

AXCELIS TECHNOLOGIES INC
Form 10-Q
November 08, 2013
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 000-30941

AXCELIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

34-1818596
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

108 Cherry Hill Drive

Beverly, Massachusetts 01915

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(978) 787-4000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes No

As of October 31, 2013 there were 109,596,844 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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Table of Contents**PART 1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements.****Axcelis Technologies, Inc.****Consolidated Statements of Operations****(In thousands, except per share amounts)****(Unaudited)**

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue				
Product	\$ 42,934	\$ 37,093	\$ 118,151	\$ 136,096
Services	5,897	7,547	18,907	22,664
Total revenue	48,831	44,640	137,058	158,760
Cost of revenue				
Product	27,339	24,809	74,976	84,692
Services	4,516	5,464	15,427	16,377
Total cost of revenue	31,855	30,273	90,403	101,069
Gross profit	16,976	14,367	46,655	57,691
Operating expenses				
Research and development	8,148	9,851	25,857	31,999
Sales and marketing	5,330	5,470	16,128	18,284
General and administrative	6,164	6,325	19,165	20,611
Gain on sale of dry strip assets and intellectual property			(1,167)	
Restructuring charges	112	578	2,334	3,612
Total operating expenses	19,754	22,224	62,317	74,506
Loss from operations	(2,778)	(7,857)	(15,662)	(16,815)
Other income (expense)				
Interest income	3	9	8	27
Interest expense	(193)		(308)	
Other, net	(1,252)	(627)	(671)	(999)
Total other income (expense)	(1,442)	(618)	(971)	(972)
Loss before income taxes	(4,220)	(8,475)	(16,633)	(17,787)
Income taxes	530	243	1,125	1,429
Net loss	\$ (4,750)	\$ (8,718)	\$ (17,758)	\$ (19,216)

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Net loss per share								
Basic and Diluted	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.16)	\$	(0.18)
Shares used in computing net loss per share								
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares		109,074		107,855		108,573		107,521

See accompanying Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements

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Axcelis Technologies, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net loss	\$ (4,750)	\$ (8,718)	\$ (17,758)	\$ (19,216)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	2,012	1,105	53	(308)
Amortization of actuarial losses from pension plan	8		24	
Comprehensive loss	\$ (2,730)	\$ (7,613)	\$ (17,681)	\$ (19,524)

See accompanying Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements

Table of Contents**Axcelis Technologies, Inc.****Consolidated Balance Sheets****(In thousands, except per share amounts)****(Unaudited)**

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 48,317	\$ 44,986
Accounts receivable, net	29,321	24,843
Inventories, net	94,316	100,234
Restricted cash	1,583	106
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	5,066	5,056
Total current assets	178,603	175,225
Property, plant and equipment, net	32,311	34,413
Restricted cash, long-term	825	
Other assets	15,542	12,520
Total assets	\$ 227,281	\$ 222,158
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 16,075	\$ 10,166
Accrued compensation	7,309	7,283
Warranty	1,461	1,700
Income taxes	262	278
Deferred revenue	3,911	6,423
Current portion of long-term debt	185	
Other current liabilities	4,250	3,932
Total current liabilities	33,453	29,782
Long-term debt	14,815	
Long-term deferred revenue	154	456
Other long-term liabilities	6,129	5,844
Total liabilities	54,551	36,082
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 30,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 300,000 shares authorized; 109,586 shares issued and 109,466 shares outstanding at September 30, 2013; 108,293 shares issued and 108,173 shares outstanding at December 31, 2012	110	108
Additional paid-in capital	508,976	504,643
Treasury stock, at cost, 120 shares at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012	(1,218)	(1,218)
Accumulated deficit	(340,235)	(322,477)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	5,097	5,020
Total stockholders' equity	172,730	186,076
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 227,281	\$ 222,158

See accompanying Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements

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Axcelis Technologies, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (17,758)	\$ (19,216)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	3,948	5,419
Gain on sale of dry strip assets and intellectual property	(1,167)	
Deferred taxes	272	998
Stock-based compensation expense	3,105	3,411
Provision for excess inventory	2,451	678
Changes in operating assets & liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(4,359)	10,143
Inventories	3,455	(3,496)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(429)	4,490
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	6,276	(11,601)
Deferred revenue	(2,816)	(5,089)
Income taxes	(14)	(135)
Other assets and liabilities	(3,813)	3,025
Net cash used for operating activities	(10,849)	(11,373)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of dry strip assets and intellectual property	1,200	
Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment	(484)	(536)
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash	(1,477)	1
Net cash used for investing activities	(761)	(535)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Increase in restricted cash	(825)	
Financing fees and other expenses	(473)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,113	863
Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan	197	179
Proceeds from issuance of Term Loan	15,000	
Net cash provided by financing activities	15,012	1,042
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(71)	(791)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,331	(11,657)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	44,986	46,877
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 48,317	\$ 35,220

See accompanying Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements

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Axcelis Technologies, Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1. Nature of Business

Axcelis Technologies, Inc. (Axcelis or the Company) is a worldwide producer of ion implantation and other processing equipment used in the fabrication of semiconductor chips in the United States, Europe and Asia. In addition, the Company provides extensive aftermarket service and support, including spare parts, equipment upgrades, and maintenance services to the semiconductor industry.

