

Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

METWOOD INC  
Form 10QSB  
November 14, 2003

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2003

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 12 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 000-05391

METWOOD, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA  
(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation)

83-0210365  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

819 Naff Road, Boones Mill, VA 24065  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(540) 334-4294 (Issuer's telephone number)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by  
Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such  
shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2)  
has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  
Yes  No

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of November 11, 2003:  
12,057,549

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one) Yes  No

METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY  
TABLE OF CONTENTS - FORM 10-QSB

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

# Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

Consolidated Balance Sheet As of September 30, 2003

Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three Months  
Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months  
Ended September 30, 2003 and 2002

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Item 2 Management's Discussion and Analysis

Item 3 Controls and Procedures

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6 Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

Signatures

Index to Exhibits

ii

### METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 (UNAUDITED)

#### ASSETS

##### Current Assets

|                         |           |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Cash                    | \$109,272 |
| Accounts receivable     | 248,885   |
| Inventory               | 392,851   |
| Prepaid expenses        | 39,049    |
| Refundable income taxes | 8,269     |

|                      |         |
|----------------------|---------|
| Total current assets | 798,326 |
|----------------------|---------|

##### Property and Equipment

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment           | 37,390  |
| Computer hardware, software and peripherals | 97,652  |
| Machinery and shop equipment                | 187,387 |
| Vehicles                                    | 176,239 |
| Buildings and improvements                  | 794,030 |
| Land and land improvements                  | 180,142 |

|                               |           |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
|                               | 1,472,840 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (281,599) |

Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

|                            |             |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Net property and equipment | 1,191,241   |
| Goodwill                   | 253,088     |
|                            | -----       |
| TOTAL ASSETS               | \$2,242,655 |
|                            | =====       |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

1

METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2003  
(UNAUDITED)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities

|                                       |           |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$132,179 |
| Bank line of credit                   | 545,200   |
|                                       | -----     |
| Total current liabilities             | 677,379   |

Long-term Liabilities

|                     |         |
|---------------------|---------|
| Note payable        | 2,038   |
| Deferred income tax | 55,093  |
|                     | -----   |
| Total liabilities   | 734,510 |
|                     | -----   |

Stockholders' Equity

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| Common stock, \$.001 par, 100,000,000 shares authorized;<br>12,057,549 shares issued and outstanding | 12,058    |
| Common stock not yet issued (\$.001 par, 4,950 shares)   | 5         |
| Additional paid-in capital   | 1,346,541 |
| Retained earnings  | 149,541   |

Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| Total stockholders' equity                    | 1,508,145   |
| -----   |             |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES<br>AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$2,242,655 |
| =====   |             |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

2

METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002  
(UNAUDITED)

|                            | 2003      | 2002      |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                            | -----     | -----     |
| REVENUES                   |           |           |
| Construction sales         | \$523,148 | \$437,197 |
| Engineering sales          | 72,410    | 33,454    |
|                            | -----     | -----     |
| Gross Sales                | 595,558   | 470,651   |
| Cost of construction sales | 301,174   | 232,907   |
| Cost of engineering sales  | 37,478    | 41,751    |
|                            | -----     | -----     |
| Gross cost of sales        | 338,652   | 274,658   |
|                            | -----     | -----     |
| Gross Profit               | 256,906   | 195,993   |
|                            | -----     | -----     |
| ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES    |           |           |
| Advertising                | 6,915     | 3,196     |
| Depreciation               | 12,637    | 10,741    |
| Insurance                  | 8,681     | 8,419     |
| Payroll taxes              | 7,025     | 7,201     |
| Professional fees          | 5,301     | 21,414    |

Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

|                                      |            |            |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Salaries and wages                   | 106,701    | 94,038     |
| Telephone                            | 5,714      | 4,609      |
| Travel                               | 2,828      | 3,577      |
| Vehicle                              | 5,907      | 5,755      |
| Other                                | 32,616     | 33,675     |
|                                      | -----      | -----      |
| Total administrative expenses        | 194,325    | 192,625    |
|                                      | -----      | -----      |
| Operating income                     | 144,327    | 82,033     |
| Other income (expense)               | 6,164      | (60)       |
|                                      | -----      | -----      |
| Income before income taxes           | 150,491    | 81,973     |
| Income taxes                         | 24,837     | 1,415      |
|                                      | -----      | -----      |
| Net income                           | \$125,654  | \$80,558   |
|                                      | =====      | =====      |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | **         | **         |
| Weighted average number of shares    | 12,053,245 | 12,053,549 |

