

MACATAWA BANK CORP
Form 10-Q
May 09, 2008

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008

OR

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 000-25927

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
(Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter)

Michigan
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

38-3391345
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

10753 Macatawa Drive, Holland, Michigan 49424

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (616) 820-1444

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

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The number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 17,021,586 shares of the Company's Common Stock (no par value) were outstanding as of May 8, 2008.

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Part I Financial Information**Item 1.**

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
 As of March 31, 2008 (unaudited) and December 31, 2007

| (dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$ 41,697 | \$ 49,816 |
| Securities available for sale | 196,785 | 201,498 |
| Securities held to maturity | 1,915 | 1,917 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank stock | 12,275 | 12,275 |
| Loans held for sale | 2,341 | 3,127 |
| Total loans | 1,764,377 | 1,750,632 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (31,954) | (33,422) |
| Net loans | 1,732,423 | 1,717,210 |
| Premises and equipment - net | 64,144 | 64,564 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 9,304 | 10,003 |
| Goodwill | 25,919 | 25,919 |
| Acquisition intangibles | 2,911 | 3,023 |
| Bank-owned life insurance | 22,916 | 22,703 |
| Other assets | 26,583 | 17,911 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,139,213 | \$ 2,129,966 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Deposits | | |
| Noninterest-bearing | \$ 169,662 | \$ 185,681 |
| Interest-bearing | 1,400,766 | 1,337,872 |
| Total deposits | 1,570,428 | 1,523,553 |
| Federal funds purchased | 17,372 | 46,467 |
| Other borrowed funds | 333,776 | 354,052 |
| Long-term debt | 41,238 | 41,238 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 13,413 | 4,031 |
| Total liabilities | 1,976,227 | 1,969,341 |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Preferred stock, no par value, 500,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding | | |
| Common stock, no par value, 40,000,000 shares authorized; 17,017,028 shares and 16,968,398 issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively | 163,779 | 163,522 |
| Retained earnings (deficit) | (3,973) | (4,208) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 3,180 | 1,311 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 162,986 | 160,625 |

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| (dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 2,139,213 | \$ 2,129,966 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007
(unaudited)

| (dollars in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|--|--|--|
| Interest income | | |
| Loans, including fees | \$ 28,965 | \$ 32,457 |
| Securities | 2,185 | 2,215 |
| FHLB Stock | 153 | 158 |
| Other | 14 | 101 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Total interest income | 31,317 | 34,931 |
| Interest expense | | |
| Deposits | 11,834 | 15,238 |
| Other | 4,786 | 3,634 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Total interest expense | 16,620 | 18,872 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net interest income | 14,697 | 16,059 |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,700 | 875 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses | 11,997 | 15,184 |
| Noninterest income | | |
| Service charges and fees | 1,241 | 1,142 |
| Gain on sales of loans | 476 | 443 |
| Trust fees | 1,170 | 1,197 |
| Gain on settlement of interest rate swaps | 832 | --- |
| Other | 1,284 | 953 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Total noninterest income | 5,003 | 3,735 |
| Noninterest expense | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 6,901 | 6,129 |
| Occupancy of premises | 1,225 | 1,054 |
| Furniture and equipment | 993 | 892 |
| Legal and professional fees | 303 | 251 |
| Marketing and promotion | 357 | 317 |
| Data processing fees | 505 | 479 |
| Other | 3,307 | 2,665 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Total noninterest expenses | 13,591 | 11,787 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Income before income tax expense | 3,409 | 7,132 |
| Income tax expense | 971 | 2,297 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |

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| (dollars in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|---|--|--|
| Net income | \$ 2,438 | \$ 4,835 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$.14 | \$.28 |
| Diluted earnings per share | .14 | .28 |
| Cash dividends per share | .13 | .12 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
 Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007
 (unaudited)

| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|--|--|--|
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Net income | \$ 2,438 | \$ 4,835 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax: | | |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale | 1,869 | 170 |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on derivative instruments | -- | 256 |
| | <hr/> | <hr/> |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 4,307 | \$ 5,261 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
 Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007
 (unaudited)

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

| | <u>Common Stock</u> | <u>Retained Earnings</u> | <u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</u> | <u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u> |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| Balance, January 1, 2007 | \$ 153,728 | \$ 4,840 | \$ (1,719) | \$ 156,849 |
| Net income for three months ended March 31, 2007 | | 4,835 | | 4,835 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale | | | 170 | 170 |
| Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments | | | 256 | 256 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | 5,261 |
| Issued 14,946 shares for stock option exercises (net of 3,127 shares exchanged and including \$0 of tax benefit) | 123 | | | 123 |
| Stock compensation expense | 154 | | | 154 |
| Issued 136,936 shares for acquisition of Smith & Associates | 3,150 | | | 3,150 |
| Cash dividends at \$.12 per share | | (2,131) | | (2,131) |
| Balance, March 31, 2007 | \$ 157,155 | \$ 7,544 | \$ (1,293) | \$ 163,406 |
| Balance, January 1, 2008 | \$ 163,522 | \$ (4,208) | \$ 1,311 | \$ 160,625 |
| Net income for three months ended March 31, 2008 | | 2,438 | | 2,438 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on securities available for sale | | | 1,869 | 1,869 |
| Comprehensive income | | | | 4,307 |
| Issued 22,460 shares for stock option exercises (including \$32 of tax benefit) | 123 | | | 123 |
| Stock compensation expense | 134 | | | 134 |
| Cash dividends at \$.13 per share | | (2,203) | | (2,203) |
| Balance, March 31, 2008 | \$ 163,779 | \$ (3,973) | \$ 3,180 | \$ 162,986 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007
(unaudited)

| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|--|--|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,438 | \$ 4,835 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 966 | 797 |
| Stock compensation expense | 134 | 154 |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,700 | 875 |
| Origination of loans for sale | (33,451) | (30,104) |
| Proceeds from sales of loans originated for sale | 34,713 | 29,122 |
| Gain on sales of loans | (476) | (443) |
| Net change in: | | |
| Accrued interest receivable and other assets | (5,255) | 294 |
| Bank-owned life insurance | (213) | (193) |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 8,376 | 2,364 |
| Net cash from operating activities | 9,932 | 7,701 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Loan originations and payments, net | (20,631) | (11,475) |
| Purchases of securities available for sale | (10,512) | (2,770) |
| Maturities and calls of securities available for sale | 18,093 | 6,068 |
| Principal paydowns on securities | 5 | 82 |
| Additions to premises and equipment | (430) | (3,483) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (13,475) | (11,578) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in deposits | 46,875 | (28,225) |
| Net decrease in short term borrowings | (29,095) | (11,990) |
| Proceeds from other borrowed funds | 123,000 | 75,878 |
| Repayments of other borrowed funds | (143,276) | (258) |
| Cash dividends paid | (2,203) | (2,131) |
| Proceeds from exercises of stock options, including tax benefit | 123 | 123 |
| Net cash from financing activities | (4,576) | 33,397 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | (8,119) | 29,520 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 49,816 | 39,882 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 41,697 | \$ 69,402 |
| Supplemental cash flow information | | |
| Interest paid | \$ 16,478 | \$ 18,544 |
| Income taxes paid | 250 | 150 |
| Supplemental noncash disclosures: | | |
| Transfers from loans to other real estate | 2,718 | 1,288 |

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| (dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Acquisition of Smith & Associates: | | |
| Acquisition intangibles recorded | -- | 3,924 |
| Other liabilities assumed | -- | 774 |
| Common stock issued | -- | 3,150 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation: The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Macatawa Bank, and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Macatawa Bank Mortgage Company. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company also owns all of the common stock of Macatawa Statutory Trust I and Macatawa Statutory Trust II. These are grantor trusts that issued trust preferred securities and are not consolidated with the Company per FASB Interpretation No. 46.