In December 2012, the Company sold its intellectual property rights and certain assets relating to the Company's dry strip product line to Lam Research Corporation (Lam). As a result of this transaction, the Company has ceased the sale of 300 mm dry strip wafer processing equipment in the quarter ended September 30, 2013. The Company will be able to continue to sell dry strip systems for smaller wafers until December 2015 and to support its installed base of all dry strip systems indefinitely. The gain on this transaction is more fully described in Note 3 below and in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments which are of a normal recurring nature and considered necessary for a fair presentation of these financial statements have been included. Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for other interim periods or for the year as a whole.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2012 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in Axcelis Technologies, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

The Company, incorporated in December 1995, is a successor to an ion implantation business founded in 1978.

Note 2. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company maintains the Axcelis Technologies, Inc. 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2012 Equity Plan), which became effective on May 2, 2012, and permits the issuance of options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance awards to selected employees, directors and consultants of the Company. The Company's 2000 Stock Plan (the 2000 Stock Plan), expired on May 1, 2012. Awards granted under the 2000 Stock Plan remain outstanding and subject to the terms of the 2000 Stock Plan until the exercise or expiration of such grants. The Company also

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maintains the Axcelis Technologies, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the ESPP), an Internal Revenue Code Section 423 plan.

The 2012 Equity Plan and the ESPP are more fully described in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$1.5 million for both the three-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of \$3.1 million and \$3.4 million for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These amounts include compensation expense related to restricted stock units, non-qualified stock options and stock to be issued to participants under the ESPP.

Table of Contents**Note 3. Gain on Sale of Dry Strip Assets and Intellectual Property**

In December 2012, the Company sold its dry strip assets and intellectual property to Lam. A portion of the purchase consideration (up to \$2.0 million) was contingent upon the Company achieving certain milestones by June 30, 2013. The Company recorded nil and \$1.2 million for the proceeds received based on its achievement of milestones during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. These amounts were partially offset by additional costs associated with the lab system purchased by Lam.

Note 4. Computation of Net Loss per Share

Basic earnings or loss per share is computed by dividing income available or loss attributable to common stockholders (the numerator) by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding (the denominator) for the period. The computation of diluted earnings per share is similar to basic earnings per share, except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive common shares had been issued, calculated using the treasury stock method.

The components of net loss per share are as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(in thousands, except per share data)			
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ (4,750)	\$ (8,718)	\$ (17,758)	\$ (19,216)
Weighted average common shares outstanding used in computing basic and diluted net loss per share	109,074	107,855	108,573	107,521
Net loss per share				
Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.18)

The Company incurred net losses for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and has excluded the incremental shares attributable to outstanding stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock units from the calculation of net loss per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive. The following table sets forth the number of incremental shares excluded from the calculation above:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
	(in thousands)			
Incremental shares excluded from the calculation of net loss per share	4,383	1,010	2,620	1,508

Note 5. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, by component for the nine months ended September 30, 2013:

	Foreign currency	Defined benefit pension plan (in thousands)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 5,375	\$ (355)	\$ 5,020
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	53		53
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (1)		24	24
Net current-period other comprehensive income	53	24	77
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$ 5,428	\$ (331)	\$ 5,097

(1) Amount presented before taxes as the tax effect is not material to the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Note 6. Inventories, net**

The components of inventories are as follows:

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Raw materials	\$ 58,265	\$ 72,013
Work in process	22,622	12,253
Finished goods (completed systems)	13,429	15,968
	\$ 94,316	\$ 100,234

When recorded, inventory reserves are intended to reduce the carrying value of inventories to their net realizable value. The Company establishes inventory reserves when conditions exist that indicate inventory may be in excess of anticipated demand or is obsolete based upon assumptions about future demand for the Company's products or market conditions. The Company regularly evaluates the ability to realize the value of inventories based on a combination of factors including the following: forecasted sales or usage, estimated product end of life dates, estimated current and future market value and new product introductions. Purchasing and usage alternatives are also explored to mitigate inventory exposure. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, inventories are stated net of inventory reserves of \$34.4 million and \$33.6 million respectively.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded a charge to cost of sales of nil and \$2.1 million, respectively, for 300mm dry strip components. Under the terms of the agreement with Lam, the Company was permitted to manufacture and sell dry strip products through September 2013. Due to changes in the forecasted sales of the Company's dry strip products that become known during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, a portion of the dry strip inventory components were determined to be non-recoverable.

During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded a charge to cost of sales of \$0.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, due to production levels below normal capacity. During the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company recorded a charge to cost of sales of \$1.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, due to production levels below normal capacity.

Note 7. Restructuring Charges

In 2012, the Company completed reductions in force related to actions taken by management to control costs, improve the focus of its operations, sustain future profitability and conserve cash. As of December 31, 2012, approximately \$0.7 million of these costs were accrued and unpaid.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company implemented further actions, which resulted in restructuring charges for severance and related costs of \$2.3 million recorded. The liability at September 30, 2013 of \$0.1 million is expected to be paid primarily in the fourth quarter of 2013.

