

WELLS FARGO ADVANTAGE GLOBAL DIVIDEND OPPORTUNITY FUND

Form N-CSR

December 30, 2014

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**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM N-CSR**

**CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED**

**MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

**Investment Company Act file number: 811-22005**

**Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)**

**525 Market St., San Francisco, CA 94105**

**(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)**

**C. David Messman**

**Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC**

**525 Market St., San Francisco, CA 94105**

**(Name and address of agent for service)**

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 800-222-8222**

**Date of fiscal year end: October 31**

**Date of reporting period: October 31, 2014**

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**ITEM 1. REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS**

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**Wells Fargo Advantage**

**Global Dividend Opportunity Fund**

**Annual Report**

October 31, 2014

**This closed-end fund is no longer offered as an initial public offering and is only offered through broker/dealers on the secondary market.** A closed-end fund is not required to buy its shares back from investors upon request.

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The views expressed and any forward-looking statements are as of October 31, 2014, unless otherwise noted, and are those of the Fund managers and/or Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC. Discussions of individual securities, or the markets generally, or any Wells Fargo Advantage Fund are not intended as individual recommendations. Future events or results may vary significantly from those expressed in any forward-looking statements; the views expressed are subject to change at any time in response to changing circumstances in the market. Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC and the Fund disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any views expressed or forward-looking statements.

The Fund has filed with the New York Stock Exchange ( NYSE ) its chief executive officer certification regarding compliance with the NYSE s listing standards and has filed with the SEC the certification of its chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

**NOT FDIC INSURED ; NO BANK GUARANTEE ; MAY LOSE VALUE**

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| 2 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund | Letter to shareholders (unaudited) |
|--|------------------------------------|

**Karla M. Rabusch**

President

Wells Fargo Advantage Funds

**Dear Valued Shareholder:**

We are pleased to offer you this annual report for the *Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund* for the 12-month period that ended October 31, 2014. The U.S. stock market returned 17.27% for this period (as measured by the S&P 500 Index<sup>1</sup>), bolstered by a moderate pace of U.S. economic growth and the accommodative monetary policy of the U.S. Federal Reserve (Fed). In contrast, international developed markets stocks returned -3.20% (as measured by the MSCI EAFE Index<sup>2</sup>), pulled down by economic weakness in Europe, signs of slowing growth in China, and escalating tensions in Ukraine and the Middle East.

**The U.S. economic slowdown in late 2013 early 2014 gave way to a rally through the second quarter of 2014; Europe, however, continued to struggle.**

The fourth quarter of 2013 capped a year of strong performance for the U.S. stock market (although the utilities and telecommunication services sectors experienced particularly weak results in November 2013 December 2013). Investors gained confidence from incrementally stronger economic data, which led to the Fed's announcement that it would begin reducing its bond-buying program. However, the U.S. economy began slowing toward the end of 2013 and into 2014 as inclement weather settled in across the country. But investors cautiously looked past negative headlines, and the U.S. stock market ended the first quarter modestly higher, led by the utilities sector. In Europe, although economic data continued to show meager growth during the first quarter of 2014, investors were somewhat encouraged by supportive comments from European central bankers.

The second quarter of 2014 brought warmer temperatures that helped the U.S. economy pick up some steam. Investors were heartened by strengthening economic data, driving a solid advance for U.S. stocks. Within the U.S. stock market, the utilities sector was among the second quarter's top-performing sectors. In Europe, signs of economic improvement faded when GDP stagnated during the quarter. Although select countries, such as Spain and Portugal, provided bright spots, some of Europe's larger economies were pressured by weak economic growth and potential deflation. European stock returns generally were positive, but lackluster.

**Positive U.S. economic data but increased tensions abroad led to heightened volatility throughout the last four months of the reporting period (July 2014 October 2014).**

The second quarter's stock market rally in the U.S. carried into the very beginning of the third quarter of 2014. As the quarter progressed, however, the market experienced bouts of volatility as interest-rate uncertainties and increased

tensions abroad worried investors. The U.S. stock market ended the third quarter up slightly, buoyed by positive economic data released during the quarter (especially a second upward revision of second-quarter GDP to 4.6%, from 4.2%). But market volatility continued in October 2014, and U.S. stocks sold off significantly. However, on the last day of October 2014, the Bank of Japan unexpectedly announced an extension of its qualitative and quantitative easing programs. Investors responded positively, pushing the U.S. stock market into positive territory for the month. In contrast to the U.S., the eurozone economy continued to sag. The weak economy has caused many European investors to lose confidence. Despite new stimulus measures announced

1. The S&P 500 Index consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation. It is a market-value-weighted index with each stock's weight in the index proportionate to its market value. You cannot invest directly in an index.
2. The Morgan Stanley Capital International Europe, Australasia, and Far East (MSCI EAFE) Index is an unmanaged group of securities widely regarded by investors to be representations of the stock markets of Europe, Australasia, and the Far East. You cannot invest directly in an index.

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Letter to shareholders (unaudited) Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund 3

by the European Central Bank in early September 2014, businesses and consumers across the 18 eurozone countries were gloomier about their prospects in September 2014 than at any time since the end of 2013.

**Dividend-paying stocks tended to deliver positive results during the reporting period, especially within the utilities and financials sectors.**

With the continued low yields for bonds during the reporting period, dividend-paying stocks were a big draw for investors seeking yield. They also drew investors who were seeking more defensive investments. Utilities and financials stocks in particular benefited in this environment. Utilities stocks were especially desirable because historically many tend to deliver steady revenues and profits due to their regulated businesses, and they were strong performers during the first eight months of the reporting period. However, from roughly the end of June 2014 through the end of September 2014, utilities stocks declined. This downturn coincided with a drop in natural gas prices caused largely by cooler-than-expected temperatures, which led to minimal use of gas-powered air conditioners, and robust oil drilling in the U.S. that boosted the natural gas supply in a low-demand environment. But utilities stocks bounced back in October 2014 as stock market volatility caused investors to become more defensive, bond yields declined further, and natural gas prices spiked up 11% near month-end (although not enough to overcome October's earlier price declines).

**Don't let short-term uncertainty derail long-term investment goals.**

Periods of uncertainty can present challenges, but experience has taught us that maintaining long-term investment goals can be an effective way to plan for the future. Although diversification cannot guarantee an investment profit or prevent losses, we believe it can be an effective way to manage investment risk and potentially smooth out overall portfolio performance. We encourage investors to know their investments and to understand that appropriate levels of risk-taking may unlock opportunities.

Thank you for choosing to invest with *Wells Fargo Advantage Funds*. We appreciate your confidence in us and remain committed to helping you meet your financial needs. For current information about your fund investments, contact your investment professional, visit our website at [wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com](http://wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com), or call us directly at **1-800-222-8222**. We are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Sincerely,

Karla M. Rabusch

President

Wells Fargo Advantage Funds



**Dividend-paying stocks tended to deliver positive results during the reporting period, especially within the utilities and financials sectors.**

**Periods of uncertainty can present challenges, but experience has taught us that maintaining long-term investment goals can be an effective way to plan for the future.**

**Table of Contents**4 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund Performance highlights (unaudited)**Investment objective**

The Fund's primary investment objective is to seek a high level of current income. The Fund's secondary objective is long-term growth of capital.

**Adviser**

Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC

**Subadvisers**

Crow Point Partners, LLC

Wells Capital Management Incorporated

**Portfolio managers**

Timothy P. O'Brien, CFA

Kandarp Acharya, CFA, FRM

Christian L. Chan, CFA

**Average annual total returns<sup>1</sup> (%) as of October 31, 2014**

|  | 1 Year | 5 Year | Since inception<br>3-28-2007 |
|--|--------|--------|------------------------------|
| Based on market value                    | 15.29  | 7.19   | 0.26                         |
| Based on net asset value (NAV) per share | 11.19  | 7.61   | 1.82                         |

**Figures quoted represent past performance, which is no guarantee of future results, and do not reflect taxes that a shareholder may pay on fund distributions or the sales of fund shares. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted, which assumes the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Performance figures of the Fund do not reflect brokerage commissions that a shareholder would pay on the purchase and sale of shares. If taxes and such brokerage commissions had been reflected, performance would have been lower. To obtain performance information current to the most recent month-end, please call 1-800-222-8222.**

The Fund's expense ratio for the year ended October 31, 2014, was 1.07%.

**Comparison of NAV vs. market value since inception<sup>2</sup>**

Derivatives involve risks, including interest-rate risk, credit risk, the risk of improper valuation, and the risk of non-correlation to the relevant instruments they are designed to hedge or closely track. There are numerous risks associated with transactions in options on securities and/or indexes. As a writer of an index call option, the Fund forgoes the opportunity to profit from increases in the values of securities held by the Fund. However, the Fund has retained the risk of loss (net of premiums received) should the values of the Fund's portfolio securities decline. Similar risks are involved with writing call options or secured put options on individual securities held in the Fund's portfolio. This combination of potentially limited appreciation and potentially unlimited depreciation may lead to a decline in the net asset value of the Fund. The Fund's dividend capture strategy may lead to a similar result. Dividend capture strategies involve the Fund purchasing a stock before an ex-dividend date so it becomes entitled to the dividend and then typically selling the stock on or after the stock's ex-dividend date. Any decline in the value of the stock reflecting the dividend payment may over time lead to a decline in the net asset value of the Fund. Dividend capture also increases the portfolio turnover rate and related transaction costs of the Fund. Foreign investments are especially volatile and can rise or fall dramatically due to differences in the political and economic conditions of the host country. These risks are generally intensified in emerging markets. Small- and mid-cap securities may be subject to special risks associated with narrower product lines and limited financial resources compared with their large-cap counterparts, and, as a result, small- and mid-cap securities may decline significantly in market downturns and may be more volatile than those of larger companies due to their higher risk of failure. High-yield, lower-rated bonds may contain more risk due to the increased possibility of default. Illiquid securities may be subject to wide fluctuations in market value. The Fund may be subject to significant delays in disposing of illiquid securities. Accordingly, the Fund may be forced to sell these securities at less than fair market value or may not be able to sell them when the adviser or subadviser believes that it is desirable to do so.

1. Total returns based on market value are calculated assuming a purchase of common stock on the first day and sale on the last day of the period reported. Total returns based on NAV are calculated based on the NAV at the beginning of the period and end of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for the purposes of these calculations to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan.
2. This chart does not reflect any brokerage commissions charged on the purchase and sale of the Fund's common stock. Dividends and distributions paid by the Fund have the effect of reducing the Fund's NAV.

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| Performance highlights (unaudited) | Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund | 5 |
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**MANAGERS DISCUSSION**

The Fund's return based on market value was 15.29% during the 12-month period that ended October 31, 2014. During the same period, the Fund's return based on its net asset value was 11.19%.

**Overview**

In the year that ended October 31, 2014, the Fund was positioned a bit less defensively compared with the prior 12-month period, with a lower allocation to cash and a reduction in the preferred-stock weighting. As of October 31, 2014, the Fund's allocation to U.S. stocks was higher than it was at the beginning of November 2013.

U.S. economic growth improved throughout the reporting period. Although the unemployment rate in the U.S. continued to decline, a notable portion of the decline can be attributed to discouraged workers exiting the labor force. Domestic jobs growth remained depressed, stuck at roughly 200,000 jobs added per month. During the period, U.S. equity and debt markets continued to be buoyed by quantitative monetary easing, which ended in October 2014 in the U.S. In this environment, U.S. dividend-paying stocks (particularly utilities), which lagged badly in 2013, performed well in 2014 as of October 31, 2014 in line with the recent strength in bond performance. In contrast with the U.S., economies in Europe and Japan delivered lackluster performance; after several years of hardship, economic growth in both locations remained elusive.

In addition to its common and preferred stock holdings, the Fund uses an options overlay strategy. Within this strategy, we continued to follow our process of selecting where to write call options by evaluating market-specific option premiums and writing only when we believed the potential rewards were sufficiently high. On the risk management front, once an option was written, we continued to monitor the underlying markets and changes to volatility. If our stop-loss thresholds were crossed, we covered the written call and looked for an opportunity to roll the option to the next month.

**Ten largest holdings<sup>3</sup> (%) as of October 31, 2014**

|                               |      |
|-------------------------------|------|
| Red Electrica Corporation SA  | 5.62 |
| Hera SpA                      | 5.02 |
| Fortum Oyj                    | 4.97 |
| NTT DoCoMo Incorporated       | 4.74 |
| Suez Environnement Company SA | 4.01 |
| Vodafone Group plc ADR        | 3.96 |
| Chatham Lodging Trust         | 3.67 |
| Deutsche Post AG              | 3.59 |
| Veresen Incorporated          | 3.28 |
| Lagardere SCA                 | 2.32 |

**Sector distribution<sup>4</sup> as of October 31, 2014**

## Contributors to performance

Fund holdings that contributed to performance included Red Electrica Corporacion SA, Hera SpA, Chatham Lodging Trust, National Grid plc, Shenandoah Telecommunications Company, and Physicians Realty Trust. Red Electrica, which operates Spain's high-voltage electricity transmission network, rose on news of significant tariff reform in Spain's electricity market. Hera, a regional Italian multi-utility that operates electric, gas, and water utilities, improved its efficiency by acquiring municipal utility systems at attractive prices. Chatham Lodging is a select-service hotel real estate investment trust. Select-service hotels such as Chatham Lodging have reached a point in the cycle at which it is no longer necessary to lower prices to drive occupancy; rather, rates can be raised because occupancy levels are healthy. We expect this positive pricing environment to continue for Chatham Lodging for at least the next several years because the industry is not expected to bring on enough new supply to negatively affect room rates for at least several more years. National Grid spent several years improving its operating results and rebuilding relationships with regulatory authorities, and its

operational performance and financial results have improved markedly. Shenandoah Telecom, which is primarily a wireless company operating part of Sprint Nextel Corporation's network, also has a burgeoning cable-TV business that grew through Shenandoah's acquisition, and subsequent improvement, of undercapitalized cable systems. Physicians Realty (which the Fund has owned since its 2013 initial public offering) bought health care properties at attractive yields and was able to improve its already-generous dividend.

In the options overlay portfolio, our investment strategy generated small premiums in times of low volatility during the reporting period.

3. The ten largest holdings are calculated based on the value of the securities divided by total net assets of the Fund. Holdings are subject to change and may have changed since the date specified.

4. Percentages are subject to change and are calculated based on the total long-term investments of the Fund.

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| 6 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund | Performance highlights (unaudited) |
| <b>Detractors from performance</b>                       |                                    |

Within the options overlay portfolio, the net loss from calls written during two episodes of high volatility (one in August 2014, the other in October 2014) detracted from the portfolio's performance for the reporting period. Although larger-than-average premiums were collected when these calls were written, stop-loss thresholds were crossed when the high volatility subsided. As a result, the cost of covering the written calls surpassed the premiums that were collected at the times the calls were written.

**Country allocation<sup>4</sup> as of October 31, 2014**

**Outlook**

We recently have been seeing what appears to be a more solid economic recovery in the U.S. Although stronger economic growth should be positive for both the economy and equity investors, we believe stronger economic growth may eventually result in rising interest rates should monetary policy become less accommodative. In our view, this situation may result in a more challenging environment for preferred stocks and high-yielding common stocks. In terms of Europe, we have become less pessimistic regarding the economic situation due to the increased accommodation by the European Central Bank in recent months. However, given our positive outlook for the dollar, we believe foreign currency exposure may be a future challenge. In the near term, we don't expect a pick-up in cross-border merger and acquisition (M&A) activity by European utilities, but we believe there may be potential for M&A acceleration within the telecommunications sector that could create investment opportunities.

Regarding the Fund's options overlay portfolio, we expect to continue following our strategy of systematically collecting small premiums by writing calls that we believe have a small probability of ending up in the money. (For a call option, in the money means the option's strike price is below the market price of the underlying asset.)