\*\*Less than \$.01

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

3

METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 AND 2002  
(UNAUDITED)

|   | 2003     | 2002   |
|---|----------|--------|
|   | -----    | -----  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                                      |          |        |
| Net income  | \$43,908 | \$1,89 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities |          |        |
| Depreciation  | 23,200   | 18,12  |
| Common stock issued for services  | 3,500    |        |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                              |          |        |
| Decrease in accounts receivable   | 70,367   | 36,35  |
| Increase in inventory   | (46,381) | (2     |
| Increase in prepaid expenses  | (11,987) | (12,13 |

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

|  |           |         |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses | (4,198)   | 5,03    |
| Increase (decrease) in current income taxes payable          | 17,069    | (16,05) |
| Increase in deferred income taxes                            | 7,768     | 17,47   |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| Net cash from operating activities                           | 103,246   | 50,65   |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| <br>CASH FLOWS USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES                 |           |         |
| Expenditures for fixed assets                                | (37,844)  | (42,15) |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| Net cash used for investing activities                       | (37,844)  | (42,15) |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| <br>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                     |           |         |
| Net borrowings from related party                            | 12,622    |         |
| Net borrowings (repayment) of note payable                   | 3,566     | (21,75) |
| Net borrowings (repayment) under line-of-credit agreement    | 18,200    | (10,00) |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| Net cash from (used in) financing activities                 | 34,388    | (31,75) |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash                              | 99,790    | (23,25) |
| Cash, beginning of the year                                  | 9,482     | 78,08   |
|  | -----     | -----   |
| Cash, end of the period                                      | \$109,272 | \$54,82 |
|  | =====     | =====   |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

4

METWOOD, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2003  
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business Activity - Metwood, Inc. ("Metwood") was organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia on April 7, 1993. On June 30, 2000, Metwood entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization in which the majority of its outstanding common stock was acquired by a publicly held Nevada shell corporation. The acquisition was a tax-free exchange for federal and state income tax purposes and was accounted for as a reverse merger in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 16. Upon acquisition, the name of the shell corporation was changed to Metwood, Inc., and Metwood, Inc., the Virginia corporation, became a wholly owned subsidiary of Metwood, Inc., the Nevada corporation. The publicly traded shell corporation had not had a material

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

operating history for several years prior to the merger.

Effective January 1, 2002, Metwood acquired certain assets of Providence Engineering, P.C. ("Providence"), a professional engineering firm with customers in the same proximity as Metwood. The total purchase price of \$350,000 was paid with \$60,000 in cash and with 290,000 shares of the Company's common stock to the two Providence shareholders. These shares were valued at the closing active quoted market price of the stock at the effective date of the purchase, which was \$1.00 per share. One of the shareholders of Providence was also an officer and existing shareholder of Metwood prior to the acquisition. The transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. The purchase price was allocated as follows:

|                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| Accounts receivable | \$ 75,000 |
| Fixed assets        | 45,000    |
| Goodwill            | 230,000   |
|                     | -----     |
| Total               | \$350,000 |
|                     | =====     |

The consolidated company ("the Company") provides construction-related products and engineering services to residential customers and contractors, commercial contractors, developers and retail enterprises, primarily in southwestern Virginia.

Basis of Presentation - The financial statements include the accounts of Metwood, Inc. (a Nevada corporation) and its wholly owned subsidiary, Metwood Inc. (a Virginia corporation) prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all the adjustments necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading. The results for the period ended September 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year ending June 30, 2004.

5

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - For certain of the Company's financial instruments, none of which are held for trading, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and the bank lines of credit, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

Management's Use of Estimates - The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable - The Company grants credit in the form of unsecured

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

accounts receivable to its customers based on an evaluation of their financial condition. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers. The estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts, which is charged off to bad debt expense, is based on management's assessment of current economic conditions and historical collection experience with each customer. At September 30, 2003, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$0. Specific customer receivables are considered past due when they are outstanding beyond their contractual terms and are charged off to the allowance for doubtful accounts when determined uncollectible. For both the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, the bad debt expense was \$0.

Inventory - Inventory, consisting of metal and wood raw materials, is located on the Company's premises and is stated at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method.

Property and Equipment - Property and equipment are recorded at cost and include expenditures for improvements when they substantially increase the productive lives of existing assets. Maintenance and repair costs are expensed to operations as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives, which range from three to forty years.

