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CHARMING SHOPPES INC
Form 10-K
May 04, 2001

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended February 3, 2001

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-7258

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

23-1721355
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

450 Winks Lane, Bensalem, Pennsylvania
(Address of principal executive offices)

19020
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (215) 245-9100

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock (par value \$.10 per share)
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (S.229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

As of April 16, 2001, 101,742,782 common shares were outstanding. The aggregate market value of the common shares (based upon the closing price on April 16, 2001), held by non-affiliates was approximately \$487 million.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE: As stated in Part III of this annual

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report, portions of the following document are incorporated herein by reference:

Definitive proxy statement for annual shareholders meeting to be filed within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report.

PART I

Item 1. Business

General

Charming Shoppes, Inc., a Pennsylvania corporation formed in 1969, operates through its subsidiary corporations 1,754 women's specialty retail apparel stores in 48 states, under the names Fashion Bug(R), Fashion Bug Plus(R), Catherine's Plus Sizes(R), The Answer(TM) and Added Dimensions(R) (as of the fiscal year ended February 3, 2001 ("Fiscal 2001")). Unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "Company" refers to Charming Shoppes, Inc. and, where appropriate, one or more of its subsidiaries.

Charming Shoppes opened its first store on September 13, 1940 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In 1971, Charming Shoppes became a public corporation, trading on the over-the-counter market (Nasdaq) under the ticker symbol "CHRS".

During the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000, the Company acquired the Catherines Stores Corporation, a chain of 436 retail stores, and the Modern Woman chain of 136 retail stores. Both chains served a similar customer -- the plus-size woman. The Company consolidated the two businesses so as to benefit from synergies. The combination provided the Company with an enhanced platform to strengthen and accelerate its large-size growth strategy. Charming Shoppes has become a leading provider of large-size fashion, a segment that continues to outpace the overall growth of the women's apparel market. In addition to synergies and efficiencies in buying and administrative functions, the Company achieved improved geographic diversity in its overall store base and resulting revenue stream. During Fiscal 2001, the Company completed the integration of the Modern Woman stores into the Catherines Stores Corporation.

With \$1.6 billion in sales and 1,754 stores nationwide, Charming Shoppes is the largest women's specialty apparel retailer in the strip shopping center. The Company is a leading women's specialty retailer in plus sizes, servicing the plus-size woman through three distinct brands: Fashion Bug (including Fashion Bug Plus), Catherine's Plus Sizes and The Answer/Added Dimensions. Through varied fashion concepts, the Company offers merchandise at budget to moderate price points, with classic to updated fashion tastes, for a wide range of ethnically diverse women. The fashion apparel needs of the Misses and Junior customer are served through the Fashion Bug, Monsoon, and Accessorize brands.

The Company's Brands

Fashion Bug(R) and Fashion Bug Plus(R)

The Company's 1,230 Fashion Bug and Fashion Bug Plus stores specialize in selling a wide variety of plus-size, misses and junior sportswear, dresses, coats, lingerie, accessories, and casual footwear. The stores sell both developed product, uniquely designed for the Fashion Bug customer, and

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brand-name merchandise. The majority of these stores are located in the Northeast quadrant of the United States, in strip shopping centers. The Company's Fashion Bug stores average 8,900 square feet in size and are located in 46 states. Customers are in the 20- to 49-year-old age group, shop in the low to moderate price range, and are on trend with current fashions. Plus-size sportswear is the largest merchandise category, with 41% of sales represented by plus-sizes.

Catherine's Plus Sizes(R)

The Catherine's Plus Sizes customer wears size 16 and larger, and generally shops in the moderate price range. The brand targets women 40-65 years old and offers classic apparel and accessories for career and casual lifestyles in a one-to-one selling environment. The target customer has classic but fashion-conscious tastes, and is primarily concerned with fit and value in apparel selection. As a size specialist, Catherine's also has developed an expertise in providing merchandise catering to plus-size women wearing sizes 28 and above, as well as petite sizes. These 414 stores, which exclusively sell plus-size women's apparel, are located in 45 states, primarily in the Southeast, Mid-Atlantic, and Eastern Central regions of the United States, and average 4,000 square feet in size. Employing a strip shopping center strategy, Catherine's Plus Sizes is a destination store, with a competitive advantage in super sizes, petites, and the body basics fit program, designed to help a woman choose the merchandise styles that flatter her figure.

The Answer(TM)/Added Dimensions(R)

The Answer and Added Dimensions stores cater to an ethnically diverse, plus-size woman, over 35 years of age, who shops in the moderate to better price range. The brand caters to her need for career, church, social occasion, and casual apparel and accessories offering high quality fashion. She is fashion forward, has a strong fashion attitude, and prefers dramatic styles and bold colors. These 110 stores, which exclusively sell plus-size women's apparel, are located primarily in metropolitan areas throughout the Southeastern and Midwestern United States, and average 3,900 square feet in size. The stores employ a strip center strategy, and are located in 23 states and the District of Columbia.

Monsoon(R) and Accessorize(R)

On October 26, 2000, Charming Shoppes, Inc. and Monsoon plc of London announced the signing of a joint venture agreement, for the purpose of bringing the successful apparel and accessories concepts of Monsoon and Accessorize stores from the United Kingdom to the United States. The Company plans to open approximately 10 Monsoon and/or Accessorize stores during the fiscal year ending February 2, 2002 ("Fiscal 2002") and will be evaluating the performance of these stores in developing a longer-term growth strategy for the brands.

The Monsoon concept is a women's apparel specialty store in the "better" price range, with locations in premier malls. All product is private label and created by Monsoon's team of designers and buyers using manufacturing resources throughout the world. Product offerings include leading fashion in both career and special occasion dressing. The target customer is 25 to 55 years old.

Accessorize specializes in women's accessories in the "moderate" to "better" price range. All product is private label and is sourced from around the world using Accessorize's design, buying, and development teams. Product offerings include bags, necklaces, bracelets, earrings, hair accessories, hats, purses, scarves, sunglasses, and sarongs, among others. The target customer is 16 to 45 years old.

The Company's real estate strategy for Fashion Bug, Catherine's Plus Sizes,

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and The Answer/Added Dimensions stores is focused on locating stores in strip shopping centers. As of the end of Fiscal 2001, approximately 85% of the Company's stores were located in strip shopping centers. The Company believes that its low to moderate customer base visits strip shopping centers more frequently than malls for their shopping needs as a result of the mix of the tenants in, and the convenience of, strip shopping centers. In addition, the Company benefits from substantially lower occupancy costs as compared to store occupancy costs in malls.

Growth Strategy

The Company's primary growth strategy is to increase its market share in women's specialty plus-size apparel. In support of this strategy, the Company plans to increase store units aggressively. The Company expects to fund store growth plans from internally generated funds. During Fiscal 2001, the Company announced plans to eliminate the girls merchandise from the Fashion Bug stores. Store space and inventory previously committed to girls will primarily be redirected to the expansion of the plus-size apparel offerings. Through branded websites, the Company also plans to develop an online marketing medium for plus-size women, and to introduce e-commerce for plus-size women's apparel.

Merchandising and Marketing

The Company employs a merchandise strategy that emphasizes a variety of choices in its merchandise assortment. The Company uses domestic fashion market guidance, fashion advisory services, and in-store testing to determine the optimal product assortment for its customer base. Management believes that this strategy results in a higher degree of accuracy in predicting consumer preferences while reducing the Company's inventory investment and risk. The purpose of this strategy is to enable the Company to provide merchandise assortments to meet its customers' preferences.

The Company offers an assortment of both casual and career-oriented products, in plus (large-size), misses, petite, and junior sizes. Merchandise that complements these areas, such as accessories, intimate apparel, and footwear, are also featured. In addition, Catherine's Plus Sizes stores offers a broad assortment of merchandise in extended sizes (over size 26), making the Company one of the few retailers to emphasize these sizes. The Company has eliminated girls apparel from its Fashion Bug stores as of the end of the 2000-2001 winter. Sales of girls apparel represented approximately 3% of Fashion Bug sales. Store space and inventory commitments previously allocated to girls apparel will be redirected primarily to growth in plus-size apparel.

Product assortments are generally tailored to the demographics of an area, and merchandise is available for six seasons -- spring, summer, transitional, fall, holiday, and transitional. The Company maintains quality standards with respect to merchandise fabrication, construction, and fit. Realistic initial pricing is also part of the business strategy. The pricing provides sufficient margin to permit merchandise discounts in order to stimulate customer purchases.

In order to meet the demands of its primary customers, the Company uses the domestic wholesale apparel marketplace for a significant portion of its purchases. This allows management to maintain short lead times, respond quickly to current fashion trends, and quickly replenish merchandise inventory as necessary. The Company uses its overseas sourcing operation and agency relationships to procure basic low-risk commodity merchandise, which generally requires longer lead times.

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The Company continues to redefine its merchandise assortments to reflect the needs and demands of diverse customer groups. The Company has distribution systems in place whereby stores that are identified as having certain customer profiles can be merchandised with products specifically targeted to such customers. In addition, the Company continues to work to improve inventory turnover by better managing the flow of seasonal merchandise to its stores across all geographic regions. Further, the Company addresses the different lifestyle needs of its customers with respect to fashion by varying the depth and assortments of career and casual merchandise.

The Company employs a realistic pricing strategy that is aimed at setting the initial price markup of fashion merchandise in order to increase the percentage of sales at the ticketed price. Management believes this strategy has resulted in a greater degree of credibility with the customer, reducing the need for aggressive price promotions. The pricing does allow sufficient margin to permit merchandise discounts in order to stimulate customer purchases when necessary. The Company expects to continue to achieve a higher initial markup in the basic low-risk commodity merchandise that is purchased through its overseas sourcing operations.

The retail sale of women's apparel is a highly competitive business with numerous competitors, including moderate-price department stores, discount department stores, other low- to moderate-price, moderate-price, and moderate-to-better-price specialty apparel stores, and mail-order companies. The Company cannot reasonably estimate the number of competitors due to the large number of companies selling women's apparel. However, the Company believes that it currently holds an estimated 20% market share of the women's large-size specialty apparel business. The primary elements of competition are merchandise style, size, selection, quality, display, and price, as well as store location, design, advertising, and promotion and personalized service to the customers.

The Company's stores experience a normal seasonal sales pattern for the retail apparel industry, with peak sales occurring during the Easter, Labor Day, and Christmas seasons. The Company generally builds inventory levels prior to these peak selling periods. To keep inventory current and fashionable, the Company reduces the price of slow-moving merchandise throughout the year. End-of-season sales are conducted with the objective of carrying a minimal amount of seasonal merchandise over from one season to another. Sales for the four quarters of Fiscal 2001, as a percent of total sales, were 23.6%, 26.7%, 22.6% and 27.1%, respectively.

The Company continues to be promotionally oriented. The Company's advertising expenditures are focused on stimulating customer traffic through targeted direct mail advertising to preferred customers. These customers are selected from a database of more than 18 million proprietary credit card, third-party credit card, and cash customers. The Company also may use radio, television, and newspaper advertising to stimulate traffic at certain strategic times of the year. Pricing policies, displays, store promotions, and convenient store hours are also used to attract customers. With the planning and guidance of specialized home office personnel, each store provides such displays and advertising as may be necessary to feature certain merchandise or certain promotional selling prices from time to time.

The Company encourages sales through its proprietary credit cards. The Company's proprietary credit card programs have approximately 2.8 million active accounts, which accounted for approximately 33% of retail sales in Fiscal 2001. The Company believes that the credit card is a promotional vehicle in itself, engendering customer loyalty, creating a substantial

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base for targeted direct mail promotion, and encouraging incremental sales.

The Company controls and services its entire Fashion Bug proprietary credit card file, and has entered into various agreements whereby it securitizes and sells all of these receivables. In each securitization, the receivables are transferred by the Company's credit card bank to a trust, which issues certificates representing ownership interests in the trust. Under these agreements, the Company continues to service the receivables and control credit policies. This allows the Company to continue to fund receivable growth, provide customer service, and collect past-due accounts. Accordingly, its relationship with its credit card customers is not affected by the securitization agreements.

The Company's Fashion Bug proprietary credit card portfolio is originated by Spirit of America National Bank, a national banking association and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Spirit of America National Bank approves credit applications and a third party performs all billing and collection activities. The Company's proprietary credit card customers tend to be a higher credit risk than bank-issued credit card customers.

Catherine's Plus Sizes and The Answer/Added Dimensions also offer customers the convenience of a private-label credit card. The Company uses a third-party bank to finance and service these private-label credit card programs. This third-party bank provides new account approval, credit authorization, billing, and account collection services. Under a non-recourse agreement with the third-party bank, the Company is reimbursed daily with respect to sales generated by the private-label credit cards. The agreement may require the Company to repurchase receivables from the third-party bank under certain conditions relating to a change in control of the Company.

Purchasing

Purchasing is conducted on a departmental basis for each of the Fashion Bug, Catherine's Plus Sizes, and The Answer/Added Dimensions merchandise groups by staffs of buyers supervised by one or more merchandise managers. The Company believes that specialization of buyers within their departments enhances their expertise in obtaining quality merchandise at a cost that will permit attractive selling prices, while obtaining the desired markup for the Company.

The merchandising staffs obtain store and chain-wide inventory information generated by merchandise information systems that use point-of-sale terminals. Through these terminals, merchandise can be followed from the placement of the order to the actual sale. Based upon this data, the merchandise managers compare budgeted-to-actual sales and make merchandising decisions, as needed, including re-order, markdowns, and changes in the buying plans for upcoming seasons.

During Fiscal 2001, the Company's stores purchased merchandise from approximately 1,150 suppliers, none of which accounted for more than 4% of the Company's purchases. The Company purchased approximately 70% of its Fashion Bug merchandise and 80% of its Catherine's Stores merchandise in the domestic market on an open account basis, with the remainder being obtained through the Company's sourcing organization.

Sourcing

In order to meet the demands of its primary customers, the Company uses the domestic wholesale apparel marketplace for a significant portion of its purchases. This allows management to maintain short lead times, respond

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quickly to current fashion trends, and quickly replenish merchandise inventory as necessary. The Company uses its overseas sourcing operation to procure basic low-risk commodity merchandise, which generally requires longer lead times. In Fiscal 2001, the Company purchased approximately 70% of its Fashion Bug merchandise and 80% of its Catherine's Stores merchandise in the domestic market, with the remainder being developed by the Company's sourcing organization. The Company anticipates a reduction in the percentage of domestically sourced product for Catherine's Stores to a level closer to the Company's Fashion Bug domestic sourcing percentage of 70%.

During Fiscal 2001, the Company conducted its sourcing operations in 24 countries through its offices in Hong Kong and Singapore. Merchandise purchases outside the United States are done via letter of credit with third party vendors, with the Company being the importer of record. To date, the Company has not experienced difficulties in purchasing merchandise overseas or importing such merchandise into the United States. Should political instability result in a disruption of normal activities in a country with which the Company does business, the Company believes it would have adequate alternative sources of supply.

Distribution

The Company operates two distribution centers. For its Fashion Bug and The Answer/Added Dimensions stores, the Company uses a distribution center in Greencastle, Indiana. The 150-acre tract of land contains a building of approximately 1,000,000 square feet. The Company estimates that, by operating multiple shifts, it would have the ability to service over 2,000 stores from this distribution center. For Catherine's Plus Sizes stores, the Company operates a 213,000 square foot distribution center in Memphis, Tennessee, which is designed to handle up to approximately 800 stores.

The majority of merchandise purchased by the Company is received at the Greencastle and Memphis facilities, where it is prepared for distribution to the stores. The functions performed at these central facilities include quality control inspection, receiving, ticketing, packing, and shipping. The Company's automated sorting systems in these distribution centers enhance the flow of merchandise from receipt to shipment. Merchandise is shipped to each store by trucks operated principally by common carriers. The Company uses computerized automated distribution models that enhance the efficiency of the distribution operations. These models enable the distribution operations to build various customer profiles into each store's plan. These profiles determine not only the number of units, but also the type of unit to be distributed to each store.

The Company's merchandise and purchasing strategy, and enhancements to the Company's inventory management, facilitate the timely and orderly purchase and flow of merchandise. This enables the Company's stores to offer fresh product assortments on a regular basis.

Stores

The Company's stores feature wall and selling-floor displays that coordinate merchandise in order to promote multiple sales. The stores, which the Company believes must present a fresh, contemporary shopping environment, are redecorated or remodeled as necessary. The Company is constantly testing and implementing new store designs and fixture packages aimed at providing an effective merchandise presentation.

The Company emphasizes customer service, including the presence of

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salespeople in the stores, rather than self-service; lay-away plans; and acceptance of merchandise returns for cash or credit within a reasonable time period.

The Company's real estate strategy for Fashion Bug, Catherine's Plus Sizes, and The Answer/Added Dimensions stores is focused on locating stores in strip shopping centers. The Company's 1,754 stores (as of February 3, 2001) are primarily located in suburban areas and small towns. Approximately 85% of these stores are located in strip shopping centers, while the balance are located in community and regional malls. The Company believes that its low to moderate customer base visits strip shopping centers more frequently than malls for their shopping needs as a result of the mix of the tenants in, and the convenience of, strip shopping centers. In addition, the Company benefits from substantially lower occupancy costs as compared to store occupancy costs in malls. Typically, stores are open seven days per week, eleven hours per day Monday through Saturday, and seven hours on Sunday.

The Company's Fashion Bug stores range in size, generally, from 5,000 square feet to 15,000 square feet, averaging approximately 8,900 square feet. The Company's Catherine's Plus Sizes and The Answer/Added Dimensions stores range in size, generally, from 2,000 square feet to 6,000 square feet, averaging approximately 3,900 square feet. Total leased space was 13,067,000 square feet as of the end of Fiscal 2001, as compared to 12,911,000 square feet as of the end of the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000 ("Fiscal 2000").