**Please see footnotes on page 5.**

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Portfolio of investments October 31, 2014

Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund 7

| Security name   | Shares  | Value        |
|---|---------|--------------|
| <b>Common Stocks: 71.65%</b>  |         |              |
| <b>Austria: 0.72%</b>   |         |              |
| <i>Verbund AG (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>   | 150,000 | \$ 3,031,057 |
| <b>Canada: 7.52%</b>  |         |              |
| <i>Enbridge Incorporated (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>  | 150,000 | 7,104,000    |
| <i>Rogers Communications Incorporated Class A (Telecommunication Services, Wireless Telecommunication Services)</i> | 200,000 | 7,530,000    |
| <i>Veresen Incorporated (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>   | 875,000 | 13,733,863   |
| <i>Veresen Incorporated Subscription Receipts (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>                         | 200,000 | 3,139,169    |
|   |         | 31,507,032   |
| <b>Finland: 4.97%</b>   |         |              |
| <i>Fortum Oyj (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>   | 900,000 | 20,853,671   |
| <b>France: 6.60%</b>  |         |              |
| <i>Lagardere SCA (Consumer Discretionary, Media)</i>  | 400,000 | 9,731,964    |
| <i>Suez Environnement Company SA (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>   | 999,999 | 16,829,789   |
| <i>Veolia Environnement SA (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>   | 65,045  | 1,086,951    |
|   |         | 27,648,704   |
| <b>Germany: 3.60%</b>   |         |              |
| <i>Deutsche Post AG (Industrials, Air Freight &amp; Logistics)</i>  | 480,000 | 15,070,884   |
| <b>Israel: 0.10%</b>  |         |              |
| <i>magicJack VocalTec Limited (Telecommunication Services, Diversified Telecommunication Services)</i>              | 43,050  | 400,365      |
| <b>Italy: 6.68%</b>   |         |              |

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|  |           |            |
|--|-----------|------------|
| <i>ENI SpA (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i> | 200,000   | 4,260,710  |
| <i>Hera SpA (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>             | 8,000,000 | 21,052,922 |
| <i>SNAM SpA (Utilities, Gas Utilities)</i>               | 500,000   | 2,700,538  |
|  |           | 28,014,170 |

**Japan: 5.03%**

|  |           |            |
|--|-----------|------------|
| <i>Nippon Telegraph &amp; Telephone Corporation ADR (Telecommunication Services, Diversified Telecommunication Services)</i> | 25,000    | 787,000    |
| <i>NTT DoCoMo Incorporated (Telecommunication Services, Wireless Telecommunication Services)</i>                             | 1,200,000 | 19,892,277 |
| <i>NTT DoCoMo Incorporated ADR (Telecommunication Services, Wireless Telecommunication Services)</i>                         | 25,000    | 421,750    |
|  |           | 21,101,027 |

**Spain: 6.55%**

|   |         |            |
|---|---------|------------|
| <i>Endesa SA (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>                    | 200,000 | 3,893,537  |
| <i>Red Electrica Corporation SA (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i> | 270,000 | 23,562,731 |
|   |         | 27,456,268 |

**Switzerland: 1.44%**

|   |        |           |
|---|--------|-----------|
| <i>Swiss Reinsurance AG (Financials, Insurance)</i> | 75,000 | 6,056,748 |
|---|--------|-----------|

**United Kingdom: 8.52%**

|   |         |           |
|---|---------|-----------|
| <i>National Grid plc (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i> | 500,000 | 7,406,613 |
| <i>Pennon Group plc (Utilities, Water Utilities)</i>  | 400,000 | 5,333,402 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



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8 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund

Portfolio of investments October 31, 2014

| Security name  | Shares  | Value        |
|--|---------|--------------|
| <b>United Kingdom (continued)</b>  |         |              |
| <i>Severn Trent plc (Utilities, Water Utilities)</i>   | 200,000 | \$ 6,386,005 |
| <i>Vodafone Group plc ADR<br/>(Telecommunication Services, Wireless<br/>Telecommunication Services)</i>      | 500,000 | 16,610,000   |
|  |         | 35,736,020   |
| <b>United States: 19.92%</b>   |         |              |
| <i>AG Mortgage Investment Trust Incorporated<br/>(Financials, REITs)</i>                                     | 20,000  | 381,400      |
| <i>Ameresco Incorporated Class A (Industrials,<br/>Construction &amp; Engineering)</i>                       | 131,000 | 1,079,440    |
| <i>Ashford Hospitality Prime Incorporated<br/>(Financials, REITs)</i>  | 302,100 | 5,235,393    |
| <i>CenturyLink Incorporated<br/>(Telecommunication Services, Diversified<br/>Telecommunication Services)</i> | 100,000 | 4,148,000    |
| <i>Chatham Lodging Trust (Financials, REITs)</i>   | 600,000 | 15,372,000   |
| <i>CorEnergy Infrastructure Trust Incorporated<br/>(Financials, REITs)</i>                                   | 90,000  | 675,900      |
| <i>Energen Corporation (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp;<br/>Consumable Fuels)</i>                                     | 55,000  | 3,723,500    |
| <i>Excel Trust Incorporated (Financials, REITs)</i>  | 700,000 | 9,100,000    |
| <i>Medley Capital Corporation (Financials,<br/>Capital Markets)</i>  | 100,000 | 1,162,000    |
| <i>NorthStar Asset Management Group<br/>Incorporated (Financials, Capital Markets)</i>                       | 62,500  | 1,132,500    |
| <i>NorthStar Realty Finance Corporation<br/>(Financials, REITs)</i>  | 62,500  | 1,161,250    |
| <i>PacWest Bancorp (Financials, Banks)</i>   | 200,000 | 8,532,000    |
| <i>PG&amp;E Corporation (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>   | 55,000  | 2,767,600    |
| <i>Physicians Realty Trust (Financials, REITs)</i>   | 342,500 | 5,253,950    |
| <i>PNM Resources Incorporated (Utilities,<br/>Electric Utilities)</i>  | 100,000 | 2,885,000    |

|  |         |             |
|--|---------|-------------|
| <i>Preferred Apartment Communities Incorporated Class A (Financials, REITs)</i>                                | 480,000 | 4,080,000   |
| <i>SCANA Corporation (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>  | 50,000  | 2,744,500   |
| <i>Shenandoah Telecommunications Company (Telecommunication Services, Wireless Telecommunication Services)</i> | 249,999 | 7,397,470   |
| <i>Spark Energy Incorporated Class A (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>                                       | 126,000 | 2,041,200   |
| <i>Summit Hotel Properties Incorporated (Financials, REITs)</i>  | 397,833 | 4,630,776   |
|  |         | 83,503,879  |
| <b>Total Common Stocks (Cost \$278,780,166)</b>  |         | 300,379,825 |

|   | Interest rate | Maturity date | Principal    |           |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| <b>Corporate Bonds and Notes: 0.99%</b>   |               |               |              |           |
| <b>United States: 0.99%</b>   |               |               |              |           |
| <i>Energy and Exploration Partners Incorporated (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels) (i)</i> | 8.00%         | 7-1-2019      | \$ 5,000,000 | 4,125,000 |
| <b>Total Corporate Bonds and Notes (Cost \$5,000,000)</b>   |               |               |              | 4,125,000 |

|   | Dividend yield | Shares  |            |
|---|----------------|---------|------------|
| <b>Preferred Stocks: 25.44%</b>   |                |         |            |
| <b>Marshall Islands: 4.21%</b>  |                |         |            |
| <i>Navios Maritime Holdings Incorporated (Industrials, Marine)</i>            | 8.63           | 59,000  | 1,393,580  |
| <i>Safe Bulkers Incorporated (Industrials, Marine)</i>                        | 8.00           | 50,000  | 1,147,500  |
| <i>Scorpio Bulkers Incorporated (Industrials, Marine)</i>                     | 7.50           | 105,000 | 2,577,750  |
| <i>Scorpio Tankers Incorporated (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i> | 6.75           | 40,000  | 928,000    |
| <i>Scorpio Tankers Incorporated (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i> | 7.50           | 280,000 | 7,000,000  |
| <i>Seaspan Corporation (Industrials, Marine)</i>                              | 6.38           | 105,000 | 2,677,500  |
| <i>Seaspan Corporation Series E (Industrials, Marine)</i>                     | 8.25           | 75,000  | 1,950,000  |
|   |                |         | 17,674,330 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Portfolio of investments October 31, 2014

Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund 9

| Security name   | Dividend yield | Shares  | Value        |
|---|----------------|---------|--------------|
| <b>United States: 21.23%</b>  |                |         |              |
| <i>American Financial Group Incorporated (Financials, Insurance)</i>                            | 6.25%          | 50,000  | \$ 1,238,500 |
| <i>AmTrust Financial Services Series C (Financials, Insurance)</i>                              | 7.63           | 50,000  | 1,231,500    |
| <i>Arlington Asset Investment (Financials, Capital Markets)</i>                                 | 6.63           | 110,000 | 2,680,700    |
| <i>Atlas Pipeline Partners Series E (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>               | 8.25           | 125,000 | 3,255,000    |
| <i>Bank of America Corporation Series 5 (Financials, Banks) ±</i>                               | 4.96           | 40,000  | 818,000      |
| <i>Breitbart Energy Partner Incorporated Series A (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i> | 8.25           | 185,000 | 4,563,950    |
| <i>Capitala Finance Corporation (Financials, Capital Markets)</i>                               | 7.13           | 40,000  | 1,020,000    |
| <i>Citigroup Incorporated Series L (Financials, Banks)</i>                                      | 6.88           | 70,000  | 1,785,700    |
| <i>Cowen Group Incorporated (Financials, Capital Markets)</i>                                   | 8.25           | 100,000 | 2,560,000    |
| <i>Customers Bancorp Incorporated (Financials, Banks)</i>                                       | 6.38           | 107,450 | 2,825,935    |
| <i>DTE Energy Company Series Q (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>                                 | 5.25           | 3,265   | 79,797       |
| <i>DTE Energy Company Series Z (Utilities, Multi-Utilities)</i>                                 | 6.50           | 1,900   | 51,015       |
| <i>DuPont Fabros Technology Incorporated Series A (Financials, REITs)</i>                       | 7.88           | 20,269  | 518,886      |
| <i>Energry Arkansas Incorporated (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>                            | 4.90           | 120,000 | 2,848,800    |
| <i>Energry Louisiana LLC (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>                                    | 5.25           | 45,000  | 1,125,000    |
| <i>Gastar Exploration Incorporated Series B (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>       | 10.75          | 56,900  | 1,495,901    |
| <i>GreenHunter Resources Incorporated (Energy, Energy Equipment &amp; Services)</i>             | 10.55          | 61,786  | 1,471,743    |

|   |       |         |             |
|---|-------|---------|-------------|
| <i>Hercules Technology Growth Capital Incorporated (Financials, Capital Markets)</i>          | 6.25  | 125,000 | 3,100,000   |
| <i>HSBC USA Incorporated (Financials, Banks)</i>  |       |         |             |
| ±   | 4.04  | 32,000  | 702,400     |
| <i>Indianapolis Power &amp; Light Company (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>                 | 5.65  | 22,000  | 2,158,750   |
| <i>Integrus Energy Group (Utilities, Multi-Utilities) ±</i>                                   | 5.74  | 100,000 | 2,612,000   |
| <i>Invesco Mortgage Capital Series B (Financials, REITs)</i>                                  | 7.75  | 75,000  | 1,788,000   |
| <i>Kemper Corporation (Financials, Insurance)</i>   | 7.38  | 49,102  | 1,281,562   |
| <i>Legacy Reserves LP Series A (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels) ±</i>                | 4.99  | 29,500  | 682,925     |
| <i>Legacy Reserves LP Series B (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels) ±</i>                | 3.56  | 100,000 | 2,305,000   |
| <i>Magnum Hunter Resources Corporation (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>          | 8.00  | 75,000  | 1,837,500   |
| <i>Miller Energy Resources Series D (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels) ±</i>           | 13.83 | 100,000 | 2,219,000   |
| <i>NextEra Energy Capital Holding Incorporated Series I (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>   | 5.13  | 243,000 | 5,508,810   |
| <i>NextEra Energy Capital Holding Incorporated Series J (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>   | 5.00  | 233,000 | 5,193,570   |
| <i>PPL Capital Funding Incorporated Series B (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>              | 5.90  | 142,300 | 3,465,005   |
| <i>Qwest Corporation (Telecommunication Services, Diversified Telecommunication Services)</i> | 6.13  | 205,000 | 4,825,700   |
| <i>Resource Capital Corporation (Financials, REITs)</i>                                       | 3.54  | 25,000  | 592,750     |
| <i>SCE Trust II (Utilities, Electric Utilities)</i>   | 5.10  | 268,200 | 5,972,814   |
| <i>Sotherly Hotels Incorporated (Financials, REITs)</i>                                       | 8.00  | 284,000 | 7,463,889   |
| <i>Urstadt Biddle Properties Series G (Financials, REITs)</i>                                 | 6.75  | 40,000  | 1,014,000   |
| <i>Vanguard Natural Resources LLC Series B (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>      | 7.63  | 150,000 | 3,529,500   |
| <i>Vanguard Natural Resources LLC Series C (Energy, Oil, Gas &amp; Consumable Fuels)</i>      | 7.75  | 133,500 | 3,169,290   |
|   |       |         | 88,992,892  |
| <b>Total Preferred Stocks (Cost \$107,085,614)</b>  |       |         | 106,667,222 |

**Expiration date**

**Warrants: 0.01%**

**United States: 0.01%**

|  |            |        |        |
|--|------------|--------|--------|
| <i>GreenHunter Water LLC (Energy, Energy Equipment &amp; Services) (a)</i> | 12-31-2049 | 96,112 | 56,093 |
|--|------------|--------|--------|

**Total Warrants (Cost \$0)**

56,093

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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10 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund Portfolio of investments October 31, 2014

| Security name   | Yield          | Shares    | Value                 |
|---|----------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| <b>Short-Term Investments: 0.79%</b>  |                |           |                       |
| <b>Investment Companies: 0.79%</b>  |                |           |                       |
| <i>Wells Fargo Advantage Cash Investment Money Market Fund, Select Class (l)(u)</i> | 0.07%          | 3,322,411 | \$ 3,322,411          |
| <b>Total Short-Term Investments (Cost \$3,322,411)</b>                              |                |           | 3,322,411             |
| <b>Total investments in securities (Cost \$394,188,191) *</b>                       | 98.88%         |           | 414,550,551           |
| <i>Other assets and liabilities, net</i>  | 1.12           |           | 4,706,733             |
| <b>Total net assets</b>   | <b>100.00%</b> |           | <b>\$ 419,257,284</b> |

Non-income-earning security

(i) Illiquid security for which the designation as illiquid is unaudited.

± Variable rate investment. The rate shown is the rate in effect at period end.

(a) The security is fair valued in accordance with procedures approved by the Board of Trustees.

(l) The security represents an affiliate of the Fund as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940.

(u) The rate represents the 7-day annualized yield at period end.

