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NUWAY MEDICAL INC  
Form 10QSB  
April 01, 2005

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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004.

or

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_ TO \_\_\_\_\_

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 000-19709

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

65-0159115  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

2603 MAIN STREET, SUITE 1150  
IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92614  
(Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)

(949) 235-8062  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(B) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT: NONE

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(G) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT:  
COMMON STOCK, \$0.0067 PARVALUE.

Check whether the Registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by  
Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding  
12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file  
such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past  
90 days. Yes  No

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of  
September 30, 2004 was 51,322,736 shares and as of March 31, 2005 was 51,822,736  
shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE: NONE

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Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (Check one): Yes  No

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC.  
FORM 10-QSB  
INDEX

		PAGE
PART I		
ITEM 1	Financial Statements	3
ITEM 2	Management's Discussion and Analysis	13
ITEM 3	Controls and Procedures	23
PART II		
ITEM 1	Legal Proceedings	24
ITEM 2	Changes in Securities	25
ITEM 3	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	27
ITEM 4	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	27
ITEM 5	Other Information	27
ITEM 6	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	27
	SIGNATURES	28
	EXHIBIT INDEX	29
	EXHIBIT 10.1	30
	EXHIBIT 31.1	32
	EXHIBIT 31.2	33
	EXHIBIT 32	34

-2-

PART I

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 AND DECEMBER 31, 2003

	September 30, 2004 (unaudited)	December 2003 (unaudited)
	-----	-----
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 232	\$
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	232	
	-----	-----
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	--	
	-----	-----
OTHER ASSETS		

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Marketing Database		--	
Med Wireless License		--	
		-----	-----
Total Other Assets		--	
		-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 232	\$
		=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 1,865,749		\$ 1,256,
Notes Payable	1,572,100		1,605,
Discount on Note, Net	--		(62,
Debentures Payable, Net	26,151		125,
		-----	-----
Total Current Liabilities	3,464,000		2,924,
		-----	-----
COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Convertible Preferred Series A, \$.00067 Par Value, 25,000,000			
Shares Authorized, 559,322 Shares Issued and			
Outstanding at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003		375	
Common Stock, \$.00067 Par Value, 100,000,000 Shares			
Authorized, 51,322,736 and 36,386,486 Shares Issued			
At September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively		33,983	23,
Additional Paid-In Capital	23,420,011		23,002,
Accumulated Deficit	(26,791,133)		(25,823,
Treasury Stock, at cost, 44,900 Shares Held as of September			
30, 2004 and December 31, 2003		(127,004)	(127,
		-----	-----
Total Shareholders' Equity	(3,463,768)		(2,923,
		-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 232		\$
		=====	=====

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

-3-

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS  
FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 AND 2003

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2004	Three Months Ended September 30, 2003	Nine Months Ended Sep 2004
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	-----	-----	-----
Revenue	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Total Sales	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----

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Costs and Expenses			
Selling, General and Administrative	119,912	551,089	771,117
Depreciation and Amortization	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Total Costs and Expenses	119,912	551,089	771,117
	-----	-----	-----
Operating (Loss)	(119,912)	(551,089)	(771,117)
	-----	-----	-----
Other (Expenses) Income			
Interest (Expense) Income	(48,304)	(121,568)	(200,778)
Other Income	--	--	4,600
	-----	-----	-----
Net Other (Expenses)	(48,304)	(121,568)	(196,295)
	-----	-----	-----
(Loss) Income Before Income Taxes	(168,216)	(672,657)	(967,295)
Income Taxes (Provision) Benefit	--	--	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net (Loss) Income from Continuing Operations	(168,216)	(672,657)	(967,295)
	-----	-----	-----
Discontinued Operations	--	(333,349)	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net (Loss)	\$ (168,216)	\$ (1,006,006)	\$ (967,295)
	=====	=====	=====
Loss Per Common Share - Basic and Diluted			
Loss per share from Continuing Operations	(.01)	\$ (.02)	(.02)
	=====	=====	=====
Loss per share from Discontinued Operations	(.00)	\$ (.01)	(.00)
	=====	=====	=====
Net Loss per Share, rounding	(.01)	\$ (.03)	(.02)
	=====	=====	=====
Weighted Average Common Share Equivalents Outstanding	47,844,475	33,769,193	41,410,582
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

-4-

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARY  
STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT (UNAUDITED)  
FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		
	Number of Shares	Par Value \$.00067	Number of Shares	Par Value \$.00067	Addition Paid-I Capita
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 2003	559,322	375	36,386,486	\$ 23,976	\$ 23,002,

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STOCK ISSUED FOR SERVICES			9,180,000		6,151	360,
CONVERSION OF DEBENTURES			600,000		402	29,
SALE OF COMMON STOCK			5,156,250		3,454	26,
NET LOSS						
BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2004	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	559,322	\$ 375	51,322,736	\$ 33,983	\$ 23,420,	
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

-5-

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC AND SUBSIDIARY  
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2004 AND 2003

	Nine Month Period September 30	
	2004 (unaudited)	(unaudited) 2003
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Loss	\$ (967,295)	\$ (1,000,000)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
Issuance of Stock for Services	360,898	
Cancellation of prior year warrant compensation	--	
Write Down of Idle Furniture, Fixtures and Office Equipments	--	
Loss on disposal of Discontinued Operations	--	
Amortization of Discount on Note	62,131	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	536,727	
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(7,539)	
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
No Cash Used In or Provided by Investing Activities	--	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Funds from Loan	--	
Payments to reduce Note Payable	(22,900)	
Proceeds from Sale of Common Stock	30,000	
Proceeds from Sale of Preferred Stock	--	
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	7,100	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(439)	

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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	671	
	-----	---
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 232	\$
	=====	==
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASHFLOW INFORMATION		
Cash Paid During the Period for:		
Interest	\$ --	\$
	=====	==
Income Taxes	\$ --	\$
	=====	==
Conversion of Debentures and Accrued Interest to Capital	\$ 98,849	\$
	=====	==

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements

-6-

### NUWAY MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES-BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In the opinion of management, the accompanying balance sheets and related interim statements of operations, cash flows, and stockholders' equity include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring items, necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. Actual results and outcomes may differ from management's estimates and assumptions. Estimates are used when accounting for stock-based transactions, uncollectible accounts receivable, asset depreciation and amortization, and taxes, among others.

Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. The information included in this Form 10-QSB should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis and financial statements and notes thereto included in the NuWay Medical, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts to conform with the current period presentation. The results of operations for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003 gives effect to the Company's discontinued operations.

#### NOTE 2. BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

##### OUTLOOK

As of September 30, 2004, and as of March 31, 2005, the Company had no continuing business operations. Any perceived value in the Company is both speculative and intangible in nature. The Company is operating as a public shell and its business operations consist of management seeking merger and acquisition candidates with ongoing operations.

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These consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. During 2003, 2004 and as of March 31, 2005, the Company had limited liquid and capital resources while seeking acquisition opportunities.

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$232 at September 30, 2004. The Company had no revenues in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004 and was forced to consume cash on hand to fund operations. The Company's cash position is insufficient to meet its expenses. The Company will be required to raise additional capital to sustain basic operations through the remainder of 2004 and until a merger candidate with operations of its own is located and a transaction is consummated. While the Company is actively seeking investments through private investors and other parties, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise additional capital for the entire period required.

-7-

### NUWAY MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of September 30, 2004, the Company had limited liquid and capital resources and management is incurring personal losses, while seeking acquisition opportunities.

Ultimately, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attract new sources of capital, establish an acquisition or reverse merger candidate with continuing operations, attain a reasonable threshold of operating efficiencies and achieve profitable operations.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004, the Company raised \$155,198. During the remainder of 2004, the Company raised an additional \$65,835, for a total of \$221,033. These funds were raised through straight debt financing, convertible debt financing, and equity financing, as described below.

#### NOTE 3. DUE TO PRESIDENT - UNREIMBURSED BUSINESS EXPENSES

The Company's President, Dennis Calvert, loaned money to the Company by paying from his personal funds certain of the Company's expenses. A significant portion of these personal funds was obtained by Mr. Calvert by refinancing his primary residence and cashing out equity thereon. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004, Mr. Calvert loaned to the Company \$125,198. From October, 2003 to February 28, 2005, Mr. Calvert loaned the Company a total of \$143,141. As of September 30, 2004, and February 28, 2005, the Company repaid \$369 and \$41,371 of this amount, respectively. On March 7, 2005, the Company and Mr. Calvert agreed such that the \$101,770 still outstanding and owed by the Company to Mr. Calvert will be repaid under the terms of a promissory note bearing interest of 10% per annum, requiring monthly payments and maturing on January 15, 2006.

As of March 31, 2005, the Company had accrued an expense related to the unpaid accrued compensation due its president, Mr. Calvert, in the amount of \$244,900.

#### NOTE 4. SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

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On January 31, 2004, the Company issued 30,000,000 shares of its common stock to the PMG Shareholders pursuant to its obligations in the PMG Stock Purchase Agreement. The Stock Purchase Agreement was rescinded on October 14, 2004, effective as of January 31, 2004, and those shares were cancelled and returned to treasury.

In February 2004, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$5,000 from an individual investor in connection with the sale of 156,250 shares of the Company's common stock. The issuance of the shares described above was made in reliance on the exemption from registration set forth in Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

-8-

### NUWAY MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

On February 17, 2004, the Company issued 600,000 shares of its common stock to former convertible debenture holders to partially satisfy its obligations on a settlement agreement. The shares issued reduced the Company's settlement obligations by approximately \$17,000.

On February 23, 2004, the Company issued a warrant that expires in five years to Sachi International, Inc. to purchase up to 3,000,000 shares of common stock at \$0.04 a share. The Warrant vests based on the amount of investment proceeds brought to the Company by the Holder, with 100% vesting if the Holder brings \$500,000 in investment capital. In the event less than \$500,000 is invested, the warrant vests in a pro-rata amount. The closing of any such investment shall be in the sole and absolute discretion of the Company. Sachi International, Inc. has not met the conditions for the warrant to vest.

On March 11, 2004, the Company issued 3,200,000 shares of its common stock to in exchange for services rendered to the Company. Of these shares, 3,000,000 were issued to members of the Company's board of directors, and 200,000 were issued to legal counsel, in the total amount of \$128,000.

On September 3, 2004, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$25,000 from two individual investors in connection with the sale of 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

#### NOTE 5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

##### SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

On October 4, 2004, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$50,000 from an outside investor and issued its convertible promissory note due and payable one year from the date of issuance. The note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, payable on the maturity date. The note can be converted, in whole or in part, into shares of the Company's Series A Preferred stock, on the basis of \$.005 per share, at any time prior to maturity by either the Company or the lender. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock may be converted by the holder into one share of the Company's common stock. If the noteholder converts the note into Series A Preferred Stock, on or after the note's original maturity date the noteholder may require the Company to buy back the shares of Series A Preferred Stock for 110% of the principal amount of the promissory note (the "Buy Back Provision"). If the Company is unable to do so, the Company's president, Dennis Calvert, has agreed to buy back the shares on the same terms. If shares of Series A Preferred Stock are converted into common stock, the



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holder has the right to include (piggyback) the shares of common stock in a registration of securities filed by the Company (other than on Form S-4 or Form S-8).

-9-

### NUWAY MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

The Company's payment obligations under the note may be accelerated upon the following events: (i) the sale of the Company's assets outside the ordinary course of business; (ii) a breach of the representations and warranties contained within the agreement evidencing the loan; (iii) the failure to timely pay the note; (iv) the Company's default in any other loan obligation greater than \$100,000; (v) the Company's dissolution, liquidation, merger, consolidation, bankruptcy, or future insolvency; and (vi) the commencement of any suit that threatens to have a material adverse effect on the Company, including the entry of a final judgment or settlement in excess of \$100,000.

On November 4, 2004, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$10,000 from an outside investor and issued a convertible promissory note on substantially the same terms as the previously described note.

On December 16, 2004, the Company issued 500,000 shares of its common stock to its remaining former convertible debenture holder to partially satisfy its obligations on a settlement agreement. The shares issued reduced the Company's settlement obligations by approximately \$8,700.

