

PEOPLES BANCORP INC
Form 10-Q
April 23, 2014

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
OF 1934
For the transition period from ____ to ____

Commission File Number: 0-16772

PEOPLES BANCORP INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio

31-0987416

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

138 Putnam Street, P. O. Box 738,

45750

Marietta, Ohio

(Address of principal executive
offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number,
including area code:

(740) 373-3155

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed
since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 10,899,941 common shares, without par value, at April 22, 2014.

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PART I

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Cash and due from banks | \$41,279 | \$36,016 |
| Interest-bearing deposits in other banks | 23,405 | 17,804 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 64,684 | 53,820 |
| Available-for-sale investment securities, at fair value (amortized cost of \$598,445 at March 31, 2014 and \$621,126 at December 31, 2013) | 592,097 | 606,108 |
| Held-to-maturity investment securities, at amortized cost (fair value of \$47,599 at March 31, 2014 and \$46,094 at December 31, 2013) | 48,803 | 49,222 |
| Other investment securities, at cost | 21,299 | 25,196 |
| Total investment securities | 662,199 | 680,526 |
| Loans, net of deferred fees and costs | 1,226,506 | 1,196,234 |
| Allowance for loan losses | (16,870) | (17,065) |
| Net loans | 1,209,636 | 1,179,169 |
| Loans held for sale | 2,947 | 1,688 |
| Bank premises and equipment, net | 30,551 | 29,809 |
| Goodwill | 70,520 | 70,520 |
| Other intangible assets | 6,768 | 7,083 |
| Other assets | 30,948 | 36,493 |
| Total assets | \$2,078,253 | \$2,059,108 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Deposits: | | |
| Non-interest-bearing | \$417,629 | \$409,891 |
| Interest-bearing | 1,215,436 | 1,170,867 |
| Total deposits | 1,633,065 | 1,580,758 |
| Short-term borrowings | 68,777 | 113,590 |
| Long-term borrowings | 120,164 | 121,826 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 25,671 | 21,381 |
| Total liabilities | 1,847,677 | 1,837,555 |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Preferred stock, no par value, 50,000 shares authorized, no shares issued at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 | — | — |
| Common stock, no par value, 24,000,000 shares authorized, 11,260,232 shares issued at March 31, 2014 and 11,206,576 shares issued at December 31, 2013, including shares in treasury | 169,503 | 168,869 |
| Retained earnings | 84,058 | 80,898 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of deferred income taxes | (7,956) | (13,244) |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 602,663 shares at March 31, 2014 and 600,794 shares at December 31, 2013 | (15,029) | (14,970) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 230,576 | 221,553 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$2,078,253 | \$2,059,108 |

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Table of ContentsPEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | 2013 |
| Interest Income: | | |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$13,373 | \$11,454 |
| Interest and dividends on taxable investment securities | 4,340 | 4,215 |
| Interest on tax-exempt investment securities | 416 | 379 |
| Other interest income | 23 | 18 |
| Total interest income | 18,152 | 16,066 |
| Interest Expense: | | |
| Interest on deposits | 1,568 | 1,939 |
| Interest on short-term borrowings | 32 | 13 |
| Interest on long-term borrowings | 1,072 | 1,139 |
| Total interest expense | 2,672 | 3,091 |
| Net interest income | 15,480 | 12,975 |
| Provision for (recovery of) loan losses | 8 | (1,065) |
| Net interest income after provision for (recovery of) loan losses | 15,472 | 14,040 |
| Other Income: | | |
| Insurance income | 4,116 | 2,878 |
| Deposit account service charges | 2,111 | 2,057 |
| Trust and investment income | 1,847 | 1,702 |
| Electronic banking income | 1,539 | 1,419 |
| Mortgage banking income | 227 | 718 |
| Net (loss) gain on investment securities | (30) |)418 |
| Net gain (loss) on asset disposals and other transactions | 11 | (5) |
| Other non-interest income | 455 | 298 |
| Total other income | 10,276 | 9,485 |
| Other Expenses: | | |
| Salaries and employee benefit costs | 10,792 | 8,717 |
| Net occupancy and equipment | 1,816 | 1,858 |
| Electronic banking expense | 1,082 | 840 |
| Professional fees | 854 | 894 |
| Data processing and software | 570 | 461 |
| Marketing expense | 459 | 450 |
| Franchise tax | 385 | 413 |
| Communication expense | 359 | 303 |
| Amortization of other intangible assets | 263 | 189 |
| FDIC insurance | 260 | 280 |
| Foreclosed real estate and other loan expenses | 215 | 217 |
| Other non-interest expense | 1,762 | 1,563 |
| Total other expenses | 18,817 | 16,185 |
| Income before income taxes | 6,931 | 7,340 |
| Income tax expense | 2,148 | 2,318 |
| Net income | \$4,783 | \$5,022 |
| Earnings per share - basic | \$0.45 | \$0.47 |
| Earnings per share - diluted | \$0.44 | \$0.47 |
| Weighted-average number of shares outstanding - basic | 10,636,089 | 10,556,261 |

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| | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| Weighted-average number of shares outstanding - diluted | 10,740,884 | 10,571,383 |
| Cash dividends declared | \$1,623 | \$1,295 |
| Cash dividends declared per share | \$0.15 | \$0.12 |
| See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements | | |

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Net income | \$4,783 | \$5,022 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): | | |
| Available-for-sale investment securities: | | |
| Gross unrealized holding gain arising in the period | 8,640 | 457 |
| Related tax expense | (3,024) | (160) |
| Less: reclassification adjustment for net (loss) gain included in net income | (30) | 418 |
| Related tax benefit (expense) | 11 | (146) |
| Net effect on other comprehensive income (loss) | 5,635 | 25 |
| Defined benefit plans: | | |
| Net loss arising during the period | (1,053) | — |
| Related tax benefit | 370 | — |
| Amortization of unrecognized loss and service cost on benefit plans | 31 | 45 |
| Related tax expense | (11) | (16) |
| Recognition of loss due to settlement and curtailment | 486 | — |
| Related tax expense | (170) | — |
| Net effect on other comprehensive income (loss) | (347) | 29 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | 5,288 | 54 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$10,071 | \$5,076 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in thousands) | Common Stock | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income | Treasury Stock | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$168,869 | \$80,898 | \$(13,244) | \$(14,970) | \$221,553 |
| Net income | | 4,783 | | | 4,783 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | | | 5,288 | | 5,288 |
| Cash dividends declared | | (1,623) | | | (1,623) |
| Tax benefit from exercise of stock options | 43 | | | | 43 |
| Reissuance of treasury stock for deferred compensation plan | | | | 148 | 148 |
| Purchase of treasury stock | | | | (266) | (266) |
| Common shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan | 108 | | | | 108 |
| Reissuance of treasury stock under Board of Directors' compensation plan | (7) | | | 59 | 52 |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 490 | | | | 490 |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$169,503 | \$84,058 | \$(7,956) | \$(15,029) | \$230,576 |

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Table of ContentsPEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$10,331 | \$10,757 |
| Investing activities: | | |
| Available-for-sale investment securities: | | |
| Purchases | (33,014) | (67,397) |
| Proceeds from sales | 41,565 | 69,114 |
| Proceeds from principal payments, calls and prepayments | 15,642 | 31,446 |
| Held-to-maturity investment securities: | | |
| Purchases | — | (3,231) |
| Proceeds from principal payments | 312 | 116 |
| Net (increase) decrease in loans | (29,981) | (5,607) |
| Net expenditures for premises and equipment | (1,674) | (1,776) |
| Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned | 138 | 16 |
| Proceeds from bank owned life insurance contracts | 3,067 | 1,441 |
| Business acquisitions, net of cash received | — | (1,524) |
| Investment in limited partnership and tax credit funds | 358 | — |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities | (3,587) | (33,812) |
| Financing activities: | | |
| Net increase in non-interest-bearing deposits | 7,738 | 23,816 |
| Net increase in interest-bearing deposits | 44,601 | 12,805 |
| Net decrease in short-term borrowings | (44,813) | (15,374) |
| Payments on long-term borrowings | (1,668) | (1,756) |
| Cash dividends paid | (1,517) | (1,201) |
| Purchase of treasury stock | (266) | (31) |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares | 2 | 1 |
| Excess tax benefit from share-based payments | 43 | 27 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 4,120 | 18,287 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 10,864 | 62,856 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 53,820 | 62,542 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$64,684 | \$125,398 |

See Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

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PEOPLES BANCORP INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation: The accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Peoples Bancorp Inc. ("Peoples") and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("US GAAP") for interim financial information and the instructions for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these financial statements do not contain all of the information and footnotes required by US GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with Peoples' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 ("2013 Form 10-K").

The accounting and reporting policies followed in the presentation of the accompanying Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements are consistent with those described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K, as updated by the information contained in this Form 10-Q. Management has evaluated all significant events and transactions that occurred after March 31, 2014, for potential recognition or disclosure in these consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, these consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments necessary to present fairly such information for the periods and dates indicated. Such adjustments are normal and recurring in nature. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2013, contained herein has been derived from the audited Consolidated Balance Sheet included in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year, due in part to seasonal variations and unusual or infrequently occurring items. Peoples' insurance income includes contingent performance-based insurance commissions that are recognized by Peoples when received, which typically occurs during the first quarter of each year. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the amount of contingent performance-based insurance commissions recognized totaled \$1.2 million and \$504,000, respectively.

New Accounting Pronouncements: In January 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued an accounting standards update allowing entities to make an accounting policy election with respect to using the proportional amortization method for investments in qualified affordable housing projects, if certain conditions are met. This standard will be effective for public companies for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. Peoples will adopt this new guidance as required, and it is not expected to have a material impact on Peoples' Consolidated Financial Statements.

Also in January 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued an accounting standards update clarifying guidance for in substance repossessions and foreclosures, and requiring additional disclosures regarding foreclosed residential real estate property and recorded investments in consumer mortgage loans collateralized by residential real estate in the process of foreclosure. This standard will be effective for public companies for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. Peoples will adopt this new guidance as required, and it is not expected to have a material impact on Peoples' Consolidated Financial Statements.

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Note 2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Available-for-sale securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis comprised the following at March 31, 2014:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Fair Value | Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using | | |
|--|------------|--|---|---|
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| March 31, 2014 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$19 | \$— | \$19 | \$— |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 295 | — | 295 | — |
| States and political subdivisions | 51,668 | — | 51,668 | — |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 500,516 | — | 500,516 | — |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 26,750 | — | 26,750 | — |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 7,995 | — | 7,995 | — |
| Equity securities | 4,854 | 4,719 | 135 | — |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$592,097 | \$4,719 | \$587,378 | \$— |

December 31, 2013

| | | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|-----------|-----|
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$20 | \$— | \$20 | \$— |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 319 | — | 319 | — |
| States and political subdivisions | 50,962 | — | 50,962 | — |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 510,097 | — | 510,097 | — |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 32,304 | — | 32,304 | — |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 7,829 | — | 7,829 | — |
| Equity securities | 4,577 | 4,443 | 134 | — |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$606,108 | \$4,443 | \$601,665 | \$— |

Held-to-maturity securities reported at fair value comprised the following at March 31, 2014:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Fair Value | Fair Value at Reporting Date Using | | |
|--|------------|--|---|---|
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| March 31, 2014 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$4,037 | \$— | \$4,037 | \$— |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 36,030 | — | 36,030 | — |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 7,532 | — | 7,532 | — |
| Total held-to-maturity securities | \$47,599 | \$— | \$47,599 | \$— |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$3,929 | \$— | \$3,929 | \$— |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 34,530 | — | 34,530 | — |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 7,635 | — | 7,635 | — |
| Total held-to-maturity securities | \$46,094 | \$— | \$46,094 | \$— |

The fair values used by Peoples are obtained from an independent pricing service and represent either quoted market prices for the identical securities (Level 1 inputs) or fair values determined by pricing models using a market approach that considers observable market data, such as interest rate volatilities, LIBOR yield curves, credit spreads and prices from market makers and live trading systems (Level 2). Management reviews the valuation methodology and quality controls utilized by

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the pricing services in their overall assessment of the reasonableness of the fair values provided and challenges prices when it believes a material discrepancy in pricing exists.

Certain financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis; that is, the instruments are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis but are subject to fair value adjustments in certain circumstances (for example, when there is evidence of impairment). Financial assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis included the following:

Impaired Loans: Impaired loans are measured and reported at fair value when the amounts to be received are less than the carrying value of the loans. One of the allowable methods for determining the amount of impairment is estimating fair value using the fair value of the collateral for collateral-dependent loans. Management's determination of the fair value for these loans uses a market approach representing the estimated net proceeds to be received from the sale of the collateral based on observable market prices or market value provided by independent, licensed or certified appraisers (Level 2 inputs). At March 31, 2014, impaired loans were measured and reported with an outstanding principal balance and fair value of \$1.3 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, Peoples recognized losses of \$28,000 on impaired loans through the allowance for loan losses.

The following table presents the fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried on Peoples' consolidated balance sheets, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | | December 31, 2013 | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| Financial assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$64,684 | \$64,684 | \$53,820 | \$53,820 |
| Investment securities | 662,199 | 660,995 | 680,526 | 677,398 |
| Loans | 1,212,583 | 1,193,525 | 1,180,857 | 1,165,560 |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | |
| Deposits | \$1,633,065 | \$1,639,212 | \$1,580,758 | \$1,587,448 |
| Short-term borrowings | 68,777 | 68,777 | 113,590 | 113,590 |
| Long-term borrowings | 120,164 | 126,662 | 121,826 | 128,205 |

The methodologies for estimating the fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis are discussed above. For certain financial assets and liabilities, carrying value approximates fair value due to the nature of the financial instrument. These instruments include cash and cash equivalents, demand and other non-maturity deposits and overnight borrowings. Peoples used the following methods and assumptions in estimating the fair value of the following financial instruments:

Loans: The fair value of portfolio loans assumes sale of the notes to a third-party financial investor. Accordingly, this value is not necessarily the value to Peoples if the notes were held to maturity. Peoples considered interest rate, credit and market factors in estimating the fair value of loans (Level 3 inputs). In the current whole loan market, financial investors are generally requiring a much higher rate of return than the return inherent in loans if held to maturity given the lack of market liquidity. This divergence accounts for the majority of the difference in carrying amount over fair value.

Deposits: The fair value of fixed maturity certificates of deposit is estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation based on current rates offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities (Level 2 inputs).

Long-term Borrowings: The fair value of long-term borrowings is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis based on rates currently available to Peoples for borrowings with similar terms (Level 2 inputs).

Bank premises and equipment, customer relationships, deposit base, banking center networks, and other information required to compute Peoples' aggregate fair value are not included in the above information. Accordingly, the above fair values are not intended to represent the aggregate fair value of Peoples.

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Note 3. Investment Securities

Available-for-sale

The following table summarizes Peoples' available-for-sale investment securities:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| March 31, 2014 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$ 19 | \$— | \$— | \$ 19 |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 287 | 8 | — | 295 |
| States and political subdivisions | 50,365 | 1,814 | (511) |) 51,668 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 510,072 | 5,186 | (14,742) |) 500,516 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 27,885 | — | (1,135) |) 26,750 |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 8,513 | 2 | (520) |) 7,995 |
| Equity securities | 1,304 | 3,635 | (85) |) 4,854 |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$598,445 | \$ 10,645 | \$(16,993) |) \$592,097 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$ 20 | \$— | \$— | \$ 20 |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 308 | 11 | — | 319 |
| States and political subdivisions | 50,509 | 1,480 | (1,027) |) 50,962 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 527,283 | 5,334 | (22,520) |) 510,097 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 33,256 | 274 | (1,226) |) 32,304 |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 8,508 | — | (679) |) 7,829 |
| Equity securities | 1,242 | 3,421 | (86) |) 4,577 |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$621,126 | \$ 10,520 | \$(25,538) |) \$606,108 |

Peoples' investment in equity securities was comprised largely of common stocks issued by various unrelated bank holding companies at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. During the third quarter of 2013, Peoples also classified certain mutual funds as equity securities, which are intended for the payment of benefits under a deferred compensation plan for certain key officers of Peoples. At March 31, 2014, there were no securities of a single issuer, other than U.S. Treasury and government agencies and U.S. government sponsored agencies, that exceeded 10% of stockholders' equity.

The gross gains and gross losses realized by Peoples from sales of available-for-sale securities for the periods ended March 31 were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | March 31, 2014 | 2013 |
| Gross gains realized | \$514 | \$2,045 |
| Gross losses realized | 544 | 1,627 |
| Net (loss) gain realized | \$(30) |)\$418 |

The cost of investment securities sold, and any resulting gain or loss, was based on the specific identification method and recognized as of the trade date.