\* Cost for federal income tax purposes is \$392,243,984 and unrealized gains (losses) consists of:

|                         |               |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Gross unrealized gains  | \$ 48,990,057 |
| Gross unrealized losses | (26,683,490)  |
| Net unrealized gains    | \$ 22,306,567 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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| Statement of assets and liabilities  | October 31, 2014 | Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund | 11     |
|--|------------------|--|--------|
| <b>Assets</b>  |                  |  |        |
| Investments  |                  |  |        |
| In unaffiliated securities, at value (cost \$390,865,780)  |                  | \$ 411,228,140   |        |
| In affiliated securities, at value (cost \$3,322,411)  |                  | 3,322,411  |        |
| Total investments, at value (cost \$394,188,191)   |                  | 414,550,551  |        |
| Foreign currency, at value (cost \$6,460,423)  |                  | 6,396,432  |        |
| Receivable for investments sold  |                  | 5,905,032  |        |
| Receivable for dividends and interest  |                  | 1,740,522  |        |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets  |                  | 28,685   |        |
| Total assets   |                  | 428,621,222  |        |
| <b>Liabilities</b>   |                  |  |        |
| Payable for investments purchased  |                  | 3,570,634  |        |
| Written options, at value (premiums received \$238,429)  |                  | 1,041,143  |        |
| Due to custodian bank  |                  | 4,250,000  |        |
| Advisory fee payable   |                  | 351,093  |        |
| Administration fee payable   |                  | 18,479   |        |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities   |                  | 132,589  |        |
| Total liabilities  |                  | 9,363,938  |        |
| <b>Total net assets</b>  |                  | <b>\$ 419,257,284</b>                                  |        |
| <b>NET ASSETS CONSIST OF</b>   |                  |  |        |
| Paid-in capital  |                  | \$ 855,890,543   |        |
| Undistributed net investment income  |                  | 440,187  |        |
| Accumulated net realized losses on investments   |                  | (456,599,399)  |        |
| Net unrealized gains on investments  |                  | 19,525,953   |        |
| <b>Total net assets</b>  |                  | <b>\$ 419,257,284</b>                                  |        |
| <b>NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE</b>   |                  |  |        |
| Based on \$419,257,284 divided by 49,160,825 shares issued and outstanding (unlimited shares authorized) |                  |  | \$8.53 |



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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## 12 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund Statement of operations year ended October 31, 2014

**Investment income**

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| Dividends (net of foreign withholding taxes of \$2,627,304) | \$ 42,813,021 |
| Interest  | 132,046       |
| Income from affiliated securities                           | 8,088         |
| Total investment income                                     | 42,953,155    |

**Expenses**

|                             |            |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Advisory fee                | 4,044,465  |
| Administration fee          | 212,867    |
| Custody and accounting fees | 58,636     |
| Professional fees           | 71,598     |
| Shareholder report expenses | 88,931     |
| Trustees' fees and expenses | 8,977      |
| Transfer agent fees         | 28,347     |
| Other fees and expenses     | 54,838     |
| Total expenses              | 4,568,659  |
| Net investment income       | 38,384,496 |

**REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES) ON INVESTMENTS****Net realized gains (losses) on:**

|                                   |           |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Unaffiliated securities           | 1,277,875 |
| Written options                   | (114,318) |
| Net realized gains on investments | 1,163,557 |

**Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on:**

|   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| Unaffiliated securities                                     | 3,005,638            |
| Written options   | (820,581)            |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments      | 2,185,057            |
| Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments   | 3,348,614            |
| <b>Net increase in net assets resulting from operations</b> | <b>\$ 41,733,110</b> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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| Statement of changes in net assets                           | Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity 13<br>Fund |                       |
|--|--|-----------------------|
|  | Year ended   | Year ended            |
|  | October 31, 2014   | October 31, 2013      |
| <b>Operations</b>  |  |                       |
| Net investment income  | \$ 38,384,496  | \$ 41,278,104         |
| Net realized gains (losses) on investments                   | 1,163,557  | (32,169,379)          |
| Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments       | 2,185,057  | 39,649,775            |
| Net increase in net assets resulting from operations         | 41,733,110   | 48,758,500            |
| <b>Distributions to shareholders from</b>                    |  |                       |
| Net investment income  | (35,395,808)   | (40,688,157)          |
| Tax basis return of capital                                  | 0  | (606,936)             |
| Total distributions to shareholders                          | (35,395,808)   | (41,295,093)          |
| Total increase in net assets                                 | 6,337,302  | 7,463,407             |
| <b>Net assets</b>  |  |                       |
| <b>Beginning of period</b>                                   | <b>412,919,982</b>   | <b>405,456,575</b>    |
| <b>End of period</b>   | <b>\$ 419,257,284</b>  | <b>\$ 412,919,982</b> |
| <b>Undistributed (overdistributed) net investment income</b> | <b>\$ 440,187</b>  | <b>\$ (346)</b>       |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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14 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund Financial highlights  
 (For a share outstanding throughout each period)

|   | Year ended October 31 |           |           |           |                     |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
|   | 2014                  | 2013      | 2012      | 2011      | 2010                |
| <b>Net asset value, beginning of period</b>               | \$ 8.40               | \$ 8.25   | \$ 8.92   | \$ 10.36  | \$ 10.38            |
| Net investment income                                     | 0.78                  | 0.84      | 0.91      | 1.00      | 0.99                |
| Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments | 0.07                  | 0.15      | (0.46)    | (1.32)    | 0.11                |
| Total from investment operations                          | 0.85                  | 0.99      | 0.45      | (0.32)    | 1.10                |
| <b>Distributions to shareholders from</b>                 |                       |           |           |           |                     |
| Net investment income                                     | (0.72)                | (0.83)    | (0.86)    | (1.12)    | (0.98) <sup>1</sup> |
| Tax basis return of capital                               | 0.00                  | (0.01)    | (0.26)    | 0.00      | (0.14) <sup>1</sup> |
| Total distributions to shareholders                       | (0.72)                | (0.84)    | (1.12)    | (1.12)    | (1.12)              |
| <b>Net asset value, end of period</b>                     | \$ 8.53               | \$ 8.40   | \$ 8.25   | \$8.92    | \$ 10.36            |
| <b>Market value, end of period</b>                        | \$ 7.96               | \$ 7.56   | \$ 7.98   | \$8.32    | \$ 10.39            |
| <b>Total return based on market value<sup>2</sup></b>     | 15.29%                | 5.55%     | 9.79%     | (9.76)%   | 17.35%              |
| <b>Ratios to average net assets (annualized)</b>          |                       |           |           |           |                     |
| Gross expenses  | 1.07%                 | 1.08%     | 1.08%     | 1.05%     | 1.14%               |
| Net expenses  | 1.07%                 | 1.08%     | 1.08%     | 1.05%     | 1.14%               |
| Net investment income                                     | 9.02%                 | 10.26%    | 10.82%    | 10.16%    | 9.73%               |
| <b>Supplemental data</b>                                  |                       |           |           |           |                     |
| Portfolio turnover rate                                   | 76%                   | 163%      | 93%       | 129%      | 90%                 |
| Net assets, end of period (000s omitted)                  | \$419,257             | \$412,920 | \$405,457 | \$438,084 | \$507,765           |

1. Calculated based upon average shares outstanding

2. Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock on the first day and sale on the last day of the period reported. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of these calculations to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan. Total return does not reflect brokerage commissions that a shareholder would pay on the purchase and sale of shares.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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**1. ORGANIZATION**

The *Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund* (the Fund) was organized as a statutory trust under the laws of the state of Delaware on December 21, 2006 and is registered as a diversified closed-end management investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following significant accounting policies, which are consistently followed in the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund, are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Securities valuation**

All investments are valued each business day as of the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (generally 4 p.m. Eastern Time).

Equity securities and options that are listed on a foreign or domestic exchange or market are valued at the official closing price or, if none, the last sales price. If no sale occurs on the primary exchange or market for the security that day, the prior day's price will be deemed stale and fair values will be determined in accordance with the Fund's Valuation Procedures. Non-listed OTC options are typically valued at the evaluated price provided by an independent pricing service or an independent broker-dealer that the Management Valuation Team of Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC (Funds Management) has determined is an acceptable source.

The values of securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at rates provided by an independent foreign currency pricing source at a time each business day specified by the Management Valuation Team.

Many securities markets and exchanges outside the U.S. close prior to the close of the New York Stock Exchange and therefore may not fully reflect trading or events that occur after the close of the principal exchange in which the foreign securities are traded, but before the close of the New York Stock Exchange. If such trading or events are expected to materially affect the value of such securities, then fair value pricing procedures approved by the Board of Trustees of the Fund are applied. These procedures take into account multiple factors including movements in U.S. securities markets after foreign exchanges close. Foreign securities that are fair valued under these procedures are categorized as Level 2 and the application of these procedures may result in transfers between Level 1 and Level 2. Depending on market activity, such fair valuations may be frequent. Such fair value pricing may result in net asset values that are higher or lower than net asset values based on the last reported sales price or latest quoted bid price. On October 31, 2014, such fair value pricing was not used in pricing foreign securities.

Fixed income securities acquired with maturities exceeding 60 days are valued based on evaluated bid prices provided by an independent pricing service which may utilize both transaction data and market information such as yield, quality, coupon rate, maturity, type of issue, trading characteristics and other market data. If prices are not available

from the independent pricing service or prices received are deemed not representative of market value, prices will be obtained from an independent broker-dealer.

Investments in registered open-end investment companies are valued at net asset value.

Investments which are not valued using any of the methods discussed above are valued at their fair value, as determined in good faith by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees has established a Valuation Committee comprised of the Trustees and has delegated to it the authority to take any actions regarding the valuation of portfolio securities that the Valuation Committee deems necessary or appropriate, including determining the fair value of portfolio securities, unless the determination has been delegated to the Management Valuation Team. The Board of Trustees retains the authority to make or ratify any valuation decisions or approve any changes to the Valuation Procedures as it deems appropriate. On a quarterly basis, the Board of Trustees receives reports on any valuation actions taken by the Valuation Committee or the Management Valuation Team which may include items for ratification.

Valuations of fair valued securities are compared to the next actual sales price when available, or other appropriate market values, to assess the continued appropriateness of the fair valuation methodologies used. These securities are fair valued on a day-to-day basis, taking into consideration changes to appropriate market information and any significant changes to the inputs considered in the valuation process until there is a readily available price provided on an exchange or by an independent pricing service. Valuations received from an independent pricing service or independent broker-dealer quotes



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are periodically validated by comparisons to most recent trades and valuations provided by other independent pricing services in addition to the review of prices by the adviser and/or subadviser. Unobservable inputs used in determining fair valuations are identified based on the type of security, taking into consideration factors utilized by market participants in valuing the investment, knowledge about the issuer and the current market environment.

**Foreign currency translation**

The accounting records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. The values of other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at rates provided by an independent foreign currency pricing source at a time each business day specified by the Management Valuation Team. Purchases and sales of securities, and income and expenses are converted at the rate of exchange on the respective dates of such transactions. Net realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest and foreign withholding taxes recorded and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually paid or received. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in the fair value of assets and liabilities other than investments in securities resulting from changes in exchange rates. The changes in net assets arising from changes in exchange rates and the changes in net assets resulting from changes in market prices of securities are not separately presented. Such changes are included in net realized and unrealized gains or losses from investments.

**Options**

The Fund is subject to equity price risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk in the normal course of pursuing its investment objectives. The Fund may write covered call options or secured put options on individual securities and/or indexes. When the Fund writes an option, an amount equal to the premium received is recorded as a liability and is subsequently adjusted to the current market value of the written option. Premiums received from written options that expire unexercised are recognized as realized gains on the expiration date. For exercised options, the difference between the premium received and the amount paid on effecting a closing purchase transaction, including brokerage commissions, is treated as a realized gain or loss. If a call option is exercised, the premium is added to the proceeds from the sale of the underlying security in calculating the realized gain or loss on the sale. If a put option is exercised, the premium reduces the cost of the security purchased. The Fund, as a writer of an option, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the security and/or index underlying the written option.

The Fund may also purchase call or put options. The premium is included in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as an investment, the value of which is subsequently adjusted based on the current market value of the option. Premiums paid for purchased options that expire are recognized as realized losses on the expiration date. Premiums paid for purchased options that are exercised or closed are added to the amount paid or offset against the proceeds received for the underlying security to determine the realized gain or loss. The risk of loss associated with purchased options is limited to the premium paid.

Options traded on an exchange are regulated and terms of the options are standardized. Purchased options traded over-the-counter expose the Fund to counterparty risk in the event the counterparty does not perform. This risk can be mitigated by having a master netting arrangement between the Fund and the counterparty and by having the counterparty post collateral to cover the Fund's exposure to the counterparty.

### **Security transactions and income recognition**

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains or losses are recorded on the basis of identified cost.

Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date, except for certain dividends from foreign securities, which are recorded as soon as the Fund is informed of the ex-dividend date. Dividend income from foreign securities is recorded net of foreign taxes withheld where recovery of such taxes is not assured.

Interest income is accrued daily and bond discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized daily based on the effective interest method. To the extent debt obligations are placed on non-accrual status, any related interest income may be reduced by writing off interest receivables when the collection of all or a portion of interest has become doubtful based on consistently applied procedures. If the issuer subsequently resumes interest payments or when the collectability of interest is reasonably assured, the debt obligation is removed from non-accrual status.

### **Distributions to shareholders**

Distributions to shareholders from net investment income and net realized gains, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Such distributions are determined in conformity with federal income tax regulations, which may differ in amount or character from net investment income and realized gains recognized for purposes of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

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**Federal and other taxes**

The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company by distributing substantially all of its investment company taxable income and any net realized capital gains (after reduction for capital loss carryforwards) sufficient to relieve it from all, or substantially all, federal income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes was required.

The Fund's income and federal excise tax returns and all financial records supporting those returns for the prior three fiscal years are subject to examination by the federal and Delaware revenue authorities. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal, state, and foreign tax returns for all open tax years and does not believe that there are any uncertain tax positions that require recognition of a tax liability.

Reclassifications are made to the Fund's capital accounts for permanent tax differences to reflect income and gains available for distribution (or available capital loss carryforwards) under federal income tax regulations. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that certain components of net assets be adjusted to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets or the net asset value per share. The primary permanent differences causing such reclassifications are due to dividends from certain securities and foreign currency transactions. At October 31, 2014, as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, the following reclassification adjustments were made on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

|                 |                   |                                 |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
|                 | Undistributed net | Accumulated net realized losses |
| Paid-in capital | investment income | on investments                  |
| \$27,791        | \$(2,548,155)     | \$2,520,364                     |

As of October 31, 2014, capital loss carryforwards available to offset future net realized capital gains were as follows through the indicated expiration dates:

| 2016          | 2017          | 2018         | No expiration |              |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
|               |               |              | Short-term    | Long-term    |
| \$164,388,931 | \$193,644,982 | \$17,121,810 | \$49,240,737  | \$34,224,248 |

**3. FAIR VALUATION MEASUREMENTS**

Fair value measurements of investments are determined within a framework that has established a fair value hierarchy based upon the various data inputs utilized in determining the value of the Fund's investments. The three-level hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). The Fund's investments are classified within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The inputs are summarized into three broad levels as follows:

- n Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
  
- n Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, use of amortized cost, etc.)
  
- n Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodologies used for valuing investments in securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

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## 18 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund

Notes to financial statements

The following is a summary of the inputs used in valuing the Fund's assets and liabilities as of October 31, 2014:

|                                  | Quoted prices<br>(Level 1) | Other significant<br>observable inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>unobservable inputs<br>(Level 3) | Total                 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                    |                            |   |   |                       |
| <b>Investments in :</b>          |                            |   |   |                       |
| <b>Common stocks</b>             |                            |   |   |                       |
| <i>Austria</i>                   | \$ 3,031,057               | \$ 0  | \$ 0  | \$ 3,031,057          |
| <i>Canada</i>                    | 31,507,032                 | 0   | 0   | 31,507,032            |
| <i>Finland</i>                   | 20,853,671                 | 0   | 0   | 20,853,671            |
| <i>France</i>                    | 27,648,704                 | 0   | 0   | 27,648,704            |
| <i>Germany</i>                   | 15,070,884                 | 0   | 0   | 15,070,884            |
| <i>Israel</i>                    | 400,365                    | 0   | 0   | 400,365               |
| <i>Italy</i>                     | 28,014,170                 | 0   | 0   | 28,014,170            |
| <i>Japan</i>                     | 21,101,027                 | 0   | 0   | 21,101,027            |
| <i>Spain</i>                     | 27,456,268                 | 0   | 0   | 27,456,268            |
| <i>Switzerland</i>               | 6,056,748                  | 0   | 0   | 6,056,748             |
| <i>United Kingdom</i>            | 35,736,020                 | 0   | 0   | 35,736,020            |
| <i>United States</i>             | 83,503,879                 | 0   | 0   | 83,503,879            |
| <b>Preferred stocks</b>          |                            |   |   |                       |
| <i>Marshall Islands</i>          | 17,674,330                 | 0   | 0   | 17,674,330            |
| <i>United States</i>             | 76,810,253                 | 12,182,639  | 0   | 88,992,892            |
| <b>Warrants</b>                  |                            |   |   |                       |
| <i>United States</i>             | 0                          | 56,093  | 0   | 56,093                |
| <b>Corporate bonds and notes</b> |                            |   |   |                       |
|                                  | 0                          | 4,125,000   | 0   | 4,125,000             |
| <b>Short-term investments</b>    |                            |   |   |                       |
| <i>Investment companies</i>      | 3,322,411                  | 0   | 0   | 3,322,411             |
| <b>Total assets</b>              | <b>\$ 398,186,819</b>      | <b>\$ 16,363,732</b>                                | <b>\$ 0</b>                                     | <b>\$ 414,550,551</b> |
| <b>Liabilities</b>               |                            |   |   |                       |
| <b>Written options</b>           | \$ 0                       | \$ 1,041,143  | \$ 0  | \$ 1,041,143          |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>         | <b>\$ 0</b>                | <b>\$ 1,041,143</b>                                 | <b>\$ 0</b>                                     | <b>\$ 1,041,143</b>   |

Transfers in and transfers out are recognized at the end of the reporting period. At October 31, 2014, the Fund did not have any transfers into/out of Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3.