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Changes in the Company's restructuring liability, which consists primarily of severance and related costs, included in amounts reported as other current liabilities, are as follows:

	(In thousands)	
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$	659
Severance and related costs		2,333
Cash payments		(2,861)
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$	131

Table of Contents**Note 8. Product Warranty**

The Company generally offers a one year warranty for all of its systems, the terms and conditions of which vary depending upon the product sold. For all systems sold, the Company accrues a liability for the estimated cost of standard warranty at the time of system shipment and defers the portion of systems revenue attributable to the fair value of non-standard warranty. Costs for non-standard warranty are expensed as incurred. Factors that affect the Company's warranty liability include the number of installed units, historical and anticipated product failure rates, material usage and service labor costs. The Company periodically assesses the adequacy of its recorded liability and adjusts the amount as necessary.

The changes in the Company's standard product warranty liability are as follows:

		Nine months ended September 30,		
	2013	2012		
		(in thousands)		
Balance at January 1 (beginning of year)	\$	1,801	\$	3,697
Warranties issued during the period		1,401		2,170
Settlements made during the period		(1,107)		(2,550)
Changes in estimate of liability for pre-existing warranties during the period		(586)		(1,155)
Balance at September 30 (end of period)	\$	1,509	\$	2,162
Amount classified as current	\$	1,461	\$	2,107
Amount classified as long-term		48		55
Total warranty liability	\$	1,509	\$	2,162

Note 9. Fair Value Measurements

Certain of the assets and liabilities on the Company's balance sheet are reported at their fair value. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

(a) Fair Value Hierarchy

The accounting guidance for fair value measurement requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Table of Contents**(b) Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis**

The Company's money market funds are included in cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets, and are considered a level 1 investment as they are valued at quoted market prices in active markets. The carrying value of our term loan which is carried at amortized cost approximates fair value based on current market pricing of similar debt and is categorized as level 2.

The following table sets forth Company's assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy.

	September 30, 2013			Total
	Level 1	Fair Value Measurements		
		Level 2	Level 3	
	(in thousands)			
Assets				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	\$ 4,882	\$	\$	\$ 4,882

	December 31, 2012			Total
	Level 1	Fair Value Measurements		
		Level 2	Level 3	
	(in thousands)			
Assets				
Cash equivalents:				
Money market funds	\$ 29,179	\$	\$	\$ 29,179

(c) Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reflected in the consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents (which are comprised primarily of deposit and overnight sweep accounts), accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate fair value due to their short-term maturities.

Note 10. Financing Arrangements**Bank Credit Facility**

Effective July 5, 2013, the Company terminated a revolving credit facility with Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) pursuant to an Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated April 25, 2011 as amended. The facility provided for borrowings up to \$30.0 million, based primarily on accounts receivable, and was subject to certain financial covenants requiring the Company to maintain minimum levels of operating

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results and liquidity. The Company used the facility to support letters of credit. The Company paid a \$0.3 million early termination fee to SVB during the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

With the termination of this facility, the Company has cash collateralized two letters of credit issued by SVB in the aggregate amount of \$1.5 million which are presented as restricted cash on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2013 . As described in Note 15 below, the Company reinstated a revolving credit facility with SVB in October 2013.

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Term Loan Secured by Real Estate

On July 5, 2013, the Company entered into a Business Loan Agreement with Northern Bank & Trust Company (the "Bank"), which provides for a three year term loan of \$15.0 million, secured by the Company's real estate in Beverly, Massachusetts (the "Term Loan"). The Company will use the proceeds of the Term Loan as needed to fund growth, specifically investments in the leading edge Purion ion implant platform, and other working capital and general corporate purposes. \$0.8 million of the loan proceeds are held in a restricted interest reserve escrow account which is classified as restricted cash, long-term on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company incurred debt issuance costs of \$0.2 million which will be amortized over the life of the Term Loan.

The Term Loan bears interest at the rate of 5.5% per annum, with payments of principal beginning August 5, 2014 on a 10 year amortization schedule of the principal on a straight-line basis. Interest is payable monthly beginning on August 5, 2013. All outstanding principal and unpaid interest is due and payable on July 5, 2016. In addition, under the Term Loan, the Company must comply with financial covenants relating to debt service ratio, net worth and liquidity.

As of September 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all covenant requirements of the Term Loan.

Note 11. Income Taxes

Income tax expense relates principally to operating results of foreign entities in jurisdictions, primarily in Europe and Asia, where the Company earns taxable income. The Company has significant net operating losses in the United States and certain tax jurisdictions and, as a result, does not pay significant income taxes in those jurisdictions.

During the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company incurred charges related to the write-off of deferred tax assets in certain foreign jurisdictions that are no longer realizable which resulted in a noncash tax expense of \$0.3 million. This tax expense did not have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations or cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

As of December 31, 2012 the Company's valuation allowance related to income taxes was approximately \$145.0 million. The Company is in a three year cumulative loss position in the United States. As a result, the Company maintains a 100% valuation allowance to reduce the carrying value of the related deferred tax assets to zero. The Company will continue to maintain a full valuation allowance for those tax assets until sustainable future levels of profitability are evident.

