-between the maximum, target and threshold levels of both performance criteria will be calculated based on a sliding scale.

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Perquisites

We seek to maintain a cost conscious culture in connection with the benefits provided to executives. Further, our conservative approach to providing perquisites supports our philosophy of relating the majority of compensation to performance and our emphasis on direct compensation versus indirect compensation. The Company does provide each of our executive officers an automobile (either through an allowance or use of a Company owned or leased car) and also reimburses them for all deductibles, co-pays and other out of pocket expenses associated with our health insurance programs through a program called Exec-U-Care. In addition, Mr. Hall is allowed to use a corporate airplane for personal travel. We believe that such an accommodation for our chief executive officer is warranted because it promotes access to our CEO and mitigates safety concerns associated with public travel. Mr. Hall, however, reimburses the Company for his personal travel on the corporate airplane in an amount equal to the cost of a first class, nonrefundable ticket to his destination. Mr. Hall also reimburses the Company for any incidental expenses incurred during his personal travel, such as baggage handling fees at the airport and meals for the pilots.

The attributed costs of the personal benefits described above for the named executive officers for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, are included in the Summary Compensation Table herein.

Post-Employment Compensation

In addition to the annual compensation received by the executive officers during 2006, our executives also have certain severance and change of control benefits provided under their employment agreements and our incentive plans. These benefits are discussed more fully in the section entitled Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control herein.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

In 2004 the Committee approved a nonqualified deferred compensation program. The purpose of the program is to provide an income deferral opportunity for executive officers and certain senior managers of the Company in order to help in the attraction and retention of these key employees.

The program is administered by the NQDC Administrative Committee, which is comprised of senior managers in the Company appointed under the direction of the Compensation Committee. Eligible participants are recommended by senior managers in the Company and approved by the NQDC Administrative Committee. Participants in the program may make an advance election each year to defer up to a maximum of 75% of base salary and 100% of their annual bonus. Participants may choose from a variety of investment choices to invest their deferrals over the deferral period. The plan provides that, upon approval by the Board, the Company could match up to 100% of their deferrals; however, the Company has never elected to grant a match. For a complete description of each Named Executive Officer's contributions, earnings and aggregate account balance, see the table entitled Nonqualified Deferred Compensation herein.

Executive Compensation Policies and Processes

Annual Benchmarking Process, Peer Group and Survey Data

Since 2004, Mercer has conducted an executive compensation benchmark study annually as requested by the Committee. The Committee uses this study to evaluate executive compensation levels, including base salary, incentive targets and actual incentive payouts relative to the market and the Company s stated strategy. The study is based on a combination of published survey data and an industry Peer Group, discussed in further detail below.

Mercer has used published compensation survey data to develop competitive market data. Generally, the surveys used include companies from the broader energy industry that influence the competitive market for executive compensation levels. Other surveys, which include companies from general industry, are also used as appropriate for positions that compete across industries (e.g., CFO). In both cases, data is drawn from the surveys representing companies that are considered appropriate to compare to Superior in terms of size and scale.

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Mercer and the Committee also previously established a Peer Group (the Peer Group) consisting of twelve oilfield services companies to help measure our performance criteria under our LTI program described above and to compare our compensation competitiveness. The Peer Group currently consists of: BJ Services Company, Helix Energy Solutions Group, Inc., Helmerich & Payne, Inc., Oceaneering International, Inc., Oil States International, Inc., Pride International, Inc., Seacor Holdings Inc., Smith International, Inc., Tetra Technologies, Inc., W-H Energy Services, Inc. and Weatherford International, Ltd.

Timing of Long-Term Incentive Awards

Since we adopted our LTI program, we have made annual awards at a regularly scheduled meeting held in the first half of the year. In December 2006, the Committee determined that it would make all future LTI awards at its meeting held in December of each year.

Policy Regarding Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally limits our ability to take a federal income tax deduction for compensation paid to our Chief Executive Officer and other named executive officers in excess of \$1 million, except for qualified performance-based compensation. The stock options we grant have been structured to qualify as performance-based so they are not subject to this deduction limitation. While the Committee will seek to utilize deductible forms of compensation to the extent practicable, it believes it is important to preserve flexibility in administering compensation programs. Accordingly, the Company has not adopted a policy that all compensation must qualify as deductible under Section 162(m).

