First Savings Financial Group Inc
Form 10-Q
May 14, 2010

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

OR

¨ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 1-34155

First Savings Financial Group, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Indiana	37-1567871
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

501 East Lewis & Clark Parkway, Indiana 47129
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code 1-812-283-0724
Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No ¨

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ¨ No ¨

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

(Check one):	Large Accelerated Filer ¨	Accelerated Filer ¨
	Non-accelerated Filer ¨	Smaller Reporting Company x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ¨ No x

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of April 30, 2010 was 2,414,940.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)	March 31, 2010	September 30, 2009
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	$ 8,632	$ 8,359
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	4,488	2,045
Total cash and cash equivalents	13,120	10,404
Securities available for sale, at fair value	83,977	72,580
Securities held to maturity	5,545	6,782
Loans held for sale	-	317
Loans, net	354,723	353,823
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	4,170	4,170
Premises and equipment	9,701	9,916
Foreclosed real estate	881	1,589
Accrued interest receivable:		
Loans	1,497	1,607
Securities	530	493
Cash surrender value of life insurance	5,241	3,931
Goodwill	5,882	5,882
Core deposit intangible	2,594	2,741
Other assets	6,372	6,576
Total Assets	$ 494,233	$ 480,811
LIABILITIES		
Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing	$ 33,271	$ 25,388
Interest-bearing	328,786	325,428
Total deposits	362,057	350,816
Federal funds purchased	-	1,180
Repurchase agreements	17,030	17,239
Borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank	58,795	55,773
Accrued interest payable	499	516
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	201	341
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,584	2,069
Total Liabilities	440,166	427,934
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		

Preferred stock of $.01 par value per share				
Authorized 1,000,000 shares; none issued		-		-
Common stock of $.01 par value per share				
Authorized 20,000,000 shares; issued 2,542,042 shares		25		25
Additional paid-in capital		24,269		24,263
Retained earnings - substantially restricted		30,852		29,453
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,823		932
Unearned ESOP shares		(1,573)		(1,796)
Less treasury stock, at cost - 127,102 shares		(1,329)		-
Total Stockholders' Equity		54,067		52,877
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	$	494,233	$	480,811

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	Three Months Ended March 31, 2009	Six Months Ended March 31, 2010	Six Months Ended March 31, 2009
INTEREST INCOME				
Loans, including fees	$ 5,540	$ 2,748	$ 11,207	$ 5,619
Securities:				
Taxable	875	306	1,642	590
Tax-exempt	93	32	231	51
Dividend income	15	11	32	29
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	3	1	9	15
Total interest income	6,526	3,098	13,121	6,304
INTEREST EXPENSE				
Deposits	1,203	1,000	2,549	2,215
Repurchase agreements	81	-	172	-
Borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank	227	76	457	150
Total interest expense	1,511	1,076	3,178	2,365
Net interest income	5,015	2,022	9,943	3,939
Provision for loan losses	588	69	946	128
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	4,427	1,953	8,997	3,811
NONINTEREST INCOME				
Service charges on deposit accounts	368	130	779	277
Net gain on sales of mortgage loans	34	9	43	12
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	53	44	110	93
Commission income	42	-	70	-
Other income	40	70	260	153
Total noninterest income	537	253	1,262	535
NONINTEREST EXPENSE				
Compensation and benefits	1,894	885	4,016	1,864
Occupancy and equipment	552	249	1,084	463
Data processing	497	167	733	307
Advertising	68	44	161	98

Professional fees	210	90	324	186
FDIC insurance premiums	132	8	282	16
Charitable contributions	5	2	8	1,206
Net (gain) loss on foreclosed real estate	(5)	8	17	36
Other operating expenses	690	409	1,383	875
Total noninterest expense	4,043	1,862	8,008	5,051
Income (loss) before income taxes	921	344	2,251	(705)
Income tax expense (benefit)	221	69	659	(340)
Net Income (Loss)	$ 700	$ 275	$ 1,592	$ (365)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAX				
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period	689	(33)	891	156
Less: reclassification adjustment	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income (loss)	689	(33)	891	156
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	$ 1,389	$ 242	$ 2,483	$ (209)
Net Income (Loss) per common share, basic	$ 0.31	$ 0.12	$ 0.69	$ (0.16)
Net Income (Loss) per common share, diluted	$ 0.31	$ 0.12	$ 0.69	$ (0.16)
Dividends per common share	$ -	$ -	$ 0.08	$ -

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In thousands)	Six Months Ended March 31, 2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	$ 1,592	$ (365)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	946	128
Depreciation and amortization	581	165
Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts		
on securities, net	(6)	69
Mortgage loans originated for sale	(2,783)	(1,097)
Proceeds on sale of mortgage loans	3,138	1,109
Gain on sale of mortgage loans	(43)	(12)
Net realized and unrealized gain on foreclosed real estate	(101)	-
Increase in cash value of life insurance	(110)	(93)
Deferred income taxes	(2,136)	(273)
ESOP compensation expense	233	158
Contribution of common stock to charitable foundation	-	1,100
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable	73	(120)
Decrease in accrued interest payable	(17)	(11)
Change in other assets and liabilities, net	1,377	893
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	2,744	1,651
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of securities available for sale	(33,508)	(30,471)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	3,666	4,515
Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale	14,573	6,200
Principal collected on mortgage-backed securities	6,543	1,493
Net increase in loans	(1,831)	(5,551)
	(1,200)	-