Note 12. Concentration of Risk

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For the three months ended September 30, 2013, two customers accounted for approximately 19.0% and 14.5% of consolidated revenue. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, two customers accounted for approximately 10.9% and 10.4% of consolidated revenue.

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, three customers accounted for approximately 16.1%, 13.1% and 10.9% of consolidated revenue, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, two customers accounted for approximately 21.3% and 11.4% of consolidated revenue, respectively.

At September 30, 2013, three customers accounted for 18.3%, 12.7%, and 11.2% of consolidated gross accounts receivable. At December 31, 2012, two customers accounted for 11.9% and 11.5% of consolidated gross accounts receivable, respectively.

Note 13. Contingencies

(a) Litigation

The Company is not presently a party to any litigation that it believes might have a material adverse effect on its business operations. The Company is, from time to time, a party to litigation that arises in the normal course of its business operations.

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(b) Indemnifications

The Company's system sales agreements typically include provisions under which the Company agrees to take certain actions, provide certain remedies and defend its customers against third-party claims of intellectual property infringement under specified conditions and to indemnify customers against any damage and costs awarded in connection with such claims. The Company has not incurred any material costs as a result of such indemnifications and has not accrued any liabilities related to such obligations in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Note 14. Recent Accounting Guidance

Accounting Standards or Updates Recently Adopted

Effective January 1, 2013, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-02, *Reporting of Amounts Reclassified out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*. This newly issued accounting update requires that companies present either in a single note or parenthetically on the face of the financial statements, the effect of significant amounts reclassified from each component of accumulated other comprehensive income based on its source and the income statement line items affected by the reclassification. If a component is not required to be reclassified to net income in its entirety, companies would instead cross reference to the related footnote for additional information. As this update only requires enhanced disclosure, the adoption of this update did not impact the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Accounting Standards or Updates Not Yet Effective

The Company has evaluated the accounting guidance recently issued and has determined that these standards or updates will not have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

Note 15. Subsequent Events

On October 31, 2013, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility agreement (the facility) with Silicon Valley Bank (SVB) that provides for borrowings of up to \$10.0 million, based primarily on accounts receivable. The facility has certain financial covenants requiring the Company to maintain minimum levels of operating results and liquidity. The agreement will terminate on October 31, 2015. The Company will use the facility to support letters of credit and if needed, to fund a ramp in business. Upon the establishment of the facility, SVB released the Company from a cash collateralization arrangement with respect to \$1.5 million of letters of credit issued by SVB, and these outstanding letters of credit were deemed covered by the facility.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Certain statements in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Words such as may, will, should, would, anticipates, expects, intends, plans, believes, seeks, estimates and similar expressions identify such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein are based on current expectations and entail various risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in such forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such a difference include, among other things, those set forth under Liquidity and Capital Resources and Risk Factors and others discussed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date hereof. We assume no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in factors or assumptions affecting forward-looking statements, except as may be required by law.

Overview

The semiconductor capital equipment industry is subject to significant cyclical swings in capital spending by semiconductor manufacturers. Capital spending is influenced by demand for semiconductors and the products using them, the utilization rate and capacity of existing semiconductor manufacturing facilities and changes in semiconductor technology, all of which are outside of our control. As a result, our revenue and gross margins fluctuate from year to year and period to period. Our established cost structure does not vary significantly with changes in volume. We may experience fluctuations in operating results and cash flows depending on our revenue as driven by the level of capital expenditures by semiconductor manufacturers.

In December 2012, we sold to Lam Research Corporation the intellectual property rights and other assets relating to our dry strip systems product line. The purchased intellectual property rights include, among other things, worldwide patent rights, patent applications, copyrights, industrial designs, know-how and related rights used by us in our dry strip products. Lam granted us a worldwide, non-exclusive, non-transferable, royalty free license to use the intellectual property rights sold by us. The license allowed us to make and sell 300 mm dry strip wafer processing equipment for semiconductor applications through September 2013. We will continue to sell dry strip systems for smaller wafers until December 2015 and support our installed base of dry strip systems indefinitely. Due to this continuing interest in the dry strip business, the sale of the intellectual property rights and other assets to Lam have been reported in continuing operations.

Consolidation and partnering within the semiconductor manufacturing industry has resulted in a small number of customers representing a substantial portion of our business. Our net revenue from our ten largest customers accounted for 71.3% of total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2013; compared to 73.6% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

Weak industry conditions that we experienced in 2012 continued through the first quarter of 2013, but beginning in the second quarter of 2013 we entered a period of gradual market improvement which continued during the third quarter. Our financial results in 2013 reflect our investment of a significant portion of our resources in research and development programs related to our new leading edge Purion ion implantation platform and the market introduction and initial sales of Purion systems. These results also reflect our efforts to lower our breakeven revenue levels by maintaining tight control of discretionary spending. As a result of increasing revenues and cost containment, we expect to return to profitability in the fourth quarter of 2013.