Stock Ownership Guidelines

With the creation of the current LTI program, the Company has encouraged stock ownership through equity awards to our executives. We believe it is important that the interests of our executives and directors be aligned with the long-term interests of our stockholders. Effective January 1, 2007, the Committee adopted stock ownership guidelines applicable to our executive officers. Under the guidelines, each executive officer is required to own shares of stock equal in value to a designated multiple of his or her base salary based on the executive s position:

Position	Stock Value as a Multiple of Base Salary
Chief Executive Officer	4x
Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer	3x
Executive Vice Presidents	2x
All other executive officers	1x

The required share amounts are determined as of the date the officer becomes subject to the guidelines, and is calculated by dividing each officer s applicable base salary multiple by the 365-day average closing price of our common stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange, and then rounding to the nearest 100 shares. The target ownership level does not change with changes in base salary or common stock price, but will change in the event the officer s position level changes. Our executive officers are required to achieve their required ownership levels within five years from the date they become subject to the guidelines. Our Committee will administer the guidelines and will periodically review each participant s compliance (or progress towards compliance) and may impose additional requirements the Committee determines are necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this program.

On March 2, 2007, the Board of Directors approved stock ownership guidelines applicable to our non-management directors. Under the guidelines, each non-management director is required to own shares of stock equal in value to five times the annual retainer paid to the directors. The directors will have five years to comply with the guidelines, and the restricted stock units held by the directors will be counted towards their ownership requirements.

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Executive Employment Agreements

We have entered into employment agreements with each of our eight executive officers. See the discussion below under Potential Payments upon Termination or Change in Control, which details the severance and change in control benefits provided for by these agreements.

Mr. Hall s employment agreement has a term that currently expires on July 15, 2009. The term is automatically renewed for an additional year on each July 15 unless the Company or Mr. Hall gives at least 90 days written notice that the term will not be extended. As of April 1, 2007, Mr. Hall s current annual base salary is \$725,000. He is also eligible to earn an annual incentive bonus based upon the achievement of performance objectives and is eligible for stock option and other stock-based grants under our long-term incentive plans, in each case as approved by the Committee and described further below. Mr. Hall s employment agreement contains non-competition and other provisions intended to protect our interests in the event that Mr. Hall ceases to be employed. The agreement provides for the termination of Mr. Hall s employment upon his death or disability, by us for cause or by Mr. Hall for good reason. In relation to the Company, cause is defined to include a willful and continued failure by Mr. Hall to substantially perform his duties, or willful misconduct by him that is materially injurious to us. In relation to Mr. Hall, good reason includes any failure by us to comply with any material provision of his employment agreement.

Mr. Taylor s and Mr. Blanchard s employment agreements have terms that currently expire on April 1, 2010. Beginning April 1, 2006, and on each subsequent April 1, the terms of Mr. Taylor s and Mr. Blanchard s employment agreements automatically renew for an additional year unless, within 180 days prior to such date, either the Company or Mr. Taylor or Mr. Blanchard, as appropriate, give prior written notice of the Company s or his election not to extend the employment term. As of April 1, 2007, Mr. Taylor s current annual base salary is \$350,000, and Mr. Blanchard s current annual base salary is \$450,000. Each of Messrs. Taylor and Blanchard is also eligible to earn an annual incentive bonus based upon the achievement of performance objectives and are eligible for stock option and other stock-based grants under our long-term incentive plans, in each case as approved by the Committee. Their employment agreements also contain non-competition and other provisions intended to protect our interests in the event that either officer ceases to be employed.

The employment agreements with each of our other five executive officers, have original terms that extended through April 1, 2007, after which the employment relationship converted to a month-to-month, at will relationship, terminable for any reason by us or him upon 30 days prior written notice to the other party. We are currently evaluating new employment agreements for these officers. Effective as of April 1, 2007, the base salaries for these officers are as follows: Mr. Bernard (\$300,000), Mr. Cook (\$240,000), Mr. Holleman (\$240,000), Mr. Miller (\$260,000), and Mr. Young (\$240,000). All of these officers are eligible to earn annual incentive bonuses based upon the achievement of performance objectives and are eligible for stock option and other stock-based grants under our long-term incentive plans, in each case as approved by the Compensation Committee. Each of their employment agreements also contains non-competition and other provisions intended to protect our interests in the event that they cease to be employed.