The Company has developed new store designs for each of its store concepts. During the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999, the Fashion Bug store design was elevated to a brighter, well-defined, easier-to-shop format. By the end of Fiscal Year 2001, 27% of the Company's 1,230 Fashion Bug stores were in the new format. New, remodeled, and relocated stores will use the new design. The Company has also developed new store designs for the Catherine's Plus Sizes and The Answer/Added Dimensions concepts. The new Catherine's Plus Sizes store design was introduced in August 2000, and the updated The Answer/Added Dimensions format was introduced during February 2001. Going forward, new, remodeled, and relocated Added Dimensions stores will operate under The Answer tradename.

The Company's real estate strategy for Monsoon and Accessorize stores is focused on locating stores in better-rated mall locations, street fronts and life-style strip centers.

The Company plans to open 110-120 new stores, remodel approximately 45-50 stores, and relocate approximately 75-80 stores during Fiscal 2002. The Company continues to seek new locations that meet its financial and operational objectives.

During Fiscal 2001, the Company opened 94, closed 49, and relocated 18 Fashion Bug stores. The Company opened 11, closed 7, and relocated 9 Catherine's Stores and converted 87 Modern Woman stores to the Catherine's Plus Sizes and Added Dimension/The Answer formats. As a result of the integration of Modern Woman stores into the Catherines Stores Corporation, 35 Modern Woman stores were closed during Fiscal 2001.

The Company's store openings and closings over the past five fiscal years are set forth in the following table:

Year Ended

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	Feb. 3, 2001 ----	Jan. 29, 2000 ----	Jan. 30, 1999 ----	Jan. 31, 1998 ----	Feb. 1, 1997 ----
Number of stores					
Open at beginning					
of period.....	1,740	1,135	1,135	1,134	1,301
Opened during period....	105	75	65	25	5
Acquired during period...	0	572	0	0	0
Closed or combined					
during period.....	(91) (1)	(42)	(65)	(24)	(172)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1,754	1,740	1,135	1,135	1,134
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Store Type					
Fashion Bug and Fashion					
Bug Plus.....	1,230	1,185	1,135	1,135	1,134
Catherine's Plus Sizes, The Answer, and Added Dimensions.....					
	524	555 (2)	0	0	0
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1,754	1,740	1,135	1,135	1,134
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

[FN]

(1) Includes 35 Modern Woman stores that were closed as a result of the consolidation of Modern Woman stores into the Catherine's Plus Sizes/The Answer/Added Dimensions formats during the year ended February 3, 2001.

(2) Includes 122 Modern Woman stores that were closed or converted to the Catherine's Plus Sizes/The Answer/Added Dimensions formats during the year ended February 3, 2001.

Store Management and Employees

All stores are operated under the direct management of the Company. Each store has a manager and an assistant manager, who are in daily operational control. The Company has district managers, who travel to all stores in their district on a frequent basis, to supervise store operations. Each district manager has responsibility for an average of approximately 11 stores. Regional managers, who report to a Director of Stores, supervise the district managers. Generally, store managers are appointed from the group of assistant managers, and district managers are appointed from the group of store managers. The Company's policy is to motivate its store personnel through promotion from within, with competitive wages and various incentive, medical, and retirement plans. Store operational and purchasing policies are developed centrally, leaving individual store management with the principal duties of display, selling, and reporting through point-of-sale terminals.

As of the end of Fiscal 2001, the Company employed approximately 19,750 people, which included approximately 13,800 part-time employees. In addition, a number of temporary employees are hired during the Christmas season. Approximately 36 of the Company's Memphis, Tennessee distribution center employees are represented by the Upholstery and Allied Industries Division of the United Steelworkers of America. The Company and the union have ratified their contract, which expires in November 2001. There have been no material effects on the Company's operations to date as a result of

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the union representation.

Trademarks and Servicemarks

The Company owns, or is in the process of obtaining, all rights to the trademarks and trade names it believes are necessary to conduct its business as presently operated. "FASHION BUG" (R), "FASHION BUG PLUS" (R), "L.A. BLUES" (R), "CATHERINE'S" (R), "CATHERINE'S PLUS SIZES" (R), "ADDED DIMENSIONS" (R), "THE ANSWER" (TM), "CST STUDIO" (R), "CST SPORT," "MAGGIE BARNES" (R), "KATHY WHITE" (R), "LIZ & ME" (R), "AD SPORT" (R), "GROVE AVENUE" (R), "JON LAWRENCE" (R), "CAPISTRANO" (R), "FITTING IMAGE" (R), and "MODERN WOMAN" (R) and several other trademarks and servicemarks of lesser importance to the Company have been registered or are in the process of being registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office and in other countries.

The Company is the owner of the following domain name registrations: charming.com, charmingshoppes.com, fashionbug.com, fashionbugplus.com, catherines.com, and others of lesser importance.

Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

The Company has made in this report, and from time to time may otherwise make, forward-looking statements concerning the Company's operations, performance, and financial condition. This report includes, in particular, forward-looking statements regarding the Company's growth strategy, future performance following its acquisitions, joint ventures, restructurings, and expense reduction initiatives, and the expected benefits thereof. In addition, the information contained herein includes certain forward-looking statements regarding earnings, sales performance, store openings and closings, cost savings, capital requirements, the Company's exposure to fluctuations in interest rates, and other matters. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors, including those identified below.

Dependence on Key Management

The Company's success and its ability to successfully execute its business strategy depends largely on the efforts and abilities of Dorrit J. Bern, the Company's Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, and her management team. The loss of the services of one or more of such key personnel could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and financial results. The Company does not maintain key-man insurance policies with respect to any of its employees.

Other Factors

Actual results could also differ materially from those currently anticipated due to (i) rapid changes in or miscalculation of fashion trends, (ii) extreme or unseasonable weather conditions, (iii) economic downturns, a weakness in overall consumer demand, inflation, and cyclical variations in the retail market for women's fashion apparel, (iv) a further increase in the Federal (or State) Minimum Wage, (v) an acceleration in the rate of business failures in the retail industry, (vi) the loss of certain or all of the collateral pledged under the Company's credit facilities, (vii) the availability and/or cost of receivables securitization arrangements, (viii) an increase in the rate of bad debt expense among the Company's proprietary credit card customers, (ix) the risks attendant to

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the sourcing of the Company's merchandise needs abroad, including exchange rate fluctuations, political instability, trade sanctions or restrictions, changes in quota and duty regulations, delays in shipping, or increased costs of transportation, (x) the interruption of merchandise flow to the Company's retail stores from its centralized distribution facilities, (xi) the availability and cost of external financing, (xii) competitive pressures, (xiii) failure to realize merger-related synergies, (xiv) the imposition of more onerous payment terms for merchandise purchases, (xv) the ability to hire and train associates, (xvi) the availability of suitable store locations on appropriate terms, and (xvii) failure to achieve the expected benefits of the plus-size growth strategy. In addition, the market price of the Company's Common Stock, which is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market, may be subject to significant fluctuation in response to quarter-to-quarter variations in the Company's revenues and earnings, variations in monthly sales figures, and general stock market volatility unrelated to the Company's operating performance.

Item 2. Properties

The Company leases all store premises, with the exception of 6 stores, which the Company owns. Typically, store leases have initial terms of 5 to 20 years and contain provisions for renewal options, additional rental charges based on sales performance, and payment of real estate taxes and common area charges.

With respect to leased stores open as of February 3, 2001, the following table shows the number of store leases expiring during the periods indicated, assuming the exercise of the Company's renewal options:

Period	Number of Leases Expiring
-----	-----
2001	65
2002 - 2006	341
2007 - 2011	324
2012 - 2016	307
2017 - 2021	350
2022 - 2026	306
Thereafter	61

The Company owns a 1,000,000 square foot distribution center in Greencastle, Indiana that services the Company's Fashion Bug, Fashion Bug Plus, and The Answer/Added Dimensions stores and a 213,000 square foot distribution center in Memphis, Tennessee that services the Company's Catherine's Plus Sizes stores.

The Company leases 91,000 square feet of office space in Bensalem, Pennsylvania, which houses the Company's corporate headquarters, and owns approximately 22 acres in Bensalem with a 145,000 square foot office building housing the Company's data processing facility and additional administrative offices. In addition, the Company owns a 99,000 square foot facility in Memphis, Tennessee, which houses the Catherine's Stores corporate headquarters, data processing facility, and administrative offices. Spirit of America National Bank, the Company's wholly owned credit card bank subsidiary, occupies 30,000 square feet of leased office space in Miami Township, Ohio. The Company also maintains a buying office

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in New York City that occupies 13,000 square feet of leased space. The Company owns or leases a total of 43,000 square feet of office and warehouse space in Asia.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

There are no material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their property is the subject.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this report.

Item 4a. Executive Officers of the Registrant

The following list contains certain information relative to Executive Officers of the Company as of April 17, 2001. There are no family relationships among any Executive Officers. The term of each Executive Officer expires at the next annual meeting of the Board of Directors following the Annual Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held during June 2001, or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Dorrit J. Bern, 50, has served as Chairman of the Board of Directors since January 1997. Prior to that, she served as Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors from September 1995 to January 1997. She has also served as President and Chief Executive Officer since September 1995. Ms. Bern's term as a Director expires in 2002.

Anthony A. DeSabato, 52, has served as Executive Vice President and Corporate Director of Human Resources for more than five years.

Eric M. Specter, 43, has served as Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer since January 1997. He also served as Treasurer from February 1998 to March 2000. Prior to that he served as Vice President - Chief Financial Officer from December 1995 to January 1997.

Colin D. Stern, 52, has served as Executive Vice President and General Counsel for more than five years. He has also served as Secretary since February 1998.

Elizabeth Williams, 47, was appointed President of Fashion Bug in December 1999. Prior to that, she served as Executive Vice President - Merchandising from October 1995 to December 1999. Prior to that, she served as Divisional Vice President - Misses Sportswear and Special Sizes for Sears, Roebuck & Co. from February 1994 to October 1995.

Erna Zint, 57, has served as Executive Vice President - Sourcing since January 1996.

Carmen Monaco, 54, has served as Vice President - Marketing since May 1997. Prior to that he served as Senior Vice President - Marketing/Advertising for Goody's Family Clothing Inc. from August 1992 to May 1997.

John J. Sullivan, 54, has served as Vice President - Corporate Controller since October 1998. Prior to that, he served as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer for National Media Corp. from January 1998 to

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October 1998 and from September 1991 to April 1995, and as Senior Vice President of Administration from April 1995 to January 1998.

Jeffery A. Warzel, 44, has served as Senior Vice President - Infrastructure Operations and Strategic Planning since January 2000. Prior to that, he served as Vice President - Operations Support and Business Development for Western Auto, a subsidiary of Sears Roebuck & Co. from August 1996 to December 1999. Prior to that, he served as Vice President - Process Improvement for Melville Corporation from 1992 to 1996.

Jonathon Graub, 42, has served as Senior Vice President - Real Estate, since December 1999. Prior to that, he served as Vice President - Real Estate for more than five years.

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

(a) Principal Market: The Company's Common Stock is traded on the over-the-counter market and quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol CHRS.

(b) The following table sets forth the high and low sale prices for the Company's Common Stock during the indicated periods, as reported by Nasdaq.

	Fiscal 2001		Fiscal 2000	
	High	Low	High	Low
	----	---	----	---
1st Quarter....	\$8	\$4 15/16	\$4 5/8	\$2 13/16
2nd Quarter....	7 1/32	4 5/8	7 1/16	3 9/16
3rd Quarter....	6 3/16	4 7/8	6 13/16	4 9/16
4th Quarter....	7 1/8	5 3/8	8 1/4	5

On October 2, 1995, the Company's Board of Directors announced an indefinite suspension of dividends on the Company's Common Stock. On November 30, 1995, the Company entered into borrowing agreements that require, among other things, that the Company not pay dividends on its Common Stock (see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Debt" below).

(c) Approximate Number of Holders of Common Stock:

The approximate number of holders of record of the Company's Common Stock as of April 16, 2001 was 2,240. This number excludes individual stockholders holding stock under nominee security position listings.

(d) Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Not applicable.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

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The following table presents selected financial data for the Company for each of the five fiscal years ended as of February 1, 1997 through February 3, 2001. All of the selected financial data are extracted from the Company's audited financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included under "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Form 10-K.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES FIVE-YEAR COMPARATIVE SUMMARY

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	Feb. 3, 2001(1) (2)	Jan. 29, 2000(1)	Year Ended Jan. 30, 1999	Jan. 31, 1998	Feb. 1, 1997
	-----	-----	----	----	----
Net sales.....	\$1,607,079	\$1,196,529	\$1,035,160	\$1,016,537	\$1,016,297
Restructuring charge (credit).....	0	(3,471) (3)	54,246(4)	0	0
Non-recurring gain from demutualization of insurance company....	0	6,700(5)	0	0	0
Non-recurring gain from asset securitization.	0	0	0	13,018(6)	0
Extraordinary gain on early retirement of debt, net of tax..	0	1,232	0	0	0
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax.....	(540) (7)	0	0	0	0
Net income (loss).....	51,098	45,059	(20,135)	19,334	(7,237)
Basic net income (loss) per share.....	.50	.46	(.20)	.18	(.07)
Net income (loss) per share, assuming dilution.....	.48	.43	(.20)	.18	(.07)
Dividends(8).....	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
At year end:					
Total assets.....	\$852,767	\$784,796	\$684,649	\$709,738	\$710,397
Current portion - long-term debt.....	4,954	1,920	16	16	16
Long-term debt.....	113,540	105,213	119,475	138,116	138,128
Working capital.....	208,389	161,376	192,274	163,208	224,144
Stockholders' equity...	493,269	436,263	383,572	416,810	421,035

[FN]

(1) Results for the fiscal years ended February 3, 2001 ("Fiscal 2001") and January 29, 2000 ("Fiscal 2000") include the results of Catherines Stores Corporation, acquired January 7, 2000, and Modern Woman Holdings, Inc., acquired August 2, 1999, from the dates of their respective acquisitions (See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Acquisitions" below.)

(2) The fiscal year ended February 3, 2001 consisted of 53 weeks.

(3) During Fiscal 2000, the Company revised its estimates of costs recognized during the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999 ("Fiscal 1999")

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relating to the closing of the Company's Bensalem distribution center and elimination of the Company's men's business (see note (4) below). As a result, the Company recognized pre-tax restructuring credits of \$2,834,000 relating to the closing of the distribution center and \$2,096,000 relating to the elimination of the men's business. In addition, the Company recognized a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$1,459,000 in Fiscal 2000 in conjunction with the consolidation of the Modern Woman chain of stores into the Catherine's Stores chain. (See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Results of Operations; Restructuring Charge (Credit)" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Restructuring Charge (Credit)" below.)

(4) During Fiscal 1999, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan in conjunction with the elimination of the Company's men's business, which resulted in a pre-tax charge of \$34,000,000. In addition, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan in conjunction with the decision to consolidate the Company's distribution center operations, which resulted in a pre-tax charge of \$20,246,000. (See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Results of Operations; Restructuring Charge (Credit)" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Restructuring Charge (Credit)" below.)

(5) During Fiscal 2000, the Company received a stock distribution from one of its mutual insurance carriers in connection with the carrier's conversion to a publicly held corporation (demutualization). The Company recorded the distribution at its fair value and recognized the resulting non-recurring gain in income from continuing operations (see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Results of Operations; Non-recurring Gain from Demutualization of Insurance Company" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Non-recurring Gain from Demutualization of Insurance Company" below).

(6) During the fiscal year ended January 31, 1998, the Company adopted SFAS No. 125, which included the valuing of an "I/O Strip" consisting of excess finance charges and past-due fees over the sum of the return paid to certificate holders and credit losses. As a result, the Company eliminated its loss reserve related to its retained interest and related recourse provisions of its credit card certificates, and recognized a non-recurring gain of \$13,018,000. (See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Results of Operations; Non-recurring Gain from Asset Securitization" and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Asset Securitization" below).

(7) The Company changed its method of accounting for sales returns and layaway sales in accordance with the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 ("SAB 101") effective as of January 30, 2000. The cumulative effect of the change as of January 30, 2000 was a reduction in income of \$540,000, net of a tax benefit of \$334,000.

(8) On October 2, 1995, the Company's Board of Directors announced an indefinite suspension of dividends on the Company's Common Stock. In addition, the Company's revolving credit facility requires that the Company not pay dividends on its Common Stock. (See "Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholders' Matters" above).

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Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included under "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Form 10-K.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains certain forward-looking statements concerning the Company's operations, performance, and financial condition. In particular, it includes forward-looking statements regarding the Company's growth strategy, future performance following its acquisitions, joint ventures, restructurings, and expense reduction initiatives, and the expected benefits thereof. In addition, the information contained herein includes certain forward-looking statements regarding earnings, sales performance, store openings and closings, cost savings, capital requirements, the Company's exposure to fluctuations in interest rates, and other matters. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties may include, but are not limited to, (i) rapid changes in, or miscalculation of, fashion trends, (ii) extreme or unseasonable weather conditions, (iii) economic downturns, a weakness in overall consumer demand, inflation, and cyclical variations in the retail market for women's fashion apparel, (iv) the risks attendant to the sourcing of the Company's merchandise needs abroad, including exchange rate fluctuations, political instability, trade sanctions or restrictions, changes in quota and duty regulations, delays in shipping, or increased costs of transportation, (v) the interruption of merchandise flow to the Company's retail stores from its centralized distribution facilities, (vi) competitive pressures, and (vii) failure to realize merger-related synergies. These, and other risks and uncertainties are detailed further in this Item 7, in "Part I, Item 1 - Business: Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995," and in the Company's reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

In January 2000, the Company acquired Catherine's Stores Corporation ("Catherine's Stores"). Catherine's Stores operated 436 retail apparel stores in 40 states and the District of Columbia, specializing in large-size women's apparel. In August 1999, the Company acquired Modern Woman Holdings, Inc. ("Modern Woman"). Modern Woman operated 136 retail apparel stores in 24 states, specializing in large-size women's apparel. The Company has converted the Modern Woman stores into Catherine's Stores. The acquisitions have been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, and the results of operations of the acquired companies are included in the Company's results of operations from their dates of acquisition. Prior-period results have not been restated.