Operating results for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for future interim periods or years as a whole.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon Axcelis' consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. Management's estimates are based on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

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Management has not identified any need to make any material change in, and has not changed, any of our critical accounting estimates and judgments as described in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our results of operations as a percentage of total revenue:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenue:				
Product	87.9%	83.1%	86.2%	85.7%
Services	12.1	16.9	13.8	14.3
Total revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cost of revenue:				
Product	56.0	55.6	54.7	53.3
Services	9.2	12.2	11.2	10.3
Total cost of revenue	65.2	67.8	65.9	63.6
Gross profit	34.8	32.2	34.1	36.4
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	16.7	22.1	18.9	20.2
Sales and marketing	10.9	12.2	11.8	11.5
General and administrative	12.6	14.2	14.0	13.0
Gain on sale of dry strip assets and intellectual property			(0.9)	
Restructuring charges	0.2	1.3	1.7	2.3
Total operating expenses	40.4	49.8	45.5	47.0
Loss from operations	(5.6)	(17.6)	(11.4)	(10.6)
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(0.4)		(0.2)	
Other, net	(2.6)	(1.4)	(0.5)	(0.6)
Total other income (expense)	(3.0)	(1.4)	(0.7)	(0.6)
Loss before income taxes	(8.6)	(19.0)	(12.1)	(11.2)
Income taxes	1.1	0.5	0.8	0.9
Net loss	(9.7)%	(19.5)%	(12.9)%	(12.1)%

Table of Contents**Revenue**

The following table sets forth our revenues.

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
(dollars in thousands)								
Revenues:								
Product	\$ 42,934	\$ 37,093	\$ 5,841	15.7%	\$ 118,151	\$ 136,096	\$ (17,945)	(13.2)%
Percentage of revenues	87.9%	83.1%			86.2%	85.7%		
Services	5,897	7,547	(1,650)	(21.9)%	18,907	22,664	(3,757)	(16.6)%
Percentage of revenues	12.1%	16.9%			13.8%	14.3%		
Total revenues	\$ 48,831	\$ 44,640	\$ 4,191	9.4%	\$ 137,058	\$ 158,760	\$ (21,702)	(13.7)%

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012*Product*

Product revenue, which includes system sales, sales of spare parts and product upgrades, was \$42.9 million, or 87.9% of revenue during the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with \$37.1 million, or 83.1% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The year over year increase in product revenue is attributable to improved semiconductor market spending which has increased system revenue levels.

Services

Service revenue, which includes the labor component of maintenance and service contracts and fees for service hours provided by on-site service personnel, was \$5.9 million, or 12.1 % of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with \$7.5 million, or 16.9% of revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Service revenue fluctuates from period to period based on capacity utilization at customers manufacturing facilities, which affects the need for equipment service. The decrease during the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2012 was primarily due to cautious European aftermarket spending at the end of the 2013 quarter.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

Product

Product revenue was \$118.2 million, or 86.2% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with \$136.1 million, or 85.7% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in product revenue is attributable to the timing associated with the semiconductor industry cycle.

A portion of our revenue from system sales is deferred until installation and other services related to future deliverables are performed. The total amount of deferred revenue at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 was \$4.1 million and \$6.9 million, respectively. The decrease was mainly due to lower systems sales during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, and the timing of acceptance of deferred system sales.

Services

Service revenue was \$18.9 million, or 13.8% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with \$22.7 million, or 14.3% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Results for the first three quarters of 2013 were primarily driven by the timing associated with the semiconductor industry cycle.

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Revenue Categories used by Management

As an alternative to the line item revenue categories discussed above, management also uses revenue categorizations which look at revenue by product line (the most significant of which is ion implant) and by aftermarket, as described below.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

Ion Implant

Included in total revenue of \$48.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013 is revenue from sales of ion implantation products and related service of \$40.2 million, or 82.4% of total revenue, compared with \$33.9 million, or 76.0%, of total revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The dollar increase is due to the factors discussed above for product and services revenue. The increase in ion implant's share of total revenue for the 2013 period reflects a reduction in dry strip revenue following the sale of assets relating to the dry strip product line in December 2012, as discussed in the Overview.

Aftermarket

Our product revenue includes sales of spare parts and product upgrades as well as complete systems. We refer to the business of selling spare parts and product upgrades, combined with the sale of maintenance labor and service contracts and service hours, as the aftermarket business. Included in total revenue of \$48.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013 is revenue from our aftermarket business of \$28.6 million, compared to \$31.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Aftermarket revenue fluctuates from period to period based on capacity utilization at customers' manufacturing facilities which affects the sale of spare parts and demand for equipment service. The decrease in aftermarket revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as compared to the same period in 2012 was due to the factors discussed above for product and services revenue.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

Ion Implant

Included in total revenue of \$137.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 is revenue from sales of ion implantation products and related service of \$111.6 million, or 81.4% of total revenue, compared with \$124.8 million, or 78.6%, of total revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The dollar decrease was due to the factors discussed above for product and services revenue.

Aftermarket

Included in total revenue of \$137.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 is revenue from our aftermarket business of \$87.5 million, compared to \$96.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The dollar decrease was due to the factors discussed above for product and services revenue.

Table of Contents**Gross Profit / Gross Margin**

The following table sets forth our gross profit / gross margin.