Investment in cash surrender value of life insurance		
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed real estate	736	-
Purchase of premises and equipment	(219)	(76)
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities	(11,240)	(23,890)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase (decrease) in deposits	11,241	(20,147)
Net decrease in federal funds purchased	(1,180)	-
Net decrease in repurchase agreements	(209)	-
Increase in Federal Home Loan Bank line of credit	227	-
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	54,439	15,550
Repayment of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(51,644)	(9,050)
Net decrease in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(140)	(201)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,329)	-
Dividends paid	(193)	-
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	21,160
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	11,212	7,312
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,716	(14,927)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	10,404	21,379
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	$ 13,120	$ 6,452

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Presentation of Interim Information

First Savings Financial Group, Inc. ("Company"), an Indiana corporation, was incorporated in May 2008 to serve as the holding company for First Savings Bank, F.S.B. ("Bank"), a federally-chartered savings bank. On October 6, 2008, in accordance with a Plan of Conversion adopted by its board of directors and approved by its members, the Bank converted from a mutual savings bank to a stock savings bank and became the wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. In connection with the conversion, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,542,042 shares of common stock at an offering price of $10.00 per share. In addition, in connection with the conversion, First Savings Charitable Foundation was formed, to which the Company contributed 110,000 shares of common stock and $100,000 in cash. The Company's common stock began trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market on October 7, 2008 under the symbol "FSFG".

The Bank has three-wholly owned subsidiaries: First Savings Investments, Inc., a Nevada corporation that manages a securities portfolio, Southern Indiana Financial Corporation, which sells non-deposit investment products, and FFCC, Inc., which is currently inactive.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments considered necessary to present fairly the financial position as of March 31, 2010, and the results of operations and the cash flows for the three- and six-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. All of these adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. Such adjustments are the only adjustments included in the unaudited consolidated financial statements. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial statements and are presented as permitted by the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not contain certain information included in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended September 30, 2009 included in the Form 10-K.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

2. Acquisition of Community First Bank

On September 30, 2009, the Company acquired 100 percent of the outstanding common shares of Community First Bank ("Community First"), a full service community bank located in Corydon, Indiana, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization dated April 28, 2009. The acquisition was recorded using the purchase method of accounting and was effective at the close of business on September 30, 2009. Accordingly, the results of operations of Community First have been included in the Company's results of operations since the date of acquisition. The acquisition expanded the Company's presence into Harrison, Crawford and Washington Counties, Indiana. The Company expects to benefit from growth in this market area as well as from expansion of the banking services provided to the existing customers of Community First.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

3. Supplemental Disclosure for Earnings Per Share

When presented, basic earnings per share are computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings of the entity. The Company had no dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the three- and six-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

	Three Month Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)			
Earnings:				
Net income (loss)	$ 700	$ 275	$ 1,592	$ (365)
Shares:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	2,255,803	2,352,247	2,302,606	2,268,387
Net income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted	$ 0.31	$ 0.12	$ 0.69	$ (0.16)

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

4. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income is defined as the change in equity (net assets) of a business enterprise during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. It includes all changes in equity during a period except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners. Comprehensive income for the Company includes net income and other comprehensive income representing the net unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale. The following tables set forth the components of other comprehensive income and the allocated tax amounts for the three- and six-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(In thousands)		(In thousands)	
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period	$ 1,141	$ (54)	$ 1,475	$ 258
Income tax (expense) benefit	(452)	21	(584)	(102)
Net of tax amount	689	(33)	891	156
Less: reclassification adjustment for realized gains or losses included in net income	-	-	-	-
Income tax benefit	-	-	-	-
Net of tax amount	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	$ 689	$ (33)	$ 891	$ 156

5. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
	(In thousands)	
Cash payments for:		
Interest	$ 4,333	$ 2,376
Taxes	270	80
Transfers from loans to foreclosed real estate	329	366
Proceeds from sales of foreclosed real estate financed through loans	403	-

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

6. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Effective October 1, 2008, the Company adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820 (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 157), Fair Value Measurements, for financial assets and financial liabilities. This statement is definitional and disclosure oriented and addresses how companies should approach measuring fair value when required by GAAP; it does not create or modify any current GAAP requirements to apply fair value accounting. ASC Topic 820 prescribes various disclosures about financial statement categories and amounts which are measured at fair value, if such disclosures are not already specified elsewhere in GAAP.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The standard establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the use of inputs used in valuation methodologies into the following three levels:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices, unadjusted, for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. A quoted market price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used to measure fair value whenever available.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted market prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or inputs to the valuation methodology that are derived principally from or can be corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using discounted cash flow methodologies, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

A description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy, is set forth below. These valuation methodologies were applied to all of the Company's financial assets carried at fair value or the lower of cost or fair value. The table below presents the balances of financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2010. The Company had no liabilities measured at fair value as of March 31, 2010.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

	Carrying Value			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(In thousands)			
Assets Measured - Recurring Basis				
Securities available for sale	$ 86	$ 83,891	$ -	$ 83,977
Interest rate cap contract	-	129	-	129
Assets Measured - Nonrecurring Basis				
Impaired loans	-	6,013	-	6,013
Foreclosed real estate	-	881	-	881

Fair value is based upon quoted market prices where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based on internally developed models or obtained from third parties that primarily use, as inputs, observable market-based parameters or a matrix pricing model that employs the Bond Market Association's standard calculations for cash flow and price/yield analysis and observable market-based parameters. Valuation adjustments may be made to ensure that financial instruments are recorded at fair value, or the lower of cost or fair value. These adjustments may include unobservable parameters. Any such valuation adjustments have been applied consistently over time. The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

Securities Available for Sale. Securities classified as available for sale are reported at fair value on a recurring basis. These securities are classified as Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy where quoted market prices from reputable third-party brokers are available in an active market. If quoted market prices are not available, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. These securities are reported using Level 2 inputs and the fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, U.S. government and agency yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information, and the security's terms and conditions, among other factors. Changes in fair value of securities available for sale are recorded in other comprehensive income, net of income tax effect.