Basis of Presentation: The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2008. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's 2007 Annual Report containing financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

New Accounting Pronouncements: In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement establishes a fair value hierarchy about the assumptions used to measure fair value and clarifies assumptions about risk and the effect of a restriction on the sale or use of an asset. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008, the FASB issued Staff Position (FSP) 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157*. This FSP delays the effective date of FAS 157 for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted the standard effective January 1, 2008 and disclosures have been added in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*. Effective January 1, 2008, the standard provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value and establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities. The Company did not elect the fair value option for any financial assets or financial liabilities as of January 1, 2008.

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

On November 5, 2007, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 109, Written Loan Commitments Recorded at Fair Value through Earnings (SAB 109). Previously, SAB 105, Application of Accounting Principles to Loan Commitments, stated that in measuring the fair value of a derivative loan commitment, a company should not incorporate the expected net future cash flows related to the associated servicing of the loan. SAB 109 supersedes SAB 105 and indicates that the expected net future cash flows related to the associated servicing of the loan should be included in measuring fair value for all written loan commitments that are accounted for at fair value through earnings. SAB 105 also indicated that internally-developed intangible assets should not be recorded as part of the fair value of a derivative loan commitment, and SAB 109 retains that view. SAB 109 is effective for derivative loan commitments issued or modified in fiscal quarters beginning after December 15, 2007. The impact of this standard was not material to the Company.

NOTE 2 SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of securities were as follows (in thousands):

| | <u>Amortized Cost</u> | <u>Gross Unrealized Gains</u> | <u>Gross Unrealized Losses</u> | <u>Fair Value</u> |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| <u>March 31, 2008</u> | | | | |
| Available for Sale: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities | \$ 140,938 | \$ 3,134 | \$ -- | \$ 144,072 |
| State and municipal bonds | 49,955 | 1,760 | (2) | 51,713 |
| Other equity securities | 1,000 | -- | -- | 1,000 |
| | <u>\$ 191,893</u> | <u>\$ 4,894</u> | <u>\$ (2)</u> | <u>\$ 196,785</u> |
| Held to Maturity: | | | | |
| State and municipal bonds | \$ 1,915 | \$ 58 | \$ -- | \$ 1,973 |
| <u>December 31, 2007</u> | | | | |
| Available for Sale: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities | \$ 149,021 | \$ 1,169 | \$ (145) | \$ 150,045 |
| State and municipal bonds | 49,460 | 1,056 | (56) | 50,460 |
| Other equity securities | 1,000 | -- | (7) | 993 |
| | <u>\$ 199,481</u> | <u>\$ 2,225</u> | <u>\$ (208)</u> | <u>\$ 201,498</u> |
| Held to Maturity: | | | | |
| State and municipal bonds | \$ 1,917 | \$ 45 | \$ (1) | \$ 1,961 |
| | 9 | | | |

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 2 SECURITIES (Continued)

Securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are as follows (in thousands):

| | Less than 12 Months | | 12 Months or More | | Total | |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss |
| <u>March 31, 2008</u> | | | | | | |
| State and municipal bonds | \$ 795 | \$ (2) | \$ -- | \$ -- | \$ 795 | \$ (2) |
| Total temporarily impaired | \$ 795 | \$ (2) | \$ -- | \$ -- | \$ 795 | \$ (2) |
| <u>December 31, 2007</u> | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities | \$ -- | \$ -- | \$ 37,104 | \$ (145) | \$ 37,104 | \$ (145) |
| State and municipal bonds | 1,777 | (6) | 4,479 | (51) | 6,256 | (57) |
| Other equity securities | -- | -- | 993 | (7) | 993 | (7) |
| Total temporarily impaired | \$ 1,777 | \$ (6) | \$ 42,576 | \$ (203) | \$ 44,353 | \$ (209) |

For unrealized losses on securities, no loss has been recognized into income because management has the intent and ability to hold these securities for the foreseeable future and the declines are largely due to differences in market interest rates as compared to those of the underlying securities. The declines in fair value are considered temporary and are expected to recover as the bonds approach their maturity date.

Contractual maturities of debt securities at March 31, 2008 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Held-to-Maturity Securities | | Available-for-Sale Securities | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| | Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Fair Value |
| Due in one year or less | \$ -- | \$ -- | \$ 35,248 | \$ 35,582 |
| Due from one to five years | 312 | 318 | 110,359 | 113,306 |
| Due from five to ten years | 239 | 250 | 28,844 | 29,937 |
| Due after ten years | 1,364 | 1,405 | 16,442 | 16,960 |
| | \$ 1,915 | \$ 1,973 | \$ 190,893 | \$ 195,785 |

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 3 LOANS

Loans were as follows (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Commercial | \$ 435,703 | \$ 438,743 |
| Commercial mortgage | 856,880 | 855,882 |
| Residential mortgage | 289,822 | 266,325 |
| Consumer | 181,972 | 189,682 |
| | <u>1,764,377</u> | <u>1,750,632</u> |
| Allowance for loan losses | (31,954) | (33,422) |
| | <u>\$ 1,732,423</u> | <u>\$ 1,717,210</u> |

Activity in the allowance for loan losses was as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 33,422 | \$ 23,259 |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,700 | 875 |
| Charge-offs | (4,206) | (506) |
| Recoveries | 38 | 61 |
| | <u>\$ 31,954</u> | <u>\$ 23,689</u> |

Impaired loans were as follows at period end (dollars in thousands):

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|---|--|--|
| Loans with no allocated allowance for loan losses | \$ 31,547 | \$ 17,580 |
| Loans with allocated allowance for loan losses | 84,558 | 81,440 |
| | <u>116,105</u> | <u>99,020</u> |
| Amount of the allowance for loan losses allocated | \$ 13,100 | \$ 15,831 |
| | <u>\$ 13,100</u> | <u>\$ 15,831</u> |
| | Three months ended March 31, 2008 | Three months ended March 31, 2007 |

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| | Three months ended March 31, 2008 | Three months ended March 31, 2007 |
|--|--|--|
| Average of impaired loans during the period | \$ 107,563 | \$ 10,372 |
| Interest income recognized during impairment | 685 | --- |
| Cash received for interest during impairment | 634 | --- |

Nonperforming loans were as follows at period-end (dollars in thousands):

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Loans past due over 90 days still on accrual | \$ 995 | \$ 2,872 |
| Nonaccrual loans | 74,542 | 70,999 |
| Renegotiated loans | 34 | 38 |
| | \$ 75,571 | \$ 73,909 |

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS

Deposits are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Noninterest-bearing demand | \$ 169,662 | \$ 185,681 |
| Money market | 355,875 | 337,322 |
| NOW and Super NOW | 256,919 | 273,658 |
| Savings | 43,695 | 40,119 |
| Certificates of deposit | 744,277 | 686,773 |
| | \$ 1,570,428 | \$ 1,523,553 |

Approximately \$520,656,000 and \$457,769,000 in time certificates of deposit were in denominations of \$100,000 or more at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007.

Brokered deposits totaled approximately \$207,424,000 and \$202,839,000 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, brokered deposits had interest rates ranging from 3.45 % to 5.20% and 3.65% to 5.20%, respectively. At March 31, 2008, maturities ranged from May 2008 to March 2011.