**4. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES AND OTHER EXPENSES****Advisory fee**

Funds Management, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo & Company ( Wells Fargo ), is the adviser to the Fund and is entitled to receive a fee at an annual rate of 0.95% of the Fund's average daily total assets. Total assets consist of the net assets of the Fund plus borrowings or other leverage for investment purposes to the extent excluded in calculating net assets.

Funds Management has retained the services of certain subadvisers to provide daily portfolio management to the Fund. The fees for subadvisory services are borne by Funds Management. Wells Capital Management Incorporated, an affiliate of Funds Management and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Wells Fargo, is a subadviser to the Fund and is entitled to receive a fee from Funds Management at an annual rate of 0.10% of the Fund's average daily total assets. Crow Point Partners, LLC is also a subadviser to the Fund and is entitled to receive a fee from Funds Management at an annual rate of 0.20% of the Fund's average daily total assets.

#### **Administration fee**

Funds Management also serves as the administrator to the Fund, providing the Fund with a wide range of administrative services necessary to the operation of the Fund. Funds Management is entitled to receive an annual administration fee from the Fund equal to 0.05% of the Fund's average daily total assets.

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**5. CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS**

The Fund has authorized an unlimited number of shares with no par value. For the year ended October 31, 2014 and the year ended October 31, 2013, the Fund did not issue any shares.

**6. INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO TRANSACTIONS**

Purchases and sales of investments, excluding U.S. government obligations (if any) and short-term securities, for the year ended October 31, 2014 were \$309,914,356 and \$319,725,721, respectively.

**7. DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended October 31, 2014, the Fund entered into written options for economic hedging purposes.

During the year ended October 31, 2014, the Fund had written call option activities as follows:

|   | Number of contracts | Premiums received |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| Options outstanding at October 31, 2013 | 876                 | \$ 39,713         |
| Options written                         | 10,144              | 1,846,573         |
| Options expired                         | (6,852)             | (1,105,596)       |
| Options closed                          | (2,276)             | (360,896)         |
| Options exercised                       | (1,192)             | (181,365)         |
| Options outstanding at October 31, 2014 | 700                 | \$ 238,429        |

Open written call options at October 31, 2014 were as follows for the Fund:

| Expiration date | Counterparty   | Description      | Number of contracts | Strike     |             |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------|
|                 |                |                  |                     | price      | Value       |
| 11-21-2014      | Goldman Sachs  | CAC 40 Index     | 271                 | 4,324 EUR  | \$(105,474) |
| 11-21-2014      | Goldman Sachs  | Nikkei 225 Index | 102                 | 15,903 JPY | (624,317)   |
| 11-21-2014      | Goldman Sachs  | Hang Seng Index  | 94                  | 24,694 HKD | (65,162)    |
| 11-21-2014      | Morgan Stanley | FTSE MIB Index   | 233                 | 20,105 EUR | (246,190)   |

The Fund had an average of 740 written option contracts during the year ended October 31, 2014.

The fair value, realized gains or losses and change in unrealized gains or losses, if any, on derivative instruments are reflected in the appropriate financial statements.

For certain types of derivative transactions, the Fund has entered into International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. master agreements ( ISDA Master Agreements ) or similar agreements with approved counterparties.

The ISDA Master Agreements or similar agreements may have requirements to deliver/deposit securities or cash to/with an exchange or broker-dealer as collateral and allows the Fund to offset, with each counterparty, certain derivative financial instrument s assets and/or liabilities with collateral held or pledged. Collateral requirements differ by type of derivative. Collateral or margin requirements are set by the broker or exchange clearing house for exchange traded derivatives while collateral terms are contract specific for over-the-counter traded derivatives. Cash collateral that has been pledged to cover obligations of the Fund under ISDA Master Agreements or similar agreements, if any, will be reported separately in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Securities pledged as collateral, if any, for the same purpose are noted in the Portfolio of Investments. With respect to balance sheet offsetting, absent an event of default by the counterparty or a termination of the agreement, the reported amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities are not offset across transactions between the Fund and the applicable counterparty. A reconciliation of the gross amounts on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities to the net amounts by derivative type, including any collateral exposure, is as follows:

| Derivative type | Counterparty   | Gross amounts of liabilities in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities | Amounts subject to netting agreements | Collateral pledged | Net amount of liabilities |
|-----------------|----------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Written options | Goldman Sachs  | \$794,953   | \$ 0                                  | \$ 0               | \$ 794,953                |
|                 | Morgan Stanley | 246,190   | 0                                     | 0                  | 246,190                   |



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**8. DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS**

The tax character of distributions paid during the years ended October 31, 2014 and October 31, 2013 were as follows:

|                                    | Year ended October 31 |              |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
|                                    | 2014                  | 2013         |
| <b>Ordinary income</b>             | \$35,395,808          | \$40,688,157 |
| <b>Tax basis return of capital</b> | 0                     | 606,936      |

As of October 31, 2014, the components of distributable earnings on a tax basis were as follows:

| Undistributed |              |                 |
|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| ordinary      | Unrealized   | Capital loss    |
| income        | gains        | carryforward    |
| \$440,517     | \$21,547,262 | \$(458,620,708) |

**9. CONCENTRATION RISK**

Concentration risks result from exposure to a limited number of sectors. A fund that invests a substantial portion of its assets in any sector may be more affected by changes in that sector than would be a fund whose investments are not heavily weighted in any sector.

**10. INDEMNIFICATION**

Under the Trust's organizational documents, the officers and Trustees are indemnified against certain liabilities that may arise out of performance of their duties to the Trust. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Trust may enter into contracts with service providers that contain a variety of indemnification clauses. The Trust's maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on future claims that may be made against the Fund and, therefore, cannot be estimated.

**11. SUBSEQUENT DISTRIBUTION**

On November 7, 2014, the Fund declared a distribution of \$0.18 per share payable on January 2, 2015 to shareholders of record on December 15, 2014.

This distribution is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The final determination of the source of all distributions is subject to change and made after the Fund's tax year-end.

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**BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND SHAREHOLDERS OF WELLS FARGO ADVANTAGE GLOBAL DIVIDEND OPPORTUNITY FUND:**

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the portfolio of investments, of the Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund (the Fund ), as of October 31, 2014, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the years in the five-year period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of October 31, 2014, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund as of October 31, 2014, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the years in the two-year period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the years in the five-year period then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Boston, Massachusetts

December 23, 2014

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**TAX INFORMATION**

For corporate shareholders, pursuant to Section 854 of the Internal Revenue Code, 19.89% of ordinary income dividends qualify for the corporate dividends-received deduction for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014.

Pursuant to Section 854 of the Internal Revenue Code, \$33,995,388 of income dividends paid during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014 has been designated as qualified dividend income (QDI).

Pursuant to Section 853 of the Internal Revenue Code, the Fund expects to designate amounts as foreign taxes paid for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2014. Additional details will be available in the semiannual report.

**PROXY VOTING INFORMATION**

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available without charge, upon request, by calling **1-800-222-8222**, visiting our website at **wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com**, or visiting the SEC website at sec.gov. Information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available without charge on the Fund's website at **wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com** or by visiting the SEC website at sec.gov.

**PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS INFORMATION**

The complete portfolio holdings for the Fund are publicly available on the Fund's website (**wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com**) on a one-month delayed basis. The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q, which is available without charge by visiting the SEC website at sec.gov. In addition, the Fund's Form N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC, and at regional offices in New York City, at 233 Broadway, and in Chicago, at 175 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 900. Information about the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330.

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Other information (unaudited)

Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund 23

**BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS**

The following table provides basic information about the Board of Trustees (the Trustees) and Officers of the Fund. Each of the Trustees and Officers listed below acts in identical capacities for each fund in the Wells Fargo Advantage family of funds, which consists of 133 mutual funds comprising the Wells Fargo Funds Trust, Wells Fargo Variable Trust, Wells Fargo Master Trust, and four closed-end funds, including the Fund (collectively the Fund Complex). The mailing address of each Trustee and Officer is 525 Market Street, 12th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94105. The Board of Trustees is classified into three classes of which one is elected annually. Each Trustee serves a three-year term concurrent with the class from which the Trustee is elected. Each Officer serves an indefinite term.

**Independent Trustees**

| Name and year of birth         | Position held and length of service                       | Principal occupations during past five years or longer  | Other directorships during past five years  |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Peter G. Gordon (Born 1942)    | Trustee, since 2010; Chairman, since 2010                 | Co-Founder, Retired Chairman, President and CEO of Crystal Geysers Water Company. Trustee Emeritus, Colby College.  | Asset Allocation Trust  |
| Isaiah Harris, Jr. (Born 1952) | Trustee, since 2010                                       | Retired. Prior thereto, President and CEO of BellSouth Advertising and Publishing Corp. from 2005 to 2007, President and CEO of BellSouth Enterprises from 2004 to 2005 and President of BellSouth Consumer Services from 2000 to 2003. Emeritus member of the Iowa State University Foundation Board of Governors. Emeritus Member of the Advisory Board of Iowa State University School of Business. Advisory Board Member, Palm Harbor Academy. Mr. Harris is a certified public accountant. | CIGNA Corporation; Asset Allocation Trust   |
| Judith M. Johnson (Born 1949)  | Trustee, since 2010; Audit Committee Chairman, since 2010 | Retired. Prior thereto, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer of Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund from 1996 to 2008. Ms. Johnson is an attorney, certified public accountant and a certified managerial accountant.   | Asset Allocation Trust  |
| Leroy Keith, Jr. (Born 1939)   | Trustee, since 2010*                                      | Chairman, Bloc Global Services (development and construction). Trustee of the Evergreen Funds complex (and its predecessors) from 1983 to 2010. Former Managing Director, Almanac Capital Management (commodities firm), former Partner, Stonington Partners, Inc. (private equity fund), former Director, Obagi Medical Products Co. and former Director, Lincoln Educational Services.  | Trustee, Virtus Fund Complex (consisting of 50 portfolios as of 12/16/2013); Asset Allocation Trust |
|                                | Trustee, since 2010                                       |   |   |

|                                |                     |  |                        |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|
| David F. Larcker (Born 1950)   |                     | James Irvin Miller Professor of Accounting at the Graduate School of Business, Stanford University, Morgan Stanley Director of the Center for Leadership Development and Research and Senior Faculty of The Rock Center for Corporate Governance since 2006. From 2005 to 2008, Professor of Accounting at the Graduate School of Business, Stanford University. Prior thereto, Ernst & Young Professor of Accounting at The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania from 1985 to 2005. | Asset Allocation Trust |
| Olivia S. Mitchell (Born 1953) | Trustee, since 2010 | International Foundation of Employee Benefit Plans Professor, Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania since 1993. Director of Wharton's Pension Research Council and Boettner Center on Pensions & Retirement Research, and Research Associate at the National Bureau of Economic Research. Previously, Cornell University Professor from 1978 to 1993.   | Asset Allocation Trust |
| Timothy J. Penny (Born 1951)   | Trustee, since 2010 | President and CEO of Southern Minnesota Initiative Foundation, a non-profit organization, since 2007 and Senior Fellow at the Humphrey Institute Policy Forum at the University of Minnesota since 1995. Member of the Board of Trustees of NorthStar Education Finance, Inc., a non-profit organization, since 2007.  | Asset Allocation Trust |

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| Name and year of birth          | Position held and length of service | Principal occupations during past five years or longer   | Other directorships during past five years |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Michael S. Scofield (Born 1943) | Trustee, since 2007                 | Served on the Investment Company Institute's Board of Governors and Executive Committee from 2008-2011 as well as the Governing Council of the Independent Directors Council from 2006-2011 and the Independent Directors Council Executive Committee from 2008-2011. Chairman of the IDC from 2008-2010. Institutional Investor (Fund Directions) Trustee of Year in 2007. Trustee of the Evergreen Funds complex (and its predecessors) from 1984 to 2010. Chairman of the Evergreen Funds from 2000-2010. Former Trustee of the Mentor Funds. Retired Attorney, Law Offices of Michael S. Scofield. | Asset Allocation Trust                     |
| Donald C. Willeke (Born 1940)   | Trustee, since 2010                 | Principal of the law firm of Willeke & Daniels. General Counsel of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund from 1984 until its consolidation into the Minnesota Public Employees Retirement Association on June 30, 2010. Director and Vice Chair of The Tree Trust (non-profit corporation). Director of the American Chestnut Foundation (non-profit corporation).   | Asset Allocation Trust                     |

\*Leroy Keith, Jr. will retire as a Trustee effective December 31, 2014.

**Officers**

| Name and year of birth               | Position held and length of service | Principal occupations during past five years or longer  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Karla M. Rabusch (Born 1959)         | President, since 2010               | Executive Vice President of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and President of Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC since 2003.   |
| Nancy Wiser <sup>1</sup> (Born 1967) | Treasurer, since 2012               | Executive Vice President of Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC since 2011. Chief Operating Officer and Chief Compliance Officer at LightBox Capital Management LLC, from 2008 to 2011. Owned and operated a consulting business providing services to various hedge funds including acting as Chief Operating Officer and Chief Compliance Officer for a hedge fund from 2007 to 2008. Chief Operating Officer and Chief Compliance Officer of |

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| C. David Messman<br>(Born 1960)            | Secretary, since 2010; Chief Legal Officer, since 2010 | GMN Capital LLC from 2006 to 2007. Assistant General Counsel of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. since 2013 and Vice President and Managing Counsel of Wells Fargo Bank N.A. from 1996 to 2013. Senior Vice President and Secretary of Wells Fargo Funds Management , LLC since 2001.  |
| Debra Ann Early<br>(Born 1964)             | Chief Compliance Officer, since 2010                   | Senior Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer of Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC since 2007. Chief Compliance Officer of Parnassus Investments from 2005 to 2007. Chief Financial Officer of Parnassus Investments from 2004 to 2007.   |
| David Berardi<br>(Born 1975)               | Assistant Treasurer, since 2009                        | Vice President of Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC since 2009. Vice President of Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC from 2008 to 2010. Assistant Vice President of Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. from 2004 to 2008. Manager of Fund Reporting and Control for Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC from 2004 to 2010. |
| Jeremy DePalma <sup>1</sup><br>(Born 1974) | Assistant Treasurer, since 2007                        | Senior Vice President of Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC since 2009. Senior Vice President of Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC from 2008 to 2010. Vice President, Evergreen Investment Services, Inc. from 2004 to 2007. Head of the Fund Reporting and Control Team within Fund Administration from 2005 to 2010.               |

1. Nancy Wisner acts as Treasurer of 73 funds in the Fund Complex. Jeremy DePalma acts as Treasurer of 60 funds and Assistant Treasurer of 73 funds in the Fund Complex.

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**BOARD CONSIDERATION OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY AND SUB-ADVISORY AGREEMENTS:**

Under Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the 1940 Act ), the Board of Trustees (the Board ) of *Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund* (the Fund ), all the members of which have no direct or indirect interest in the investment advisory and sub-advisory agreements and are not interested persons of the Fund, as defined in the 1940 Act (the Independent Trustees ), must determine whether to approve the continuation of the Fund's investment advisory and sub-advisory agreements. In this regard, at in-person meetings held on March 27-28, 2014 (the March Meeting ) and May 15-16, 2014 (the May Meeting ), and together with the March Meeting, the Meetings ), the Board reviewed: (i) an investment advisory agreement with Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC ( Funds Management ) for the Fund, (ii) an investment sub-advisory agreement with Wells Capital Management Incorporated ( WellsCap ), an affiliate of Funds Management, for the Fund, and (iii) an investment sub-advisory agreement with Crow Point Partners, LLC ( Crow Point ) for the Fund. The investment advisory agreement with Funds Management and the investment sub-advisory agreements with WellsCap and Crow Point (each, a Sub-Adviser and together, the Sub-Advisers ) are collectively referred to as the Advisory Agreements.

At the May Meeting, the Board received the information, considered the factors and reached the conclusions discussed below, and unanimously approved the renewal of the Advisory Agreements, as it had done at the March Meeting.

At the Meetings, the Board considered the factors and reached the conclusions described below relating to the selection of Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers and the continuation of the Advisory Agreements. Prior to the Meetings, the Trustees conferred extensively among themselves and with representatives of Funds Management about these matters. Also, the Board has adopted a team-based approach, with each team consisting of a sub-set of Trustees, to assist the full Board in the discharge of its duties in reviewing performance and other matters throughout the year. The Independent Trustees were assisted in their evaluation of the Advisory Agreements by independent legal counsel, from whom they received separate legal advice and with whom they met separately.