Derivative Financial Instruments. Derivative financial instruments consist of an interest rate cap contract. As such, significant fair value inputs can generally be verified by counterparties and do not typically involve significant management judgments (Level 2 inputs).

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Impaired Loans. Impaired loans are carried at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's existing rate or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Impaired loans are evaluated and valued at the time the loan is identified as impaired at the lower of cost or market value. For collateral dependent impaired loans, market value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing these loans and is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Collateral may be real estate and/or business assets, including equipment, inventory and/or accounts receivable, and its fair value is generally determined based on real estate appraisals or other independent evaluations by qualified professionals. Impaired loans are reviewed and evaluated on at least a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly, based on the same factors identified above.

Foreclosed Real Estate Held for Sale. Foreclosed real estate held for sale is reported at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to dispose of the property using Level 2 inputs. The fair values are determined by real estate appraisals using valuation techniques consistent with the market approach using recent sales of comparable properties. In cases where such inputs are unobservable, the balance is reflected within the Level 3 hierarchy.

There were no transfers into or out of the Company's Level 3 financial assets for the six-month period ended March 31, 2010. In addition, there were no transfers into or out of Levels 1 and 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the six-month period ended March 31, 2010.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

GAAP requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments for interim reporting periods, whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instruments. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Company. The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

	March 31, 2010		September 30, 2009	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
Financial assets:				
Cash and due from banks	$ 8,632	$ 8,632	$ 8,359	$ 8,359
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	4,488	4,488	2,045	2,045
Securities available for sale	83,977	83,977	72,580	72,580
Securities held to maturity	5,545	5,789	6,782	7,054
Loans, net	354,723	364,819	353,823	360,157
Mortgage loans held for sale	-	-	317	317
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,170	4,170	4,170	4,170
Accrued interest receivable	2,027	2,027	2,100	2,100
Financial liabilities:				
Deposits	362,057	367,030	350,816	354,194
Federal funds purchased	-	-	1,180	1,180
Short-term repurchase agreements	1,308	1,308	1,304	1,304
Long-term repurchase agreements	15,722	15,728	15,935	15,935
Borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank	58,795	58,955	55,773	56,184
Accrued interest payable	499	499	516	516
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	201	202	341	348
Derivative financial instruments included in other assets:				
Interest rate cap	129	129	202	202
Off-balance-sheet financial instruments:				
Asset (liability) related to commitments to extend credit	-	118	-	39

The carrying amounts in the preceding table are included in the consolidated balance sheets under the applicable captions. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For cash and short-term instruments, including cash and due from banks and interest-bearing deposits with banks, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Debt and Equity Securities

For marketable equity securities, the fair values are based on quoted market prices. For debt securities, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service and the fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, U.S. government and agency yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information, and the security's terms and conditions, among other factors. For Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) stock, a restricted equity security, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value because it is not marketable.

Loans

The fair value of loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and terms. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

Deposits

The fair value of demand and savings deposits and other transaction accounts is the amount payable on demand at the balance sheet date. The fair value of fixed-maturity time deposits is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the rates currently offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities. The carrying amount of accrued interest payable approximates its fair value.

Borrowed Funds

Borrowed funds include repurchase agreements and borrowings from the FHLB. Fair value for advances and long-term repurchase agreements is estimated by discounting the future cash flows at current interest rates for advances of similar maturities. For federal funds purchased, short-term repurchase agreements and FHLB line of credit borrowings, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Derivative Financial Instruments

For derivative financial instruments, the fair values generally represent an estimate of the amount the Company would receive or pay upon termination of the agreement at the reporting date, taking into account the current interest rates, and exclusive of any accrued interest.

Off-Balance-Sheet Financial Instruments

Commitments to extend credit were evaluated and fair value was estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties. For fixed-rate loan commitments, the fair value estimate considers the difference between current

interest rates and the committed rates.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

7. Defined Benefit Plan

The Bank sponsors a defined benefit pension plan ("Plan") covering substantially all employees. Contributions are intended to provide not only for benefits attributed to service to date but also for those expected to be earned in the future. The Bank's funding policy is to contribute the larger of the amount required to fully fund the Plan's current liability or the amount necessary to meet the funding requirements as defined by the Internal Revenue Code.

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
	(In thousands)	
Net periodic benefit expense:		
Service cost	$ -	$ -
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation	149	188
Expected return on plan assets	(72)	(188)
Amortization of transition asset	-	-
Amortization of prior service cost	-	-
Amortization of unrecognized gain	(2)	-
Net periodic benefit expense	$ 75	$ -
Other changes in plan assets and benefit obligations recognized in other comprehensive income:		
Amortization of transition asset	-	-
Amortization of prior service cost	-	-
Total recognized in other comprehensive income	-	-
Total recognized in net periodic pension benefit expense and other comprehensive income	$ 75	$ -

The Bank made no contributions to the Plan for the six-month period ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. Effective June 30, 2008, the Bank curtailed the accrual of benefits for active participants in the Plan. As a result of the curtailment, each active participant's pension benefit was determined based on the participant's compensation and duration of employment as of June 30, 2008, and compensation and employment after that date was not taken into account in determining pension benefits under the Plan. In April 2010, the Bank received approval from the Internal Revenue Service to terminate the Plan. The termination of the Plan and the settlement of all Plan obligations resulted in the allocation of excess Plan assets to the active Plan participants. As a result of the Plan termination and settlement, the Company will recognize a one-time charge to expense of approximately $433,000, net of income tax effect, for the quarter ending June 30, 2010.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