On January 6, 2005, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$25,000 from an outside investor and issued a convertible promissory note on substantially the same terms as the previously described note.

On January 7, 2005, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$75,000 from two outside investors and issued convertible promissory notes on substantially the same terms as the previously described notes, except the notes do not include buy back provisions, and allow conversion into a total of 18,000,000 shares of common stock (at \$0.0042 per common share, rather than \$0.005 per Series A Preferred share).

On February 10, 2005, the Company amended its obligations to Dr. James Seay (the "noteholder") under its promissory note dated November 20, 2003 in the principal amount of \$50,000 and which matured on February 18, 2004. On the maturity date of the note the Company was obligated to pay the noteholder \$65,000. The Company has paid the noteholder \$30,000 and the balance of \$35,000 remains outstanding. The amendment to the note entered into on February 10, 2005, (i) extends the maturity date of the note to February 3, 2006, (ii) provides for interest to accrue at a rate of 10% per annum (15% upon default), and (iii) allows for the conversion of the note into 7,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, or \$.005 per share.

In February, 2005, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$16,000 from three outside investors and issued convertible promissory notes on substantially the same terms as the previously described notes, except the note does not include buy back provisions, and allow conversion into a total of 2,261,701 shares of common stock (at \$0.007 per common share, rather than \$0.005 per Series A Preferred share).

On February 24, 2005, the Company received gross proceeds of \$40,000 and net proceeds of \$36,000 from two outside investors and issued convertible

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promissory notes on substantially the same terms as the previously described notes, except the notes do not include buy back provisions, and allow conversion into a total of 4,000,000 shares of common stock (at \$0.01 per common share, rather than \$0.005 per Series A Preferred share).

-10-

### NUWAY MEDICAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

All of these offerings and sales were made in reliance on the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Exchange Act and/or Regulation D promulgated thereunder as not involving a public offering of securities.

#### LITIGATION

In June 2002, Geraldine Lyons, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, sued the Company and the Company's former president Todd Sanders, for breach of her employment contract. The lawsuit was brought in the Circuit Court of the 11th Judicial Circuit in Miami-Dade County in Florida. Ms. Lyons seeks approximately \$25,000 due under the contract and the issuance of 100,000 shares of common stock, with a guarantee that the stock could be sold by Ms. Lyons for \$300,000. Ms. Lyons alleges that additional funds are due under her employment contract; that the contract requires the Company guarantee that she can sell for \$300,000 the 100,000 shares of stock the Company is required to issue her; and, that Mr. Sanders promised to purchase from her 100,000 shares of Company common stock held by her at the price of \$4.00 per share.

The Company has counter-sued Ms. Lyons for breach of fiduciary duty, fraud, violation of Section 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, violation of Section 517.301 of the Florida Statutes, negligent misrepresentation, conversion and unjust enrichment resulting from the required restatement of the Company's financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999. The restatements corrected the previous omission of certain material expenses related primarily to compensation expense arising from warrants issued and repriced stock options, as well as other errors.

The case is ongoing at this time, although it has not been vigorously prosecuted by Ms. Lyons or the Company, in the Company's case primarily because the Company had lacked the resources to do so. The Company entered into an agreement ("Legal Defense Agreement") in December 2004 such that Augustine II, LLC ("Augustine Fund") would pay for the legal expenses associated with the Company's defense and affirmative claims in this lawsuit (with the right to withdraw funding at any time), and in exchange would share any net proceeds awarded to the Company pursuant to a settlement or judgment. The sharing arrangement provides that Augustine Fund will recover first, out of any money available from recovery, its legal and out of pocket expenses related to the lawsuit; second, 85% of any additional amounts recovered up to \$500,000; and third, 50% of amounts recovered beyond \$500,000. While the Company believes that it has meritorious positions in this litigation, given the inherent nature of litigation, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this litigation or the impact it would have on the Company.

-11-

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### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

In May 2004, the Company was sued by Flight Options, Inc. ("Flight Options"), a jet plane leasing company, in the Superior Court of Orange County California. The lawsuit alleges that the Company owes Flight Options approximately \$418,300, pursuant to a five-year lease assigned to the Company by the Company's former president Todd Sanders, from his corporation, Devenshire Management Corporation ("Devenshire"). Management of the Company believes that the assignment of the lease was not properly authorized or approved by the Company, and that by Mr. Sander's failure to identify the lease in a December 2002 settlement agreement with the Company, he breached the terms of that settlement agreement and, pursuant to the settlement agreement, must indemnify the Company for any losses owed to Flight Options. The Company has cross-complained against Mr. Sanders for indemnity, and has added the affirmative claim of breach of fiduciary duty.

On March 17, 2005, the Company settled the lawsuit with the plaintiff pursuant to a stipulation that allows the Company to either pay Flight Options \$100,000 on or before August 5, 2005, or allows Flight Options to file a judgment against the Company for \$163,310 after such date. The Company's claims against Devenshire and Mr. Sanders will be litigated through binding arbitration prior to the date on which it must pay \$100,000 to Flight Options. The Company's Legal Defense Agreement with the Augustine Fund applies also to the Flight Options litigation. While the Company believes that it has meritorious positions against Devenshire and Mr. Sanders, given the inherent nature of litigation, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this litigation or the impact it would have on the Company.

On December 4, 2004, the Company was sued by the law firm of Eneinstein Russell and Saltz, LLP to collect fees that had been billed to the Company in the amount of \$15,233, which had been disputed by the Company. The Company is defending its rights in the lawsuit. The case is in its beginning stage, and a trial date has not been set. While the Company believes that it has meritorious positions in this litigation, given the inherent nature of litigation, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this litigation or the impact it would have on the Company.

The Company is party to various other claims, legal actions and complaints arising periodically in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, no such matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

-12-

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB of NuWay Medical, Inc. (the "Company") contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include predictions regarding, among other things, our:

- o general and administrative expenses;
- o liquidity and sufficiency of existing cash;
- o sale or other disposition of our technology; and
- o The outcome of pending or threatened litigation.

You can identify these and other forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "may," "will," "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "continues," or the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements also include the assumptions underlying or relating

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to any of the foregoing statements.

Such statements, which include statements concerning future revenue sources and concentrations, selling, general and administrative expenses, research and development expenses, capital resources, additional financings and additional losses, are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-QSB, that could actual results to differ materially from those projected.

Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth below under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2003. All forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to us on the date hereof. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

Unless otherwise expressly stated herein, all statements, including forward-looking statements, set forth in this Form 10-QSB are as of September 30, 2004, and we undertake no duty to update this information.

### PLAN OF OPERATIONS

#### OVERVIEW

The Company had no continuing business operations as of September 30, 2004 and as of March 31, 2005. Over the course of several years, the Company has attempted to enter various businesses through the acquisitions of entities operating ongoing businesses or technology that needed to be developed and marketed. However, as a result of various factors, but primarily due to its lack of adequate capital and the inability to secure financing successfully, these acquisitions could not be properly exploited and integrated to produce profitable operations by the Company. Management of the Company has elected to dispose or discontinue through sales or other means, these acquisitions, including the Company's attempt to develop and market the 15-year licensing rights acquired from Med Wireless, Inc. (Med Wireless) in July 2002. The Med Wireless technology consists of software that is compliant with HIPAA, to electronically organize, store and retrieve medical records and medical images. During 2003, management of the Company deemed it necessary to discontinue the Company's attempt to develop and market the Med Wireless and Player Record Library System ("PRLS") technologies.

-13-

Based on the rapid increase in the number of well-capitalized companies offering competing technologies, as well as the fact that the Company has been unable to continue funding any technology enhancements or development related to the Med Wireless technology, management came to believe that the technology had lost the ability to be a viable competing technology in its sector and that it was not in the Company's best interest to continue to pursue the Med Wireless technology. Moreover, management is doubtful if the Med Wireless technology will be considered of any significant value to a prospective buyer or licensee of the technology. The Company is attempting to sell this technology, but expects to realize only nominal net proceeds, if any, for the technology.

In addition, the Company has abandoned its efforts to market a variety of products and services to the sports industry with an emphasis on health and technology related products, primarily PRLS. The Company is attempting to sell its interest in its majority-owned subsidiary, NuWay Sports, LLC ("NuWay Sports"), which was established to market the PRLS technology, but expects to realize only nominal net proceeds, if any, for its interest.

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The Company operated as a public shell during all of 2004 and operations primarily consisted of the Company's president seeking funding, maintaining the corporate entity, complying with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and seeking merger and acquisition candidates or new business opportunities. The Company will need working capital resources to maintain the Company's status and to fund other anticipated costs and expenses during the year ending December 31, 2004 and beyond. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to raise capital to, at a minimum, meet its corporate maintenance requirements. If the Company is able to acquire an ongoing business and/or technology that must be exploited, it would need additional capital until and unless that prospective operation is able to generate positive working capital sufficient to fund the Company's cash flow requirements from operations.

As a result of the dramatic change in direction of the Company's scope and focus, the abandonment of its technologies and the discontinuance of its remaining operating businesses, comparisons of year-to-year and quarter-to-quarter results of operations are not meaningful. Thus the activity in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004 is not comparable to the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003.

-14-

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company had no revenues from continuing operations during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, compared to no revenues from continuing operations during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003.

### SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$120,000 and \$771,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, respectively, compared to \$551,000 and \$2,123,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, respectively. This decrease is primarily attributable to the fact that in 2003 the Company had extraordinarily high consulting and legal expenses, primarily attributable to NASDAQ compliance issues (ii) a major shift in the Company's core business, and (iii) numerous stock issuances to consultants, whereas in 2004 the Company operated as a shell corporation with operations consisting of seeking funding, maintaining the corporate entity, complying with the requirements of the SEC, and seeking merger and acquisition candidates or new business opportunities. The largest components of these expenses were:

a. Salaries and Payroll-Related Expenses: These expenses were \$52,000 and \$282,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, compared to \$136,000 and \$268,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, a decrease of \$84,000 and an increase of \$14,000, respectively. The \$14,000 increase for the nine-month period (and the decrease in the three-month period) is almost entirely attributable to an expense recorded by the Company for the issuance of 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock to an officer of the Company in lieu of cash compensation in the amount of \$118,000, and relates to the efforts by management to obtain additional financing, comply with SEC reporting requirements, and find a viable merger candidate.

b. Consulting Expenses: These expenses were \$5,000 and (\$62,000) (as a result of certain cancellations of shares previously issued) for the

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three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, compared to \$123,000 and \$430,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, a decrease of \$118,000 and \$492,000, respectively. This decrease is primarily attributable to the Company's lack of continuing business operations in 2004.

c. Legal Expenses: These expenses were \$44,000 and \$250,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, compared to \$116,000 and \$604,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, a decrease of \$72,000 and \$354,000, respectively. This decrease is primarily attributable to the high level of legal assistance required in 2003 for matters such as (i) addressing NASDAQ compliance issues (ii) a major shift in the Company's core business, and (iii) numerous stock issuances to consultants.

d. Settlement Charge: These expenses were \$0 and \$163,000 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, compared to \$0 and \$0 for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, an increase of \$0 and \$163,000, respectively. This increase is attributable to the settlement reached in the Flight Options, Inc. litigation, in which the Company may be obligated to pay up to approximately \$163,000 to Flight Options, Inc. (See Part II, Item 1 "Legal Proceedings" below.)

-15-

### DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As discussed above and in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in this report, we have disposed of all of our operating entities or discontinued all of our operations prior to the nine-month period ended September 30, 2004. The Company recorded a loss from discontinued operations for the three-month period ended September 30, 2003 of \$333,000, and a net loss from continuing operations for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2003 of \$4,807,000.

### NET LOSS

Net loss for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004 was \$168,000 and \$967,000, or \$(0.01) and \$(0.02) per share, respectively. Comparatively, for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2003, the net loss was \$1,006,000 and \$7,126,000, respectively, or \$(0.03) per share, and \$(0.25) per share.

The Company has relied upon its 2004 Equity Plan to compensate consultants and employees who have assisted in developing and executing the Company's business plan. This reliance, together with issuances of stock by the Company other than pursuant to these plans, has significantly narrowed the loss per share by increasing the total number of the Company's outstanding common stock.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### GENERAL

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$232 at September 30, 2004. We had no revenues in the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004 and were forced to consume cash on hand to fund operations. The Company's cash position is insufficient to meet its expenses. The Company will be required to raise additional capital to sustain basic operations through the remainder of 2004 and until a merger candidate with operations of its own is located and a transaction is consummated. While the Company is actively seeking investments through

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private investors and other parties, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise additional capital for the entire period required.