Compensation Committee Report On Executive Compensation

The Compensation Committee of our Board has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K with management, and based on such review and discussions, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this proxy statement.

Submitted by the Compensation Committee:

Richard A. Pattarozzi Harold J. Bouillion James M. Funk Justin L. Sullivan

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Executive Officer Compensation

The following table summarizes the compensation Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and our three other highest paid executive officers for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

Summary Compensation Table

Non-

					Equity Incentive All										
ne and Principal Position	Year	Salary	I	Bonus(1)	A	Stock wards(2)		Option wards(3)	Cor	Plan npensat@		Other pensation(4))	Total	
nce E. Hall Chairman, ef Executive Officer	2006	\$ 571,000	\$	675,000	\$	122,583	\$	259,176	\$	525,000	\$	67,214(5)	\$	2,219,9	
neth L. Blanchard ident, Chief Operating cer	2006	\$ 356,846	\$	162,000	\$	229,027	\$	125,560	\$	325,000	\$	29,323	\$	1,227,7	
ert S. Taylor ef Financial Officer, cutive Vice President, surer	2006	\$ 285,385	\$	125,000	\$	38,954	\$	100,339	\$	250,000	\$	20,207	\$	819,8	
atrick Bernard or Executive President	2006	\$ 220,615	\$	90,000	\$	24,522	\$	61,305	\$	210,000	\$	23,013	\$	629,4	
ny R. Young cutive Vice President	2006	\$ 217,077	\$	75,000	\$	24,313	\$	53,914	\$	210,000	\$	25,744	\$	606,0	

- (1) Represents the discretionary portion of the annual incentive bonus awards made to our named executive officers for 2006. The remaining portion of each officer s annual incentive bonus for 2006 is reported under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation, and represents payments based on achievement of pre-established performance targets for 2006.
- (2) The amounts included represent the compensation cost we recognized in 2006 related to restricted stock awards, as described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R. For a discussion of valuation assumptions, see Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. Please see the Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table for more information regarding the stock awards we granted in 2006.
- (3) The amounts included represent the compensation cost we recognized in 2006 related to stock option awards, as described in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R. For a discussion of valuation assumptions, see Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. Please see the Grants of Plan-Based Awards Table for more information regarding the option awards we granted in 2006.

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(4) Includes (i) matching contributions to the Company s 401(k) plan, (ii) premium payments for hospitalization and health insurance, (iii) premium payments for a long-term disability insurance plan, which premium payments are attributable to benefits in excess of those benefits provided generally for other employees, (iv) premium payments for life insurance policies, and (v) the value of perquisites, namely, payments under the Exec-U-Care program, the provision of an automobile to our executives, either through an automobile allowance or use of a Company owned or leased vehicle, and Mr. Hall s use of the corporate airplane, as set forth below:

Hospitalization														Use of	
Name	401(k) Plan				Long-Term Disability			Life urance	Exe	c-U-Care	Au	tomobile	Company Airplane		
Mr. Hall	\$	5,500	\$	5,336	\$	2,582	\$	768	\$	3,278	\$	10,493	\$	39,257	
Mr. Blanchard	\$	5,500	\$	5,336	\$	1,614	\$	768	\$	9856	\$	6,248		N/A	
Mr. Taylor	\$	5,500	\$	5,336	\$	1,294	\$	768	\$	1,071	\$	6,238		N/A	
Mr. Bernard	\$	4,740	\$	4,496	\$	996	\$	768	\$	2,413	\$	9,600		N/A	
Mr. Young	\$	5,500	\$	4,496	\$	979	\$	768	\$	6,190	\$	7,811		N/A	

(5) Mr. Hall is allowed to use a corporate airplane for personal travel. We calculate the aggregate incremental cost of Mr. Hall s personal use by multiplying the number of hours of personal use by the hourly cost to operate the plane, adding in incidental expenses. Mr. Hall reimburses us for his personal travel on the corporate airplane in an amount equal to the cost of a first class, nonrefundable ticket to his destination. Mr. Hall also reimburses us for any incidental expenses incurred during his personal travel, such as baggage handling fees at the airport and meals for the pilots. The \$39,257 included in All Other Compensation represents the difference between the aggregate incremental cost to us of Mr. Hall s personal use of the airplane and the amount reimbursed by Mr. Hall.