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed have been recorded at their estimated fair values. In connection with the Catherine's Stores acquisition, the purchase price exceeded the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired. The excess purchase price, approximately \$97.7 million, has been accounted for as goodwill, and is being amortized over a 20-year period. The results of operations for the fiscal year ended February 3,

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2001 ("Fiscal 2001") include \$4.9 million of goodwill amortization.

Financial Summary

The following table sets forth certain financial data expressed as a percentage of net sales and on a comparative basis:

	Percentage of Net Sales			Percentage Increase (Decrease) From Prior Year	
	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal
	2001	2000	1999	2001-2000	2000-1999
	----	----	----	-----	-----
Net sales.....	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	34.3%	15.6%
Other income.....	0.6	0.8	1.5	12.2	(43.8)
Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy	70.6	71.4	74.5	32.7	10.9
Selling, general, and administrative.....	23.9	23.6	23.8	35.8	14.7
Non-recurring gain from demutualization of insurance company....	--	0.6	--	**	**
Restructuring charge (credit).....	--	(0.3)	5.2	**	(106.4)
Amortization of goodwill.....	0.3	--	--	**	--
Interest expense.....	0.5	0.6	1.0	21.7	(27.3)
Income tax provision (benefit).....	2.1	2.2	(1.0)	22.9	**
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of accounting change.	3.2	3.7	(1.9)	17.8	**
Gain on early retirement of debt, net of taxes.....	--	0.1	--	**	**
Net income (loss).....	3.2	3.8	(1.9)	13.4	**

[FN]

** Not meaningful

Net Sales

The following table sets forth certain information related to the Company's net sales:

Year Ended February 3, 2001		Year Ended January 29, 2000	
Fiscal	Fourth	Fiscal	Fourth
Year	Quarter	Year	Quarter
----	-----	----	-----

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Increase (decrease) in comparable				
Fashion Bug store sales (1) (2).....	0.5%	(0.9%)	8.7%	11.1%
Sales from new Fashion Bug stores as a percentage of total prior-period sales (2).....	7.6	7.1	5.2	7.3
Increase in sales from Catherine's and Modern Woman stores as a percentage of total prior-period sales (2) (3).....	27.6	14.2	5.6	13.8
Prior-period sales from closed Fashion Bug stores as a percentage of total prior-period sales (2)....	(3.2)	(3.1)	(3.6)	(3.7)
Increase in sales from additional week in Fiscal 2001.....	2.0	7.5	--	--
Increase in total sales.....	34.3%	24.8%	15.6%	28.0%

[FN]

(1) Sales from stores in operation during both periods. Stores are added to the comparable store base after 13 full months of operation.

(2) Based on comparable 52-week fiscal years and 13-week fiscal quarters.

(3) Sales from Catherine's Stores acquired in January 2000 and Modern Woman stores acquired in August 1999.

Net sales for the fiscal year ended February 3, 2001 ("Fiscal 2001") totaled \$1,607.1 million as compared to net sales of \$1,196.5 million for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000 ("Fiscal 2000") and net sales of \$1,035.2 million for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999 ("Fiscal 1999"). Net sales for Fiscal 2001 include \$394.0 million of sales from Catherine's Stores, including Modern Woman stores, which have been converted into Catherine's Stores. Net sales for Fiscal 2000 include \$58.2 million of sales from Catherine's and Modern Woman stores. Net sales for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 totaled \$434.7 million as compared to net sales of \$348.4 million for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 and net sales of \$272.2 million for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 1999. Net sales for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 include \$93.9 million of sales from Catherine's and Modern Woman stores. Net sales for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 include \$37.6 million of sales from Catherine's and Modern Woman stores.

The Company adopted the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 ("SAB 101"), "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements," effective as of the beginning of Fiscal 2001. As a result of the adoption of SAB 101, the Company established a reserve for estimated future sales returns based on an analysis of actual returns received subsequent to the end of each fiscal period, and deferred recognition of layaway sales to the date of delivery. The effect of the adoption of SAB 101 on net sales for Fiscal 2001 was immaterial. Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business, the pro forma effect of adoption of SAB 101 on net sales for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 would have been an increase of \$2.0 million. The pro forma effect of the adoption of SAB 101 on net sales for Fiscal 2000 would have been immaterial.

During Fiscal 2001, increases in Fashion Bug comparable store sales of junior and plus-size sportswear, coats, intimate apparel, and footwear were offset by decreases in sales of dresses, accessories, and girls. In

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January 2001, the Company announced plans to support growth in large-size apparel and eliminate girls apparel from Fashion Bug stores, effective at the end of the 2000-2001 winter season. Sales of Fashion Bug girls apparel were approximately \$38.0 million during Fiscal 2001. Store space and inventory previously committed to girls will primarily be redirected to the expansion of the large-size apparel offerings. During Fiscal 2000, increases in comparable Fashion Bug store sales were achieved in sportswear, coats, intimate apparel, accessories, and girls, as customers responded favorably to the Company's merchandise offerings throughout the year. The number of retail stores in operation was 1,754 at the end of Fiscal 2001 and 1,740 at the end of Fiscal 2000 (including Catherine's and Modern Woman stores), and 1,135 at the end of Fiscal 1999.

Other Income

Other income increased 12.2% in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000, primarily as a result of a decrease in net realized losses on sales of available-for-sale securities in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. During the second half of Fiscal 2000, the Company incurred realized losses from sales of available-for-sale securities to finance the Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman acquisitions. Interest income decreased as a result of reduced levels of available-for-sale securities during Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. Other income expressed as a percentage of sales decreased 0.7% in Fiscal 2000 as compared to Fiscal 1999, primarily as a result of a decrease in interest income from the Company's available-for-sale securities and realized losses from sales of available-for-sale securities. The decrease in interest income and the realized losses on sales of available-for-sale securities during Fiscal 2000 were a result of the sales of securities during the second half of Fiscal 2000 to finance the Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman acquisitions. In addition to the sales of available-for-sale securities for the acquisitions of Modern Woman and Catherine's Stores, the Company sold available-for-sale securities to finance the repurchase of portions of the Company's convertible notes and Common Stock during Fiscal 1999 and the first half of Fiscal 2000. The decrease in other income resulting from these sales was partially offset by the decrease in interest expense that resulted from the repurchases of the convertible notes.

Cost of Goods Sold, Buying, and Occupancy

Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased 0.8% in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales decreased 1.2% in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. The improvement in merchandise margins was primarily a result of the effect of relatively higher gross margins for the Company's Catherine's Stores. Cost of goods sold for the Company's Fashion Bug stores decreased 0.2% as a percentage of sales in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. Cost of goods sold includes merchandise costs, net of discounts and allowances, freight, and inventory shrinkage. Net merchandise costs and freight are capitalized as inventory costs. Buying and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, increased 0.4% in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. The increase in buying and occupancy expenses was primarily a result of increased utilities expenses and relatively higher occupancy expenses for new and relocated stores as compared to the Company's existing stores. Buying expenses include payroll, payroll related costs, and operating expenses for the Company's buying departments and warehouses. Occupancy expenses include rent, real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation for the Company's stores and warehouse facilities and equipment. Buying and occupancy costs are treated as period costs and are not capitalized as part of inventory.

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Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased 0.5% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 as compared to the corresponding period of Fiscal 2000. Cost of goods sold, as a percentage of sales, decreased 1.5% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000. The improvement in merchandise margins was primarily a result of the effect of relatively higher gross margins for the Company's Catherine's Stores, and, to a lesser extent, an improvement in gross margins at the Company's Fashion Bug stores. Cost of goods sold for the Fashion Bug stores, as a percentage of sales, decreased 0.3% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000. Buying and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, increased 1.0% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000. The increase in buying and occupancy expenses was primarily a result of increased utilities expenses and relatively higher occupancy expenses for new and relocated stores as compared to the Company's existing stores.

Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased 3.1% in Fiscal 2000 as compared to Fiscal 1999. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales decreased 1.7% in Fiscal 2000 as compared to Fiscal 1999. The improvement in merchandise margins was primarily a result of reduced levels of markdowns and reductions in store-wide promotions in Fiscal 2000. Merchandise margins also benefited from a reduction in inventory shrinkage costs. Buying and occupancy expenses as a percentage of sales decreased 1.4% in Fiscal 2000 as compared to the prior year, primarily as a result of cost savings from consolidation of the Company's distribution centers and the leveraging effect of increased sales volume on relatively fixed store occupancy and buying expenses. Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses for Fiscal 2000 include the results of Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman from the dates of their acquisitions.

Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased 2.6% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 as compared to the corresponding period of Fiscal 1999. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales decreased 1.5% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 1999. This decrease was primarily attributable to improvements in gross margins as a result of reduced levels of markdowns as compared to the prior year and a reduction in inventory shrinkage costs. Buying and occupancy expenses, expressed as a percentage of sales, decreased 1.1% in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 1999. The decrease was a result of the leveraging effect of increased sales volume on relatively fixed store occupancy and buying expenses. Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 include the results of Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman from the dates of their respective acquisitions.

Selling, General, and Administrative

Selling, general, and administrative expenses expressed as a percentage of sales increased 0.3% in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. The increase reflects relatively higher expenses for Catherine's Stores as a percentage of sales. Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the Fashion Bug stores were relatively unchanged as a percentage of sales. Selling expenses were constant as a percentage of sales. Increases in payroll costs were offset by lower marketing expenses as a percentage of sales and a reduction in the cost of the Company's proprietary credit card program. General and administrative expenses increased 0.3% as a percentage of sales in Fiscal 2001, primarily as a result of the lack of sales leverage and relatively higher expenses for Catherine's Stores, which have been partially offset by improvements arising from the integration and

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consolidation of Catherine's Stores. Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001 increased 0.8% as a percentage of sales as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000. Improvements in selling expense as a result of lower marketing expenses in relation to sales and a reduction in the cost of the Company's proprietary credit card program were offset by an increase in general and administrative expenses, primarily as a result of relatively higher expenses for Catherine's Stores as a percentage of sales.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses expressed as a percentage of sales decreased 0.2% in Fiscal 2000 as compared to Fiscal 1999. This decrease was primarily attributable to the leveraging effect of the increase in sales volume on relatively fixed general and administrative expenses. Selling expenses were constant as a percentage of sales. Increases in payroll costs, store incentive programs, and certain volume-related expenses, and inclusion of expenses incurred by Modern Woman, were offset by the leveraging effect of increased sales volume. Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000 increased 0.2% as a percentage of sales as compared to the fourth quarter of Fiscal 1999, primarily as a result of the inclusion of expenses incurred by Modern Woman and Catherine's Stores.

Restructuring Charge (Credit)

STORE RESTRUCTURING AND ELIMINATION OF MEN'S MERCHANDISE FROM THE COMPANY'S FASHION BUG STORES

On March 5, 1998, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan that resulted in a pre-tax charge of \$34,000,000. The plan was approved in conjunction with the decision to eliminate men's merchandise from the Company's Fashion Bug stores. To date, 72 stores have been closed in connection with the plan and 100 stores have been downsized. Elimination of the men's merchandise from the stores was completed in October 1998, the balance of the men's inventory has been sold, and the selling space used for men's merchandise has been re-merchandised. In Fiscal 2000, the Company determined that 21 of the stores originally included in the plan would remain open as a result of negotiations with landlords and changes in economic conditions. As a result, the Company reversed reserves related to these stores and recognized a pre-tax restructuring credit of \$2,096,000. As of February 3, 2001, this restructuring plan has been completed, and there are no remaining restructure accruals relating to this plan.

The restructuring charge included a \$10,000,000 write-off of the carrying value of fixtures and improvements in the stores to be reduced in size or closed. The fixtures and improvements had no alternative use or salvage value, and were expected to be scrapped at the time of the closing or downsizing of the stores. The restructuring charge also included accruals for anticipated payments to landlords for the early termination of existing store leases of \$19,700,000, severance payments of \$320,000, costs to remove store signs and entrances of \$3,300,000, costs of supplies to be scrapped of \$400,000, and legal and architectural fees of \$280,000. The accrual for severance payments was for 650 store employees expected to be terminated as a result of the store closings. The number of employees actually terminated was reduced to 590 as a result of the 21 stores that remained open, as discussed above, and the excess severance accrual was reversed as part of the restructuring credit of \$2,096,000 recognized in Fiscal 2000. During Fiscal 2001, the Company closed 1 store and completed the downsizing of 28 stores in connection with the plan.

DISTRIBUTION CENTER RESTRUCTURING

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On December 10, 1998, the Company's Board of Directors approved a plan to close the Company's Bensalem, Pennsylvania distribution center and sell the facility. The plan was approved in conjunction with the decision to consolidate the Company's distribution center operations in the Company's Greencastle, Indiana distribution center. The plan resulted in a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$20,246,000 during Fiscal 1999.

The restructuring charge included a \$17,969,000 write-down of the cost of the Bensalem facilities from a carrying value of \$23,631,000 to a net realizable value of \$5,662,000, based on an independent appraisal. The restructuring charge also included an accrual of \$1,556,000 for severance costs resulting from the termination of 90 warehouse and distribution personnel and 11 management employees. In addition, the restructuring charge included an accrual of \$721,000 for incremental warehouse handling costs, outplacement services for terminated employees, legal fees related to the sale of the facility, and other non-recurring costs relating to the closure.

The Bensalem distribution center closed on December 10, 1998, and the Company completed the sale of the Bensalem facility during Fiscal 2000. Upon completion of the sale of the facility, the Company recognized a pre-tax restructuring credit of \$2,834,000 in Fiscal 2000, which primarily represented sales proceeds in excess of the estimated net realizable value of the Bensalem facility. As of February 3, 2001, this restructuring plan has been completed, and there are no remaining restructure accruals relating to this plan.

CLOSING OF MODERN WOMAN STORES

During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000, the Company recorded a restructuring charge of \$1,459,000 in connection with the Company's acquisitions of Modern Woman and Catherine's Stores. At the time of the Catherine's Stores acquisition, the Company planned to consolidate Modern Woman stores into the Catherine's Stores division. The restructuring charge was primarily for lease termination costs related to the closing of 11 Modern Woman stores that geographically overlapped Catherine's Stores. During Fiscal 2001, the Company closed 10 of the 11 stores, and lease termination costs of \$1,086,000 related to the closed stores were paid. As of February 3, 2001, \$373,000 of accrued restructuring charges related to the remaining store were unpaid.

Non-recurring Gain From Demutualization of Insurance Company

During Fiscal 2000, the Company received a stock distribution from one of its mutual insurance carriers in connection with the carrier's conversion to a publicly-held corporation (demutualization). In accordance with the consensus reached in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 99-4, "Accounting for Stock Received from the Demutualization of A Mutual Insurance Company," the Company recorded the distribution at its fair value and recognized the resulting non-recurring gain in income from continuing operations, and subsequently sold the securities received.

Interest Expense

Interest expense increased in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000 as a result of an increase in long-term lease financing. During Fiscal 2001, the Company acquired \$14.9 million of point-of-sale equipment for its stores under long-term capital leases. Interest expense decreased in Fiscal 2000 as compared to Fiscal 1999 as a result of the Company's repurchases during Fiscal 2000 of \$23.3 million aggregate principal amount of its 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006.

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Income Tax Provision (Benefit)

The income tax provision for Fiscal 2001 was \$33.0 million, resulting in a 39% effective tax rate, as compared to an income tax provision for Fiscal 2000 of \$26.9 million, resulting in a 38% effective tax rate. Included in the Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000 tax provisions are \$3.5 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, related to one of the Company's employee insurance programs. The increase in the effective tax rate from Fiscal 2000 to Fiscal 2001 is primarily a result of the non-deductibility for tax purposes of goodwill related to the Catherine's Stores acquisition. The income tax benefit for Fiscal 1999 was \$10.9 million, resulting in a (35%) effective tax rate. The change in the effective tax rate from Fiscal 1999 to Fiscal 2000 is primarily attributable to the \$2.0 million provision in Fiscal 2000 related to one of the Company's employee insurance programs.

Gain on Early Retirement of Debt

During Fiscal 2000, the Company repurchased \$23.3 million aggregate principal amount of its 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006 at a total cost of \$21.0 million. The notes had an aggregate carrying value of \$22.9 million as of the repurchase dates. The repurchases resulted in an extraordinary gain of \$1.2 million, net of income taxes of \$0.7 million.

Performance Analysis

The following ratios measure the Company's overall performance as shown by the return on average stockholders' equity and return on average total assets.

	Fiscal 2001 ----	Fiscal 2000 ----	Fiscal 1999 ----
Including restructuring charge (credit) and non-recurring items:			
Net return on average stockholders' equity..	11.0%	11.0%	(5.0)%
Net return on average total assets.....	6.2	6.1	(2.9)
Excluding restructuring charge (credit) and non-recurring items:			
Net return on average stockholders' equity..	10.6	8.6	3.7
Net return on average total assets.....	6.2	5.3	2.2

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's primary sources of working capital are cash flow from operations, its proprietary credit card receivables securitization agreements, its investment portfolio, and its credit facilities described below. The following table highlights certain information related to the Company's liquidity and capital resources:

	Fiscal 2001	Fiscal 2000	Fiscal 1999
(dollars in thousands)			

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	-----	-----	-----
Working capital.....	\$208,389	\$161,376	\$192,274
Cash and cash equivalents.....	56,544	34,299	43,789
Available-for-sale securities..	125,278	115,829	246,625
Cash provided by			
operating activities.....	93,269	57,894	63,371
Current ratio.....	1.9	1.7	2.1
Long-term debt to equity ratio.	23.0%	24.1%	31.2%

The Company's cash flow from operations increased \$35.4 million in Fiscal 2001 as compared to Fiscal 2000. Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") and excluding non-recurring gains increased by \$39.7 million from Fiscal 2000 to Fiscal 2001. This increase was primarily attributable to the acquisitions of Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman in Fiscal 2000. EBITDA excluding non-recurring gains for Fashion Bug stores increased by \$1.7 million from Fiscal 2000 to Fiscal 2001. A reduced level of growth in inventories from Fiscal 2000 to Fiscal 2001 was substantially offset by increased payments of prepaid and accrued expenses.