In providing information to the Board, Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers were guided by a detailed set of requests for information submitted to them by independent legal counsel on behalf of the Independent Trustees at the start of the Board's annual contract renewal process earlier in 2014. In considering and approving the Advisory Agreements, the Trustees considered the information they believed relevant, including but not limited to the information discussed below. The Board considered not only the specific information presented in connection with the Meetings, but also the knowledge gained over time through interaction with Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers about various topics. In this regard, the Board reviewed reports of Funds Management at each of its quarterly meetings, which included, among other things, portfolio reviews and performance reports. In addition, the Board and the teams mentioned above confer with portfolio managers at various times throughout the year. The Board did not identify any particular information or consideration that was all-important or controlling, and each individual Trustee may have attributed different weights to various factors.

After its deliberations, the Board unanimously approved the continuation of the Advisory Agreements and determined that the compensation payable to Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers is reasonable. The Board considered the continuation of the Advisory Agreements for the Fund as part of its consideration of the continuation of advisory agreements for funds across the complex, but its approvals were made on a fund-by-fund basis. The following summarizes a number of important, but not necessarily all, factors considered by the Board in support of its approvals.



### **Nature, extent and quality of services**

The Board received and considered various information regarding the nature, extent and quality of services provided to the Fund by Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers under the Advisory Agreements. This information included, among other things, a summary of the background and experience of senior management of Funds Management, and the qualifications, background, tenure and responsibilities of each of the portfolio managers primarily responsible for the day-to-day portfolio management of the Fund.

The Board evaluated the ability of Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers to attract and retain qualified investment professionals, including research, advisory and supervisory personnel. The Board further considered the compliance programs and compliance records of Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers. In addition, the Board took into account the full range of services provided to the Fund by Funds Management and its affiliates.

### **Fund performance and expenses**

The Board considered the performance results for the Fund over various time periods ended December 31, 2013. The Board also considered these results in comparison to the performance of funds in a custom peer group that was determined by Funds Management to be similar to the Fund (the Custom Peer Group ), and in comparison to the Fund s

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benchmark index and to other comparative data. The Board received a description of the methodology used by Funds Management to select the funds in the Custom Peer Group and discussed the limitations inherent in the use of other peer groups. The Board noted that the performance of the Fund was lower than the average performance of the Custom Peer Group for all periods under review. The Board also noted that the performance of the Fund was lower than its benchmark, the Global Dividend Opportunity Blended Index, which is a proprietary index used by the Board to help it assess the Fund's relative performance, for all periods under review except for the one-year period.

The Board received information concerning, and discussed factors contributing to, the underperformance of the Fund relative to the Custom Peer Group and benchmark for the periods under review. The Board took note of the small size of the Custom Peer Group, the explanations for the relative underperformance and recent changes to the portfolio management team responsible for the options overlay, and was satisfied with the information it received.

The Board also received and considered information regarding the Fund's net operating expense ratio and its various components, including actual management fees (which reflect fee waivers, if any, and include advisory, and administration fees), custodian and other non-management fees, and fee waiver and expense reimbursement arrangements. The Board considered this ratio in comparison to the median ratio of funds in an expense group that was determined by Lipper, Inc. (Lipper) to be similar to the Fund (the Group). Lipper is an independent provider of investment company data. The Board received a description of the methodology used by Lipper to select the funds in the expense Group and an explanation of year-to-year variations in the funds comprising such expense Group and their expense ratios. Based on the Lipper reports, the Board noted that the net operating expense ratio of the Fund was lower than the median net operating expense ratio of the expense Group.

Based on its consideration of the factors and information it deemed relevant, including those described here, the Board concluded that the overall performance and expense structure of the Fund supported the re-approval of the Advisory Agreements.

**Investment advisory and sub-advisory fee rates**

The Board reviewed and considered the contractual investment advisory fee rate that is payable by the Fund to Funds Management for investment advisory services (the Advisory Agreement Rate), both on a stand-alone basis and on a combined basis with the Fund's contractual administration fee rate (the Management Rate). The Board also reviewed and considered the contractual investment sub-advisory fee rates that are payable by Funds Management to each of the Sub-Advisers for investment sub-advisory services (the Sub-Advisory Agreement Rate).

Among other information reviewed by the Board was a comparison of the Management Rate of the Fund with those of other funds in the expense Group at a common asset level. The Board noted that the Management Rate of the Fund was in range of the average rate for the Fund's expense Group.

The Board also received and considered information about the portion of the total advisory fee that was retained by Funds Management after payment of the fee to the Sub-Advisers for sub-advisory services. In assessing the reasonableness of this amount, the Board received and evaluated information about the nature and extent of responsibilities retained and risks assumed by Funds Management and not delegated to or assumed by the Sub-Advisers, and about Funds Management's on-going oversight services. However, given the affiliation between Funds Management and WellsCap, the Board ascribed limited relevance to the allocation of the advisory fee between

them. The Board also considered that the sub-advisory fees paid to Crow Point had been negotiated by Funds Management on an arm's-length basis.

Based on its consideration of the factors and information it deemed relevant, including those described here, the Board determined that the Advisory Agreement Rate and each Sub-Advisory Agreement Rate were reasonable in light of the services covered by the Advisory Agreements.

### **Profitability**

The Board received and considered information concerning the profitability of Funds Management, as well as the profitability of Wells Fargo as a whole, from providing services to the Fund and the fund family as a whole. The Board did not receive or consider to be necessary separate profitability information with respect to WellsCap, because its profitability information was subsumed in the collective Wells Fargo profitability analysis. The Board also did not consider profitability with respect to Crow Point, as the sub-advisory fees paid to Crow Point had been negotiated by Funds Management on an arm's-length basis.

Funds Management explained the methodologies and estimates that it used in calculating profitability. Among other things, the Board noted that the levels of profitability reported on a fund-by-fund basis varied widely, depending on factors such as the size and type of fund. Based on its review, the Board did not deem the profits reported by Funds Management to be at a level that would prevent it from approving the continuation of the Advisory Agreements.

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**Economies of scale**

The Board considered the extent to which there may be sharing with the Fund of potential economies of scale in the provision of advisory services to the Fund. The Board noted that, as is typical of closed-end funds, there are no breakpoints in the Management Rate. Although the Fund would not share in any potential economies of scale through contractual breakpoints, the Board noted that fee waiver and expense reimbursement arrangements and competitive fee rates at the outset are means of sharing potential economies of scale with shareholders of the Fund and the fund family as a whole. The Board concluded that the Fund's fee waiver and expense arrangements constituted a reasonable approach to sharing potential economies of scale with the Fund and its shareholders. The Board also noted that it would have opportunities to revisit the Management Rate as part of future contract reviews.

**Other benefits to Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers**

The Board received and considered information regarding potential fall-out or ancillary benefits received by Funds Management and its affiliates, including WellsCap, and Crow Point as a result of their relationships with the Fund. Ancillary benefits could include, among others, benefits directly attributable to other relationships with the Fund and benefits potentially derived from an increase in Funds Management's and the Sub-Advisers' business as a result of their relationships with the Fund. The Board also reviewed information about soft dollar credits earned and utilized by the Sub-Advisers and commissions earned by affiliated brokers from portfolio transactions.

Based on its consideration of the factors and information it deemed relevant, including those described here, the Board did not find that any ancillary benefits received by Funds Management and its affiliates, including WellsCap, or Crow Point were unreasonable.

**Conclusion**

After considering the above-described factors and based on its deliberations and its evaluation of the information described above, the Board unanimously approved the continuation of the Advisory Agreements for an additional one-year period and determined that the compensation payable to Funds Management and the Sub-Advisers is reasonable.

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28 Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund Automatic dividend reinvestment plan

**AUTOMATIC DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN**

All common shareholders are eligible to participate in the Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan ( the Plan ). Pursuant to the Plan, unless a common shareholder is ineligible or elects otherwise, all cash dividends and capital gains distributions are automatically reinvested by Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as agent for shareholders in administering the Plan ( Plan Agent ), in additional common shares of the Fund. Whenever the Fund declares an ordinary income dividend or a capital gain dividend (collectively referred to as dividends ) payable either in shares or in cash, nonparticipants in the Plan will receive cash, and participants in the Plan will receive the equivalent in common shares. The shares are acquired by the Plan Agent for the participant s account, depending upon the circumstances described below, either (i) through receipt of additional unissued but authorized common shares from the Fund ( newly issued common shares ) or (ii) by purchase of outstanding common shares on the open-market (open-market purchases) on the NYSE Amex or elsewhere. If, on the payment date for any dividend or distribution, the net asset value per share of the common shares is equal to or less than the market price per common share plus estimated brokerage commissions ( market premium ), the Plan Agent will invest the amount of such dividend or distribution in newly issued shares on behalf of the participant. The number of newly issued common shares to be credited to the participant s account will be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the dividend by the net asset value per share on the date the shares are issued, provided that the maximum discount from the then current market price per share on the date of issuance may not exceed 5%. If on the dividend payment date the net asset value per share is greater than the market value ( market discount ), the Plan Agent will invest the dividend amount in shares acquired on behalf of the participant in open-market purchases. There will be no brokerage charges with respect to shares issued directly by the Fund as a result of dividends or capital gains distributions payable either in shares or in cash. However, each participant will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to the Plan Agent s open-market purchases in connection with the reinvestment of dividends. The automatic reinvestment of dividends and distributions will not relieve participants of any federal, state or local income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on such dividends. All correspondence concerning the Plan should be directed to the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 30170, College Station, Texas 77842-3170 or by calling 1-800-730-6001.

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List of abbreviations Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund 29

The following is a list of common abbreviations for terms and entities that may have appeared in this report.

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| ACA    | ACA Financial Guaranty Corporation          |
| ADR    | American depositary receipt                 |
| ADS    | American depositary shares                  |
| AGC    | Assured Guaranty Corporation                |
| AGM    | Assured Guaranty Municipal                  |
| Ambac  | Ambac Financial Group Incorporated          |
| AMT    | Alternative minimum tax                     |
| AUD    | Australian dollar                           |
| BAN    | Bond anticipation notes                     |
| BHAC   | Berkshire Hathaway Assurance Corporation    |
| BRL    | Brazilian real                              |
| CAB    | Capital appreciation bond                   |
| CAD    | Canadian dollar                             |
| CCAB   | Convertible capital appreciation bond       |
| CDA    | Community Development Authority             |
| CDO    | Collateralized debt obligation              |
| CHF    | Swiss franc                                 |
| COP    | Columbian Peso                              |
| CLP    | Chilean peso                                |
| DKK    | Danish krone                                |
| DRIVER | Derivative inverse tax-exempt receipts      |
| DW&P   | Department of Water & Power                 |
| DWR    | Department of Water Resources               |
| ECFA   | Educational & Cultural Facilities Authority |
| EDA    | Economic Development Authority              |
| EDFA   | Economic Development Finance Authority      |
| ETF    | Exchange-traded fund                        |
| EUR    | Euro  |
| FDIC   | Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation       |
| FFCB   | Federal Farm Credit Banks                   |
| FGIC   | Financial Guaranty Insurance Corporation    |
| FHA    | Federal Housing Administration              |
| FHLB   | Federal Home Loan Bank                      |
| FHLMC  | Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation      |
| FICO   | The Financing Corporation                   |
| FNMA   | Federal National Mortgage Association       |
| FSA    | Farm Service Agency                         |
| GBP    | Great British pound                         |
| GDR    | Global depositary receipt                   |
| GNMA   | Government National Mortgage Association    |

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| GO       | General obligation                            |
| HCFR     | Healthcare facilities revenue                 |
| HEFA     | Health & Educational Facilities Authority     |
| HEFAR    | Higher education facilities authority revenue |
| HFA      | Housing Finance Authority                     |
| HFFA     | Health Facilities Financing Authority         |
| HKD      | Hong Kong dollar                              |
| HUD      | Department of Housing and Urban Development   |
| HUF      | Hungarian forint                              |
| IDA      | Industrial Development Authority              |
| IDAG     | Industrial Development Agency                 |
| IDR      | Indonesian rupiah                             |
| IEP      | Irish pound                                   |
| JPY      | Japanese yen                                  |
| KRW      | Republic of Korea won                         |
| LIBOR    | London Interbank Offered Rate                 |
| LIQ      | Liquidity agreement                           |
| LLC      | Limited liability company                     |
| LLLP     | Limited liability limited partnership         |
| LLP      | Limited liability partnership                 |
| LOC      | Letter of credit                              |
| LP       | Limited partnership                           |
| MBIA     | Municipal Bond Insurance Association          |
| MFHR     | Multifamily housing revenue                   |
| MSTR     | Municipal securities trust receipts           |
| MTN      | Medium-term note                              |
| MUD      | Municipal Utility District                    |
| MXN      | Mexican peso                                  |
| MYR      | Malaysian ringgit                             |
| National | National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation |
| NGN      | Nigerian naira                                |
| NOK      | Norwegian krone                               |
| NZD      | New Zealand dollar                            |
| PCFA     | Pollution Control Financing Authority         |
| PCL      | Public Company Limited                        |
| PCR      | Pollution control revenue                     |
| PFA      | Public Finance Authority                      |
| PFFA     | Public Facilities Financing Authority         |
| PFOTER   | Puttable floating option tax-exempt receipts  |
| plc      | Public limited company                        |
| PLN      | Polish zloty                                  |
| PUTTER   | Puttable tax-exempt receipts                  |
| R&D      | Research & development                        |
| Radian   | Radian Asset Assurance                        |
| RAN      | Revenue anticipation notes                    |
| RDA      | Redevelopment Authority                       |
| RDFA     | Redevelopment Finance Authority               |
| REIT     | Real estate investment trust                  |
| ROC      | Reset option certificates                     |
| RON      | Romanian lei                                  |
| RUB      | Russian ruble                                 |

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| SAVRS  | Select auction variable rate securities                          |
| SBA    | Small Business Authority   |
| SEK    | Swedish krona  |
| SFHR   | Single-family housing revenue                                    |
| SFMR   | Single-family mortgage revenue                                   |
| SGD    | Singapore dollar   |
| SPA    | Standby purchase agreement                                       |
| SPDR   | Standard & Poor's Depository Receipts                            |
| STRIPS | Separate trading of registered interest and principal securities |
| TAN    | Tax anticipation notes   |
| TBA    | To be announced  |
| THB    | Thai baht  |
| TIPS   | Treasury inflation-protected securities                          |
| TRAN   | Tax revenue anticipation notes                                   |
| TRY    | Turkish lira   |
| TTFA   | Transportation Trust Fund Authority                              |
| TVA    | Tennessee Valley Authority                                       |
| ZAR    | South African rand   |



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Transfer Agent, Registrar, Shareholder Servicing

Agent & Dividend Disbursing Agent

Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

P.O. Box 30170

College Station, TX 77842-3170

1-800-730-6001

Website: [wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com](http://wellsfargoadvantagefunds.com)

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**NOT FDIC INSURED ; NO BANK GUARANTEE ; MAY LOSE VALUE**

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**Table of Contents****ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS**

(a) As of the end of the period, covered by the report, Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund has adopted a code of ethics that applies to its President and Treasurer. A copy of the code of ethics is filed as an exhibit to this Form N-CSR.

(c) During the period covered by this report, there were no amendments to the provisions of the code of ethics adopted in Item 2(a) above.

(d) During the period covered by this report, there were no implicit or explicit waivers to the provisions of the code of ethics adopted in Item 2(a) above.

**ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT**

The Board of Trustees of Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund has determined that Judith Johnson is an audit committee financial expert, as defined in Item 3 of Form N-CSR. Mrs. Johnson is independent for purposes of Item 3 of Form N-CSR.

**ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES**

(a), (b), (c), (d) The following table presents aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for services rendered to the Registrant by the Registrant's principal accountant. These fees were billed to the registrant and were approved by the Registrant's audit committee.

|                    | <b>Fiscal<br/>year ended<br/>October 31, 2014</b> | <b>Fiscal<br/>year ended<br/>October 31, 2013</b> |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Audit fees         | \$ 45,830   | \$ 44,710   |
| Audit-related fees |   |   |
| Tax fees (1)       | 4,410   | 4,300   |
| All other fees     |   |   |
|                    | <b>\$ 50,240</b>                                  | <b>\$ 49,010</b>                                  |

(1) Tax fees consist of fees for tax compliance, tax advice, tax planning and excise tax.