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The following table presents a summary of available-for-sale investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Less than 12 Months | | | 12 Months or More | | | Total | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | No. of Securities | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | No. of Securities | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss |
| March 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$— | \$— | — | \$— | \$— | — | \$— | \$— |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| States and political subdivisions | 12,445 | 251 | 18 | 5,440 | 260 | 9 | 17,885 | 511 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 279,545 | 9,400 | 60 | 83,715 | 5,342 | 26 | 363,260 | 14,742 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 19,556 | 696 | 4 | 7,194 | 439 | 2 | 26,750 | 1,135 |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 2,103 | 7 | 1 | 3,485 | 513 | 4 | 5,588 | 520 |
| Equity securities | — | — | — | 90 | 85 | 1 | 90 | 85 |
| Total | \$313,649 | \$10,354 | 83 | \$99,924 | \$6,639 | 42 | \$413,573 | \$16,993 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$— | \$— | — | \$— | \$— | — | \$— | \$— |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| States and political subdivisions | 15,848 | 659 | 22 | 6,180 | 368 | 10 | 22,028 | 1,027 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 310,315 | 16,709 | 75 | 57,440 | 5,811 | 20 | 367,755 | 22,520 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 19,560 | 779 | 4 | 7,205 | 447 | 2 | 26,765 | 1,226 |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 2,013 | 90 | 1 | 4,803 | 589 | 4 | 6,816 | 679 |
| Equity securities | — | — | — | 97 | 86 | 2 | 97 | 86 |
| Total | \$347,736 | \$18,237 | 102 | \$75,725 | \$7,301 | 38 | \$423,461 | \$25,538 |

Management systematically evaluates available-for-sale investment securities for other-than-temporary declines in fair value on a quarterly basis. At March 31, 2014, management concluded no individual securities were other-than-temporarily impaired since Peoples did not have the intent to sell nor was it more likely than not that Peoples would be required to sell any of the securities with an unrealized loss prior to recovery. Further, the unrealized losses at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, were largely attributable to changes in market interest rates and spreads since the securities were purchased.

At March 31, 2014, approximately 98% of the mortgage-backed securities that had been at an unrealized loss position for twelve months or more were issued by U.S. government sponsored agencies. The remaining 2%, or four positions, consisted of privately issued mortgage-backed securities with all of the underlying mortgages originated prior to 2004. Two of the four positions had a fair value less than 90% of their book value, with an aggregate book and fair value of \$0.9 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. Management has analyzed the underlying credit quality of these securities and concluded the unrealized losses were primarily attributable to the floating rate nature of these investments and the low number of loans remaining in these securities.

Furthermore, the four bank-issued trust preferred securities that had been in an unrealized loss position for twelve months or more at March 31, 2014 were primarily attributable to the floating nature of those investments, the current interest rate environment and spreads within that sector.

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The table below presents the amortized cost, fair value and weighted-average yield of available-for-sale securities by contractual maturity at March 31, 2014. The average yields are based on the amortized cost. In some cases, the issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without call or prepayment penalties prior to the contractual maturity date. Rates are calculated on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 35% federal income tax rate.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Within 1 Year | 1 to 5 Years | 5 to 10 Years | Over 10 Years | Total | |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---|
| Amortized cost | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$— | \$19 | \$— | \$— | \$19 | |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 287 | — | — | — | 287 | |
| States and political subdivisions | 350 | 4,232 | 20,099 | 25,684 | 50,365 | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 18 | 7,384 | 35,814 | 466,856 | 510,072 | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | — | — | 23,120 | 4,765 | 27,885 | |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | — | — | — | 8,513 | 8,513 | |
| Equity securities | | | | | 1,304 | |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$655 | \$11,635 | \$79,033 | \$505,818 | \$598,445 | |
| Fair value | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$— | \$19 | \$— | \$— | \$19 | |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 295 | — | — | — | 295 | |
| States and political subdivisions | 355 | 4,483 | 20,703 | 26,127 | 51,668 | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 18 | 7,574 | 34,897 | 458,027 | 500,516 | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | — | — | 22,063 | 4,687 | 26,750 | |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | — | — | — | 7,995 | 7,995 | |
| Equity securities | | | | | 4,854 | |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$668 | \$12,076 | \$77,663 | \$496,836 | \$592,097 | |
| Total average yield | 4.14 | %4.78 | %2.86 | %2.74 | %2.81 | % |

Held-to-Maturity

The following table summarizes Peoples' held-to-maturity investment securities:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|--|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| March 31, 2014 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$3,848 | \$200 | \$(11) |)\$4,037 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 37,151 | 50 | (1,171) |)36,030 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 7,804 | — | (272) |)7,532 |
| Total held-to-maturity securities | \$48,803 | \$250 | \$(1,454) |)\$47,599 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$3,850 | \$91 | \$(12) |)\$3,929 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 37,536 | 35 | (3,041) |)34,530 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 7,836 | 2 | (203) |)7,635 |
| Total held-to-maturity securities | \$49,222 | \$128 | \$(3,256) |)\$46,094 |

There were no gross gains or gross losses realized by Peoples from sales of held-to-maturity securities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

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The following table presents a summary of held-to-maturity investment securities that had an unrealized loss:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Less than 12 Months | | | 12 Months or More | | | Total | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | No. of Securities | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | No. of Securities | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss |
| March 31, 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$322 | \$11 | 1 | \$— | \$— | — | \$322 | \$11 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 23,392 | 542 | 6 | 10,624 | 629 | 2 | 34,016 | 1,171 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 7,532 | 272 | 2 | — | — | — | 7,532 | 272 |
| Total | \$31,246 | \$825 | 9 | \$10,624 | \$629 | 2 | \$41,870 | \$1,454 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$321 | \$12 | 1 | \$— | \$— | — | \$321 | \$12 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | \$31,341 | \$2,908 | 7 | \$1,181 | \$133 | 1 | \$32,522 | \$3,041 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 6,547 | 203 | 1 | — | — | — | 6,547 | 203 |
| Total | \$38,209 | \$3,123 | 9 | \$1,181 | \$133 | 1 | \$39,390 | \$3,256 |

The table below presents the amortized cost, fair value and weighted-average yield of held-to-maturity securities by contractual maturity at March 31, 2014. The average yields are based on the amortized cost. In some cases, the issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations without call or prepayment penalties prior to the contractual maturity date. Rates are calculated on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 35% federal income tax rate.

| (Dollars in thousands) | Within 1 Year | 1 to 5 Years | 5 to 10 Years | Over 10 Years | Total | |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------|---|
| Amortized cost | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$— | \$— | \$333 | \$3,515 | \$3,848 | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | — | — | 522 | 36,629 | 37,151 | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | — | — | — | 7,804 | 7,804 | |
| Total held-to-maturity securities | \$— | \$— | \$855 | \$47,948 | \$48,803 | |
| Fair value | | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | | |
| States and political subdivisions | \$— | \$— | \$322 | \$3,715 | \$4,037 | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | — | — | 504 | 35,526 | 36,030 | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | — | — | — | 7,532 | 7,532 | |
| Total held-to-maturity securities | \$— | \$— | \$826 | \$46,773 | \$47,599 | |
| Total average yield | — | %— | %2.60 | %2.74 | %2.74 | % |

Peoples had pledged available-for-sale investment securities with carrying values of \$326.0 million and \$303.8 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, to secure public and trust department deposits and repurchase agreements in accordance with federal and state requirements. Additionally, Peoples had pledged held-to-maturity investment securities with carrying values of \$23.2 million and \$21.4 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, to secure public and trust department deposits and repurchase agreements in accordance with federal and state requirements. Peoples also pledged available-for-sale investment securities with carrying values of \$15.6 million and \$16.2 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, and

held-to-maturity securities with carrying values of \$25.6 million and \$25.9 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, to secure additional borrowing capacity at the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati ("FHLB") and the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland ("FRB").

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Note 4. Loans

Peoples' loan portfolio consists of various types of loans originated primarily as a result of lending opportunities within Peoples' primary market areas of northeastern, central and southeastern Ohio, west central West Virginia, and northeastern Kentucky. The major classifications of loan balances, excluding loans held for sale, were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$55,935 | \$47,539 |
| Commercial real estate, other | 458,580 | 450,170 |
| Commercial real estate | 514,515 | 497,709 |
| Commercial and industrial | 233,329 | 232,754 |
| Residential real estate | 268,794 | 268,617 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 60,319 | 60,076 |
| Consumer | 143,541 | 135,018 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 6,008 | 2,060 |
| Total loans | \$1,226,506 | \$1,196,234 |

Peoples has acquired various loans through business combinations for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and for which it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The carrying amounts of these loans included in the loan balances above are summarized as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Commercial real estate | \$937 | \$963 |
| Commercial and industrial | 63 | 78 |
| Residential real estate | 1,183 | 1,236 |
| Consumer | — | — |
| Total outstanding balance | \$2,183 | \$2,277 |
| Net carrying amount | \$1,781 | \$1,875 |

Changes in the accretable yield for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Accretable Yield |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$1,654 |
| Accretion | (268) |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$1,386 |

Peoples has pledged certain loans secured by 1-4 family and multifamily residential mortgages under a blanket collateral agreement to secure borrowings from the FHLB. The amount of such pledged loans totaled \$264.4 million and \$259.1 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Peoples also had pledged commercial loans to secure borrowings with the FRB. The outstanding balances of these loans totaled \$107.6 million and \$113.0 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

Nonaccrual and Past Due Loans

A loan is considered past due if any required principal and interest payments have not been received as of the date such payments were required to be made under the terms of the loan agreement. A loan may be placed on nonaccrual status regardless of whether or not such loan is considered past due. The recorded investments in loans on nonaccrual status and accruing loans delinquent for 90 days or more were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Nonaccrual Loans | | Accruing Loans 90+ Days Past Due | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$96 | \$96 | \$— | \$— |
| Commercial real estate, other | 3,810 | 3,717 | — | — |

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| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
| Commercial real estate | 3,906 | 3,813 | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | 640 | 708 | — | — |
| Residential real estate | 3,931 | 3,215 | 29 | 37 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 329 | 87 | 129 | 873 |
| Consumer | — | 58 | 1 | — |
| Total | \$8,806 | \$7,881 | \$159 | \$910 |

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due loans and leases:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Loans Past Due | | | Total | Current Loans | Total Loans |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------|----------|------------------|----------------|
| | 30 - 59 days | 60 - 89 days | 90 + Days | | | |
| March 31, 2014 | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$98 | \$— | \$96 | \$194 | \$55,741 | \$55,935 |
| Commercial real estate, other | 1,342 | 568 | 1,242 | 3,152 | 455,428 | 458,580 |
| Commercial real estate | 1,440 | 568 | 1,338 | 3,346 | 511,169 | 514,515 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,387 | 15 | 556 | 1,958 | 231,371 | 233,329 |
| Residential real estate | 3,926 | 736 | 2,049 | 6,711 | 262,083 | 268,794 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 200 | 15 | 205 | 420 | 59,899 | 60,319 |
| Consumer | 468 | 134 | 1 | 603 | 142,938 | 143,541 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 30 | — | — | 30 | 5,978 | 6,008 |
| Total | \$7,451 | \$1,468 | \$4,149 | \$13,068 | \$1,213,438 | \$1,226,506 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$1,340 | \$— | \$— | \$1,340 | \$46,199 | \$47,539 |
| Commercial real estate, other | 432 | 679 | 1,249 | 2,360 | 447,810 | 450,170 |
| Commercial real estate | 1,772 | 679 | 1,249 | 3,700 | 494,009 | 497,709 |
| Commercial and industrial | 171 | 90 | 127 | 388 | 232,366 | 232,754 |
| Residential real estate | 5,445 | 1,509 | 1,452 | 8,406 | 260,211 | 268,617 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 254 | 65 | 929 | 1,248 | 58,828 | 60,076 |
| Consumer | 976 | 165 | 58 | 1,199 | 133,819 | 135,018 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 47 | — | — | 47 | 2,013 | 2,060 |
| Total | \$8,665 | \$2,508 | \$3,815 | \$14,988 | \$1,181,246 | \$1,196,234 |

Credit Quality Indicators

As discussed in Note 1 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K, Peoples categorizes the majority of its loans into risk categories based upon an established risk grading matrix using a scale of 1 to 8. A description of the general characteristics of the risk grades used by Peoples is as follows:

“Pass” (grades 1 through 4): Loans in this risk category involve borrowers of acceptable-to-strong credit quality and risk who have the apparent ability to satisfy their loan obligations. Loans in this risk grade would possess sufficient mitigating factors, such as adequate collateral or strong guarantors possessing the capacity to repay the debt if required, for any weakness that may exist.

“Watch” (grade 5): Loans in this risk grade are the equivalent of the regulatory definition of “Other Assets Especially Mentioned” classification. Loans in this category possess some credit deficiency or potential weakness, which requires a high level of management attention. Potential weaknesses include declining trends in operating earnings and cash flows and /or reliance on the secondary source of repayment. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in noticeable deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in Peoples' credit position.

“Substandard” (grade 6): Loans in this risk grade are inadequately protected by the borrower's current financial condition and payment capability or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have one or more well-defined weaknesses that jeopardize the orderly repayment of debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that Peoples will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

“Doubtful” (grade 7): Loans in this risk grade have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or orderly repayment in full, on the basis of current existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. Possibility of loss is extremely high, but because of certain important and reasonably specific factors that may work to the advantage and strengthening of the exposure, its classification as an estimate loss is deferred until its more exact status may be determined.

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“Loss” (grade 8): Loans in this risk grade are considered to be non-collectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This does not mean the loan has absolutely no recovery value, but rather it is neither practical nor desirable to defer writing off the loan, even though partial recovery may be obtained in the future. Charge-offs against the allowance for loan losses are taken in the period in which the loan becomes uncollectible. Consequently, Peoples typically does not maintain a recorded investment in loans within this category. Consumer loans and other smaller-balance loans are evaluated and categorized as “substandard”, “doubtful” or “loss” based upon the regulatory definition of these classes and consistent with regulatory requirements. All other loans not evaluated individually nor meeting the regulatory conditions to be categorized as described above would be considered as being “not rated”.

The following table summarizes the risk category of Peoples' loan portfolio based upon the most recent analysis performed:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Pass Rated (Grades 1 - 4) | Watch (Grade 5) | Substandard (Grade 6) | Doubtful (Grade 7) | Not Rated | Total Loans |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|
| March 31, 2014 | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$52,531 | \$— | \$67 | \$— | \$3,337 | \$55,935 |
| Commercial real estate, other | 436,597 | 9,387 | 11,804 | — | 792 | 458,580 |
| Commercial real estate | 489,128 | 9,387 | 11,871 | — | 4,129 | 514,515 |
| Commercial and industrial | 212,903 | 10,082 | 9,851 | 493 | — | 233,329 |
| Residential real estate | 25,847 | 2,640 | 7,541 | — | 232,766 | 268,794 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 837 | — | 1,187 | — | 58,295 | 60,319 |
| Consumer | 65 | 4 | 20 | — | 143,452 | 143,541 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | — | — | — | — | 6,008 | 6,008 |
| Total | \$728,780 | \$22,113 | \$30,470 | \$493 | \$444,650 | \$1,226,506 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$43,407 | \$148 | \$68 | \$— | \$3,916 | \$47,539 |
| Commercial real estate, other | 423,313 | 13,433 | 12,921 | — | 503 | 450,170 |
| Commercial real estate | 466,720 | 13,581 | 12,989 | — | 4,419 | 497,709 |
| Commercial and industrial | 212,193 | 6,013 | 14,006 | 542 | — | 232,754 |
| Residential real estate | 26,822 | 2,787 | 8,094 | 4 | 230,910 | 268,617 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 844 | — | 1,014 | — | 58,218 | 60,076 |
| Consumer | 50 | 5 | 24 | — | 134,939 | 135,018 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | — | — | — | — | 2,060 | 2,060 |
| Total | \$706,629 | \$22,386 | \$36,127 | \$546 | \$430,546 | \$1,196,234 |

Impaired Loans

The following tables summarize loans classified as impaired:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Unpaid Principal Balance | Recorded With Allowance | Investment Without Allowance | Total Recorded Investment | Related Allowance | Average Recorded Investment | Interest Income Recognized |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| March 31, 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Commercial real estate, other | 5,570 | 1,132 | 2,321 | 3,453 | 111 | 3,166 | 4 |
| Commercial real estate | 5,570 | \$1,132 | \$2,321 | \$3,453 | \$111 | \$3,166 | \$4 |
| Commercial and industrial | 527 | 526 | — | 526 | 526 | 550 | — |
| Residential real estate | 3,538 | — | 3,310 | 3,310 | — | 3,090 | 33 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 519 | — | 519 | 519 | — | 410 | 4 |
| Consumer | 153 | — | 153 | 153 | — | 128 | 2 |
| Total | \$10,307 | \$1,658 | \$6,303 | \$7,961 | \$637 | \$7,344 | \$43 |
| December 31, 2013 | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Commercial real estate, other | 4,970 | 1,150 | 1,729 | 2,879 | 83 | 4,586 | 6 |
| Commercial real estate | 4,970 | \$1,150 | \$1,729 | \$2,879 | \$83 | \$4,586 | \$6 |
| Commercial and industrial | 617 | 575 | 5 | 580 | 575 | 278 | 1 |
| Residential real estate | 3,498 | — | 3,280 | 3,280 | — | 2,800 | 86 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 347 | — | 347 | 347 | — | 327 | 12 |
| Consumer | 182 | — | 182 | 182 | — | 127 | 15 |
| Total | \$9,614 | \$1,725 | \$5,543 | \$7,268 | \$658 | \$8,118 | \$120 |

At March 31, 2014, Peoples' impaired loans shown in the table above included loans that were classified as troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs").