The Company's cash flow from operations decreased \$5.5 million in Fiscal 2000 as compared to Fiscal 1999. The decrease resulted primarily from payments related to restructurings (see "Results of Operations; Restructuring Charge (Credit)" above) and an increase in inventories, net of accounts payable, partially offset by an increase in net income.

On August 2, 1999, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding stock of Modern Woman Holdings, Inc. ("Modern Woman") for \$8.7 million, net of cash acquired of \$1.1 million. On January 7, 2000, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding stock of Catherine's Stores Corporation ("Catherine's Stores") for \$21 per share. The total cost of the acquisition was approximately \$136.6 million, net of cash acquired of \$18.3 million. The Company also assumed \$11.2 million of short-term and long-term debt and capital lease obligations. These acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and were funded from the Company's existing cash and available-for-sale securities. Assets and liabilities of the acquired companies are included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets at February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000.

In July 1996, the Company completed a public offering of \$138 million aggregate principal amount of 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006 (the "Notes"). The Notes are convertible into shares of the Company's Common Stock at a conversion price of \$7.46 per share. The Notes are redeemable, at the Company's option, at 103.125% of principal through July 14, 2001 and at declining prices thereafter, decreasing to 100% on or after July 15, 2005. Holders of the Notes may require the Company to repurchase some or all of the Notes under certain circumstances involving a change in control of the Company. There is no sinking fund for the Notes. During Fiscal 1999, the Company repurchased \$18.6 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which had a net carrying value of \$18.3 million as of the date of purchase, at a total cost of \$17.8 million. During Fiscal 2000, the Company repurchased an additional \$23.3 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which had a net carrying value of \$22.9 million as of the date of purchase, at a total cost of \$21.0 million. The Company will continue to evaluate market conditions to determine if additional Notes will be repurchased during Fiscal 2002.

As part of the acquisition of Catherine's Stores, the Company assumed a 7.5% Mortgage Note (the "Mortgage Note") and certain capital lease

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obligations. The mortgage financing agreement provides for a \$6.9 million mortgage facility with a seven-year term and annual payments based on a 20-year amortization period. The Mortgage Note is secured by land and buildings at the Memphis, Tennessee office of Catherine's Stores. The capital leases are for data processing and point-of-sale ("POS") equipment. At the end of the initial lease term, the Company has the option of purchasing the equipment at fair market value (or at \$1 in the case of the POS equipment), renewing the leases, or returning the equipment to the lessor.

During Fiscal 2001, pursuant to a program to replace its existing POS equipment, the Company acquired \$14.9 million of POS equipment for its Fashion Bug and Catherine's Stores under capital leases. These leases generally have an initial lease term of 60 months and contain a bargain purchase option. The Company anticipates acquiring additional POS equipment at a total cost of approximately \$15.0 million over the next 12-18 months which will be financed through additional capital leases.

The Company has debt maturity payments of approximately \$5.0 million in Fiscal 2002, which are primarily for amounts due under the Company's capital lease obligations and the Catherine's Stores Mortgage Note.

The Company has an agreement with a commercial finance company to provide a revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$150 million, subject to limitations based upon eligible inventory. The facility, which expires June 30, 2004, enables the Company to issue letters of credit for overseas purchases of merchandise and provides for seasonal cash borrowings, if necessary. The facility is secured by merchandise inventory, furniture and fixtures at the Fashion Bug retail stores, and certain other Company assets. The interest rate on borrowings is 0.5% above the Prime rate. There is a fee of .25% on the unused portion of the first \$105 million of the facility, and an annual servicing fee of \$100 thousand. As of the end of Fiscal 2001, the availability under the facility was approximately \$131.4 million, against which the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$48.4 million. There were no cash borrowings outstanding under the agreement as of the end of Fiscal 2001. The agreement requires that, among other things, the Company maintain a minimum net worth of \$350 million and not pay dividends on its Common Stock.

As a result of the Catherine's acquisition, the Company has an agreement with a bank to provide a revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$20 million. The facility, which expires June 29, 2001, enables the Company to issue letters of credit for overseas purchases of merchandise and provides for seasonal cash borrowings, if necessary, by utilizing a \$5 million swingline credit facility. The agreement is secured by inventory, general intangibles, patents, trademarks, and proceeds of the foregoing. The interest rate on borrowings is equal to the agent bank's prime rate. At February 3, 2001, the combined availability under the working capital and swingline facilities was \$20 million, against which the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$284 thousand. The Company is currently negotiating the extension of this agreement.

As a result of the acquisition of Modern Woman, the Company also has an agreement with a bank to provide a revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$10 million. As of February 3, 2001, \$5 million was available under this agreement, against which the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$139 thousand. In exchange for the bank's release of its security interest in all of the assets of Modern Woman, the Company pledged \$5 million of available-for-sale securities as security for the line of credit.

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The Company's Board of Directors has approved the repurchase of up to 20,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. Shares repurchased will be held as treasury stock available for use under the Company's employee benefits program or for other corporate purposes. As of the end of Fiscal 2001, the Company has repurchased an aggregate total of 9,105,000 shares at an aggregate cost of \$41.5 million. The Company will continue to evaluate market conditions to determine if additional shares will be repurchased during Fiscal 2002.

The Company has formed a trust to which the Company's credit card bank has transferred, at face value, its interest in receivables created under the Company's Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program. The Company, together with the trust, has entered into various agreements whereby it can sell, on a revolving basis, interests in these receivables for a specified term. When the revolving period terminates, an amortization period begins whereby the principal payments are made to the party with whom the trust has entered into the securitization agreement.

If such securitization agreements were to become unavailable to the Company or prohibitively expensive, this could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and financial position. The Company receives loan servicing proceeds from the Charming Shoppes Master Trust representing income from credit card finance charge income and fees in excess of interest paid to certificate holders, credit losses, and other expenses. As a result, although the Company's securitization agreements provide for the Company to continue to service the credit card receivables and control credit policy, a significant decrease in loan servicing proceeds could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations. A significant decrease in loan servicing proceeds could result from increases in interest paid to certificate holders, credit losses, or other expenses.

The Company securitized \$437.7 million and \$398.6 million of credit card receivables in Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000, respectively, and had \$301.7 million of credit card receivables under securitizations outstanding as of February 3, 2001. The Company had retained interests in its securitizations of \$47.7 million as of the end of Fiscal 2001, which were generally subordinated in right of payment to certificates issued by the trust to third-party investors. The Company's obligation to repurchase receivables sold to the trust is limited to those receivables that, at the time of their transfer, fail to meet the trust's eligibility standards under normal representations and warranties. To-date, the amount of receivables repurchased pursuant to this obligation has been immaterial (see "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Asset Securitization" below).

During Fiscal 2000, the Company, through the trust, completed an offering of \$150 million of asset-backed certificates with a five-year term to replace its five-year facility that matured in April 1999.

These securitization agreements improve the overall liquidity of the Company by providing short-term sources of funding. The agreements provide for the Company to continue to service the credit card receivables and control credit policies. This control allows the Company to fund continued credit card receivable growth and to provide the appropriate customer service and collection activities. Accordingly, its relationship with its credit card customers is not affected by these agreements.

Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. and Charming Shoppes Street, Inc., wholly owned indirect subsidiaries of the Company, are separate special purpose corporations. At February 3, 2001, Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. had \$36.8 million of Charming Shoppes Master Trust Certificates

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(included in the \$47.7 million of retained interests, discussed above), and Charming Shoppes Street, Inc. had \$1.1 million of cash. These assets will be available first and foremost to satisfy the claims of the respective creditors of these separate corporate entities, including certain claims of investors in the Charming Shoppes Master Trust. The providers of the credit enhancements and trust investors have no other recourse to the Company. The Company does not receive collateral from any party to the securitization, and the Company does not have any risk of counter-party non-performance.

The Company has a non-recourse agreement to permit a third party to provide an accounts receivable proprietary credit card sales funding program for its Catherine's Stores, which expires in January 2005. Under this agreement, the third party reimburses the Company daily with respect to the proprietary credit card sales generated by the Catherine's Stores credit card accounts. The agreement may require the Company to repurchase receivables from the third party under certain conditions relating to a change in control of the Company. Net proceeds received from sales of Catherine's Stores receivables for Fiscal 2001 and for the month of January 2000 (the period subsequent to the Company's acquisition of Catherine's Stores), were approximately \$121.1 million and \$6.6 million, respectively. The net balance of accounts receivable held by the third party was approximately \$99.6 million and \$93.6 million at February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, respectively.

Capital expenditures amounted to \$57.9 million, \$39.2 million, and \$32.4 million in Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. These expenditures were primarily for the construction, remodeling, and fixturing of new and existing retail stores, loss-prevention equipment, and systems technology. Fiscal 2000 expenditures included approximately \$6.1 million for expansion of the Company's Greencastle, Indiana distribution center.

During Fiscal 2002, the Company anticipates capital expenditures of approximately \$60-\$65 million. These expenditures will primarily be for construction and fixturing of new stores, remodeling and fixturing of existing retail stores, investments in management information systems technology, and improvements to the Company's corporate offices and distribution centers. In addition to these capital expenditures, the Company anticipates entering into additional capital leases for new point-of-sale equipment. The total commitment under capital leases, including leases already incurred, is expected to be approximately \$30 million. Each of the capital leases is expected to have a five-year term. It is anticipated that the funds required for capital expenditures will be financed principally through internally generated funds.

The Company plans to open approximately 110-120 new stores, remodel approximately 45-50 stores, and relocate approximately 75-80 stores during Fiscal 2002. The following table sets forth information with respect to store activity for Fiscal 2001:

	Fashion Bug ---	Catherine's Stores -----	Modern Woman -----	Total -----
Stores at January 29, 2000.....	1,185	433	122	1,740
Stores opened.....	94	11	0	105
Stores converted.....	0	87	(87)	0
Stores closed.....	(49)	(7)	(35)	(91)
	-----	---	---	-----

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Net change in stores.....	45	91	(122)	14
	-----	---	---	-----
Stores at February 3, 2001.....	1,230	524	0	1,754
	=====	===	===	=====
Stores relocated during period..	18	9	0	27
Stores remodeled during period..	69	11	0	80

During Fiscal 1999, the Company recorded total restructuring charges of \$54.2 million. During Fiscal 2000, the Company recognized credits of \$4.9 million for revisions of the estimated charges recorded in 1999, and recognized a restructuring charge of \$1.4 million. All of these restructuring costs had been paid or incurred as of February 3, 2001, except for \$373 thousand of costs which are expected to be incurred in Fiscal 2002. See "Results of Operations: Restructuring Charge (Credit)" above, and "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data; Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements: Restructuring Charge (Credit)" below.

On October 26, 2000, the Company announced the signing of a joint venture agreement with Monsoon Plc. Monsoon Plc operates 321 stores, primarily in the United Kingdom, offering women's clothing and accessories under the "MONSOON" and "ACCESSORIZE" brand names. The joint venture will be a separate consolidated operating unit of the Company. During the first full year of operation, the joint venture plans to open as many as 20 "MONSOON" and/or "ACCESSORIZE" stores in the United States. The Company invested \$4.0 million, or 80% of the initial capital in the joint venture, during Fiscal 2001 and plans to invest an additional \$4.0 million over the next three years. The joint venture did not have a material impact on the Company's earnings for Fiscal 2001 and is not expected to have a material impact on earnings for Fiscal 2002.

The Company has not paid cash dividends since Fiscal 1996. On October 2, 1995, the Company's Board of Directors announced an indefinite suspension of dividends on the Company's Common Stock. In addition, the Company's \$150 million revolving credit facility (discussed above) requires that the Company not pay dividends on its Common Stock during the term of such agreement.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations, its proprietary credit card receivables securitization agreements, its investment portfolio, and its revolving credit facilities are sufficient to support current operations.

MARKET RISK

The Company manages its Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program through various operating entities that are wholly owned by the Company. The primary activity of these entities is to service the proprietary credit card portfolio, the balances of which are sold under a credit card securitization program. Under the securitization program, the Company can be exposed to fluctuations in interest rates to the extent that interest rates charged to its customers vary from the rates paid on certificates issued by the trust. Until November 2000, the credit card program billed finance charges based on a fixed rate. As of November 2000, finance charges on all accounts are billed using a floating rate index (the Prime lending rate), subject to a floor and limited by legal maximums. The floating rate index on all of the certificates is either one-month LIBOR or the commercial paper rate, depending on the issue. Consequently, the Company has reduced its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. However, the Company has exposure in the movement of basis risk between the floating rate index on the certificates and the Prime rate. As of February

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3, 2001, the floating-rate finance charge rate was below the contractual floor rate, thus exposing the Company to a portion of interest-rate risk. To the extent that short-term interest rates were to increase by one percentage point by the end of Fiscal 2002, an increase of approximately \$500 thousand in selling, general, and administrative expenses would result.

In Fiscal 2000, the Company had entered into an interest rate swap, with a notional value of \$50 million, that limited the Company's exposure to rising interest rates should interest rates increase to a rate above the agreement's specified rate of 6.51%. The swap agreement required the Company to pledge certain assets if the market value of the interest rate swap fell below an amount set forth in the agreement. As of January 29, 2000, there were no pledged amounts required under the terms of the agreement. During Fiscal 2001, the Company terminated the swap agreement, and, in Fiscal 2002, the deferred loss related to this termination will be recognized in comprehensive income and amortized to selling, general, and administrative expenses over 44 months (the remaining life of the original swap period) in accordance with SFAS No. 133.

The Company is not subject to material foreign exchange risk, as the Company's foreign transactions are primarily U. S. Dollar-denominated and the Company's foreign operations do not constitute a material part of its business.

Item 7a. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Market Risk," above.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

REPORT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Stockholders and Board of Directors
Charming Shoppes, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Charming Shoppes, Inc. and subsidiaries as of February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended February 3, 2001. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

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In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Charming Shoppes, Inc. and subsidiaries at February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three fiscal years in the period ended February 3, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

As discussed in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; Summary of Significant Accounting Policies; Revenue Recognition, in the fiscal year ended February 3, 2001, the Company changed its method of accounting for sales returns and allowances and layaway sales.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
March 12, 2001

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollars in thousands)	February 3, 2001 ----	January 29, 2000 ----
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 56,544	\$ 34,299
Available-for-sale securities, including fair value adjustments of \$3 as of February 3, 2001 and \$0 as of January 29, 2000.....	48,817	41,339
Merchandise inventories.....	259,127	260,792
Deferred taxes.....	10,678	10,801
Prepayments and other.....	56,748	47,090
	-----	-----
Total current assets.....	431,914	394,321
	-----	-----
Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements - at cost.....		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization.....	504,071	450,401
	286,208	259,477
	-----	-----
Net property, equipment, and leasehold improvements.	217,863	190,924
	-----	-----
Available-for-sale securities, including fair value adjustments of \$77 as of February 3, 2001 and (\$2,222) as of January 29, 2000.....		
	76,461	74,490
Goodwill.....	92,520	97,405
Other assets.....	34,009	27,656
	-----	-----
Total assets.....	\$852,767	\$784,796
	=====	=====

[FN]

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Continued)

(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	February 3, 2001 ----	January 29, 2000 ----
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable.....	\$ 94,881	\$ 88,721
Accrued expenses.....	123,317	134,033
Accrued restructuring expenses.....	373	8,271
Current portion -- long-term debt.....	4,954	1,920
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities.....	223,525	232,945
	-----	-----
Deferred taxes.....	21,433	10,375
Long-term debt.....	113,540	105,213
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary.....	1,000	0
Stockholders' equity		
Common Stock \$.10 par value		
Authorized - 300,000,000 shares		
Issued - 110,731,483 shares and 109,639,425 shares	11,073	10,964
Additional paid-in capital.....	80,977	76,125
Treasury stock at cost - 9,105,000 shares and 8,955,000 shares.....	(41,537)	(40,824)
Deferred employee compensation.....	(1,629)	(1,792)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).....	74	(1,423)
Retained earnings.....	444,311	393,213
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity.....	493,269	436,263
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity.....	\$852,767	\$784,796
	=====	=====

[FN]
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)	February 3, 2001 ----	Year Ended January 29, 2000 ----	January 30, 1999 ----
Net sales.....	\$1,607,079	\$1,196,529	\$1,035,160

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Other income.....	10,094	8,993	16,003
	-----	-----	-----
Total revenue.....	1,617,173	1,205,522	1,051,163
	-----	-----	-----
Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses..	1,134,554	854,774	771,107
Selling, general, and administrative expenses.....	384,188	282,932	246,747
Amortization of goodwill.....	4,885	0	0
Restructuring charge (credit).....	0	(3,471)	54,246
Non-recurring gain from demutualization of insurance company.....	0	(6,700)	0
Interest expense.....	8,894	7,308	10,052
	-----	-----	-----
Total expenses.....	1,532,521	1,134,843	1,082,152
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before income taxes, extraordinary item, and cumulative effect of accounting change..	84,652	70,679	(30,989)
Income tax provision (benefit).....	33,014	26,852	(10,854)
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of accounting change.....	51,638	43,827	(20,135)
Extraordinary item - gain on early retirement of debt, net of income taxes of \$664.....	0	1,232	0
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of accounting change.....	51,638	45,059	(20,135)
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of income tax benefit of \$334.....	(540)	0	0
	-----	-----	-----
Net income (loss).....	51,098	45,059	(20,135)
	-----	-----	-----
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of income tax (expense) benefit of (\$718) in 2001, \$214 in 2000, and (\$86) in 1999...	1,335	(343)	164
Reclassification of realized losses (gains) on available-for-sale securities included in net income, net of income tax (benefit) expense of (\$87) in 2001, \$726 in 2000 and \$124 in 1999.....	162	(1,347)	(229)
	-----	-----	-----
Total other comprehensive income (loss).....	1,497	(1,690)	(65)
	-----	-----	-----
Comprehensive income (loss).....	\$ 52,595	\$ 43,369	\$ (20,200)
	=====	=====	=====
Basic net income (loss) per share:			
Before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of accounting change.....	\$.51	\$.45	\$ (.20)
Extraordinary item.....	.00	.01	.00
Cumulative effect of accounting change.....	(.01)	.00	.00
	-----	-----	-----
Net income (loss).....	\$.50	\$.46	\$ (.20)
	=====	=====	=====
Diluted net income (loss) per share:			
Before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of accounting change.....	\$.49	\$.42	\$ (.20)
Extraordinary item.....	.00	.01	.00
Cumulative effect of accounting change.....	(.01)	.00	.00
	-----	-----	-----
Net income (loss).....	\$.48	\$.43	\$ (.20)
	=====	=====	=====