NOTE 5 OTHER BORROWED FUNDS

Other borrowed funds include advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank and securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

Federal Home Loan Bank Advances

Advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Principal Terms | Advance Amount | Range of Maturities | Weighted Average Interest Rate |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| <u>March 31, 2008</u> | | | |
| Single maturity fixed rate advances | \$ 145,000 | April 2008 to November 2010 | 4.57% |
| Daily variable rate advance | 28,000 | September 2008 | 2.25% |
| Putable advances | 31,000 | September 2009 to December 2010 | 5.80% |
| Amortizable mortgage advances | 19,776 | October 2008 to July 2018 | 3.81% |
| | \$ 223,776 | | |
| <u>December 31, 2007</u> | | | |
| Single maturity fixed rate advances | \$ 135,000 | March 2008 to November 2010 | 4.77% |
| Daily variable rate advance | 70,000 | June 2008 | 4.32% |
| Putable advances | 31,000 | September 2009 to December 2010 | 5.80% |
| Amortizable mortgage advances | 8,052 | February 2008 to July 2018 | 3.81% |
| | \$ 244,052 | | |

| Principal Terms | Advance Amount | Range of Maturities | Weighted Average Interest Rate |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 5 OTHER BORROWED FUNDS (Continued)

Each advance is payable at its maturity date and contains a prepayment penalty. These advances were collateralized by residential and commercial real estate loans totaling \$633,447,000 and \$611,055,000 under a blanket lien arrangement at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. Maturities as of March 31, 2008 were as follows (in thousands):

| | | |
|------------|----|---------|
| 2008 | \$ | 93,319 |
| 2009 | | 40,123 |
| 2010 | | 71,000 |
| Thereafter | | 19,334 |
| | | <hr/> |
| | \$ | 223,776 |
| | | <hr/> |

Securities Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (repo borrowings) are financing arrangements secured by U.S. federal agency securities. These borrowings were collateralized by securities that had a carrying amount of approximately \$117,235,000 and \$120,263,000 at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. At maturity, the securities underlying the arrangements are returned to the company.

These borrowings were as follows (dollars in thousands):

March 31, 2007

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|---------|--------------------------------|-------|
| Fixed rate borrowings | \$ | 90,000 | February 2009 to November 2010 | 4.66% |
| Floating rate borrowings | | 20,000 | August 2009 to August 2010 | 1.51% |
| | | <hr/> | | |
| | \$ | 110,000 | | |
| | | <hr/> | | |

December 31, 2007

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|---------|--------------------------------|-------|
| Fixed rate borrowings | \$ | 90,000 | February 2009 to November 2010 | 4.66% |
| Floating rate borrowings | | 20,000 | August 2009 to August 2010 | 5.72% |
| | | <hr/> | | |
| | \$ | 110,000 | | |
| | | <hr/> | | |

Maturities as of March 31, 2008 were as follows (in thousands):

| | | |
|------|----|---------|
| 2009 | \$ | 60,000 |
| 2010 | | 50,000 |
| | | <hr/> |
| | \$ | 110,000 |
| | | <hr/> |

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 6 STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has stock-based compensation plans for its employees (the Employees Plans) and directors (the Directors Plans). The Employees Plans permit the grant of stock options or the issuance of restricted stock for up to 1,917,210 shares of common stock. The Directors Plans permit the grant of stock options or the issuance of restricted stock for up to 473,278 shares of common stock. There were 637,587 shares under the Employees Plans and 165,375 shares under the Directors Plans available for future issuance as of March 31, 2008. All per share amounts and average shares outstanding have been adjusted for all periods presented to reflect the 5% stock dividend distributed on May 30, 2007. The Company issues new shares under its stock-based compensation plans from its authorized but unissued shares.

Stock Options

Option awards are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price at the date of grant. Option awards have vesting periods ranging from one to three years and have ten year contractual terms. The fair value of each option award is estimated on the grant date using a closed form option valuation (Black-Scholes) model. The fair value of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2008 was determined using the following weighted-average assumptions as of grant date. There were no options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2007.

| | <u>2008</u> |
|--|-------------|
| Risk-free interest rate | 3.14% |
| Expected option life | 6.5 years |
| Expected stock price volatility | 30.09% |
| Dividend yield | 6.07% |
| Weighted average fair value of options granted | \$ 1.35 |

A summary of option activity in the plans is as follows (dollars in thousands, except per option data):

| <u>Options</u> | <u>Number Outstanding</u> | <u>Weighted-Average Exercise Price</u> | <u>Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life in Years</u> | <u>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</u> |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2008 | 957,765 | \$ 14.66 | | |
| Granted | 114,000 | 8.57 | | |
| Exercised | (22,460) | 4.53 | | |
| Forfeited | (5,007) | 18.34 | | |
| | <u>1,044,298</u> | <u>\$ 14.20</u> | <u>6.33</u> | <u>\$ 825</u> |
| Outstanding at March 31, 2008 | | | | |
| Exercisable at March 31, 2008 | <u>685,298</u> | <u>\$ 12.52</u> | <u>5.10</u> | <u>\$ 615</u> |

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$111,000 and \$177,000, respectively.

There were no options vested during the three months ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007.

For the three month period ended March 31, 2008, the Company recorded compensation cost for stock options of \$79,000 or \$67,000 after tax, representing less than \$0.01 per share. For the three month period ended March 31, 2007, the Company recorded compensation cost for stock options of \$117,000 or \$106,000 after tax, representing \$0.01 per share.

As of March 31, 2008, there was approximately \$513,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted under the Company's stock-based compensation plans. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years.

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 6 STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

Restricted Stock Awards

Stock awards have vesting periods of up to four years. A summary of nonvested stock awards activity is as follows (dollars in thousands, except per option data):

| <u>Nonvested Stock Awards</u> | <u>Shares</u> | <u>Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value</u> |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2008 | 24,339 | \$ 18.64 |
| Granted | 26,590 | 8.57 |
| Forfeited | (420) | 19.52 |
| Outstanding at March 31, 2008 | <u>50,509</u> | <u>\$ 9.35</u> |

The Company recorded compensation cost of \$55,000 and \$37,000 for restricted stock awards for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007, respectively.

As of March 31, 2008, there was \$502,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested shares granted under the Company's stock-based compensation plans. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.4 years. There were no shares vested during the three month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007.

NOTE 7 EARNINGS PER SHARE

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 are as follows (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

| | <u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2008</u> | <u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2007</u> |
|--|--|--|
| Basic earnings per share | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,438 | \$ 4,835 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | <u>16,951,183</u> | <u>17,221,595</u> |
| Basic earnings per share | <u>\$ 0.14</u> | <u>\$ 0.28</u> |
| Diluted earnings per share | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,438 | \$ 4,835 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 16,951,183 | 17,221,595 |
| Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercise of stock options | <u>52,046</u> | <u>277,503</u> |
| Weighted average common and dilutive potential common shares outstanding | <u>17,003,229</u> | <u>17,499,098</u> |

NOTE 7 EARNINGS PER SHARE

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| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2008 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2007 |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.14 | \$ 0.28 |

Stock options and restricted stock awards for 806,143 and 364,218 shares of common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2007, respectively, were not considered in computing diluted earnings per share because they were antidilutive.

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

The Company and its subsidiaries periodically become defendants in certain claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business.