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
(dollars in thousands)								
Gross Profit:								
Product	\$ 15,595	\$ 12,284	\$ 3,311	27.0%	\$ 43,175	\$ 51,404	\$ (8,229)	(16.0)%
<i>Product gross margin</i>	<i>36.3%</i>	<i>33.1%</i>			<i>36.5%</i>	<i>37.8%</i>		
Services	1,381	2,083	(702)	(33.7)%	3,480	6,287	(2,807)	(44.6)%
<i>Services gross margin</i>	<i>23.4%</i>	<i>27.6%</i>			<i>18.4%</i>	<i>27.7%</i>		
Total gross profit	\$ 16,976	\$ 14,367	\$ 2,609	18.2%	\$ 46,655	\$ 57,691	\$ (11,036)	(19.1)%
Gross margin	34.8%	32.2%			34.1%	36.4%		

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012*Product*

Gross profit from product revenue was 36.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 33.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in gross profit of 3.2 percentage points is attributable to higher systems sales volumes and the related favorable absorption of fixed overhead costs, which increased gross profit 10.2 percentage points, offset by a 7.0 percentage point decrease in gross profit since revenue from our higher margin parts and upgrades represented a smaller percentage of total revenue.

Services

Gross profit from service revenue was 23.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 27.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in gross profit is attributable to lower volumes, and changes in the mix and timing of service contracts.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012*Product*

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Gross profit from product revenue was 36.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 37.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in gross profit of 1.3% percentage points is due to an incremental reserve for excess inventory which reduced gross profit by 1.0 percentage point and lower systems sales volumes and the related unfavorable absorption of fixed overhead costs which reduced gross profit by 0.8 percentage points, offset by a 0.5 percentage point increase in gross profit resulting from an increased mix of parts and upgrade revenue.

Services

Service revenue gross margin was 18.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared to 27.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease in gross margin is attributable to lower sales volumes and the changes in the mix and timing of service contracts.

Table of Contents**Operating Expenses**

The following table sets forth our operating expenses:

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
Research and development	\$ 8,148	\$ 9,851	\$ (1,703)	(17.3)%	\$ 25,857	\$ 31,999	\$ (6,142)	(19.2)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	16.7%	22.1%			18.9%	20.2%		
Sales and marketing	5,330	5,470	(140)	(2.6)%	16,128	18,284	(2,156)	(11.8)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	10.9%	12.2%			11.8%	11.5%		
General and administrative	6,164	6,325	(161)	(2.5)%	\$ 19,165	20,611	(1,446)	(7.0)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	12.6%	14.2%			14.0%	13.0%		
Gain on sale of dry strip assets and intellectual property					(1,167)		(1,167)	
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	0.0%	0.0%			(0.9)%	0.0%		
Restructuring charges	112	578	(466)	(80.6)%	2,334	3,612	(1,278)	(35.4)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	0.2%	1.3%			1.7%	2.3%		
Total operating expenses	\$ 19,754	\$ 22,224	\$ (2,470)	(11.1)%	\$ 62,317	\$ 74,506	\$ (12,189)	(16.4)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	40.4%	49.8%			45.5%	47.0%		

Our operating expenses consist primarily of personnel costs, including salaries, commissions, bonuses, share-based compensation and related benefits and taxes; project material costs related to the design and development of new products and enhancement of existing products; and professional fees, travel and depreciation expenses.

Personnel costs are our largest expense, representing \$11.3 million and \$35.8 million, or 57.7% and 58.6%, of our total operating expenses, excluding the gain on sale of the dry strip assets and intellectual property and restructuring charges, for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, respectively. For the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2012, personnel costs were \$12.6 million and \$41.3 million, or 58.0% and 58.3%, of our total operating expenses excluding restructuring charges.

We continue to maintain tight control over our discretionary spending. As a result of the industry conditions in the semiconductor industry, we took a number of actions during 2013 to reduce our operating expenses and manage our cash. These actions included a reduction in our global workforce; focusing our R&D spending on critical programs; and asking our employees to take three weeks of unpaid shutdowns.

The impact of these actions and our operating results are discussed below.

Research and Development

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	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
Research and development	\$ 8,148	\$ 9,851	\$ (1,703)	(17.3)%	\$ 25,857	\$ 31,999	\$ (6,142)	(19.2)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>	16.7%	22.1%			18.9%	20.2%		

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Our ability to remain competitive depends largely on continuously developing innovative technology, with new and enhanced features and systems and introducing them at competitive prices on a timely basis. Accordingly, based on our strategic plan, we establish annual R&D budgets to fund programs that we expect will drive competitive advantages.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

Research and development expense was \$8.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013; a decrease of \$1.7 million, or 17.3%, compared with \$9.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease included a reduction in payroll costs of \$0.8 million. As we focused our R&D spend on critical programs, consulting, project material and related costs decreased by \$0.5 million and depreciation expense for internal use assets used as demonstration and/or test systems decreased by \$0.5 million.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

Research and development expense was \$25.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013; a decrease of \$6.1 million, or 19.2%, compared with \$32.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease included the reduction in payroll costs of \$2.9 million as a result of lowering our headcount through reductions in force. As we focused our R&D spend on critical programs, consulting, project material and related costs decreased by \$2.0 million and depreciation expense for internal use assets used as demonstration and/or test systems decreased by \$1.3 million.