When a fixed asset is disposed of, its cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts. The difference between undepreciated cost and the proceeds from disposition is recorded as a gain or loss.

Goodwill - In June 2001 the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." This statement requires that goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have an indefinite life not be amortized. Instead, such assets are to be tested for impairment annually or immediately if conditions indicate that such an impairment could exist. Transition to the new rules of SFAS 142 requires the completion of a transitional impairment test of goodwill within the first year of adoption. The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS 142 beginning July 1, 2002 and completed the transitional impairment test of goodwill as of July 1, 2002 and again as of June 30, 2003 using discounted cash flow estimates and found no goodwill impairment.

6

Patents - The Company has been assigned several key product patents developed by certain Company officers. No value has been recorded in the Company's financial statements because the fair value of the patents was not determinable within reasonable limits at the date of assignment.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets - In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." SFAS No. 144 generally establishes a standard framework within which to measure impairment of long-lived assets and expands APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations -- Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions," to include a component of the entity rather than a segment of the business. SFAS No. 144 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 has had no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition and consolidated cash flows.

Revenue Recognition - Revenue is recognized when goods are shipped and earned or when services are performed, provided collection of the resulting receivable is probable. If any material contingencies are present, revenue recognition is delayed until all material contingencies are eliminated. Further, no revenue is



## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

recognized unless collection of the applicable consideration is probable.

**Income Taxes** - Income taxes are accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." A deferred tax asset or liability is recorded for all temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and for net operating loss carryforwards, where applicable. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or the entire deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effect of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

**Research and Development** - The Company performs research and development on its metal/wood products, new product lines, and new patents. Costs, if any, are expensed as they are incurred. For the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, the expenses relating to research and development were approximately \$6,700 and \$6,900, respectively.

**Earnings Per Common Share** - Basic earnings per share amounts are based on the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding. If applicable, diluted earnings per share would assume the conversion, exercise or issuance of all potential common stock instruments such as options, warrants and convertible securities, unless the effect is to reduce a loss or increase earnings per share. This presentation has been adopted for the quarters presented. There were no adjustments required to net income for the years presented in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

**Reclassifications** - Certain items in the financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2002 have been reclassified to conform to the September 30, 2003 financial statement presentation.

7

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements** - In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," which requires companies to record a liability for asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred if a reasonable estimate of their fair value can be made. The statement applies to a company's legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that results from the acquisition, construction, or development and (or) the normal operation of a long-lived asset. When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a company capitalizes the asset retirement cost by increasing the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset by the same amount as the liability. The capitalized asset retirement cost is depreciated over the life of the respective asset, while the liability is accreted to its present value. Upon settlement of the liability, the obligation is settled at its recorded amount, or the company inc of this statement has had no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In April 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections." This statement rescinds FASB Statement No. 4, "Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt"; an amendment of that statement, FASB Statement No. 64, "Extinguishments of Debt Made to Satisfy Sinking-Fund Requirements"; and FASB Statement No. 44, "Accounting for Intangible Assets of Motor Carriers." This statement also amends FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," to eliminate an inconsistency between the required accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and the required accounting for certain lease modifications that have economic effects that are similar to sale-leaseback transactions. The adoption of this statement has had no material impact on the

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." This statement nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)." This statement requires that a liability for costs associated with an exit or disposal activity be recognized when the liability is incurred instead of at the date an entity commits to an exit plan. The statement is effective for exit and disposal activities entered into after December 31, 2002. The adoption of this statement has had no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-- Transition and Disclosure--an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123." This statement amends SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," to allow for alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair-value-based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. This statement also amends FASB No. 123 to require disclosure of the accounting method used for valuation in both annual and interim financial statements. It permits an entity to recognize compensation expense under the prospective method, modified prospective method, or the retroactive restatement method. If an entity elects to adopt this statement, financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2003 must include this change in accounting for stock-based employee compensation.