On July 8, 2003, the Company filed a Form 8-K (dated July 1, 2003) with the Securities and Exchange Commission reporting events related to a former trust customer, Trade Partners, Inc. (Trade Partners), of the former Grand Bank, which the Company acquired effective April 1, 2002. Trade Partners was involved in purchasing and selling interests in viaticals, which are interests in life insurance policies of the terminally ill or elderly. Beginning in 1996, Grand Bank served as a custodian and escrow agent with respect to viaticals purchased by Trade Partners and sold to investors. Two lawsuits were filed, one in December 2002 and another in March 2003, against Trade Partners, Grand Bank and the Company alleging that Grand Bank breached certain escrow agreements related to viatical settlement contracts. Both of these lawsuits have been dismissed although the plaintiffs reserved the right to pursue the claims in the future. A third lawsuit was filed in April 2003 by two individual investors against Grand Bank, the Company, Trade Partners and certain individuals and entities associated with Trade Partners. The claims against Grand Bank and the Company in this lawsuit have been settled and dismissed with prejudice. In May 2003 a purported class action complaint was filed against the Company. As amended, this suit alleges that Grand Bank breached escrow agreements and fiduciary duties and violated the Michigan Uniform Securities Act with respect to the investments secured by the purported class in viaticals and in interests in limited partnerships which made loans to Trade Partners secured by viaticals, and with respect to loans made by purported class members directly to Trade Partners. The Company has answered the complaint denying the material allegations and raising certain affirmative defenses. In November 2006 the court denied class certification in this case. The Company believes that the class action, if it had been approved by the court, might have involved as many as 2,000 to 3,000 individual claimants. Since that denial of class certification, nine new actions, none of which is a class action, raising substantially the same allegations as the former class action have been filed in several jurisdictions on behalf of approximately 1,300 Trade Partners investors. Management believes the Company has strong defenses and will vigorously defend the cases.

Trade Partners is now in receivership. The supervising court authorized the receiver to borrow money from Macatawa Bank to pay premiums, if needed. Macatawa Bank extended a \$4 million line of credit to the receiver, conditioned upon obtaining a security interest in the viaticals. No draws were made against the line, and the line expired during the fourth quarter of 2004.

It is possible that one or more additional legal actions may be initiated involving the custodial and escrow agent services provided by Grand Bank in connection with Trade Partners. If any such legal actions are commenced, the Company intends to defend them vigorously. To the extent any pending or future claims allege errors or omissions on the part of Grand Bank or Macatawa Bank, management believes that some or all liability, if any is proven or established, will be covered by errors and omissions insurance maintained by Grand Bank and Macatawa Bank. The Company has reported the Trade Partners matter to its two insurance carriers. Federal Insurance Company has assumed the Company's defense and has advanced a portion of its defense costs pursuant to a reservation of rights letter asserting certain coverage defenses, and an Interim Funding Agreement. Federal Insurance Company on July 21, 2006 notified the Company that it had filed an Arbitration Demand with the American Arbitration Association, seeking a declaration that based on its asserted coverage defenses its policy does not cover this matter. The Company and Federal Insurance Company have agreed to defer any proceedings with respect to this Arbitration Demand. The Company believes that Federal Insurance Company is obligated to provide coverage, and the Company intends to vigorously pursue its rights under the insurance policy. The other carrier has taken the position that the duty of defense rests solely with the first carrier, and reserves its rights with respect to indemnity.

The legal actions involving Trade Partners have not progressed to trial and the outcome of such actions is uncertain. While we are therefore unable to determine at this time whether or to what extent these actions may impact the Company, the Company believes it has strong defenses and fully intends to defend any and all such actions vigorously.

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 INTEREST RATE SWAPS

The Company entered into five interest rate swap agreements (i.e. swaps) during 2002, 2003 and 2004, each with a notional amount of \$20,000,000. A large portion of the Company's assets are loans on which the interest rates are variable. The Company entered into these swaps to convert the variable rate interest cash inflows on certain of its loans to fixed rates of interest. These swaps paid interest to the Company at a fixed rate and required interest payments from the Company at a variable rate.

At December 31, 2007, the Company determined that accounting for these swaps as cash flow hedges was not appropriate. Accordingly, changes in fair value of these swaps are reported in noninterest income rather than other comprehensive income.

In February of 2008, the Company chose to terminate all of its outstanding swaps, which had a total notional amount of \$60,000,000. The Company realized a gain of approximately \$832,000 associated with their settlements which was included in noninterest income.

At December 31, 2007, outstanding swaps with a notional amount of \$60,000,000 had weighted average pay rates of 7.25%, weighted average receive rates of 6.65% and a weighted average maturity of 1.5 years. These swaps had a fair value of \$288,000 which was reported in noninterest income.

NOTE 10 REGULATORY MATTERS

The Company and the Bank are subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines and prompt corrective action regulations involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors, and the regulators can lower classifications in certain cases. Failure to meet various capital requirements can initiate regulatory action that could have a direct material effect on the financial statements.

The prompt corrective action regulations provide five classifications, including well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If the Bank is only adequately capitalized, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits; and if the Bank is undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and plans for capital restoration are required.

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 10 REGULATORY MATTERS (Continued)

At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, actual capital levels and minimum required levels were (in thousands):

| | Actual | | Minimum Required For Capital Adequacy Purposes | | To Be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations | |
|--|------------|-------|--|-------|--|-------|
| | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio |
| <u>March 31, 2008</u> | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Consolidated | \$ 195,377 | 10.7% | \$ 146,384 | 8.0% | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | 193,660 | 10.6 | 146,168 | 8.0 | \$ 182,710 | 10.0 |
| Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Consolidated | 172,392 | 9.4 | 73,192 | 4.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | 170,709 | 9.3 | 73,084 | 4.0 | 109,626 | 6.0 |
| Tier 1 capital (to average assets) | | | | | | |
| Consolidated | 172,392 | 8.3 | 83,415 | 4.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | 170,709 | 8.2 | 83,316 | 4.0 | 104,146 | 5.0 |

December 31, 2007

| | | | | | | |
|--|------------|-------|------------|------|------------|------|
| Total capital (to risk weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Consolidated | \$ 194,362 | 10.7% | \$ 145,898 | 8.0% | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | 192,677 | 10.6 | 145,715 | 8.0 | \$ 182,143 | 10.0 |
| Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Consolidated | 171,434 | 9.4 | 72,949 | 4.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | 169,778 | 9.3 | 72,857 | 4.0 | 109,286 | 6.0 |
| Tier 1 capital (to average assets) | | | | | | |
| Consolidated | 171,434 | 8.3 | 82,850 | 4.0 | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | 169,778 | 8.2 | 82,754 | 4.0 | 103,443 | 5.0 |

The Bank was categorized as well capitalized at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. There are no conditions or events since March 31, 2008 that management believes have changed its category.

NOTE 11 FAIR VALUE

Statement 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing and asset or liability.

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MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 (Unaudited)

NOTE 11 FAIR VALUE (continued)

The fair values of securities available for sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used to in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

Securities available for sale, the only assets the Company measures at fair value on a recurring basis, are summarized below (in thousands):

Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2008 Using

| March 31, 2008 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|---|--|---|--|
| Assets: | | | |
| Available for sale securities | \$ 196,785 | \$ --- | \$ 196,785 |
| <u>Assets and Liabilities Measured on a Non-Recurring Basis</u> | | | |

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below (in thousands):

Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2008 Using

| March 31, 2008 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Assets: | | | |
| Impaired loans | \$ 84,558 | \$ --- | \$ 84,558 |

The following represent impairment charges recognized during the period:

Impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral dependent loans, had a carrying amount of \$84.6 million, with a valuation allowance of \$13.1 million, resulting in an additional provision for loan losses of approximately \$301,000 for the period.

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

Macatawa Bank Corporation is a Michigan corporation and is the holding company for a wholly owned subsidiary, Macatawa Bank and for two trusts, Macatawa Statutory Trust I and Macatawa Statutory Trust II. Macatawa Bank Corporation is a financial holding company pursuant to Title I of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act. Macatawa Bank is a Michigan chartered bank with depository accounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The bank operates twenty-six branch offices and a lending and operational service facility, providing a full range of commercial and consumer banking and trust and brokerage services in Kent County, Ottawa County, and northern Allegan County, Michigan. Macatawa Statutory Trusts I and II are grantor trusts and issued \$20.0 million each of pooled trust preferred securities. These trusts are not consolidated in the Corporation's financial statements. For further information regarding consolidation, see the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

Since opening in November of 1997, Macatawa Bank has experienced substantial growth. We believe that growth in core deposits is key to our long-term success and is our primary funding source for asset growth. Establishing a branching network in our markets has been of high importance in order to facilitate this core deposit growth. We have gained community awareness and acceptance in our markets through our expanding branch network and high quality service standards.