In assessing whether or not a borrower is experiencing financial difficulties, Peoples considers information currently available regarding the financial condition of the borrower. This information includes, but is not limited to, whether (i) the debtor is currently in payment default on any of its debt; (ii) a payment default is probable in the foreseeable future without the modification; (iii) the debtor has declared or is in the process of declaring bankruptcy and (iv) the debtor's projected cash flow is insufficient to satisfy contractual payments due under the original terms of the loan without a modification.

Peoples considers all aspects of the modification to loan terms to determine whether or not a concession has been granted to the borrower. Key factors considered by Peoples include the debtor's ability to access funds at a market rate for debt with similar risk characteristics, the significance of the modification relative to the unpaid principal balance or collateral value of the debt, and the significance of a delay in the timing of payments relative to the original contractual terms of the loan. The most common concessions granted by Peoples generally include one or more modifications to the terms of the debt, such as (i) a reduction in the interest rate for the remaining life of the debt, (ii) an extension of the maturity date at an interest rate lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, (iii) a temporary period of interest-only payments, and (iv) a reduction in the contractual payment amount for either a short period or the remaining term of the loan.

The following table summarizes the loans that were modified as a TDR during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

| | Number of Contracts | Three Months Ended Recorded Investment (1) | | At March 31, 2014 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | Pre-Modification | Post-Modification | |
| Commercial real estate, other | 1 | \$ 511 | \$ 511 | \$ 503 |
| Residential real estate | 8 | \$ 496 | \$ 497 | \$ 496 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 2 | \$ 47 | \$ 47 | \$ 47 |
| Consumer | 5 | \$ 64 | \$ 64 | \$ 64 |

| | Number of Contracts | Three Months Ended Recorded Investment (1) | | At March 31, 2013 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | Pre-Modification | Post-Modification | |
| Residential real estate | 6 | \$ 180 | \$ 180 | \$ 180 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 1 | \$ 25 | \$ 25 | \$ 25 |
| Consumer | 10 | \$ 69 | \$ 69 | \$ 69 |

(1) The amounts shown are inclusive of all partial paydowns and charge-offs. Loans modified in a TDR that were fully paid down, charged-off or foreclosed upon by period end are not reported.

The following table presents those loans for the three months ended March 31, 2014 that were modified as a TDR during the last twelve months that subsequently defaulted (i.e., 90 days or more past due following a modification).

There were no such loans during the three months ended March 31, 2013.

March 31, 2014

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| | Number of Contracts | Recorded Investment (1) | Impact on the Allowance for Loan Losses |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Residential real estate | 2 | \$91 | \$— |
| Total | 2 | \$91 | \$— |

(1) The amounts shown are inclusive of all partial paydowns and charge-offs. Loans modified in a TDR that were fully paid down, charged-off or foreclosed upon by period end are not reported.

Peoples had no additional commitments to lend additional funds to the related debtors whose terms have been modified in a TDR.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Changes in the allowance for loan losses in the periods ended March 31, were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Commercial Real Estate | Commercial and Industrial | Residential Real Estate | Home Equity Lines of Credit | Consumer | Deposit Account Overdrafts | Total |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Balance, January 1, 2014 | \$13,215 | \$2,174 | \$881 | \$343 | \$316 | \$136 | \$17,065 |
| Charge-offs | — | (49) | (137) | (20) | (302) | (110) | (618) |
| Recoveries | 112 | 5 | 38 | 6 | 184 | 70 | 415 |
| Net recoveries (charge-offs) | 112 | (44) | (99) | (14) | (118) | (40) | (203) |
| Provision for loan losses | — | — | — | — | — | 8 | 8 |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$13,327 | \$2,130 | \$782 | \$329 | \$198 | \$104 | \$16,870 |

Period-end amount allocated to:

| | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|
| Loans individually evaluated for impairment | \$111 | \$526 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$637 |
| Loans collectively evaluated for impairment | 13,216 | 1,604 | 782 | 329 | 198 | 104 | 16,233 |
| Ending balance | \$13,327 | \$2,130 | \$782 | \$329 | \$198 | \$104 | \$16,870 |
| Balance, January 1, 2013 | \$14,215 | \$1,733 | \$801 | \$479 | \$438 | \$145 | \$17,811 |
| Charge-offs | (566) | — | (134) | (2) | (159) | (130) | (991) |
| Recoveries | 1,374 | 17 | 116 | 8 | 104 | 65 | 1,684 |
| Net recoveries (charge-offs) | 808 | 17 | (18) | 6 | (55) | (65) | 693 |
| Recovery of loan losses | (1,050) | — | — | — | — | (15) | (1,065) |
| Balance, March 31, 2013 | \$13,973 | \$1,750 | \$783 | \$485 | \$383 | \$65 | \$17,439 |

Period-end amount allocated to:

| | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|---------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------|
| Loans individually evaluated for impairment | \$1,226 | \$315 | \$77 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$1,618 |
| Loans collectively evaluated for impairment | 12,747 | 1,435 | 706 | 485 | 383 | 65 | 15,821 |
| Ending balance | \$13,973 | \$1,750 | \$783 | \$485 | \$383 | \$65 | \$17,439 |

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Note 5. Stockholders' Equity

The following table details the progression in shares of Peoples' common and treasury stock during the three months ended March 31, 2014:

| | Common Stock | Treasury Stock |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| Shares at December 31, 2013 | 11,206,576 | 600,794 |
| Changes related to stock-based compensation awards: | | |
| Release of restricted shares | 48,621 | 11,189 |
| Changes related to deferred compensation plan: | | |
| Purchase of treasury stock | | 894 |
| Reissuance of treasury stock | | (7,910) |
| Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan | 5,035 | |
| Reissuance of treasury stock under Board of Directors' compensation plan | — | (2,304) |
| Shares at March 31, 2014 | 11,260,232 | 602,663 |

Under its Amended Articles of Incorporation, Peoples is authorized to issue up to 50,000 preferred shares, in one or more series, having such voting powers, designations, preferences, rights, qualifications, limitations and restrictions as determined by the Board of Directors. At March 31, 2014, Peoples had no preferred shares issued or outstanding.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The following table details the change in the components of Peoples' accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Unrealized (Loss) Gain on Securities | Unrecognized Pension and Postretirement Costs | Net Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Balance, December 31, 2013 | \$ (9,761) |)\$ (3,483 |)\$ (13,244) |
| Reclassification adjustments to net income: | | | |
| Realized loss on sale of securities, net of tax | 19 | — | 19 |
| Realized loss due to settlement and curtailment, net of tax | — | 316 | 316 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of reclassifications and tax | 5,616 | (663 |)4,953 |
| Balance, March 31, 2014 | \$ (4,126 |)\$ (3,830 |)\$ (7,956) |

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Note 6. Employee Benefit Plans

Peoples sponsors a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees hired before January 1, 2010. The plan provides retirement benefits based on an employee's years of service and compensation. For employees hired before January 1, 2003, the amount of postretirement benefit is based on the employee's average monthly compensation pay over the highest five consecutive years out of the employee's last ten years with Peoples while an eligible employee. For employees hired on or after January 1, 2003, the amount of postretirement benefit is based on 2% of the employee's annual compensation plus accrued interest. Effective January 1, 2010, the pension plan was closed to new entrants. Effective March 1, 2011, the accrual of pension plan benefits for all participants was frozen. Peoples recognized this freeze as a curtailment as of December 31, 2010 and March 1, 2011, under the terms of the pension plan. Peoples also provides post-retirement health and life insurance benefits to former employees and directors. Only those individuals who retired before January 27, 2012 were eligible for life insurance benefits. All retirees are eligible for health benefits; however, Peoples only pays 100% of the cost for those individuals who retired before January 1, 1993. For all others, the retiree is responsible for most, if not all, of the cost of health benefits. Peoples' policy is to fund the cost of the benefits as they arise. The following tables detail the components of the net periodic cost for the plans:

| | Pension Benefits Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|----------------------------------|--|--------|
| (Dollars in thousands) | 2014 | 2013 |
| Interest cost | \$ 143 | \$ 133 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (169 |)(165 |
| Amortization of net loss | 33 | 52 |
| Settlement of benefit obligation | 486 | — |
| Net periodic cost | \$493 | \$20 |
| | Postretirement Benefits Three Months Ended March 31, | |
| (Dollars in thousands) | 2014 | 2013 |
| Interest cost | \$ 1 | \$ 2 |
| Amortization of net loss | (2 |)— |
| Net periodic (benefit) cost | \$(1 |)\$2 |

Under US GAAP, Peoples is required to recognize a settlement gain or loss when the aggregate amount of lump-sum distributions to participants equals or exceeds the sum of the service and interest cost components of the net periodic pension cost. The amount of settlement gain or loss recognized is the pro rata amount of the unrealized gain or loss existing immediately prior to the settlement. In general, both the projected benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets are required to be remeasured in order to determine the settlement gain or loss.

In the first quarter of 2014, the total lump-sum distributions made to participants caused the total settlements to exceed the recognition threshold for settlement gains or losses. As a result, Peoples remeasured its pension obligation and plan assets as of January 1, 2014 as part of the calculation of the settlement loss recognized.

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The following table summarizes the change in pension obligation and funded status as a result of this remeasurement and the aggregate settlements for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

| (Dollars in thousands) | As of December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2014 Before Settlement | Impact of Settlements | After Settlements | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Funded status: | | | | | |
| Projected benefit obligation | \$14,723 | \$15,856 | \$(1,196 |) \$14,660 | |
| Fair value of plan assets | 11,287 | 11,369 | (1,196 |) 10,173 | |
| Funded status | \$(3,436 |) \$(4,487 |) \$— | \$ (4,487 |) |
| Gross unrealized loss | \$5,436 | \$6,480 | \$(486 |) \$5,994 | |
| Assumptions: | | | | | |
| Discount rate | 4.30 | % 3.90 | % | 3.90 | % |
| Expected return on plan assets | 7.50 | % 7.50 | % | 7.50 | % |

Note 7. Stock-Based Compensation

Under the Peoples Bancorp Inc. Second Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Plan (the “2006 Equity Plan”), Peoples may grant, among other awards, nonqualified stock options, incentive stock options, restricted stock awards, stock appreciation rights and unrestricted share awards to employees and non-employee directors. The total number of shares available under the 2006 Equity Plan is 1,081,260. The maximum number of shares that can be issued for incentive stock options is 800,000 shares. Prior to 2007, Peoples granted nonqualified and incentive stock options to employees and nonqualified stock options to non-employee directors under the 2006 Equity Plan and predecessor plans. Since February 2007, Peoples has granted a combination of restricted shares and stock appreciation rights (“SARs”) to be settled in shares to employees and restricted shares to non-employee directors subject to the terms and conditions prescribed by the 2006 Equity Plan. In general, shares issued in connection with stock-based awards are issued from treasury shares to the extent available. If no treasury shares are available, shares are issued from authorized but unissued shares.

Stock Options

Under the provisions of the 2006 Equity Plan and predecessor stock option plans, the exercise price per share of any stock option granted may not be less than the grant date fair market value of the underlying shares. All stock options granted to both employees and non-employee directors expire ten years from the date of grant. The most recent stock option grants to employees and non-employee directors occurred in 2006. The stock options granted to employees vested three years after the grant date, while the stock options granted to non-employee directors vested six months after the grant date.

The following summarizes the changes to Peoples' stock options for the period ended March 31, 2014:

| | Number of Shares Subject to Options | Weighted-Average Exercise Price | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1 | 57,094 | \$27.96 | | |
| Expired | 7,728 | 28.52 | | |
| Outstanding at March 31 | 49,366 | \$27.87 | 1.4 years | \$1,000 |
| Exercisable at March 31 | 49,366 | \$27.87 | 1.4 years | \$1,000 |

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The following table summarizes Peoples' stock options outstanding at March 31, 2014:

| Range of Exercise Prices | Options Outstanding & Exercisable | | | Weighted-Average Exercise Price |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| | Shares Subject to Options Outstanding & Exercisable | Weighted-Average Remaining Life | Contractual | |
| \$23.59 to \$25.94 | 2,792 | 0.4 years | | \$25.41 |
| \$26.01 to \$27.74 | 20,334 | 0.7 years | | 27.08 |
| \$28.25 to \$28.26 | 15,040 | 1.9 years | | 28.25 |
| \$28.57 to \$30.00 | 11,200 | 2.2 years | | 29.40 |
| Total | 49,366 | 1.4 years | | \$27.87 |

Stock Appreciation Rights

SARs granted to employees have an exercise price equal to the fair market value of Peoples' shares on the date of grant and will be settled using shares of Peoples. Additionally, the SARs granted vested three years after the grant date and expire ten years from the date of grant. The most recent grant of SARs occurred in 2008. The following summarizes the changes to Peoples' SARs for the period ended March 31, 2014:

| | Number of Shares Subject to SARs | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1 | 21,292 | \$25.96 | | |
| Forfeited | — | — | | |
| Outstanding at March 31 | 21,292 | \$25.96 | 3.4 years | \$13,000 |
| Exercisable at March 31 | 21,292 | \$25.96 | 3.4 years | \$13,000 |

The following table summarizes Peoples' SARs outstanding at March 31, 2014:

| Exercise Price | Number of Shares Subject to SARs Outstanding & Exercisable | Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life |
|----------------|---|---|
| \$23.26 | 2,000 | 3.3 years |
| \$23.77 | 10,582 | 3.9 years |
| \$29.25 | 8,710 | 2.9 years |
| Total | 21,292 | 3.4 years |

Restricted Shares

Under the 2006 Equity Plan, Peoples may award restricted shares to officers, key employees and non-employee directors. In general, the restrictions on shares awarded to non-employee directors expire after six months, while the restrictions on shares awarded to employees expire after periods ranging from one to three years. In the first quarter of 2014, Peoples granted restricted shares subject to performance-based vesting to officers and key employees with restrictions that will lapse one to three years after the grant date provided that Peoples has net income greater than zero and maintains a well-capitalized status by regulatory standards.

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The following summarizes the changes to Peoples' restricted shares for the period ended March 31, 2014:

| | Time-Based Vesting | | Performance-Based Vesting | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Number of Shares | Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value | Number of Shares | Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value |
| Outstanding at January 1 | 60,206 | \$17.18 | 85,254 | \$20.98 |
| Awarded | 2,000 | 22.79 | 83,514 | 21.68 |
| Released | 10,994 | 16.93 | 37,746 | 19.93 |
| Forfeited | — | — | 100 | 21.68 |
| Outstanding at March 31 | 51,212 | \$17.46 | 130,922 | \$21.73 |

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the total intrinsic value of restricted shares released was \$1,064,000.

Stock-Based Compensation

Peoples recognized stock-based compensation expense, which is included as a component of Peoples' salaries and employee benefit costs, based on the estimated fair value of the awards on the grant date. The following summarizes the amount of stock-based compensation expense and related tax benefit recognized:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | March 31, 2013 |
| Total stock-based compensation | \$490 | \$297 |
| Recognized tax benefit | (172) | (104) |
| Net expense recognized | \$318 | \$193 |

Total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested awards was \$2.0 million at March 31, 2014, which will be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.7 years.