[FN]

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See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(dollars in thousands)	Common Stock Shares -----	Amount -----	Additional Paid-in Capital -----	Treasury Shares -----	Stock Amount -----
Balance, January 31, 1998...	106,249,385	\$10,625	\$64,019	(5,580,000)	\$(25,382)
Issued to employees.....	109,928	11	876		
Exercise of stock options...	475,061	47	434		
Shares withheld for payment of employee payroll taxes due on shares issued under employee stock plans.....	(3,778)		(16)		
Purchases of treasury stock.				(3,130,000)	(14,023)
Tax expense - employee stock programs.....			(389)		
Balance, January 30, 1999...	106,830,596	10,683	64,924	(8,710,000)	(39,405)
Issued to employees.....	354,620	36	1,575		
Exercise of stock options...	3,364,058	336	13,952		
Shares received in payment of stock option exercises.	(909,849)	(91)	(6,374)		
Purchases of treasury stock.				(245,000)	(1,419)
Tax benefit - employee stock programs.....			2,048		
Balance, January 29, 2000...	109,639,425	10,964	76,125	(8,955,000)	(40,824)
Issued to employees.....	224,141	22	1,020		
Exercise of stock options...	906,701	91	3,831		
Shares withheld for payment of employee payroll taxes due on shares issued under employee stock plans.....	(38,784)	(4)	(214)		
Purchases of treasury stock.				(150,000)	(713)
Tax benefit - employee stock programs.....			215		
Balance, February 3, 2001...	110,731,483	\$11,073	\$80,977	(9,105,000)	\$(41,537)

(in thousands)	Deferred Employee Compensation -----	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) -----	Retained Earnings -----
Balance, January 31, 1998...	\$(1,073)	\$ 332	\$368,289
Issued to employees.....	(688)		
Amortization.....	710		

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Unrealized losses, net of tax benefit of \$38.....		(65)	
Net loss.....			(20,135)
	-----	-----	-----
Balance, January 30, 1999...	(1,051)	267	348,154
Issued to employees.....	(1,488)		
Amortization.....	747		
Unrealized losses, net of tax benefit of \$940.....		(1,690)	
Net income.....			45,059
	-----	-----	-----
Balance, January 29, 2000...	(1,792)	(1,423)	393,213
Issued to employees.....	(785)		
Amortization.....	948		
Unrealized gains, net of income taxes of \$805.....		1,497	
Net income.....			51,098
	-----	-----	-----
Balance, February 3, 2001...	\$ (1,629)	\$ 74	\$444,311
	=====	=====	=====

[FN]

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)	February 3, 2001	Year Ended January 29, 2000	January 30, 1999
	----	----	----
Operating activities			
Net income (loss).....	\$ 51,098	\$ 45,059	\$ (20,135)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization.....	43,397	32,650	35,091
Amortization of goodwill.....	4,885	302	0
Deferred income taxes, net of acquisitions.....	10,375	18,250	(14,099)
Non-recurring gain from demutualization of insurance company.....	0	(6,700)	0
Write-down of capital assets due to restructuring.	0	0	27,969
Net (gain) loss from disposition of capital assets	2,587	(1,469)	3,139
Tax benefit (expense) related to stock plans.....	215	2,048	(389)
Net (gain) loss on sale of available-for-sale securities.....	249	4,627	(353)
Net gain on repurchase of notes.....	0	(1,896)	(466)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:			
Merchandise inventories.....	1,665	(29,703)	4,458
Accounts payable.....	6,160	(1,797)	8,183
Prepayments and other.....	(8,841)	(5,097)	1,563
Accrued expenses.....	(10,716)	16,349	1,533
Income taxes payable.....	0	(4,552)	(1,571)
Accrued restructuring expenses.....	(7,805)	(10,177)	18,448
	-----	-----	-----

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Net cash provided by operating activities.....	93,269	57,894	63,371
	-----	-----	-----
Investing activities			
Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities....	(102,228)	(393,393)	(406,651)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	94,840	523,545	452,263
Acquisitions of Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman, net of cash acquired.....	0	(145,309)	0
Investment in capital assets.....	(57,921)	(39,211)	(32,369)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets.....	833	10,556	368
Increase in other assets.....	(6,444)	(4,927)	(14,302)
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in investing activities.....	(70,920)	(48,739)	(691)
	-----	-----	-----
Financing activities			
Reduction of long-term borrowings.....	(3,535)	(21,237)	(17,806)
Proceeds from short-term borrowings.....	0	30,600	0
Reduction of short-term borrowings.....	0	(34,393)	0
Purchases of treasury stock.....	(713)	(1,419)	(14,023)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options.....	3,144	7,804	589
Minority shareholder investment in joint venture....	1,000	0	0
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in financing activities.....	(104)	(18,645)	(31,240)
	-----	-----	-----
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents....	22,245	(9,490)	31,440
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year.....	34,299	43,789	12,349
	-----	-----	-----
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year.....	\$ 56,544	\$ 34,299	\$ 43,789
	=====	=====	=====
Non-cash transactions			
Purchases of assets under capital leases.....	\$ 14,896	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====	=====

[FN]

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 3, 2001

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business

The Company operates retail specialty stores located throughout the continental United States that merchandise large-size, misses, and junior sportswear, dresses, coats, and lingerie, as well as accessories and casual footwear at a wide range of prices.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated. The parent and its subsidiaries have a 52-53 week fiscal year ending on the Saturday nearest to January 31. The fiscal year ended February 3, 2001 consisted of 53 weeks. As used herein, the terms "Fiscal 2001," "Fiscal 2000," and "Fiscal 1999" refer to the fiscal years ended February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999, respectively.

On October 26, 2000, the Company announced the signing of a joint venture

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agreement with Monsoon Plc. The joint venture will be a separate consolidated operating unit of the Company. The Company invested \$4.0 million, or 80% of the initial capital in the joint venture, during Fiscal 2001. The impact of the joint venture on the Company's earnings for Fiscal 2001 was immaterial.

Foreign Operations

The Company uses a December 31 fiscal year for all foreign subsidiaries in order to expedite the year-end closing. There were no intervening events or transactions with respect to the Company's foreign subsidiaries during the period from January 1, 2001 to February 3, 2001 that would have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. These amounts are stated at cost, which approximates market value.

Investments

The Company's investments are classified as available-for-sale. Securities traded on an established market are carried at fair value and unrealized gains and losses are reported in a separate component of stockholders' equity. The cost of investments is adjusted for amortization of premiums and the accretion of discounts to maturity. Such amortization is included in other income. Realized gains and losses and interest from investments are also included in other income. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method. Short-term investments include investments with an original maturity of greater than three months and a remaining maturity of less than one year. Long-term investments have an original maturity of greater than one year, but are available on an as-needed basis to support working capital needs.

Inventories

Merchandise inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market as determined by the retail method (average cost basis).

Property and Depreciation

For financial reporting purposes, depreciation and amortization are principally computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, or in the case of leasehold improvements, over the lives of the respective leases. Accelerated depreciation methods are used for income tax reporting purposes. Depreciation expense was \$38,066,000, \$30,483,000, and \$32,323,000 in Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

Amortization of Goodwill

Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis over 20 years. The Company periodically evaluates goodwill to determine if a revision to the remaining estimated useful life is required, or if a reduction in the carrying value is required because of an impairment of the asset.

Asset Securitizations

The Company adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of

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Liabilities" (a replacement of SFAS No. 125), as of Fiscal 2001. Transaction expenses related to securitizations are deferred and amortized over the reinvestment period of the transaction. Net securitization income is included as a reduction of selling, general, and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Common Stock Plans

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and its related interpretations. Deferred compensation expense attributable to stock awards and stock options having an exercise price less than the market price on the date of grant is amortized over the vesting period. No compensation expense is recognized for option plans having an exercise price equal to the market price on the date of grant or for the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The Company has adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation."

Revenue Recognition

Revenues from merchandise sales are net of returns and allowances, and exclude sales tax. The Company adopted the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 ("SAB 101"), "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements," effective as of the beginning of Fiscal 2001. As a result of adoption of SAB 101, the Company established a reserve for estimated future sales returns based on an analysis of actual returns received subsequent to the end of each fiscal period, and deferred recognition of layaway sales to the date of delivery. The cumulative effect of the adoption of SAB 101 as of January 30, 2000 was a decrease in income, net of taxes, of \$540,000. The effect of adoption of SAB 101 on the results of operations for Fiscal 2001 was immaterial. The pro forma effect of adoption of SAB 101 for Fiscal 2000 and Fiscal 1999 was immaterial.

Cost of Goods Sold, Buying, and Occupancy Expenses

Cost of goods sold includes merchandise costs, net of discounts and allowances, freight, and inventory shrinkage. Net merchandise costs and freight are capitalized as inventory costs. Buying expenses include payroll, payroll related costs, and operating expenses for the Company's buying departments and warehouses. Occupancy expenses include rent, real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation for the Company's stores and warehouse facilities and equipment. Buying and occupancy costs are treated as period costs.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs charged to expense were \$39,529,000, \$28,876,000, and \$29,442,000 in Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

Income Taxes

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes as prescribed by SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Under the liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted to reflect the effect of changes in enacted tax rates on expected reversals of financial statement and income tax basis differences.

U.S. income taxes have not been provided on undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiaries accumulated prior to February 3, 2001 because the Company intends to reinvest such undistributed earnings in foreign operations. Presently, income taxes would not be significantly increased if such earnings were remitted because of available foreign tax credits.

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

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Net income (loss) per share is based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each fiscal year. Net income per share assuming dilution is based on the weighted-average number of common shares and share equivalents outstanding. Common share equivalents include the effect of dilutive stock options and stock awards, using the treasury stock method. Common share equivalents also include the effect of assumed conversion of the Company's 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes Due 2006, using the "if-converted" method, when the effect of such assumed conversion is dilutive. Share equivalents are not included in the weighted-average shares outstanding for determining net loss per share, as the result would be antidilutive.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) include transactions from non-owner sources that affect stockholders' equity. Unrealized gains and losses recognized in comprehensive income are reclassified to net income (loss) upon their realization.

Business Segments and Related Disclosures

The Company's Fashion Bug and Catherine's Stores operate within a single segment -- retail sales of women's apparel, and within a single geographic area -- the continental United States. The Company's foreign sourcing operations do not constitute a material geographic segment.

Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use

The Company adopted the provisions of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") Statement of Position 98-1 ("SOP 98-1"), "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use," effective as of January 31, 1999. Costs related to the development of internal-use software, other than those incurred during the application development stage, are expensed as incurred. Costs incurred during the application development stage are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful life of the software. The adoption of SOP 98-1 did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 1998, the FASB issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 133 requires the recognition of all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position, and the measurement of those instruments at fair value. SFAS No. 133 also specifies the conditions under which derivative instruments qualify as hedging activities, and the accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as hedges. In June 1999, the FASB issued SFAS No. 137, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities -- Deferral of the Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 133." SFAS No. 137 defers the effective date of SFAS No. 133 to all fiscal quarters of fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. The Company will adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 133 as of the beginning of the fiscal year ending February 2, 2002.

In June 2000, the FASB issued SFAS No. 138, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities." This statement amends the accounting and reporting standards of SFAS No. 133 for certain derivative instruments and hedging activities.

Prior to the end of Fiscal 2001, the Company terminated its interest rate swap agreement, which was used to limit the Company's interest rate risk on assets related to the management of its proprietary credit card program. The Company expects that adoption of SFAS No. 133 and SFAS No. 138 will not have a material effect on its financial position, results of operations, or comprehensive income.

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In September 2000, The FASB issued SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities," a replacement of SFAS No. 125. SFAS No. 140 carries over most of the provisions of SFAS No. 125, but revises the standards for accounting for securitizations and other transfers of financial assets and collateral and requires certain disclosures. Under SFAS No. 140, the accounting and reporting standards are based on application of a financial-components approach that focuses on control. Under this approach, after a transfer of financial assets, an entity recognizes the financial and servicing assets it controls and the liabilities it has incurred, de-recognizes financial assets when control has been surrendered, and de-recognizes liabilities when extinguished. SFAS No. 140 also requires disclosures about securitizations entered into during the period and retained interests in securitized financial assets at the balance sheet date, accounting policies, sensitivity information relating to retained interests, and cash flows distributed to the transferor.

SFAS No. 140 is effective for transfers and servicing of financial assets and extinguishments of liabilities occurring after March 31, 2001, and is effective for recognition and reclassification of collateral and for disclosures relating to securitization transactions and collateral for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2000. The Company has adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 140 as of Fiscal 2001, and will adopt the accounting requirements of SFAS No. 140 to the extent that it issues new beneficial interests after March 31, 2001. Management is currently assessing the effect that SFAS No. 140 will have on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

ACQUISITIONS

In August 1999, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Modern Woman Holdings, Inc. ("Modern Woman") for \$9,773,000 (\$8,709,000 net of cash acquired). Modern Woman operated 136 retail apparel stores in 24 states, specializing in large-size women's apparel. In January 2000, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Catherine's Stores Corporation ("Catherine's Stores") for \$154,884,000 (\$136,600,000 net of cash acquired). Catherine's Stores operated 436 retail apparel stores in 40 states and the District of Columbia, specializing in large-size women's apparel. The Company has converted the Modern Woman stores into Catherine's Stores. The acquisitions have been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, and the results of operations of the acquired companies are included in the Company's results of operations from their dates of acquisition. Prior-period results have not been restated.

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed have been recorded at their estimated fair values. In connection with the Catherine's Stores acquisition, the purchase price exceeded the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired. The excess purchase price, approximately \$97,707,000, has been accounted for as goodwill, and is being amortized over a 20-year period. In connection with the Modern Woman acquisition, the fair value of the net assets acquired exceeded the purchase price, and the excess was applied to reduce the fair value of non-current assets. The acquisitions were financed through the use of internally-generated funds.

The following unaudited pro forma information is based on historical data, and gives effect to the Company's acquisition of Catherine's Stores as if the acquisition had occurred on January 31, 1999. Pro forma adjustments primarily represent a reduction in interest income from the use of investments and amortization of goodwill resulting from the acquisition. The pro forma information does not include the acquisition of Modern Woman,

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as the effect would have been immaterial.

(in thousands except per share amounts)	2000

Net sales.....	\$1,487,053
Income before extraordinary items.....	45,693
Net income.....	46,925
Net income per share:	
Basic.....	\$0.48
Diluted.....	0.45

The unaudited pro forma information is not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations that would have occurred if the acquisition had occurred as of January 31, 1999, and is not necessarily indicative of results that may be achieved in the future. The unaudited pro forma information does not reflect adjustments for operating synergies that the Company may realize as the result of the acquisition. No assurances can be made as to the amount and timing of any financial benefits that the Company may realize as the result of the acquisition.

PROPERTY, EQUIPMENT, AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS

(in thousands)	Lives (Years)	2001	2000
	-----	----	----
Land.....		\$ 1,757	\$ 1,757
Buildings and improvements....	10 to 40	54,232	52,543
Store fixtures.....	5 to 10	108,069	141,331
Equipment.....	3 to 10	166,906	134,099
Leasehold improvements.....	10 to 20	173,107	120,671
		-----	-----
Total at cost.....		504,071	450,401
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization.....		286,208	259,477
		-----	-----
		\$217,863	\$190,924
		=====	=====

AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

(in thousands)	Cost	Unrealized		Estimated
	----	Gains	Losses	Fair Value
		-----	-----	-----
February 3, 2001				
U. S. Treasury and government agency bonds.....	\$ 69,192	\$ 99	\$ (19)	\$ 69,272
Charming Shoppes Master Trust retained interest.....	47,724	0	0	47,724
Low income housing partnerships.....	7,952	0	0	7,952

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Other.....	330	0	0	330
	-----	----	-----	-----
	\$125,198	\$ 99	\$ (19)	\$125,278
	=====	=====	=====	=====
January 29, 2000				
U. S. Treasury and government				
agency bonds.....	\$ 68,520	\$ 4	\$ (2,226)	\$ 66,298
Charming Shoppes Master Trust				
retained interest.....	41,245	0	0	41,245
Low income housing partnerships.....	7,952	0	0	7,952
Other.....	334	0	0	334
	-----	----	-----	-----
	\$118,051	\$ 4	\$ (2,226)	\$115,829
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Gross realized gains and (losses) on available-for-sale securities were \$43,000 and (\$292,000), respectively, during Fiscal 2001. Gross realized gains and (losses) were \$6,910,000 and (\$4,837,000), respectively, during Fiscal 2000.

Contractual maturities of available-for-sale securities at February 3, 2001 were:

(in thousands)	Cost	Estimated Fair Value
	----	-----
Due in one year or less.....	\$ 48,814	\$ 48,817
Due after one year through five years..	68,432	68,509
	-----	-----
	117,246	117,326
Equity securities.....	7,952	7,952
	-----	-----
	\$125,198	\$125,278
	=====	=====

INCOME TAXES

Income (loss) before income taxes, extraordinary item, and cumulative effect of accounting change:

(in thousands)	2001	2000	1999
	----	----	----
Domestic.....	\$79,716	\$65,615	\$ (34,479)
Foreign.....	4,936	5,064	3,490
	-----	-----	-----
	\$84,652	\$70,679	\$ (30,989)
	=====	=====	=====

Income tax provision (benefit):

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(in thousands)	2001	2000	1999
	----	----	----
Current:			
Federal.....	\$ 17,345	\$ 5,431	\$ 4,321
State.....	1,683	1,158	692
Foreign.....	883	514	192
	-----	-----	-----
	19,911	7,103	5,205
Deferred(1).....	13,103	19,749	(16,059)
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 33,014	\$26,852	\$ (10,854)
	=====	=====	=====

[FN]

(1) Primarily Federal

The Company made income tax payments of \$20,041,000, \$9,692,000, and \$5,982,000 during Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively. Included in "Prepayments and other" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of January 29, 2000 is an income tax receivable of \$6,808,000.