The West Michigan markets within which we operate continue to provide expansion opportunities for us. We opened our twenty-sixth branch in Cascade on the east side of the greater Grand Rapids area during the second quarter of 2007. Because of the significance of the greater Grand Rapids market and the great opportunity for market share growth, we anticipate additional branch openings in this market. We also continue to enjoy success in building new and existing relationships in both our Holland/Zeeland and Grand Haven markets. We anticipate that we will continue to experience long-term growth in our balance sheet and in our earnings due to these expansion opportunities.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Summary: Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 was \$2.4 million, a decrease of 50% as compared to first quarter 2007 net income of \$4.8 million. Earnings per share on a diluted basis were \$0.14 for the first quarter of 2008 compared to \$0.28 for the same period in 2007.

The decrease in net income for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the same period in the prior year was primarily due to increases in the provision for loan losses, a decrease in net interest income and an increase in noninterest expense partially offset by an increase in noninterest income.

Net Interest Income: Net interest income totaled \$14.7 million for the first quarter of 2008, a decrease of \$1.4 million, or 8%, as compared to the first quarter of 2007. The decrease was primarily from a decline in the net interest margin partially offset by an increase in average earning assets. The net interest margin decreased 36 basis points to 2.99% for the first quarter of 2008 compared to 3.35% for the same period in the prior year. Average earning assets increased \$33.4 million, or 2%, to \$1.97 billion for the first quarter of 2008 compared to \$1.94 billion for the first quarter of 2007.

The decrease in the yield on assets exceeded the decrease in the cost of funds and is the primary reason for the decline in the net interest margin.

The yield on earning assets decreased by 92 basis points for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to the same period in the prior year. The short-term interest rate cuts that began in the third quarter of 2007 caused a decrease in the yield on our variable rate loan portfolio and are the primary reason for the decrease in yield on earning assets. The impact of rising balances of nonperforming loans throughout 2007 and into 2008 resulted in a decline of approximately 20 basis points, also contributing to the decrease.

The cost of funds decreased 62 basis points for the three months ended March 31, 2008 as compared to the same period in the prior year. A decrease in the rates paid on our deposit accounts and the rollover of time deposits at lower rates within the declining rate environment are the primary reasons for the decrease in the cost of funds.

Anticipated growth in earning assets is expected to continue at lower levels than we have experienced in the past due to the generally weak economic conditions in Michigan. The 200 basis point cuts in the Federal funds and prime rates that occurred in the first quarter are expected to have a minimal impact on net interest income over the next twelve months. The Company's variable rate loan portfolio exceeds the level of variable rate funding, but the fixed rate funding portfolio that reprices over the next twelve months is expected to offset this excess.

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The following table shows an analysis of net interest margin for the three-month periods ending March 31, 2008 and 2007.

For the three months ended March 31,

| | 2008 | | | 2007 | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Average Balance | Interest Earned or paid | Average Yield or cost | Average Balance | Interest Earned or paid | Average Yield or cost |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | | |
| <u>Assets</u> | | | | | | |
| Taxable securities | \$ 145,128 | \$ 1,643 | 4.53% | \$ 150,557 | \$ 1,663 | 4.42% |
| Tax-exempt securities (1) | 51,418 | 542 | 6.48% | 52,384 | 552 | 6.48% |
| Loans(2) | 1,759,959 | 28,965 | 6.53% | 1,714,403 | 32,457 | 7.58% |
| Federal Home Loan Bank stock | 12,275 | 153 | 4.93% | 12,275 | 158 | 5.14% |
| Federal funds sold | 2,005 | 14 | 2.64% | 7,773 | 101 | 5.19% |
| | | | | | | |
| Total interest earning assets (1) | 1,970,785 | 31,317 | 6.37% | 1,937,392 | 34,931 | 7.29% |
| Noninterest earning assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | 27,752 | | | 31,217 | | |
| Other | 118,068 | | | 109,892 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ 2,116,605 | | | \$ 2,078,501 | | |
| <u>Liabilities</u> | | | | | | |
| NOWs and MMDAs | \$ 622,562 | 3,508 | 2.26% | \$ 728,378 | 6,559 | 3.65% |
| Savings | 40,961 | 57 | 0.56% | 40,588 | 58 | 0.58% |
| IRAs | 42,224 | 477 | 4.54% | 41,234 | 475 | 4.67% |
| Time deposits | 682,129 | 7,792 | 4.59% | 678,150 | 8,146 | 4.87% |
| Other borrowed funds | 338,654 | 3,856 | 4.50% | 216,227 | 2,649 | 4.90% |
| Long-term debt | 41,238 | 780 | 7.48% | 41,238 | 852 | 8.27% |
| Federal funds borrowed | 16,979 | 150 | 3.50% | 9,747 | 133 | 5.45% |
| | | | | | | |
| Total interest bearing liabilities | 1,784,747 | 16,620 | 3.73% | 1,755,562 | 18,872 | 4.35% |
| Noninterest bearing liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Noninterest bearing demand accounts | 160,525 | | | 157,455 | | |
| Other noninterest bearing liabilities.. | 6,830 | | | 5,136 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 164,503 | | | 160,348 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 2,116,605 | | | \$ 2,078,501 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | | \$ 14,697 | | | \$ 16,059 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Net interest spread (1) | | | 2.64% | | | 2.94% |
| Net interest margin (1) | | | 2.99% | | | 3.35% |
| Ratio of average interest earning assets to average interest bearing liabilities | 110.42% | | | 110.36% | | |
| (1) Yield adjusted to fully tax equivalent. | | | | | | |
| (2) Includes non-accrual loans. | | | | | | |

Provision for Loan Losses: The provision for loan losses for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 was \$2.7 million compared to \$875,000 for the same period in the prior year. The provision for loan losses increased in response to higher net charge-offs and higher levels of problem loans for the three month period in 2008 compared to the same period in 2007. The amounts of loan loss provision in both the current and prior year period were a byproduct of establishing our allowance for loan losses at levels deemed necessary in our methodology for determining the adequacy of the allowance. For more information about our allowance for loan losses and our methodology for establishing its level, see the discussion below under Portfolio Loans and Asset Quality.

Noninterest Income: Noninterest income for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 was \$5.0 million, an increase of \$1.3 million or 34% from \$3.7 million for the same period in the prior year. The increase in noninterest income includes \$832,000 of gains realized on the settlement of interest rate swaps which were free standing derivatives carried at fair value. For more information about the interest rate swaps, refer to Note 9 of the Financial Statements. We also experienced growth in noninterest income across many service offerings. Gains on mortgage loans sold and fees from deposit services, investment services, title insurance, ATM and debit card processing and reverse mortgages all experienced strong growth compared to the prior year quarter.

Noninterest Expense: Noninterest expense for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 increased to \$13.6 million from \$11.8 million for the same period in the prior year. Increases in salaries and benefits, occupancy and furniture and equipment primarily relate to operating costs associated with the opening of four new facilities in the second half of the first quarter of 2007.

The increase of \$642,000 in other expense primarily relates to increases in carrying costs associated with nonperforming assets, FDIC assessments and third party processing costs from increased customer usage of ATM and debit cards. Costs associated with nonperforming assets include legal costs, survey and appraisal fees, repossession expenses and other carrying costs. These costs increased by approximately \$353,000 for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 compared to the same period in the prior year. FDIC assessments increased by \$137,000 from an increase in insurance rates. Although we expect noninterest expense levels to generally rise with our growth, we expect efficiency to improve by better utilizing our capacity as we grow. We believe the additional capacity within our branch network will continue to provide future growth opportunities without significant additional costs.