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. As of September 30, 2004, the Company had limited liquid and capital resources and management is incurring personal losses, while seeking acquisition opportunities.

-16-

Ultimately, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attract new sources of capital, establish an acquisition or reverse merger candidate with continuing operations, attain a reasonable threshold of operating efficiencies and achieve profitable operations.

For the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, the Company raised \$45,292 and \$155,198, respectively. During the remainder of 2004, the Company raised an additional \$65,835, for a total of \$221,033. These funds were raised through straight debt financing, convertible debt financing, and equity financing, as described below.

### STRAIGHT DEBT FINANCING

The Company's President, Dennis Calvert, loaned money to the Company by paying from his personal funds certain of the Company's expenses. A significant portion of these personal funds was obtained by Mr. Calvert by refinancing his primary residence and cashing out equity thereon. For the three- and nine-month period ended September 30, 2004, Mr. Calvert loaned to the Company \$20,292 and \$125,198, respectively. From October 2003 to February 28, 2005, Mr. Calvert loaned the Company a total of \$143,141. As of September 30, 2004, and February 28, 2005, the Company repaid \$369 and \$41,371 of this amount, respectively. On March 7, 2005, the Company and Mr. Calvert agreed that the \$101,770 still outstanding and owed by the Company to Mr. Calvert will be repaid under the terms of a promissory note bearing interest of 10% per annum, requiring monthly payments and maturing on January 15, 2006.

### CONVERTIBLE DEBT FINANCING

For the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, the Company did not raise any funds through convertible debt financing. During the remainder of 2004, the Company raised \$60,000 and issued convertible promissory notes due and payable one year from the date of issuance. The notes bear interest at a rate of 10% per annum, payable on the maturity date, and can be converted, in whole or in part, into shares of the Company's Series A Preferred stock, on the basis of \$.005 per share, at any time prior to maturity by either the Company or the lender. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock may be converted by the holder into one share of the Company's common stock. If the noteholder converts the note into Series A Preferred Stock, on or after the note's original maturity date, the noteholder may require the Company to buy back the shares of Series A Preferred Stock for 110% of the principal amount of the promissory note. If the Company is unable to do so, the Company's president, Dennis Calvert, has agreed to buy back the shares on the same terms. If shares of Series A Preferred Stock are converted into common stock, the holder has the right to include (piggyback) the shares of common stock in a registration of securities filed by the Company (other than on Form S-4 or Form S-8). Please see Part II, Item 2 "Changes in Securities".

EQUITY FINANCING

During the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, the Company received \$25,000 (gross and net proceeds) and \$30,000 (gross and net proceeds), respectively, from the sale of 5,156,250 shares of its common stock which were restricted and unregistered. Please see Part II, Item 2 "Changes in Securities".

OTHER OBLIGATIONS

Significant debt obligations at September 30, 2004 included:

(i) \$420,000 (plus interest) due to Augustine II, LLC (the "Augustine Fund"), described in more detail below;

(ii) a \$1,120,000 note payable which was purchased in March 2003 by New Millennium Capital Partners, LLC, an entity owned and controlled by the Company's president, Dennis Calvert, and certain members of his family, together with accrued but unpaid interest, described in more detail below.

(iii) approximately \$26,000 outstanding remaining on a settlement agreement with former convertible debenture holders; and

(iv) \$32,100 due to a former advisory board member, reduced from a promissory note dated November 20, 2003 in the principle amount of \$65,000.

For the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, there was \$48,000 and \$139,000, respectively, of accrued interest recorded related to these obligations. As of December 31, 2004, there was \$189,000 of accrued interest recorded related to these obligations.

AUGUSTINE FUND NOTE

On June 10, 2003 the Company entered into a Term Loan Agreement ("Loan Agreement") with the Augustine Fund, pursuant to which the Augustine Fund agreed to lend the Company \$420,000, payable in installments of \$250,000, \$100,000, and \$70,000 (the "Augustine Loan"). The proceeds of the Augustine Loan were used by the Company for working capital.

Principal and interest, at an annual rate of 10%, of the Augustine Loan, was originally due on February 29, 2004. In addition, the Loan Agreement contains certain requirements that the Company make mandatory prepayments of the Augustine Loan from the proceeds of any asset sales outside of the ordinary course of business, and, on a quarterly basis, from positive cash flow. In addition, all or any portion of the Augustine Loan may be prepaid by the Company may prepay all or any portion of the Augustine Loan at any time without premium or penalty.

As additional consideration for making the Augustine Loan, the Augustine Fund received five-year warrants to purchase up to 6,158,381 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.16 per share. The Company could require that the warrants be exercised if certain conditions were satisfied. Since these conditions were not fully satisfied by the maturity date, the Loan Agreement provides that the Augustine Fund may, at any time following the maturity date and so long as the warrants remain exercisable, elect to exercise all or any portion of the warrants pursuant to a "cashless exercise",



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whereby the Augustine Fund would be issued the net amount of shares of our common stock, taking into consideration the difference between the exercise price of the warrants and the fair market value of our common stock at the time of exercise, without having to pay anything to the Company for such exercise.

-18-

As security for the Augustine Loan, New Millennium Capital Partners LLC ("New Millennium"), a company controlled and owned by the Company's president, Dennis Calvert, and members of his family, pledged 2.5 million shares of the Company's common stock owned by New Millennium, and, in addition, the Company has granted the Augustine Fund a security interest in its 51% membership ownership interest in NuWay Sports. As a result, the Company will need to consent of the Augustine Fund to release its security interest in NuWay Sports if the Company is able to sell NuWay Sports.