Reconciliation of the effective tax rate with the statutory Federal income tax rate:

	2001	2000	1999
	----	----	----
Statutory Federal income tax			
(benefit) rate.....	35.0%	35.0%	(35.0)%
State income tax, net			
of Federal income tax.....	1.9	1.0	1.5
Foreign income.....	(1.0)	(1.7)	(3.4)
Employee benefits.....	2.5	3.1	1.4
Amortization of goodwill.....	2.0	--	--
Other, net.....	(1.4)	0.6	0.5
	-----	-----	-----
	39.0%	38.0%	(35.0)%
	=====	=====	=====

Components of deferred tax assets and liabilities:

(in thousands)	Net Current Assets (Liabilities)	Net Long-Term Assets (Liabilities)
	-----	-----
February 3, 2001		
Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements.....		\$ (208)
Accrued expenses.....	\$ 9,990	
Inventory.....	(1,853)	
Deferred compensation.....		2,729
Prepaid employee benefits.....	3,406	
Investments.....		(6,907)

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Deferred rent.....	2,099	
Employee insurance program.....		(11,100)
Other.....	(2,964)	(5,947)
	-----	-----
	\$10,678	\$ (21,433)
	=====	=====

(in thousands)	Net Current Assets (Liabilities)	Net Long-Term Assets (Liabilities)
	-----	-----
January 29, 2000		
Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements.....		\$ (2,112)
Tax net operating losses and credit carryforwards.....		8,467
Accrued expenses.....	\$10,461	
Inventory.....	(3,317)	
Deferred compensation.....		1,585
Prepaid employee benefits.....	2,233	
Investments.....		(6,184)
Deferred rent.....	2,059	
Employee insurance program.....		(7,600)
Other.....	(635)	(4,531)
	-----	-----
	\$10,801	\$ (10,375)
	=====	=====

[FN]

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

The Company's Federal tax returns for the fiscal years ended January 1994 through January 1997 are currently under audit. The Company anticipates that the outcome of these audits will not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

DEBT

Long-term debt at year end:

(in thousands)	2001	2000
	----	----
7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes		
Due 2006.....	\$ 96,047	\$ 96,047
Capital lease obligations.....	15,890	4,332
7.5% mortgage note.....	6,449	6,652
Other.....	108	102
	-----	-----
Total long-term debt.....	118,494	107,133
Less current portion.....	4,954	1,920
	-----	-----
	\$113,540	\$105,213

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The 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes (the "Notes") are convertible at any time prior to maturity into shares of Common Stock of the Company at a conversion price of \$7.46 per share. The Notes are redeemable at the Company's option, in whole or in part, at 103.125% of principal through July 14, 2001 and at declining prices thereafter, decreasing to 100% on or after July 15, 2005. Under certain circumstances involving a change in control of the Company, holders of the Notes may require the Company to repurchase all or a portion of the Notes at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any. There is no sinking fund for the Notes.

During Fiscal 2000, the Company repurchased \$23,316,000 aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which had a net carrying value of \$22,927,000 as of the dates of purchase, at a total cost of \$21,031,000. The repurchases resulted in an extraordinary gain of \$1,232,000, net of income taxes of \$664,000, for Fiscal 2000. During Fiscal 1999, the Company repurchased \$18,637,000 aggregate principal amount of the Notes, which had a net carrying value of \$18,268,000 as of the dates of purchase, at a total cost of \$17,802,000. The net gain on the repurchases of the Notes during Fiscal 1999 was not material.

During Fiscal 2001, pursuant to its program to replace its existing point-of-sale ("POS") equipment, the Company acquired \$14,896,000 of POS equipment for its Fashion Bug and Catherine's Stores under capital leases. These leases generally have an initial lease term of 60 months and contain a bargain purchase option.

The 7.5% Mortgage Note (the "Mortgage Note") and \$2,753,000 of capital lease obligations were assumed in January 2000 in connection with the acquisition of Catherine's Stores. The mortgage financing agreement provides for a \$6,919,000 mortgage facility with a seven-year term and payments based on a 20-year amortization period. The mortgage includes a final payment of \$5,585,000 in April 2005. The Mortgage Note is secured by land and buildings at Catherine's office in Memphis, Tennessee. The capital leases are for data processing and point-of-sale equipment. At the end of the initial lease term, the Company has the option of purchasing the equipment at fair market value (or at \$1 in the case of the point-of-sale equipment), renewing the leases, or returning the equipment to the lessor.

The Company has an agreement with a commercial finance company to provide a revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$150,000,000, subject to limitations based upon eligible inventory. The facility, which expires June 30, 2004, enables the Company to issue letters of credit for overseas purchases of merchandise and provides for seasonal cash borrowings, if necessary. The facility is secured by merchandise inventory, furniture and fixtures at the Fashion Bug retail stores, and certain other Company assets. The interest rate on borrowings is 0.5% above the Prime rate. There is a fee of .25% on the unused portion of the first \$105,000,000 of the facility, and an annual servicing fee of \$100,000. As of February 3, 2001, the availability under the facility was approximately \$131,424,000, against which the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$48,381,000. There were no cash borrowings outstanding under the agreement as of February 3, 2001. The agreement requires that, among other things, the Company maintain a minimum net worth of \$350,000,000 and not pay dividends on its Common Stock.

As a result of the Catherine's Stores acquisition, the Company has an agreement with a bank to provide a revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$20,000,000. The facility, which expires June 29, 2001,

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enables the Company to issue letters of credit for overseas purchases of merchandise and provides for seasonal cash borrowings, if necessary, by utilizing a \$5,000,000 swingline credit facility. The agreement is secured by inventory, general intangibles, patents, trademarks, and proceeds of the foregoing. The interest rate on borrowings is equal to the agent bank's prime rate. At February 3, 2001, the combined availability under the working capital and swingline facilities was \$20,000,000, against which the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$284,000. The Company is currently negotiating the extension of this agreement.

As a result of the acquisition of Modern Woman, the Company also has an agreement with a bank to provide a revolving credit facility with a maximum availability of \$10,000,000. As of February 3, 2001, \$5,000,000 was available under this agreement, against which the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$139,000. In exchange for the bank's release of its security interest in all of the assets of Modern Woman, the Company pledged \$5,000,000 of available-for-sale securities as security for the line of credit.

During Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, the Company made interest payments of \$8,712,000, \$7,519,000, and \$9,756,000, respectively.

Aggregate maturities of long-term debt principal during the next five fiscal years are:

(in thousands)	Capital Leases -----	7.5% Mortgage Note -----	Other -----	Total -----
2002	\$4,741	\$188	\$25	\$4,954
2003	3,626	203	24	3,853
2004	3,360	199	19	3,578
2005	2,868	234	16	3,118
2006	1,295	5,625	16	6,936

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company's capital consists of 1,000,000 shares of Series Participating Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value, of which 500,000 shares of Participating Series A Junior Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value, have been authorized; and 300,000,000 shares of Common Stock, \$.10 par value.

In November 1997, the Company's Board of Directors ("the Board") authorized the repurchase of up to 10,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. In March 1999, the Board authorized the repurchase of an additional 10,000,000 shares of Common Stock. Shares repurchased will be held as treasury stock available for use under the Company's employee benefits program or for other corporate purposes. As of February 3, 2001, the Company has repurchased an aggregate total of 9,105,000 shares of its Common Stock at an aggregate cost of \$41,537,000.

STOCK OPTION AND STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS

At February 3, 2001, the Company had various stock-based compensation plans, which are described below. The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related Interpretations in

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accounting for its stock plans. Accordingly, no compensation has been recognized in the financial statements for options issued under such plans with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's Common Stock at the date of grant. In addition, no compensation expense has been recognized for shares of stock issued under the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan. Compensation cost recognized in the financial statements for discounted stock options, restricted stock awards and performance share awards granted was \$948,000, \$747,000, and \$710,000 in Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," requires pro forma disclosures of the effect of using fair values at the dates of grant to determine compensation cost for awards under stock-based compensation plans. Using the method prescribed under SFAS No. 123 to determine compensation cost for the Company's plans, the Company's net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share would have changed to the pro forma amounts shown below:

(in thousands, except per-share data)	2001 ----	2000 ----	1999 ----
Pro forma net income (loss).....	\$49,185	\$43,102	\$(21,629)
Pro forma net income (loss) per share			
Basic net income (loss) per share..	\$.49	\$.44	\$ (.22)
Diluted net income (loss) per share	\$.47	\$.41	\$ (.22)

For purposes of determining the pro forma disclosures, the fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. In applying the Black-Scholes model, the following assumptions were used: dividend yield of 0%; expected stock price volatility of 37.6%; expected lives of 3 months for the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, 1 to 3 years for stock award plans, and 6 to 7 years for stock option and stock incentive plans; and the following risk-free interest rates:

	2001 ----	2000 ----	1999 ----
Employee stock purchase plan.....	4.9%	5.4%	4.7%
Stock award plans.....	4.8	6.5	5.1
Stock option and incentive plans.	5.1	6.6	5.2

In accordance with the transition provisions of SFAS No. 123, the pro forma disclosures presented above reflect the statement's application only to option grants and stock awards dated on or after January 29, 1995. Option grants and awards generally vest over several years and the Company expects to grant additional awards in the future. Therefore, the pro forma results should not be considered to be representative of the effects on reported results for future years.

The Company's Board of Directors adopted the 2000 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan on January 27, 2000. The plan provides for the grant of options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, deferred stock, or other stock-based awards to purchase up to 5,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The form of the grants, exercise price, and maximum term, where applicable, are at the discretion of the Board of

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Directors and the Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. As of February 3, 2001, 177,690 options were exercisable under this plan.

The Company's Amended and Restated Non-Employee Directors Program was adopted by the Board of Directors on July 1, 1999. This program provides for the automatic annual grant of options to purchase 20,000 shares of Common Stock to each non-employee director. The options vest in equal installments over five years. The exercise price of such options shall be equal to the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. As of February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, 28,000 options and 0 options, respectively, were exercisable under this plan. The program also provides for a one-time grant of 10,000 shares of Restricted Common Stock to each newly elected non-employee director. The grants vest in equal amounts over three years. During Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000, 10,000 shares and 20,000 shares, respectively, were granted and issued as one-time grants under this program. The weighted average market value at date of grant for shares granted in Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000 was \$5.13 and \$6.21, respectively.

The Company's Board of Directors adopted the 1999 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan in February 1999. The plan provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The exercise price of such options may not be less than the fair market value at the date of grant. The maximum term of options issued under the plan is ten years. As of February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, 127,500 options and 0 options, respectively, were exercisable under this plan.

The Company's 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 9,000,000 shares of Common Stock plus 9% of shares issued by the Company after the effective date of the plan and any shares available but unissued under the 1990 Plan described below. The form of the grants and exercise price, where applicable, are at the discretion of the Board of Directors and the Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. The maximum term of options issued under the plan is ten years. As of February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999, 4,380,640 options, 3,415,250 options, and 2,465,230 options, respectively, were exercisable under this plan. During Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000, 88,000 shares and 306,307 shares, respectively, were granted as restricted stock awards under this plan. The weighted average market value at date of grant for the Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000 awards was \$6.81 per share and \$4.61 per share, respectively. During Fiscal 2001, 38,308 shares granted as restricted stock awards under this plan were issued and awards totaling 10,300 shares were cancelled. As of February 3, 2001, restricted stock awards totaling 345,699 shares were outstanding under this plan.

The Company's 1990 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan provides for the grant of options to purchase Common Stock to key employees of the Company. The exercise price of such options may not be less than the fair market value at the date of grant. As a result of adoption of the 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan, the Company no longer intends to issue options under this Plan. As of February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999, 144,000 options, 483,800 options, and 3,522,142 options, respectively, were exercisable under this plan.

The Company's 1989 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 30,000 shares of Common Stock to each member of the Board of Directors who is not an employee of the Company. The exercise price of such options shall be equal to the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant. As of February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999, 66,000 options, 78,000 options, and 90,000 options, respectively, were exercisable under this plan. As a result of the adoption of the Amended and Restated Non-Employee Directors Program on July 1, 1999, the Company no longer intends to issue options under this

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plan.

The Company's 1988 Key Employee Stock Option Plan provides for the grant of options to purchase up to 3,000,000 shares of Common Stock to key employees of the Company. The exercise price of options granted under this plan is \$1.00 per share. As of February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999, 92,937 options, 205,330 options, and 412,245 options, respectively, were exercisable under this plan.

The table below summarizes the activity in all Stock Option Plans:

	Option Shares -----	Average Option Price -----	Option Prices Per Share -----
Outstanding at January 31, 1998.....	10,612,111	\$5.512	\$.222-17.000
Granted-option price equal to market.	1,551,722	4.306	3.594- 5.250
Granted-option price less than market	18,500	1.000	1.000- 1.000
Canceled/forfeited.....	(1,279,938)	7.797	.500-17.000
Exercised.....	(475,061)	1.013	.222- 5.375

Outstanding at January 30, 1999.....	10,427,334	5.249	.500-16.875
Granted-option price equal to market.	1,794,970	4.077	3.625- 6.625
Granted-option price less than market	16,000	1.000	1.000- 1.000
Canceled/forfeited.....	(417,387)	5.068	.500-15.750
Exercised.....	(3,364,058)	4.247	.500- 6.188

Outstanding at January 29, 2000.....	8,456,859	5.400	.500-16.875
Granted-option price equal to market.	2,192,050	6.633	5.000- 6.813
Granted-option price less than market	37,700	1.000	1.000- 1.000
Canceled/forfeited.....	(682,035)	6.225	1.000-16.875
Exercised.....	(906,701)	4.326	.500- 6.188

Outstanding at February 3, 2001.....	9,097,873	\$5.724	\$.500-15.813
	=====	=====	=====

Weighted average grant date fair value for options granted, using Black-Scholes model and assumptions described above:

	2001 ----	2000 ----	1999 ----
Option price equals market price.....	\$2.35	\$1.92	\$1.94
Option price less than market price.....	5.32	2.96	3.59

The table below summarizes information regarding weighted average exercise price and weighted average remaining contractual life in years for options outstanding and options exercisable as of February 3, 2001 for the ranges of exercise prices shown:

Option	Weighted Average Option	Weighted Average Remaining
--------	-------------------------------	----------------------------------

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Ranges of Option Prices -----	Shares -----	Price -----	Life ----
\$0.50-\$1.00:			
Options outstanding.....	170,023	\$.855	4.8
Options exercisable.....	92,937	.735	
\$1.01-\$5.00:			
Options outstanding.....	4,478,400	\$4.015	6.2
Options exercisable.....	2,750,600	4.083	
\$5.01-\$10.00:			
Options outstanding.....	3,593,000	\$6.347	7.4
Options exercisable.....	1,382,180	6.209	
\$10.01-\$15.81:			
Options outstanding.....	856,450	\$13.011	2.3
Options exercisable.....	791,050	13.032	

At February 3, 2001, 1,031,050 shares were available for grant under the 2000 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan, 248,327 shares were available for grant under the Amended and Restated Non-employee Directors Program, 249,900 shares were available for grant under the 1999 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan, 2,356,324 shares were available for future grant under the 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive plan, and 184,549 shares were available for grant under the 1988 Key Employee Stock Option Plan.

The Company's 1998 Restricted Stock Award Program provides for the grant of rights to receive shares of the Company's Common Stock subject to attainment of specified performance goals for Fiscal 2000. During Fiscal 2001, 77,450 shares were issued under this plan and rights to receive 33,605 shares were cancelled. During Fiscal 2000, rights to receive 4,591 shares were granted and rights to receive 7,768 shares were cancelled. During Fiscal 1999, rights to receive 114,232 shares were granted. The weighted average market value at date of grant for awards granted in Fiscal 2000 and Fiscal 1999 was \$4.03 per share and \$4.31 per share, respectively. Associates pay no cash consideration for shares received under the plan.

The Company's Non-Employee Director Compensation Program and the Compensation Program for the Non-Employee Chairman of the Board of Directors were adopted on August 21, 1996 and approved by shareholders on June 19, 1997. These programs stipulate that, effective June 27, 1996, 60% of Non-Employee Director and 50% of Non-Employee Chairman compensation shall be paid in Common Stock of the Company. During Fiscal 2000, 1,500 rights were granted under this plan, and 1,500 shares were issued. During Fiscal 1999, 41,904 rights were granted under this plan, and 41,904 shares were issued. The weighted average market value at date of grant for awards granted in Fiscal 2000 and Fiscal 1999 was \$4.00 per share and \$4.80 per share, respectively. Awards under this program were discontinued as of July 1, 1999 as a result of adoption of the Amended and Restated Non-Employee Directors Program.

The Company's Board of Directors adopted the Restricted Stock Award Plan for Associates on January 26, 1995. The plan provides for discretionary awards of rights to receive up to 200,000 shares of restricted Common Stock to associates who are not directors or executive officers of the Company. Associates will pay no cash consideration for restricted stock received under an award. During Fiscal 2001, 5,500 shares were issued under this plan. During Fiscal 2000, 5,500 rights were granted under this plan, and 5,500 shares were issued. During Fiscal 1999, 5,500 rights were granted under this plan, and 12,783 shares were issued. The weighted average market value at date of grant for awards granted in Fiscal 2000 and Fiscal 1999 was \$3.63 per share and \$4.31 per share, respectively.