8

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149 "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." This statement amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (collectively referred to as derivatives) and for hedging activities under FASB Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." The effective date for implementation of this statement is for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003. The adoption of this statement has had no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity." This statement establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that an issuer classify a financial instrument that is within its scope as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). The remaining provisions of this statement are consistent with the Board's proposal to revise the definition of liabilities to encompass certain obligations that a reporting entity can or must settle by issuing its own equity shares, depending on the nature of the relationship established between the holder and the issuer. This statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The adoption of this statement has had no material impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

### NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Net income and earnings per share for the three months ending September 30, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

|  | 2003       | 2002       |
|--|------------|------------|
| Net income                                 | \$43,908   | \$1,893    |
| Income per share - basic and fully diluted | **         | **         |
| Weighted average number of shares          | 12,053,245 | 12,053,549 |

\*\*Less than \$.01

### NOTE 3 - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 are summarized as follows:

|                | 2003    | 2002    |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| Cash paid for: |         |         |
| Income taxes   | \$--    | \$--    |
| Interest       | \$5,592 | \$2,128 |

9

### NOTE 4 - RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

From time to time, the Company contracts with a construction company related through common ownership and from whom the Company earns equipment rental fees. There were no fees earned for the three months ended September 30, 2003 or 2002. The Company did, however, enter into certain agreements with the related party in which the related party transferred ownership of two vehicles to the Company in exchange for the Company's note. The net amount payable to the related party was \$12,622 at September 30, 2003 and \$0 at September 30, 2002. Also, for the three months ended September 30, 2003, the Company had sales of \$9,526 to its shareholder and CEO, Robert M. Callahan. As of September 30, 2003, the related receivable was still outstanding.

### NOTE 5 - BANK CREDIT LINE

The Company has available a \$600,000 revolving line of credit with a local bank. Interest is payable monthly on the outstanding balance at the prime lending rate, which was 4.0% as of September 30, 2003. The note is secured by accounts receivable, equipment, general intangibles, inventory, and fixtures and furniture. The note is personally guaranteed by the Company's CEO. The balance outstanding as of September 30, 2003 was \$545,200.

### NOTE 6 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operates in two principal business segments: (1) construction-related products and (2) engineering services. Performance of each segment is evaluated based on profit or loss from operations before income taxes. These reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. Summarized revenue and expense information by segment for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002, as excerpted from internal management reports, is as follows:

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

| Construction:                | 2003      | 2002       |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
|                              |           |            |
| Sales                        | \$523,148 | \$437,197  |
| Intersegment expenses        | (240)     | (200)      |
| Cost of sales                | (301,174) | (232,907)  |
| Corporate and other expenses | (186,933) | (179,322)  |
|                              | \$34,801  | \$24,768   |
| Engineering:                 |           |            |
|                              |           |            |
| Sales                        | \$72,410  | \$33,454   |
| Intersegment revenues        | 240       | 200        |
| Cost of sales                | (37,478)  | (41,751)   |
| Corporate and other expenses | (26,065)  | (14,777)   |
|                              | \$9,107   | \$(22,874) |

10

### ITEM 2 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

With the exception of historical facts stated herein, the matters discussed in this report are "forward-looking" statements that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results. Such "forward-looking" statements include, but are not necessarily limited to, statements regarding anticipated levels of future revenues and earnings from operations of the Company. Readers of this report are cautioned not to put undue reliance on "forward-looking" statements, which are by their nature, uncertain as reliable indicators of future performance.

#### Description of Business

##### Background

As discussed in detail in Note 1, the Company was incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia on April 7, 1993 and, on June 30, 2000, entered into a reverse merger in which it became the wholly owned subsidiary of a public Nevada shell corporation, renamed Metwood, Inc. Effective January 1, 2002, Metwood acquired certain assets of Providence Engineering, P.C. in a transaction accounted for under the purchase method of accounting.

##### Principal Products/Services and Markets

###### Metwood

Residential builders are aware of the superiority of steel framing vs. wood framing, insofar as steel framing is lighter; stronger; termite, pest, rot and fire resistant; and dimensionally more stable in withstanding induced loads. Although use of steel framing in residential construction has generally increased each year since 1980, many residential builders have been hesitant to utilize steel due to the need to retrain framers and subcontractors who are accustomed to a "stick-built" construction method where components are laid out and assembled with nails and screws. The Company's founders, Robert ("Mike") Callahan and Ronald Shiflett, saw the need to combine the strength and durability of steel with the convenience and familiarity of wood and wood fasteners.

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

Metwood manufactures light-gage steel construction materials, usually combined with wood or wood fasteners, for use in residential and commercial applications in place of more conventional wood products, which are inferior in terms of strength and durability. The steel and steel/wood products allow structures to be built with increased load strength and structural integrity and fewer support beams or support configurations, thereby allowing for structural designs that are not possible with wood-only products.

