COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORP /PA Form 10-Q May 13, 2005

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2005
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-18676

### **COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### PENNSYLVANIA 25-1623213

(State or other	( <i>I.R.S.</i>
jurisdiction of	Employer
incorporation or	Identification
organization)	No.)

### 900 LIGONIER STREET LATROBE, PA 15650

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(724) 539-3501

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes[X] No[]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). [ ] Yes [x] No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock.

CLASSOUTSTANDING AT April 30, 2005Common Stock, \$2 Par Value3,413,426 Shares

## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITIO	N	
(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	JN	
	March 31,	December 31,
	2005	2004
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 9,765	\$ 7,685
Interest bearing deposits with		
other banks	71	101
Total cash and cash equivalents	9,836	7,786
Investment securities available for sale	90,791	99,455
Restricted investments in bank stock	1,227	1,806
Loans (all domestic)	194,315	192,255
Allowance for loan losses	(1,646)	(1,855
Net loans	192,669	190,400

Premises and equipment	4,619	4,644
Other assets	16,738	16,281
Total assets	\$315,880	\$ 320,372
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits (all domestic):		
Non-interest bearing	\$ 57,898	\$ 62,284
Interest bearing	208,174	203,534
Total deposits	266,072	265,818
Other liabilities	1,526	1,944
Short-term borrowings	4,425	7,950
Total liabilities	272,023	275,712
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$2; 10,000,000		
shares authorized; 3,600,000 issued;		
3,413,426 shares outstanding	7,200	7,200
Retained earnings	39,134	38,946
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,101	2,092
Treasury stock, at cost, 186,574 shares	(3,578)	(3,578)
Total shareholders' equity	43,857	44,660
Total liabilities and		
shareholders' equity	\$315,880	\$320,372

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CO	RPORATION			
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOM	IE			
(Dollars in thousands, ex	cept per share data)			
	Three Months Ended Three Months En			
	March 31	March 31		
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>		
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)		
INTEREST INCOME:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$2,710	\$2,706		
Interest and dividends on investments:				
Taxable	1,266	1,935		
Exempt from federal income tax	34	278		
Other	4	4		
Total interest income	4,014	4,923		
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Interest on deposits	1,016	877		
Interest on short-term borrowings	16	51		
Interest on long-term borrowings	-	726		
Total interest expense	1,032	1,654		
NET INTEREST INCOME	2,982	3,269		
Provision/(credit) for loan losses	(470)	56		
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER				
PROVISION/ (CREDIT) FOR LOAN LOSSES	3,452	3,213		
OTHER INCOME				
Asset management and trust income	207	225		
Service charges on deposit accounts	127	207		
Other service charges and fees	194	193		
Security gains	-	795		

Commissions and fees from insurance sales	_	170
Income from investment in life insurance	126	139
Other income	62	61
Total other income	716	1,790
OTHER EXPENSES	,10	1,770
Salaries and employee benefits	1,384	1,740
Executive severance	-	233
Net occupancy expense	177	188
Furniture and equipment expense	181	201
Pennsylvania shares tax	138	134
Legal and professional	127	223
Other expense	725	924
Total other expenses	2,732	3,643
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,436	1,360
Income tax expense	395	308
NET INCOME	\$1,041	\$1,052
Average shares outstanding	3,413,426	3,430,376
EARNINGS PER SHARE, BASIC	\$	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

				Accumulated	
	· · · · · · · · ·			Other	Total
	Common	Retained	Treasury	Comprehensive	Shareholders'
	Stock	Earnings	Stock	Income	Equity
(unaudited)					
Balance at December 31, 2004	\$7,200	\$38,946	\$ (3,578)	\$ 2,092	\$44,660
Comprehensive Income					
Net income	-	1,041	-	-	1,041
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Unrealized net losses on securities	-	-	-	(991)	(991)
Total Comprehensive Income					50
Cash dividends declared					
\$.25 per share	-	(853)	-	-	(853)
Balance at March 31, 2005	\$7,200	\$39,134	\$ (3,578)	\$ 1,101	\$43,857
(unaudited)					
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$7,200	\$41,748	\$ (3,157)	\$ 3,746	\$49,537
Comprehensive Income					
Net income	-	1,052	-	-	1,052
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Unrealized net gains on securities	-	-	-	316	316
Total Comprehensive Income					1,368
Cash dividends declared					
\$.25 per share	-	(858)	_	_	(858)
Balance at March 31, 2004	\$7,200	\$41,942	\$ (3,157)	\$ 4,062	\$50,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (dollars in thousands)

(unaudited)