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The shares issued and options granted under the above plans are subject to forfeiture if the employees do not remain employed by the Company for a specified period of time. Under the 1989 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, the Non-Employee Director Compensation Program, the Compensation Program for the Non-Employee Chairman of the Board of Directors, and the Amended and Restated Non-Employee Directors Program, shares issued and options granted are subject to forfeiture if the individual ceases to remain a Director of the Company except, under certain circumstances, in the case of retirement.

EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

The Company's 1994 Employee Stock Purchase Plan permits employees to purchase shares during each quarterly offering period at a price equal to 85% of the market price of the Company's Common Stock on either the first day of the offering period or the fifth business day after the end of the offering period, whichever is lower. The shares are purchased through the accumulation of payroll deductions of up to 10% of each participating employee's compensation during such offering period. Under this plan, 2,000,000 shares have been reserved for grant. During Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000, 57,527 shares and 31,343 shares, respectively, were purchased under the plan. The weighted average grant date market value for shares purchased during Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2000 was \$5.41 per share and \$4.84 per share, respectively. At February 3, 2001, 1,673,964 shares were available for future purchase under this plan.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS PLAN

In February 1999, the Company's Board of Directors adopted a Shareholder Rights Plan to replace the existing Shareholder Rights Plan with effect from April 26, 1999, when the existing Shareholder Rights Plan expired. The Board of Directors also increased the authorized shares of Participating Series A Junior Preferred Stock, \$1.00 par value, from 300,000 shares to 500,000 shares, and declared a dividend of one Right for each outstanding share of Common Stock, payable as of the close of business on April 26, 1999 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on April 12, 1999. Such Rights only become exercisable or transferable apart from the Common Stock ten days after a person or group (Acquiring Person) acquires, or obtains the right to acquire, beneficial ownership of twenty percent (20%) or more of the Company's outstanding common shares. Each Right then may be exercised to acquire one three-hundredth of a share of newly created Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock or a combination of securities and assets of equivalent value at a purchase price of \$20, subject to adjustment.

Upon the occurrence of certain events (for example, if the Company is a surviving corporation in a merger with an Acquiring Person), the Rights entitle holders other than the Acquiring Person to acquire Common Stock having a value of twice the exercise price of the Rights. Upon the occurrence of certain other events (for example, if the Company is acquired in a merger or other business combination transaction in which the Company is not the surviving corporation), the rights entitle holders other than the Acquiring Person to acquire Common Stock of the Acquiring Person having a value twice the exercise price of the Rights. The Rights may be redeemed by the Company at \$.01 per Right at any time until the tenth day following public announcement that a twenty percent (20%) position has been acquired. Prior to February 1, 2001, redemption of the Rights by the Company required the approval of a majority of those directors who were members of the Board of Directors at the time of execution of the Rights Agreement (the "Continuing Directors") or any person who subsequently became a member of

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the Board of Directors if such director's election to the Board of Directors was recommended or approved by a majority of the Continuing Directors. On February 1, 2001, the Company's Board of Directors approved an amendment and restatement of the Rights Agreement dated as of April 26, 1999 that deletes the concept of Continuing Directors and provides that redemption of the Rights requires approval by the Board of Directors (regardless of whether such directors would have been Continuing Directors). The Rights will expire on April 25, 2009.

NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

(in thousands)	2001 ----	2000 ----	1999 ----
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding.....	101,119	98,609	99,441
Dilutive effect of assumed conversion of convertible notes.....	12,875	16,001	0
Dilutive effect of stock options.....	1,033	1,278	0
	-----	-----	-----
Diluted weighted average common shares and equivalents outstanding...	115,027	115,888	99,441
	=====	=====	=====
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of accounting change.....	\$51,638	\$43,827	\$(20,135)
Decrease in interest expense from assumed conversion of notes, net of income taxes.....	4,455	4,708	0
	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of accounting change used to determine diluted earnings per share.....	56,093	48,535	(20,135)
Extraordinary item, net of income taxes	0	1,232	0
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of income taxes.....	(540)	0	0
	-----	-----	-----
Net income (loss) used to determine diluted earnings per share.....	\$55,553	\$49,767	\$(20,135)
	=====	=====	=====
Options with weighted average exercise price greater than market price, excluded from computation of diluted earnings per share:			
Number of shares (in thousands).....	3,762	4,089	6,147
Weighted average exercise price.....	\$8.06	\$6.95	\$6.61

The effect of an assumed conversion of the Company's Convertible Notes into 18.5 million shares of Common Stock was excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share for Fiscal 1999 because the effect would have been antidilutive. Options to purchase 0.7 million shares of Common Stock at January 30, 1999, with exercise prices below the average market price of the Company's Common Stock, were excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share because the effect would have been antidilutive.

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Grants of stock awards under the Company's restricted stock award programs generally require continuing employment for a specified period of time as a condition for vesting of the award. Grants that have not vested and are subject to a risk of forfeiture are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share using the treasury stock method if the impact of the award is dilutive. Upon vesting, shares issued under these award programs are included in the calculation of basic earnings per share.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

The Company provides a comprehensive retirement benefit program for its employees. This plan provides for a noncontributory profit-sharing contribution which covers substantially all full-time employees who meet age and service requirements. The contribution is completely discretionary and is determined by the Board of Directors on an annual basis.

The program also includes a 401(k) employee savings plan, whereby eligible participating employees may elect to contribute up to 15% of their compensation to an investment trust. The 401(k) plan includes a matching Company contribution of 50% of the participant's elective contribution on up to 6% of the participant's compensation. Participating employees are immediately vested in their own contributions. Full vesting in the matching Company contribution occurs on the earlier of the participant's attainment of 6 years of service, retirement, death, or disability, as defined in the plan.

The total expense for the above plans amounted to \$2,137,000, \$1,312,000, and \$1,556,000 for Fiscal 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively.

As of the dates of their respective acquisitions, Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman provided retirement plans for its employees with benefits substantially the same as the Company's plan. The Catherine's Stores and Modern Woman plans have been merged into the Company's plan. Participants in the Catherine's and Modern Woman plans retain credited years of service earned under those plans.

Also available to officers and certain key executives is a non-qualified deferred compensation plan. Under this plan, which was adopted January 1, 1998, participants may contribute up to 77% of their base compensation and 100% of bonus compensation.

ASSET SECURITIZATION

Asset securitization involves the transfer by the Company's credit card bank of Fashion Bug proprietary credit card receivables to a special purpose corporation, which in turn transfers the receivables to a single purpose trust (the "Trust") created for the securitization. Asset-backed certificates issued by the Trust represent undivided interests in those credit card receivables transferred into the Trust. Certificates issued by the Trust are sold to investors, with any remaining undivided interest retained by the Company. These asset-backed certificates issued to investors are generally credit-enhanced by a third party to provide various levels of an investment-grade credit rating at the time of issuance. The Company includes the remaining undivided interest and any other retained interest in investment securities available for sale in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The carrying value of these retained interests approximates their fair value.

The Company records gains or losses on the securitization of Fashion Bug

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credit card receivables based on the estimated fair value of the assets retained and liabilities incurred in the sale. Gains represent the present value of the estimated cash flows that the Company has retained over the estimated outstanding period of the receivables. This excess cash flow essentially represents an "interest-only" ("I/O") strip, consisting of the excess finance charges and past due fees over the sum of the return paid to certificate holders and credit losses. During Fiscal Years 2001, 2000, and 1999, the Company recognized additions to the I/O strip of \$11,973,000, \$9,876,000, and \$9,765,000, respectively, and of those balances, \$10,979,000, \$9,814,000, and \$10,254,000 were amortized during each respective Fiscal Year. In addition, the Company recognized a servicing liability of \$3,864,000, \$2,744,000, and \$2,370,000 in Fiscal Years 2001, 2000, and 1999, respectively, and of those balances, \$3,260,000, \$2,797,000, and \$2,579,000 were amortized in each Fiscal Year, respectively. The Company amortizes additions to the I/O strip and servicing liability on a straight-line basis over the expected life of the credit card receivables, which is generally less than one year. The expected life is computed using the 12-month rolling average of principal payments as a percent of outstanding trust receivables sold.

Proceeds from the sale of new loans to the Trust were approximately \$437,697,000, \$398,646,000, and \$360,686,000 for Fiscal 2001, Fiscal 2000, and Fiscal 1999, respectively. At February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, approximately \$301,704,000 and \$285,782,000, respectively, of investor certificates remained outstanding. The investor certificates mature as follows: \$66,500,000 in the fiscal year ending February 2, 2002 ("Fiscal 2002"), \$85,204,000 in the fiscal year ending February 1, 2003 ("Fiscal 2003") and \$150,000,000 in the fiscal year ending January 29, 2005 ("Fiscal 2005"). The Company's retained interests in its securitizations, which aggregated \$47,724,000 and \$41,245,000 at February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, respectively, are generally subordinated in right of payment to certificates issued by the Trust to third party investors. The Company's obligation to repurchase receivables sold to the Trust is limited to those receivables that, at the time of their transfer, fail to meet the Trust's eligibility standards under normal representations and warranties. To date, the amount of receivables repurchased pursuant to this obligation has been immaterial.

In September 2000, The FASB issued SFAS No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities," a replacement of SFAS No. 125. The Company has adopted the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 140 as of Fiscal 2001, and will adopt the accounting requirements of SFAS No. 140 to the extent that it issues new beneficial interests after March 31, 2001. Management uses key valuation assumptions in determining the fair value of its I/O strip. Key valuation assumptions relate to the average lives of the receivables sold and anticipated credit losses, as well as the appropriate market discount rate. The Company estimates the average lives of the receivables and the anticipated credit losses using the rolling average of the past twelve months experience, adjusted as necessary for the future impact of these key assumptions. The key assumptions used for the following sensitivities are a loan payment rate of 13.5%, a discount rate of 14.0% and a credit loss percentage of 8.1%. The average life of the receivables sold is approximately 0.6 years. A 10% and 20% adverse change in the loan payment rate would impact the fair value of the I/O strip by \$401,000 and \$739,000, respectively. A 10% and 20% adverse change in the discount rate would impact the fair value of the I/O strip receivable by \$14,000 and \$32,000, respectively. A 10% and 20% adverse change in the credit loss percentage would impact the fair value of the I/O strip receivable by \$442,000 and \$885,000, respectively. These adverse changes are hypothetical in nature and are presented in accordance with SFAS No. 140.

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Collections reinvested in revolving-period securitizations for Fiscal 2001 were \$445,576,000. Cash flows received on retained interests and servicing fees received for Fiscal 2001 were \$34,963,000 and \$5,708,000, respectively. The Company is the servicer of the Master Trust, and receives a servicing fee of approximately 2% of the investor interest. During Fiscal 2001, total net credit losses were \$22,602,000, and credit card accounts that were 90 or more days delinquent at February 3, 2001 were \$9,153,000.

Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. and Charming Shoppes Street, Inc., wholly owned indirect subsidiaries of the Company, are separate special purpose corporations. At February 3, 2001, Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. had \$36,792,000 of Charming Shoppes Master Trust Certificates (which are included in the \$47,724,000 of retained interests at February 3, 2001), and Charming Shoppes Street, Inc. had \$1,127,000 of cash. These assets will be available first and foremost to satisfy the claims of the respective creditors of these separate corporate entities, including certain claims of investors in the Charming Shoppes Master Trust. The providers of the credit enhancements and trust investors have no other recourse to the Company. The Company does not receive collateral from any party to the securitization, and the Company does not have any risk of counterparty non-performance.

The Company has a non-recourse agreement to permit a third party to provide an accounts receivable proprietary credit card sales funding program for its Catherine's Stores, which expires in January 2005. Under this agreement, the third party reimburses the Company daily with respect to the proprietary credit card sales generated by the Catherine's Stores credit card accounts. The agreement may require the Company to repurchase receivables from the third party under certain conditions relating to a change in control of the Company. Net proceeds received from sales of Catherine's receivables for Fiscal 2001 and for the month of January 2000 (the period subsequent to the Company's acquisition of Catherine's), were approximately \$121,093,000 and \$6,611,000, respectively. The net balance of accounts receivable held by the third party was approximately \$99,571,000 and \$93,648,000 at February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000, respectively.

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS HELD FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN TRADING

Although the Company securitizes credit card receivables from its Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program in a non-consolidated master trust, the Company is exposed to fluctuations in interest rates. On September 15, 1999, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a notional amount of \$50,000,000 that limited the Company's exposure to rising interest rates should the one-month LIBOR rate increase to a rate above the agreement's specified rate of 6.51%. The swap agreement required the Company to pledge certain assets if the market value of the interest rate swap fell below an amount set forth in the agreement. As of January 29, 2000, there were no assets required to be pledged under the terms of the agreement. During Fiscal 2001, the Company terminated the swap agreement, and, in Fiscal 2002, the deferred loss related to this termination will be recognized in comprehensive income and amortized to selling, general, and administrative expenses over 44 months (the remaining life of the original swap period) in accordance with SFAS No. 133.

LEASES

The Company leases substantially all of its stores under non-cancelable operating lease agreements. Generally, these leases have initial periods

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of 5 to 20 years and contain provisions for renewal options, additional rentals based on a percentage of sales, and payment of certain real estate taxes. The Company also leases certain other buildings and equipment.

Rental expense was:

(in thousands)	2001 ----	2000 ----	1999 ----
Minimum rental.....	\$117,824	\$ 86,438	\$80,058
Contingent rental...	18,901	15,399	13,399
	-----	-----	-----
	\$136,725	\$101,837	\$93,457
	=====	=====	=====

Minimum annual rental commitments for all non-cancelable leases for the next five fiscal years and thereafter are: 2002 - \$125,995,000; 2003 - \$108,404,000; 2004 - \$89,170,000; 2005 - \$66,241,000; 2006 - \$42,573,000; Thereafter - \$87,565,000.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following is a summary of the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments:

(in thousands)	February 3, 2001		January 29, 2000	
	Carrying Amount -----	Fair Value -----	Carrying Amount -----	Fair Value -----
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents....	\$ 56,544	\$ 56,544	\$ 34,299	\$ 34,299
Available-for-sale securities	125,278	125,278	115,829	115,829
Liabilities:				
7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006.....	96,047	93,012	96,047	98,448
7.5% mortgage note.....	6,449	6,449	6,652	6,652
Other long-term debt.....	108	108	102	102
Off-Balance-Sheet Financial Instruments:				
Interest rate caps.....	0	0	0	116
Interest rate swaps.....	0	0	0	1,096

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents approximates their carrying amount because of the short maturities of such instruments. The fair value of available-for-sale securities is based on quoted market prices of the securities, except for certain equity securities that have no available bid/ask or sales prices as they are not traded in the open market. The carrying amount of these equity securities (\$7,952,000 at February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000) was used to approximate fair value. The fair value of the Company's 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes is based on quoted market prices for the securities. The fair values of the 7.5% Mortgage Note and other long-term debt approximate their carrying amounts based on estimated current interest rates that the Company could obtain on similar borrowings. The fair values of interest-rate caps and swaps were

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determined on the basis of valuation pricing models which take into account current market and contractual prices of the underlying instruments, as well as the time value and yield curve or volatility factors underlying the positions.

RESTRUCTURING CHARGE (CREDIT)

On March 5, 1998, the Company's Board of Directors approved a restructuring plan that resulted in a pre-tax charge of \$34,000,000. The plan was approved in conjunction with the decision to eliminate men's merchandise from the Company's Fashion Bug stores. To-date, 72 stores have been closed in connection with the plan and 100 stores have been downsized. Elimination of the men's merchandise from the stores was completed in October 1998, the balance of the men's inventory has been sold, and the selling space used for men's merchandise has been re-merchandised. In Fiscal 2000, the Company determined that 21 of the stores originally included in the plan would remain open as a result of negotiations with landlords and changes in economic conditions. As a result, the Company reversed reserves related to these stores and recognized a pre-tax restructuring credit of \$2,096,000. As of February 3, 2001, this restructuring plan has been completed, and there are no remaining restructure accruals relating to this plan.

The restructuring charge included a \$10,000,000 write-off of the carrying value of fixtures and improvements in the stores to be reduced in size or closed. The fixtures and improvements had no alternative use or salvage value, and were expected to be scrapped at the time of the closing or downsizing of the stores. The restructuring charge also included accruals for anticipated payments to landlords for the early termination of existing store leases of \$19,700,000, severance payments of \$320,000, costs to remove store signs and entrances of \$3,300,000, costs of supplies to be scrapped of \$400,000, and legal and architectural fees of \$280,000. The accrual for severance payments was for 650 store employees expected to be terminated as a result of the store closings. The number of employees actually terminated was reduced to 590 as a result of the 21 stores that remained open, as discussed above, and the excess severance accrual was reversed as part of the restructuring credit of \$2,096,000 recognized in Fiscal 2000.

The following is a summary of other restructure charges accrued in connection with the plan to eliminate men's merchandise from the Company's Fashion Bug stores, and payments charged against the accrual:

(in thousands)	Lease Termin- ation Costs -----	Sign and Entrance Removal and Other Costs -----	Sever- ance ----	Total Accrued Costs -----
Beginning accrual.....	\$19,700	\$ 3,980	\$ 320	\$24,000
Fiscal 1999:				
Payments.....	(6,071)	(551)	(200)	(6,822)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, January 30, 1999.....	13,629	3,429	120	17,178
Fiscal 2000:				
Payments.....	(6,955)	(1,340)	(90)	(8,385)
Revision of cost estimate.....	(1,784)	(282)	(30)	(2,096)
	-----	-----	-----	-----

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Balance, January 29, 2000.....	4,890	1,807	0	6,697
Fiscal 2001:				
Payments.....	(4,890)	(1,807)	--	(6,697)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, February 3, 2001.....	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====	=====	=====

On December 10, 1998, the Company's Board of Directors approved a plan to close the Company's Bensalem, Pennsylvania distribution center and sell the facility. The plan was approved in conjunction with the decision to consolidate the Company's distribution center operations in the Company's Greencastle, Indiana distribution center. The plan resulted in a pre-tax restructuring charge of \$20,246,000 during Fiscal 1999.