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The following table presents additional information regarding stock and option awards, as well as non-equity incentive plan awards granted to our named executive officers during the year ended December 31, 2006.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards During Fiscal 2006

All Other All Other

		No. of Units Granted Under Non-Equity		imated Future Pa er Non-Equity In	•	Stock Awards: Number of Shares	Option Awards: Number of Securities	Exercise or Base Price of	Grant l Fair Va
	Grant	Incentive		Plan Awards(1))		Underlying	Option	and
ne	Date	Plan Awards	Threshold	Target	Maximum	or Units(3)	Options(3)	Awards	Optio Awar
nce E.									
	02/23/06	7,875(2)	\$ 131,250(1) 393,750	\$ 262,500(1) 787,500	\$ 525,000(1) 1,575,000		75 400	¢ 24.00	ф 0 72 1
	02/23/06 02/23/06	14 012 5(2)	700 (25	1 401 250	2 002 500	15,756	75,400	\$ 24.99	\$ 873,1 393,7
	12/14/06 12/14/06 12/14/06	14,012.5(2)	700,625	1,401,250	2,802,500	19,631	45,436	35.69	700,6 700,6
neth									
chard	02/23/06	3,250(2)	\$ 81,250(1) 162,500	\$ 162,500(1) 325,000	\$ 325,000(1) 650,000				
	02/23/06 02/23/06	- 1 - 12				6,503	31,200	\$ 24.99	\$ 361,2 162,5
	12/14/06 12/14/06 12/14/06	6,475(2)	323,750	647,500	1,295,000	9,071	20,995	35.69	323,7 323,7
ert S.									
or	02/23/06	2,500(2)	\$ 62,500(1) 125,000	\$ 125,000(1) 250,000	\$ 250,000(1) 500,000				
	02/23/06 02/23/06	4.500(2)	225 000	450.000	000 000	5,002	24,000	\$ 24.99	\$ 277,9 125,0
	12/14/06 12/14/06 12/14/06	4,500(2)	225,000	450,000	900,000	6,304	14,591	35.69	224,9 224,9
atrick									
ard			\$ 52,500(1)	\$ 105,000(1)	\$ 210,000(1)				

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02/23/06	1,575(2)	78,750		157,500		315,000				
02/23/06								15,000	\$ 24.99	\$ 173,7
02/23/06							3,151			78,7
12/14/06	2,812.5(2)	140,625		281,250		562,500				
12/14/06								9,120	35.69	140,6
12/14/06							3,940			140,6
		\$ 52,500(1)	¢	105,000(1)	¢	210,000(1)				
02/23/06	1,575(2)	\$ 52,500(1) 78,750	\$	157,500	\$	315,000				
02/23/06	1,373(2)	70,730		137,300		313,000		15,000	\$ 24.99	\$ 173,7
02/23/06							3,151			78,7
12/14/06	2,530(2)	126,500		253,000		506,000				
12/14/06								8,204	35.69	126,5
12/14/06							3,544			126,4

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⁽¹⁾ The amounts shown reflect possible payments under our annual incentive bonus program for fiscal year 2006, under which the named executive officers were eligible to receive a cash bonus based on a target percentage of base salary. The amounts actually paid to the named executive officers for 2006 pursuant to this program are reflected in the Summary Compensation Table herein. Please see the Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis Annual Incentive Bonus for more information regarding this program and the related performance measures.

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- (2) The amounts shown reflect grants of performance share units (PSUs) under our 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. The PSUs have a three year performance period. The performance period for the PSUs granted on February 23, 2006 is January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2008, and the performance period for the PSUs granted on December 14, 2006 is January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2009. Please see the Executive Compensation Compensation Discussion and Analysis Long-Term Incentives for more information regarding the PSUs.
- (3) The stock options and shares of restricted stock were granted under our 2005 Stock Incentive Plan. The restricted stock granted in February vests in one-third annual increments beginning on February 23, 2007. The restricted stock granted in December vests in one-third annual increments, beginning January 1, 2008.