(una	auditeu)	
	For Three M	
	Ended Ma	rch 31
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$1,041	\$1,052
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net		
cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	159	195
Amortization of intangibles	24	48
Provision/(credit) for loan losses	(470)	56
Net accretion of loans and securities	(11)	(37)
Net securities gains	-	(795)
Income from investment in life insurance	(126)	(139)
Increase in other liabilities	93	9
Increase in other assets	(356)	(379)
Net cash provided by operating activities	354	10
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of securities	-	(81,953)
Maturities and calls of securities	7,168	10,184
(Purchase) redemption of restricted investments in bank stock	579	(1,178)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	-	34,861
Net (increase) decrease in loans	(1,793)	3,183
Purchase of premises and equipment	(134)	(333)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	5,820	(35,236)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in deposits	254	4,647
Increase (decrease) in other short-term borrowings	(3,525)	31,200
Dividends paid	(853)	(858)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(4,124)	34,989
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,050	(237)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	7,786	9,641
Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter	\$9,836	\$9,404
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest	\$ 1,049	\$ 1,657
Income Taxes	¢	¢
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial stat	s -	\$ -
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated infancial stat	cilicitto.	

### COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### March 31, 2005

### Note 1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Commercial National Financial Corporation (the Corporation) and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Commercial Bank & Trust of PA, formerly known as Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania, and Commercial National Insurance Services, Inc (CNIS). In December 2002, CNIS acquired The Gooder Agency Inc., (Gooder) which was subsequently sold in

2004. In July 2003, the Bank's application to convert to a Pennsylvania state chartered bank was approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Banking (PDOB), and the Bank changed its name to Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania. In October 2003, the Corporation's application to form a trust company, Highview Trust Company (HTC), was approved. In December 2004, the Corporation received approval from the PDOB and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to merge HTC into Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania. The merged institution resulted in a name change to Commercial Bank & Trust of PA (the Bank). With this restructuring, the trust operations of HTC have become part of the operation of the Bank. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. However, they do not include all information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2004, including the notes thereto. In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of financial position as of March 31, 2005 and the results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2005. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year.

## Note 2 Allowance for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is the amount added to the allowance against which actual loan losses are charged. The amount of the provision is determined by management through an evaluation of the size and quality of the loan portfolio, economic conditions, concentrations of credit, recent loan loss trends, delinquencies and other risks inherent within the loan portfolio.Based upon the Corporation's most recent quarterly evaluation, management considers the allowance for loan losses to be adequate to absorb losses within in the loan portfolio.

During the Corporation's first quarter 2005 evaluation, management considered the allowance for loan losses to be over allocated by \$470,000. Due to this overage, the Corporation reduced the allowance for loan losses by \$470,000. The reason for this reduction is attributed to the Corporation receiving funds from the settlement of a lawsuit against an insurer over the collateral from a previously charged-off commercial loan. The proceeds, less current year legal costs associated with such loan, amounted to \$285,000. The remaining credit is related to the receipt of the net sale proceeds of a parcel of improved real estate held as collateral for a classified loan relationship which had a specific allowance allocation. This collateral was sold in the first quarter of 2005. By comparison, the Corporation recorded a \$56,000 provision for the three month period ended a year ago. Net recoveries of previously charged-off loans amounted to \$261,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2005.

Description of changes:

(dollars in thousands)		
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Allowance balance January 1	\$1,855	\$2,462
Provision/(credit) charged to operating expenses	(470)	56
Recoveries on previously charged off loans	291	46
Loans charged off	(30)	(84)
Allowance balance March 31	\$1,646	\$2,480

## COMMERCIAL NATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 3 Comprehensive Income

The components of other comprehensive income (loss) and related tax effects for the three month periods ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows: (dollars in thousands)

	For three months			
	ended March 31			
	2005		2004	
Gross change in unrealized gains (losses) on				
securities available for sale	\$	(1,501)	\$ 1,274	
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains				

realized in income	-	(795)
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(1,501)	479
Tax effect	(510)	163
Net of tax amount	\$ (991)	\$ 316

## Note 4 Legal Proceedings

Other than proceedings which occur in the normal course of business, there are no legal proceedings to which either the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries is a party which, in the opinion of management, will have any material effect on the financial position of the Corporation and its subsidiaries.

### Note 5 Guarantees

The Corporation does not issue any guarantees that would require liability recognition or disclosure, other than its standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit written are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to secure the performance of a customer to a third party. Of these letters of credit, \$377,000 automatically renew within the next twelve months, \$32,000 will expire within the next twelve months and \$4,024,000 will expire within thirteen to one hundred and seventy three months. The Bank, generally, holds collateral and/or personal guarantees supporting these commitments. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as those that are involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The current amount of the liability as of March 31, 2005 for guarantees under standby letters of credit issued is not material.