Prior to the original maturity date of the Augustine Loan, the Company spoke with representatives of the Augustine Fund and advised them that the Company was unable to pay the amount due under the Augustine Loan by the February 29, 2004 maturity date. On March 30, 2004, the Augustine Fund agreed to extend the maturity date of the Loan Agreement to August 2004. In addition to the extension of the maturity date, the Augustine Fund was given the option of having the Augustine Loan satisfied in cash or by the conversion of any remaining principal balance and any accrued interest on the Augustine Loan to shares of the Company's common stock at a 15% discount to market, so long as Augustine Fund's holdings do not exceed 4.9% of the total issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock at any time. In addition, the warrants held by the Augustine Fund to purchase 6,158,381 shares of the Company's common stock were re-priced to an exercise price of \$.035 per share. Exercise of the warrants is also subject to the limit that the Augustine Fund does not hold more than 4.9% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company's common stock. The Company recorded \$19,000 and \$50,000 of interest expense for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2004, related to the Augustine Loan.

On March 7, 2005, the Company and the Augustine Fund agreed to extend the maturity date of the Augustine Loan to May 2006, in exchange for the issuance of a warrant that gives the Augustine Fund the right to purchase 8,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$0.005 per share for a period of five years. The final documentation of the extension and the warrant is being finalized and has not yet been completed.

### OBLIGATION TO NEW MILLENNIUM

In conjunction with the acquisition from Med Wireless of the license for the Med Wireless and PRLS technologies on August 21, 2002, the Company assumed a \$1,120,000 note (the "Note") with interest at 10% per annum payable by Med Wireless to Summitt Ventures, Inc. ("Summitt Ventures"). Summitt Ventures is controlled by Mark Anderson, a former consultant and principal stockholder of the Company. The Note is secured by the Company's assets and was originally due on June 15, 2003.

-19-

As part of a series of transactions that the Company undertook to separate itself completely from Mr. Anderson, on March 26, 2003, Summitt Ventures sold the Note, together with 4,182,107 shares of the Company's common stock owned by Mr. Anderson's affiliates, Camden Holdings and Summit Healthcare, Inc. ("Summit Healthcare"), to New Millennium, in exchange for a \$900,000 promissory note

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issued by New Millennium in favor of Summitt Ventures, Camden Holdings, and Summit Healthcare (the "New Millennium Note"). The New Millennium Note is secured by all of the stock of the Company owned by New Millennium and Mr. Calvert. (See "Augustine Fund Note" above.) Other than Mr. Calvert, no individual, entity or party presently or previously associated with the Company has ever had any ownership interest in New Millennium. Mr. Anderson, a principal of those companies that sold and/or licensed the technologies to the Company, conditioned the transaction with New Millennium on the Company's agreeing to convert the Note to common stock.

Since New Millennium purchased the Note, the Company has attempted multiple times to convert the Note, but has been unable to obtain the required stockholder vote, due to a lack of quorum, to do so. The three attempts are described below.

On March 26, 2003, the Company's board of directors voted to convert the Note by New Millennium into 22,400,000 shares of common stock of the Company, at a conversion price discounted 37.5% from the then market price of \$0.08. New Millennium agreed to this conversion.

In arriving at a conversion price, the board of directors determined that a 37.5% discount to market price was appropriate based on a number of factors, including that (i) with the quantity of the shares that would be issued, a block of shares that size could not be liquidated without affecting the market price of the shares, and (ii) the shares would be "restricted shares" and could therefore not be sold by New Millennium in the public markets prior to two years from the date of the conversion, and thereafter would be subject to the volume and manner of sale limitations of Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933.

Subsequent to the vote by the board to convert the Note, the Company received notification from Nasdaq's Listing Qualifications Department that converting the Note without stockholder approval violated certain Nasdaq Marketplace Rules. In response to this notification, the board, with the concurrence of New Millennium, voted to amend its resolution and delay conversion of the Note until the Company's stockholders approved the conversion.

At the Company's June 6, 2003 board meeting, Mr. Calvert, on behalf of New Millennium, and the Company, through the unanimous action of the board (with Mr. Calvert abstaining), agreed that, in light of current market conditions (namely the significant increase in the trading price of the Company's common stock since March 26, 2003, the date on which the conversion of the Note was originally approved by the board, from \$0.08 to \$0.28 as of June 6, 2003), it would be inequitable for New Millennium to convert the Note at the originally agreed to \$0.05 per share price. Mr. Calvert, on behalf of New Millennium, and the Company orally agreed to rescind the agreement to convert the Note.

-20-

In addition, New Millennium orally agreed with the Company to extend the maturity date of the Note to a first payment due October 1, 2003 in the amount of \$100,000 and the balance of the principal due on April 1, 2004, with interest due according to the original terms of the Note (to correspond to the payment terms of the New Millennium Note), and furthermore to reduce the Company's obligation on the Note to the extent that New Millennium might be able to reduce its obligation on the New Millennium Note. While the prior holder of the Note, Summitt Ventures, purported to condition New Millennium's purchase on the conversion of the Note, Mr. Calvert has represented to the Company that due to Mr. Anderson's actions (as previously described by the Company in its Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended March 31, 2003), Mr. Calvert now believes that conversion of the Note is no longer a required term of the

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agreement between New Millennium and Summitt Ventures.

The Company was unable to make the \$100,000 payment on the Note on the extended due date of October 1, 2003. At a board meeting on October 15, 2003, the board decided to put the issue of conversion of the Note to the Company's stockholders at a special meeting of the stockholders scheduled for December 9, 2003. The stockholders meeting was held on December 9, 2003, but adjourned without a vote, because not enough shares to constitute a quorum were represented. The stockholders meeting was rescheduled for December 30, 2003, at which a quorum was also not present. Because this was the second attempt to obtain a quorum, and more than 4,000,000 additional shares were required to be voted to obtain a quorum, the board adjourned the meeting indefinitely. As a result, the Note was not converted into stock and the outstanding principal amount, together with accrued and unpaid interest, remains as a liability of the Company.

In conjunction with the Company's January 31, 2004 purchase of Premium Medical Group ("PMG") (later rescinded in October 2004), and as a condition to that transaction, the Premium Medical Group shareholders (the "PMG Shareholders") required the Company to convert the note so as to eliminate the obligation from the Company's balance sheet. At a meeting on February 10, 2004, the board of directors voted to convert the note into 30,869,992 shares of its common stock, at a conversion price of \$0.04, discounted 20% from the then market price of \$0.05. New Millennium agreed to this conversion. In arriving at a conversion price, the board of directors determined that a 20% discount to market price was appropriate based on a number of factors, including (i) the holding period of the stock will be two years, and thus is not liquid until that point, and (ii) the amount of the stock issued would make it impossible to liquidate the stock at the current market price. This discount was equal to the discount proposed to the stockholders in December 2003 at the abandoned stockholders meeting, and less than the discount used by the board at the first conversion attempt in April 2003.