(e) The Chairman of the Audit Committees is authorized to pre-approve: (1) audit services for the Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund; (2) non-audit tax or compliance consulting or training services provided to the Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund by the independent auditors ( Auditors ) if the fees for any particular engagement are not anticipated to exceed \$50,000; and (3) non-audit tax or compliance consulting or training services provided by the Auditors to a Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund's investment adviser and its controlling entities (where pre-approval is required because the engagement relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund) if the fee to the Auditors for any particular engagement is not anticipated to exceed \$50,000. For any such pre-approval

sought from the Chairman, Management shall prepare a brief description of the proposed services. If the Chairman approves of such service, he or she shall sign the statement prepared by Management. Such written statement shall be presented to the full Committees at their next regularly scheduled meetings.

(f) Not applicable

(g) Not applicable

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(h) Not applicable

**ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 6. INVESTMENTS**

A Portfolio of investments is included as part of the report to shareholders filed under Item 1 of this Form.

**ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END  
MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**

**PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES**

**REVISED AS OF AUGUST 13, 2014**

1. Scope of Policies and Procedures. These Policies and Procedures ( Procedures ) are used to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities held by the series of Wells Fargo Funds Trust, Wells Fargo Master Trust, Wells Fargo Variable Trust, Asset Allocation Trust, Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund, Wells Fargo Advantage Income Opportunities Fund, Wells Fargo Advantage Multi-Sector Income Fund, and Wells Fargo Advantage Utilities & High Income Fund (the Trusts ) except for those series that exclusively hold non-voting securities (hereafter, all such series, and all such Trusts not having separate series, holding voting securities are referred to as the Funds ).

2. Voting Philosophy. The Funds and Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC ( Funds Management ) have adopted these Procedures to ensure that proxies are voted in the best interests of Fund shareholders, without regard to any relationship that any affiliated person of the Fund (or an affiliated person of such affiliated person) may have with the issuer. Funds Management exercises its voting responsibility, as a fiduciary, with the goal of maximizing value to shareholders consistent with governing laws and the investment policies of each Fund. While securities are not purchased to exercise control or to seek to effect corporate change through share ownership, the Funds support sound corporate governance practices within companies in which they invest.

3. Responsibilities

(a) Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees of each Trust (the Board ) has delegated the responsibility for voting proxies relating to the Funds portfolio securities to Funds Management. The Board retains the authority to make or ratify any voting decisions or approve any changes to these Procedures as the Board deems appropriate. Funds Management will provide reports to the Board regarding voting matters when and as reasonably requested by the Board. The Board shall review these Procedures as often as it deems appropriate to consider whether any revisions are warranted. On an annual basis, the Board shall receive and review a report from Funds Management on the proxy voting process.

(b) Funds Management Proxy Committee

- (i) **Responsibilities.** The Funds Management Proxy Voting Committee (the Proxy Committee ) shall be responsible for overseeing the proxy voting process to ensure its implementation in conformance with these Procedures. The Proxy Committee shall monitor Institutional Shareholder Services ( ISS ), the proxy voting agent for Funds Management, to determine that ISS is accurately applying the Procedures as set forth herein. The Proxy Committee shall review the continuing appropriateness of the Procedures set forth herein, recommend revisions to the Board as necessary and provide an annual update to the Board on the proxy voting process.
  
- (ii) **Voting Guidelines.** Appendix A hereto sets forth guidelines regarding how proxies will be voted on the issues specified. ISS will vote proxies for or against as directed by the



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guidelines. Where the guidelines specify a case by case determination for a particular issue, ISS will forward the proxy to the Proxy Committee for a vote determination by the Proxy Committee. Finally, with respect to issues for which a vote for or against is specified by the Procedures, the Proxy Committee shall have the authority to direct ISS to forward the proxy to the Proxy Committee for a discretionary vote by the Proxy Committee if the Proxy Committee determines that a case-by-case review of such matter is warranted. The Proxy Committee may also consult Fund sub-advisers on certain proxy voting issues on a case-by-case basis as the Proxy Committee deems appropriate or to the extent that a sub-adviser of a Fund makes a recommendation regarding a proxy voting issue. As a general matter, however, proxies are voted consistently on the same matter when securities of an issuer are held by multiple Funds.

- (iii) Proxy Committee. In all cases, the Proxy Committee will exercise its voting discretion in accordance with the voting philosophy of the Funds. In cases where a proxy is forwarded by ISS to the Proxy Committee, the Proxy Committee may be assisted in its voting decision through receipt of: (i) independent research and voting recommendations provided by ISS or other independent sources; (ii) input from the investment sub-adviser responsible for purchasing the security; and (iii) information provided by company management and shareholder groups.

Voting decisions made by the Proxy Committee will be reported to ISS to ensure that the vote is registered in a timely manner and included in Form N-PX reporting.

- (iv) Securities on Loan. As a general matter, securities on loan will not be recalled to facilitate proxy voting (in which case the borrower of the security shall be entitled to vote the proxy). However, if the Proxy Committee is aware of an item in time to recall the security and has determined in good faith that the importance of the matter to be voted upon outweighs the loss in lending revenue that would result from recalling the security (i.e., if there is a controversial upcoming merger or acquisition, or some other significant matter), the security will be recalled for voting.
- (v) Practical Limitations to Proxy Voting. While Funds Management uses its best efforts to vote proxies, in certain circumstances it may be impractical or impossible for Funds Management to vote proxies (e.g., limited value or unjustifiable costs). For example, in accordance with local law or business practices, many foreign companies prevent the sales of shares that have been voted for a certain period beginning prior to the shareholder meeting and ending on the day following the meeting (share blocking). Due to these restrictions, Funds Management must balance the benefits to its clients of voting proxies against the potentially serious portfolio management consequences of a reduced flexibility to sell the underlying shares at the most advantageous time. As a result, Funds Management will generally not vote those proxies in the absence of an unusual, significant vote or compelling economic importance. Additionally, Funds Management may not be able to vote proxies for certain foreign securities if Funds Management does not receive the proxy statement in time to vote the proxies due to custodial processing delays.
- (vi) Conflicts of Interest. Funds Management may have a conflict of interest regarding a proxy to be voted upon if, for example, Funds Management or its affiliates have other relationships with the issuer of the proxy. In most instances, conflicts of interest are avoided through a strict and objective

application of the voting guidelines attached hereto. However, when the Proxy Committee is aware of a material conflict of interest regarding a matter that would otherwise require a vote by the Proxy Committee, the Proxy Committee shall address the material conflict by using any of the following methods: (1) instructing ISS to vote in accordance with the recommendation ISS makes to its clients; (2) disclosing the conflict to the Board and obtaining their consent before voting; (3) submitting the matter to the Board to exercise its authority to vote on such matter; (4) engaging an independent fiduciary who will direct the Proxy Committee on voting instructions for the proxy; (5) consulting with outside legal counsel for guidance

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on resolution of the conflict of interest; (6) erecting information barriers around the person or persons making voting decisions; (7) voting in proportion to other shareholders ( mirror voting ); or (8) voting in other ways that are consistent with each Fund's obligation to vote in the best interests of its shareholders. Additionally, the Proxy Committee will not permit its votes to be influenced by any conflict of interest that exists for any other affiliated person of the Fund (such as a sub-adviser or principal underwriter) or any affiliated persons of such affiliated persons and the Proxy Committee will vote all such matters without regard to the conflict.

Funds Management may also have a conflict of interest regarding a proxy to be voted on if a member of the Board has an affiliation, directly or indirectly, with a public or private company (an Identified Company ). Identified Companies include a Board member's employer, as well as any company of which the Board member is a director or officer or a 5% or more shareholder. The Proxy Committee shall address such a conflict by instructing ISS to vote in accordance with the recommendation ISS makes to its clients.

- (vii) Meetings. The Proxy Committee shall convene as needed and when discretionary voting determinations need to be considered, and shall have the authority to act by vote of a majority of the Proxy Committee members available at that time. The Proxy Committee shall also meet at least semi-annually to review the Procedures and the performance of ISS in exercising its proxy voting responsibilities.
- (viii) Membership. The voting members of the Proxy Committee shall be Tom Biwer, Travis Keshemberg, Patrick McGuinnis and Erik Sens. Andrew Owen shall be a non-voting member and serve in an advisory capacity on the Proxy Committee. Changes to the membership of the Proxy Committee will be made only with Board approval. Upon departure from Funds Management, a member's position on the Proxy Committee will automatically terminate.

4. Disclosure of Policies and Procedures. Each Fund shall disclose in its statement of additional information a description of the policies and procedures it uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to securities held in its portfolio. In addition, each Fund shall disclose in its semi- and annual reports that a description of its proxy voting policies and procedures is available without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-222-8222, on the Fund's web site at [www.wellsfargo.com/advantagefunds](http://www.wellsfargo.com/advantagefunds) and on the Securities and Exchange Commission's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

5. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Record. Each Trust shall file with the Commission an annual report on Form N-PX not later than August 31 of each year (beginning August 31, 2004), containing the Trust's proxy voting record for the most recent twelve-month period ended June 30.

Each Fund shall disclose in its statement of additional information and semi- and annual reports that information regarding how the Fund voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available without charge on the Funds' web site at [www.wellsfargo.com/advantagefunds](http://www.wellsfargo.com/advantagefunds) or by accessing the Commission's web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Each Fund shall disclose the following information on Form N-PX for each matter relating to a portfolio security considered at any shareholder meeting held during the period covered by the report and with respect to which the Fund was entitled to vote:

The name of the issuer of the portfolio security;

The exchange ticker symbol of the portfolio security;

The Council of Uniform Securities Identification Procedures ( CUSIP ) number for the portfolio security (unless the CUSIP is not available through reasonably practicable means, in which case it will be omitted);

The shareholder meeting date;

A brief identification of the matter voted on;

Whether the matter was proposed by the issuer or by a security holder;

Whether the Fund cast its vote on the matter;

How the Fund cast its vote (e.g. for or against a proposal, or abstain; for or withhold regarding election of directors); and

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Whether the Fund cast its vote for or against management.

Form N-PX shall be made available to Fund shareholders through the SEC web site.

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**APPENDIX A**

TO

**PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES**

Funds Management will vote proxies relating to portfolio securities held by the Trusts in accordance with the following proxy voting guidelines. To the extent the specific guidelines below do not address a proxy voting proposal, Funds Management will vote pursuant to ISS' current U.S. and International proxy voting guidelines. Proxies related to issues not addressed by the specific guidelines below or by ISS' current U.S. and International proxy voting guidelines will be forwarded to the Proxy Committee for a vote determination by the Proxy Committee.

**Uncontested Election of Directors or Trustees**

THE FUNDS will generally vote for all uncontested director or trustee nominees. The Nominating Committee is in the best position to select nominees who are available and capable of working well together to oversee management of the company. THE FUNDS will not require a performance test for directors. FOR

THE FUNDS will generally vote for reasonably crafted shareholder proposals calling for directors to be elected with an affirmative majority of votes cast and/or the elimination of the plurality standard for electing directors, unless the company has adopted formal corporate governance principles that present a meaningful alternative to the majority voting standard. FOR

**Board and Committee Independence**

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from insiders and affiliated outsiders on boards that are not at least majority independent.

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from any insiders or affiliated outsiders on audit, compensation or nominating committees. THE FUNDS will withhold votes from any insiders or affiliated outsiders on the board if any of these key committees has not been established. WITHHOLD

WITHHOLD

**Attendance and Overboarding**

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from directors who sit on more than six boards.

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from CEO directors who sit on more than two outside boards besides their own. WITHHOLD

THE FUNDS will withhold votes for a director if the nominee fails to attend at least 75% of the board and committee meetings without a valid excuse. WITHHOLD

**Responsiveness**

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from the entire board (except for new nominees) where the director(s) receive more than 50% withhold votes out of those cast and the issue that was the underlying cause of the high level of withhold votes has not been addressed. WITHHOLD

**Poor Governance Practices** WITHHOLD

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from all directors (except for new nominees) if the company has adopted or renewed a poison pill without shareholder approval since the company's last annual meeting, does not put the pill to a vote at the current annual meeting,

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and does not have a requirement or does not commit to put the pill to shareholder vote within 12 months. In addition, THE FUNDS will withhold votes on all directors at any company that responds to the majority of the shareholders voting by putting the poison pill to a shareholder vote with a recommendation other than to eliminate the pill. WITHHOLD

THE FUNDS will vote against routine election of directors if any of the following apply: company fails to disclose adequate information in a timely manner, serious issues with the finances, questionable transactions, conflicts of interest, record of abuses against minority shareholder interests, bundling of director elections, and/or egregious governance practices. WITHHOLD

**Audit Issues**

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from members of the Audit Committee and/or the full board if poor accounting practices, which rise to a level of serious concern, such as: fraud; misapplication of GAAP; and material weaknesses identified in Section 404 disclosures, are identified. WITHHOLD

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from members of the Audit Committee if the company receives an adverse opinion on the company's financial statements from its auditor.

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from members of the Audit Committee if there is persuasive evidence that the audit committee entered into an inappropriate indemnification agreement with its auditor that limits the ability of the company, or its shareholders, to pursue legitimate legal recourse against the audit firm. WITHHOLD

**Compensation Issues**

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from compensation committee members where there is a pay-for-performance disconnect (for Russell 3000 companies). WITHHOLD

THE FUNDS will withhold votes from compensation committee members if they fail to submit one-time transferable stock options (TSOs) to shareholders for approval.

**Ratification of Auditors**

THE FUNDS will vote against auditors and withhold votes from audit committee members if non-audit fees are greater than audit fees, audit-related fees, and permitted tax fees, combined. THE FUNDS will follow the disclosure categories being proposed by the SEC in applying the above formula. AGAINST/  
WITHHOLD

With the above exception, THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to ratify auditors unless: FOR

an auditor has a financial interest in or association with the company, and is therefore not independent, or AGAINST

there is reason to believe that the independent auditor has rendered an opinion that is neither accurate nor indicative of the company's financial position. AGAINST

THE FUNDS will vote against proposals that require auditors to attend annual meetings as auditors are regularly reviewed by the board audit committee, and such attendance is unnecessary. AGAINST

THE FUNDS will vote for shareholder proposals requesting a shareholder vote for audit firm ratification.