8. Employee Stock Ownership Plan

On October 6, 2008, the Company established a leveraged employee stock ownership plan ("ESOP") covering substantially all employees. The ESOP trust acquired 203,363 shares of Company common stock at a cost of $10.00 per share financed by a term loan with the Company. The employer loan and the related interest income are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements as the debt is serviced from Company contributions. Dividends payable on allocated shares are charged to retained earnings and are satisfied by the allocation of cash dividends to participant accounts. Dividends payable on unallocated shares are not considered dividends for financial reporting purposes. Shares held by the ESOP trust are allocated to participant accounts based on the ratio of the current year principal and interest payments to the total of the current year's and future year's principal and interest to be paid on the employer loan. Compensation expense is recognized based on the average fair value of shares released for allocation to participant accounts during the year with a corresponding credit to stockholders' equity. Compensation expense recognized for the three- and six-month periods ended March 31, 2010 amounted to $44,000 and $233,000, respectively. Compensation expense recognized for the three- and six-month periods ended March 31, 2009 amounted to $32,000 and $158,000, respectively. Company common stock held by the ESOP trust at March 31, 2010 was as follows:

Allocated shares	46,019
Unearned shares	157,344
Total ESOP shares	203,363
Fair value of unearned shares	$ 1,965,227

9. Equity Incentive Plan

In December 2009, the Company adopted the 2010 Equity Incentive Plan ("Plan"). The Company's shareholders approved the Plan in February 2010. The Plan provides for the award of stock options, restricted shares and performance shares. The aggregate number of shares of the Company's common stock available for issuance under the Plan may not exceed 355,885 shares. The Company may grant both non-statutory and statutory stock options that may not have a term exceeding ten years. An award of a performance share is a grant of a right to receive shares of the Company's common stock contingent upon the achievement of specific performance criteria or other objectives set at the grant date. Awards granted under the Plan may be granted either alone, in addition to, or in tandem with any other award granted under the Plan. As of March 31, 2010, no awards had been granted under the Plan. In April 2010, the Company funded a trust, administered by an independent trustee, which acquired 101,681 common shares in the open market at a price per share of $13.60 for a total cost of $1.4 million. It is the intention of the Company to issue these shares as restricted stock under the Plan during the quarter ending June 30, 2010. Compensation expense will be recognized ratably over the vesting period for grants made under the Plan.

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10. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following are summaries of recently issued accounting pronouncements that impact the accounting and reporting practices of the Company:

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued two standards which change the way entities account for securitizations and special-purpose entities: SFAS No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets, (ASC Topic 860) and SFAS No. 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R), (ASC Topic 810). SFAS No. 166 is a revision to SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities, and requires more information about transfers of financial assets, including securitization transactions, and where entities have continuing exposure to the risks related to transferred financial assets. This statement eliminates the concept of a "qualifying special-purpose entity," changes the requirements for derecognizing financial assets, and requires additional disclosures. SFAS No. 167 is a revision to FASB Interpretation No. 46 (Revised December 2003), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, and changes how a reporting entity determines when an entity that is insufficiently capitalized or is not controlled through voting (or similar rights) should be consolidated. The determination of whether a reporting entity is required to consolidate another entity is based on, among other things, the other entity's purpose and design and the reporting entity's ability to direct the activities of the other entity that most significantly impact the other entity's economic performance. These new standards require a number of new disclosures. SFAS No. 167 requires a reporting entity to provide additional disclosures about its involvement with variable interest entities and any significant changes in risk exposure due to that involvement. A reporting entity will be required to disclose how its involvement with a variable interest entity affects the reporting entity's financial statements. SFAS No. 166 enhances information reported to users of financial statements by providing greater transparency about transfers of financial assets and an entity's continuing involvement in transferred financial assets. These statements will be effective at the beginning of a reporting entity's first fiscal year beginning after November 15, 2009. Early application is not permitted. The adoption of these statements is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820) – Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") provides amendments to ASC Topic 820 to provide users of financial statements with additional information regarding fair value. New disclosures required by the ASU include disclosures of significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 and the reasons for such transfers, disclosure of the reasons for transfers in or out of Level 3 and that significant transfers into Level 3 be disclosed separately from significant transfers out of Level 3, and disclosure of the valuation techniques used in connection with Level 2 and Level 3 valuations and the reason for any changes in valuation methods. This ASU will generally be effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2009. However, disclosures of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward activity in Level 3 fair value measurements will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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In February 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-09, Subsequent Events (Topic 855) – Amendments to Certain Recognition and Disclosure Requirements. The amendments in the ASU remove the requirement for companies that are subject to the periodic reporting requirements of the Exchange Act to disclose a date through which subsequent events have been evaluated in both issued and revised financial statements. Revised financial statements include financial statements revised as a result of either correction of an error or retrospective application of GAAP. The FASB believes these amendments alleviate potential conflicts with the SEC's requirements. All of the amendments in the ASU were effective upon issuance, except for the use of the issued date for conduit debt obligors, which will be effective for interim or annual periods ending after June 15, 2010. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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Safe Harbor Statement for Forward-Looking Statements

This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. These statements are not historical facts; rather they are statements based on the Company's current expectations regarding its business strategies and their intended results and its future performance. Forward-looking statements are preceded by terms such as "expects," "believes," "anticipates," "intends" and similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. Numerous risks and uncertainties could cause or contribute to the Company's actual results, performance and achievements being materially different from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause or contribute to these differences include, without limitation, general economic conditions, including changes in market interest rates and changes in monetary and fiscal policies of the federal government; legislative and regulatory changes; the quality and composition of the loan and investment securities portfolio; loan demand; deposit flows; competition; the ability to successfully integrate the operations of Community First; and changes in accounting principles and guidelines. Additional factors that may affect our results are discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2009 under "Item 1A. Risk Factors." These factors should be considered in evaluating the forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Except as required by applicable law or regulation, the Company assumes no obligation and disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

During the six-month period ended March 31, 2010, there was no significant change in the Company's critical accounting policies or the application of critical accounting policies as disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2009.