Metwood's primary products and services are:

- o Girders and headers
- o Garage, deck and porch concrete pour-over systems
- o Floor joists
- o Garage and post-and-beam buildings
- o Floor joist reinforcers
- o Engineering, design and custom building services
- o Roof and floor trusses

11

### Providence

Providence is extensively involved in ongoing product research and development for Metwood. Additionally, Providence offers its customers civil engineering capabilities which include rezoning and special use submissions; erosion and sediment control and storm-water management design; residential, commercial, and religious facility site development design; and utility design, including water, sewer and onsite treatment systems. Providence's staff is familiar with construction practices and has been actively involved in construction administration and inspection on multiple projects.

Providence also performs a variety of structural design and analysis work, successfully providing solutions for many projects, including retaining walls, residential framing, commercial building framing, light-gage steel fabrication drawings, metal building retrofits and additions, mezzanines, and seismic anchors and restraints.

Providence has designed numerous foundations for a variety of structures. Its foundation design expertise includes metal building foundations, traditional building construction foundations, atypical foundations for residential structures, tower foundations, and sign foundations for a variety of uses and applications.

Providence has also designed and drafted full building plans for several applications. When subcontracting with local professional firms, Providence has the ability to provide basic architectural, mechanical, electrical, and detailed civil and structural design services for these facilities.

Providence has reviewed designs by manufacturers for a variety of structures and structural components, including retaining walls, radio towers, tower foundations, sign foundations, timber trusses, light-gage steel trusses, and light-gage steel beams. This service enables clients to take generic designs and

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

have them certified and approved for construction in the desired locality.

### Distribution Methods of Products and Services

The Company's sales are primarily retail, directly to contractors and do-it-yourself homeowners in Virginia and North Carolina. Approximately 20% of the Company's sales are wholesale to lumberyards, home improvement stores, hardware stores, and plumbing and electrical suppliers in Virginia and North Carolina. Metwood relies primarily on its own sales force to generate sales; additionally, however, the Company has distributors in Virginia, New York, Oklahoma, Arizona and Colorado and also utilizes the salespeople of wholesale yards stocking the Company's products as an additional sales force. The Company is in discussions with national engineered I-joist manufacturers who are interested in marketing the Company's products and expects to announce affiliations with these companies in the near future. Metwood intends to continue expanding the wholesale marketing of its unique products to retailers and to license the Company's technology and products to increase its distribution outside of Virginia, North Carolina and the South.

### Status of Publicly Announced New Products or Services

The Company has acquired four new patents through assignment from Robert M. Callahan and Ronald B. Shiflett, the patent holders. All four patents reflect various modifications to the Company's Joist Reinforcing Bracket which will make it even easier for tradesmen to insert utility conduits through wood joists.

12

### Seasonality of Market

The Company's sales are subject to seasonal impacts, as its products are used in residential and commercial construction projects which tend to be at peak levels in Virginia and North Carolina between the months of March and October. Accordingly, the Company's sales are greater in its fourth and first fiscal quarters. The Company builds an inventory of its products throughout the winter and spring to support its sales season.

### Competition

Nationally, there are over one hundred manufacturers of the types of products produced by the Company. However, the majority of these manufacturers are using wood-only products or products without metal reinforcement. Metwood has identified only one other manufacturer in the United States that manufactures a wood-metal floor truss similar to that of the Company. However, Metwood has often found that its products are the only ones that will work within many customers' design specs.

### Sources and Availability of Raw Materials and the Names of Principal Suppliers

All of the raw materials used by the Company are readily available on the market from numerous suppliers. The light-gage metal used by the Company is supplied primarily by Dietrich Industries, Marino-Ware, and Consolidated Systems, Inc. The Company's main sources of lumber are Lowe's, 84 Lumber Company and Smith Mountain Building Supply. Gerdau Amersteel, Descosteel and Adelpia Metals provide the majority of the Company's rebar. Because of the number of suppliers available to the Company, its decisions in purchasing materials are dictated primarily by price and secondarily by availability. The Company does not anticipate a lack of supply to affect its production; however, a shortage might cause the Company to pass on higher materials prices to its buyers.

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

### Dependence on One or a Few Major Customers

Presently the Company does not have any one customer whose loss would have a substantial impact on the Company's operations.

### Patents

The Company has four U.S. Patents:

U.S. Patent No. 5,519,977, "Joist Reinforcing Bracket," a bracket that reinforces wooden joists with a hole for the passage of a utility conduit. The Company refers to this as its floor joist patch kit.

U.S. Patent No. 5,625,997, "Composite Beam," a composite beam that includes an elongated metal shell and a pierceable insert for receiving nails, screws or other penetrating fasteners.