Sales and Marketing

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
Sales and marketing	\$ 5,330	\$ 5,470	\$ (140)	(2.6)%	\$ 16,128	\$ 18,284	\$ (2,156)	(11.8)%
Percentage of revenues	10.9%	12.2%			11.8%	11.5%		

Our sales and marketing expenses result primarily from the sale of our equipment and services through our direct sales force.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

Sales and marketing expense was \$5.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013; a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 2.6%, compared with \$5.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease was primarily due to the reduction in payroll and

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related costs of \$0.4 million partly attributable to the cost savings realized by one week of unpaid shutdown taken by our employees, offset in part by smaller increases in various other expense accounts.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

Sales and marketing expense was \$16.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013; a decrease of \$2.2 million, or 11.8%, compared with \$18.3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease was primarily due to the reduction in payroll and related costs of \$1.8 million as a result of lowering our headcount through reductions in force and the cost savings realized by three weeks of unpaid shutdown taken by our employees. As a result of our tightened control over discretionary spending, we reduced our travel and entertainment costs by \$0.3 million and our utilities and other facility costs by \$0.3 million.

Table of Contents**General and Administrative**

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
General and administrative	\$ 6,164	\$ 6,325	\$ (161)	(2.5)%	\$ 19,165	\$ 20,611	\$ (1,446)	(7.0)%
Percentage of revenues	12.6%	14.2%			14.0%	13.0%		

Our general and administrative expenses result primarily from the costs associated with our executive, finance, legal and human resource functions.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Three Months Ended September 30, 2012

General and administrative expense was \$6.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013; a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 2.5%, compared with \$6.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2012, essentially flat for the third quarter.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared with Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

General and administrative expense was \$19.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2013, a decrease of \$1.4 million, or 7.0%, compared with \$20.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The decrease was primarily due to the reduction in salary and fringe benefits of \$0.8 million as a result of lowering our headcount through reductions in force and the cost savings realized by three weeks of unpaid shutdown taken by our employees. As a result of our tightened control over discretionary spending, we reduced our professional fees by \$0.3 million and our utilities and other facility costs by \$0.4 million compared to the same period in 2012.

Gain on Sale of Dry Strip Assets and Intellectual Property

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
Gain on Sale of Dry Strip Assets and Intellectual Property	\$	\$	\$		\$ 1,167	\$	\$ (1,167)	
Percentage of revenues	0.0%	0.0%			(0.9)%	0.0%		

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In December 2012, we sold our dry strip assets and intellectual property to Lam. A portion of the purchase consideration (up to \$2.0 million) was contingent upon our achieving certain milestones by June 30, 2013. During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, the Company recorded nil and \$1.2 million, respectively, representing achievement of two milestones under the agreement. These amounts were partially offset by additional costs associated with the lab system purchased by Lam.

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Restructuring Charges

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
Restructuring charges	\$ 112	\$ 578	\$ (466)	(80.6)%	\$ 2,334	\$ 3,612	\$ (1,278)	(35.4)%
Percentage of revenues	0.2%	1.3%			1.7%	2.3%		

We continue to align our organization with market demands. We implemented reductions in force in the periods presented to improve the focus of our operations, control costs, achieve future profitability and conserve cash. As a result of these actions, we recorded a restructuring expense for severance and related costs during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Other Income (Expense)

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%
	(dollars in thousands)							
Other income (expense), net	\$ (1,442)	\$ (618)	\$ (824)	(133.3)%	\$ (971)	\$ (972)	\$ 1	0.1%
Percentage of revenues	(3.0)%	(1.4)%			(0.7)%	(0.6)%		

Other income (expense) consists primarily of foreign exchange gains and losses attributable to fluctuations of the U.S. dollar against the local currencies of certain of the countries in which we operate, interest earned on our invested cash balances and bank fees associated with maintaining our financing arrangements. Also included within other income (expense) for the three month period ended September 30, 2013 is \$0.3 million in early termination fees the Company incurred as a result of terminating a revolving credit facility with SVB.

During the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, we had no significant off-balance-sheet risk such as foreign exchange contracts, option contracts or other foreign hedging arrangements.

Income Taxes

	Three months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change		Nine months ended September 30,		Period-to-Period Change	
	2013	2012	\$	%	2013	2012	\$	%

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(dollars in thousands)

Income taxes	\$	530	\$	243	\$	287	118.1%	\$	1,125	\$	1,429	\$	(304)	(21.3)%
<i>Percentage of revenues</i>		<i>1.1%</i>		<i>0.5%</i>					<i>0.8%</i>		<i>0.9%</i>			

We incur income tax expense relating principally to operating results of foreign entities in Europe and Asia, where we earn taxable income. We have significant net operating loss carryforwards in the United States and certain European tax jurisdictions, and, as a result, we do not currently pay significant income taxes in those jurisdictions. Additionally, we do not recognize the tax benefit for losses in the United States and certain European tax jurisdictions as we believe it is more likely than not that these benefits will not be recognized.