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The following table illustrates the outstanding equity awards held by our named executive officers as of December 31, 2006.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

		Option A	Awards		Stock Awards					
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested(1)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested(2)				
Name	Excicisable	Chexereisable	THE	Date	v esteu(1)	V Cstcu(2)				
Terence E. Hall	105,000 288,617 490,000 188,500	75,400(3)	\$ 9.31 8.25 10.66 17.46 24.99	04/04/2011 07/11/2011 08/10/2014 06/24/2015 02/23/2016	35,387	\$ 1,156,447				
		45,436(4)	35.69	12/14/2016						
Kenneth L. Blanchard	47,000 65,000		\$ 9.31 9.46	04/04/2011 06/06/2012	39,574	\$ 1,293,278				
	70,000 200,000 78,000		8.77 10.66 17.46	03/19/2013 08/10/2014 06/24/2015						
		31,200(3) 20,995(4)	24.99 35.69							
Robert S. Taylor	65,000 55,000 70,000		\$ 9.31 9.46 8.77	04/04/2011 06/06/2012 03/19/2013	11,306	\$ 369,480				
	150,000 60,000	24,000(3)	10.66 17.46 24.99	08/10/2014 06/24/2015 02/23/2016						
		14,591(4)	35.69	12/14/2016						
A. Patrick Bernard	15,000 100,000 37,500	, , ,	\$ 9.85 10.66 17.46	07/03/2013 08/10/2014 06/24/2015	7,091	\$ 231,734				
D. D.V		15,000(3) 9,120(4)	24.99 35.69	02/23/2016 12/14/2016	((05	Ф. 210.702				
Danny R. Young	15,000 10,000 10,000 100,000 37,500		\$ 8.35 9.46 8.77 10.66 17.46	01/07/2012 06/06/2012 03/19/2013 08/10/2014 06/24/2015	6,695	\$ 218,793				
	27,200	15,000(3) 8,204(4)	24.99 35.69	02/23/2016 12/14/2016						

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(1) The shares of restricted stock held by our named executive officers vest as follows:

Name	Total Unvested Restricted Stock	Vesting Schedule
Mr. Hall	35,387	5,252 shares vesting on each of 2/23/07, 2/23/08 and 2/23/09 6,543 shares vesting on each of 1/1/08 and 1/1/09, and 6,545 shares vesting on 1/1/10
Mr. Blanchard	39,574	8,000 shares vesting on each of 1/2/07 and 1/2/08 2,168 shares vesting on each of 2/23/07 and 2/23/09, and 2,167 shares vesting on 2/23/08 3,023 shares vesting on each of 1/1/08 and 1/1/09, and 3,025 shares vesting on 1/1/10
Mr. Taylor	11,306	1,668 shares vesting 2/23/07, and 1,667 vesting on each of 2/23/08 and 2/23/09 2,101 shares vesting on each of 1/1/08 and 1/1/09, and 2,102 shares vesting on 1/1/10
Mr. Bernard	7,091	1,051 shares vesting 2/23/07, and 1,050 vesting on each of 2/23/08 and 2/23/09 1,313 shares vesting on each of 1/1/08 and 1/1/09, and 1,314 shares vesting on 1/1/10
Mr. Young	6,695	1,051 shares vesting 2/23/07, and 1050 vesting on each of 2/23/08 and 2/23/09 1,181 shares vesting on each of 1/1/08 and 1/1/09, and 1,182 shares vesting on 1/1/10

- (2) Based on the closing price of our common stock on December 29, 2006 (\$32.68), as reported on the New York Stock Exchange.
- (3) Options vest in equal annual increments on February 23, 2007, 2008 and 2009.
- (4) Options vest in equal annual increments on December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009.

The following table provides information regarding the value realized by our named executive officers upon the vesting of restricted stock awards during the year ended December 31, 2006. None of our named executive officers exercised stock options during 2006.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested in 2006

Stock Awards

	Number of Shares Acquired on		ue Realized
Name	Vesting	OI	n Vesting
Terence E. Hall Kenneth L. Blanchard Robert S. Taylor A. Patrick Bernard Danny R. Young	8,000	\$	168,400

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The following table summarizes the compensation our named executive officers have deferred under our Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan.

Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation for Fiscal 2006

	xecutive tributions	Registrant Contributions	Aggregate Earnings in Last FY		Aggregate	Aggregate Balance at 12/31/06(2)	
Name	in ast FY(1)	in Last FY			Withdrawals/ Distributions		
Terence E. Hall	\$ 300,000	0	\$	69,052	0	\$	632,907
Kenneth L. Blanchard	\$ 355,972	0	\$	85,609	0	\$	733,986
Robert S. Taylor	\$ 268,359						