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|  |              |
|--|--------------|
| THE FUNDS will vote against shareholder proposals asking for audit firm rotation. This practice is viewed as too disruptive and too costly to implement for the benefit achieved.  | FOR          |
|  | AGAINST      |
| <b>Company Name Change/Purpose</b>   |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to change the company name as management and the board is best suited to determine if such change in company name is necessary.  | FOR          |
| However, where the name change is requested in connection with a reorganization of the company, the vote will be based on the merits of the reorganization.  | CASE-BY-CASE |
| In addition, THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to amend the purpose of the company. Management is in the best position to know whether the description of what the company does is accurate, or whether it needs to be updated by deleting, adding or revising language.   | FOR          |
| <b>Employee Stock Purchase Plans/401(k) Employee Benefit Plans</b>   |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to adopt, amend or increase authorized shares for employee stock purchase plans and 401(k) plans for employees as properly structured plans enable employees to purchase common stock at a slight discount and thus own a beneficial interest in the company, provided that the total cost of the company's plan is not above the allowable cap for the company. | FOR          |
| Similarly, THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to adopt or amend thrift and savings plans, retirement plans, pension plans and profit plans.   | FOR          |
| <b>Anti-Hedging/Pledging/Speculative Investments Policy</b>  |              |
| THE FUNDS will consider proposals prohibiting named executive officers from engaging in derivative or speculative transactions involving company stock, including hedging, holding stock in a margin account, or pledging stock as collateral for a loan on a case-by-case basis. The company's existing policies regarding responsible use of company stock will be considered.                   | CASE-BY-CASE |
| <b>Approve Other Business</b>  |              |
| THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to approve other business. This transfer of authority allows the corporation to take certain ministerial steps that may arise at the annual or special meeting.  | FOR          |
| However, THE FUNDS retains the discretion to vote against such proposals if adequate information is not provided in the proxy statement, or the measures are significant and no further approval from shareholders is sought.  | AGAINST      |
| <b>Independent Board of Directors/Board Committees</b>   |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote for proposals requiring that two-thirds of the board be independent directors. An independent board faces fewer conflicts and is best prepared to protect stockholders' interests.   | FOR          |

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|  |              |
|--|--------------|
| THE FUNDS will vote for proposals requesting that the board audit, compensation and/or nominating committees be composed of independent directors only. Committees should be composed entirely of independent directors in order to avoid conflicts of interest.   | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will vote against proposals from shareholders requesting an independent compensation consultant.   | AGAINST      |
| <b>Director Fees</b>   |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to set director fees.  | FOR          |
| <b>Minimum Stock Requirements by Directors</b>   |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote against proposals requiring directors to own a minimum number of shares of company stock in order to qualify as a director, or to remain on the board. Minimum stock ownership requirements can impose an across-the-board requirement that could prevent qualified individuals from serving as directors.   | AGAINST      |
| <b>Indemnification and Liability Provisions for Directors and Officers</b>   |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to allow indemnification of directors and officers, when the actions taken were on behalf of the company and no criminal violations occurred. THE FUNDS will also vote in favor of proposals to purchase liability insurance covering liability in connection with those actions. Not allowing companies to indemnify directors and officers to the degree possible under the law would limit the ability of the company to attract qualified individuals. | FOR          |
| Alternatively, THE FUNDS will vote against indemnity proposals that are overly broad. For example, THE FUNDS will oppose proposals to indemnify directors for acts going beyond mere carelessness, such as gross negligence, acts taken in bad faith, acts not otherwise allowed by state law or more serious violations of fiduciary obligations.   | AGAINST      |
| <b>Nominee Statement in the Proxy</b>  |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote against proposals that require board nominees to have a statement of candidacy in the proxy, since the proxy statement already provides adequate information pertaining to the election of directors.  | AGAINST      |
| <b>Director Tenure/Retirement Age</b>  |              |
| THE FUNDS will vote against proposals to limit the tenure of directors as such limitations based on an arbitrary number could prevent qualified individuals from serving as directors. However, THE FUNDS is in favor of inserting cautionary language when the average director tenure on the board exceeds 15 years for the entire board.  | AGAINST      |
| The Funds will vote for proposals to establish a mandatory retirement age for directors provided that such retirement age is not less than 65.   | FOR          |
| <b>Board Powers/Procedures/Qualifications</b>  |              |
| THE FUNDS will consider on a case-by-case basis proposals to amend the corporation's By-laws so that the Board of Directors shall have the power, without the assent or vote of the shareholders, to make, alter, amend, or rescind the By-laws, fix the amount to be  | CASE-BY-CASE |

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reserved as working capital, and fix the number of directors and what number shall constitute a quorum of the Board. In determining these issues, THE FUNDS will rely on the proxy voting Guidelines.

**Adjourn Meeting to Solicit Additional Votes**

THE FUNDS will examine proposals to adjourn the meeting to solicit additional votes on a case-by-case basis. As additional solicitation may be costly and could result in coercive pressure on shareholders, THE FUNDS will consider the nature of the proposal and its vote recommendations for the scheduled meeting.

CASE-BY-CASE

THE FUNDS will vote for this item when:

THE FUNDS is supportive of the underlying merger proposal; the company provides a sufficient, compelling reason to support the adjournment proposal; and the authority is limited to adjournment proposals requesting the authority to adjourn solely to solicit proxies to approve a transaction THE FUNDS supports.

FOR

**Reimbursement of Solicitation Expenses**

THE FUNDS will consider contested elections on a case-by-case basis, considering the following factors: long-term financial performance of the target company relative to its industry; management's track record; background of the proxy contest; qualifications of director or trustee nominees (both slates); evaluation of what each side is offering shareholders as well as the likelihood that the proposed objectives and goals can be met; and stock ownership positions.

CASE-BY-CASE

**Board Structure: Staggered vs. Annual Elections**

THE FUNDS will consider the issue of classified boards on a case-by-case basis. In some cases, the division of the board into classes, elected for staggered terms, can entrench the incumbent management and make them less responsive to shareholder concerns. On the other hand, in some cases, staggered elections may provide for the continuity of experienced directors on the Board.

CASE-BY-CASE

**Removal of Directors**

THE FUNDS will consider on a case-by-case basis proposals to eliminate shareholders' rights to remove directors with or without cause or only with approval of two-thirds or more of the shares entitled to vote.

CASE-BY-CASE

However, a requirement that a 75% or greater vote be obtained for removal of directors is abusive and will warrant a vote against the proposal.

AGAINST

**Board Vacancies**

THE FUNDS will vote against proposals that allow the board to fill vacancies without shareholder approval as these authorizations run contrary to basic shareholders' rights.

AGAINST

Alternatively, THE FUNDS will vote for proposals that permit shareholders to elect directors to fill board vacancies.

FOR

**Cumulative Voting**

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THE FUNDS will vote on proposals to permit or eliminate cumulative voting on a case-by-case basis based upon the existence of a counter balancing governance structure and company performance, in accordance with its proxy voting guideline philosophy. CASE-BY-CASE

THE FUNDS will vote against cumulative voting if the board is elected annually. AGAINST

**Board Size**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals that seek to fix the size of the board, as the ability for management to increase or decrease the size of the board in the face of a proxy contest may be used as a takeover defense. FOR

However, if the company has cumulative voting, downsizing the board may decrease a minority shareholder's chances of electing a director.

By increasing the size of the board, management can make it more difficult for dissidents to gain control of the board. Fixing the size of the board also prevents a reduction in the board size as a means to oust independent directors or those who cause friction within an otherwise homogenous board.

**Shareholder Rights Plan (Poison Pills)**

THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals that request a company to submit its poison pill for shareholder ratification. FOR

Alternatively, THE FUNDS will analyze proposals to redeem a company's poison pill, or requesting the ratification of a poison pill on a case-by-case basis. CASE-BY-CASE

Poison pills are one of the most potent anti-takeover measures and are generally adopted by boards without shareholder approval. These plans harm shareholder value and entrench management by deterring stock acquisition offers that are not favored by the board.

**Fair Price Provisions**

THE FUNDS will consider fair price provisions on a case-by-case basis, evaluating factors such as the vote required to approve the proposed mechanism, the vote required to approve the proposed acquisition, the vote required to repeal the fair price provision, and the mechanism for determining the fair price. CASE-BY-CASE

THE FUNDS will vote against fair price provisions with shareholder vote requirements of 75% or more of disinterested shares. AGAINST

**Greenmail**

THE FUNDS will generally vote in favor of proposals limiting the corporation's authority to purchase shares of common stock (or other outstanding securities) from a holder of a stated interest (5% or more) at a premium unless the same offer is made to all shareholders. These are known as anti-greenmail provisions. Greenmail discriminates against rank-and-file shareholders and may have an adverse effect on corporate image. FOR

If the proposal is bundled with other charter or bylaw amendments, THE FUNDS will analyze such proposals on a case-by-case basis. In addition, THE FUNDS will analyze restructurings that involve the payment of pale greenmail on a case-by-case basis. CASE-BY-CASE

**Table of Contents****Voting Rights**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals that seek to maintain or convert to a one-share, one-vote capital structure as such a principle ensures that management is accountable to all the company's owners. FOR

Alternatively, THE FUNDS will vote against any proposals to cap the number of votes a shareholder is entitled to. Any measure that places a ceiling on voting may entrench management and lessen its interest in maximizing shareholder value. AGAINST

**Dual Class/Multiple-Voting Stock**

THE FUNDS will vote against proposals that authorize, amend or increase dual class or multiple-voting stock which may be used in exchanges or recapitalizations. Dual class or multiple-voting stock carry unequal voting rights, which differ from those of the broadly traded class of common stock. AGAINST

Alternatively, THE FUNDS will vote for the elimination of dual class or multiple-voting stock, which carry different rights than the common stock. FOR

**Confidential Voting**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to adopt confidential voting. FOR

**Vote Tabulations**

THE FUNDS will vote against proposals asking corporations to refrain from counting abstentions and broker non-votes in their vote tabulations and to eliminate the company's discretion to vote unmarked proxy ballots. Vote counting procedures are determined by a number of different standards, including state law, the federal proxy rules, internal corporate policies, and mandates of the various stock exchanges. AGAINST

**Equal Access to the Proxy**

THE FUNDS will evaluate Shareholder proposals requiring companies to give shareholders access to the proxy ballot for the purpose of nominating board members, on a case-by-case basis taking into account the ownership threshold proposed in the resolution and the proponent's rationale for the proposal at the targeted company in terms of board and director conduct. CASE-BY-CASE

**Disclosure of Information**

THE FUNDS will vote against shareholder proposals requesting fuller disclosure of company policies, plans, or business practices. Such proposals rarely enhance shareholder return and in many cases would require disclosure of confidential business information. AGAINST

**Annual Meetings**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to amend procedures or change date or location of the annual meeting. Decisions as to procedures, dates or locations of meetings are best placed with management. FOR

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Alternatively, THE FUNDS will vote against proposals from shareholders calling for a change in the location or date of annual meetings as no date or location proposed will be acceptable to all shareholders. AGAINST

THE FUNDS will generally vote in favor of proposals to reduce the quorum necessary for shareholders meetings, subject to a minimum of a simple majority of the company's outstanding voting shares. FOR

**Shareholder Advisory Committees/Independent Inspectors**

THE FUNDS will vote against proposals seeking to establish shareholder advisory committees or independent inspectors. The existence of such bodies dilutes the responsibility of the board for managing the affairs of the corporation. AGAINST

**Technical Amendments to the Charter of Bylaws**

THE FUNDS will generally vote in favor of charter and bylaw amendments proposed solely to conform to modern business practices, for simplification, or to comply with what management's counsel interprets as applicable law. FOR

However, amendments that have a material effect on shareholder's rights will be considered on a case-by-case basis. CASE-BY-CASE

**Bundled Proposals**

THE FUNDS will vote for bundled or conditional proxy proposals on a case-by-case basis, as THE FUNDS will examine the benefits and costs of the packaged items, and determine if the effect of the conditioned items are in the best interests of shareholders. CASE-BY-CASE

**Dividends**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to allocate income and set dividends. FOR

THE FUNDS will also vote for proposals that authorize a dividend reinvestment program as it allows investors to receive additional stock in lieu of a cash dividend. FOR

However, if a proposal for a special bonus dividend is made that specifically rewards a certain class of shareholders over another, THE FUNDS will vote against the proposal. AGAINST

THE FUNDS will also vote against proposals from shareholders requesting management to redistribute profits or restructure investments. Management is best placed to determine how to allocate corporate earnings or set dividends. AGAINST

**Reduce the Par Value of the Common Stock**

FOR

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to reduce the par value of common stock.

**Preferred Stock Authorization**

THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to create preferred stock in cases where the FOR

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company expressly states that the stock will not be used as a takeover defense or carry superior voting rights, or where the stock may be used to consummate beneficial acquisitions, combinations or financings.

Alternatively, THE FUNDS will vote against proposals to authorize or issue preferred stock if the board has asked for the unlimited right to set the terms and conditions for the stock and may issue it for anti-takeover purposes without shareholder approval (blank check preferred stock). AGAINST

In addition, THE FUNDS will vote against proposals to issue preferred stock if the shares to be used have voting rights greater than those available to other shareholders. AGAINST

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to require shareholder approval of blank check preferred stock issues for other than general corporate purposes (white squire placements). FOR

**Preemptive Rights**

THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to eliminate preemptive rights. Preemptive rights are unnecessary to protect shareholder interests due to the size of most modern companies, the number of investors and the liquidity of trading. FOR

**Share Repurchase Plans**

THE FUNDS will vote for share repurchase plans, unless: FOR  
     there is clear evidence of past abuse of the authority; or AGAINST  
     the plan contains no safeguards against selective buy-backs. AGAINST

Corporate stock repurchases are a legitimate use of corporate funds and can add to long-term shareholder returns.

**Executive and Director Compensation Plans**

THE FUNDS will analyze on a case-by-case basis proposals on executive or director compensation plans, with the view that viable compensation programs reward the creation of stockholder wealth by having high payout sensitivity to increases in shareholder value. Such proposals may seek shareholder approval to adopt a new plan, or to increase shares reserved for an existing plan. CASE-BY-CASE

THE FUNDS will review the potential cost and dilutive effect of the plan. After determining how much the plan will cost, ISS evaluates whether the cost is reasonable by comparing the cost to an allowable cap. The allowable cap is industry-specific, market cap-base, and pegged to the average amount paid by companies performing in the top quartile of their peer groups. If the proposed cost is below the allowable cap, THE FUNDS will vote for the plan. ISS will also apply a pay for performance overlay in assessing equity-based compensation plans for Russell 3000 companies. FOR

If the proposed cost is above the allowable cap, THE FUNDS will vote against the plan. AGAINST

Among the plan features that may result in a vote against the plan are:

    plan administrators are given the authority to reprice or replace underwater options; repricing guidelines will conform to changes in the NYSE and NASDAQ listing rules. AGAINST

THE FUNDS will vote against equity plans that have high average three-year burn rate. (The



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|   |              |
|---|--------------|
| burn rate is calculated as the total number of stock awards and stock options granted any given year divided by the number of common shares outstanding.) THE FUNDS will define a high average three-year burn rate as the following: The company's most recent three-year burn rate exceeds one standard deviation of its four-digit GICS peer group segmented by Russell 3000 index and non-Russell 3000 index; and the company's most recent three-year burn rate exceeds 2% of common shares outstanding. For companies that grant both full value awards and stock options to their employees, THE FUNDS shall apply a premium on full value awards for the past three fiscal years. | AGAINST      |
| Even if the equity plan fails the above burn rate, THE FUNDS will vote for the plan if the company commits in a public filing to a three-year average burn rate equal to its GICS group burn rate mean plus one standard deviation. If the company fails to fulfill its burn rate commitment, THE FUNDS will consider withholding from the members of the compensation committee.   | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will calculate a higher award value for awards that have Dividend Equivalent Rights (DER's) associated with them.   | CASE-BY-CASE |
| THE FUNDS will generally vote for shareholder proposals requiring performance-based stock options unless the proposal is overly restrictive or the company demonstrates that it is using a substantial portion of performance-based awards for its top executives.  | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will vote for shareholder proposals asking the company to expense stock options, as a result of the FASB final rule on expensing stock options.   |              |
| THE FUNDS will generally vote for shareholder proposals to exclude pension fund income in the calculation of earnings used in determining executive bonuses/compensation.   | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will generally vote for TSO awards within a new equity plan if the total cost of the equity plan is less than the company's allowable cap.  | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will generally vote against shareholder proposals to ban future stock option grants to executives. This may be supportable in extreme cases where a company is a serial repricer, has a huge overhang, or has highly dilutive, broad-based (non-approved) plans and is not acting to correct the situation.   | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will evaluate shareholder proposals asking companies to adopt holding periods for their executives on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration the company's current holding period or officer share ownership requirements, as well as actual officer stock ownership in the company.  | AGAINST      |
| For certain OBRA-related proposals, THE FUNDS will vote for plan provisions that (a) place a cap on annual grants or amend administrative features, and (b) add performance criteria to existing compensation plans to comply with the provisions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.   | CASE-BY-CASE |
| In addition, director compensation plans may also include stock plans that provide directors with the option of taking all or a portion of their cash compensation in the form of stock. THE FUNDS will consider these plans based on their voting power dilution.  | FOR          |
| THE FUNDS will generally vote for retirement plans for directors.   |              |
| THE FUNDS will evaluate compensation proposals (Tax Havens) requesting share option   | CASE-BY-CASE |

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schemes or amending an existing share option scheme on a case-by-case basis.

Stock options align management interests with those of shareholders by motivating executives to maintain stock price appreciation. Stock options, however, may harm shareholders by diluting each owner's interest. In addition, exercising options can shift the balance of voting power by increasing executive ownership.

CASE-BY-CASE

**Bonus Plans**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to adopt annual or long-term cash or cash-and-stock bonus plans on a case-by-case basis. These plans enable companies qualify for a tax deduction under the provisions of Section 162(m) of the IRC. Payouts under these plans may either be in cash or stock and are usually tied to the attainment of certain financial or other performance goals. THE FUNDS will consider whether the plan is comparable to plans adopted by companies of similar size in the company's industry and whether it is justified by the company's performance.

CASE-BY-CASE

**Deferred Compensation Plans**

THE FUNDS will generally vote for proposals to adopt or amend deferred compensation plans as they allow the compensation committee to tailor the plan to the needs of the executives or board of directors, unless

FOR

the proposal is embedded in an executive or director compensation plan that is contrary to guidelines

AGAINST

**Disclosure on Executive or Director Compensation Cap or Restrict Executive or Director Compensation**

THE FUNDS will generally vote for shareholder proposals requiring companies to report on their executive retirement benefits (deferred compensation, split-dollar life insurance, SERPs, and pension benefits).