## Note 6 Earnings per share

The Corporation has a simple capital structure. Basic earnings per share equals net income divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding during each period presented. The weighted average common shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 was 3,413,426 and 3,430,376, respectively.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

### ITEM 2. AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

Forward-looking statements (statements which are not historical facts) in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. For this purpose, any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words such as "may," "will," "to," "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "could," "would," "estimate," or "continue" or the negative or other variations there terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on information currently available to the Corporation, and the Corporation assumes no obligation to update these statements as circumstances change. Investors are cautioned that all forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainties, including changes in general economic and financial market conditions, unforeseen credit problems, and the Corporation's ability to execute its business plans. The actual results of future events could differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statements herein.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Disclosure of the Corporation's significant accounting policies is included in Note 1 to the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements contained in the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 (the 2004 Annual Report). Some of these policies are particularly sensitive, requiring that significant judgments, estimates and assumptions be made by management. Additional information is contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the 2004 Annual Report for the most sensitive of these issues, including the provision and allowance for loan losses.

Significant estimates are made by management in determining the allowance for loan losses. Management considers a variety of factors in establishing these estimates, including current economic conditions, diversification of the loan portfolio, delinquency statistics, results of internal loan reviews, financial and managerial strengths of borrowers, adequacy of collateral (if collateral dependent) and other relevant factors. Estimates related to the value of collateral also have a significant impact on whether or not the Corporation continues to accrue income on

delinquent loans and on the amounts at which foreclosed real estate is recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Management discussed the development and selection of critical accounting estimates and related Management and Discussion and Analysis disclosure with the Corporation's Audit Committee. There were no material changes made to the critical accounting estimates during the periods presented within.

## **OVERVIEW**

The Corporation had net income of \$1.0 million, or \$0.31 per share, for the first quarter ended March 31, 2005 compared to \$1.1 million or \$0.31 per share for the quarter ended March 31, 2004. The Corporation's return on average assets for the first quarter of 2005 and 2004 was 1.31% and 1.08%, respectively. Return on average equity for the same two periods was 9.32% and 8.47%, respectively.

The major item impacting 2005's net income was a credit for loan losses in the amount of \$470,000. Please refer to Note 2 for more information on this item. By comparison, first quarter 2004 net income was impacted by \$795,000 in securities gains as the investment portfolio was repositioned to increase taxable income and reduce our alternative minimum tax position (AMT). Partly offsetting this gain was severance expense of \$233,000 related to the departure of the Corporation's previous President and Chief Executive Officer.

The Corporation's largest segment of operating results is dependent upon net interest income. Net interest income is interest earned on interest-earning assets less interest paid on interest-bearing liabilities. For the first quarter ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, net interest income was \$3.0 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. The Corporation's net interest income declined in the first quarter of 2005 due to lower income on investments. The reason for lower investment income is due to lower volume of investments when compared to a year ago. Partially offsetting the decline in interest income was a decline in interest expense. The main reason for this decline is related to the elimination of long-term debt in 2004.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

## ITEM 2. AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Corporation's total assets decreased by \$4.5 million, or 1.40%, from December 31, 2004 to March 31, 2005. The decrease was due to a decline of \$9.2 million in investment securities, which was partially offset by increases of \$2.3 million in loans outstanding and \$2.1 million in cash and cash equivalents. The decline in investment securities was mostly due to cashflows from mortgage backed securities with the proceeds used to fund loans and reduce short-term borrowings. The increase in loans in the first quarter of 2005 can be attributed to improved activity in commercial lending.

The Corporation's total deposits increased \$254,000 from December 31, 2004 to March 31, 2005. As mentioned the Corporation's 2004 annual report, the Corporation had a single customer transfer all non-interest bearing deposit accounts, totaling \$5.7 million, out of the bank during January 2005. Interest-bearing deposits had strong growth in the first quarter of 2005 due to higher rates and certificates of deposit promotions.

Short-term borrowings decreased from \$8.0 million on December 31, 2004 to \$4.4 million at March 31, 2005. Proceeds from security cashflows were used pay down short-term borrowings.

Shareholders' equity was \$43.9 million on March 31, 2005 compared to \$44.6 million on December 31, 2004. This decrease is comprised of comprehensive income of \$50,000 less cash dividends of \$853,000. Comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2005 included net income of \$1.0 million and an unrealized loss on securities available for sale of \$991,000. Book value per common share decreased from \$13.08 at December 31, 2004 to \$12.85 at March 31, 2005.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

### First Three Months of 2005 as compared to the First Three Months of 2004

Pre-tax income for the first three months of 2005 was \$1,436,000 compared to \$1,360,000 for the same period of 2004, representing a 5.64% increase. The increase was the result of a \$470,000 credit for loan losses and lower operating expenses which offset declines in net interest income and other income.

Interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2005 was \$4.0 million, a decrease of 18.46% from interest income of \$4.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2004. The yield on the loan portfolio for the first three months of 2005 decreased twenty-four (24) basis points to 5.62%. This decrease is mainly related to the refinancing of residential mortgages that continued into 2004. The yield on the securities portfolio for the first three months of 2005 increased thirty-two (32) basis points to 5.54%. This yield increased due to the sale and maturity of lower yielding securities over the last year. The yield on total average earning assets for the first three months of 2005 increased three (3) basis points from 2004 to 5.59%.

Total interest expense of \$1.0 million for the first three months of 2005 decreased by \$622,000 or 37.59% from the first three months of 2004. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, interest on deposits increased \$139,000 from the same period a year ago. Due to lower volume, short-term borrowing expense was \$35,000 less in the first quarter of 2005 than it was in the first quarter of 2004. The Corporation had no long-term borrowing expense for 2005 compared to \$726,000 for the first three months of 2004. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities for the first three months of 2005 was 1.95%, a thirty-nine (39) basis points decrease from the same period in 2004.

As a result of the foregoing, net interest income for the first three months of 2005 was \$3.0 million, a decrease of \$287,000, or 8.78% from net interest income for the same period in 2004. Although short-term rates are rising, the yield curve remains flat. In this environment, the Corporation will continue to experience difficulty in booking higher yielding loans. In contrast to loans, rising short-term rates have led to higher rates on deposits for the Corporation.

The Corporation recorded a credit for loan losses of \$470,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2005 compared to a \$56,000 provision for the three months ended March 31, 2004. The credit was determined based upon the information previously provided in Note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

## ITEM 2. AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Non-interest income for the first three months of 2005 was \$716,000, a decrease of \$1.1 million from non-interest income for the first three months of 2004. The main reason for this decrease was gains of \$795,000 on the sale of securities in 2004. Due to the sale of the insurance agency subsidiary (Gooder) in 2004, the Corporation no longer has insurance sales commission income. For the three months ended March 31, 2004, insurance sales commissions were \$170,000. Service charges on deposit accounts were down due to the elimination of the overdraft privilege checking program.

Non-interest expense for the first three months of 2005 reached \$2.7 million, a decrease of \$900,000 or 25.01% from non-interest expense for the first three months of 2004. Personnel costs declined by \$356,000, or 20.46% from period to period. This decline is attributed to less staff due to the sale of Gooder and attrition in addition to lower benefits costs in 2005. Also included in the first quarter of 2004 was a \$233,000 severance expense relating to the resignation of the Corporation's previous President and Chief Executive Officer. Legal and Professional expense declined by \$96,000 as the Corporation expects to incur less holding company and loan collecting services in 2005. Other expense declined by 21.54%, representing a \$199,000 decrease. Decreases in advertising, memberships and dues, and the elimination of costs associated to Gooder, which accounted for \$87,000, were the reasons for the decrease in other expenses.

Federal income tax for the first three months of 2005 was \$395,000 compared to \$308,000 for the same period in 2004. The effective tax rates for the first three months of 2005 and 2004 were 27.51% and 22.65%, respectively. The increase in the effective rate is due to lower income from tax-free securities in 2005 when compared to the same period a year ago.

## LIQUIDITY

Liquidity measurements evaluate the Corporation's ability to meet the cash flow requirements of its depositors and borrowers. The most desirable source of liquidity is deposit growth. Additional liquidity is provided by the maturity of investments in loans and securities and the principal and interest received from those earning assets. Another source of liquidity is represented by the Corporation's ability to sell both loans and securities. The Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) system. The FHLB provides an additional source for liquidity for long- and short-term funding. Additional sources of funding from financial institutions have been established for short-term funding needs.

As of March 31, 2005, the Corporation had available funding of approximately \$184.0 million at the FHLB.

Cash inflows of \$8.0 million and \$255,000 from security calls and maturities and deposit growth, respectively were used to fund loan growth (\$1.8 million) and pay down short-term borrowings (\$3.5 million).

## OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Corporation's financial statements do not reflect off balance sheet arrangements that consist of commitments to extend credit. Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Corporation evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral, if any, which the Corporation obtains from the customer upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer or other obligor. The types of collateral obtained by the Corporation may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment and income-producing commercial properties.

Standby letters of credit, financial standby letters of credit and commercial letters of credit written are conditional commitments issued by the Corporation to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

## ITEM 2. AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table identifies the Corporation's commitments to extend credit and obligations under letters of credit as of March 31, 2005.

## TOTAL AMOUNT COMMITTED

Financial instruments whose contractual amounts represent credit risk: Commitments to extend credit