Comparison of Financial Condition at March 31, 2010 and September 30, 2009

Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents increased from $10.4 million at September 30, 2009 to $13.1 million at March 31, 2010, primarily due to an increase of $2.4 million in interest-bearing deposits with banks.

Loans. Net loans receivable increased $900,000 from $353.8 million at September 30, 2009 to $354.7 million at March 31, 2010, primarily due to increases in nonresidential permanent and construction mortgage loans of $2.0 million, multi-family residential mortgage loans of $2.7 million and commercial business loans of $2.9 million, partially offset by decreases in consumer loans of $3.5 million and residential permanent and construction loans of $3.5 million. Management has continued to emphasize the origination of commercial loans in 2010, given the increase in commercial lending personnel as a result of the Community First acquisition.

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Securities Available for Sale. Securities available for sale increased $11.4 million from $72.6 million at September 30, 2009 to $84.0 million at March 31, 2010 due primarily to purchases of $33.5 million, partially offset by sales of $3.7 million, maturities and calls of $14.6 million and principal repayments of $5.3 million. The increase in securities available for sale, primarily in U.S. government agency and municipal securities, was funded by increases in deposits and borrowings.

Securities Held to Maturity. Investment securities held-to-maturity decreased $1.3 million from $6.8 million at September 30, 2009 to $5.5 million at March 31, 2010 due primarily to principal repayments on mortgage-backed securities.

Other Assets. Cash surrender value of life insurance increased from $3.9 million at September 30, 2009 to $5.2 million at March 31, 2010 primarily as the result of a $1.2 million investment in bank-owned life insurance during October 2009.

Deposits. Total deposits increased $11.3 million from $350.8 million at September 30, 2009 to $362.1 million at March 31, 2010 primarily due to increases in noninterest-bearing demand deposit accounts of $7.9 million, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts of $6.7 million, savings deposit accounts of $1.7 million and money market deposit accounts of $461,000, partially offset by a decrease in certificates of deposit of $5.6 million during the period. The increase in noninterest-bearing demand deposit accounts and corresponding decrease in certificates of deposit is due primarily to certificates of deposit held by the defined benefit plan totaling $6.4 million that were closed and the funds transferred to a noninterest-bearing demand deposit account on March 31, 2010 in anticipation of the termination of the plan in April 2010 (see Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements). The increase in interest-bearing demand deposit accounts occurred primarily in public fund and business checking accounts.

Borrowings. Borrowings from FHLB increased $3.0 million from $55.8 million at September 30, 2009 to $58.8 million at March 31, 2010, which was used primarily to fund purchases of securities available for sale. Management determined that utilizing a certain level of FHLB advances as a funding source alternative to certificates of deposit was advantageous given the lower interest rate environment for advances. Federal funds purchased decreased $1.2 million from September 30, 2009 due to the full repayment of these borrowings as of March 31, 2010.

Stockholders' Equity. Stockholders' equity increased $1.2 million from $52.9 million at September 30, 2009 to $54.1 million at March 31, 2010. The increase was due primarily to $1.4 million of retained net earnings, an $891,000 increase in accumulated other comprehensive income representing the net unrealized gains on available for sale securities and $223,000 for ESOP shares released during the six-month period, partially offset by the open market repurchase of $1.3 million of common stock recorded as treasury stock. During the quarter ended December 31, 2009, the Company declared a special dividend of $0.08 per share, totaling $193,000, which was paid to shareholders of record as of the close of business on January 4, 2010.

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Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Overview. The Company reported net income of $700,000 ($0.31 per share) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, compared to net income of $275,000 ($0.12 per share) for the same period in 2009. The Company recognized one-time pretax charges of approximately $284,000 in connection with the early termination of a Community First core processing contract and professional fees of $48,000 in connection with the conversion of the Bank's core operating system during the quarter ended March 31, 2010. Had these nonrecurring expenses not occurred, the Company would have recognized net income of $904,000, or $0.40 per diluted share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income increased $3.0 million, or 149.7%, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009. The increase is primarily due to an increase in the tax-equivalent interest rate spread from 3.30% for 2009 to 4.41% for 2010, as average interest-earnings assets increased $233.8 million and average interest-bearing liabilities increased $241.0 million. The increases in the tax-equivalent interest rate spread, average interest-earning assets and average interest-bearing liabilities are due primarily to the acquisition of Community First.

Total interest income increased $3.4 million, or 110.7%, as a result of an increase in average interest-earning assets of $233.8 million, or 108.7%, from $215.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to $448.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The average tax equivalent yield on interest-earning assets was 5.82% for 2009 compared to 5.88% for 2010. Average loans, investment securities, FHLB stock and interest-bearing deposits with banks increased $174.6 million, $56.1 million, $2.8 million and $257,000, respectively.

Total interest expense increased $435,000, or 39.5%, as a result of an increase in average interest-bearing liabilities of $241.0 million from $170.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009 to $411.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, which more than offset a decrease in the average cost of funds from 2.52% in 2009 to 1.47% in 2010. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities decreased for 2010 primarily as a result of lower market interest rates as compared to 2009, the repricing of certificates of deposit at lower market interest rates as they matured, the utilization of lower-cost FHLB advances as a source of funding and the assumption of lower cost liabilities of Community First.