The restructuring charge included a \$17,969,000 write-down of the cost of the Bensalem facilities from a carrying value of \$23,631,000 to a net realizable value of \$5,662,000, based on an independent appraisal. The restructuring charge also included an accrual of \$1,556,000 for severance costs resulting from the termination of 90 warehouse and distribution personnel and 11 management employees. In addition, the restructuring charge included an accrual of \$721,000 for incremental warehouse handling costs, outplacement services for terminated employees, legal fees related to the sale of the facility, and other non-recurring costs relating to the closure.

The Bensalem distribution center closed on December 10, 1998, and the Company completed the sale of the Bensalem facility during Fiscal 2000. Upon completion of the sale of the facility, the Company recognized a pre-tax restructuring credit of \$2,834,000 in Fiscal 2000, which primarily represented sales proceeds in excess of the estimated net realizable value of the Bensalem facility.

The following is a summary of other restructure charges accrued in connection with the closing of the Bensalem facility, and payments charged against the accrual:

(in thousands)	Severance	Contractual Warehouse Handling Costs	Other Costs	Total Costs
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Beginning accrual.....	\$1,556	\$ 436	\$ 285	\$ 2,277
Fiscal 1999:				
Payments.....	(981)	(0)	(26)	(1,007)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, January 30, 1999	575	436	259	1,270
Fiscal 2000:				
Payments.....	(575)	(436)	(144)	(1,155)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, January 29, 2000	0	0	115	115
Fiscal 2001:				
Payments.....	--	--	(115)	(115)
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, February 3, 2001	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====	=====	=====

During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2000, the Company recorded a

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restructuring charge of \$1,459,000 in connection with the Company's acquisitions of Modern Woman and Catherine's Stores. At the time of the Catherine's Stores acquisition, the Company planned to consolidate Modern Woman stores into the Catherine's Stores division. The restructuring charge was primarily for lease termination costs related to the closing of 11 Modern Woman stores that geographically overlapped Catherine's Stores. There were no payments charged against this accrual as of January 29, 2000. During Fiscal 2001, the Company closed 10 of the 11 stores, and accrued restructuring charges of \$1,086,000 related to the closed stores were paid. As of February 3, 2001, \$373,000 of accrued restructuring charges related to the remaining store were unpaid.

NON-RECURRING GAIN FROM DEMUTUALIZATION OF INSURANCE COMPANY

During Fiscal 2000, the Company received a \$6,700,000 stock distribution from one of its mutual insurance carriers in connection with the carrier's conversion to a publicly-held corporation (demutualization). In accordance with the consensus reached in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 99-4, "Accounting for Stock Received from the Demutualization of A Mutual Insurance Company," the Company recorded the distribution at its fair value and recognized the resulting non-recurring gain in income from continuing operations, and subsequently sold the securities received.

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except (per share amounts))	First Quarter -----	Second Quarter -----	Third Quarter -----	Fourth Quarter -----
Fiscal 2001(1)				
Net sales.....	\$378,925	\$429,658	\$363,812	\$434,684
Gross profit.....	107,409	133,128	108,236	123,752
Net income.....	7,733(2)	26,841	7,377	9,147
Basic net income per share.....	.08(2)	.27	.07	.09
Diluted net income per share.....	.08(2)	.24	.07	.09
Fiscal 2000				
Net sales.....	\$258,975	\$311,743	\$277,441	\$348,370
Gross profit.....	68,913	96,971	78,264	97,607
Net income.....	6,002(3)	22,225(4)	8,276(5)	8,556(6)
Basic net income per share.....	.06(3)	.23	.08	.09
Diluted net income per share.....	.06(3)	.21	.08	.08

[FN]

(1) In the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2001, the Company changed its method of accounting for sales returns and layaway sales, as required by Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101 ("SAB 101"), "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements." The Company adopted SAB 101 effective as of the beginning of Fiscal 2001 and restated its results of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2001. Quarterly financial data for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2001 as previously reported, prior to restatement for the adoption of SAB 101, are as follows:

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(in thousands, except (per share amounts)	First Quarter -----	Second Quarter -----	Third Quarter -----
Net sales.....	\$381,334	\$428,229	\$365,690
Gross profit.....	108,493	132,485	109,081
Net income.....	8,943	26,444	7,899
Basic net income per share.....	.09	.26	.08
Diluted net income per share.....	.09	.24	.08

(2) Includes cumulative effect of adoption of SAB 101 of (\$540) (\$.01 per share).

(3) Net income includes an after-tax extraordinary gain from early retirement of debt of \$1,232 (\$.01 per share).

(4) Net income includes an after-tax restructuring credit of \$1,842.

(5) Net income includes an after-tax non-recurring gain from demutualization of insurance company of \$4,355.

(6) Net income includes an after-tax restructuring credit of \$1,362 and an after-tax restructuring charge of \$948.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There are no matters that are required to be reported under this Item 9.

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information regarding Directors of the Company is included under the caption "Election of Directors" of the Company's definitive proxy statement, which is incorporated herein by reference. Information regarding Executive Officers is included under "Item 4A. Executive Officers of the Registrant," in Part I of this Report.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information regarding executive compensation is included under the captions "Management Compensation" and "Report of the Compensation and Stock Option Committees of the Board of Directors on Executive Compensation" of the Company's definitive proxy statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

Information regarding the security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management is set forth under the caption "Principal Shareholders and Management Ownership" of the Company's definitive proxy statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

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Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

Information regarding certain relationships and related transactions is set forth under the captions "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" and "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" of the Company's definitive proxy statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

(a)(1) Financial Statements

The following Consolidated Financial Statements of Charming Shoppes, Inc. and its subsidiaries are included in Part II, Item 8:

Report of Independent Auditors

Consolidated Balance Sheets - February 3, 2001 and January 29, 2000

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) - years ended February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity - years ended February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - years ended February 3, 2001, January 29, 2000, and January 30, 1999

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedules

All schedules required by Rule 5-04 of Regulation S-X have been omitted as they are not applicable, not required, or the information is included in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto included in Part II, Item 8 of this Report on Form 10-K.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

No reports were filed during the quarter ended February 3, 2001.

(c) Exhibits, including those incorporated by reference

The following is a list of Exhibits filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Where so indicated by footnote, Exhibits that were previously filed are incorporated by reference. For Exhibits incorporated by reference, the location of the Exhibit in the previous filing is indicated in parenthesis.

Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws

3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (Exhibit 3.1).

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3.2 By-Laws, as Amended and Restated, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 3.2).

Instruments Defining the Rights of Security Holders, Including Indentures

4.1 Amended and Restated Rights Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2001, between Charming Shoppes, Inc. and American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as Rights Agent.

Material Contracts

10.1.1 Series 1997-1 Supplement dated as of November 25, 1997 to the Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement dated as of November 25, 1997 by and among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., as Seller, Spirit of America National Bank, as Servicer and First Union National Bank, as Trustee on behalf of the Series 1997-1 Certificate Holders (\$83,500,000 Charming Shoppes Master Trust Series 1997-1), incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 31, 1998. (Exhibit 10.1.9).

10.1.2 Release Agreement, dated as of February 28, 1997, among (a) Congress Financial Corporation (Lender) and (b) Charming Shoppes, Inc., Charming Shoppes of Delaware, Inc., CSI Industries, Inc. and FB Apparel, Inc. (collectively, the Borrowers), incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 1, 1997. (Exhibit 10.1.15).

10.1.3 Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, Dated February 28, 1997, by and between (a) Congress Financial Corporation, as Lender, (b) Charming Shoppes, Inc., Charming Shoppes of Delaware, Inc., CSI Industries, Inc. and FB Apparel, Inc., as borrowers and (c) Charming Shoppes of Delaware, Inc., as Borrower's Agent, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 1, 1997. (Exhibit 10.1.16).

10.1.4 Amendment of Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997 among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto, Borrowers' Agent and Congress Financial Corporation, dated as of May 1, 1998, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended May 2, 1998. (Exhibit 10.1).

10.1.5 Amendment No. 2 to Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997 (as amended and supplemented) among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto, Borrowers' Agent and Congress Financial Corporation, dated as of December 21, 1998, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999. (Exhibit 10.1.14).

10.1.6 Consent of Congress Financial Corporation, dated July 30, 1999, to the Modern Woman Acquisition, Re: Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997, as amended and supplemented, among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto (collectively, with the Company, "Borrowers"), Borrower's Agent, and Congress Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1.14).

10.1.7 Amendment, dated as of October 19, 1999, to Second Amended and

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Restated Loan and Security Agreement, by and among Congress Financial Corporation, as Lender, Charming Shoppes, Inc., Charming Shoppes of Delaware, Inc., CSI Industries, Inc., and FB Apparel, Inc., as Borrowers, and Charming Shoppes of Delaware, Inc., as Borrower's Agent, dated February 28, 1997, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1.15).

10.1.8 Consent of Congress Financial Corporation, dated November 1999, to Catherine Stores Merger Transaction, Re: Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997, as amended and supplemented, among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto (collectively, with the Company, "Borrowers"), Borrower's Agent, and Congress Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1.16).

10.1.9 Amendment No. 3, dated as of December 27, 1999, to Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997, as amended and supplemented, among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto (collectively, with the Company, "Borrowers"), Borrower's Agent, and Congress Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1.17).

10.1.10 Amendment No. 4, dated as of October 26, 2000, to Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997, as amended and supplemented, among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto (collectively, with the Company, "Borrowers"), Borrower's Agent, and Congress Financial Corporation.

10.1.11 Amendment No. 5, dated as of January 31, 2001, to Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated February 28, 1997, as amended and supplemented, among Charming Shoppes, Inc. (the "Company"), certain subsidiaries of the Company which are parties thereto (collectively, with the Company, "Borrowers"), Borrower's Agent, and Congress Financial Corporation.

10.1.12 Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of November 25, 1997, as amended on July 22, 1999, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., as Seller, Spirit of America, Inc., as Servicer, and First Union National Bank as Trustee, incorporated by reference to Form 8-K of Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., (No. 333-71757) dated July 22, 1999. (Exhibit No. 4.1).

10.1.13 Series 1999-1 Supplement, dated as of July 22, 1999, to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Service Agreement, dated as of November 25, 1997, as amended on July 22, 1999, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., as Seller, Spirit of America, Inc., as Servicer, and First Union National Bank, as Trustee, for \$150,000,000 Charming Shoppes Master Trust Asset-Backed Certificates Series 1999-1, incorporated by reference to Form 8-K of Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., (No. 333-71757) dated July 22, 1999. (Exhibit No. 4.2).

10.1.14 Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 28, 1999, among Charming Shoppes Street, Inc. as Seller, Spirit of America, Inc., as Servicer, Clipper Receivables Corporation, as Purchaser, State Street Capital Corporation, as Administrator, and State Street Bank & Trust Company, as Relationship Bank, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1.22).

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10.1.15 Series 1999-2 Supplement, dated as of May 28, 1999, to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Service Agreement, dated as of November 25, 1997, as amended on July 22, 1999, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., as Seller, Spirit of America, Inc., as Servicer, and First Union National Bank, as Trustee, for \$55,750,000 Charming Shoppes Master Trust Asset-Backed Certificates Series 1999-2, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1.23).

10.1.16 Series 2000-VFC Supplement, dated as of November 9, 2000, to Second Amended and Restated Pooling and Service Agreement, dated as of November 25, 1997, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp., as Seller, Spirit of America, Inc., as Servicer, and First Union National Bank, as Trustee, on behalf of the Series 2000-VFC Certificateholders, for up to \$60,122,700 Charming Shoppes Master Trust Series 2000-VFC.

10.1.17 Certificate Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 9, 2000, among Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. as Seller and as the Class B Purchaser, Spirit of America, Inc. as Servicer, Monte Rosa Capital Corporation as the Conduit Purchaser, and ING Baring (U.S.) Capital Markets LLC as Administrator for the Conduit Purchaser.

10.1.18 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 15, 1999, by and among Catherines Stores Corporation, Charming Shoppes, Inc., and Rose Merger Sub, Inc., incorporated by reference to Schedule 14(D)-1 of the Registrant filed November 19, 1999. (Item 11(c)(1)).

10.1.19 Merchant Services Agreement, between Hurley State Bank and Catherines, Inc., incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of Catherines Stores Corp. (Commission File No. 000-19372) for the quarter ended May 1, 1999. (Item 6. (A)(1).)

10.1.20 Credit Agreement, Dated July 31, 2000, by and between Catherines, Inc., Catherines Stores Corporation, and their subsidiaries, as Borrowers, and Amsouth Bank and Hibernia National Bank, as Banks, and Amsouth Bank, as Agent, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended October 28, 2000. (Exhibit 10.1).

Management Contracts and Compensatory Plans and Arrangements

10.2.1 The 1986 Employees' Stock Option Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 1, 1992. (Exhibit 10.2.2, Pg. 240).

10.2.2 The 1988 Key Employee Stock Option Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., as amended, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1993. (Exhibit 10.2.3, Pg. 486).

10.2.3 The 1990 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., as amended, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1993. (Exhibit 10.2.4, Pg. 492).

10.2.4 The 1989 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., as amended, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1993. (Exhibit 10.2.5, Pg. 499).

10.2.5 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., as amended, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1993. (Exhibit 10.2.6, Pg. 503).

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10.2.6 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Non-Employee Directors Compensation Program, As Amended and Restated, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 10.1).

10.2.7 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Non-Employee Directors Compensation Program Stock Option Agreement, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 10.2).

10.2.8 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Non-Employee Directors Compensation Program Restricted Stock Agreement, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 10.3).

10.2.9 Subplan and Summary Description of the Annual Incentive Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 1, 1992. (Exhibit 10.2.13, Pg. 251).

10.2.10 The 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan of Charming Shoppes, Inc., incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (Exhibit 10.2.10).

10.2.11 The 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan Stock Option Agreement (regular vesting schedule) of Charming Shoppes, Inc., incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (Exhibit 10.2.11).

10.2.12 The 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan Stock Option Agreement (accelerated vesting schedule) of Charming Shoppes, Inc., incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (Exhibit 10.2.12).

10.2.13 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Agreement, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999. (Exhibit 10.2.10).

10.2.14 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, as amended, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.10).

10.2.15 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Restricted Stock Award Plan for Associates, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.11).

10.2.16 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. 1996 Restricted Stock Award Program, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.12).

10.2.17 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. 1996 Restricted Stock Award Program Restricted Stock Agreement, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.13).

10.2.18 Employment Agreement, dated as of May 17, 1995, by and between Charming Shoppes, Inc., and David V. Wachs, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.14).

10.2.19 Employment Agreement, dated as of August 22, 1995 by and between Charming Shoppes, Inc., and Dorrit J. Bern, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.15).

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10.2.20 Employment Agreement, dated as of October 12, 1999, by and between Charming Shoppes, Inc. and Dorrit J. Bern, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended October 30, 1999. (Exhibit 10.1).

10.2.21 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan Stock Option Agreement, dated as of August 23, 1995, by and between Charming Shoppes, Inc., and Dorrit J. Bern, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.16).

10.2.22 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan Restricted Stock and Stock Bonus Agreement, dated as of March 20, 1996, by and between Charming Shoppes, Inc., and Dorrit J. Bern, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended February 3, 1996. (Exhibit 10.2.17).

10.2.23 1993 Employees' Stock Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Agreement, dated as of October 12, 1999, by and between Charming Shoppes, Inc. and Dorrit J. Bern, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended October 30, 1999. (Exhibit 10.2).

10.2.24 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Non-Employee Directors Compensation Program, incorporated by reference to Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Registration No. 333-22323), of the Registrant, dated February 25, 1997. (Exhibit 4.1).

10.2.25 The Charming Shoppes, Inc. Compensation Program for the Non-Employee Chairman of the Board of Directors, incorporated by reference to Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Registration No. 333-22323), of the Registrant, dated February 25, 1997. (Exhibit 4.2).

10.2.26 Charming Shoppes, Inc. 1998 Restricted Award Program, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 31, 1998. (Exhibit 10.2.22).

10.2.27 Charming Shoppes Inc. 1999 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999. (Exhibit 10.2.24).

10.2.28 Charming Shoppes, Inc. 1999 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan Stock Option Agreement, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 30, 1999. (Exhibit 10.2.25).

10.2.29 Charming Shoppes, Inc. Amended and Restated 2000 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan.

10.2.30 Charming Shoppes, Inc. 2000 Associates' Stock Incentive Plan Stock Option Agreement, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.2.32).

10.2.31 Forms of Executive Severance Agreements by and between the Company, the named executive officers in the Company's Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting to be held on June 15, 2000, and certain other Executive Officers of the Company, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 2000. (Exhibit 10.2.33).

10.2.32 Charming Shoppes, Inc. Employees' Retirement Savings Plan, as Amended and Restated, Effective January 1, 1998, Including Amendments Adopted Through August 1, 2001.

Other Exhibits

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Exhibit 21 - Subsidiaries of Registrant

Exhibit 23 - Consent of independent auditors

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Charming Shoppes, Inc., has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC.

/S/ DORRIT J. BERN

By: Dorrit J. Bern
Chairman of the Board
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: April 26, 2001

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

/S/ DORRIT J. BERN

Dorrit J. Bern, April 26, 2001
Chairman of the Board
President and Chief Executive Officer

/S/ ERIC M. SPECTER

Eric M. Specter, April 26, 2001
Executive Vice President
Chief Financial Officer And Treasurer

/S/ JOHN J. SULLIVAN

John J. Sullivan, April 26, 2001
Vice President, Corporate Controller
Chief Accounting Officer

/S/ JOSEPH L. CASTLE II

Joseph L. Castle II, April 26, 2001
Director

/S/ ALAN ROSSKAMM

Alan Rosskamm, April 26, 2001
Director

/S/ MARVIN L. SLOMOWITZ

Marvin L. Slomowitz, April 26, 2001
Director

/S/ PAMELA S. LEWIS

Marjorie Margolies-Mezvinsky
Director

Pamela S. Lewis, April 26, 2001
Director

/S/ CHARLES T. HOPKINS

Kenneth S. Olshan,
Director

Charles T. Hopkins, April 26, 2001
Director

/S/ KATHERINE M. HUDSON

Katherine M. Hudson, April 26, 2001
Director