Federal Income Tax Expense: The Company's federal income tax expense was \$971,000, resulting in an effective tax rate of 28.5% for the three month period ended March 31, 2008 compared to \$2.3 million resulting in an effective tax rate of 32.2% for the same period in the prior year. The decline in the effective tax rate was primarily due to tax exempt income representing a higher percentage of total income in 2008.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Summary: Total assets were \$2.14 billion at March 31, 2008, an increase of \$9.2 million from \$2.13 billion at December 31, 2007. The growth in assets was primarily from an increase of \$13.7 million in total portfolio loans funded by an increase in deposit balances.

Securities Available for Sale: Securities available for sale were \$196.8 million at March 31, 2008 compared to \$201.5 million at December 31, 2007. The decrease was primarily from calls and maturities of U.S. Government Agency bonds, partially offset by purchases of U.S. Government Agency bonds.

Portfolio Loans and Asset Quality: Total portfolio loans were \$1.76 billion at March 31, 2008 compared to \$1.75 billion at December 31, 2007. In recent quarters, residential mortgage loans have led our loan portfolio growth. Because of the relatively short duration of our assets, we have viewed the recent improvement in rates on residential mortgage loans as an opportunity to hold more of these higher quality loans in our portfolio. During the first quarter of 2008, our residential mortgage loan portfolios increased by \$23.5 million, while our commercial and consumer loan portfolios declined \$2.0 million and \$7.7 million, respectively.

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The slower loan growth in commercial and consumer loans in recent quarters is a reflection of the weak economic conditions in West Michigan and our interest in maintaining the quality of our loan portfolio. In particular, deterioration in residential land development has impacted both asset growth and asset quality.

Commercial and commercial real estate loans still remain our largest loan segment and accounted for approximately 73% and 74% of the total loan portfolio at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. Residential mortgage loans and consumer loans comprised 17% and 10% of total loans at March 31, 2008, and 15% and 11% at December 31, 2007.

A further breakdown of the composition of commercial loans is shown in the table below (in thousands):

| | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Construction/Land Development | \$ 334,065 | \$ 335,366 |
| Farmland and Agriculture | 32,474 | 30,371 |
| Nonfarm, Nonresidential | 460,573 | 454,764 |
| Multi-family | 29,768 | 35,381 |
| | 856,880 | 855,882 |
| Total Commercial Real Estate Loans | 856,880 | 855,882 |
| Commercial and Industrial | 435,703 | 438,743 |
| | 1,292,583 | 1,294,625 |
| Total Commercial Loans | \$ 1,292,583 | \$ 1,294,625 |

Loans for the development or sale of 1-4 family residential properties were approximately \$239.6 million at March 31, 2008, representing approximately 72% of the construction and land development portfolio. Of this total, approximately \$22.6 million was secured by vacant land, \$132.6 million was secured by developed residential land and \$84.4 million was secured by 1-4 family properties held for speculative purposes. Vacant land is land zoned for residential purposes but with no further development. Developed residential land is land that has been further developed for future residential construction, including but not limited to completed lot surveys, road work, water, sewer and other utility preparation and general land grade. 1-4 family properties held for speculative purposes are on developed residential lots and include completed residential homes or residential homes in the process of construction. The balances of these loan portfolios remained relatively stable compared to December 31, 2007.

Our loan portfolio is reviewed regularly by our senior management, our loan officers, and an internal loan review team that is independent of our loan originators. When reasonable doubt exists concerning collectibility of interest or principal of one of our loans, that loan is placed in non-accrual status. Any interest previously accrued but not collected is reversed and charged against current earnings.

Nonperforming assets are comprised of nonperforming loans, foreclosed assets and repossessed assets. Nonperforming loans include loans on non-accrual status, restructured loans and loans delinquent more than 90 days but still accruing. Foreclosed and repossessed assets include assets acquired in settlement of loans.

As of March 31, 2008, nonperforming loans totaled \$75.6 million or 4.28% of total portfolio loans compared to \$73.9 million or 4.22% of total portfolio loans at December 31, 2007.

Loans for the development or sale of 1-4 family residential properties were approximately \$55.7 million or 74% of total non-performing loans at March 31, 2008. Of this total, approximately \$2.8 million was secured by vacant land, \$38.8 million was secured by developed residential land and \$14.1 million was secured by 1-4 family properties held for speculative purposes. The remaining balance of nonperforming loans at March 31, 2008 consist of a number of commercial loans most of which are on nonaccrual and which we consider to be well collateralized or adequately reserved.

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Foreclosed assets totaled \$8.2 million at March 31, 2008 compared to \$5.7 million at December 31, 2007. The balance at March 31, 2008 was comprised of a number of real estate properties for which no loss is expected upon disposition.

The following table shows the composition and amount of our nonperforming assets:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2008 | December 31, 2007 |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | |
| Nonaccrual loans | \$ 74,542 | \$ 70,999 |
| Renegotiated loans | 34 | 38 |
| Loans 90 days past due and still accruing | 995 | 2,872 |
| | | |
| Total nonperforming loans | 75,571 | 73,909 |
| Foreclosed assets | 8,248 | 5,704 |
| Repossessed assets | 350 | 172 |
| | | |
| Total nonperforming assets | \$ 84,169 | \$ 79,785 |
| | | |
| Nonperforming loans to total loans | 4.28% | 4.22% |
| Nonperforming assets to total assets | 3.93% | 3.75% |

Allowance for loan losses: The allowance for loan losses as of March 31, 2008 was \$32.0 million or 1.81% of total portfolio loans, compared to \$33.4 million or 1.91% of total portfolio loans at December 31, 2007. Net charge-offs for the three months ended March 31, 2008 totaled \$4.2 million as compared to \$445,000 for the same period in 2007. Of the \$4.2 million in charge-offs for the quarter, approximately \$3.0 million were from impaired loans with previously established specific allowances. The ratio of net charge-offs to average loans was 0.95% on an annualized basis for the first three months of 2008 compared to 0.10% for the first three months of 2007. The provision for loan losses increased \$1.8 million to \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008 compared to \$875,000 for the same period of the prior year primarily due to the increase in net charge-offs.

Our allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level considered appropriate based upon our regular, quarterly assessments of the probable estimated losses inherent in the loan portfolio. Our methodology for measuring the appropriate level of allowance is comprised of several key elements, which include specific allowances for loans considered impaired, formula allowance for graded loans, general allocations based on historical trends for pools of similar loan types, and under certain circumstances, an unallocated reserve related to current market conditions that are pertinent to certain aspects of the loan portfolio.

Specific allowances are established in cases where senior credit management has identified significant conditions or circumstances related to an individually impaired credit that we believe indicates the probability that a loss has been incurred. This amount is determined by methods prescribed by SFAS No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan. Impaired loans increased to \$116.1 million at March 31, 2008 from \$99.0 million at December 31, 2007. The increase in impaired loans is primarily from loans associated with residential land development. Despite the increase in the balance of impaired loans, the reserves associated with impaired loans declined. The specific allowance for impaired loans was \$13.1 million at March 31, 2008 and \$15.8 million at December 31, 2007. The decline is primarily from the charge-offs recorded on impaired loans during the quarter. In addition, reserves associated with impaired loans added during the quarter were not significant considering, in most cases, the value of collateral exceeded the loan balance at March 31, 2008.