Provision for Loan Losses. The provision for loan losses was $588,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to $69,000 for the same period in 2009. The increase in the provision for loan losses is primarily due to an increase in nonperforming loans during the quarter ended March 31, 2010.

Gross loans receivable increased $177.5 million from $181.5 million at March 31, 2009 to $359.0 million at March 31, 2010, primarily due to the acquisition of Community First. Residential mortgage, nonresidential mortgage, commercial business, construction, and automobile loans increased most significantly, by $72.9 million, $29.9 million, $22.3 million, $17.1 million and $13.4 million, respectively, when comparing the two periods.

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Nonperforming loans increased $4.7 million from $2.6 million at March 31, 2009 to $7.3 million at March 31, 2010, of which $2.9 million were acquired in the acquisition of Community First, including two relationships totaling $1.2 million that are secured by commercial real estate and one relationship of $280,000 that is secured by stock of a closely held business. In addition to the Community First loans, the increase in nonperforming loans for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 was due primarily to one relationship totaling $1.1 million that is secured by a principal residence, two fully-completed single-family speculative construction properties and a commercial building.

The balance of nonperforming loans at March 31, 2010 includes nonaccrual loans of $7.0 million and loans totaling $226,000 that are over 90 days past due, but still accruing interest. These loans are still accruing interest because the estimated value of the collateral and collection efforts are deemed sufficient to ensure their full recovery. The balance of nonaccrual loans at March 31, 2010 consists of commercial business loans ($820,000), consumer loans ($193,000), residential mortgage loans ($3.8 million), nonresidential mortgage loans ($1.9 million), and land and land development loans ($360,000). Nonaccrual residential mortgage loans totaling $3.8 million include loans secured by owner occupied, one-to-four family residences ($2.1 million), non-owner occupied, one-to-four family investment properties ($648,000) and speculative construction homes ($1.0 million). The nonaccrual non-owner occupied, residential mortgage loans are spread across four unrelated borrowing relationships.

Net charge-offs were $234,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to net recoveries of $23,000 for the same period in 2009.

The allowance for loan losses was $4.3 million at March 31, 2010 compared to $3.7 million at September 30, 2009 and $1.6 million at March 31, 2009. Management has deemed these amounts as adequate on those dates based on its best estimate of probable known and inherent loan losses. The consistent application of management's allowance for loan losses methodology resulted in an increase in the level of the allowance for loan losses consistent with the increase in the gross loan portfolio and nonperforming loans and the change in overall economic conditions.

Noninterest Income. Noninterest income increased $284,000 for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. The increase was primarily due to increases in service charges on deposit accounts of $238,000 (primarily due to fees earned on acquired Community First accounts) and commission income on non-deposit products of $42,000.

Noninterest Expense. Noninterest expense increased $2.2 million to $4.0 million for 2010 compared to $1.8 million for the same period in 2009. Compensation and benefits expense increased $1.0 million primarily due to additional personnel resulting from the Community First acquisition. Occupancy and equipment expense and FDIC insurance premiums increased $303,000 and $124,000, respectively, when comparing the two periods, primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition and an industry-wide increase in FDIC insurance premiums. Data processing expenses increased $330,000, also primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition, including the one-time charge of approximately $284,000 in connection with the early termination of a Community First core processing contract. Professional fees increased $120,000 primarily as the result of professional fees in connection with the conversion of the Bank's core operating system. Other operating expense increased $281,000 when comparing the two periods, also primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition, including amortization of the acquired core deposit intangible of $73,000.

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Income Tax Expense. The Company recognized income tax expense of $221,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 for an effective tax rate of 24.0%, compared to $69,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2009 for an effective tax rate of 20.1%.

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009

Overview. The Company reported net income of $1.6 million ($0.69 per share) for the six-month period ended March 31, 2010, compared to a net loss of $365,000 ($0.16 per share) for the same period in 2009. Had the nonrecurring expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 previously discussed not occurred, the Company would have recognized net income of $1.8 million or $0.78 per diluted share, for the six months ended March 31, 2010. The primary factor for the net loss in 2009 was the $1.2 million ($731,000, net of tax) one-time contribution to First Savings Charitable Foundation in October 2008.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income increased $6.0 million, or 153.9%, for the six months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009. The increase is primarily due to an increase in the tax-equivalent interest rate spread from 3.15% for 2009 to 4.40% for 2010, as average interest-earnings assets increased $232.0 million and average interest-bearing liabilities increased $237.0 million. The increases in the tax-equivalent interest rate spread, average interest-earning assets and average interest-bearing liabilities are due primarily to the acquisition of Community First.

Total interest income increased $6.8 million, or 108.1%, as a result of an increase in average interest-earning assets of $232.0 million, or 108.5%, from $213.8 million for the six months ended March 31, 2009 to $445.8 million for the six months ended March 31, 2010. The average tax equivalent yield on interest-earning assets was 5.94% for 2009 compared to 5.96% for 2010. Average loans, investment securities, FHLB stock and interest-bearing deposits with banks increased $175.9 million, $54.9 million, and $2.8 million, respectively, while average interest-bearing deposits with banks decreased $1.7 million.

Total interest expense increased $813,000, or 33.9%, as a result of an increase in average interest-bearing liabilities of $237.0 million from $169.5 million for the six months ended March 31, 2009 to $406.5 million for the six months ended March 31, 2010, which more than offset a decrease in the average cost of funds from 2.79% in 2009 to 1.56% in 2010. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities decreased for 2010 primarily as a result of lower market interest rates as compared to 2009, the repricing of certificates of deposit at lower market interest rates as they matured, the utilization of lower-cost FHLB advances as a source of funding and the assumption of lower cost liabilities of Community First.