-21-

The board approved the conversion knowing that, since its conversion was a condition imposed by the PMG Shareholders, they (who would hold 45% of the Company's common stock at the time of such meeting) would provide the additional shares necessary to obtain a quorum and formal stockholder approval. Stockholder approval was also necessary to increase the number of authorized shares necessary to convert the Note. However, due to lack of operational capital, the Company was unable to remain current in its SEC filings, and thus was unable to hold the required stockholder meeting.

In October 2004, the Company, PMG and the PMG Shareholders rescinded the Stock Purchase Agreement. Because the board of director's decision to convert the Note was based in part on the requirements of the PMG Stock Purchase Agreement, the board on October 28, 2004, determined not to convert the Note. Considering that the Company at the time was a shell corporation with no operations, Mr. Calvert also agreed to extend the maturity of the Note indefinitely until the Company's status changed.

Accordingly, as of September 30, 2004, the principal amount of the loan, together with \$73,504 in accrued but unpaid interest, had not been repaid.

Under the terms of the New Millennium Note, it is possible that Summitt Ventures, Camden Holdings, and Summit Healthcare may have a claim to reacquire the shares of the Company's common stock that were sold to New Millennium. The New Millennium Note is purportedly secured by the purchased shares of the Company's common stock; however, New Millennium and Mr. Calvert believe that Mr.

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Anderson and his affiliates have not perfected their security interest in those shares. In addition, the Augustine Fund is the pledgee of 2,500,000 of these shares and has physical possession of those shares.

New Millennium has informed the Company's board of directors that New Millennium still intends to fully convert the Note to stock as soon as it is practical, following stockholder approval. As of the date of the filing of this report, the stockholder vote has not taken place and the Note has not been converted into shares of the Company's common stock.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The SEC recently issued Financial Reporting release No. 60, "Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies" ("FRR 60"), suggesting companies provide additional disclosure and commentary on their most critical accounting policies. In FRR 60, the SEC defined the most critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and operating results, and require management to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Based on this definition, the Company's most critical accounting policies include: non-cash transactions and compensation valuations that affect the total expenses reported in the current period and/or values of assets received in exchange.

-22-

The Company has established a policy relative to the methodology to determine the value assigned to each intangible acquired with or licensed by the Company and/or services or products received for non-cash consideration of the Company's common stock. The value is based on the market price of the Company's common stock issued as consideration, at the date of the agreement of each transaction or when the service is rendered or product is received, as adjusted for applicable discounts.

The methods, estimates and judgments the Company uses in applying these most critical accounting policies have a significant impact on the results of the Company reports in its financial statements.

### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures: Our management evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting: There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control

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over financial reporting.

-23-

### PART II

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In June 2002, Geraldine Lyons, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, sued the Company and the Company's former president Todd Sanders, for breach of her employment contract. The lawsuit was brought in the Circuit Court of the 11th Judicial Circuit in Miami-Dade County in Florida. Ms. Lyons seeks approximately \$25,000 due under the contract and the issuance of 100,000 shares of common stock, with a guarantee that the stock could be sold by Ms. Lyons for \$300,000. Ms. Lyons alleges that additional funds are due under her employment contract; that the contract requires the Company guarantee that she can sell for \$300,000 the 100,000 shares of stock the Company is required to issue her; and, that Mr. Sanders promised to purchase from her 100,000 shares of Company common stock held by her at the price of \$4.00 per share.

The Company has counter-sued Ms. Lyons for breach of fiduciary duty, fraud, violation of Section 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, violation of Section 517.301 of the Florida Statutes, negligent misrepresentation, conversion and unjust enrichment resulting from the required restatement of the Company's financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999. The restatements corrected the previous omission of certain material expenses related primarily to compensation expense arising from warrants issued and repriced stock options, as well as other errors.

The case is ongoing at this time, although it has not been vigorously prosecuted by Ms. Lyons or the Company, in the Company's case primarily because the Company had lacked the resources to do so. The Company entered into an agreement ("Legal Defense Agreement") in December 2004 such that Augustine II, LLC ("Augustine Fund") would pay for the legal expenses associated with the Company's defense and affirmative claims in this lawsuit (with the right to withdraw funding at any time), and in exchange would share any net proceeds awarded to the Company pursuant to a settlement or judgment. The sharing arrangement provides that Augustine Fund will recover first, out of any money available from recovery, its legal and out of pocket expenses related to the lawsuit; second, 85% of any additional amounts recovered up to \$500,000; and third, 50% of amounts recovered beyond \$500,000. While the Company believes that it has meritorious positions in this litigation, given the inherent nature of litigation, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this litigation or the impact it would have on the Company.

In May 2004, the Company was sued by Flight Options, Inc. ("Flight Options"), a jet plane leasing company, in the Superior Court of Orange County California. The lawsuit alleges that the Company owes Flight Options approximately \$418,300, pursuant to a five-year lease assigned to the Company by the Company's former president Todd Sanders, from his corporation, Devonshire Management Corporation ("Devonshire"). Management of the Company believes that the assignment of the lease was not properly authorized or approved by the Company, and that by Mr. Sander's failure to identify the lease in a December 2002 settlement agreement with the Company, he breached the terms of that settlement agreement and, pursuant to the settlement agreement, must indemnify the Company for any losses owed to Flight Options. The Company has cross-complained against Mr. Sanders for indemnity, and has added the affirmative claim of breach of fiduciary duty.

On March 17, 2005, the Company settled the lawsuit with the plaintiff pursuant to a stipulation that allows the Company to either pay Flight Options \$100,000 on or before August 5, 2005, or allows Flight Options to file a judgment against the Company for \$163,310 after such date. The Company's claims against Devenshire and Mr. Sanders will be litigated through binding arbitration prior to the date on which it must pay \$100,000 to Flight Options. The Company's Legal Defense Agreement with the Augustine Fund applies also to the Flight Options litigation. While the Company believes that it has meritorious positions against Devenshire and Mr. Sanders, given the inherent nature of litigation, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this litigation or the impact it would have on the Company.