The allowance allocated to commercial loans that are not considered to be impaired is based upon the internal risk grade of such loans. We use a loan rating method based upon an eight point system. Loans are assigned a loss allocation factor for each loan classification category. The lower the grade assigned to a loan category, the greater the allocation percentage that is applied. Changes in risk grade of loans affect the amount of the allowance allocation. An allowance for these types may be established due to a change in economic conditions and trends for that type. The determination of our loss factors is based upon our actual loss history by loan grade and adjusted for significant factors that, in management's judgment, affect the collectibility of the portfolio as of the analysis date. The commercial loan allowance was \$16.5 million at March 31, 2008 compared to \$15.3 million at December 31, 2007 and increased primarily from a general migration of loans to a lower risk grade.

Groups of homogeneous loans, such as residential real estate, open- and closed-end consumer loans, etc., receive allowance allocations based on loan type. As with commercial loans, the determination of the allowance allocation percentage includes consideration of historical loss trends based on industry and peer experience as well as our historical loss experience. General economic and business conditions, credit quality and delinquency trends, collateral values, and recent loss experience are considered in connection with allocation factors for these similar pools of loans. The homogeneous loan allowance was \$2.4 million at March 31, 2008 compared to \$2.3 million at December 31, 2007. The increase was primarily related to an increase in our mortgage loan portfolio.

Deposits and Other Borrowings: Total deposits increased \$46.9 million to \$1.57 billion at March 31, 2008 compared to \$1.52 billion at December 31, 2007, primarily from institutional customers. The growth in deposits within the Company's markets was primarily from certificates of deposits and money market accounts, as deposit customers continue to prefer such accounts within the current rate environment. With our continued focus on quality customer service, the desire of customers to deal with a local bank, and the convenience of our expanding and maturing branch network, we expect further growth in our core transaction deposits.

The decrease of \$29.1 million in Federal funds purchased and \$20.3 million in other borrowed funds was largely related to the growth in deposits discussed above. The decrease in other borrowed funds was entirely due to a decrease in Federal Home Loan Bank advances.

CAPITAL RESOURCES AND LIQUIDITY

Capital Resources: Total shareholders' equity increased \$2.4 million during the first quarter to \$163.0 million at March 31, 2008 primarily from an increase in other comprehensive income. The \$1.9 million increase in accumulated other comprehensive income was due to an increase in the market value of securities available for sale, as market interest rates for similar instruments have decreased since the beginning of the year.

Net income generated during the first three months of 2008 of \$2.4 million was offset by cash dividends of \$2.2 million, or \$.13 per share. We began paying cash dividends at the end of 2000 and have increased the amount of the dividend each year since then. It is anticipated that we will continue to pay quarterly cash dividends in the future, but will closely monitor the sufficiency of our earnings relative to this dividend.

Our total capital to risk-weighted assets was 10.7% at both March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. Our Tier 1 Capital as a percent of average assets was 8.3% at both March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007. Both ratios continue to be maintained at levels well in excess of the regulatory minimums for bank holding companies. The ratios remained flat since the beginning of the year primarily because our retained earnings have kept pace with the growth in our assets.

Liquidity: The liquidity of a financial institution reflects its ability to measure and monitor a variety of sources and uses of funds. Our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows categorize these sources and uses into operating, investing and financing activities. We primarily focus on developing access to a variety of borrowing sources to supplement our deposit gathering activities and provide funds for growing our investment and loan portfolios. Our sources of liquidity include our borrowing capacity with the Federal Home Loan Bank, structured repo borrowings and federal funds purchased lines with our correspondent banks, loan payments by our borrowers, maturities and sales of our securities available for sale, growth of our deposits and deposit equivalents, federal funds sold, and the various capital resources discussed above. In addition, the Company has been approved to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago's discount window. Liquidity management involves the ability to meet the cash flow requirements of our customers. Our customers may be either borrowers with credit needs or depositors wanting to withdraw funds. We feel our liquidity position is sufficient to meet these needs.

Forward Looking Statements

This report includes forward-looking statements as that term is used in the securities laws. All statements regarding our expected financial position, business and strategies are forward-looking statements. In addition, the words anticipates, believes, estimates, seeks, expects, plans, intends, and similar expressions, as they relate to us or our management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The presentation and discussion of the provision and allowance for loan losses, statements concerning future profitability or future growth or increases, and statements about the adequacy of our capital resources are examples of inherently forward looking statements in that they involve judgments and statements of belief as to the outcome of future events. Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse affect on our operations and our future prospects include, but are not limited to, changes in: interest rates, general economic conditions, legislative/regulatory changes, monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board, the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios, demand for loan products, deposit flows, competition, demand for financial services in our market area and accounting principles, policies and guidelines. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Further information concerning us and our business, including additional factors that could materially affect our financial results, is included in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKMarket Risk Analysis

Our primary market risk exposure is interest rate risk and, to a lesser extent, liquidity risk. All of our transactions are denominated in U.S. dollars with no specific foreign exchange exposure. Macatawa Bank has only limited agricultural-related loan assets, and therefore has no significant exposure to changes in commodity prices.

Our market risk exposure is mainly comprised of our sensitivity to interest rate risk. Our balance sheet has sensitivity, in various categories of assets and liabilities, to changes in prevailing rates in the U.S., including the Federal funds rate, the prime rate, mortgage rates, U.S. Treasury rates and various money market indexes. As part of our asset/liability management process, we identify and evaluate opportunities to structure our balance sheet to maximize our earnings while balancing our liquidity and interest rate risk within established parameters.

We utilize a simulation model as our primary measurement technique in our interest rate risk management. Our simulation analyses monitors the direction and magnitude of variations in net interest income and the economic value of equity (EVE) resulting from potential changes in market interest rates.

Key assumptions in the model include the repricing of cash flows and maturities of interest-sensitive assets and interest-sensitive liabilities at current market rates, prepayment speeds on certain assets, and changes in market conditions impacting loan and deposit pricing. We also assume certain levels of rate sensitivity to changes in market rates of our non-maturing transaction deposits based upon our historical sensitivity under previous interest rate cycles, and we include pricing floors on discretionary priced liability products which limit how low various checking and savings products could go under declining interest rates. These assumptions reflect our pricing philosophy in response to changing interest rates.

We forecast the next twelve months of net interest income under an assumed environment of gradual changes in market interest rates under various scenarios. The resulting change in net interest income is an indication of the sensitivity of our earnings to directional changes in market interest rates. The simulation also measures the change in EVE, or the net present value of our assets and liabilities, under an immediate shift, or shock, in interest rates under various scenarios, as calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using market-based discount rates.

The following table shows the impact of changes in interest rates on net interest income over the next twelve months and EVE based on our balance sheet as of March 31, 2008 (dollars in thousands).

| Interest Rate Scenario | Economic Value of Equity | Percent Change | Net Interest Income | Percent Change |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Interest rates up 200 basis points | \$ 214,202 | (9.07)% | \$ 63,079 | 1.46% |
| Interest rates up 100 basis points | 230,631 | (2.09) | 62,699 | 0.84 |
| No change in interest rates | 235,559 | -- | 62,174 | -- |
| Interest rates down 100 basis points | 229,433 | (2.60) | 61,843 | (0.53) |
| Interest rates down 200 basis points | 226,403 | (3.89) | 62,472 | 0.48 |

This analysis suggests that net interest income will stay within a narrow range over the next twelve months under the differing rate scenarios. Considering the generally low interest rate environment, we have seen a shift in our loan customers' preferences from variable rates to fixed rates, while the duration of our liabilities has shortened. This has resulted in a more balanced interest rate risk position. In response to this shift to a more balanced interest rate risk position, the Company chose to terminate its interest rate swaps in February, 2008, as more fully described in Note 9 to the Financial Statements.