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During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we incurred charges related to the write-off of deferred tax assets in certain foreign jurisdictions that were no longer realizable which resulted in a noncash tax expense of \$0.3 million. This tax expense did not have a significant impact on our results of operations or cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity is affected by many factors. Some of these relate specifically to the operations of our business, for example, the rate of sale of our product lines, and others relate to the uncertainties of global economies, including the availability of credit and the condition of the overall semiconductor equipment industry. Our established cost structure does not vary significantly with changes in volume. We have reduced operating expense to try to achieve profitability towards the lower end of our quarterly revenue swings. We may experience fluctuations in operating results and cash flows depending on these changes in revenue levels.

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, we used \$10.8 million and \$11.4 million, respectively, of cash to support operating activities. The net cash used by operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was predominately driven by the loss from operations excluding non-cash charges for depreciation and amortization and stock based compensation expense, the increase in the accounts receivable, and other assets and liabilities balances, and off-set by the increase in our accounts payable and accrued liability balances. Investing activities included \$1.2 million in cash received for the achievement of a milestone associated with the Lam transaction, which was offset by a \$1.5 million increase in restricted cash. Net financing activities of \$15 million were driven by the \$15 million proceeds from the issuance of our term loan and \$1.1 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options partially off-set by \$0.8 million of long-term restricted cash related to the loan agreement. These changes resulted in cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2013 of \$48.3 million, compared to \$45.0 million at December 31, 2012. Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash were \$50.7 million at September 30, 2013 compared to \$45.1 million at December 31, 2012. Approximately \$22.4 million of cash held at September 30, 2013 was located in foreign jurisdictions.

Effective July 5, 2013, we terminated our revolving credit facility with Silicon Valley Bank, which had provided for borrowings up to \$30.0 million based primarily on accounts receivable. With the termination of this facility, we cash collateralized two letters of credit issued by Silicon Valley Bank in the aggregate amount of \$1.5 million. We paid a \$0.3 million early termination fee to Silicon Valley Bank. On October 31, 2013, we reinstated a new revolving credit facility with Silicon Valley Bank, as discussed in Note 15.

Additionally, on July 5, 2013, we entered into a Business Loan Agreement with Northern Bank & Trust Company which provides for a three year term loan of \$15.0 million, secured by our real estate in Beverly, Massachusetts. \$0.8 million of the loan proceeds are held in a restricted interest reserve escrow account. The Bank will also maintain a reserve on our loan account with the Bank for our quarterly real estate taxes on the mortgaged property. We will use the proceeds of this loan as needed to fund growth, specifically investments in the leading edge Purion ion implant platform, and other working capital and general corporate purposes. This loan bears interest at the rate of 5.5% per annum, with payments of principal beginning August 5, 2014 on a 10 year amortization schedule of the principal on a straight-line basis. Interest is payable monthly beginning on August 5, 2013. All outstanding principal and unpaid interest is due and payable on July 5, 2016. We are required to comply with certain financial covenants under the Business Loan Agreement, as described in Note 10 to the financial statements included in this Form 10-Q.

At September 30, 2013, we were in compliance with the applicable covenants.

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We expect that our capital expenditures in the next twelve months will not exceed \$2.5 million.

We believe that based on our current market, revenue, expense and cash flow forecasts, our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to satisfy our anticipated cash requirements for the short and long-term.

Commitments and Contingencies

Significant commitments and contingencies at September 30, 2013 are consistent with those discussed in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

As of September 30, 2013, there have been no material changes to the quantitative information about market risk disclosed in Item 7A to our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report (the Evaluation Date). Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, these disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) identified in connection with the evaluation of our internal control that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2013 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is, from time to time, a party to litigation that arises in the normal course of its business operations. The Company is not presently a party to any litigation that it believes might have a material adverse effect on its business operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As of September 30, 2013, there have been no material changes to the risk factors described in Item 1A to our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are filed herewith:

Exhibit No	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company adopted May 6, 2009. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on May 11, 2009.
3.2	Bylaws of the Company, as amended as of August 8, 2007. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007, filed with the Commission on August 9, 2007.
10.1	Business Loan Agreement dated as of July 5, 2013 between the Company and Northern Bank & Trust Company. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on August 2, 2013.
10.2	Mortgage and Fixture Filing dated as of July 5, 2013 by the Company in favor of Northern Bank & Trust Company. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on August 2, 2013.
10.3	Executive Separation Agreement between the Company and Jay Zager dated as of July 17, 2013. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on August 2, 2013.
10.4	Loan and Security Agreement dated as of October 31, 2013 between the Company and Silicon Valley Bank. Filed herewith.
31.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer under Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act), dated November 8, 2013. Filed herewith.
31.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer under Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) (Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act), dated November 8, 2013. Filed herewith.
32.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of title 18 of the United States Code (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act), dated November 8, 2013. Filed herewith.
32.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of title 18 of the United States Code (Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act), dated November 8, 2013. Filed herewith.
101	The following materials from the Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Consolidated Statements of Operations, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss, (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited).

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DATED: November 8, 2013

AXCELIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

By: /s/ KEVIN J. BREWER

Kevin J. Brewer
*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer
Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial
Officer*