Provision for Loan Losses. The provision for loan losses was $946,000 for the six months ended March 31, 2010 compared to $128,000 for the same period in 2009. As discussed above, the primary factor for the increased provision for loan losses for 2010 was an increase in nonperforming loans during the period ended March 31, 2010. Net charge-offs were $353,000 for the six months ended March 31, 2010 compared to $222,000 for the same period in 2009.

Noninterest Income. Noninterest income increased $727,000 for the six-month period ended March 31, 2010 as compared to the same period in 2009. The increase was primarily due to increases in service charges on deposit accounts of $502,000, commission income on non-deposit products of $70,000 and other income of $107,000 primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition.

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Noninterest Expense. Noninterest expense increased $3.0 million to $8.0 million for 2010 compared to $5.0 million for the same period in 2009. Compensation and benefits expense increased $2.2 million primarily due to additional personnel resulting from the Community First acquisition. Occupancy and equipment expense and FDIC insurance premiums increased $621,000 and $266,000, respectively, when comparing the two periods, primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition and an industry-wide increase in FDIC insurance premiums. Data processing expenses increased $426,000, also primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition, including the one-time charge of approximately $284,000 in connection with the early termination of a Community First core processing contract. Professional fees increased $138,000 primarily as the result of professional fees in connection with the conversion of the Bank's core operating system. Other operating expense increased $508,000, when comparing the two periods, also primarily as a result of the Community First acquisition, including amortization of the acquired core deposit intangible of $147,000. Charitable contributions decreased $1.2 million when comparing the two periods due to the $1.2 million one-time contribution to the First Savings Charitable Foundation during October 2008.

Income Tax Expense. The Company recognized income tax expense of $659,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to an income tax benefit of $340,000 for the six months ended March 31, 2009. The tax benefit for the period ended March 31, 2009 was primarily due to increased deferred tax assets related to the temporary timing difference generated by the $1.2 million charitable contribution to the First Savings Charitable Foundation. The effective tax rate was 29.3% for the six-month period ended March 31, 2010.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity Management. Liquidity is the ability to meet current and future financial obligations of a short-term nature. The Bank's primary sources of funds are customer deposits, proceeds from loan repayments, maturing securities and FHLB advances. While loan repayments and maturities are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by market interest rates, general economic conditions and competition. At March 31, 2010, the Bank had cash and cash equivalents of $13.1 million and securities available-for-sale with a fair value of $84.0 million. If the Bank requires funds beyond its ability to generate them internally, it has additional borrowing capacity with the FHLB and additional collateral eligible for repurchase agreements.

The Bank's primary investing activity is the origination of one-to-four family mortgage loans and, to a lesser extent, consumer, multi-family, commercial real estate, commercial business and residential construction loans. The Bank also invests in U.S. Government and agency securities and mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. Government agencies.

The Bank must maintain an adequate level of liquidity to ensure the availability of sufficient funds to support loan growth and deposit withdrawals, to satisfy financial commitments and to take advantage of investment opportunities. Historically, the Bank has been able to retain a significant amount of its deposits as they mature.

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The Company is a separate legal entity from the Bank and must provide for its own liquidity to pay its operating expenses and other financial obligations, to pay any dividends and to repurchase any of its outstanding common stock. The Company's primary source of income is dividends received from the Bank. The amount of dividends that the Bank may declare and pay to the Company in any calendar year, without the receipt of prior approval from the Office of Thrift Supervision ("OTS") but with prior notice to OTS, cannot exceed net income for that year to date plus retained net income (as defined) for the preceding two calendar years. At March 31, 2010, the Company had liquid assets of $5.4 million.

Capital Management. The Bank is required to maintain specific amounts of capital pursuant to OTS regulatory requirements. As of March 31, 2010, the Bank was in compliance with all regulatory capital requirements that were effective as of such date, with tangible, core and risk-based capital ratios of 7.76%, 7.76% and 11.74%, respectively. The regulatory requirements at that date were 1.5%, 3.0% and 8.0%, respectively. At March 31, 2010, the Bank was considered "well-capitalized" under applicable regulatory guidelines.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In the normal course of operations, the Company engages in a variety of financial transactions that, in accordance with GAAP, are not recorded on the Company's financial statements. These transactions involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate and liquidity risk. Such transactions are primarily used to manage customers' requests for funding and take the form of loan commitments and letters of credit. A further presentation of the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements is presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2009.

For the six months ended March 31, 2010, the Company did not engage in any off-balance sheet transactions reasonably likely to have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

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QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES
ABOUT MARKET RISK

Qualitative Aspects of Market Risk. The Bank's principal financial objective is to achieve long-term profitability while reducing its exposure to fluctuating market interest rates. The Bank has sought to reduce the exposure of its earnings to changes in market interest rates by attempting to manage the mismatch between asset and liability maturities and interest rates. In order to reduce the exposure to interest rate fluctuations, the Bank has developed strategies to manage its liquidity, shorten its effective maturities of certain interest-earning assets and decrease the interest rate sensitivity of its asset base. Management has sought to decrease the average maturity of its assets by emphasizing the origination of short-term residential mortgage, commercial mortgage and commercial business loans, all of which are retained by the Bank for its portfolio. The Bank relies on retail deposits as its primary source of funds. Management believes retail deposits, compared to brokered deposits, reduce the effects of interest rate fluctuations because they generally represent a more stable source of funds.