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We also forecast the impact of immediate and parallel interest rate shocks on net interest income under various scenarios to measure the sensitivity of our earnings under extreme conditions.

The quarterly simulation analysis is monitored against acceptable interest rate risk parameters by the Asset/Liability Committee and reported to the Board of Directors.

In addition to changes in interest rates, the level of future net interest income is also dependent on a number of other variables, including: the growth, composition and absolute levels of loans, deposits, and other earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities; economic and competitive conditions; potential changes in lending, investing and deposit gathering strategies; and client preferences.

Item 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

- (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, after evaluating the effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q Quarterly Report, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and effective to ensure that material information relating to the Company would be made known to them by others within the company, particularly during the period in which this Form 10-Q Quarterly Report was being prepared.
- (b) Changes in Internal Controls. During the period covered by this report, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Please refer to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, (Part II, Item 1 Legal Proceedings) for information concerning legal proceedings related to Trade Partners, Inc.

A lawsuit was filed in April 2003 by John and Kathryn Brand in Oklahoma state court against Grand Bank, the Company, Trade Partners and certain individuals and entities associated with Trade Partners. The complaint seeks damages for the asserted breach of certain escrow agreements for which Grand Bank served as custodian and escrow agent. The claims asserted against the Company and Grand Bank in this action have been settled and dismissed with prejudice.

In May 2003, a purported class action complaint was filed by Forrest W. Jenkins and Russell S. Vail against the Company in the United States District Court for the District of Western Michigan. As amended, this suit alleges that Grand Bank breached escrow agreements and fiduciary duties and violated the Michigan Uniform Securities Act with respect to the investments secured by the purported class in viaticals and in interests in limited partnerships which made loans to Trade Partners secured by viaticals, and with respect to loans made by purported class members directly to Trade Partners. Plaintiffs' motion for class certification was denied in November 2006. The Company has answered this complaint denying the material allegations and raising certain affirmative defenses.

Following denial of class certification in the Jenkins case, nine new cases were filed in several different jurisdictions. These complaints are identical in all material respects other than the identity of the plaintiffs, and are substantially identical to the complaint in the Jenkins litigation. None of these complaints contain class action allegations, but the total number of named plaintiffs in all the nine cases is about 1,300. The cases are: Ronald Ash, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed November 17, 2006 in the District Court for Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, subsequently removed by the Company to the United States District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma; Steven M. Adamson, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed November 15, 2006 in the United States District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma; James Lee Myers et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed November 14, 2006 in the Superior Court for Los Angeles County, California, subsequently removed by the Company to the United States District Court for the Central District of California; Frank V. Bailey et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed November 29, 2006 in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas; Eddie Elkins, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation filed January 29, 2007 in the United States District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma; William A. Giese, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed November 17, 2006 in the Circuit Court for Kent County, Michigan; Gerald Abraham, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed November 29, 2006 in the Circuit Court for Kent County, Michigan; Jorge Acevedo, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed December 17, 2006 in the Circuit Court for Kent County, Michigan; and Jose Javier Acasuso, et. al. v. Macatawa Bank Corporation, et. al. filed January 17, 2007 in the Circuit Court for Kent County, Michigan.

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The Company believes it has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend these cases.

On April 15, 2003, the United States District Court for the Western District of Michigan appointed a receiver for Trade Partners. In order to prevent or minimize any loss to investors in the viaticals sold by Trade Partners to investors, the court-appointed receiver coordinated the payment of premiums on the approximately 1,000 outstanding viaticated insurance policies in the Trade Partners portfolio so that the policies would not lapse. The receiver informed the Company that nine policies with a total face value of approximately \$1.4 million lapsed for failure to pay premiums prior to the receiver's coordination efforts. In addition, the receiver unsuccessfully contested a partial lapse totaling about \$700,000. In February 2008 the receiver reported that he had discovered that an unspecified number of group policies in an unspecified face amount had apparently lapsed prior to the receivership for various reasons, including companies that went out of business or employees who had been terminated.

On July 1, 2003, the United States District Court for the Western District of Michigan authorized the receiver to borrow money from Macatawa Bank to pay premiums, if needed. Macatawa Bank agreed to extend a \$4 million line of credit to the receiver, conditioned upon obtaining a security interest in the viaticals. No draws were made against the line, and the line expired during the fourth quarter of 2004.

The receiver received authorization from the Court in July 2005 to sell the entire portfolio, which the receiver said had a face value of approximately \$170 million, to Universal Settlements International, Inc., a Canadian company, for an amount equal to 26.58% of face value. Under the terms of the sale, payments are to be made by Universal Settlements to the receivership as policy transfers are processed by the issuing insurance companies. The receiver has reported that as of April 15, 2008 he had received sale payments of approximately \$39 million and proceeds of maturities aggregating another \$31.6 million.

The receiver on July 21, 2006 filed a proposed amended plan of distribution and related disclosure statement, contemplating a complete liquidation of the assets of Trade Partners. The plan was approved by the Court on January 7, 2007. The receiver reported as of February 5, 2008 that claims against the receivership estate totaled \$169,430,383.85, but that contrary to his earlier reports he now expected that there may be one or two additional claims in unspecified amounts that will be filed.

The receiver reported that he commenced distributions on January 19, 2007, and that as of April 15, 2008 \$46,937,479 in court-approved claims and settlements had been distributed. There may be additional distributions, but the Company does not know when they might be made or in what amount.

It is possible that one or more additional legal actions may be initiated involving the custodial and escrow agent services provided by Grand Bank in connection with Trade Partners. If any such legal actions are commenced, the Company intends to defend them vigorously. To the extent any pending or future claims allege errors or omissions on the part of Grand Bank or Macatawa Bank, Management believes that some or all liability, if any is proven or established, will be covered by errors and omissions insurance maintained by Grand Bank and Macatawa Bank. The Company has reported the Trade Partners matter to its two insurance carriers. Federal Insurance Company has assumed the Company's defense and has advanced a portion of its defense costs pursuant to a reservation of rights letter asserting certain coverage defenses, and an Interim Funding Agreement. Federal Insurance Company notified the Company on July 21, 2006 that it has filed an Arbitration Demand with the American Arbitration Association, seeking a declaration that based upon its asserted coverage defenses its policy does not cover this matter. The Company and Federal Insurance Company have agreed to defer any proceedings with respect to this Arbitration Demand. The Company believes that Federal Insurance Company is obligated to provide coverage, and the Company intends to vigorously pursue its rights under the insurance policy. The other carrier has taken the position that the duty of defense rests solely with the first carrier, and reserves its rights with respect to indemnity pursuant to a reservation letter asserting certain coverage defenses.

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As of the date hereof, except as disclosed above, there were no material pending legal proceedings, other than routine litigation incidental to the business of banking to which we or any of our subsidiaries are a party of or which any of our properties are the subject.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors applicable to the Company from those disclosed in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

On May 17, 2007, the Corporation announced a repurchase plan that authorized share repurchases of up to \$30 million of the Corporation's common stock. The Corporation did not repurchase any shares of its common stock in open market under the repurchase plan during the first quarter of 2008. The Corporation has remaining authority to repurchase up to \$26,103,695 of market value of its common stock under the repurchase plan.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities. None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders. None.

Item 5. Other Information. None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- 31.1 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer of Macatawa Bank Corporation pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certificate of the Chief Financial Officer of Macatawa Bank Corporation pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certificate of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of Macatawa Bank Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008, to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MACATAWA BANK CORPORATION

/s/ Benj. A. Smith, III

Benj. A. Smith, III
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Jon W. Swets

Jon W. Swets
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

DATE: May 8, 2008

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EXHIBIT INDEX

| <u>Exhibit</u> | <u>Description</u> |
|----------------|---|
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