Note 8. Earnings Per Share

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) | Three Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|----------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | March 31, 2013 |
| Distributed earnings allocated to shareholders | \$1,605 | \$1,275 |
| Undistributed earnings allocated to shareholders | 3,146 | 3,702 |
| Net earnings allocated to shareholders | \$4,751 | \$4,977 |
| Weighted-average shares outstanding | 10,636,089 | 10,556,261 |
| Effect of potentially dilutive shares | 104,795 | 15,122 |
| Total weighted-average diluted shares outstanding | 10,740,884 | 10,571,383 |
| Earnings per share: | | |
| Basic | \$0.45 | \$0.47 |
| Diluted | \$0.44 | \$0.47 |
| Anti-dilutive shares excluded from calculation: | | |
| Stock options and SARs | 73,422 | 116,566 |

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Note 9. Acquisitions

On January 21, 2014, Peoples entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Midwest Agreement") with Midwest Bancshares, Inc. ("Midwest"). The Midwest Agreement calls for Midwest to merge into Peoples, and for Midwest's wholly-owned subsidiary, First National Bank of Wellston, which operates two full-service branches in Wellston and Jackson, Ohio, to merge into Peoples' wholly-owned subsidiary, Peoples Bank. This transaction is expected to close during the second quarter of 2014.

On April 4, 2014, Peoples entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Ohio Heritage Agreement") with Ohio Heritage Bancorp, Inc. ("Ohio Heritage"). The Ohio Heritage Agreement calls for Ohio Heritage to merge into Peoples, and for Ohio Heritage's wholly-owned subsidiary, Ohio Heritage Bank, which operates six full-service branches in Coshocton, Newark, Heath, Mount Vernon and New Philadelphia, Ohio, to merge into Peoples' wholly-owned subsidiary, Peoples Bank. This transaction is expected to close during the third quarter of 2014.

On April 21, 2014, Peoples entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "North Akron Agreement") with North Akron Savings Bank ("North Akron"), which operates four full-service branches in Akron, Cuyahoga Falls, Munroe Falls and Norton, Ohio. The North Akron Agreement calls for North Akron to merge into Peoples' wholly-owned subsidiary, Peoples Bank. This transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2014.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following data should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis that follows:

| | At or For the Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|--|--|------------|----|
| | 2014 | 2013 | |
| SIGNIFICANT RATIOS | | | |
| Return on average stockholders' equity | 8.56 | %9.18 | % |
| Return on average assets | 0.95 | %1.06 | % |
| Net interest margin | 3.35 | %3.10 | % |
| Efficiency ratio (a) | 71.13 | %71.61 | % |
| Pre-provision net revenue to average assets (b) | 1.38 | %1.24 | % |
| Average stockholders' equity to average assets | 11.05 | %11.58 | % |
| Average loans to average deposits | 76.94 | %65.36 | % |
| Dividend payout ratio | 33.91 | %25.79 | % |
| ASSET QUALITY RATIOS | | | |
| Nonperforming loans as a percent of total loans (c)(d) | 0.73 | %1.32 | % |
| Nonperforming assets as a percent of total assets (c)(d) | 0.47 | %0.71 | % |
| Nonperforming assets as a percent of total loans and other real estate owned (c)(d) | 0.79 | %1.41 | % |
| Allowance for loan losses as a percent of loans, net of deferred fees and costs (c)(d) | 1.38 | %1.78 | % |
| Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans (c)(d) | 188.19 | %133.96 | % |
| Provision for (recovery of) loan losses as a percent of average total loans | — | %(0.44) |)% |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries) as a percentage of average total loans (annualized) | 0.07 | %(0.29) |)% |
| CAPITAL RATIOS (d) | | | |
| Tier 1 | 12.56 | %14.69 | % |
| Total (Tier 1 and Tier 2) | 13.92 | %16.05 | % |
| Tier 1 leverage | 8.56 | %8.90 | % |
| Tangible equity to tangible assets (e) | 7.66 | %8.35 | % |
| PER SHARE DATA | | | |
| Earnings per share – Basic | \$0.45 | \$0.47 | |
| Earnings per share – Diluted | 0.44 | 0.47 | |
| Cash dividends declared per share | 0.15 | 0.12 | |
| Book value per share (d) | 21.63 | 21.39 | |
| Tangible book value per share (d)(e) | \$14.38 | \$14.77 | |
| Weighted-average number of shares outstanding – Basic | 10,636,089 | 10,556,261 | |
| Weighted-average number of shares outstanding – Diluted | 10,740,884 | 10,571,383 | |
| Shares outstanding at end of period | 10,657,569 | 10,568,147 | |

Non-interest expense (less intangible asset amortization) as a percentage of fully tax-equivalent net interest income (a) plus non-interest income (excluding gains or losses on investment securities and asset disposals and other transactions).

These amounts represent non-GAAP financial measures since they exclude the provision for loan losses and all (b) gains and losses included in earnings. Additional information regarding the calculation of these measures can be found later in this section under the caption "Pre-Provision Net Revenue".

(c) Nonperforming loans include loans 90 days past due and accruing, renegotiated loans and nonaccrual loans.

(c) Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans and other real estate owned.

(d) Data presented as of the end of the period indicated.

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These amounts represent non-GAAP financial measures since they exclude the balance sheet impact of intangible assets acquired through acquisitions on both total stockholders' equity and total assets. Additional information (e) regarding the calculation of these measures can be found later in this discussion under the caption "Capital/Stockholders' Equity".

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Form 10-Q, which are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, Section 21E of the Exchange Act, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "anticipate", "estimates", "may", "feels", "expects", "believes", "plans", "will", "would", "should" similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. Factors that might cause such a difference include, but are not limited to:

- (1) the success, impact, and timing of the implementation of Peoples' business strategies, including the successful integration of the recently completed acquisitions and the expansion of consumer lending activity;
- (2) Peoples' ability to complete and, if completed, successfully integrate future acquisitions, including the pending mergers of Midwest, Ohio Heritage and North Akron with and into Peoples;
- (3) competitive pressures among financial institutions or from non-financial institutions may increase significantly, including product and pricing pressures and Peoples' ability to attract, develop and retain qualified professionals;
- (4) changes in the interest rate environment due to economic conditions and/or the fiscal policies of the U.S. government and Federal Reserve Board, which may adversely impact interest margins and interest rate sensitivity;
- (5) changes in prepayment speeds, loan originations and charge-offs, which may be less favorable than expected and adversely impact the amount of interest income generated;
- (6) adverse changes in the economic conditions and/or activities, including impacts from the implementation of the Budget Control Act of 2011 and the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, as well as continuing economic uncertainty in the U.S., the European Union, and other areas, which could decrease sales volumes and increase loan delinquencies and defaults;
- (7) legislative or regulatory changes or actions, including in particular the Dodd-Frank Act and the regulations promulgated and to be promulgated thereunder by the OCC, the Federal Reserve Board and the CFPB, which may subject Peoples, its subsidiaries, or one or more acquired companies to a variety of new and more stringent legal and regulatory requirements which adversely affect their respective businesses;
- (8) deterioration in the credit quality of Peoples' loan portfolio, which may adversely impact the provision for loan losses;
- (9) changes in accounting standards, policies, estimates or procedures, which may adversely affect Peoples' reported financial condition or results of operations;
- (10) adverse changes in the conditions and trends in the financial markets, including political developments, which may adversely affect the fair value of securities within Peoples' investment portfolio, the interest rate sensitivity of Peoples' consolidated balance sheet, and the income generated by Peoples' trust and investment activities;
- (11) Peoples' ability to receive dividends from its subsidiaries;
- (12) Peoples' ability to maintain required capital levels and adequate sources of funding and liquidity;
- (13) the impact of larger or similar sized financial institutions encountering problems, which may adversely affect the banking industry and/or Peoples' business generation and retention, funding and liquidity;
- (14) the costs and effects of regulatory and legal developments, including the outcome of potential regulatory or other governmental inquiries and legal proceedings and results of regulatory examinations;
- (15) Peoples' ability to secure confidential information through the use of computer systems and telecommunications networks, including those of Peoples' third-party vendors and other service providers, may prove inadequate, which could adversely affect customer confidence in Peoples and/or result in Peoples incurring a financial loss;

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- (16) the overall adequacy of Peoples' risk management program; and
other risk factors relating to the banking industry or Peoples as detailed from time to time in Peoples' reports filed
(17) with the SEC, including those risk factors included in the disclosure under "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS" of
Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K.

All forward-looking statements speak only as of the filing date of this Form 10-Q and are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements. Although management believes the expectations in these forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of management's knowledge of Peoples' business and operations, it is possible that actual results may differ materially from these projections. Additionally, Peoples undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the filing date of this Form 10-Q or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events except as may be required by applicable legal requirements. Copies of documents filed with the SEC are available free of charge at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and/or from Peoples Bancorp Inc.'s website – www.peoplesbancorp.com under the "Investor Relations" section.

This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements, and notes thereto, contained in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K, as well as the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, ratios, statistics and discussions contained elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Business Overview

The following discussion and analysis of Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements is presented to provide insight into management's assessment of the financial condition and results of operations.

Peoples offers diversified financial products and services through 49 financial service locations and 47 ATMs in northeastern, central and southeastern Ohio, west central West Virginia and northeastern Kentucky through its financial service units – Peoples Bank, National Association ("Peoples Bank") and Peoples Insurance Agency, LLC ("Peoples Insurance"), a subsidiary of Peoples Bank. Peoples Bank is a member of the Federal Reserve System and subject to regulation, supervision and examination by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Peoples' products and services include traditional banking products, such as deposit accounts, lending products and trust services. Peoples provides services through traditional offices, ATMs and telephone and internet-based banking. Peoples also offers a complete array of insurance products and makes available custom-tailored fiduciary and wealth management services. Brokerage services are offered by Peoples exclusively through an unaffiliated registered broker-dealer.

Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of Peoples conform to US GAAP and to general practices within the financial services industry. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. Management has identified the accounting policies that, due to the judgments, estimates and assumptions inherent in those policies, are critical to understanding Peoples' Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis at March 31, 2014, which were unchanged from the policies disclosed in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K.

Summary of Recent Transactions and Events

The following is a summary of recent transactions and events that have impacted or are expected to impact Peoples' results of operations or financial condition:

On April 21, 2014, Peoples entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "North Akron Agreement") with North Akron, which operates four full-service branches in Akron, Cuyahoga Falls, Munroe Falls and Norton, Ohio. The North Akron Agreement calls for North Akron to merge into Peoples' wholly-owned subsidiary, Peoples Bank. Under the terms of the North Akron Agreement, shareholders of North Akron will receive \$7,655 per share, or approximately \$20.1 million total value, with 80% of the total consideration to be paid in Peoples' shares and the remaining 20% to be paid in cash. The exchange ratio for the stock component of the transaction will be determined based on the Peoples' average closing stock price during the 20 consecutive trading days immediately preceding the closing of the transaction. The North Akron transaction is expected to be completed during the fourth quarter of 2014 and add \$0.06 to \$0.08 to Peoples' annual earnings per share starting in 2015. One-time acquisition costs will more

than offset the incremental earnings in 2014.

On April 4, 2014, Peoples entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Ohio Heritage Agreement") with Ohio Heritage. The Ohio Heritage Agreement calls for Ohio Heritage to merge into Peoples, and for Ohio Heritage's

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wholly-owned subsidiary, Ohio Heritage Bank, an Ohio-chartered savings bank, which operates six full-service branches in Coshocton, Newark, Heath, Mount Vernon and New Philadelphia, Ohio, to merge into Peoples' wholly-owned subsidiary, Peoples Bank. Under the terms of the Ohio Heritage Agreement, shareholders of Ohio Heritage will have the right to receive merger consideration equal to \$110.00 per share, or approximately \$37.6 million total value, of which \$93.50 per share is to be paid in Peoples' stock and the remaining \$16.50 is to be paid in cash. The exchange ratio for the Peoples shares component of the consideration will be determined based on Peoples' volume weighted-average closing share price during the 20 consecutive trading days immediately preceding the closing of the merger. The Ohio Heritage transaction is expected to be completed during the third quarter of 2014, pending adoption of the Ohio Heritage Agreement by the shareholders of Ohio Heritage, the satisfaction of various closing conditions, including the receipt of all necessary bank regulatory approvals, the accuracy of the representations and warranties of each party (subject to certain exceptions), the performance in all material respects by each party of its obligations under the Ohio Heritage Agreement, and other conditions customary for transactions of this type. The Ohio Heritage transaction is expected to add \$0.10 to \$0.12 to Peoples' annual earnings per share starting in 2015. One-time acquisition costs are expected to offset incremental earnings in 2014.

On January 21, 2014, Peoples entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Midwest Agreement") with Midwest. The Midwest Agreement calls for Midwest to merge into Peoples, and for Midwest's wholly-owned subsidiary, First National Bank of Wellston, which operates two full-service branches in Wellston and Jackson, Ohio, to merge into Peoples' wholly-owned subsidiary, Peoples Bank. Under the terms of the Midwest Agreement, shareholders of Midwest will have the right to receive merger consideration equal to \$65.50 per share, or \$12.6 million total value, with between 50% and 75% of the total consideration to be paid in Peoples' shares and the remainder to be paid in cash, with the actual mix to be based on the elections of the shareholders of Midwest and subject to proration. The exchange ratio for the stock component of the transaction will be determined based on the Peoples' average closing stock price during the 20 consecutive trading days immediately preceding the closing of the transaction. The Midwest transaction is expected to be completed during the second quarter of 2014.

At the close of business on October 11, 2013, Peoples Bank completed the acquisition of Ohio Commerce Bank ("Ohio Commerce") and its single full-service office in Beachwood, Ohio. Under the terms of the agreement, Peoples Bank paid \$13.75 in cash for each share of Ohio Commerce stock for a total cash consideration of \$16.5 million. The acquisition added \$96.6 million of loans and \$110.9 million of deposits.

Peoples periodically has taken actions to reduce interest rate exposure within the investment portfolio and the entire balance sheet, which have included the sale of low yielding investment securities and repayment of high-cost borrowings. These actions included the sale of \$68.8 million of investment securities, primarily low or volatile yielding residential mortgage-backed securities, during the first quarter of 2013. Some of the proceeds from these investment sales were reinvested in securities during the first quarter with the remaining reinvested early in the second quarter of 2013. During the first quarter of 2014, Peoples used the cash flow generated from the investment portfolio to fund loan growth.

Since the second quarter of 2011, Peoples has experienced generally improving trends in several asset quality metrics, after a three-year trend of higher credit losses and nonperforming assets than Peoples' long-term historical levels. Additionally, the amount of criticized loans has decreased due in part to Peoples upgrading the loan quality ratings of various commercial loans. These conditions have resulted in recoveries of or lower provisions for loan losses.

Peoples' net interest income and margin are impacted by changes in market interest rates based upon actions taken by the Federal Reserve Board either directly or through its Open Market Committee. These actions include changing its target Federal Funds Rate (the interest rate at which banks lend money to each other), Discount Rate (the interest rate charged to banks for money borrowed from the Federal Reserve Bank) and longer-term market interest rates (primarily U.S. Treasury securities). Longer-term market interest rates also are affected by the demand for U.S. Treasury securities. The resulting changes in the yield curve slope have a direct impact on reinvestment rates for Peoples' earning assets.

The Federal Reserve Board has maintained its target Federal Funds Rate at a historically low level of 0% to 0.25% since December 2008 and has maintained the Discount Rate at 0.75% since December 2010. The Federal Reserve Board has indicated the possibility these short-term rates could start to be raised as early as 2015.

From late 2008 until year-end 2012, the Federal Reserve Board took various actions to lower longer-term market interest rates as a means of stimulating the economy – a policy commonly referred to as “quantitative easing”. These actions included the buying and selling of mortgage-backed and other debt securities through its open market

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operations. In December 2013, the Federal Reserve Board announced plans to taper its quantitative easing efforts. As a result, the slope of the U.S. Treasury yield curve has fluctuated significantly. Substantial flattening occurred in late 2008, in mid-2010 and early third quarter of 2011 through 2012, while moderate steepening occurred in the second half of 2009, late 2010 and mid-2013. The curve has remained relatively steep since mid-2013, primarily as a reaction to the Federal Reserve's announcement of a reduction in monthly asset purchases and generally improving economic conditions.

The impact of these transactions and events, where material, is discussed in the applicable sections of this Management's Discussion and Analysis.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 was \$4.8 million, or \$0.44 per diluted share, compared to \$5.0 million and \$0.47 per diluted share a year ago and \$5.1 million or \$0.47 per diluted share in the fourth quarter of 2013. The lower earnings in the first quarter of 2014 reflect Peoples recording a nominal provision for loan losses in the first quarter of 2014 while recording \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million of recoveries of loan losses a year ago and in the linked quarter, respectively.