U.S. Patent No. 5,832,691, "Composite Beam," a composite beam that includes an elongated metal shell and a pierceable insert for receiving nails, screws or other penetrating fasteners. This is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent No. 5,625,997.

13

U.S. Patent No. 5,921,053, "Internally Reinforced Girder with Pierceable Nonmetal Components," a girder that includes a pair of c-shaped members secured together so as to form a hollow box, which permits the girder to be secured within a building structure with conventional fasteners such as nails, screws and staples.

The Company also has a patent pending on a modification of the floor joist patch kit. The Company expects that this patent will be granted from the U.S. Patent office within the next twelve months.

Each of these patents was originally issued to the inventors and Company founders, Robert Callahan and Ronald B. Shiflett, who licensed these patents to the Company.

### Need for Government Approval of Principal Products

The Company's products must either be sold with an engineer's seal or applicable building code approval. Once that approval is obtained, the products can be used in all fifty states. The Company's Floor Joist Reinforcer received Bureau Officials Code Association ("BOCA") approval in April 2001. Currently, the Company's chief engineer has obtained professional licensure in several states which permit products not building code approved to be sold and used with his seal. The Company expects his licensure in a growing number of states to greatly assist in the uniform acceptability of its products as it expands to new markets.

### Time Spent During the Last Two Fiscal Years on Research and Development Activities

Approximately fifteen percent of the Company's time and resources have been spent during the last two fiscal years researching and developing its metal/wood products, new product lines, and new patents.

### Costs and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Laws

## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

The Company does not incur any costs to comply with environmental laws. It is an environmentally friendly business in that its products are fabricated from recycled steel.

### Number of Total Employees and Number of Full-Time Employees

The Company had twenty-six employees at September 30, 2003, all of whom were full time.

### Results of Operations

#### Net Income

The Company had net income of \$43,908 for the three months ended September 30, 2003, versus \$1,893 for the three months ended September 30, 2002, an increase of \$42,015. The increase in income was attributable to increased sales, net of the related income tax effect.

14

#### Sales

Revenues were \$595,558 for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$470,651 for the same period in 2002, an increase of \$124,907, or 27%. The increase in sales resulted primarily from an increase in truss sales and their related engineering and design fees. Average selling prices and gross margins remained fairly constant.

#### Expenses

Total administrative expenses were \$194,325 for the three months ended September 30, 2003, versus \$192,625 for the three months ended September 30, 2002, an increase of only \$1,700 (1%). A decrease of approximately \$16,000 in professional fees in 2003 over 2002 was offset by increases in advertising, depreciation and payroll expenses.

#### Liquidity and Capital Reserves

On September 30, 2003, the Company had cash of \$109,272 and working capital of \$120,947. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$99,746 for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to \$50,657 for the three months ended September 30, 2002. The greater provision of cash in the current year resulted primarily from a paydown of accounts receivable and an increase in income taxes payable that did not require a current cash outlay.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$37,844 for the three months ended September 30, 2003 compared to net cash used of \$42,159 during the same period in the prior year. Cash flows used in investing activities for the current period were for building improvements (\$9,073), shop vehicles (\$18,313), and office equipment, computers, software and engineering equipment (\$12,772) less sale/trade-in of assets of \$22,500.

Cash provided by financing activities totaled \$34,388 for the three months ended September 30, 2003 as compared with cash used in financing activities of \$31,757 for the three months ended September 30, 2002. Cash was borrowed from the bank line of credit in both the current period and the prior year for operating capital and for the purchase of plant and equipment.



## Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

### ITEM 3 - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The management of Metwood, Inc. has reviewed the systems of internal controls and disclosures within the specified time frame of ninety days. Management believes that the systems in place allow for proper controls and disclosures of financial reporting information. There have been no changes in these controls since our last evaluation date.

15

### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 6 - EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

See index to exhibits.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

There were no reports on Form 8-K filed during the quarter ended September 30, 2003.

### SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 11, 2003

/s/ Robert M. Callahan  
Robert M. Callahan  
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Annette G. Mariano  
Annette G. Mariano  
Chief Financial Officer

16

### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

| NUMBER  | DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT  |
|---------|---|
| 3(i)*   | Articles of Incorporation   |
| 3(ii)** | By-Laws   |
| 31.1    | Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 |
| 31.2    | Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14  |

Edgar Filing: METWOOD INC - Form 10QSB

as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the  
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

32

Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the  
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18U.S.C. 1350).

\*Incorporated by reference on Form 8-K, filed February 16, 2000.

\*\*Incorporated by reference on Form 8-K, filed February 16, 2000.