Quantitative Aspects of Market Risk. The Bank does not maintain a trading account for any class of financial instrument nor does the Bank engage in hedging activities or purchase high-risk derivative instruments. Furthermore, the Bank is not subject to foreign currency exchange rate risk or commodity price risk.

The Bank uses interest rate sensitivity analysis to measure its interest rate risk by computing changes in net portfolio value ("NPV") of its cash flows from assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items in the event of a range of assumed changes in market interest rates. NPV represents the market value of portfolio equity and is equal to the market value of assets minus the market value of liabilities, with adjustments made for off-balance sheet items. This analysis assesses the risk of loss in market risk sensitive instruments in the event of a sudden and sustained 100 to 300 basis point increase or a sudden and sustained 100 basis point decrease in market interest rates with no effect given to any steps that management might take to counter the effect of that interest rate movement. Using data compiled by the OTS, the Bank receives a report that measures interest rate risk by modeling the change in NPV over a variety of interest rate scenarios.

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QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES
ABOUT MARKET RISK

The following table is provided by the OTS and sets forth the change in the Bank's NPV at December 31, 2009, based on OTS assumptions that would occur in the event of an immediate change in interest rates, with no effect given to any steps that management might take to counteract that change. Given the timing of the release of this information by the OTS, information as of March 31, 2010 is unavailable for inclusion in this report.

	At December 31, 2009				
	Net Portfolio Value			Net Portfolio Value as a Percent of Present Value of Assets	
Change in Rates	Dollar Amount	Dollar Change	Percent Change	NPV Ratio	Change
	(Dollars in thousands)				
300bp	$ 55,165	$ (7,755)	(12)%	11.13%	(111)bp
200bp	59,228	(3,692)	(6)	11.77	(47)bp
100bp	61,986	(934)	(1)	12.17	(7)bp
Static	62,920	-	-	12.24	-bp
(100)bp	62,585	(335)	(1)	12.10	(14)bp

The preceding table indicates that the Bank's NPV would be expected to decrease in the event of a sudden and sustained 100 to 300 basis point increase in prevailing interest rates or a sudden and sustained decrease of 100 basis points in rates. The expected decrease in the Bank's NPV given a larger increase in rates is primarily attributable to the relatively high percentage of fixed-rate loans in the Bank's loan portfolio. At March 31, 2010, approximately 67.2% of the loan portfolio consisted of fixed-rate loans.

Certain assumptions utilized by the OTS in assessing the interest rate risk of savings associations within its region were utilized in preparing the preceding tables. These assumptions relate to interest rates, loan prepayment rates, deposit decay rates and the market values of certain assets under differing interest rate scenarios, among others.

As with any method of measuring interest rate risk, certain shortcomings are inherent in the method of analysis presented in the foregoing table. For example, although certain assets and liabilities may have similar maturities or periods to repricing, they may react in different degrees to changes in market interest rates. Also, the interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate in advance of changes in market interest rates, while interest rates on other types may lag behind changes in market rates. Additionally, certain assets, such as adjustable-rate mortgage loans, have features that restrict changes in interest rates on a short-term basis and over the life of the asset. Further, in the event of a change in interest rates, expected rates of prepayments on loans and early withdrawals from certificates of deposit could deviate significantly from those assumed in calculating the table.

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CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and the Company's principal financial officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based on their evaluation, the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective for the purpose of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act with the SEC (1) is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's Rules and Forms and (2) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
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OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not a party to any legal proceedings. Periodically, there have been various claims and lawsuits involving the Bank, mainly as a plaintiff, such as claims to enforce liens, condemnation proceedings on properties in which the Bank holds security interests, claims involving the making and servicing of real property loans and other issues incident to the Bank's business. The Bank is not a party to any pending legal proceedings that it believes would have a material adverse affect on its financial condition or operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2009 which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. There have been no material changes to the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, however these are not the only risks that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

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Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Company was held on February 24, 2010. There were 2,414,940 shares entitled to vote as of the December 31, 2009 record date. Holders of 2,209,230 shares were represented at the meeting. The results of the vote on the matters presented at the meeting were as follows:

1. The following individuals were elected as directors, each for a three-year term ending in 2013:

Name	Vote For	Vote Withheld
Cecile A. Blau	1,455,747	275,438
Douglas A. York	1,455,052	276,133
John P. Lawson, Jr.	1,423,284	307,901
Frank N. Czeschin	1,433,589	297,596

Directors Robert E. Libs, Michael F. Ludden, Larry W. Myers and Vaughn K.Timberlake have terms ending in 2011, and directors Charles E. Becht, Jr., GeraldWayne Clapp, Jr., and Samuel E. Eckart have terms ending in 2012.

2. The approval of the First Savings Financial Group, Inc. 2010 Equity Incentive Plan

For: 1,111,866; Against: 582,879; Abstain: 36,940

There were 558,595 broker non-votes.

3. The ratification of the appointment of Monroe Shine & Co., Inc. as the independent registered public accounting firm for the Company for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010:

For: 2,074,407; Against: 107,470; Abstain: 27,353

There were no broker non-votes.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
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OTHER INFORMATION

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

2.1	Plan of Conversion (1)
3.1	Articles of Incorporation of First Savings Financial Group, Inc. (1)
3.2	Bylaws of First Savings Financial Group, Inc. (1)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

(1) Incorporated herein by reference to the exhibits to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-151636), as amended, initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 13, 2008.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST SAVINGS FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
(Registrant)

Dated May 14, 2010	BY:	/s/ Larry W. Myers Larry W. Myers President and Chief Executive Officer
Dated May 14, 2010	BY:	/s/ Anthony A. Schoen Anthony A. Schoen Chief Financial Officer