Peoples' provision for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was \$8,000, compared to recoveries of loan losses of \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Asset quality metrics remained favorable during the first quarter of 2014. However, the recoveries experienced in the first quarter of 2014 were lower than the previous year, and resulted in a minimal net charge-off position.

Net interest income was \$15.5 million in the first quarter of 2014, compared to \$13.0 million for the first quarter of 2013, while net interest margin was 3.35% and 3.10%, respectively. The improvement over the prior year was driven by a 10% increase in earning assets due to higher loan balances, and normal accretion of \$231,000 from the recent acquisition of Ohio Commerce. Compared to the linked quarter, net interest margin declined 8 basis points and was the result of recognition by Peoples of \$427,000 of income in the fourth quarter of 2013 for prepayment fees and interest recovered on nonaccrual loans.

Non-interest income, which excludes gains and losses on investment securities, asset disposals and other transactions, for the first quarter of 2014 was up 10% from the linked quarter and 13% over the prior year. This increase was primarily from increased insurance income due to higher annual contingent performance-based commissions typically recognized in the first quarter. In addition, insurance business acquisitions completed during 2013 provided another \$387,000 of income during the first quarter of 2014. Peoples also experienced 8% year-over-year growth in both investment and electronic banking income, while mortgage banking income declined significantly as secondary market loan origination volumes have declined in response to the higher long-term interest rates.

Total non-interest expense was \$18.8 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, 2% higher than the linked quarter and 16% higher than the prior year. In the first quarter of 2014, Peoples recognized \$486,000 of pension settlement charges, acquisition-related expenses for legal and professional services of \$150,000, increased employee benefit costs and stock-based compensation expense totaling \$1.2 million. In comparison, during the first quarter of 2013, acquisition-related expenses totaled \$65,000 and Peoples did not incur any pension settlement charges. Compared to the linked quarter, salary and employee benefit costs increased 14% due largely to annual merit increases and a difference in the timing of certain benefit costs, such as pension and employee medical plan expenses.

At March 31, 2014, total assets were \$2.08 billion, up \$19.1 million from year-end 2013. The largest increase was due to higher loan balances, which grew \$30.3 million from year-end 2013 primarily from organic loan growth within commercial and consumer lending. The allowance for loan losses was \$16.9 million, or 1.38% of loans (net of deferred fees and costs), compared to \$17.1 million and 1.43% of loans (net of deferred fees and costs) at December 31, 2013.

Total liabilities were \$1.85 billion at March 31, 2014, up \$10.1 million since year-end 2013. Retail deposit balances grew 4% since year-end, primarily due to seasonal increases in governmental deposits and a 2% increase in non-interest-bearing deposits. The growth in deposits allowed Peoples to reduce its total borrowed funds 20% from the year-end level.

At March 31, 2014, total stockholders' equity was \$230.6 million, up \$9.0 million since December 31, 2013. The primary driver was an increase in the fair value of the available-for-sale investment portfolio, coupled with earnings exceeding dividends declared for the quarter. Regulatory capital ratios remained significantly higher than "well capitalized" minimums. Peoples' Tier 1 Common Capital ratio remained stable at 12.56% at March 31, 2014, versus 12.42% at December 31, 2013, while the Total Risk-Based Capital ratio was 13.92% versus 13.78% at December 31, 2013. In addition, Peoples' tangible equity to tangible asset ratio was 7.66% and tangible book value per share was \$14.38 at March 31, 2014, versus 7.26% and \$13.57 at December 31, 2013, respectively.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Interest Income

Net interest income, the amount by which interest income exceeds interest expense, remains Peoples' largest source of revenue. The amount of net interest income earned by Peoples each quarter is affected by various factors, including changes in market interest rates due to the Federal Reserve Board's monetary policy, the level and degree of pricing competition for both loans and deposits in Peoples' markets, and the amount and composition of Peoples' earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.

The following tables detail Peoples' average balance sheets for the periods presented:

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| (Dollars in thousands) | For the Three Months Ended | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| | March 31, 2014 | | | December 31, 2013 | | | March 31, 2013 | | | |
| | Average Balance | Income/ Expense | Yield/ Cost | Average Balance | Income/ Expense | Yield/ Cost | Average Balance | Income/ Expense | Yield/ Cost | |
| Short-term investments | \$7,058 | \$20 | 1.15 % | \$8,652 | \$30 | 1.38 % | \$39,099 | \$18 | 0.20 % | |
| Other long-term investments | 2,254 | 3 | 0.54 % | 2,948 | 2 | 0.27 % | — | — | — % | |
| Investment Securities (1): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxable | 623,444 | 4,383 | 2.81 % | 639,584 | 4,400 | 2.75 % | 657,319 | 4,262 | 2.59 % | |
| Nontaxable (2) | 51,867 | 641 | 4.94 % | 51,781 | 640 | 4.94 % | 48,213 | 583 | 4.84 % | |
| Total investment securities | 675,311 | 5,024 | 2.98 % | 691,365 | 5,040 | 2.92 % | 705,532 | 4,845 | 2.75 % | |
| Loans (3): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | 51,839 | 498 | 3.84 % | 48,485 | 542 | 4.37 % | 30,574 | 337 | 4.41 % | |
| Commercial real estate, other | 454,107 | 5,114 | 4.50 % | 422,866 | 5,396 | 4.99 % | 379,391 | 4,367 | 4.60 % | |
| Commercial and industrial | 236,741 | 2,570 | 4.34 % | 213,953 | 2,431 | 4.45 % | 179,435 | 1,793 | 4.00 % | |
| Residential real estate | 270,739 | 3,069 | 4.53 % | 268,641 | 3,112 | 4.63 % | 238,332 | 3,062 | 5.14 % | |
| Home equity lines of credit | 60,029 | 545 | 3.63 % | 59,099 | 536 | 3.63 % | 50,232 | 501 | 3.99 % | |
| Consumer | 141,209 | 1,614 | 4.73 % | 134,241 | 1,602 | 4.83 % | 107,092 | 1,435 | 5.58 % | |
| Total loans | 1,214,664 | 13,410 | 4.43 % | 1,147,285 | 13,619 | 4.69 % | 985,056 | 11,495 | 4.69 % | |
| Less: Allowance for loan losses | (17,228) | | | (17,439) | | | (18,783) | | | |
| Net loans | 1,197,436 | 13,410 | 4.49 % | 1,129,846 | 13,619 | 4.75 % | 966,273 | 11,495 | 4.81 % | |
| Total earning assets | 1,882,059 | 18,457 | 3.93 % | 1,832,811 | 18,691 | 4.04 % | 1,710,904 | 16,358 | 3.83 % | |
| Intangible assets | 77,448 | | | 77,025 | | | 69,988 | | | |
| Other assets | 91,095 | | | 102,016 | | | 133,827 | | | |
| Total assets | \$2,050,602 | | | \$2,011,852 | | | \$1,914,719 | | | |
| Deposits: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Savings accounts | \$220,935 | \$30 | 0.06 % | \$211,116 | \$29 | 0.05 % | \$190,769 | \$25 | 0.05 % | |
| Governmental deposit accounts | 149,057 | 123 | 0.33 % | 141,181 | 131 | 0.37 % | 145,714 | 202 | 0.56 % | |
| Interest-bearing demand accounts | 137,026 | 28 | 0.08 % | 128,877 | 26 | 0.08 % | 126,763 | 25 | 0.08 % | |
| Money market accounts | 278,413 | 111 | 0.16 % | 256,398 | 104 | 0.16 % | 288,161 | 96 | 0.14 % | |
| Brokered deposits | 47,335 | 436 | 3.74 % | 49,320 | 462 | 3.72 % | 54,134 | 476 | 3.57 % | |
| Retail certificates of deposit | 360,457 | 840 | 0.95 % | 360,733 | 890 | 0.98 % | 381,650 | 1,115 | 1.18 % | |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 1,193,223 | 1,568 | 0.53 % | 1,147,625 | 1,642 | 0.57 % | 1,187,191 | 1,939 | 0.66 % | |
| Borrowed Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Short-term FHLB advances | 63,733 | 16 | 0.10 % | 75,538 | 31 | 0.16 % | 2,000 | 1 | 0.20 % | |
| Retail repurchase agreements | 39,141 | 15 | 0.15 % | 44,597 | 18 | 0.16 % | 31,975 | 12 | 0.15 % | |

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| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|
| Total short-term borrowings | 102,874 | 31 | 0.12 % | 120,135 | 49 | 0.16 % | 33,975 | 13 | 0.15 % |
| Long-term FHLB advances | 62,380 | 521 | 3.39 % | 63,382 | 539 | 3.37 % | 64,538 | 541 | 3.40 % |
| Wholesale repurchase agreements | 40,000 | 363 | 3.63 % | 40,000 | 371 | 3.71 % | 40,000 | 363 | 3.63 % |
| Other borrowings | 19,137 | 188 | 3.93 % | 20,331 | 205 | 3.95 % | 23,883 | 235 | 3.94 % |
| Total long-term borrowings | 121,517 | 1,072 | 3.55 % | 123,713 | 1,115 | 3.58 % | 128,421 | 1,139 | 3.57 % |
| Total borrowed funds | 224,391 | 1,103 | 1.98 % | 243,848 | 1,164 | 1.89 % | 162,396 | 1,152 | 2.86 % |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 1,417,614 | 2,671 | 0.76 % | 1,391,473 | 2,806 | 0.80 % | 1,349,587 | 3,091 | 0.93 % |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits | 385,471 | | | 370,962 | | | 319,994 | | |
| Other liabilities | 20,876 | | | 26,108 | | | 23,381 | | |
| Total liabilities | 1,823,961 | | | 1,788,543 | | | 1,692,962 | | |
| Total stockholders' equity | 226,641 | | | 223,309 | | | 221,757 | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$2,050,602 | | | \$2,011,852 | | | \$1,914,719 | | |
| Interest rate spread | | \$15,786 | 3.17 % | | \$15,885 | 3.24 % | | \$13,267 | 2.90 % |
| Net interest margin | | | 3.35 % | | | 3.43 % | | | 3.10 % |

(1) Average balances are based on carrying value.

(2) Interest income and yields are presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis using a 35% federal statutory tax rate.

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Average balances include nonaccrual and impaired loans. Interest income includes interest earned on nonaccrual (3) loans prior to the loans being placed on nonaccrual status. Loan fees included in interest income were immaterial for all periods presented.

(4) Loans held for sale are included in the average loan balance listed. Related interest income on loans originated for sale prior to the loan being sold is included in loan interest income.

Net interest margin, which is calculated by dividing fully tax-equivalent (“FTE”) net interest income by average interest-earning assets, serves as an important measurement of the net revenue stream generated by the volume, mix and pricing of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. FTE net interest income is calculated by increasing interest income to convert tax-exempt income earned on obligations of states and political subdivisions to the pre-tax equivalent of taxable income using a 35% federal statutory tax rate. The following table details the calculation of FTE net interest income:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| Net interest income, as reported | \$15,480 | \$13,155 | \$12,975 |
| Taxable equivalent adjustments | 306 | 2,730 | 292 |
| Fully tax-equivalent net interest income | \$15,786 | \$15,885 | \$13,267 |

The following table provides an analysis of the changes in FTE net interest income:

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| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 Compared to | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|----------------------|
| | December 31, 2013 | | | March 31, 2013 | | |
| Increase (decrease) in: | Rate | Volume | Total ⁽¹⁾ | Rate | Volume | Total ⁽¹⁾ |
| INTEREST INCOME: | | | | | | |
| Short-term investments | \$ (5 |) \$ (5 |) \$ (10 |) \$ 110 | \$ (108 |) \$ 2 |
| Other long-term investments | \$ 4 | \$ (3 |) \$ 1 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Investment Securities: ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | |
| Taxable | 404 | (421 |) (17 |) 1,165 | (1,044 |) 121 |
| Nontaxable | — | 1 | 1 | 13 | 45 | 58 |
| Total investment income | 404 | (420 |) (16 |) 1,178 | (999 |) 179 |
| Loans: | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | (215 |) 171 | (44 |) (267 |) 428 | 161 |
| Commercial real estate, other | (1,938 |) 1,656 | (282 |) (607 |) 1,354 | 747 |
| Commercial and industrial | (334 |) 473 | 139 | 165 | 612 | 777 |
| Residential real estate | (174 |) 131 | (43 |) (1,542 |) 1,549 | 7 |
| Home equity lines of credit | — | 9 | 9 | (233 |) 277 | 44 |
| Consumer | (195 |) 207 | 12 | (1,184 |) 1,363 | 179 |
| Total loan income | (2,856 |) 2,647 | (209 |) (3,668 |) 5,583 | 1,915 |
| Total interest income | (2,453 |) 2,219 | (234 |) (2,380 |) 4,476 | 2,096 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE: | | | | | | |
| Deposits: | | | | | | |
| Savings accounts | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Government deposit accounts | (41 |) 33 | (8 |) (111 |) 32 | (79 |
| Interest-bearing demand accounts | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Money market accounts | — | 7 | 7 | 35 | (20 |) 15 |
| Brokered certificates of deposit | 13 | (39 |) (26 |) 122 | (162 |) (40 |
| Retail certificates of deposit | (49 |) (1 |) (50 |) (216 |) (59 |) (275 |
| Total deposit cost | (76 |) 2 | (74 |) (168 |) (203 |) (371 |
| Borrowed funds: | | | | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | (12 |) (6 |) (18 |) (4 |) 22 | 18 |
| Long-term borrowings | — | (43 |) (43 |) (2 |) (65 |) (67 |
| Total borrowed funds cost | (12 |) (49 |) (61 |) (6 |) (43 |) (49 |
| Total interest expense | (88 |) (47 |) (135 |) (174 |) (246 |) (420 |
| Net interest income | \$ (2,365 |) \$ 2,266 | \$ (99 |) \$ (2,206 |) \$ 4,722 | \$ 2,516 |

(1) The change in interest due to both rate and volume has been allocated to rate and volume changes in proportion to the

relationship of the dollar amounts of the changes in each.

(2) Presented on a fully tax-equivalent basis.

Both net interest income and margin have been impacted by additional interest income for prepayment fees and interest recovered on nonaccrual loans, plus normal accretion income associated with the Ohio Commerce acquisition. In the first quarter of 2014, this additional income was \$231,000, or 14 basis points of margin, consisting entirely of accretion income. In comparison, fourth quarter 2013 included \$697,000 of additional income, which consisted of \$427,000 for prepayment fees and interest recoveries and \$270,000 of accretion income. These amounts added another 10 basis points and 6 basis points, respectively, to the linked quarter net interest margin.

Absent this one-time income, both net interest income and margin have continued to improve due to the combination of higher average loan balances and continued reduction in total funding cost. These benefits more than offset the downward pressure on loan and investment yields from market interest rates remaining at relatively low levels compared to historical rates.

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Average loan balances have benefited from double-digit annualized organic loan growth in each of the last four quarters, plus the additional of the Ohio Commerce loans. The solid start to 2014 positions Peoples to meet, if not surpass, its goal of 15% to 20% year-over-year increase in average loan balances for the full year of 2014.

Average investment securities were lower in the first quarter of 2014, as Peoples began to execute on its strategy to fund a portion of 2014 loan growth with principal cash flows from the investment portfolio. The overall portfolio yield continued to improve in the first quarter of 2014 due to a sustained decline in premium amortization corresponding with prepayments within Peoples' mortgage-backed securities held as investments.

Peoples' funding costs continued to decline during the first quarter of 2014, driven by an ongoing strategy of replacing higher-cost funding with low-cost deposits. The majority of the first quarter loan growth was funded by the investment portfolio cash flow. Thus, the higher deposit balances allowed Peoples to reduce the amount of wholesale funding.

Overall, management has not changed its overall balance sheet strategies of reducing the size of the investment portfolio relative to total earning assets and minimizing Peoples' long-term interest rate risk by potentially match funding some of 2014 loan growth.

The pending acquisitions could provide management with additional opportunities to make meaningful progress with these balance sheet strategies. Specifically, Peoples could elect to sell some, or all, of the investment securities currently held by the acquired banks and use the proceeds to repay wholesale borrowings. Such action, if taken, would result in a smaller increase in total earning assets and net interest income due to the acquisitions.

Additional information regarding changes in the Consolidated Balance Sheets can be found under appropriate captions of the "FINANCIAL CONDITION" section of this discussion. Additional information regarding Peoples' interest rate risk and the potential impact of interest rate changes on Peoples' results of operations and financial condition can be found later in this discussion under the caption "Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity".