FOR

THE FUNDS will generally vote for shareholder proposals requesting to put extraordinary benefits contained in SERP agreements to a shareholder vote, unless the company's executive pension plans do not contain excessive benefits beyond what is offered under employee-wide plans.

FOR

THE FUNDS will generally vote against proposals seek to limit executive and director pay.

AGAINST

**Tax-Gross-Up Payments**

THE FUNDS will examine on a case-by-case basis proposals calling for companies to adopt a policy of not providing tax gross-up payments to executives.

CASE-BY-CASE

**Relocation Benefits**

The FUNDS will not consider relocation benefits as a problematic pay practice in connection with management say-on-pay proposals.

**Exchange Offers/Re-Pricing**

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The FUNDS will not vote against option exchange programs made available to executives and directors that are otherwise found acceptable.

**Golden and Tin Parachutes**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals that seek shareholder ratification of golden or tin parachutes as shareholders should have the opportunity to approve or disapprove of these severance agreements. FOR

Alternatively, THE FUNDS will examine on a case-by-case basis proposals that seek to ratify or cancel golden or tin parachutes. Effective parachutes may encourage management to consider takeover bids more fully and may also enhance employee morale and productivity. Among the arrangements that will be considered on their merits are: CASE-BY-CASE

arrangements guaranteeing key employees continuation of base salary for more than three years or lump sum payment of more than three times base salary plus retirement benefits;

guarantees of benefits if a key employee voluntarily terminates;

guarantees of benefits to employees lower than very senior management; and

indemnification of liability for excise taxes.

By contrast, THE FUNDS will vote against proposals that would guarantee benefits in a management-led buyout. AGAINST

**Stakeholder Laws**

THE FUNDS will vote against resolutions that would allow the Board to consider stakeholder interests (local communities, employees, suppliers, creditors, etc.) when faced with a takeover offer. AGAINST

Similarly, THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to opt out of stakeholder laws, which permit directors, when taking action, to weight the interests of constituencies other than shareholders in the process of corporate decision-making. Such laws allow directors to consider nearly any factor they deem relevant in discharging their duties. FOR

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**Mergers/Acquisitions and Corporate Restructurings**

THE FUNDS will consider proposals on mergers and acquisitions on a case-by-case basis. THE FUNDS will determine if the transaction is in the best economic interests of the shareholders. CASE-BY-CASE

THE FUNDS will take into account the following factors:

anticipated financial and operating benefits;

offer price (cost versus premium);

prospects for the combined companies;

how the deal was negotiated;

changes in corporate governance and their impact on shareholder rights.

In addition, THE FUNDS will also consider whether current shareholders would control a minority of the combined company's outstanding voting power, and whether a reputable financial advisor was retained in order to ensure the protection of shareholders' interests. CASE-BY-CASE

On all other business transactions, i.e. corporate restructuring, spin-offs, asset sales, liquidations, and restructurings, THE FUNDS will analyze such proposals on a case-by-case basis and utilize the majority of the above factors in determining what is in the best interests of shareholders. Specifically, for liquidations, the cost versus premium factor may not be applicable, but THE FUNDS may also review the compensation plan for executives managing the liquidation. CASE-BY-CASE

**Appraisal Rights**

THE FUNDS will vote for proposals to restore, or provide shareholders with rights of appraisal. FOR

Rights of appraisal provide shareholders who are not satisfied with the terms of certain corporate transactions (such as mergers) the right to demand a judicial review in order to determine the fair value of their shares.

**Mutual Fund Proxies**

THE FUNDS will vote mutual fund proxies on a case-by-case basis. CASE-BY-CASE

Proposals may include, and are not limited to, the following issues:

eliminating the need for annual meetings of mutual fund shareholders;

entering into or extending investment advisory agreements and management contracts;

permitting securities lending and participation in repurchase agreements;

changing fees and expenses; and

changing investment policies.

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**APPENDIX B**  
**TO**  
**PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES**

Members of Funds Management Proxy Voting Committee

**Thomas C. Biwer, CFA**

Mr. Biwer has over 40 years of experience in finance and investments. He has served as an investment analyst, portfolio strategist, and corporate pension officer. He received B.S. and M.B.A. degrees from the University of Illinois and has earned the right to use the CFA designation.

**Erik J. Sens, CFA**

Mr. Sens has over 25 years of investment industry experience. He has served as an investment analyst and portfolio manager. He received undergraduate degrees in Finance and Philosophy from the University of San Francisco and has earned the right to use the CFA designation.

**Travis L. Keshemberg, CFA**

Mr. Keshemberg has over 20 years of experience in the investment industry. He has served as a overlay portfolio manager and investment consultant. He holds a Masters Degree from the University of Wisconsin Milwaukee and Bachelors degree from Marquette University. He has earned the right to use the CFA, CIPM and CIMA designations.

**Aldo Ceccarelli, CFA**

Mr. Ceccarelli has over 14 years of investment industry experience. He has served as a fixed income analyst and head of the Funds Management investments team. He earned his bachelor s degree in business administration with an emphasis in economics from Santa Clara University and has earned the right to use the CFA designation.

**Melissa Duller, CIMA**

Ms. Duller has over 16 years of experience in the investment industry. She has served as an investment analyst and as a regional investment manager for high net worth individuals, personal trusts, and charitable foundations. She has earned the right to use the CIMA designation.

**ITEM 8. PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES**  
**PORTFOLIO MANAGERS**

**Timothy O Brien**

Mr. O Brien is a managing partner at Crow Point Partners LLC. Prior to founding Crow Point in 2006, he was a managing director and senior portfolio manager with the Value Equity team of Evergreen Investments Equity Management group. Mr. O Brien has been in the investment management industry since 1983.

**Kandarp Acharya, CFA, FRM**

Mr. Acharya is a senior portfolio manager on the Wells Capital Management Solutions team. He joined WellsCap in 2013 from Wells Fargo's Wealth Management Group (WMG) where he led their Advanced Analytics and Quantitative Research Group. At WMG, he led the development of RiskOptics, a patent-pending multi-asset risk model, as well as the development and implementation of quantitative tactical allocation models as a member of their Asset Allocation Committee. Earlier in his career, Kandarp served in various capacities at Strong Capital Management, including fixed income research, risk management, and overlay portfolio management. He earned his bachelor's degree in electronics engineering from the Maharaja Sayajirao University in India, master's degree in electrical and computer engineering from Marquette University, and a master's in business administration from the University of Chicago. Kandarp has earned the right to use the CFA and FRM designations.

**Christian Chan, CFA**

Mr. Chan is the head of the Customized Investment Solutions team at Wells Capital Management. In this capacity, he develops and manages multi-asset investment solutions for institutional clients. Christian joined WellsCap in 2013 from Wells Fargo Funds Management where he served as the head of investments since 2002. Prior to this, he worked as director of investments at mPower Advisors, LLC and as a senior analyst with Asset Strategy Consulting. Christian has been in the investment industry

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since 1997. He earned his bachelor's degree in American studies from the University of California, Los Angeles. He has earned the right to use the CFA designation.

**OTHER FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS MANAGED**

The following table provides information about the registered investment companies and other pooled investment vehicles and accounts managed by the portfolio manager of the Fund as of the Fund's most recent year ended October 31, 2014.

**Timothy O Brien**

|   | Other Registered<br>Investment Companies | Other Pooled<br>Investment Vehicles | Other<br>Accounts |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| I manage the following types of accounts: |  |                                     |                   |
| Number of above accounts                  | 2  | 0                                   | 0                 |
| Total assets of above accounts (millions) | \$ 525                                   | \$ 0.0                              | \$ 0.0            |

performance based fee accounts:

|   | Other<br>Registered<br>Investment<br>Companies | Other<br>Pooled<br>Investment<br>Vehicles | Other<br>Accounts |
|---|--|---|-------------------|
| I manage the following types of accounts: |  |   |                   |
| Number of above accounts                  | 0  | 0   | 0                 |
| Total assets of above accounts (millions) | \$ 0.0   | \$ 0.0                                    | \$ 0.0            |

**Kandarp Acharya**

|   | Other Registered<br>Investment Companies | Other Pooled<br>Investment Vehicles | Other<br>Accounts |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| I manage the following types of accounts: |  |                                     |                   |
| Number of above accounts                  | 11                                       | 1                                   | 0                 |
| Total assets of above accounts (millions) | \$ 5,132.48                              | \$ 85                               | \$ 0.0            |

performance based fee accounts:

|   | Other<br>Registered<br>Investment<br>Companies | Other<br>Pooled<br>Investment<br>Vehicles | Other<br>Accounts |
|---|--|---|-------------------|
| I manage the following types of accounts: |  |   |                   |
| Number of above accounts                  | 0  | 0   | 0                 |
| Total assets of above accounts (millions) | \$ 0.0   | \$ 0.0                                    | \$ 0.0            |

**Christian Chan**



|   | Other Registered<br>Investment Companies | Other Pooled<br>Investment Vehicles | Other<br>Accounts |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| I manage the following types of accounts: |  |                                     |                   |
| Number of above accounts                  | 0  | 0                                   | 0                 |
| Total assets of above accounts (millions) | \$ 0.0                                   | \$ 0.0                              | \$ 0.0            |

performance based fee accounts:

|   | Other<br>Registered<br>Investment<br>Companies | Other<br>Pooled<br>Investment<br>Vehicles | Other<br>Accounts |
|---|--|---|-------------------|
| I manage the following types of accounts: |  |   |                   |
| Number of above accounts                  | 11   | 1   | 0                 |
| Total assets of above accounts (millions) | \$ 5,132.48                                    | \$ 85                                     | \$ 0.0            |

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### **MATERIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

The Portfolio Managers face inherent conflicts of interest in their day-to-day management of the Funds and other accounts because the Funds may have different investment objectives, strategies and risk profiles than the other accounts managed by the Portfolio Managers. For instance, to the extent that the Portfolio Managers manage accounts with different investment strategies than the Funds, they may from time to time be inclined to purchase securities, including initial public offerings, for one account but not for a Fund. Additionally, some of the accounts managed by the Portfolio Managers may have different fee structures, including performance fees, which are or have the potential to be higher or lower, in some cases significantly higher or lower, than the fees paid by the Funds. The differences in fee structures may provide an incentive to the Portfolio Managers to allocate more favorable trades to the higher-paying accounts.

To minimize the effects of these inherent conflicts of interest, the Sub-Advisers have adopted and implemented policies and procedures, including brokerage and trade allocation policies and procedures, that they believe address the potential conflicts associated with managing portfolios for multiple clients and ensure that all clients are treated fairly and equitably. Additionally, some of the Sub-Advisers minimize inherent conflicts of interest by assigning the Portfolio Managers to accounts having similar objectives. Accordingly, security block purchases are allocated to all accounts with similar objectives in proportionate weightings. Furthermore, the Sub-Advisers have adopted a Code of Ethics under Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act and Rule 204A-1 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (the Advisers Act ) to address potential conflicts associated with managing the Funds and any personal accounts the Portfolio Managers may maintain.

#### **Crow Point.**

Crow Point manages other investment vehicles, including some that may have investment objectives and strategies similar to the Fund s. The management of multiple funds and other accounts may require the portfolio manager to devote less than all of his or her time to the Fund, particularly if the other funds and accounts have different objectives, benchmarks and time horizons. The portfolio manager may also be required to allocate his or her investment ideas across multiple funds and accounts. In addition, if a portfolio manager identifies a limited investment opportunity, such as an initial public offering, that may be suitable for more than one fund or other account, the Fund may not be able to take full advantage of that opportunity due to, for example, an allocation of that investment across all eligible funds and accounts. Further, security purchase and sale orders for multiple accounts often are aggregated for purpose of execution. Although such aggregation generally benefits clients, it may cause the price or brokerage costs to be less favorable to a particular client than if similar transactions were not being executed concurrently for other accounts. It may also happen that the Fund s advisor or subadvisor will determine that it would be in the best interest, and consistent with the investment policies, of another account to sell a security (including by means of a short sale) that the Fund holds long, potentially resulting in a decrease in the market value of the security held by the Fund.

The structure of a portfolio manager s or an investment advisor s compensation may create an incentive for the portfolio manager or investment advisor to favor accounts whose performance has a greater impact on such compensation. The portfolio manager may, for example, have an incentive to allocate favorable or limited opportunity investments or structure the timing of investments to favor such accounts. Similarly, if a portfolio manager holds a larger personal investment in one fund than he or she does in another, the portfolio manager may have an incentive to favor the fund in which he or she holds a larger stake.

In general, Crow Point has policies and procedures that attempt to address the various potential conflicts of interest described above. However, there is no guarantee that such procedures will detect or address each and every situation

where a conflict arises.

All employees of Crow Point are bound by the company's Code of Ethics and compliance policies and procedures. Crow Point's chief compliance officer monitors and reviews compliance regularly. Crow Point's Code of Ethics and compliance procedures have been reviewed and accepted by Wells Fargo Funds Management. In addition, side-by-side trading rules have been agreed between Wells Fargo Funds Management and Crow Point as part of existing sub-advisory arrangements which are intended to ensure that shareholders of the sub-advised Wells Fargo funds are treated equitably by Crow Point with respect to investments, trading and allocations.

### **Wells Capital Management**

Wells Capital Management's Portfolio Managers often provide investment management for separate accounts advised in the same or similar investment style as that provided to mutual funds. While management of multiple accounts could potentially lead to conflicts of interest over various issues such as trade allocation, fee disparities and research acquisition, Wells Capital Management has implemented policies and procedures for the express purpose of ensuring that clients are treated fairly and that potential conflicts of interest are minimized.

### **COMPENSATION**

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The Portfolio Managers were compensated by their employing sub-adviser from the fees the Adviser paid the Sub-Adviser using the following compensation structure:

**Crow Point.** Portfolio managers at Crow Point are paid a fixed salary and participate in the profits of the firm in proportion to their equity ownership in the firm.

**Wells Capital Management Compensation.** The compensation structure for Wells Capital Management’s Portfolio Managers includes a competitive fixed base salary plus variable incentives (Wells Capital Management utilizes investment management compensation surveys as confirmation). Incentive bonuses are typically tied to pretax relative investment performance of all accounts under his or her management within acceptable risk parameters. Relative investment performance is generally evaluated for 1, 3, and 5 year performance results, with a predominant weighting on the 3- and 5- year time periods, versus the relevant benchmarks and/or peer groups consistent with the investment style. This evaluation takes into account relative performance of the accounts to each account’s individual benchmark and/or the relative composite performance of all accounts to one or more relevant benchmarks consistent with the overall investment style. In the case of each Fund, the benchmark(s) against which the performance of the Fund’s portfolio may be compared for these purposes generally are indicated in the Performance sections of the Prospectuses.

**BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF THE FUND**

The following table shows for each Portfolio Manager the dollar value of the Fund beneficially owned by the Portfolio Manager as of October 31, 2014:

|                 |                      |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| Timothy O Brien | \$ 10,001 - \$50,000 |
| Kandarp Acharya | none                 |
| Christian Chan  | none                 |

**ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 10. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS**

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the Registrant’s board of trustees that have been implemented since the Registrant’s last provided disclosure in response to the requirements of this Item.

**ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

(a) The President and Treasurer have concluded that the Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity Fund (the Fund) disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) provide reasonable assurances that material information relating to the Fund is made known to them by the appropriate persons based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing of this report.

(b) There were no significant changes in the Fund's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 12. EXHIBITS

(a)(1) Code of Ethics pursuant to Item 2 of Form N-CSR is filed and attached hereto as Exhibit COE.

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(a)(2) Certification pursuant to Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.30a-2(a)) is filed and attached hereto as Exhibit 99.CERT.

(a)(3) Not applicable.

(b) Certification pursuant to Rule 30a-2(b) under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.30a-2(b)) is filed and attached hereto as Exhibit 99.906CERT.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity F

By:

/s/ Karla M. Rabusch

Karla M. Rabusch  
President

Date: December 23, 2014

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Wells Fargo Advantage Global Dividend Opportunity F

By:

/s/ Karla M. Rabusch

Karla M. Rabusch  
President

Date: December 23, 2014

By:

/s/ Nancy Wiser

Nancy Wiser  
Treasurer

Date: December 23, 2014