On December 4, 2004, the Company was sued by the law firm of Enenstein Russell and Saltz, LLP to collect fees that had been billed to the Company in the amount of \$15,233, which had been disputed by the Company. The Company is defending its rights in the lawsuit. The case is in its beginning stage, and a trial date has not been set. While the Company believes that it has meritorious positions in this litigation, given the inherent nature of litigation, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this litigation or the impact it would have on the Company.

The Company is party to various other claims, legal actions and complaints arising periodically in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, no such matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

On October 4, 2004, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$50,000 from an outside investor and issued its convertible promissory note due and payable one year from the date of issuance. The note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, payable on the maturity date. The note can be converted, in whole or in part, into shares of the Company's Series A Preferred stock, on the basis of \$.005 per share, at any time prior to maturity by either the Company or the lender. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock may be converted by the holder into one share of the Company's common stock. If the noteholder converts the note into Series A Preferred Stock, on or after the note's original maturity date the noteholder may require the Company to buy back the shares of Series A Preferred Stock for 110% of the principal amount of the promissory note (the "Buy Back Provision"). If the Company is unable to do so, the Company's president, Dennis Calvert, has agreed to buy back the shares on the same terms. If shares of Series A Preferred Stock are converted into common stock, the holder has the right to include (piggyback) the shares of common stock in a registration of securities filed by the Company (other than on Form S-4 or Form S-8).

The Company's payment obligations under the note may be accelerated upon the following events: (i) the sale of the Company's assets outside the ordinary course of business; (ii) a breach of the representations and warranties contained within the agreement evidencing the loan; (iii) the failure to timely pay the note; (iv) the Company's default in any other loan obligation greater than \$100,000; (v) the Company's dissolution, liquidation, merger, consolidation, bankruptcy, or future insolvency; and (vi) the commencement of any suit that threatens to have a material adverse effect on the Company, including the entry of a final judgment or settlement in excess of \$100,000.

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On November 4, 2004, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$10,000 from an outside investor and issued a convertible promissory note on substantially the same terms as the previously described note.

On December 16, 2004, the Company issued 500,000 shares of its common stock to its remaining former convertible debenture holder to partially satisfy its obligations on a settlement agreement. The shares issued reduced the Company's settlement obligations by approximately \$8,700.

On January 6, 2005, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$25,000 from an outside investor and issued a convertible promissory note on substantially the same terms as the previously described note.

On January 7, 2005, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$75,000 from two outside investors and issued convertible promissory notes on substantially the same terms as the previously described notes, except the notes do not include Buy Back Provisions, and allow conversion into a total of 18,000,000 shares of common stock (at \$0.0042 per common share, rather than \$0.005 per Series A Preferred share).

On February 10, 2005, the Company amended its obligations to Dr. James Seay (the "noteholder") under its promissory note dated November 20, 2003 in the principal amount of \$50,000 and which matured on February 18, 2004. On the maturity date of the note the Company was obligated to pay the noteholder \$65,000. The Company has paid the noteholder \$30,000 and the balance of \$35,000 remains outstanding. The amendment to the note entered into on February 10, 2005, (i) extends the maturity date of the note to February 3, 2006, (ii) provides for interest to accrue at a rate of 10% per annum (15% upon default), and (iii) allows for the conversion of the note into 7,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock, or \$0.005 per share.

In February, 2005, the Company received gross and net proceeds of \$16,000 from three outside investors and issued convertible promissory notes on substantially the same terms as the previously described notes, except the note does not include Buy Back Provisions, and allow conversion into a total of 2,261,701 shares of common stock (at \$0.007 per common share, rather than \$0.005 per Series A Preferred share).

-26-

On February 24, 2005, the Company received gross proceeds of \$40,000 and net proceeds of \$36,000 from two outside investors and issued convertible promissory notes on substantially the same terms as the previously described notes, except the notes do not include Buy Back Provisions, and allow conversion into a total of 4,000,000 shares of common stock (at \$0.01 per common share, rather than \$0.005 per Series A Preferred share).

All of these offerings and sales were made in reliance on the exemption from registration contained in Section 4(2) of the Securities Exchange Act and/or Regulation D promulgated thereunder as not involving a public offering of securities.

### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

As of September 30, 2004, the Company was in default on the following senior securities:

(a) \$420,000 due to Augustine Fund pursuant to a Term Loan Agreement dated June 10, 2003. The maturity date on the promissory note first matured in

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February, 2004, was extended to August 2004, and in March 2005 was extended to May 1, 2006. (See Part I, Item 2, "Liquidity and Capital Resources" above.)

(b) \$32,100 due to a former advisory board member on a promissory note dated November 20, 2003 which matured on February 18, 2004. As of the date of this filing, the amount owed on this indebtedness is \$35,000. On February 10, 2004, the maturity date of this note was extended to February 3, 2006.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

-27-

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

The exhibits listed below are attached hereto and filed herewith:

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.1	Letter Agreement with Augustine II, LLC, regarding the defense of two lawsuits filed against NuWay Medical, Inc.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Quarterly Report Pursuant to Rule 13(a)-15(e) or Rule 15(d)-15(e).
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Quarterly Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Quarterly Report pursuant to Rule 13(a)-15(e) or Rule 15(d)-15(e).

(a) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

On September 10, 2004, we filed with the SEC a Current Report on Form 8-K, regarding the termination of our auditors.

On September 16, 2004, we filed with the SEC a Current Report on Form 8-K, regarding the engagement of Jeffrey S. Gilbert, CPA, as our auditor.

On September 17, 2004, we filed with the SEC an amended Current Report on Form 8-K, regarding the termination of our auditors.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

NUWAY MEDICAL, INC.

Date: March 31, 2005

By: /s/ Dennis Calvert



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Dennis Calvert  
President, Chief Executive Officer  
and Interim Chief Financial Officer

-28-

EXHIBIT INDEX

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32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Quarterly Report pursuant to Rule 13(a)-15(e) or Rule 15(d)-15(e).

-29-