Provision for (Recovery of) Loan Losses

The following table details Peoples' provision for, or recovery of, loan losses:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| Provision for (recovery of) checking account overdrafts | \$ 8 | \$ 102 | \$(15) |
| Recovery of other loan losses | — | (1,066) | (1,050) |
| Net provision for (recovery of) loan losses | \$ 8 | \$(964) | \$(1,065) |
| As a percentage of average gross loans (a) | — | %(0.33) | %(0.44)% |

(a) Presented on an annualized basis

The provision for, or recovery of, loan losses recorded represents the amount needed to maintain the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses based on management's quarterly analysis of the loan portfolio and procedural methodology that estimates the amount of probable credit losses. This process considers various factors that affect losses, such as changes in Peoples' loan quality, historical loss experience and current economic conditions. During the first quarter of 2014, Peoples did not experience the large recoveries as it had in previous quarters, but determined the allowance for loan losses was adequate and therefore recorded a small provision for, or recoveries of loan losses for the period. The recoveries of loan losses recorded during the linked quarter and prior year were driven by large recoveries of amounts incurred on previously charged-off commercial real estate loans. Peoples continues to experience improving trends in various credit quality metrics, including historical loss trends and the level of criticized loans.

Additional information regarding changes in the allowance for loan losses and loan credit quality can be found later in this discussion under the caption "Allowance for Loan Losses".

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Net Other Gains (Losses)

The following table details the other gains and losses recognized by Peoples:

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Net gain (loss) on OREO | \$18 | \$— | \$(5) |
| Net loss on bank premises and equipment | (7 |)(125 |)— |
| Net other gains (losses) | \$11 | \$(125 |)\$(5) |

The net gain on other real estate owned ("OREO") recorded during the first quarter of 2014 was the result of a sale of residential property held, and the loss on bank premises and equipment was from the disposal of certain fixed assets during the quarter. The net loss on bank premises and equipment in the linked quarter were disposals of assets related to the Ohio Commerce acquisition and a write-down in the fair value of a closed office location.

Non-Interest Income

Insurance income comprised the largest portion of first quarter 2014 non-interest income. The following table details Peoples' insurance income:

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Property and casualty insurance commissions | \$2,453 | \$2,302 | \$2,171 |
| Performance-based commissions | 1,183 | 94 | 504 |
| Life and health insurance commissions | 425 | 383 | 146 |
| Credit life and A&H insurance commissions | 7 | 14 | 23 |
| Other fees and charges | 48 | 49 | 34 |
| Total insurance income | \$4,116 | \$2,842 | \$2,878 |

The growth in property and casualty insurance commissions was primarily driven by higher premiums throughout the industry, successful integration of acquisitions, and referrals between lines of business at Peoples. The increase in life and health insurance commissions was the result of acquisitions completed during the second quarter of 2013. The bulk of performance-based commissions typically are recorded annually in the first quarter and are based on a combination of factors, such as loss experience of insurance policies sold, production volumes, and overall financial performance of the individual insurance carriers.

Deposit account service charges continued to comprise a sizable portion of Peoples' non-interest income. The following table details Peoples' deposit account service charges:

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees | \$1,544 | \$1,903 | \$1,605 |
| Account maintenance fees | 377 | 336 | 290 |
| Other fees and charges | 190 | 46 | 162 |
| Total deposit account service charges | \$2,111 | \$2,285 | \$2,057 |

The amount of deposit account service charges, particularly fees for overdrafts and non-sufficient funds, is largely dependent on the timing and volume of customer activity. Peoples typically experiences a lower volume of overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees annually in the first quarter attributable to customers receiving income tax refunds, while volumes generally increase in the fourth quarter in connection with the holiday shopping season.

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Peoples' fiduciary and brokerage revenues continue to be based primarily upon the value of assets under management, with additional income generated from transaction commissions. The following tables detail Peoples' trust and investment income and related assets under management:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 |
| Fiduciary | \$1,329 | \$1,358 | \$1,189 | | |
| Brokerage | 518 | 539 | 513 | | |
| Total trust and investment income | \$1,847 | \$1,897 | \$1,702 | | |
| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| Trust assets under management | \$995,861 | \$1,000,171 | \$994,683 | \$939,292 | \$927,675 |
| Brokerage assets under management | 494,246 | 474,384 | 449,196 | 433,651 | 433,217 |
| Total managed assets | \$1,490,107 | \$1,474,555 | \$1,443,879 | \$1,372,943 | \$1,360,892 |
| Quarterly average | \$1,479,110 | \$1,455,429 | \$1,417,707 | \$1,373,135 | \$1,332,353 |

Over the last several years, Peoples has continued to attract new managed funds, due in part to the addition of experienced financial advisors in previously underserved market areas. In addition, Peoples added new business related to the retirement plans for which it manages the assets and provides services. The U.S. financial markets have experienced a general increase in market value since the beginning of 2013, which have also contributed to the increase in managed assets.

Mortgage banking income decreased significantly from 2013 due to reduced refinancing activity, which is driven by mortgage interest rates available in the secondary market and customers' preference for long-term, fixed-rate loans. In the first quarter of 2014, Peoples sold approximately \$7.8 million of loans to the secondary market compared to \$12.8 million in the fourth quarter of 2013 and \$31.7 million in the first quarter of 2013.

Non-Interest Expense

Salaries and employee benefit costs remain Peoples' largest non-interest expense, accounting for more than half of total non-interest expense.

The following table details Peoples' salaries and employee benefit costs:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| Base salaries and wages | \$6,513 | \$6,435 | \$5,632 |
| Sales-based and incentive compensation | 1,503 | 1,933 | 1,525 |
| Employee benefits | 1,760 | 709 | 982 |
| Stock-based compensation | 490 | 310 | 297 |
| Deferred personnel costs | (366) | (611) | (494) |
| Payroll taxes and other employment costs | 892 | 687 | 775 |
| Total salaries and employee benefit costs | \$10,792 | \$9,463 | \$8,717 |
| Full-time equivalent employees: | | | |
| Actual at end of period | 557 | 546 | 517 |
| Average during the period | 549 | 543 | 509 |

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For the three months ended March 31, 2014, base salaries and wages were higher than the linked quarter and prior year due to annual base salary adjustments that typically occur at the beginning of the year. Also increasing base salaries and wages compared to the prior year was the addition of new sales talent in several markets and recently completed acquisitions that have increased the number of full-time equivalent employees. Sales-based and incentive compensation was impacted by a lower expense accrual during the first quarter of 2014 associated with corporate incentive plans, which are tied in part to Peoples' performance. Compared to the prior periods, first quarter 2014 employee benefit costs increased due to a one-time pension settlement charge of \$486,000, employee medical benefit costs and additional stock-based compensation in connection with awards granted in 2014. Given the nature of the pension settlement, it is inherently difficult to estimate the amount or exact timing of future pension settlement charges.

Peoples' net occupancy and equipment expense was comprised of the following:

| | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | |
| Depreciation | \$ 685 | \$ 637 | \$ 767 |
| Repairs and maintenance costs | 458 | 428 | 446 |
| Net rent expense | 241 | 235 | 221 |
| Property taxes, utilities and other costs | 432 | 419 | 424 |
| Total net occupancy and equipment expense | \$ 1,816 | \$ 1,719 | \$ 1,858 |

Net occupancy and equipment expense increased over the linked quarter period as higher depreciation expense was recorded on branch refresh projects recently completed, coupled with the timing of repairs and maintenance costs, such as snow removal.

Professional fees declined from the linked quarter as a result of a reduction in exam and audit fees, coupled with lower legal expenses.

Electronic banking expense, which is comprised of bankcard and internet-based banking costs, continued to increase compared to the link quarter and prior year. The primary reason for the increase was customers completing a higher volume of transactions using their debit cards and Peoples' internet banking service.

Peoples' efficiency ratio, calculated as non-interest expense less amortization of other intangible assets divided by FTE net interest income plus non-interest income, was 71.13% for the first quarter of 2014, lower than the linked quarter of 71.80% and the prior year of 71.61%. Management continues to target an efficiency ratio in the range of 68% to 70%, absent acquisition-related costs and other one-time expenses, such as pension settlement charges.

Income Tax Expense

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, Peoples recorded income tax expense of \$2.1 million, for an effective tax rate of 31.0%. This effective tax rate represents management's current estimate of the rate for the entire year. In comparison, Peoples recorded income tax expense of \$2.3 million for the same period in 2013, for an effective tax rate of 31.6%.

Pre-Provision Net Revenue

Pre-provision net revenue ("PPNR") has become a key financial measure used by federal bank regulatory agencies when assessing the capital adequacy of financial institutions. PPNR is defined as net interest income plus non-interest income minus non-interest expense and therefore excludes the provision for loan losses and all gains and losses included in earnings. As a result, PPNR represents the earnings capacity that can be either retained in order to build capital or used to absorb unexpected losses and preserve existing capital.

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The following table provides a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure to the amounts reported in Peoples' consolidated financial statements for the periods presented:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2013 | |
| Pre-Provision Net Revenue: | | | | |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 6,931 | \$ 7,415 | \$ 7,340 | |
| Add: provision for loan losses | 8 | — | — | |
| Add: net loss on loans held-for-sale and OREO | — | — | 5 | |
| Add: net loss on securities transactions | 30 | — | — | |
| Add: net loss on other assets | 7 | 125 | — | |
| Less: recovery of loan losses | — | 964 | 1,065 | |
| Less: net gain on loans held-for-sale and OREO | 18 | — | — | |
| Less: net gain on securities transactions | — | 46 | 418 | |
| Pre-provision net revenue | \$ 6,958 | \$ 6,530 | \$ 5,862 | |
| Pre-provision net revenue | \$ 6,958 | \$ 6,530 | \$ 5,862 | |
| Total average assets | 2,050,602 | 2,011,852 | 1,914,719 | |
| Pre-provision net revenue to total average assets (a) | 1.38 | % 1.29 | % 1.24 | % |

(a) Presented on an annualized basis.

PPNR increased compared to the linked quarter and prior year due mostly to the recognition of a provision for loan losses compared to previously recorded recoveries of loan losses.

FINANCIAL CONDITION**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

At March 31, 2014, Peoples' interest-bearing deposits in other banks increased compared to December 31, 2013. These balances included \$4.8 million of excess cash reserves being maintained at the Federal Reserve Bank at March 31, 2014, compared to \$0.3 million at December 31, 2013. The amount of excess cash reserves maintained is dependent upon Peoples' daily liquidity position, which is driven primarily by changes in deposit and loan balances. Through three months of 2014, Peoples' total cash and cash equivalents increased \$10.9 million, as cash provided by operating and financing activities totaling \$14.4 million exceeded the cash used in investing activities. Within Peoples' investing activities, the net \$24.2 million provided by activities related to available-for-sale securities was used to partially fund the \$30.0 million net loan growth. Within Peoples' financing activities, proceeds from increases in interest-bearing deposits were used to paydown short-term borrowings.

Through the first three months of 2013, Peoples' total cash and cash equivalents increased \$62.9 million, as cash provided by Peoples' operating activities, investing and financing activities were \$10.8 million, \$33.8 million and \$18.3 million, respectively. Investing activities contributed \$33.8 million of cash as proceeds from sales and principal payments of investment securities exceeded the purchases of investment securities by \$30.0 million. Within Peoples' financing activities, deposit growth generated \$36.6 million of cash which was used primarily to reduce borrowed funds by \$17.1 million.

Further information regarding the management of Peoples' liquidity position can be found later in this discussion under "Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity."

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Investment Securities

The following table provides information regarding Peoples' investment portfolio:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Available-for-sale securities, at fair value: | | | | | |
| Obligations of: | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and government agencies | \$ 19 | \$ 20 | \$ 22 | \$ 23 | \$ 25 |
| U.S. government sponsored agencies | 295 | 319 | 356 | 400 | 459 |
| States and political subdivisions | 51,668 | 50,962 | 51,061 | 50,579 | 47,165 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 500,516 | 510,097 | 519,387 | 503,574 | 495,135 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 26,750 | 32,304 | 33,135 | 33,606 | 48,072 |
| Bank-issued trust preferred securities | 7,995 | 7,829 | 7,868 | 7,811 | 7,879 |
| Equity securities | 4,854 | 4,577 | 4,207 | 4,335 | 3,910 |
| Total fair value | \$ 592,097 | \$ 606,108 | \$ 616,036 | \$ 600,328 | \$ 602,645 |
| Total amortized cost | \$ 598,445 | \$ 621,126 | \$ 623,024 | \$ 606,441 | \$ 592,005 |
| Net unrealized (loss) gain | \$(6,348) | \$(15,018) | \$(6,988) | \$(6,113) | \$(10,640) |

Held-to-maturity securities, at amortized cost:

Obligations of:

| | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| States and political subdivisions | \$ 3,848 | \$ 3,850 | \$ 3,853 | \$ 3,855 | \$ 3,857 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 37,151 | 37,536 | 38,046 | 36,361 | 36,547 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 7,804 | 7,836 | 7,859 | 7,882 | 7,903 |
| Total amortized cost | \$ 48,803 | \$ 49,222 | \$ 49,758 | \$ 48,098 | \$ 48,307 |

Total investment portfolio:

| | | | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Amortized cost | \$ 647,248 | \$ 670,348 | \$ 672,782 | \$ 654,539 | \$ 640,312 |
| Carrying value | \$ 640,900 | \$ 655,330 | \$ 665,794 | \$ 648,426 | \$ 650,952 |

During the first quarter of 2014, residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities were reduced by principal paydowns, which were used to fund loan growth in an effort to reduce the size of the investment portfolio. The unrealized loss position of the available-for-sale portfolio improved during the first quarter of 2014 compared to year-end. In recent quarters, Peoples has maintained the size of the held-to-maturity securities portfolio, for which the unrealized gain or loss does not directly impact stockholders' equity, contrary to the available-for-sale securities portfolio.

Peoples' investment in residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities largely consists of securities either guaranteed by the U.S. government or issued by U.S. government sponsored agencies, such as Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. The remaining portions of Peoples' mortgage-backed securities consist of securities issued by other entities, including other financial institutions, which are not guaranteed by the U.S. government.

The amount of these "non-agency" securities included in the residential mortgage-backed securities totals above was as follows:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Residential | \$ 21,351 | \$ 23,446 | \$ 25,573 | \$ 30,065 | \$ 32,748 |
| Total fair value | \$ 21,351 | \$ 23,446 | \$ 25,573 | \$ 30,065 | \$ 32,748 |
| Total amortized cost | \$ 20,562 | \$ 22,926 | \$ 24,430 | \$ 28,820 | \$ 31,915 |
| Net unrealized gain | \$ 789 | \$ 520 | \$ 1,143 | \$ 1,245 | \$ 833 |

Management continues to reinvest the principal runoff from the non-agency securities into U.S agency investments, which has accounted for the continued decline in the fair value of these securities. At March 31, 2014, Peoples' non-agency portfolio consisted entirely of first lien residential and commercial mortgages, with nearly all of the

underlying loans in these securities originated prior to 2004 and possessing fixed interest rates. Management continues to monitor the non-agency portfolio closely for leading indicators of increasing stress and will continue to be proactive in taking actions to mitigate such risk when necessary.

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Loans

The following table provides information regarding outstanding loan balances:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 | |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|
| Gross portfolio loans: | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$ 55,935 | \$ 47,539 | \$ 39,969 | \$ 30,770 | \$ 24,108 | |
| Commercial real estate, other | 458,580 | 450,170 | 374,953 | 389,281 | 381,331 | |
| Commercial real estate | 514,515 | 497,709 | 414,922 | 420,051 | 405,439 | |
| Commercial and industrial | 233,329 | 232,754 | 192,238 | 184,981 | 174,982 | |
| Residential real estate | 268,794 | 268,617 | 262,602 | 252,282 | 237,193 | |
| Home equity lines of credit | 60,319 | 60,076 | 55,341 | 52,212 | 50,555 | |
| Consumer | 143,541 | 135,018 | 127,785 | 119,029 | 108,353 | |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 6,008 | 2,060 | 4,277 | 1,674 | 3,996 | |
| Total portfolio loans | \$ 1,226,506 | \$ 1,196,234 | \$ 1,057,165 | \$ 1,030,229 | \$ 980,518 | |
| Percent of loans to total loans: | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | 4.6 | % 4.0 | % 3.8 | % 3.0 | % 2.4 | % |
| Commercial real estate, other | 37.4 | % 37.6 | % 35.5 | % 37.8 | % 38.9 | % |
| Commercial real estate | 42.0 | % 41.6 | % 39.3 | % 40.8 | % 41.3 | % |
| Commercial and industrial | 19.0 | % 19.5 | % 18.2 | % 17.9 | % 17.8 | % |
| Residential real estate | 21.9 | % 22.5 | % 24.8 | % 24.5 | % 24.2 | % |
| Home equity lines of credit | 4.9 | % 5.0 | % 5.2 | % 5.1 | % 5.2 | % |
| Consumer | 11.7 | % 11.3 | % 12.1 | % 11.5 | % 11.1 | % |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 0.5 | % 0.1 | % 0.4 | % 0.2 | % 0.4 | % |
| Total percentage | 100.0 | % 100.0 | % 100.0 | % 100.0 | % 100.0 | % |
| Residential real estate loans being serviced for others | \$ 340,057 | \$ 341,183 | \$ 339,557 | \$ 338,854 | \$ 343,769 | |

The increase in construction loans was largely due to advances on loans with current relationships. Commercial real estate loan balances increased partially due to the origination of a \$5.8 million loan, coupled with other organic loan growth. Consumer loan balances, which consist mostly of loans to finance automobile purchases, have continued to increase in recent quarters due largely to Peoples placing greater emphasis on its consumer lending activity.

Loan Concentration

Peoples categorizes its commercial loans according to standard industry classifications and monitors for concentrations in a single industry or multiple industries that could be impacted by changes in economic conditions in a similar manner. Peoples' commercial lending activities continue to be spread over a diverse range of businesses from all sectors of the economy, with no single industry comprising over 10% of Peoples' total loan portfolio.

Loans secured by commercial real estate, including commercial construction loans, continue to comprise the largest portion of Peoples' loan portfolio.

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The following table provides information regarding the largest concentrations of commercial real estate loans within the loan portfolio at March 31, 2014:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Outstanding Balance | Loan Commitments | Total Exposure | % of Total | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Commercial real estate, other: | | | | | |
| Lodging and lodging related | \$58,129 | \$— | \$58,129 | 12.4 | % |
| Apartment complexes | 54,805 | 141 | 54,946 | 11.8 | % |
| Office buildings and complexes: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 13,228 | 696 | 13,924 | 3.0 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 30,908 | 106 | 31,014 | 6.6 | % |
| Total office buildings and complexes | 44,136 | 802 | 44,938 | 9.6 | % |
| Light industrial facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 28,194 | 454 | 28,648 | 6.1 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 1,743 | — | 1,743 | 0.4 | % |
| Total light industrial facilities | 29,937 | 454 | 30,391 | 6.5 | % |
| Retail facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 14,732 | 115 | 14,847 | 3.2 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 30,874 | 62 | 30,936 | 6.6 | % |
| Total retail facilities | 45,606 | 177 | 45,783 | 9.8 | % |
| Assisted living facilities and nursing homes | 46,286 | 253 | 46,539 | 10.0 | % |
| Mixed commercial use facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 21,357 | 2,633 | 23,990 | 5.1 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 15,933 | 296 | 16,229 | 3.5 | % |
| Total mixed commercial use facilities | 37,290 | 2,929 | 40,219 | 8.6 | % |
| Day care facilities - owner occupied | 16,121 | — | 16,121 | 3.5 | % |
| Health care facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 6,054 | 14 | 6,068 | 1.3 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 16,000 | 300 | 16,300 | 3.5 | % |
| Total health care facilities | 22,054 | 314 | 22,368 | 4.8 | % |
| Restaurant facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 12,868 | 2 | 12,870 | 2.8 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 1,479 | — | 1,479 | 0.3 | % |
| Total restaurant facilities | 14,347 | 2 | 14,349 | 3.1 | % |
| Other | 89,869 | 3,413 | 93,282 | 19.9 | % |
| Total commercial real estate, other | \$458,580 | \$8,485 | \$467,065 | 100.0 | % |

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| (Dollars in thousands) | Outstanding Balance | Loan Commitments | Total Exposure | % of Total | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| Commercial real estate, construction: | | | | | |
| Apartment complexes | \$30,162 | \$4,423 | \$34,585 | 43.7 | % |
| Office buildings and complexes: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 1,280 | 288 | 1,568 | 2.0 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 3 | 4,800 | 4,803 | 6.1 | % |
| Total office buildings and complexes | 1,283 | 5,088 | 6,371 | 8.1 | % |
| Light industrial facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 806 | 26 | 832 | 1.0 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 213 | — | 213 | 0.3 | % |
| Total light industrial facilities | 1,019 | 26 | 1,045 | 1.3 | % |
| Assisted living facilities and nursing homes | 5,092 | 4,931 | 10,023 | 12.7 | % |
| Mixed commercial use facilities: | | | | | |
| Owner occupied | 1,257 | 1,819 | 3,076 | 3.9 | % |
| Non-owner occupied | 2,892 | — | 2,892 | 3.6 | % |
| Total mixed commercial use facilities | 4,149 | 1,819 | 5,968 | 7.5 | % |
| Day care facilities - owner occupied | 2,161 | 331 | 2,492 | 3.1 | % |
| Restaurant facilities - owner occupied | 3,606 | — | 3,606 | 4.6 | % |
| Residential property | 6,115 | 4,442 | 10,557 | 13.3 | % |
| Other | 2,348 | 2,170 | 4,518 | 5.7 | % |
| Total commercial real estate, construction | \$55,935 | \$23,230 | \$79,165 | 100.0 | % |

Peoples' commercial lending activities continue to focus on lending opportunities inside its primary and secondary market areas within Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky. In all other states, the aggregate outstanding balances of commercial loans in each state were less than \$4.0 million at both March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The amount of the allowance for loan losses at the end of each period represents management's estimate of expected losses from existing loans based upon its quarterly analysis of the loan portfolio. While this process involves allocations being made to specific loans and pools of loans, the entire allowance is available for all losses incurred within the loan portfolio. The following details management's allocation of the allowance for loan losses:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 | |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|
| Commercial real estate | \$13,327 | \$13,215 | \$12,826 | \$12,568 | \$13,973 | |
| Commercial and industrial | 2,130 | 2,174 | 2,195 | 2,188 | 1,750 | |
| Total commercial | 15,457 | 15,389 | 15,021 | 14,756 | 15,723 | |
| Residential real estate | 782 | 881 | 826 | 1,005 | 783 | |
| Home equity lines of credit | 329 | 343 | 337 | 490 | 485 | |
| Consumer | 198 | 316 | 564 | 740 | 383 | |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 104 | 136 | 154 | 122 | 65 | |
| Total allowance for loan losses | \$16,870 | \$17,065 | \$16,902 | \$17,113 | \$17,439 | |
| As a percent of loans, net of deferred fees and costs | 1.38 | % 1.43 | % 1.60 | % 1.66 | % 1.78 | % |

During the first quarter of 2014, Peoples extended the historical loss period from three years to five years for its quantitative calculation of the allowance for loan losses. Management believes this change more appropriately reflects inherent losses in the portfolio.

The significant allocations to commercial loans reflect the higher credit risk associated with this type of lending and the size of this loan category in relationship to the entire loan portfolio. In the first quarter of 2014, the allowance for loan losses was maintained at a similar balance to recent quarters due to the overall credit quality of the loan portfolio. Specifically, Peoples has experienced a steady decrease in criticized loans, which are those classified as watch,

substandard or doubtful, due to principal paydowns and improvements in borrowers' financial conditions. Total criticized loans decreased \$22.1

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million or 28% since year-end 2013, reflecting \$13.3 million in principal paydowns. Peoples upgraded \$7.7 million in loans during 2014 based upon the financial condition of the borrowers. Net charge-offs also remained at or below Peoples' long-term historical rate. These factors had a direct impact on the estimated loss rates used to determine the appropriate allocations for commercial loans.

The allowance allocated to the residential real estate and consumer loan categories is based upon Peoples' allowance methodology for homogeneous pools of loans. The fluctuations in these allocations have been directionally consistent with the changes in loan quality, loss experience and loan balances in these categories.

The following table summarizes Peoples' net charge-offs and recoveries:

| (Dollars in thousands) | Three Months Ended | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
| Gross charge-offs: | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Commercial real estate, other | — | 71 | 199 | 217 | 566 |
| Commercial real estate | — | 71 | 199 | 217 | 566 |
| Commercial and industrial | 49 | 33 | — | 11 | — |
| Residential real estate | 137 | 181 | 218 | 88 | 134 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 20 | — | 160 | — | 2 |
| Consumer | 302 | 439 | 301 | 185 | 159 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 110 | 147 | 135 | 115 | 130 |
| Total gross charge-offs | 618 | 871 | 1,013 | 616 | 991 |
| Recoveries: | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commercial real estate, other | 112 | 1,526 | 1,507 | 1,432 | 1,374 |
| Commercial real estate | 112 | 1,526 | 1,507 | 1,432 | 1,374 |
| Commercial and industrial | 5 | 12 | 7 | 4 | 17 |
| Residential real estate | 38 | 236 | 39 | 145 | 116 |
| Home equity lines of credit | 6 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 8 |
| Consumer | 184 | 191 | 125 | 132 | 104 |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 70 | 27 | 36 | 34 | 65 |
| Total recoveries | 415 | 1,998 | 1,721 | 1,752 | 1,684 |
| Net charge-offs (recoveries): | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commercial real estate, other | (112) | (1,455) | (1,308) | (1,215) | (808) |
| Commercial real estate | (112) | (1,455) | (1,308) | (1,215) | (808) |
| Commercial and industrial | 44) | 21) | (7) | 7) | (17) |
| Residential real estate | 99) | (55) | 179) | (57) | 18) |
| Home equity lines of credit | 14) | (6) | 153) | (5) | (6) |
| Consumer | 118) | 248) | 176) | 53) | 55) |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 40) | 120) | 99) | 81) | 65) |
| Total net charge-offs (recoveries) | \$203) | \$(1,127) | \$(708) | \$(1,136) | \$(693) |
| Ratio of net charge-offs (recoveries) to average loans (annualized): | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | — | %— | %— | %— | %— |
| Commercial real estate, other | (0.04) | %(0.51) | %(0.50) | %(0.48) | %(0.33) |
| Commercial real estate | (0.04) | %(0.51) | %(0.50) | %(0.48) | %(0.33) |

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| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----|
| Commercial and industrial | 0.02 | % 0.01 | % — | % — | % (0.01 |)% |
| Residential real estate | 0.03 | % (0.02 |)% 0.07 | % (0.02 |)% 0.01 | % |
| Home equity lines of credit | 0.01 | % — | % 0.06 | % — | % — | % |
| Consumer | 0.04 | % 0.09 | % 0.07 | % 0.03 | % 0.02 | % |
| Deposit account overdrafts | 0.01 | % 0.04 | % 0.04 | % 0.02 | % 0.02 | % |
| Total | 0.07 | % (0.39 |)% (0.26 |)% (0.45 |)% (0.29 |)% |

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During the first quarter of 2014, charge-offs exceeded recoveries and resulted in a ratio of net charge-offs to average loans of 0.07%, which was well below the long-term historical average of 0.30% to 0.50%.

The following table details Peoples' nonperforming assets:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 | |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|
| Loans 90+ days past due and accruing: | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$36 | \$— | |
| Commercial and industrial | — | — | 950 | — | — | |
| Residential real estate | 29 | 37 | — | — | — | |
| Home equity | 129 | 873 | 1,615 | 1,484 | 1,212 | |
| Consumer | 1 | — | 32 | — | 3 | |
| Total | 159 | 910 | 2,597 | 1,520 | 1,215 | |
| Nonaccrual loans: | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate, construction | 96 | 96 | 76 | 80 | — | |
| Commercial real estate | 2,913 | 2,801 | 3,593 | 4,922 | 5,739 | |
| Commercial and industrial | 640 | 708 | 323 | 297 | 327 | |
| Residential real estate | 3,294 | 2,565 | 3,012 | 3,136 | 3,166 | |
| Home equity | 323 | 81 | 61 | 32 | 78 | |
| Consumer | — | 58 | 60 | 62 | 9 | |
| Total | 7,266 | 6,309 | 7,125 | 8,529 | 9,319 | |
| Troubled debt restructurings: | | | | | | |
| Commercial real estate | 897 | 916 | 1,193 | 1,879 | 2,208 | |
| Commercial and industrial | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Residential real estate | 637 | 650 | 195 | 175 | 276 | |
| Home equity | 6 | 6 | 24 | 24 | — | |
| Total | 1,540 | 1,572 | 1,412 | 2,078 | 2,484 | |
| Total nonperforming loans (NPLs) | 8,965 | 8,791 | 11,134 | 12,127 | 13,018 | |
| Other real estate owned (OREO) | | | | | | |
| Commercial | 465 | 465 | — | — | 815 | |
| Residential | 308 | 428 | 120 | 120 | — | |
| Total | 773 | 893 | 120 | 120 | 815 | |
| Total nonperforming assets (NPAs) | \$9,738 | \$9,684 | \$11,254 | \$12,247 | \$13,833 | |
| NPLs as a percent of total loans | 0.73 | %0.73 | %1.05 | %1.17 | %1.32 | % |
| NPAs as a percent of total assets | 0.47 | %0.47 | %0.59 | %0.64 | %0.71 | % |
| NPAs as a percent of total loans and OREO | 0.79 | %0.81 | %1.06 | %1.18 | %1.41 | % |
| Allowance for loan losses as a percent of NPLs | 188.19 | %194.13 | %151.79 | %141.11 | %133.96 | % |

Nonperforming assets remained steady during the first quarter of 2014, as reductions in loans 90+ days past due and accruing were offset by increases in nonaccrual loans. The reduction in OREO was due to the recent sale of a residential property. The reduction contributed to the decrease in total criticized loans, which were down 28% at March 31, 2014 versus year-end 2013.

The majority of Peoples' nonaccrual commercial real estate loans continues to consist of non-owner occupied commercial properties and real estate development projects. In general, management believes repayment of these loans is dependent on the sale of the underlying collateral. As such, the carrying values of these loans are ultimately supported by management's estimate of the net proceeds Peoples would receive upon the sale of the collateral. These estimates are based in part on market values provided by independent, licensed or certified appraisers periodically, but no less frequently than annually. Given the volatility in commercial real estate values, management continues to monitor changes in real estate values from quarter-to-quarter and updates its estimates as needed based on observable changes in market prices and/or updated appraisals for similar properties.

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Deposits

The following table details Peoples' deposit balances:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Interest-bearing deposits: | | | | | |
| Retail certificates of deposit | \$355,345 | \$363,226 | \$334,910 | \$349,511 | \$353,894 |
| Money market deposit accounts | 276,226 | 275,801 | 224,400 | 238,554 | 288,538 |
| Governmental deposit accounts | 177,590 | 132,379 | 151,910 | 146,817 | 167,441 |
| Savings accounts | 227,695 | 215,802 | 196,293 | 199,503 | 200,549 |
| Interest-bearing demand accounts | 133,508 | 134,618 | 123,966 | 125,875 | 124,969 |
| Total retail interest-bearing deposits | 1,170,364 | 1,121,826 | 1,031,479 | 1,060,260 | 1,135,391 |
| Brokered certificates of deposits | 45,072 | 49,041 | 49,620 | 50,393 | 52,648 |
| Total interest-bearing deposits | 1,215,436 | 1,170,867 | 1,081,099 | 1,110,653 | 1,188,039 |
| Non-interest-bearing deposits | 417,629 | 409,891 | 356,767 | 325,125 | 340,887 |
| Total deposits | \$1,633,065 | \$1,580,758 | \$1,437,866 | \$1,435,778 | \$1,528,926 |

During the first quarter of 2014, retail deposit accounts grew 4% compared to year-end from seasonal increases in governmental deposits and consumer deposit balances, both savings and non-interest-bearing, which typically occur during this period. Retail certificates of deposit declined from year-end, as Peoples maintained its deposit strategy of growing low-cost core deposits, such as checking and savings accounts, and reducing its reliance on higher-cost, non-core deposits, such as CDs and brokered deposits.

Borrowed Funds

The following table details Peoples' short-term and long-term borrowings:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Short-term borrowings: | | | | | |
| FHLB advances | \$15,000 | \$71,000 | \$64,000 | \$59,000 | \$— |
| Retail repurchase agreements | 53,777 | 42,590 | 42,843 | 33,521 | 32,395 |
| Total short-term borrowings | 68,777 | 113,590 | 106,843 | 92,521 | 32,395 |
| Long-term borrowings: | | | | | |
| FHLB advances | 62,211 | 62,679 | 63,806 | 64,180 | 64,348 |
| National market repurchase agreements | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Term note payable (parent company) | 17,953 | 19,147 | 20,340 | 21,534 | 22,726 |
| Total long-term borrowings | 120,164 | 121,826 | 124,146 | 125,714 | 127,074 |
| Total borrowed funds | \$188,941 | \$235,416 | \$230,989 | \$218,235 | \$159,469 |

Peoples' short-term FHLB advances generally consist of overnight borrowings being maintained in connection with the management of Peoples' daily liquidity position.

As disclosed in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K, Peoples entered into a loan agreement in 2012, and is subject to certain covenants. At March 31, 2014, Peoples was in compliance with the applicable material covenants imposed by this agreement, as explained in more detail in Note 10 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K.

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Capital/Stockholders' Equity

During the first quarter of 2014, Peoples' total stockholders' equity benefited from earnings exceeding dividends declared and an increase in the market value of available-for-sale investment securities. At March 31, 2014, capital levels for both Peoples and Peoples Bank remained substantially higher than the minimum amounts needed to be considered "well capitalized" institutions under banking regulations. These higher capital levels reflect Peoples' desire to maintain strong capital positions to provide greater flexibility to grow the company.

The following table details Peoples' actual risk-based capital levels and corresponding ratios:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|---|
| Capital Amounts: | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 | 170,677 | 166,217 | 168,254 | 166,576 | 164,329 | |
| Total (Tier 1 and Tier 2) | 189,145 | 184,457 | 184,550 | 182,706 | 179,569 | |
| Net risk-weighted assets | \$1,358,691 | \$1,338,811 | \$1,194,016 | \$1,175,647 | \$1,118,644 | |
| Capital Ratios: | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 | 12.56 | % 12.42 | % 14.09 | % 14.17 | % 14.69 | % |
| Total (Tier 1 and Tier 2) | 13.92 | % 13.78 | % 15.46 | % 15.54 | % 16.05 | % |
| Leverage ratio | 8.56 | % 8.52 | % 9.14 | % 9.04 | % 8.90 | % |

In addition to traditional capital measurements, management uses tangible capital measures to evaluate the adequacy of Peoples' stockholders' equity. Such ratios represent non-GAAP financial information since their calculation removes the impact of intangible assets acquired through acquisitions on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Management believes this information is useful to investors since it facilitates the comparison of Peoples' operating performance, financial condition and trends to peers, especially those without a similar level of intangible assets to that of Peoples. Further, intangible assets generally are difficult to convert into cash, especially during a financial crisis, and could decrease substantially in value should there be deterioration in the overall franchise value. As a result, tangible equity represents a conservative measure of the capacity for a company to incur losses but remain solvent.

The following table reconciles the calculation of these non-GAAP financial measures to amounts reported in Peoples' Consolidated Financial Statements:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Tangible Equity: | | | | | |
| Total stockholders' equity, as reported | \$230,576 | \$221,553 | \$222,247 | \$219,147 | \$226,079 |
| Less: goodwill and other intangible assets | 77,288 | 77,603 | 71,417 | 71,608 | 69,977 |
| Tangible equity | \$153,288 | \$143,950 | \$150,830 | \$147,539 | \$156,102 |
| Tangible Assets: | | | | | |
| Total assets, as reported | \$2,078,253 | \$2,059,108 | \$1,919,705 | \$1,899,841 | \$1,938,722 |
| Less: goodwill and other intangible assets | 77,288 | 77,603 | 71,417 | 71,608 | 69,977 |
| Tangible assets | \$2,000,965 | \$1,981,505 | \$1,848,288 | \$1,828,233 | \$1,868,745 |
| Tangible Book Value per Share: | | | | | |
| Tangible equity | \$153,288 | \$143,950 | \$150,830 | \$147,539 | \$156,102 |
| Shares outstanding | 10,657,569 | 10,605,782 | 10,596,797 | 10,583,161 | 10,568,147 |
| Tangible book value per share | \$14.38 | \$13.57 | \$14.23 | \$13.94 | \$14.77 |

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Tangible Equity to Tangible Assets Ratio:

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Tangible equity | \$ 153,288 | \$ 143,950 | \$ 150,830 | \$ 147,539 | \$ 156,102 |
| Tangible assets | \$2,000,965 | \$ 1,981,505 | \$ 1,848,288 | \$ 1,828,233 | \$ 1,868,745 |

Tangible equity to tangible assets 7.66 % 7.26 % 8.16 % 8.07 % 8.35 %

The increase in the linked quarter tangible equity to tangible assets ratio during the first quarter of 2014 was primarily caused by higher tangible equity in connection with an increase in the market value of the available-for-sale investment portfolio,

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and earnings exceeding dividends paid. When compared to the first quarter of 2013, the increase in tangible assets caused by loan production and acquisitions has reduced the tangible equity to tangible assets ratio.

Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

While Peoples is exposed to various business risks, the risks relating to interest rate sensitivity and liquidity are major risks that can materially impact future results of operations and financial condition due to their complexity and dynamic nature. The objective of Peoples' asset/liability management ("ALM") function is to measure and manage these risks in order to optimize net interest income within the constraints of prudent capital adequacy, liquidity and safety. This objective requires Peoples to focus on interest rate risk exposure and adequate liquidity through its management of the mix of assets and liabilities, their related cash flows and the rates earned and paid on those assets and liabilities. Ultimately, the ALM function is intended to guide management in the acquisition and disposition of earning assets and selection of appropriate funding sources.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk ("IRR") is one of the most significant risks arising in the normal course of business of financial services companies like Peoples. IRR is the potential for economic loss due to future interest rate changes that can impact both the earnings stream as well as market values of financial assets and liabilities. Peoples' exposure to IRR is due primarily to differences in the maturity or repricing of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. In addition, other factors, such as prepayments of loans and investment securities or early withdrawal of deposits, can expose Peoples to IRR and increase interest costs or reduce revenue streams.

Peoples has assigned overall management of IRR to its Asset-Liability Committee (the "ALCO"), which has established an IRR management policy that sets minimum requirements and guidelines for monitoring and managing the level and amount of IRR. The methods used by the ALCO to assess IRR remain unchanged from those disclosed in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K.

The following table shows the estimated changes in net interest income and the economic value of equity based upon a standard, parallel shock analysis (dollars in thousands):

| Increase in Interest Rate (in Basis Points) | Estimated Increase in Net Interest Income | | | Estimated (Decrease) Increase in Economic Value of Equity | | | | |
|---|---|--------|-------------------|---|------------|-------------------|------------|---------|
| | March 31, 2014 | | December 31, 2013 | March 31, 2014 | | December 31, 2013 | | |
| 300 | \$6,778 | 11.1 % | \$5,473 | 8.9 % | \$(48,979) | (17.7)% | \$(65,867) | (24.8)% |
| 200 | 5,391 | 8.9 % | 4,494 | 7.3 % | (32,792) | (11.8)% | (46,077) | (17.4)% |
| 100 | 3,361 | 5.5 % | 2,885 | 4.7 % | (15,428) | (5.6)% | (23,910) | (9.0)% |

At March 31, 2014, Peoples' Consolidated Balance Sheet remained positioned for a rising interest rate environment, as illustrated by the potential increase in net interest income shown in the above table. The benefit of the actions taken late in the first quarter of 2013 within the investment portfolio to reduce interest rate exposure were fully reflected in the analysis above. While parallel interest rate shock scenarios are useful in assessing the level of IRR inherent in Peoples' Consolidated Balance Sheet, interest rates typically move in a non-parallel manner, with differences in the timing, direction and magnitude of changes in short-term and long-term interest rates. Thus, any benefit that could occur as a result of the Federal Reserve Board increasing short-term interest rates in future quarters could be offset by an inverse movement in long-term interest rates.

Liquidity

In addition to IRR management, another major objective of the ALCO is to maintain a sufficient level of liquidity. The methods used by the ALCO to monitor and evaluate the adequacy of Peoples' liquidity position remain unchanged from those disclosed in Peoples' 2013 Form 10-K.

At March 31, 2014, Peoples had liquid assets of \$216.5 million, which represented 9.7% of total assets and unfunded commitments. This amount exceeded the minimal level of \$44.6 million, or 2% of total loans and unfunded commitments, currently required under Peoples' liquidity policy. Peoples also had an additional \$37.1 million of unpledged securities not included in the measurement of liquid assets.

Management believes the current balance of cash and cash equivalents and anticipated cash flows from the investment portfolio, along with the availability of other funding sources, will allow Peoples to meet anticipated cash obligations, as well as special needs and off-balance sheet commitments.

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Off-Balance Sheet Activities and Contractual Obligations

Peoples routinely engages in activities that involve, to varying degrees, elements of risk that are not reflected in whole or in part in the Consolidated Financial Statements. These activities are part of Peoples' normal course of business and include traditional off-balance sheet credit-related financial instruments, interest rate contracts and commitments to make additional capital contributions in low-income housing tax credit investments. Traditional off-balance sheet credit-related financial instruments continue to represent the most significant off-balance sheet exposure.

The following table details the total contractual amount of loan commitments and standby letters of credit:

| (Dollars in thousands) | March 31, 2014 | December 31, 2013 | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | March 31, 2013 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Home equity lines of credit | \$49,918 | \$49,533 | \$45,655 | \$43,956 | \$44,124 |
| Unadvanced construction loans | 23,231 | 30,203 | 25,923 | 25,646 | 19,092 |
| Other loan commitments | 136,805 | 137,661 | 129,418 | 138,783 | 127,665 |
| Loan commitments | 209,954 | 217,397 | 200,996 | 208,385 | 190,881 |
| Standby letters of credit | \$33,555 | \$33,998 | \$34,804 | \$35,845 | \$34,771 |

Management does not anticipate Peoples' current off-balance sheet activities will have a material impact on its future results of operations and financial condition based on historical experience and recent trends.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information called for by this Item 3 is provided under the caption "Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity" under "ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION" in this Form 10-Q, and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Peoples' management, with the participation of Peoples' President and Chief Executive Officer and Peoples' Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, has evaluated the effectiveness of Peoples' disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of March 31, 2014. Based upon that evaluation, Peoples' President and Chief Executive Officer and Peoples' Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer have concluded that:

- (a) information required to be disclosed by Peoples in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports Peoples files or submits under the Exchange Act would be accumulated and communicated to Peoples' management, including its President and Chief Executive Officer and its Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure;
- (b) information required to be disclosed by Peoples in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other reports Peoples files or submits under the Exchange Act would be recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms; and
- (c) Peoples' disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in Peoples' internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during Peoples' fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2014, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Peoples' internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of their respective businesses or operations, Peoples or one of its subsidiaries may be named as a plaintiff, a defendant, or a party to a legal proceeding or any of their respective properties may be subject to various pending and threatened legal proceedings and various actual and potential claims. In view of the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of such matters, Peoples cannot state what the eventual outcome of any such matters will be; however, based on current knowledge and after consultation with legal counsel, management believes these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity of Peoples.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes from those risk factors previously disclosed in “ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS” of Part I of Peoples’ 2013 Form 10-K. Those risk factors are not the only risks Peoples faces. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to management or that management currently deems to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect Peoples’ business, financial condition and/or operating results.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table details repurchases by Peoples and purchases by “affiliated purchasers” as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, of Peoples’ shares during the three months ended March 31, 2014:

| Period | (a) Total Number of Shares Purchased | (b) Average Price Paid per Share | (c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾ | (d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾ |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|--|
| January 1 - 31, 2014 | 90 | (2) \$ 23.08 | (2) — | — |
| February 1 - 28, 2014 | 639 | (2) \$ 23.59 | (2) — | — |
| March 1 - 31, 2014 | 165 | (2) \$ 25.61 | (2) — | — |
| Total | 894 | \$ 23.91 | — | — |

(1) Peoples’ Board of Directors has not authorized any stock repurchase plans or programs for 2014.

Information reflects solely shares purchased in open market transactions by Peoples Bank under the Rabbi Trust

(2) Agreement establishing a rabbi trust that holds assets to provide funds for the payment of the benefits under the Peoples Bancorp Inc. Second Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors of Peoples Bancorp Inc. and Subsidiaries.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The exhibits required to be filed or furnished with this Form 10-Q are attached hereto or incorporated herein by reference. For a list of such exhibits, see “Exhibit Index” beginning at page 55.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PEOPLES BANCORP INC.

Date: April 23, 2014

By: /s/ CHARLES W. SULERZYSKI
Charles W. Sulerzyski
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: April 23, 2014

By: /s/ EDWARD G. SLOANE
Edward G. Sloane
Executive Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

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EXHIBIT INDEX

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

| Exhibit Number | Description | Exhibit Location |
|----------------|--|---|
| 2.1 | Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of April 4, 2014, between Peoples Bancorp Inc. and Ohio Heritage Bancorp, Inc.* | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 7, 2014 and filed with the SEC on the same date (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.1(a) | Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on May 3, 1993) | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to the Registration Statement on Form 8-B of Peoples Bancorp Inc. ("Peoples") filed July 20, 1993 (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.1(b) | Certificate of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on April 22, 1994) | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a)(2) to Peoples' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997 (File No. 0-16772) ("Peoples' 1997 Form 10-K") |
| 3.1(c) | Certificate of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on April 9, 1996) | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a)(3) to Peoples' 1997 Form 10-K |
| 3.1(d) | Certificate of Amendment to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on April 23, 2003) | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Peoples' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2003 (File No. 0-16772) ("Peoples' March 31, 2003 Form 10-Q") |
| 3.1(e) | Certificate of Amendment by Shareholders to the Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (as filed with the Ohio Secretary of State on January 22, 2009) | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on January 23, 2009 (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.1(f) | Certificate of Amendment by Directors to Articles filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Ohio on January 28, 2009, evidencing adoption of amendments by the Board of Directors of Peoples Bancorp Inc. to Article FOURTH of Amended Articles of Incorporation to establish express terms of Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Shares, Series A, each without par value, of Peoples Bancorp Inc. | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on February 2, 2009 (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.1(g) | Amended Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (reflecting all amendments) [For SEC reporting compliance | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1(g) to Peoples' Annual Report on Form |

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- | | | |
|--------|--|---|
| | purposes only – not filed with Ohio Secretary of State] | 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.2(a) | Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(b) to Peoples' Registration Statement on Form 8-B filed July 20, 1993 (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.2(b) | Certified Resolutions Regarding Adoption of Amendments to Sections 1.03, 1.04, 1.05, 1.06, 1.08, 1.10, 2.03(C), 2.07, 2.08, 2.10 and 6.02 of the Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. by shareholders on April 10, 2003 | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(c) to Peoples' March 31, 2003 Form 10-Q |
| 3.2(c) | Certificate regarding adoption of amendments to Sections 3.01, 3.03, 3.04, 3.05, 3.06, 3.07, 3.08 and 3.11 of the Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. by shareholders on April 8, 2004 | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to Peoples' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2004 (File No. 0-16772) |

* Schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of SEC Regulation S-K. A copy of any omitted schedules or exhibits will be furnished supplementally to the SEC upon its request.

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EXHIBIT INDEX

PEOPLES BANCORP INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

| Exhibit Number | Description | Exhibit Location |
|----------------|--|---|
| 3.2(d) | Certificate regarding adoption of amendments to Sections 2.06, 2.07, 3.01 and 3.04 of Peoples Bancorp Inc.'s Code of Regulations by the shareholders on April 13, 2006 | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Peoples' Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed on April 14, 2006 (File No. 0-16772) |
| 3.2(e) | Certificate regarding adoption of an amendment to Section 2.01 of Peoples Bancorp Inc.'s Code of Regulations by the shareholders on April 22, 2010 | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2(e) to Peoples' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A (Amendment No. 1) for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2010 (File No. 0-16772) ("Peoples' June 30, 2010 Form 10-Q/A") |
| 3.2(f) | Code of Regulations of Peoples Bancorp Inc. (reflecting all amendments) [For SEC reporting compliance purposes only] | Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2(f) to Peoples' June 30, 2010 Form 10-Q/A |
| 31.1 | Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications [President and Chief Executive Officer] | Filed herewith |
| 31.2 | Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications [Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer] | Filed herewith |
| 32 | Section 1350 Certifications | Furnished herewith |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document | Submitted electronically herewith # |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document | Submitted electronically herewith # |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document | Submitted electronically herewith # |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document | Submitted electronically herewith # |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document | Submitted electronically herewith # |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document | Submitted electronically herewith # |

Attached as Exhibit 101 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 of Peoples Bancorp Inc. are the following documents formatted in XBRL (eXtensive Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income (unaudited) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013; (iv) Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited) for the three months ended March 31, 2014; (v) Condensed

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013; and (vi) Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.